



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

COURSE DESCRIPTOR

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Course Title | MACHINE LEARNING | | | | |
| Course Code | ACS014 | | | | |
| Programme | B. Tech | | | | |
| Semester | VIII | CSE / IT | | | |
| Course Type | Core | | | | |
| Regulation | IARE - R16 | | | | |
| Course Structure | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | Lectures | Tutorials | Credits | Laboratory | Credits |
| | 3 | - | 3 | - | - |
| Chief Coordinator | Mrs. G Sulakshana, Assistant Professor, CSE | | | | |
| Course Faculty | Mrs. G Sulakshana, Assistant Professor, CSE Mr. A Praveen, Assistant Professor, IT Mrs. B Anupama, Assistant Professor, CSE | | | | |

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This covers the concepts of statistics and other advanced algorithms. The core of machine learning algorithms and theory used for learning performance are elaborated. Machine learning tools used to predict future trends and behaviors, allowing businesses to make proactive and knowledge-driven decisions. The course addresses the state-of-the-art machine learning techniques and how to apply them in business related problems. The first, and biggest, part of the course will focus on supervised learning through decision trees, and advanced techniques like neural networks, naive Bayes and support vector machines. In the second part, about Unsupervised learning techniques for extracting actionable patterns from data through clustering.

II. COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

| Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | Credits |
|-------|-------------|----------|----------------------------|---------|
| UG | AHS010 | II | Probability and Statistics | 4 |

III. MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

| Subject | SEE Examination | CIA Examination | Total Marks |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| MACHINE LEARNING | 70 Marks | 30 Marks | 100 |

IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|---|----------|---|--------------|---|--------|
| ✗ | Chalk & Talk | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Assignments | ✗ | MOOCs |
| ✓ | LCD / PPT | ✓ | Seminars | ✗ | Mini Project | ✓ | Videos |
| ✗ | Open Ended Experiments | | | | | | |

V. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into five units and each unit carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each unit. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

| | |
|------|--|
| 50 % | To test the objectiveness of the concept. |
| 50 % | To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the Concept. |

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz/ Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Table 1: Assessment pattern for CIA

| Component | Theory | | Total Marks |
|-----------|----------|------------|-------------|
| | CIE Exam | Quiz / AAT | |
| CIA Marks | 25 | 05 | 30 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz –Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quizzes for every course. The AAT may include seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, five minutes video and MOOCs.

VI. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes (POs) | | Strength | Proficiency assessed by |
|------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex Engineering problems. | 3 | Presentation on real-world problems |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching | 3 | Assignment |

| Program Outcomes (POs) | | Strength | Proficiency assessed by |
|------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| | substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences | | |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 2 | Assignment |
| PO 4 | Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 | Mini projects |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VII. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) | | Strength | Proficiency assessed by |
|----------------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Professional Skills: The ability to understand, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithms, system software, multimedia, web design, big data analytics, and networking for efficient design of computer-based systems of varying complexity. | 2 | Seminar |
| PSO 2 | Problem-Solving Skills: The ability to apply standard practices and strategies in software project development using open-ended programming environments to deliver a quality product for business success. | - | - |
| PSO 3 | Successful Career and Entrepreneurship: The ability to employ modern computer languages, environments, and platforms in creating innovative career paths to be an entrepreneur, and a zest for higher studies. | 1 | Mini projects |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

VIII. COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

| The course should enable the students to: | |
|---|---|
| I | Apply knowledge of computing and mathematics appropriate to the discipline. |
| II | Illustrate the concepts of machine learning and related algorithms. |
| III | Understand the dimensionality problems using linear discriminants. |
| IV | Study various statistical models for analyzing the data. |
| V | Learn clustering algorithms for unlabeled data. |

IX. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

| COs | Course Outcome | CLOs | Course Learning Outcome |
|------|---|-------|--|
| CO 1 | Understand the concept of learning and candidate elimination algorithms | CLO 1 | Understand the concept of learning and candidate elimination algorithms |
| | | CLO 2 | Explore on different types of learning and explore On tree based learning. |
| | | CLO 3 | Understand the construction process of decision trees used for classification problem. |
| | | CLO 4 | Understand the concept of perception and explore on forward and backward practices. |
| CO 2 | Understand the | CLO 5 | Illustrate on kernel concept and optimal separation used in support vector machines |

| COs | Course Outcome | CLOs | Course Learning Outcome |
|------|--|--------|---|
| | concept of perception and explore on forward and backward practices | CLO 6 | Explore on basic statistics like variance, covariance and averages |
| | | CLO 7 | Understand the concepts of Gaussian and bias-variance tradeoff |
| | | CLO 8 | Understand the concepts of Bayes theorem and Bayes optimal classifiers |
| CO 3 | Explore on basic statistics like variance, covariance and averages | CLO 9 | Explore on Bayesian networks and approximate inference on markov models |
| | | CLO 10 | Explore on Evolutionary learning techniques used in genetic algorithms |
| | | CLO 11 | Illustrate the ensemble learning approaches used in bagging and boosting |
| | | CLO 12 | Explain the importance of principal component analysis and its applications |
| CO 4 | Explore on Evolutionary learning techniques used in genetic algorithms | CLO 13 | Explore on similarity concept and different distance measures |
| | | CLO 14 | Understand the outlier concept and explain about data objects |
| | | CLO 15 | Understand the hierarchical algorithms and explain CART |
| | | CLO 16 | Understand the partitioned algorithms and explain segmentation |
| CO 5 | Explore on similarity concept and different distance measures | CLO 17 | Explore on clustering large database and explain K-means clustering algorithm |
| | | CLO 18 | Understand the clustering with categorical Attributes and comparison with other data types. |
| | | CLO 19 | Understand the clustering large databases and explain clustering methods |
| | | CLO 20 | Describe clustering with categorical attributes and explain KNN |

X. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

| CLO Code | CLO's | At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to: | PO's Mapped | Strength of Mapping |
|-----------|--------|--|--------------|---------------------|
| ACS014.01 | CLO 1 | Understand the concept of learning and candidate elimination algorithms | PO1 | 3 |
| ACS014.02 | CLO 2 | Explore on different types of learning and explore on tree based learning. | PO1 | 3 |
| ACS014.03 | CLO 3 | Understand the construction process of decision trees used for classification problem. | PO1,PO2 | 3 |
| ACS014.04 | CLO 4 | Understand the concept of perception and explore on forward and backward practices. | PO1,PO3 | 2 |
| ACS014.05 | CLO 5 | Illustrate on kernel concept and optimal separation used in support vector machines | PO1,PO3, PO4 | 2 |
| ACS014.06 | CLO 6 | Explore on basic statistics like variance, covariance and averages | PO1 | 3 |
| ACS014.07 | CLO 7 | Understand the concepts of Gaussian and bias-variance tradeoff | PO1 | 3 |
| ACS014.08 | CLO 8 | Understand the concepts of Bayes theorem and Bayes optimal classifiers | PO1,PO3 | 2 |
| ACS014.09 | CLO 9 | Explore on Bayesian networks and approximate inference on markov models | PO2,PO3,PO4 | 2 |
| ACS014.10 | CLO 10 | Explore on Evolutionary learning techniques used in genetic algorithms | PO1 | 3 |
| ACS014.11 | CLO 11 | Illustrate the ensemble learning approaches used in bagging and boosting | PO2,PO3 | 2 |
| ACS014.12 | CLO 12 | Explain the importance of principal component analysis and its applications | PO2 | 2 |

| CLO Code | CLO's | At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to: | PO's Mapped | Strength of Mapping |
|-----------|--------|---|--------------|---------------------|
| ACS014.13 | CLO 13 | Explore on similarity concept and different distance measures | PO1,PO2 | 2 |
| ACS014.14 | CLO 14 | Understand the outlier concept and explain about data objects | PO2 | 3 |
| ACS014.15 | CLO 15 | Understand the hierarchical algorithms and explain CART | PO2 | 2 |
| ACS014.16 | CLO 16 | Understand the partitioned algorithms and explain segmentation | PO2, PO1 | 2 |
| ACS014.17 | CLO 17 | Explore on clustering large database and explain K-means clustering algorithm | PO3, PO1,PO4 | 2 |
| ACS014.18 | CLO 18 | Understand the clustering with categorical attributes and comparison with other data types. | PO1,PO2 | 2 |
| ACS014.19 | CLO 19 | Understand the clustering large databases and explain clustering methods | PO2,PO3 | 2 |
| ACS014.20 | CLO 20 | Describe clustering with categorical attributes and explain KNN | PO1,PO3 | 2 |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

| Course Outcomes (COs) | Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 |
| CO1 | 3 | 2 | 2 | | | | |
| CO2 | 3 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| CO3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | | |
| CO4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | 2 | | 1 |
| CO5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | | 1 |

3= High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XII. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| CLOs | Program Outcomes (POs) | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) | | |
|-------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 |
| CLO 1 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 2 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 3 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 4 | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 5 | 2 | | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | 2 | | |
| CLO 6 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 7 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 8 | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| CLOs | Program Outcomes (POs) | | | | | | | | | | | | Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) | | |
|--------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| | PO1 | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1 | PSO2 | PSO3 |
| CLO 9 | | 2 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 10 | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | |
| CLO 11 | | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 12 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 13 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 14 | | 3 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 15 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 |
| CLO 16 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 |
| CLO 17 | 2 | | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 |
| CLO 18 | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLO 19 | | 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 |
| CLO 20 | 2 | | 2 | | | | | | | | | | 2 | | 1 |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XIII. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES – DIRECT

| | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------|---------------|------|
| CIE Exams | PO 1, PO 2, PO 3, PO4, PSO 1 | SEE Exams | PO 1, PO 2, PO 3, PO4 | Assignments | PO 2, PO 3 | Seminars | PSO1 |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Student Viva | - | Mini Project | PO4, PSO3 | Certification | - |

XIV. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES - INDIRECT

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| ✓ | Early Semester Feedback | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
| ✗ | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | | |

XV. SYLLABUS

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Unit-I | TYPES OF MACHINE LEARNING |
| Concept learning: Introduction, version spaces and the candidate elimination algorithm; Learning with trees: Constructing decision trees, CART, classification example. | |
| Unit-II | LINEAR DISCRIMINANTS |
| Perceptron (MLP): Going forwards, backwards, MLP in practices, deriving back; Propagation support vector Machines: Optimal separation, kernels. | |
| Unit-III | BASIC STATISTICS |
| Averages, variance and covariance, the Gaussian; The bias-variance tradeoff Bayesian learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes optimal classifier, naïve Bayes classifier. | |
| Graphical models: Bayesian networks, approximate inference, making Bayesian networks, hidden Markov models, the forward algorithm. | |

| | |
|--|------------------------------|
| Unit-IV | EVOLUTIONARY LEARNING |
| Genetic Algorithms, genetic operators; Genetic programming; Ensemble learning: Boosting, bagging; Dimensionality reduction: Linear discriminate analysis, principal component analysis (JAX-RPC). | |
| Unit-V | CLUSTERING |
| Similarity and distance measures, outliers, hierarchical methods, partitional algorithms, clustering large Databases, clustering with categorical attributes, comparison. | |
| Text Books: | |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Tom M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning ", McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 2013. 2. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning - An Algorithmic Perspective ", CRC Press, 1st Edition, 2009. | |
| Reference Books: | |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Margaret H Dunham, "Data Mining", Pearson Edition, 2nd Edition, 2006. 2. Galit Shmueli, Nitin R Patel, Peter C Bruce, "Data Mining for Business Intelligence", John Wiley and Sons, 2nd Edition, 2007. 3. Rajjal Shinghal, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer-Verlag, New York, 1st Edition, 2006. | |

XVI. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| Lecture No | Topics to be covered | Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) | Reference |
|------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 - 3 | Introduction to Concept learning and version spaces representation | CLO1 | T1 2.1: 2.3 |
| 4 - 7 | Candidate elimination algorithm, Learning with trees | CLO1 | T1 2.5: 3.2 |
| 8 - 9 | Constructing decision trees | CLO2 | T1 3.2: 3.7 |
| 10 | CART, classification example | CLO3 | T1 3.2: 3.7 |
| 11 - 14 | Perception (MLP): Going forwards | CLO5 | T2 4.3 : 4.4 |
| 15 - 16 | Backwards, MLP in practices | CLO6 | T2 4.6 |
| 17 | Deriving back Propagation | CLO7 | T2 4.6 |
| 18 - 20 | Support vector Machines: Optimal separation, kernels | CLO8 | T2 8.1 : 8.2 |
| 21 - 25 | Averages, variance and covariance The Gaussian, The bias-variance tradeoff | CLO9 | T2 2.4 : 2.5 |
| 26 - 29 | Bayesian learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem Bayes optimal classifier, naïve Bayes classifier | CLO10 | T1 6.2 : 6.9 |
| 30 - 35 | Graphical models: Bayesian Networks, Approximate inference, Making Bayesian Networks, Hidden Markov models, the forward algorithm. | CLO12 | T2 16.1 : 16.4 |
| 34 - 36 | Genetic Algorithms genetic operators, Genetic programming | CLO13 | T2 10.1 : 10.4 |
| 37 - 39 | Ensemble learning: Boosting, bagging | CLO14 | T2 13.1 : 13.2 |

| Lecture No | Topics to be covered | Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) | Reference |
|------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 40 - 45 | Dimensionality reduction, Linear discriminate analysis, principal component analysis (JAX-RPC). | CLO15 | T2 6.1 : 6.2 |
| 46 - 47 | Similarity and distance measures | CLO16 | R1 5.2 |
| 48 - 52 | Outliers, hierarchical methods | CLO17 | R1 5.3 : 5.4 |
| 53 - 56 | Partitional algorithms, clustering large databases | CLO19 | R1 5.5 : 5.6 |
| 57 - 60 | Clustering with categorical attributes, comparison | CLO20 | R1 5.7 |

XVII GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS-TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSION REQUIREMENTS:

| S No | Description | Proposed actions | Relevance with po's | Relevance with PSOs |
|------|---|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | Service Provider Reliability in Cloud Computing | NPTEL | PO 1,PO 3 | PSO 1,PSO 2 |
| 2 | Vendor lock-in Cloud Computing | Assignment | PO 2,PO 3 | PSO 1,PSO 2 |

Prepared by:

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