

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

COURSE DESCRIPTOR

Course Title	DISASTER	DISASTER MANAGEMENT				
Course Code	ACE551					
Programme	B.Tech					
Semester	VI CSE	/ IT / ECE / EEF	E / ME			
Course Type	Open Electi	Open Elective-I				
Regulation	IARE - R16					
		Theory Practical				
Course Structure	Lectures	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3	-	3	-	-	
Chief Coordinator	Mr. Gude R	amakrishna, Asso	ociateProfessor			
Course Faculty	Mr. S.SivaR Mr. S.Selva Mr. G.N.V.S Ms. N. Sri R	Mr. Gude Ramakrishna, Associate Professor, CE Mr. S.SivaRamaskrishna, Assistant Professor, CE Mr. S.Selva Prakash, Assistant Professor, CE Mr. G.N.V.SaiTeja, Assistant Professor, CE Ms. N. Sri Ramya, Assistant Professor, CE Mr.J.Tirupathi, Assistant Professor, CSE				

I. COURSEOVERVIEW:

This course is intended to provide fundamental understanding of different aspects of disaster management. It will expose the students to the concept and functions of disaster management and to build competencies of disaster management professionals and development practitioners for effective supporting environment as put by the government in legislative manner. It would also provide basic knowledge, skills pertaining to planning, organizing and decision-making process for disaster risk reduction.

II. COURSEPRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
-	-	-	-	-

III. MARKSDISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIA Examination	Total Marks
Disaster Management	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONALMETHODOLOGIES:

×	Chalk & Talk	~	Quiz	~	Assignments	×	MOOCs
~	LCD / PPT	~	Seminars	×	Mini Project	~	Videos
×	Open Ended Experiments						

V. EVALUATIONMETHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into fiveUnits and each Unit carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each Unit. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept.
50 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the concept.

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz / Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Table 1: Assessment pattern for CIA

Component	Т	Total Maulta	
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz/AAT	Total Marks
CIA Marks	25	05	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part—A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part—B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz - Online Examination:

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for everycourse.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT):

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning centre. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc.

VI. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES AREASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	Presentation on real world problem
PO3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, andenvironmental considerations.	3	Lectures
PO6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	2	Discussion of real-time applications

^{3 =} High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VII. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES AREASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed
			by
PSO 1	Professional Skills: The ability to understand, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithms, system software, multimedia, web design, big data analytics, and networking for efficient analysis and design of computer - based systems of varying complexity.	-	-
PSO 2	Software Engineering Practices: The ability to apply standard practices and strategies in software service management using open-ended programming environments with agility to deliver a quality service for business success.	2	Discussion of real-time applications

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PSO 3	Successful Career and Entrepreneurship: The ability	2	Group discussion
	to employ modern computer languages, environments		
	and platforms in creating innovative career paths to be		
	an entrepreneur and a zest for higher studies.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VIII. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The cou	The course should enable the students to:							
I	Identify the major disaster types and develop an understanding of modern disaster management.							
II	Recognize and develop awareness of the chronological phases of natural disaster response and refugee relief operations.							
III	Understand the key concepts of disaster management related to development and the relationship of different disaster management activities.							
IV	Categorize the organizations that are involved in natural disaster assistance and relief system.							

IX. COURSE OUTCOMES(COs):

COs	Course Outcome	CLOs	Course Learning Outcome
CO 1	Identifyenvironmental hazards and disasters, meaning of environmental stress; concept of environmental hazards.	CLO 1	Integrate knowledge and to analyze, evaluate and manage the different public health aspects of disaster events at a local and global levels, even when limited information is available.
	of environmental nazards.	CLO 2	Analyze and evaluate the environmental, social, cultural, economic, legal and organizational Aspects influencing vulnerabilities and capacities to face disasters. and to know about different types of environmental hazards
		CLO 3	Obtain knowledge on different types of natural and man- made disasters. Work theoretically and practically in the processes of disaster management (disaster risk reduction, response, and recovery)
		CLO 4	Describe endogenous and exogenous hazards their harmful effects to the environment. Case studies of India
CO 2	Describe types of environmental hazards and disasters: Natural hazards and	CLO 5	Analyze, and communicate information on risks, relief needs and order to formulate strategies for mitigation.
	disasters,	CLO 6	Understand the Mitigation and control measures of exogenous hazards.
		CLO 7	Understand different approaches of different phases
CO 3	Describe endogenous hazards, volcanic eruption, earthquakes,	CLO 8	Capacity to analyze and evaluate research work on the field of emergencies and disaster.
	landslides, volcanic hazards/ disasters, causes and distribution of volcanoes, Analyse the earthquake	CLO 9	Demonstrating insight into the potential and limitations of science, its role in society and people's responsibility for how it is used. And emerging approaches of disasters.

COs	Course Outcome	CLOs	Course Learning Outcome
	hazards, hazardous effects of, earthquakes, earthquake hazards in India, human adjustment, perception and mitigation of earthquake.	CLO 10	Analyze the future scenarios with the ability to clearly present and discuss their conclusions and the knowledge and arguments.
CO 4	Understand exogenous hazards/ disasters, infrequent events, cumulative atmospheric	CLO 11	Understand integrated approach for disaster preparedness, mitigation & awareness; Mitigation.
	hazards/ disasters; Infrequent events: Cyclones, lightning, hailstorms; Cumulative	CLO 12	Understand different types of institution for disaster mitigation and management
	atmospheric hazards/ disasters: Floods, droughts, cold waves, heat waves floods; Causes of floods, flood hazards India.	CLO 13	Design and perform research on the different aspects of the emergencies and disaster.
		CLO 14	Relate their interconnections, particularly in the field of the Public Health aspects of the disasters.
		CLO 15	Understand different approaches to prevent disasters.
CO 5	UnderstandEmerging approaches indisaster	CLO 16	Understanding the race process of dealing with work place hazards.
	managementi.e pre, disaster stage (preparedness), emergency stage and post disaster stage, rehabilitation.	CLO 17	Identification of natural calamities that tends to hazards and disasters.

X. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES(CLOs):

CLO	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will have the	PO's	Strength of
Code		ability to:	Mapped	Mapping
ACE551.01		Integrate knowledge and to analyze, evaluate and manage the different public health aspects of disaster events at a local and global levels, even when limited information is available.	PO 1	3
ACE551.02	CLO 2	Analyze and evaluate the environmental, social, cultural, economic, legal and organizational Aspects influencing vulnerabilities and capacities to face disasters. and to know about different types of environmental hazards	PO 1	3
ACE551.03	CLO 3	Obtain knowledge on different types of natural and man- made disasters. Work theoretically and practically in the processes of disaster management (disaster risk reduction, response, and recovery)	PO 6	2
ACE551.04	CLO 4	Describe endogenous and exogenous hazards their harmful effects to the environment. Case studies of India	PO 6	2
ACE551.05	CLO 5		PO1, PO3	3
ACE551.06	CLO 6	<u> </u>	PO1, PO3	3
ACE551.07	CLO 7	Understand different approaches of different phases	PO 1	3

CLO Code	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to:	PO's Mapped	Strength of Mapping
ACE551.08	CLO 8	Capacity to analyze and evaluate research work on the field of emergencies and disaster.	PO 6	2
ACE551.09	CLO 9	Demonstrating insight into the potential and limitations of science, its role in society and people's responsibility for how it is used. And emerging approaches of disasters.	PO 6	2
ACE551.10	CLO 10	Analyze the future scenarios with the ability to clearly present and discuss their conclusions and the knowledge and arguments.	PO 1	3
ACE551.11	CLO 11	Understand integrated approach for disaster preparedness, mitigation & awareness; Mitigation.	PO3, PO6	3
ACE551.12	CLO 12	Understand different types of institution for disaster mitigation and management	PO6	3
ACE551.13	CLO 13	Design and perform research on the different aspects of the emergencies and disaster.	PO1, PO3,PO6	3
ACE551.14	CLO 14	Relate their interconnections, particularly in the field of the Public Health aspects of the disasters.	PO1, PO3,PO6	3
ACE551.15	CLO 15	Understand different approaches to prevent disasters.	PO 3	2
ACE551.16	CLO 16	Understanding the race process of dealing with work place hazards.	PO 6	2
ACE551.17	CLO 17	Obtain knowledge on identification of natural calamities that tends to hazards and disasters.	PO1, PO3	3

3= High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES

Course	P	rogram Outcome	es (POs)	Program Specific Outcomes(PSOs)		
Outcomes (COs)	PO 1	PO 3	PO 6	PSO2	PSO3	
CO 1	3	3	2		2	
CO 2	3	3	2	2		
CO 3	2	2	3		2	
CO 4	3	3	2	2	2	
CO 5	2	3	2			

XII. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFICOUTCOMES:

Course Learning	Program Outcomes (POs)										ProgramSpecific Outcomes(PSOs)			
Outcomes (CLOs)	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10PO11PO12									PSO1	PSO2	PSO3		
CLO 1	3													2
CLO 2	3												2	

Course Learning												ProgramSpecific Outcomes(PSOs)			
Outcomes (CLOs)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CLO 3	2					3								2	
CLO 4	2		2			3									2
CLO 5	2		2											2	
CLO 6	2		2												2
CLO 7	2														
CLO 8	3		3			2									
CLO 9	2		2			2								2	
CLO 10	1														2
CLO 11			3			3								2	
CLO 12	3		3			3									
CLO 13	2					2									
CLO 14	2		2			2									2
CLO 15			2			2									
CLO 16			2												2
CLO 17	2		2												

XIII. ASSESSMENTMETHODOLOGIES-DIRECT

CIE Exams	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO2, PSO3	SEE Exams	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO2, PSO3	Assignments	PO1, PO3, PO6, PSO2, PSO3	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Mini Project	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-						

XIV. ASSESSMENTMETHODOLOGIES-INDIRECT

~	Early Semester Feedback	>	End Semester OBE Feedback
×	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XV. SYLLABUS

Unit-I ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS

Environmental hazards and disasters: Meaning of Environmental hazards, Environmental Disasters and Environmental stress. Concept of Environmental Hazards, Environmental stress & Environmental Disasters. Different approaches & relation with humanEcology.LandscapeApproach Ecosystem Approach-Perception approach- Human ecology & its application in geographical researches.

Unit-II TYPES OF ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS

Types of environmental hazards and disasters: Natural hazards and disasters, man induced hazards anddisasters, natural hazards, planetary hazards/ disasters, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, planetary hazards, endogenous hazards, exogenous hazards.

ENDOGENOUS HAZARDS

Endogenous Hazards - Volcanic Eruption Earthquakes - Landslides - Volcanic Hazards/ Disasters -Causes and distribution of Volcanoes - Hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions - Environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions.

Earthquake Hazards/ disasters - Causes of Earthquakes - Distribution of earthquakes - Hazardous effects of - earthquakes - Earthquake Hazards in India - Human adjustment, perception & mitigation of earthquake.

EXOGENOUS HAZARDS AND DISASTERS Unit - IV

Exogenous hazards/ disasters, infrequent events, cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters; Infrequent events: Cyclones , lightning , hailstorms; Cyclones: Tropical cyclones and local storms, destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters: Floods, droughts, cold waves, heat waves floods; Causes of floods, flood hazards India, flood control measures (human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Droughts: Impacts of droughts, drought hazards in India, drought control measures, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, man induced hazards/disasters, physical hazards/ disasters, soil erosion; Soil erosion: Mechanics and forms of soil erosion, factors and causes of soil erosion, conservation measures of soil erosion; Chemical hazards/ disasters: Release of toxic chemicals, nuclear explosion, sedimentation processes; Sedimentation processes: Global sedimentation problems regional sedimentation problems, sedimentation and environmental problems, corrective measures of erosion and sedimentation, biological hazards/ disasters, population explosion.

EMERGING APPROACHES IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT

Emerging approaches in Disaster Management. Three Stages

- 1. Pre, disaster stage(preparedness)
- 2. EmergencyStage
- 3. Post Disaster stage, Rehabilitation.

Text Books:

- 1. PardeepSahni, "Disaster Mitigation: Experiences and Reflections", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 1st Edition, 2001.
- 2. J.Glynn, GaryW. HeinKe, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall Publishers, 2nd Edition, 1996.

Reference Books:

- 1. R.B.Singh (Ed), "Environmental Geography", 2nd Edition, 1990. 2. R.B. Singh (Ed), "Disaster Management", 2nd Edition, 2006.

XVI. COURSEPLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
1	knowledge, analyze, and evaluate Environmental Hazards & Disasters	CLO 1	T1:22.5 R1:2.3
2	Understand the Meaning of Environmental Hazards	CLO 1	T1:22.5 R1:2.4
3	Understand Environmental Stress	CLO 2	T1:22.6 R1:2.6
4	Understand Environmental stress.	CLO 2	T1:22.7 R1:4.4
5-6	Obtain knowledge on Concept of Environmental Hazards	CLO 3	T1:22.7 R1:4.10
7	Capacity to analyze Environmental stress & Environmental Disasters	CLO 4	T1:22.8 R1:4.15
8	Capacity to analyze Ecology concept	CLO 4	T1:22.9 R1:5.4
9	Understand Different Approaches	CLO 5	T1:22.9 R1:5.8
10	Understand Landscape Approach	CLO 5	T1:23.10 R1:6.8
11	Analyze and evaluate Ecosystem approach -Perception approach.	CLO 6	T1:23.10 R1:6.13
12-13	Understand Human ecology & its application in geographical researches	CLO 7	T1:23.9 R1:7.5
14	Understand Types of Environmental hazards & Disasters	CLO 7	T1:23.10 R1:7.5
15-16	Capacity to analyze and evaluate Natural hazards and Disasters	CLO 9	T1:23.10 R1:8.1
17-18	Understand Man induced hazards & Disasters	CLO 9	T1:23.1 R1:9.2
19-20	Obtain knowledge on Natural Hazards- Planetary Hazards/ Disasters	CLO 10	T1:23.1 R1:9.4
21-22	Analyze the Planetary Hazards-Endogenous Hazards - Exogenous Hazards	CLO 10	T1:23.1 R1:9.9
23-24	Understand Volcanic Eruption – Earthquakes – Landslides	CLO 11	T1:23.1 R1:9.10
25-26	Volcanic Hazards/Disasters- Causes and distribution of Volcanoes	CLO 11	T2:27.5 R1:10.2
27-28	Analyze the Hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions	CLO 11	T2:27.7 R1:11.3
29-30	Understand Environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions - Earthquake Hazards/ disasters - Causes of Earthquakes	CLO 12	T2:27.8 R1:11.6
31	Distribution of earthquakes - Hazardous effects of - earthquakes - Earthquake Hazards in India	CLO 12	T2:27.12 R1:11.7
32-33	Analyze the Exogenous hazards/ disasters - Infrequent events- Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters	CLO 12	T2:27.12 R1:11.8
34-35	Understand the Infrequent events: Cyclones, Lightning, Hailstorms, Cyclones: Earthquake Hazards in India	CLO 13	T2:27.12 R1:11.9
36-37	Analyze the Tropical cyclones and Local storms	CLO 13	T2:27.12 R1:11.10

Lecture No	Topics to be covered	Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs)	Reference
38	Understand the Destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation)	CLO 13	T2:27.14 R1:12.3
39-40	Analyze the Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters : Floods, Droughts, Cold waves, Heat waves Floods	CLO 14	T2:27.1 R1:12.7
41-42	Identification of Flood control measures (Human adjustment, perception and mitigation),	CLO 14	T2:27.17 R1:12.15
43-44	Analyse the Droughts: Impacts of droughts, Drought hazards in India	CLO 17	T2:27.18 R1:12.19
45	Understand Extra Planetary Hazards/ Disasters- Man induced Hazards / Disasters	CLO 17	T2:27.19 R2:14.4

XVII. GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS-TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSIONREQUIREMENTS:

S No	Description	Proposed actions	Relevance with POs	Relevance with PSOs
1	Exogenous hazards/ disasters	Seminars	PO 1	PSO 3
2	Impacts of droughts, Drought hazards in India	Guest Lecture	PO 4	PSO 3

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