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# MATHEMATICAL TRANSFORM AND TECHNIQUES

Time: 3 Hours

 $(Common to ME \mid CE)$ 

Max Marks: 70

### Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

## $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{I}$

- 1. (a) Obtain the Fourier Series of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} -\pi \pi < x < 0 \\ x & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$  and hence deduce that  $1/1^2 + 1/3^2 + 1/5^2 + \ldots = \pi^2/8$ 
  - (b) Obtain the half range Fourier Sine Series of  $f(x) = (x 1)^2$  in (0,1). [7M]
- 2. (a) Determine the Fourier series for  $f(x) = x^2$  in  $(-\pi, \pi)$ .
  - (b) Obtain the half range sine series f(x) = x in (0, 2).

## $\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{II}$

- 3. (a) Find the Fourier Transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 |x|, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$  and hence deduce that
  - $\int_0^\infty \frac{(\sin^2 t)}{t^2} dt = \pi/2$ [7M]

(b) Find the Finite Fourier Cosine Transform 
$$\begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le \frac{1}{2} \\ 1-x, & \frac{1}{2} \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$$
 [7M]

4. (a) Find the Fourier Sine Transform of  $\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}$ 

[7M]

[7M]

[7M]

[7M]

(b) Find the Fourier Integral Transform of the function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 0 \\ 1, & 1 \le x \le 2 \\ 0, & x > 2 \end{cases}$  [7M]

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

5. (a) Find the Laplace Transform of the periodic triangular wave function of period 2a given by,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < a \\ 2a - x, & a < x < 2a \end{cases}$$
[7M]

(b) Solve  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = e^{-x} \sin x$  using Laplace transform where y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1.

[7M]

[7M]

- 6. (a) Find the Laplace Transform of the periodic function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < \pi \\ \pi x, & \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$ 
  - (b) Find the Inverse Laplace Transform of [7M] i.  $log \left\{ \frac{s^2+1}{s(s+1)} \right\}$ ii.  $\frac{e^{-s}}{s^2+1}$

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

7. (a) Evaluate  $Z\left[\frac{1}{(n+1)!}\right]$ . [7M] (b) If  $f(z) = \frac{2z^2+5z+14}{(z-1)^4}$ , find the values of f(2) and f(3) by Initial value theorem.

[7M]

8. (a) Evaluate 
$$Z^{-1} \left[ \frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)(z-3)} \right]$$
 [7M]

(b) Determine the inverse Z-transform of  $\frac{z^2}{z^2-4z+3}$  by convolution theorem. [7M]

#### $\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{V}$

9. (a) Solve by the method of separation of variables  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$  where  $u(x, 0) = 6 e^{-3x}$  [7M] (b) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary functions from z=y f(x)+x g(y).

[7M]

10. (a) Solve  $\frac{du}{dx} = 4\frac{du}{dy}$  where u(0,y)=8  $e^{(-3y)}$  by the method of separation of variables. [7M]

(b) Solve  $\frac{du}{dx} = 4\frac{d^2u}{d^2x}$  subject to the boundary conditions u(0,t)=u(1,t)=0 and an initial condition  $u(x,0) = x - x^2$ , in  $0 \le x \le 1$ . [7M]

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