

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

COURSE DESCRIPTOR

Course Title	OPERA	OPERATING SYSTEMS						
Course Code	ACS00	ACS007						
Programme	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	IV	IV CSE IT						
Course Type	Core							
Regulation	IARE -	- R16						
			Theory		Practic	cal		
Course Structure	Lectu	ires	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3		1	4	3	2		
Chief Coordinator	Dr. Chukka Santhaiah, Professor							
Course Faculty	Dr. D Kishore Babu, Professor Mr. N V Krishna Rao, Assistant Professor Mr. M Rakesh, Assistant Professor							

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to operating system design concepts, data structures and algorithms. The course is designed to provide in-depth critique on the problems of resource management and scheduling, concurrency and synchronization, memory management, file management, peripheral management, protection and security. This course is intended to discuss the topics in a general setting not tied to any one particular operating system. Throughout the course, the study of practical aspects that pertain to the most popular operating systems such as Unix/Linux and Windows are considered as case studies

II. COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
UG	ACS002	Π	Data Structures	4
UG	ACS004	III	Computer Organization and Architecture	4

III. MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIA Examination	Total Marks
Operating Systems	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

~	Chalk & Talk	~	Quiz	~	Assignments	×	MOOCs	
~	LCD / PPT	~	Seminars	×	Mini Project	~	Videos	
×	✗ Open Ended Experiments							

V. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into five units and each unit carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each unit. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept.
50 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the
	concept.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz/ Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component	Theory		Total Marks
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz / AAT	I otai Wiarks
CIA Marks	25	05	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz / Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT):

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quizzes for every course. The AAT may include seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, five minutes video and MOOCs.

VI. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge : Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	Presentation on real-world problems
PO 2	Problem analysis : Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	2	Assignment
PO 3	Design/development of solutions : Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	1	Assignment
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems : Use research- based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	Seminar
PO 5	Modern tool usage : Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	1	Seminar
•	3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low		

VII. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PSO 1	Professional Skills: The ability to understand, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithms, system software, multimedia, web design, big data analytics, and networking for efficient design of computer-based systems of varying complexity.	1	Seminar
PSO 2	Problem-Solving Skills: The ability to apply standard practices and strategies in software project development using open-ended programming environments to deliver a quality product for business success.	-	-
PSO 3	Successful Career and Entrepreneurship: The ability to employ modern computer languages, environments, and platforms in creating innovative career paths to be an entrepreneur, and a zest for higher studies.	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VIII. COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

The course s	The course should enable the students to:						
Ι	Understand the fundamental principles of the operating system, its services and functionalities.						
II	Illustrate the concepts of processes, inter-process communication, synchronization and scheduling.						
III	Understand different types of memory management viz. virtual memory, paging and segmentation.						
IV	Identify the reasons for deadlock and understand the techniques for deadlock detection, prevention and recovery.						
V	Understand the need of protection and security mechanisms in computer systems.						

CLO Code	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to:	PO's Mapped	Strength of Mapping
CACS007.01	CLO 1	Describe the structure of operating system	PO 1,	2
		and basic architectural components involved	PO 2	
		in operating system design.		
CACS007.02	CLO 2	Describe how the computing resources are	PO 1,	2
		managed by the operating system.	PO 4	
CACS007.03	CLO 3	Understand the objectives and functions of	PO 3	2
		modern operating systems.		
CACS007.04	CLO 4	Analyze and design the applications to run in	PO 1	3
		parallel either using process or thread		
		models of different operating system		
CACS007.05	CLO 5	Understand and analyze implementation of	PO 2	2
		virtual memory		
CACS007.06	CLO 6	Understand the various resource management	PO 3	2
01102007100	0200	techniques for timesharing and distributed	100	-
		systems.		
CACS007.07	CLO 7	Describe the mutual exclusion, deadlock	PO 3	2
C/ICD007.07		detection in operating system	105	2
CACS007.08	CLO 8	Describe the common algorithms used for	PO 2,	1
CAC5007.00	CLO 0	both pre-emptive and non-pre-emptive	PO 4	1
		scheduling of tasks in operating systems,	101	
		such a priority and performance comparison		
CACS007.09	CLO 9	Understand the difference between a process	PO 1	3
CACS007.09	CLO 9	and a thread	FUT	5
CACS007.10	CLO 10		DO 1	2
CACS007.10	CLO 10	Explain the state diagram that describes the	PO 1, PO 3	2
		states and state transitions during the	105	
		whole lifetime of a process; likewise,		
CA C0007 11	CL 0 11	interpret such a state transition diagram		1
CACS007.11	CLO 11	Identify the mapping between virtual	PO 2, PO 4	1
G + GG005 10	GL 0.10	memory address into a physical address		
CACS007.12	CLO 12	Explain how a shared memory area can be	PO 5	1
		implemented using virtual memory		
		addresses in different processes		
CACS007.13	CLO 13	Identify the need of memory management in	PO 3	1
		operating systems and understand the		
		limits of fixed memory allocation schemes		
CACS007.14	CLO 14	Understand the fragmentation in dynamic	PO 1,	2
		memory allocation, and identify dynamic	PO 5	
		allocation approaches		
CACS007.15	CLO 15	Understand how program memory addresses	PO 1,	2
		relate to physical memory addresses,	PO 2	
		memory management in base-limit machines,		
		and swapping		
CACS007.16	CLO 16	Understand the mechanisms adopted for file	PO 2	2
		distribution in applications		
CACS007.17	CLO 17	Describe different Mass storage structure and	PO 2,	1
		I/O systems	PO 4	

IX. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

CLO Code	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to:	PO's Mapped	Strength of Mapping
CACS007.18	CLO 18	Understand issues related to file system	PO 2,	1
		interface and implementation, disk	PO 3	
		management		
CACS007.19	CLO 19	Identify the mechanisms adopted for file	PO 1,	1
		sharing in distributed applications	PO 5	
CACS007.20	CLO 20	Understand the concepts of Storage	PO 1,	2
		Management, disk management and disk	PO 3	
		scheduling		
CACS007.21	CLO 21	Understand the concept of deadlock in	PO 2	2
		operating systems and how they can be		
		implemented in multiprogramming system		
CACS007.22	CLO 22	Identify how deadlock can occur and know	PO 1,	1
		how it can be prevented or avoided	PO 3	
CACS007.23	CLO 23	Describe the protection and security aspects	PO 5	1
		of operating systems		
CACS007.24	CLO 24	Understand types of security risks in	PO 1,	1
		operating system and the role of operating	PO 3	
		system in establishing security		
CACS007.25	CLO 25	Identify different protection and security	PO 1,	2
		mechanisms in operating system	PO 2	

3 = High; **2** = Medium; **1** = Low

X. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

(CLOs)					Progra	am Oı	itcome	es (PO	s)				Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)		
(CLOS)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CLO 1	3	2											1		
CLO 2	3			1									1		
CLO 3			2												
CLO 4	3												1		
CLO 5		2													
CLO 6			2										1		
CLO 7			2										1		
CLO 8		1		1											
CLO 9	3												1		
CLO 10	3		1										1		
CLO 11		2		1											
CLO 12					1								1		

Program Outcomes (POs)									Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)					
PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
		1												
3				1								1		
2	2													
2														
	2		1									1		
	2	1												
2				1								1		
3		2										1		
	2													
2		1										1		
				1										
2		1										1		
3	2											1		
	3 2 2 3 2 2 3	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3	1 3 1 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 1 3 2	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 1 1 1 3 . 1 . 2 2 . . 2 2 . . . 2 2 . . . 2 2 . 1 . 2 2 . 1 . 2 2 . 1 . 2 1 . . . 3 2 1 . . 2 1 . . . 2 1 . . . 2 1 . . . 2 1 . . . 2 1 . . . 3 2 1 . . 3 2 . . .	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1	PO1PO2PO3PO4PO5PO6PO7PO8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 3 1 <td< td=""><td>PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 3 1</td><td>PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 3 1 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 1 1 2 </td><td>PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PS01 3 1 <t< td=""><td>PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 3 1</td></t<></td></td<>	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 3 1	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 3 1 1 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 3 2 1 3 2 1 4 1 1 2	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PS01 3 1 <t< td=""><td>PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 3 1</td></t<>	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 3 1

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES - DIRECT

CIE Exams	PO 1,PO 2, PO 3, PO 4, PO5	SEE Exams	PO 1,PO 2, PO 3, PO 4, PO5	Assignmen ts	PO 2, PO 3	Seminars	PO 4, PO 5
Laboratory Practices	PO 1	Student Viva	-	Mini Project	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-						

XII. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES - INDIRECT

~	Early Semester Feedback	~	End Semester OBE Feedback
×	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIII. SYLLABUS

INTRODUCTION Unit-I

Operating systems objectives and functions: Computer system architecture, operating systems structure, operating systems operations; Evolution of operating systems: Simple batch, multi programmed, time shared, personal computer, parallel distributed systems, real time systems, special purpose systems, operating system services, user operating systems interface; Systems calls: Types of systems calls, system programs, protection and security, operating system design and implementation, operating systems structure, virtual machines

Unit-II	PROCESS AND CPU SCHEDULING, PROCESS COORDINATION						
Scheduling q scheduling al studies Linu:	pepts: The process, process state, process control block, threads; Process scheduling: ueues, schedulers, context switch, preemptive scheduling, dispatcher, scheduling criteria, gorithms, multiple processor scheduling; Real time scheduling; Thread scheduling; Case x windows; Process synchronization, the critical section problem; Peterson's solution, on hardware, semaphores and classic problems of synchronization, monitors.						
Unit-III	MEMORY MANAGEMENT AND VIRTUAL MEMORY						
table. Segmentation	Logical and physical address space: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of page table. Segmentation: Segmentation with paging, virtual memory, demand paging; Performance of demand paging: Page replacement, page replacement algorithms, allocation of frames, thrashing.						
Unit-IV	FILE SYSTEM INTERFACE, MASS-STORAGE STRUCTURE						
file system st implementati attachment, c	of a file, access methods, directory structure, file system mounting, file sharing, protection, ructure, file system implementation, allocation methods, free space management, directory on, efficiency and performance; Overview of mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk lisk scheduling, disk management, swap space management; Dynamic memory allocation: ts; Library functions.						
Unit-V	DEADLOCKS, PROTECTION						
lock avoidand principles of	el: Deadlock characterization, methods of handling deadlocks, deadlock prevention, dead ce, dead lock detection and recovery form deadlock system protection, goals of protection, protection, domain of protection, access matrix, implementation of access matrix, access cation of access rights, capability based systems, language based protection.						
Text Books:							
StudentE 2. William	StudentEdition, 8th Edition, 2010						
Reference B	poks:						
	S Tanenbaum, "Modern Operating Systems", PHI, 3rd Edition, 2007. namdhere, "Operating Systems a Concept based Approach", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2nd 2006						

XIV. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
1 - 2	Computer system architecture, operating systems structure, operating systems operations.	CLO 1	T2: 2.1 T1: 1.1 - 1.5
3 - 4	Evolution of operating systems: Simple batch, multi programmed, time shared, personal computer, parallel distributed systems, real time systems, special purpose systems.	CLO 6	T2: 2.2
5 - 6	Operating system services, user operating systems interface. Systems calls: Types of systems calls, system programs.	CLO 2	T1: 2.1 - 2.5
7 - 8	Protection and security, operating system design and implementation, operating systems structure, virtual machines.	CLO 5	T1: 2.6 - 2.8
9 - 10	The process, process state, process control block, threads.	CLO 10	T1: 3.1 -3.4 T2: 3.1 -3.4
11 - 14	Process scheduling: Scheduling queues, schedulers, context switch, preemptive scheduling, dispatcher, scheduling criteria, scheduling algorithms, multiple processor scheduling.	CLO 8	T1: 5.2 - 5.3
15	Real time scheduling; Thread scheduling.	CLO 8	T1: 5.4 -5.5

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
			T2:10.1-10.2
16	Case studies - Linux, Windows;	CLO 10	T1:5.6,21.4 T2: 8.3 -8.5
17 - 19	Process synchronization, the critical section problem, Peterson's solution, synchronization hardware.	CLO 7	T1: 6.1 - 6.4
20 - 21	Semaphores and classic problems of synchronization, monitors.	CLO 7	T1: 6.5 -6.7 T2: 6.7 -6.8, 6.10
22 - 24	Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of page table, Segmentation with paging.	CLO 11	T1: 8.1 - 8.3
25 - 26	Virtual memory, demand paging, performance of demand paging.	CLO 13	T1: 8.4 -8.6 T1: 9.1 -9.2
27 - 29	Page replacement:Page replacementalgorithms,allocation of frames, thrashing.	CLO 15	T1: 9.4 - 9.6
30-31	The concept of a file, access methods, directory structure.	CLO 18	T1:10.1-10.3
32 - 35	File system mounting, file sharing, protection, file system structure, file system implementation.	CLO 18	T1:10.4-10.6 T1:11.1-11.2
36 - 38	Allocation methods, free space management, directory implementation, efficiency and performance.	CLO 19	T1: 11.3- 11.6
39 - 40	Overview of mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk attachment, disk scheduling, disk management, swap space management.		T1:12.1 - 12.6
41 - 42	Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts; Library functions.	CLO 19	T1:12.7 - 12.8
43 - 45	Deadlock characterization, methods of handling deadlocks.	CLO 21	T1: 7.1 - 7.2
46 - 50	Deadlock prevention, dead lock avoidance, dead lock detection and recovery form deadlock system protection.	CLO 22	T1: 7.3 - 7.7
51 - 52	Goals of protection, principles of protection, domain of protection.	CLO 23	T1:14.1 - 14.3
53 - 55	Access matrix, implementation of access matrix, access control, revocation of access rights.	CLO 25	T1:14.4 - 14.7
56 - 58	Capability based systems, language based protection.	CLO 25	T1:14.8 - 14.9

XV. GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS - TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSION REQUIREMENTS:

S no	Description	Proposed actions	Relevance with pos	Relevance with psos
1	Interrupts, Exceptions, and System Calls.	Assignments	PO 2, PO 3	PSO 1
2	Multicore Programming, Multithreading Models	Seminars / Guest Lectures / NPTEL	PO 2, PO 3	PSO 1
3	Free Space Management, I/O Systems	Seminars / NPTEL	PO 1, PO 3	PSO 1

Prepared by:

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HOD, CSE