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INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Four Year B. Tech III Semester End Examinations (Regular) - November, 2018

Regulation: IARE – R16

DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES

Time: 3 Hours

(Common to CSE | IT)

Max Marks: 70

Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{I}$

1.	(a)	Show that $(p \to (q \to r)) \to ((p \to q) \to (p \to r))$ is a Tautology using truth table.	[7M]
	(b)	Show that the statement "Every positive integer is the sum of squares of three integers" is	s false.
			[7M]
2.	(a)	Construct the truth table for the formula $(PVQ)V \neg P$.	[7M]

(b) Explain about the tautological implications and logical equivalence using theorem. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{II}$

3. (a) Show that a relation R defined on the set of real numbers as (a, b) R (c, d) if $a^2 + b^2 = c^2 + d^2$. Show that R is an equivalence relation. [7M]

(b) Let $X = \{1,2,3,4\}$ and $R = \{\langle x,y \rangle | x > y\}$. Draw the diagram of the graph R and also give its matrix. [7M]

- 4. (a) Illustrate the following function definition with graph. Let X and Y be any two sets. A relation f from X to Y is called a function if for every $x \in X$ there is a unique $y \in Y$ such that $(x,y) \in f$. [7M]
 - (b) Let $X = \{1,2,3\}$, $Y = \{p,q\}$, and $Z = \{a,b\}$. Also let $f:X \to Y$ be $f = \{\langle 1,p \rangle, \langle 2,p \rangle, \langle 3,q \rangle\}$ and $g:Y \to Z$ be given by $g = \{\langle p,b \rangle, \langle q,b \rangle\}$. Find gof. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

- 5. (a) Show that the intersection of any two congruence relations on a set is also a congruence relation.
 [7M]
 - (b) Let $(Z_4,+_4)$ and (B,+) be the algebraic system. Show that (B,+) is a homomorphic image of $(Z_4,+_4)$. [7M]

- 6. (a) Prove using the theorem by showing that the composition of semi group homomorphism is also a semi group homomorphism. [7M]
 - (b) Let (N,+) be the algebraic system of natural numbers. Define an equivalence relation E on N such that $x_1 Ex_2$ iff either $x_1 \cdot x_2$ or $x_2 \cdot x_1$ is divisible by 4. Show that E is a congruence relation and that the homomorphism g defined is the natural homomorphism associated with E. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{IV}$

- 7. (a) What is the solution of the recurrence relation $a_n = 6a_{n-1} 9a_{n-2}$ for $n \ge 2$ given that $a_0 = 1$, $a_1 = 6$. [7M]
 - (b) Find the recurrence relation for the Fibonacci sequence.
- 8. (a) A computer system considers a string of decimal digits a valid codeword if it contains an even number of 0 digits. For instance, 1230407869 is valid, whereas 120987045608 is not valid. Let a_n be the number of valid n-digit codeword's. find the recurrence relation for a_n . [7M]
 - (b) Find r recurrence relation for C_n , the number of ways to parenthesize the product of n+1 numbers, $x_0, x_1x_2...x_n$, to specify the order of multiplication. For example, $C_3=5$ because there are five ways to parenthesize $x_0, x_1x_2 x_3$ to determine the order of multiplication: $((x_0.x_1)x_2).x_3 (x_0.(x_1)x_2).x_3 (x_0.(x_1)x_2).x_3 (x_0.(x_1)x_2).x_3) x_0$. $(x_1 (x_2 .x_3))$. [7M]

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

- 9. (a) Prove that if G is connected graph with n vertices and (n-1) edges then G is a tree. [7M]
 - (b) Show that the graphs G and H displayed in following Figure 1 are isomorphic. [7M]



Figure 1

- 10. (a) Prove that the chromatic number of a tree is always 2 & chromatic polynomial is $\lambda(\lambda 1)^{n-1}$.
 - (b) Show that neither graph displayed in following Figure 2 has a Hamilton circuit. [7M]



Figure 2

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[7M]

[7M]