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INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

M.Tech I Semester End Examinations (Regular) - February, 2017

Regulation: IARE-R16

NUMERICAL METHODS FOR PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (CAD/CAM)

Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 70

Answer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

UNIT – I

- (a) Solve the heat conduction equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ subject to the initial and boundary conditions $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ and $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$ using Crank-Nicolson method for $h = \frac{1}{3}$ and $k = \frac{1}{36}$. Integrate upto two time levels. [7M]

(b) Explain Stability and Convergence analysis of difference schemes [7M]
- (a) Discuss the classification of second order partial differential equations. [7M]

(b) Show that the Crank-Nicolson method is unconditionally stable. [7M]

UNIT – II

- (a) Explain five point formula for finite difference [7M]

(b) Discuss the stability of heat equation using Von Neumann method. [7M]
- (a) Explain conditions for one dimensional diffusion equation in cylindrical and spherical coordinates. [7M]

(b) Explain Alternating Direction Implicit (ADI) methods. [7M]

UNIT – III

- (a) Find the solution of the initial-boundary value $u_{tt} = u_{xx}, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ subject to the initial and boundary conditions $u(x, 0) = \sin \pi x, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ and $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0, t > 0$ using explicit scheme for $h = \frac{1}{4}$ and $r = \frac{3}{4}$. Integrate upto two time levels. [7M]

(b) Prove that the Wenderoff's scheme is unconditionally stable. [7M]
- (a) Find the solution of the differential equation $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{u^2}{2} \right) = 0$ subject to conditions $u(0, t) = 0, u(x, 0) = x, 0 \leq x \leq 1$ Using the Lax-Wenderoff's formula $h=0.2, r=0.5$ and integrate for one time step. [7M]

(b) Derive Wenderoff's formula. [7M]

UNIT – IV

7. (a) Solve the mixed boundary value problem $\nabla^2 u = 0$, $0 \leq x, y \leq 1$, $u = 2x$, $u = 2x - 1$, $y = 0$, $y = 1$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$, $u_x + u = 2 - y$, $u = 2 - y$, $x = 0$, $x = 1$, $0 \leq y \leq 1$, using five point formula with $h = k = 1/3$. [7M]
- (b) Solve the boundary value problem $u_{xx} + u_{yy} - 5u(u_x - u_y) = -5e^{2x} \cos y (\cos y + \sin y)$, $0 \leq x, y \leq 1$ using second order method with $h = \frac{1}{2}$ [7M]
8. (a) Solve the boundary value problem [7M]
 $u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r}u_r + u_{zz} = -1$, $0 \leq r \leq 1$, $-1 \leq z \leq 1$
 $u = 0$, on the boundary.
Using five point formula with $h = k = 1/2$.
- (b) Explain Weighted Residual Methods [7M]

UNIT – V

9. (a) Discuss Variation methods, least square method and Galerkin method . [7M]
- (b) Obtain a one parameter approximate solution of the boundary value problem [7M]
 $\nabla^2 u = 0$, $|x| \leq 1$, $|y| \leq 1$
 $u = 0$, on the boundary using Galerkin method.
10. (a) Discuss Finite element method. [7M]
- (b) Find a one parameter Galerkin solution of the boundary value problem [7M]
 $\nabla^2 u = 0$, $|x| \leq 1$, $|y| \leq \frac{1}{2}$
 $u = 0$, On the boundary.