Hall Ticket No						Question Paper Code: AHS004
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THE THE STATE

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

B.Tech II Semester End Examinations (Regular) - May, 2017

Regulation: IA-R16

COMPLEX ANALYSIS AND PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time:	3	Hours
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Max Marks: 70

[7M]

[7M]

[7M]

Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{I}$

1. (a) Examine the nature of the function

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y^5(x+iy)}{x^4+y^{10}} \\ 0, z = 0 \end{cases}, z \neq 0 \text{ in the region including the origin.}$$

(b) Construct an analytic function
$$f(z) = u + iv$$
 given that
 $u - v = (x - y) (x^2 + 4xy + y^2)$
[7M]

2. (a) Prove that $f(z) = |Z|^2$ is continuous everywhere but nowhere differentiable except at the origin.

(b) Determine Cauchy-Riemann equations in Polar form.

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{II}$

- 3. (a) Evaluate $\int_{1-i}^{2+3i} (z^2 + z) dz$ along the line joining points (1, -1) and (2, 3). [7M]
 - (b) Let $g(a) = \int_C \frac{2z^2 z 2}{z a} dz$, $(|a| \neq 3)$ where C : |z| = 3. Find g(2) using Cauchy's integral formula. What is the value of g(a) if |a| > 3. [7M]
- 4. (a) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{e^{\pi z} dz}{(2z-i)^3}$ Using Cauchy integral formula, where C is |Z|=1. [7M]
 - (b) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{1+i} (x y + ix^2) dz$ along real axis Z=0 to Z=1, and then along the line Parallel to imaginary axis from Z=1 to 1+i. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

- 5. (a) Determine the Poles and Residues of $\frac{Z}{(Z+1)^2(Z^2+4)}$ [7M] (b) Expand $\frac{Z}{(Z-1)(2-Z)}$ in Laurent Series valid for |Z-1| < 1. [7M]
- 6. (a) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points z = 1, i, -1 onto the points w = i, 0, -i. [7M]

(b) Evaluate $\int_{C} \frac{dz}{(z^2+4)^2}$ where C: |z-i| = 2, by residue theorem. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{IV}$

7. (a) Cumulative distribution function of a discrete random variable 'X' is

Х	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F(x)	0.05	0.15	0.35	0.65	0.85	0.95	k
• 1							

i. k

ii. probability mass function

iii. P(X > 2)

- (b) Let 'X' be a random variable which can take on the values -3, 6, and 9 with probabilities 1/6, 1/2 and 1/3. Calculate third moment about the mean. [7M]
- 8. (a) A perfect coin is tossed twice. Find the Moment generating function of the number of heads. Find Mean and Variance. [7M]
 - (b) Probability density function of a continuous random variable is $f(x) = e^{-x}$, x > 0, find the third moment about the mean. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{V}$

- 9. (a) It has been claimed that in 60% of all solar heat installations the utility bill is reduced by at least one-third. Accordingly, what are the probabilities that the utility bill will be reduced by at least one-third in [7M]
 - i. four of five installations
 - ii. at least four of five installations.
 - (b) Derive mean of the normal distribution.
- 10. (a) A communication channel receives independent pulses at the rate of 12 pulse per micro second. The Probability of Transmission error is 0.001 for each micro second use Poisson distribution compute. [7M]
 - i. No error during a micro second
 - ii. atleast one error per microsecond
 - iii. atmost two errors.
 - (b) An air line knows that 5% of the people making reservations on a certain flight will not turn up. Consequently their policy is to sell 52 tickets for a flight that can only hold 50 passengers what is the probability that there will be a seat for every passenger who turns up? [7M]

[7M]

[7M]