

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

COURSE DESCRIPTOR

Course Title	COMF	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING									
Course Code	ACS00	ACS001									
Programme	B.Tech	B.Tech									
Semester	I	CSE	E IT ECE EEE								
	П	AE	CE ME								
Course Type	Foundation										
Regulation	IARE - R16										
	Theory Practical										
Course Structure	Lectu	res	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits					
	3		1	4	4	2					
Chief Coordinator	Dr. K S	riniv	asa Reddy, Profe	ssor & HOD, I	T						
Course Faculty	Ms N Jayanthi Dr. G Ramu Dr. J Sirisha Devi Dr. K Suvarchala Ms. B Rekha Ms. B Padmaja Ms. G Geetha Reddy Ms. K Laxmi Narayanamma Mr. R M Norullah										

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course covers the basics of programming and demonstrates fundamental programming techniques, customs and terms including the most common library functions and the usage of the preprocessor. This course helps the students in gaining the knowledge to write simple C language applications, mathematical and engineering problems. This course helps to undertake future courses that assume this programming language as a background in computer programming. Topics include variables, data types, functions, control structures, pointers, strings, arrays and dynamic allocation principles. This course in reached to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas.

II. COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code Semester		Prerequisites
-	-	-	Basic Mathematics and Logical Thinking

III. MARKSDISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIA Examination	Total Marks	
Computer Programming	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

·	/	Chalk & Talk	>	Quiz		Assignments	×	MOOCs			
·	/	LCD / PPT	✓ Seminars		×	Mini Project	~	Videos			
×	٧	Open Ended Experiments									

V. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into fiveunits and each unit carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each unit. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept.
50 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the concept.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz/ Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Table 1: Assessment pattern for CIA

Component		Total Marks			
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz / AAT	Total Walks		
CIA Marks	25	05	30		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part—A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part—B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz / Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT):

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quizzes for every course. The AAT may include seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, five minutes video and MOOCs.

VI. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Strength	Proficiency
			assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge : Apply the knowledge of	3	Assignments
	mathematics, science, engineeringfundamentals, and an		
	engineering specialization to the solution of complex		
	engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research	3	Assignments
	literature, and analyze complexengineering problems reaching		
	substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences		
PO 3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for	2	Seminars, Viva
	complex engineering problems and design system components		
	or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural,		
	societal, and environmental considerations.		
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-	1	5 minutes video
	based knowledge and researchmethods including design of		
	experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis		
	of the information to provide valid conclusions.		

^{3 =} High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VII. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PSO 1	Problem Solving: Exploit the knowledge of high voltage engineering in collaboration with power systems in innovative, dynamic and challenging environment, for the research based team work.	2	Projects
PSO 2	Professional Skills: Identify the scientific theories, ideas, methodologies and the new cutting edge technologies in renewable energy engineering, and use this erudition in their professional development and gain sufficient competence to solve the current and future energy problems universally.	3	Lectures, Assignments
PSO 3	Modern Tools in Electrical Engineering: Comprehend the technologies like PLC, PMC, process controllers, transducers and HMI and design, install, test, maintain power systems and industrial applications.	1	5 minutes video

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VIII. COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The course should enable the students to:								
I	Learn adequate knowledge by problem solving techniques.							
II	Understand programming skills using the fundamentals and basics of C Language.							
III	Improve problem solving skills using arrays, strings, and functions.							
IV	Understand the dynamics of memory by pointers.							
V	Study files creation process with access permissions							

IX. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

CLO	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will	PO's	Strength of
Code		have the ability to:	Mapped	Mapping
ACS001.01	CLO 1		PO 1, PO 4	2
		components of a computer system.		
ACS001.02	CLO 2	Analyze a given problem and develop an	PO 2, PO 3	3
		algorithm to solve the problem.		
ACS001.03	CLO 3		PO 2, PO 4	2
		constructs and articulate how they are used to		
		develop a program with a desired runtime		
		execution flow.		
ACS001.04	CLO 4	Gain knowledge to identify appropriate C	PO 1, PO 3	3
		language constructs to write basic programs.		
ACS001.05	CLO 5	Identify the right data representation formats	PO 2,PO 3	3
		based on the requirements of the problem.		
ACS001.06	CLO 6	Describe the operators, their precedence and	PO 1, PO 4	2
		associativity while evaluating expressions in		
		program statements		
ACS001.07	CLO 7	Understand branching statements, loop	PO 1,PO 4	2
		statements and use them in problem solving.		
ACS001.08	CLO 8	Learn homogenous derived data types and use	PO 2, PO 3	3
		them to solve statistical problems.		
ACS001.09	CLO 9	Understand procedural oriented programming	PO 2	3
		using functions.		
ACS001.10	CLO 10	Understand how recursion works and write	PO 1, PO 2	3
		programs using recursion to solve problems.		
ACS001.11	CLO 11	Differentiate call by value and call by	PO 2	3
		reference parameter passing mechanisms.		
ACS001.12	CLO 12	Understand pointers conceptually and apply	PO 1	3
		them in C programs.		
ACS001.13	CLO 13	Distinguish homogenous and heterogeneous	PO 3	2
		data types and apply them in solving data		
		processing applications.		
ACS001.14	CLO 14		PO 1, PO 3	3
		handling data storage and apply it for solving		
		problems.		
ACS001.15	CLO 15	Differentiate text files and binary files and	PO 2	3
		write the simple C programs using file		
1.00001.1.1	OT C 1	handling functions. Searching, Sorting.	DO 5	
ACS001.16	CLO 16	Apply the concepts to solve real-time	PO 2	3
		applications using the features of C language.		
ACS001.17	CLO 17	Possess the knowledge and skills for	PO 1, PO 4	2
		employability and to succeed in national and		
		international level competitive examinations.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

CLOs	Program Outgames POs	Program Specific
CLOS	Program Outcomes POs	Outcomes PSOs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CLO 1	3			1										3	
CLO 2		3	2										2		1
CLO 3		3		1									2		
CLO 4	3			1									2		
CLO 5		3	2										2	3	
CLO 6	3			1											1
CLO 7	3			1										3	
CLO 8		3	2										2		
CLO 9		3												3	
CLO 10	3	3											2		1
CLO 11		3												3	
CLO 12	3												2	3	
CLO 13			2										2		
CLO 14	3		2											3	1
CLO 15		3												3	
CLO 16		3												3	
CLO 17	3			1	-								2		-

^{3 =} High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES-DIRECT

CIE Exams	PO 1, PO2, PO 3, PO 4	SEE Exams	PO 1, PO2, PO 3, PO 4	Assignments	PO 2	Seminars	PO 3
Laboratory Practices	PO 1	Student Viva	PO 3	Mini Project	-	Certification	ı
Term Paper	-						

XII. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES-INDIRECT

~	Early Semester Feedback	'	End Semester OBE Feedback
×	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIII. SYLLABUS

UNIT-I INTRODUCTION

Introduction to computers: Computer systems, computing environments, computer languages, creating and running programs, algorithms, flowcharts; Introduction to C language: History of C, basic structure of C programs, process of compiling and running a C program, C tokens, keywords, identifiers, constants, strings, special symbols, variables, data types; Operators and expressions: Operators, arithmetic, relational and logical, assignment operators, increment and decrement operators, bitwise and conditional operators, special operators, operator precedence and associativity, evaluation of expressions, type conversions in expressions, formatted input and output.

UNIT-II CONTROL STRUCTURES

Control structures: Decision statements; if and switch statement; Loop control statements: while, for and do while loops, jump statements, break, continue, goto statements; Arrays: Concepts, one dimensional arrays, declaration and initialization of one dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, initialization and accessing, multi dimensional arrays; Strings concepts: String handling functions, array of strings.

UNIT-III ARRAYS AND FUNCTIONS

Functions: Need for user defined functions, function declaration, function prototype, category of functions, inter function communication, function calls, parameter passing mechanisms, recursion, passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions, storage classes, preprocessor directives.

Pointers: Pointer basics, pointer arithmetic, pointers to pointers, generic pointers, array of pointers, pointers and arrays, pointers as functions arguments, functions returning pointers.

STRUCTURES, UNIONS AND POINTERS

Structures and unions: Structure definition, initialization, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, passing structures through pointers, self referential structures, unions, bit fields, typedef, enumerations; Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts, library functions.

UNIT-V FILE HANDLING AND BASICALGORITHMS

Files: Streams, basic file operations, file types, file opening modes, file input and output functions, file status functions, file positioning functions, command line arguments.

Text Books:

- Stephen G. Kochan, "Programming in C", Addison-Wesley Professional, 4th Edition, 2014. B. A. Forouzan, R. F. Gillberg, "C Programming and Data Structures", Cengage Learning, India, 3rd Edition, 2014.

Reference Books:

- 1. W. Kernighan Brian, Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 1988.
- 2. Yashavant Kanetkar, "Exploring C", BPB Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 3. E. Balagurusamy, "Programming in ANSI C", Mc Graw Hill Education, 6th Edition, 2012.
- 4. Schildt Herbert, "C: The Complete Reference", Tata Mc Graw Hill Education, 4th Edition, 2014.
- 5. R. S. Bichkar, "Programming with C", Universities Press, 2nd Edition, 2012.
- 6. Dey Pradeep, Manas Ghosh, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2006.

XIV. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
1 – 2	Introduction to Computers: computer systems, computing environments.	CLO 1	T2:1.1-1.2
3 – 4	Computer languages, creating and running programs, program development.	CLO 1	T2:2.1-2.2
5 – 6	Algorithms, flowcharts	CLO 2	T2:1.4-1.5
7 – 8	Introduction to C Language: background, C programs.	CLO 3	T2:2.1-2.2
9 – 10	Identifiers, data types, Input/output, variables, constants, Operators (arithmetic, relational, logical, bitwise etc).	CLO 3	T2: 2.3- 2.6,7
11 – 12	Expressions, precedence and associativity, expression evaluation, type conversions	CLO 6	T2:3.1-3.5
13 – 14	Statements - selection statements (making decisions) – if statement, switch statement.	CLO 7	T2: 5.2-5.3
15 – 16	Repetition statement (loops)-while, dowhile statements, for statements, loop examples	CLO 7	T2: 6.1-6.6
17 – 18	Other statements related to looping – break, continue, go to, simple C program examples.	CLO 7	T2: 6.7
19 – 20	Arrays- Concepts, using arrays in C, declaration and initialization of one dimensional array, C program example. Two dimensional arrays, initialization and accessing, multi dimensional arrays, C program example.	CLO 8	T2: 8.1- 8.3,8.7-8.8
21-22	Strings – Strings concepts: String handling functions, array of strings, C program examples.	CLO 8	T2: 11.1- 11.5
23 24	Functions- Need for user defined functions, function declaration, function prototype. Category of functions, inter function communication, function calls, parameter passing mechanisms.	CLO 9	T2: 4.1-4.5
25	Recursion, passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions, Storage classes and preprocessor commands.	CLO 10	T1:7 T2:6.9 T2:G.1
26-27	Pointer basics, pointer arithmetic, pointers to pointers, generic pointers. Pointer applications-Arrays and pointers, pointer arithmetic and arrays, passing an array to a function.	CLO 12	T1:1.0
28 – 29	Array of pointers, pointers and arrays, pointers as functions arguments, functions returning pointers	CLO 12	T2:10.3-10.5
30 – 31	Structures – declaration, initialization, accessing structures, operations on structures.	CLO 13	T1:8
32 – 33	Complex structures, structures and functions, passing structures through pointers, self-referential structures.	CLO 13	T2: 12.3- 12.4
34 – 35	Unions, C programming examples, Bit fields, typedef, enumerations.	CLO 13	T2:12.4 T2:12.1- 12.2
36 38	Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts, library functions	CLO 13	T2:2.1-2.2

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
39 – 40	Files: Concept of a file, streams, types of files and file opening modes.	CLO 14	R3:12.1- 12.3
41 – 42	File input/output functions (standard input/output functions for files).	CLO 14	R3:12.4
43 – 44	File status functions (error handling), positioning functions, C program examples.	CLO 15	R3:12.5
45	Command-line arguments.	CLO 15	R3:12.7

XV. GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS - TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSION REQUIREMENTS:

S No	Description	Proposed	Relevance with	Relevance with
		actions	POs	PSOs
1	Updating latest version and new	Laboratory	PO5	PSO2
	features of the C language	Sessions		
2	Familiarizing the role of C language in	Assignments	PO1,PO2	PSO2
	developing system level programs.	/ Industrial		
		visits		
3	Familiarizing different areas where C	Seminars	PO12	PSO3
	language can be used.			
4	Solving different problems and	Extra Lab	PO2	PSO3
	Practicing various debugging	Sessions,		
	strategies to become a good	Participating		
	programmer	in Coding		
		contests		

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