**INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING** 

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043



# **COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**

# **COURSE DESCRIPTOR**

Course Title	<b>BIG DATA AN</b>	BIG DATA AND BUSINESS ANALYTICS				
Course Code	ACS012	ACS012				
Programme	B. Tech	B. Tech				
Semester	SEVEN	SEVEN				
Course Type	Core	Core				
Regulation	IARE - R16					
	Theory Practical				ical	
Course Structure	LecturesTutorialsCreditsLaboratoryCredits					
3 1 4 3 2					2	
Chief Coordinator	Dr. M Madhu B	ala, Professor				

## I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course provides a clear understanding on concepts of sources of big data, characteristics, storing and processing components, and analytics applications. This course emphasizes on potential impact of big data challenges, open research issues, and various tools associated with it. This course includes the introduction and processing big data with an overview of Hadoop technology and its components such as pig, hive, etc.

### **II. COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:**

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
UG	ACS005	IV	Database Management System	3

### **III. MARKS DISTRIBUTION:**

Subject	SEE Examination	CIA Examination	Total Marks
Big Data and Business Analytics	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

~	Chalk & Talk	~	Quiz	~	Assignments	×	MOOCs
~	LCD / PPT	~	Seminars	×	Mini Project	~	Videos
×	✗ Open Ended Experiments						

### **IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:**

### V. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

#### Semester End Examination (SEE):

The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weight age in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two subdivisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept
30 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept
20 %	To test the application skill of the concept

#### **Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):**

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz/ Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Table 1: Assessment	pattern for CIA
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Component	ComponentTheoryType of AssessmentCIE ExamQuiz / AAT		Total Marks	
Type of Assessment				
CIA Marks	25	05	30	

### **Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):**

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams

#### Quiz / Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quizzes for every course. The AAT may include seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, five minutes video and MOOCs.

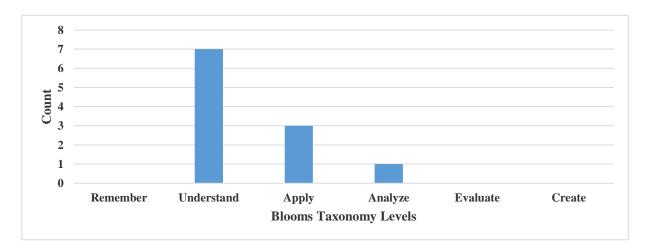
### **VI. COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

Studen	Students will try to learn:				
Ι	The scope and essentiality of Big Data and Business Analytics.				
II	The technologies used to store, manage, and analyze big data in a Hadoop ecosystem.				
III	The techniques and principles in big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.				
IV	The hypothesis on the optimized business decisions in solving complex real-world problems.				

### **VII. COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After su	After successful completion of this course, students will be able to:			
	Course Outcomes			
CO 1	Explain the evolution of big data with its characteristics and challenges with traditional business intelligence.	Taxonomy) Understand		
CO 2	Compare big data analysis and analytics in optimizing the business decisions.	Understand		
CO 3	Classify the key issues and applications in intelligent business and scientific computing.	Understand		
CO 4	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata in Hadoop, MapReduce, Pig and Hive.	Understand		
CO 5	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes in distributed Hadoop Ecosystem.	Apply		
CO 6	Translate the data from traditional file system to HDFS for analyzing big data in Hadoop ecosystem.	Understand		
CO 7	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs.	Apply		
CO 8	Develop applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin.	Apply		
CO 9	Explain the importance of bigdata framework HIVE and its built-in functions, data types and services like DDL.	Understand		
CO 10	Demonstrate business models and scientific computing paradigms, and tools for big data analytics.	Understand		
CO 11	Categorize Hadoop components for developing real time big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications etc.	Analyze		

### COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETEMCY LEVEL



## VIII. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

PO No	Program Outcomes	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics,	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering		
	specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
<b>PO 2</b>	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching		
	substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences		
<b>PO 3</b>	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	based knowledge and research methods including design of		
	experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of		
	the information to provide valid conclusions.		
PO 4	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools		
	including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering		
	activities with an understanding of the limitations.	-	
<b>PO 5</b>	Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in		
<b>D</b> O (	multidisciplinary settings		
<b>PO 6</b>	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex	-	-
	Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with		
	society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write		
	effective reports and design documentation, make effective		
<b>DO 5</b>	presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.		
<b>PO 7</b>	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the	-	-
	preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long		
DO 0	learning in the broadest context of technological change.		
PO 8	<b>Ethics:</b> Apply ethical principles and commit to professional	-	-
	ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice.		
PO 9	<b>Individual and Teamwork:</b> Function effectively as an	-	-
	individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in		
<b>DO 10</b>	multidisciplinary settings.		
PO 10	<b>Communication:</b> Communicate effectively on complex	-	-
	Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with		

	preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.		
PO 12	Life - Long Learning: Recognize the need for and have the	-	-
	and understanding of the Engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary Environments.		
PO 11	society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. <b>Project Management and Finance:</b> Demonstrate knowledge	-	-

# IX. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Understand, design and analyse computer programs in the	3	Research papers/
	areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design,		Group discussion/
	Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and		Short term courses
	Networking.		
PSO 2	Focus on improving software reliability, network security	2	Research papers/
	and information retrieval systems.		Industry exposure
PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools for creating innovative	3	Research papers/
	career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher		Group discussion/
	studies.		Short term courses

# **X. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):**

Course					Prog	gram (	Outco	mes					Program Specific Outcomes		
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	$\checkmark$														
CO 2	$\checkmark$														
CO 3	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$												
<b>CO 4</b>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$												
CO 5	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$										$\checkmark$		
<b>CO 6</b>	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$													
CO 7	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$									$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
CO 8	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$									$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
CO 9	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$										$\checkmark$		
CO 10				$\checkmark$											
CO 11				$\checkmark$									$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	

Course Outcomes	POs / PSOs	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of key competencies
CO 1	<b>PO 1</b>	Explain the evolution of big data with its characteristics and challenges by applying <b>computer science methodologies</b>	1
CO 2	PO 1	Compare big data analysis and analytics in optimizing business decisions by using the <b>mathematical principles</b> and <b>computer science methodologies</b> .	2
	PSO 1	Understand the differences between analysis and analytics in the areas related to Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	4
CO 3	PO 1	Understand the key issues and applications in intelligent business by applying <b>mathematical principles</b> and <b>computer</b> <b>science methodologies</b>	2
·	PO 2	Understand the key issues in <b>problems identification and</b> <b>formulation, data collection, model translation, validation,</b> <b>interpretation of results and documentation</b> in optimizing business decisions.	6
	PO 3	Classify the key issues in terms of <b>defining various problems</b> , <b>customer and user needs</b> , <b>cost effective</b> and <b>creative</b> <b>solutions</b> , <b>design process</b> , <b>economic context and</b> <b>management techniques</b> .	7
CO 4	PO 1	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata by applying <b>mathematical principles</b> and <b>computer science methodologies</b>	2
	<b>PO 2</b>	Understand the <b>problem</b> and <b>develop</b> solutions using big data technologies and <b>document</b> the <b>results for interpretation</b>	4
	PO 3	Identify the appropriate technology like pig, hive etc. suitable for various problems, by understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	7
	PSO 1	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata in the areas related to Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	4
CO 5	PO 1	Select appropriate Hadoop component for mining large volumes of data in Hadoop using <b>computer science</b> <b>methodologies</b>	1
	PO 2	Make use of Hadoop components on huge volume of information and data collected from various sources and perform model translation and validation	3
	PO4	Make use of Hadoop components for developing applications based on <b>technical literature and quality issues. Identify,</b> <b>classify and describe the performance of systems through</b> <b>analytical methods and techniques</b> .	3
	PSO 1	Make use of Hadoop components on huge volume data used to develop analytical solutions related to <b>Bigdata, Artificial</b> Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	4
CO 6	PO 1	Translate the data from traditional file system to HDFS for analyzing big data in Hadoop ecosystem using the <b>mathematical principles</b> and <b>computer science</b> <b>methodologies</b>	2

# XI. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO - (PO, PSO) MAPPING - DIRECT:

PO 2	Translation of data structure from traditional to HDFS includes	6
		-
	documentation.	
<b>PO 1</b>	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs by	3
<b>PO 2</b>		6
		-
<b>PO 3</b>		7
100		
PO 4		5
104		J
PO 5		1
105		L
PSO 1		4
PSO 2		1
	· · · ·	
PSO 3		2
<b>PO 1</b>		3
<b>PO 2</b>		6
<b>PO 3</b>		7
	various problems, understanding customer and user needs,	
	with <b>cost effective</b> and <b>creative solutions</b> by <b>managing the</b>	
	design process, knowledge on economic context,	
	management techniques.	
PO 4	Develop applications for handling huge volume of data using	8
PO 4	Develop applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin by working on <b>laboratory skills, technical literature</b>	8
PO 4		8
PO 4	Pig Latin by working on laboratory skills, technical literature	8
PO 4	Pig Latin by working on <b>laboratory skills, technical literature</b> <b>and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the</b>	8
PO 4	Pig Latin by working on <b>laboratory skills, technical literature</b> and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems in computer software by applying	8
PO 4	Pig Latin by working on <b>laboratory skills</b> , technical literature and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems in computer software by applying quantitative methods through analytical methods and	8
	Pig Latin by working on <b>laboratory skills</b> , technical literature and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems in computer software by applying quantitative methods through analytical methods and techniques.	
PO 5	Pig Latin by working on laboratory skills, technical literatureand quality issues. Identify, classify and describe theperformance of systems in computer software by applyingquantitative methods through analytical methods andtechniques.Develop software applications for handling huge volume ofdata using Pig Latin.	1
	Pig Latin by working on laboratory skills, technical literatureand quality issues. Identify, classify and describe theperformance of systems in computer software by applyingquantitative methods through analytical methods andtechniques.Develop software applications for handling huge volume ofdata using Pig Latin.Develop Pig Latin big data applications for specific problems by	
PO 5	Pig Latin by working on laboratory skills, technical literatureand quality issues. Identify, classify and describe theperformance of systems in computer software by applyingquantitative methods through analytical methods andtechniques.Develop software applications for handling huge volume ofdata using Pig Latin.	1
		<ul> <li>volume of information and data, file structure translation methods, validation and solution development with proper documentation.</li> <li>PO 1 Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs by applying mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.</li> <li>PO 2 Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs for specific problems by including volume of information and data, file structure translation, validation and solution development with proper documentation.</li> <li>PO 3 Develop a Map Reduce application by investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.</li> <li>PO 4 Develop MapReduce applications with laboratory skills, technical literature and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems through analytical methods and techniques.</li> <li>PO 5 Make use of library resources for optimizing the jobs related to Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.</li> <li>PSO 1 Develop a Map Reduce application by using modern computer tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.</li> <li>PO 1 Understand the pig latin functionalities for handling huge volume of data by applying mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.</li> <li>PO 2 Identify pig latin functionalities for handling huge volume of ata by applying mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.</li> <li>PO 3 Develop a Map Reduce application by using modern computer tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.</li> <li>PO 1 Understand the pig latin functionalities for handling huge volume of data by applying mathematical and scientific principles</li></ul>

	PSO 2	Develop big data applications using Pig Latin for specific	1
		problems with a major focus on improving software reliability,	
		network security and information retrieval systems.	
	PSO 3	Develop applications by using modern computer tools related	3
		to Pig Latin for creating innovative career paths, to be an	
		entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	
CO 9	<b>PO 1</b>	Understand the importance of big data framework HIVE by	3
		using computer science methodologies, mathematical and	
		scientific principles.	
	<b>PO 2</b>	Demonstrate the HIVE functions and services for specific	6
		problems by including huge volume of information and data	
		collection, file structure translation, validation and solution	
		development with proper documentation.	
	<b>PO 3</b>	Explain the HIVE application process by including various	7
	100	problems, customer and user needs, with cost effective and	
		creative solutions by managing the design process,	
		knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	
	PSO 1	Explain the HIVE features and services for analyzing programs	5
	1501	in the areas related to Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial	5
		Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	
CO 10	PO 4	Make use of tools for <b>designing business models</b> through	8
	104	laboratory skills, technical literature, technical uncertainty	0
		and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the	
		performance of systems in computer software by applying	
		quantitative methods through analytical methods and	
CO 11	PO 4	techniques.	9
COII	PU 4	Develop real time applications through <b>laboratory skills</b> and	9
		considering technical literature, technical uncertainty and	
		quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the	
		performance of systems in computer software by applying	
		quantitative methods through analytical methods and	
	DCO 1	techniques.	
	PSO 1	Categorize various Hadoop components in the areas related to	4
		Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine	
		Learning.	
	PSO 2	Develop applications using Hadoop ecosystem with a major	1
		focus on improving software reliability, network security and	
		information retrieval systems.	
	PSO 3	Develop applications by using Hadoop modern computer	3
		tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an	
		entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	

# XII. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING

Course	Program Outcomes/Number of Key Competencies Matched												PSO/ No. of key competencies		
Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	6	2	2
CO 1	1														
CO 2	2												4		

CO 3	2	6	7								
<b>CO 4</b>	2	4	7						4		
CO 5	1	3	3								
CO 6	2	6									
<b>CO 7</b>	3	6	7	5	1				4	1	2
CO 8	3	6	7	8	1				4	1	2
CO 9	3	6	7						5		
CO 10				8							
CO 11				9					4	3	3

## XIII. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

		Ι	Progra	ım Ou	itcome	es / Nu	ımber	of Vi	tal Fe	atures	5			O/ No. l Feat	
Course Outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	6	2	1
CO 1	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 2	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	0.0
<b>CO 3</b>	66.7	60.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>CO 4</b>	66.7	40.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	0.0
<b>CO 5</b>	33.3	30.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>CO 6</b>	66.7	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>CO 7</b>	100.0	60.0	70.0	45.5	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	66.7
<b>CO 8</b>	100.0	60.0	70.0	72.7	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	33.3	66.7
CO 9	100.0	60.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	0.0
CO 10	0.0	0.0	0.0	72.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 11	0.0	0.0	0.0	81.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	100.0	66.7

### XIV. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (CO - PO/PSO MAPPING)

COs and POs and COs and PSOs on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $0 \le C \le 5\%$  No correlation;  $1 < C \le 40\%$ - Low / Slight;
- 2 40 % < C < 60% Moderate.  $3 - 60\% \le C < 100\%$  – Substantial /High

Course Outcomes					Pro	gram	Outc	omes					Program Specific Outcomes		
outcomes	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO 2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO 4	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 5	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO 6	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO 7	3	3	3	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	3
CO 8	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	3
CO 9	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 10	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO 11	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3
TOTAL	23	18	16	11	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.5	1.5	1.5
AVERAGE	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7	3.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3.0	2.5	3.0

# XV. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES – DIRECT

CIE Exams	PO 1,PO 2, PO 3,PO 4, PO 5	SEE Exams	PO 1,PO 2, PO 3,PO 4, PO 5	Assignments	PO 1	Seminars	PO 2
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Mini Project	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-						

### XVI. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES - INDIRECT

✓	Early Semester Feedback	~	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

# **XVII.SYLLABUS**

UNIT-I	INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA							
Introduction to Big data: Characteristics of Data, Evolution of Big Data, Definition of Big Data,								
Challenges with Big Data, Traditional Business Intelligence (BI) versus Big Data.								
Big data	Big data analytics: Classification of Analytics, Importance and challenges facing big data,							
Terminologies Used in Big Data Environments, The Big Data Technology Landscape.								

### UNIT-II INTRODUCTION TO HADOOP

Introducing Hadoop, RDBMS versus Hadoop, Distributed Computing Challenges, History and overview of Hadoop, Use Case of Hadoop, Hadoop Distributors, Processing Data with Hadoop, Interacting with Hadoop Ecosystem

### UNIT-III THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM

Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS): The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, Basic Filesystem Operations, Hadoop Filesystems.

The Java Interface- Reading Data from a Hadoop URL, Reading Data Using the Filesystem API, Writing Data. Data Flow- Anatomy of a File Read, Anatomy of a File Write, Limitations.

UNIT -IV UNDERSTANDING MAP REDUCE FUNDAMENTALS

Map Reduce Framework: Exploring the features of Map Reduce, Working of MapReduce, Exploring Map and Reduce Functions, Techniques to optimize MapReduce jobs, Uses of MapReduce.

Controlling MapReduce Execution with Input Format, Reading Data with custom Record Reader, -Reader, Writer, Combiner, Partitioners, MapReduce Phases, Developing simple MapReduce Application.

### UNIT -V INTRODUCTION TO PIG AND HIVE

Introducing Pig: Pig architecture, Benefits, Installing Pig, Properties of Pig, Running Pig, Getting started with Pig Latin, Working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig.

Introducing Hive: Getting started with Hive, Hive Services, Data types in Hive, Built-in functions in Hive, Hive DDL.

### **Text Books:**

- Seema Acharya, Subhashini Chellappan, —Big Data and Analytics, Wiley Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,2014DT Editorial Services, —Big Data, Dream Tech Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015.
- 2. Tom White, —Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2012.
- 3. Black Book Big Data, dreamtech publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2017

### **Reference Books:**

- Michael Minelli, Michele Chambers, Ambiga Dhiraj, —Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Business, Wiley CIO Series, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2013.
- 2. Rajiv Sabherwal, Irma Becerra- Fernandez, —Business Intelligence –Practice, Technologies and Management, John Wiley, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011.
- 3. Arvind Sathi, —Big Data Analytics: Disruptive Technologies for Changing the Game, IBM Corporation, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2012.

### XVIII. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	СО	Reference
1	Define big data and its importance.	CO 1	T1:2.3
2-3	Describe the elements of big data-volume, variety, velocity and veracity	CO 1	T1:2.1, 2.5
4-5	Understand the life cycle of big data	CO 1 CO 2	T1:2.4
6-7	Define the importance and challenges of big data.	CO 1,CO 2	T1:2.5 – 2.6 R2:21.51
8	Understand Traditional Vs Big Data Business Approach	CO 1,CO 2	T1:2.9
9-10	Classify the Big data analytics - Classification of Analytics	CO 1,CO 4	T1:3.1 R2:21.51

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	СО	Reference
11	Importance and challenges facing big data,	CO 4	T1:3.7 -3.8
12-14	Explain the terminologies Used in Big Data Environments	CO 4	T1:3.12 R2:21.55
15	Explain the Big Data Technology Landscape with Hadoop ecosystem.	CO 4	T1:4.1 – 4.2 R2:21.58
16	Understand the core components of Hadoop-big data.	CO 4	T2:26.16 R2:21.61
17-18	Outline Hadoop ecosystem and Computing Challenges, RDBMS versus Hadoop	CO 5,CO 6	T1:5.1 – 5.5 R2:21.24
19	Recall the history and overview of Hadoop	CO 5,CO 6	T1:5.5 R2:21.29
20	Demonstrate the real time use case in Hadoop	CO 4	T1:5.6 – 5.7 R2:21.31
21-22	Explain Hadoop Distributors and processing Data with Hadoop	CO 4,CO 5	T1:5.8 R2:21.33
23	Summarize the other components in Hadoop Interacting in Hadoop Ecosystem	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.9
24	Explain the Design concepts of HDFS	CO 5	T1:5.11 R2:21.64
25	Find differences between Basic Filesystem Operations and Hadoop Filesystems.	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.10-5.13 T2:3
26-27	Explain the Java Interface for Reading Data from a Hadoop URL Using the Filesystem API	CO 4,CO 6	T2:3
28-29	Explain Writing Data and Data Flow- Anatomy of a File Read, Anatomy of a File Write, Limitations	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.10 T2:3
30-31	Explore the features of MapReduce and Map and Reduce Functions	CO 4,CO 7	T1:8.1-8.3 T2:8
32	Outline the techniques to optimize MapReduce jobs and uses	CO 4, CO 7	T2:27.8
33-35	Illustrate the controlling MapReduce Execution with Input Format	CO 4,CO 7, CO 10	T2:7
36-37	Explain the reading Data with custom Record Reader, - Reader, Writer, Combiner, Practitioners, MapReduce Phases	CO 7	T1:8.2 – 8.3
38	Develop a simple MapReduce Application	CO 7,CO 10, CO 11	T1:8.4 - 8.8
39	Explain Pig architecture	CO 8,CO 9	T1:10.1-10.6
40-41	Summarize Installation process of Pig along with Properties and getting started with Pig Latin,	CO 8,CO 9	T2:11
42	Develop applications by working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig.	CO 8,CO 9, CO 10,CO 11	T1:10.7-10.12
43	Explain the Hive component and Hive Services	CO 9	T1:9.1-9.2 T2:12
44-45	Demonstrate Hive Data types, Built-in functions and Hive DDL.	CO 9,CO 10, CO 11	T1:9.3-9.8

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