Hall Ticke	et No									Question Paper Code: Al						AHS002
	INS	϶τιτι	JTE	OF /		RO (Aut	NA tone	UT	ICA us)	LEN	IGI	NEE	RI	NG		
STION FOR LIBERT	B.Te	ech I Se	emester	: End	Exan Reg i	ninat ulati	tions i on:	s (Suj IAF	pplem RE–R	entary 2 16) – Fe	bruar	су, 2	2017		
LINE	CAR	ALGE	BRA	ANI (C	0 0	RDI	NA	RY	DIF	FERI	ENTI	AL	EQ	UAI	TION	5
Time: 3 Ho	urs			(0	omn	non	10		nanc	nes)				Ma	ax Ma	rks: 70
	A	ll parts	An s of th	swer All Q 1e que	ONI uest estio	E Qu ions n m	uest Car ust	ion f rry l be a	from Equal .nswe	each Marl red in	Unit ks one	place	e on	ly		
						\mathbf{U}	NI	Г – І								
1. (a) Find	the ra	ank of t	he mat	trix	$\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & & \\ 1 & - & \\ 3 & & \\ 2 & - & \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\2\\-2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 \\ 1 \\ 3 & 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$	by rec	lucing	it intc) norr	nal f	orm.		[7M]
(b) Find	the in	iverse o	f the n	natrix	$\left[\begin{array}{c}2\\1\\3\end{array}\right]$	3 2 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	usin	g elem	nentary	row	opera	tions	3.		[7M]
2. (a) Find	the in	iverse o	f $A =$	$\left[\begin{array}{ccc}1&2\\2&2\\3&3\end{array}\right]$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \\ 5 & 6 \end{array}$	by	' Ga	uss –	Jordo	on met	hod.					[7M]
(b) Find	the ra	unk of th	he mat	rix A=	=		- 1 2 0 1	-3 3 1 1	-1 -1 1 -1	by 1	educi	ng it i	into	echol	on fori	n. [7 M]
						1	UNI	IT -	II							
3. (a) Find	the E	igen va	lues an	ıd Eig	en ve	ectors	s of t	the n	natrix	$\left[\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\-1\end{array}\right]$	$-1 \\ 0 \\ 1$	1 0 -1				[7M]
(b) Find	a mat	trix P s	uch th	at P^{-}	^{1}AP	is di	agor	nal m	atrix,	where	A =	$\left[\begin{array}{c}2\\1\\1\end{array}\right]$	2 3 2	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		[7M]

- 4. (a) Show that
 - i. a square matrix A and its transpose A^T have same eigen values
 - ii. product of two Unitary matrices is Unitary.

(b) Find a matrix P which diagonalises the matrix
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

- 5. (a) Solve the differential equation $x \frac{dy}{dx} + (1-x)y = x^2y^2$ [7M]
 - (b) In a murder investigation, a corpse was found by a detective at exactly 8 PM. Being alert, the detective also measured the body temperature and found it to be 70° F. Two hours later, the detective measured the body temperature again and found it be 60° F. If the room temperature is 50° F and assuming that the body temperature of the person before death was 98.6° F, at what time did the murder occur? [7M]
- 6. (a) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of circles passing through the origin and the centres on the x axis. [7M]

(b) Solve the differential equation
$$x(1-x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + (2x^2-1)y = x^3$$
 [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

- 7. (a) Solve the differential equation $(D^3 2D^2 5D + 6)y = 0, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0, y''(0) = 1$ [7M]
 - (b) Solve the differential equation $\left[(D-1)^2 \left(D^2 + 1 \right) \right] y = e^x$ [7M]
- 8. (a) Solve the differential equation $(D^2 5D + 6)y = x \cos x \cos 2x$ [7M]
 - (b) A circuit consists of an inductance of 2 Henrys, a resistance of 4 Ohms and capacitance of 0.05 Farads. If q = i = 0 at t = 0. Find q(t) and i(t) when there is a constant electromagnetic field of 100 V. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

- 9. (a) If $U = \left(\frac{y-x}{xy}, \frac{z-x}{xz}\right)$ then find the value of $x^2U_x + y^2U_y + z^2U_z$ [7M]
 - (b) Examine the function $\sin x + \sin y + \sin (x + y)$ for extreme values. [7M]
- 10. (a) Find the extreme values of the function $f(x,y) = x^4 + y^4 2x^2 + 4xy 2y^2$ [7M]
 - (b) If x increases at the rate of 2 cm/sec at the instant when x = 3 cm, and y = 1 cm, at what rate must y be changing in order that $2xy 3x^2y$ shall be neither increasing nor decreasing? [7M]