

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

COURSE DESCRIPTOR

Course Title	AIRCRAF	AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Code	AAEB16						
Programme	B.Tech						
Semester	V	V AE					
Course Type	Core	Core					
Regulation	IARE - R18	3					
			Theory		Practica	tical	
Course Structure	Lect	ures	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3		1	4	3	2	
Chief Coordinator	Mr. R Sures	Mr. R Suresh Kumar, Assistant Professor.					
Course Faculty	Mr. R Sures	sh Kumar,	Assistant Professo	or.			

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

Production Technology is a combination of manufacturing technology with management science. The goal is to accomplish the production process in the smoothest, most-judicious and most-economic way. Production engineering encompasses the application of castings, machining processing, joining processes, metal cutting & tool design, metrology, machine tools, machining systems, automation, jigs and fixtures, and dies and mould design and material science and design of automobile parts and machine designing and manufacturing. Production engineering also overlaps substantially with manufacturing engineering and industrial engineering. In industry, once the design is realized, production engineering concepts regarding work-study, ergonomics, operation research, manufacturing management, materials management, production planning, etc., play important roles in efficient production processes. These deal with integrated design and efficient planning of the entire manufacturing system, which is becoming increasingly complex with the emergence of sophisticated production methods and control systems.

II. COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
UG	AHS005	1	Engineering Chemistry	4
UG	AHS007	Ι	Applied Physics	4

III. MARKSDISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIAExamination	Total Marks
Aircraft Production Technology	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

×	Chalk & Talk	~	Quiz	~	Assignments	×	MOOCs
~	LCD / PPT	~	Seminars	~	Mini Project	~	Videos
×	Open Ended Experiments						

V. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE):The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into five modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept.
50 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the concept.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz and 05 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component	Theory			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz	AAT	
CIA Marks	20	05	05	30

Table 1: Assessment pattern for CIA

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz - Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning centre. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc.

VI. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge : Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineeringfundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	Assignments, term paper, Laboratory practices.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complexengineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	2	Term paper, Seminars
PO3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	2	Micro Projects
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research-based knowledge and researchmethods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data,	2	Projects

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
	and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.		
PO5	Modern tool usage : Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2	Assignments, Practical's

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VII. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PSO 1	Professional skills: Able to utilize the knowledge of	2	Lecture, Assignments.
	aeronautical/aerospace engineering in innovative, dynamic		
	and challenging environment for design and development of		
	new products		
PSO 2	Problem solving skills: imparted through simulation	-	-
	language skills and general purpose CAE packages to solve		
	practical, design and analysis problems of components to		
	complete the challenge of airworthiness for flight vehicles		
PSO 3	Practical implementation and testing skills: Providing	-	-
	different types of in house and training and industry practice		
	to fabricate and test and develop the products with more		
	innovative technologies		
PSO 4	Successful career and entrepreneurship: To prepare the	-	-
	students with broad aerospace knowledge to design and		
	develop systems and subsystems of aerospace and allied		
	systems and become technocrats		

3 = High; **2** = Medium; **1** = Low

VIII. COURSE OBJECTIVES :

The course s	The course should enable the students to:				
Ι	Study the composition of microstructures of metals and alloys with their applications in aerospace industry.				
II	Discuss the various manufacturing processes and selection of process for suitable applications				
III	Understand the working principles and applications of conventional and unconventional machining along with their advantages and disadvantages.				
IV	Demonstrate the importance of composites with their applications in different areas of aerospace industry				

IX. COURSE OUTCOMES(COs):

COs	Course Outcome	CLOs	Course Learning Outcome
CO 1	Demonstrate different type of materials used in aircraft	CLO 1	Choose a concept or idea of technical real time problems to form solutions for the same.
	industry and study its properties	CLO 2	Understand, Identify, Study and comprehend processes that lead to solutions to a particular production.
		CLO 3	Develop one- self to extend

CO 2	Understand the process of	CLO 4	Outline performance of the output of research,
002	casting and inspection		development or design.
	techniques used for	CLO 5	Identify, solve new problems and gain new
	production.		knowledge.
		CLO 6	Understand about the turning, milling, grinding and drilling of a specimen.
CO 3	Explain sheet metal	CLO 7	Getting knowledge about the techniques to
	operations and its tooling		produce a safe, effective, economic final product.
	operations used for aircraft	CLO 8	Understand the theoretical knowledge behind the
	industry.		design and development of aircraft components.
		CLO 9	Gain knowledge about the basic convectional,
			unconventional riveting and welding for
			knowledge based exams.
CO 4	Gain knowledge about the	CLO 10	Discuss the principle of advanced materials and
	basic convectional and unconventional Machining		what factors drive to develop the composite materials.
	Ū.	CLO 11	Extend the outputs of earlier research and
			discover good ideas for new products or improving current products.
		CLO 12	Memorize procedure and steps to keep the products working effectively.
CO 5	Understand the importance of composites and its	CLO 13	Gain knowledge about what materials used to
	manufacturing process.	CLO 14	manufacture for each component in an aircraft.
	manufacturing process.	CLU 14	Ability to summarize the efficiency of the product
		CLO 15	development in achieving the mission goal.
		CLU 15	Ability to summarize the efficiency of the safety
			of flight

X. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

CLO Code	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to:	PO's Mapped	Strength of Mapping
AAEB16.01	CLO 1	Choose a concept or idea of technical real time problems to form solutions for the same.	PO1	3
AAEB16.02	CLO 2	Understand, Identify, Study and comprehend processes that lead to solutions to a particular production.	PO1	2
AAEB16.03	CLO 3	Develop one- self to extend the outputs of research.	PO2	2
AAEB16.04	CLO 4	Outline performance of the output of research, development or design.	PO3	1
AAEB16.05	CLO 5	Identify, solve new problems and gain new knowledge.	PO4	2
AAEB16.06	CLO 6	Understand about the turning, milling, grinding and drilling of a specimen.	PO2	2
AAEB16.07	CLO 7	Getting knowledge about the techniques to produce a safe, effective, economic final product.	PO3	3
AAEB16.08	CLO 8	Understand the theoretical knowledge behind the design and development of aircraft components.	PO1	2
AAEB16.09	CLO 9	Gain knowledge about the basic convectional, unconventional riveting and welding for knowledge based exams.	PO2	2
AAEB16.10	CLO 10	Discuss the principle of advanced materials and what factors drive to develop the composite materials.	PO4	1
AAEB16.11	CLO 11	Extend the outputs of earlier research and discover good ideas for new products or improving current products.	PO5	2

AAEB16.12	CLO 12	Memorize procedure and steps to keep the	PO2	2
		products working effectively.		
AAEB16.13	CLO 13	Gain knowledge about what materials used to	PO1	3
		manufacture e of each component in an aircraft.		
AAEB16.14	CLO 14	Ability to summarize the efficiency of the product	PO5	3
		development in achieving the mission goal and		
		safety of flight.		
AAEB16.15	CLO 15	Ability to summarize the efficiency of the safety	PO5	2
		of flight		

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XI. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Course Outcomes		Program	n Outcomes	(POs)		Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)
(COs)	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PSO 1
CO 1	3	2				1
CO 2		2	1	2		2
CO 3	2	2	3			2
CO 4		2		1	2	
CO 5					3	1

XII. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Learning	Program Outcomes (POs)												0	utcome	n Specif es (PSC	s)
Outcomes (CLOs)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CLO 1	3															
CLO 2	2												1			
CLO 3		2														
CLO 4			1										2			
CLO 5				2												
CLO 6		2														
CLO 7			3													
CLO 8	2															
CLO 9		2											2			
CLO 10				1												
CLO 11					2											
CLO 12		2														

CLO 13	3								
CLO 14			3				1		
CLO 15			2						

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XIII. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES-DIRECT

CIE Exams	PO1,PO2, PO3,PO4,PO5	SEE Exams	PO1, PO2, PO3,PO4,PO5	Assignments	PO1, PO2, PO4	Seminars	PO2
Laboratory Practices	PO1	Student Viva	PO4	Mini Project	PO3	Certification	-
Term Paper	-						

XIV. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES-INDIRECT

~	Early Semester Feedback	>	End Semester OBE Feedback
×	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XV. SYLLABUS

MODULE-I	AIRCRAFT ENGINEERING MATERIALS							
Engineering materials Steels, study of iron, iron carbon phase diagram, heat treatment-annealing, normalizing,								
hardening and ten	hardening and tempering of Aluminum and steel, Non-Ferrous metals and Alloys: Structure and properties of							
copper and its all	oys, Aluminum and its alloys, Titanium and its alloys, Corrosion - Types of Corrosions -							
Prevention - Prote	Prevention – Protective Treatments.							
MODULE-II	CASTING, WELDING AND INSPECTION TECHNIQUES							

General principles of various casting processes Sand casting, die-casting, centrifugal casting, investment casting, Shell molding types; Principles and equipment used in arc welding, gas welding, resistance welding, solid, laser welding, and electron beam welding, soldering and brazing techniques. Need for NDT, ultrasonic

testing, Radiographic testing, Flight testing.

MODULE-III SHEET METAL PROCESSES IN AIRCRAFT INDUSTRY

Sheet metal operations: shearing, punching, super plastic forming; operations in bending like stretch forming spinning drawing.

Riveting, types and techniques, equipment, fasteners, integral tanks, final assembly of aircraft, Jigs and Fixtures, stages of assembly, aircraft tooling concepts.

MODULE-IV CONVENTIONAL AND UNCONVENTIONAL MACHINING PROCESSES

General working principles, applications and operations of lathe, shaper, milling machines, grinding, drilling machine, computer numeric control machining. Working principles and applications of abrasive jet machining, ultrasonic machining, Electric discharge machining and electro chemical machining, laser beam, electron beam, plasma arc machining.

MODULE-V AIRCRAFT COMPOSITES

Production of semi-fabricated forms, Aerospace applications, Plastics and rubber, Introduction to fiber reinforced plastics, glass and carbon composites; Fibers and resins; Characteristics and applications, Classification of aircraft materials; Materials used for aircraft components, Application of composite materials, Super alloys, indigenized alloys, emerging trends in aerospace materials.

Text Books:

- 1. S. Kalpakjian, Steven R. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Addison Wesley 5th Edition, 1991.
- 2. S. C. Keshu, K. K Ganapathy, "Aircraft production technology and management", Interline Publishing House, Bangalore, 3rd Edition, 1993.
- 3. Douglas F. Horne, "Aircraft production technology", Cambridge University Press, 1st Edition, 1986.

REFERENCES:

- 1. S. C. Keshu, K. K Ganapathy, "Air craft production techniques", Interline Publishing House, Bangalore, 3rd Edition, 1993.
- 2. R. K. Jain, "Production Technology", McGraw-Hill, 1st Edition, 2002.
- 3. O. P. Khanna, M. Lal, "Production Technology", Dhanpat Rai Publications, 5th Edition, 1997.

XVI. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
1-2	Engineering materials Steels, study of iron	CLO1	T2:5.5 R1:1.12.1
3-5	Iron carbon phase diagram	CLO1	T2:5.6
			R1:1.12.3
6-7	Heat treatment-annealing, normalizing, hardening and tempering of Aluminum and steel, Non-Ferrous metals and Alloys	CLO1	T2:5.10 R1:1.15
8-10	Structure and properties of copper and its alloys, Aluminum and its alloys, Titanium and its alloys,	CLO2	T2:5.15 R1:1.16
11-12	Corrosion - Types of Corrosions - Prevention – Protective Treatments	CLO3	T2:5.17
13-14	General principles of various Casting Processes - Sand casting,	CLO4	R1:1.13.1 T2:5.18
15-16	die-casting, centrifugal casting, investment casting. shell molding types	CLO4	R2:1.13.2 T2:5.19
17-21	Principles and equipment used in arc welding, gas welding	CLO4	R1:1.13.3 T2:5.20
22-23	Laser welding, Electron beam welding	CLO5	R1:1.17.1 T2:5.24
24-25	Soldering and brazing techniques	CLO5	R1:1.17.3 T2:6.1
			R1:2.3
26-27	Need for NDT, ultrasonic testing, Radiographic testing	CLO6	T2:6.3 R1:2.6.1
28-30	Sheet metal operations-shearing	CLO7	T2:6.5 R1:2.6.2
31-32	punching, super plastic forming and diffusion bonding	CLO7	T2:7.3 R1:2.8
33-34	Different operations in bending like stretch forming spinning drawing etc.	CLO8	T2:7.5,7.6 R1:2.9.2
35-36	types of equipment for riveted joints	CLO9	T2:7.7 R1:2.10
37-39	Aircraft tooling concepts and Jigs and Fixtures	CLO9	T2:7.7 R1:2.10
40-41	General principles of working and types of lathe	CLO10	T2:7.11 R2:2.10.2
42-44	Shaper, milling machines, grinding, drills m/c, CNC machining and general principles.	CLO10	T2:7.11 R1:2.32
45-48	Plane turning, threading, tapering, grooving, knurling and chamfering	CLO11	T2:15.2 R1:8.2

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
49-50	Importance of CNC and Advantages	CLO11	T2:15.7
51-52	Principles (with schematic diagram only) of working and applications of abrasive jet machining,	CLO11	R2:8.3.3 T2:15.13 R1:8.7.2
53-54	USM, EDM, ECM and LBM operations	CLO12	T2:5.20 R1:1.17.1
55-57	Introduction, Physical metallurgy, Wrought aluminum alloys, Cast aluminum alloys, Production of semi-fabricated forms	CLO13	T3:6.1 R1:2.3
58-60	Introduction to fiber reinforced plastics, glass and carbon composites; Fibers and resins.	CLO13	T2:6.3 R3:2.6.1
61	Characteristics and applications, Classification of aircraft materials;	CLO13	T2:6.5 R1:2.6.2
62-63	Materials used for aircraft components, Application of composite material	CLO13	T2:7.3 R1:2.8
64-65	Super alloys, indigenized alloys	CLO14	T3:7.5,7.6 R3:2.9.2
67-66	emerging trends in aerospace materials	CLO14	T3:7.7 R3:2.10

XVII. GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS - TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSION REQUIREMENTS:

S NO	Description	Proposed actions	Relevance with POs	Relevance with PSOs
1	Gain information about lift augmentation devices and control surfaces	Seminars / Guest Lectures/ NPTEL	PO 1,PO2	PSO 4
2	Encourage students to make case studies on different air vehicles to get knowledge of practical applications of the control devices	Assignments	PO 1, PO 2, PO 3	PSO 4

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