



**INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING**

**(Autonomous)**

**(Approved by AICTE | NAAC Accreditation with 'A' Grade | Accredited by NBA | Affiliated to JNTUH)**

**Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043, Telangana**

**OUTCOME BASED EDUCATION  
WITH  
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM**

**BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY  
MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

**ACADEMIC REGULATIONS, COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABI  
(Based on AICTE Model Curriculum)**

**IARE - R18**

**B.Tech Regular Four Year Degree Programme**

**(for the batches admitted from the academic year 2018- 2019)**

**&**

**B.Tech (Lateral Entry Scheme)**

**(for the batches admitted from the academic year 2019 - 2020)**

**FAILURE TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE REGULATIONS  
IS NOT AN EXCUSE**

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**“Take up one idea.**

**Make that one idea your life-think of it, dream of it, live on that idea. Let the brain muscles, nerves, every part of your body be full of that idea and just leave every other idea alone.**

**This is the way to success”**

**Swami Vivekananda**

## PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS AND NOMENCLATURES

**AICTE:** Means All India Council for Technical Education, New Delhi.

**Autonomous Institute:** Means an institute designated as Autonomous by University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi in concurrence with affiliating University (Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad) and State Government.

**Academic Autonomy:** Means freedom to an institute in all aspects of conducting its academic programs, granted by UGC for Promoting Excellence.

**Academic Council:** The Academic Council is the highest academic body of the institute and is responsible for the maintenance of standards of instruction, education and examination within the institute. Academic Council is an authority as per UGC regulations and it has the right to take decisions on all academic matters including academic research.

**Academic Year:** It is the period necessary to complete an actual course of study within a year. It comprises two main semesters i.e., (one odd + one even) and one supplementary semester.

**Branch:** Means specialization in a program like B.Tech degree program in Civil Engineering, B.Tech degree program in Computer Science and Engineering etc.

**Board of Studies (BOS):** BOS is an authority as defined in UGC regulations, constituted by Head of the Organization for each of the departments separately. They are responsible for curriculum design and updation in respect of all the programs offered by a department.

**Backlog Course:** A course is considered to be a backlog course, if the student has obtained a failure grade (F) in that course.

**Basic Sciences:** The courses offered in the areas of Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry etc., are considered to be foundational in nature.

**Betterment:** Betterment is a way that contributes towards improvement of the students' grade in any course(s). It can be done by either (a) re-appearing or (b) re-registering for the course.

**Commission:** Means University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi.

**Choice Based Credit System:** The credit based semester system is one which provides flexibility in designing curriculum and assigning credits based on the course content and hours of teaching along with provision of choice for the student in the course selection.

**Certificate Course:** It is a course that makes a student to have hands-on expertise and skills required for holistic development in a specific area/field.

**Compulsory Course:** Course required to be undertaken for the award of the degree as per the program.

**Continuous Internal Examination:** It is an examination conducted towards sessional assessment.

**Core:** The courses that are essential constituents of each engineering discipline are categorized as professional core courses for that discipline.

**Course:** A course is a subject offered by a department for learning in a particular semester.

**Course Outcomes:** The essential skills that need to be acquired by every student through a course.

**Credit:** A credit is a unit that gives weight to the value, level or time requirements of an academic course. The number of 'Contact Hours' in a week of a particular course determines its credit value. One credit is equivalent to one lecture/tutorial hour per week.

**Credit point:** It is the product of grade point and number of credits for a course.

**Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):** It is a measure of cumulative performance of a student over all the completed semesters. The CGPA is the ratio of total credit points secured by a student in various courses in all semesters and the sum of the total credits of all courses in all the semesters. It is expressed up to two decimal places.

**Curriculum:** Curriculum incorporates the planned interaction of students with instructional content, materials, resources, and processes for evaluating the attainment of Program Educational Objectives.

**Department:** An academic entity that conducts relevant curricular and co-curricular activities, involving both teaching and non-teaching staff, and other resources in the process of study for a degree.

**Detention in a Course:** Student who does not obtain minimum prescribed attendance in a course shall be detained in that particular course.

**Dropping from Semester:** Student who doesn't want to register for any semester can apply in writing in prescribed format before the commencement of that semester.

**Elective Course:** A course that can be chosen from a set of courses. An elective can be Professional Elective and/or Open Elective.

**Evaluation:** Evaluation is the process of judging the academic performance of the student in her/his courses. It is done through a combination of continuous internal assessment and semester end examinations.

**Grade:** It is an index of the performance of the students in a said course. Grades are indicated by alphabets.

**Grade Point:** It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10 - point scale.

**Honours:** An honours degree typically refers to a higher level of academic achievement at an undergraduate level.

**Institute:** Means Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Hyderabad unless indicated otherwise by the context.

**Massive Open Online Courses (MOOC):** MOOC courses inculcate the habit of self learning. MOOC courses would be additional choices in all the elective group courses.

**Minor:** Minor are coherent sequences of courses which may be taken in addition to the courses required for the B.Tech degree.

**Pre-requisite:** A specific course or subject, the knowledge of which is required to complete before student register another course at the next grade level.

**Professional Elective:** It indicates a course that is discipline centric. An appropriate choice of minimum number of such electives as specified in the program will lead to a degree with specialization.

**Program:** Means, UG degree program: Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech); PG degree program: Master of Technology (M.Tech) / Master of Business Administration (MBA).

**Program Educational Objectives:** The broad career, professional and personal goals that every student will achieve through a strategic and sequential action plan.

**Project work:** It is a design or research based work to be taken up by a student during his/her final year to achieve a particular aim. It is a credit based course and is to be planned carefully by the student.

**Re-Appearing:** A student can reappear only in the semester end examination for theory component of a course, subject to the regulations contained herein.

**Registration:** Process of enrolling into a set of courses in a semester of a Program.

**Regulations:** The regulations, common to all B.Tech programs offered by Institute, are designated as “IARE Regulations - R18” and are binding on all the stakeholders.

**Semester:** It is a period of study consisting of 15 to 18 weeks of academic work equivalent to normally 90 working days. Odd semester commences usually in July and even semester in December of every year.

**Semester End Examinations:** It is an examination conducted for all courses offered in a semester at the end of the semester.

**S/he:** Means “she” and “he” both.

**Student Outcomes:** The essential skill sets that need to be acquired by every student during her/his program of study. These skill sets are in the areas of employability, entrepreneurial, social and behavioral.

**University:** Means Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Hyderabad (JNTUH), Hyderabad, is an affiliating University.

**Withdraw from a Course:** Withdrawing from a course means that a student can drop from a course within the first two weeks of odd or even semester (deadlines are different for summer sessions). However, s/he can choose a substitute course in place of it, by exercising the option within 5 working days from the date of withdrawal.

## **FOREWORD**

The autonomy is conferred to Institute of Aeronautical Engineering (IARE), Hyderabad by University Grants Commission (UGC), New Delhi based on its performance as well as future commitment and competency to impart quality education. It is a mark of its ability to function independently in accordance with the set norms of the monitoring bodies including J N T University Hyderabad (JNTUH), Hyderabad and AICTE, New Delhi. It reflects the confidence of the affiliating University in the autonomous institution to uphold and maintain standards it expects to deliver on its own behalf. Thus, an autonomous institution is given the freedom to have its own **curriculum, examination system and monitoring mechanism**, independent of the affiliating University but under its observance.

IARE is proud to win the credence of all the above bodies monitoring the quality in education and has gladly accepted the responsibility of sustaining, if not improving upon the standards and ethics for which it has been striving for more than a decade in reaching its present standing in the arena of contemporary technical education. As a follow up, statutory bodies such as Academic Council and Board of Studies (BOS) are constituted with the guidance of the Governing Body of the institute and recommendations of the JNTUH to frame the regulations, course structure, and syllabi under autonomous status.

The autonomous regulations, course structure, and syllabi have been prepared after prolonged and detailed interaction with several expertise solicited from academics, industry and research, in accordance with the vision and mission of the institute in order to produce a quality engineering graduate to the society.

All the faculty, parents, and students are requested to go through all the rules and regulations carefully. Any clarifications needed are to be sought at appropriate time and from the principal of the institute, without presumptions, to avoid unwanted subsequent inconveniences and embarrassments. The cooperation of all the stake holders is requested for the successful implementation of the autonomous system in the larger interests of the institute and brighter prospects of engineering graduates.

**PRINCIPAL**



# INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

## ACADEMIC REGULATIONS

**B.Tech. Regular Four Year Degree Programme  
(for the batches admitted from the academic year 2018 - 19)  
&  
B.Tech. (Lateral Entry Scheme)  
(for the batches admitted from the academic year 2019 - 20)**

For pursuing four year undergraduate Bachelor of Technology degree programme of study in Engineering (B.Tech) offered by Institute of Aeronautical Engineering under Autonomous status and herein after referred to as IARE.

### Preamble:

All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) has introduced Model Curriculum for Bachelor of Technology programme with 160 credits in the entire programme of 4 years, and additional 20 credits can be acquired for the degree of B.Tech with **Honours or additional Minor in Engineering**. These additional 20 credits will have to be acquired with online courses (MOOCs), perhaps for the first time in the country, to tap the zeal and excitement of learning beyond the classrooms. So, the students will have to complete additional 20 credits through MOOCs within 4 years of time. This creates an excellent opportunity for students to acquire the necessary skill set for employability through massive open online courses where the rare expertise of world famous experts from academics and industry are available.

Separate certificate will be issued in addition to regular degree programme mentioning that the student has cleared Honours / minor specialization in respective courses in addition to scheduled courses for B.Tech programmes.

### 1. CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

The Indian Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) are changing from the conventional course structure to Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) along with introduction to semester system in the first year itself. The semester system helps in accelerating the teaching-learning process and enables vertical and horizontal mobility in learning.

The credit based semester system provides flexibility in designing curriculum and assigning credits based on the course content and hours of teaching. The choice based credit system provides a 'cafeteria' type approach in which the students can take courses of their choice, learn at their own pace, undergo additional courses and acquire more than the required credits, and adopt an interdisciplinary approach to learning.

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) is a flexible system of learning and provides choice for students to select from the prescribed elective courses. A course defines learning objectives and learning outcomes and comprises lectures / tutorials / laboratory work / field work / project work / comprehensive Examination / seminars / assignments / MOOCs / alternative assessment tools / presentations / self-study etc., or a combination of some of these.

Under the CBCS, the requirement for awarding a degree is prescribed in terms of number of credits to be completed by the students.

### **The CBCS permits students to:**

1. Choose electives from a wide range of elective courses offered by the departments.
2. Undergo additional courses of interest.
3. Adopt an interdisciplinary approach in learning.
4. Make the best use of expertise of the available faculty.

## **2. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION**

The medium of instruction shall be English for all courses, examinations, seminar presentations and project work. The curriculum will comprise courses of study as given in course structure, in accordance with the prescribed syllabi.

## **3. PROGRAMMES OFFERED**

Presently, the institute is offering Bachelor of Technology (B.Tech.) Degree programs in the following disciplines:

1. Aeronautical Engineering
2. Computer Science and Engineering
3. Information Technology
4. Electronics and Communication Engineering
5. Electrical and Electronics Engineering
6. Mechanical Engineering
7. Civil Engineering

## **4. SEMESTER STRUCTURE**

Each academic year is divided into three semesters, TWO being **MAIN SEMESTERS** (one odd + one even) and ONE being a **SUPPLEMENTARY SEMESTER**. Main semesters are for regular class work. Supplementary Semester is primarily for failed students i.e. registration for a course for the first time is generally not permitted in the supplementary semester.

- 4.1 Each main semester shall be of 21 weeks (Table 1) duration and this period includes time for registration of courses, course work, examination preparation, and conduct of examinations.
- 4.2 Each main semester shall have a minimum of 90 working days; out of which 75 days are for teaching / practical and 15 days for conduct of exams and preparation.
- 4.3 The supplementary semester shall be a fast track semester consisting of eight weeks and this period includes time for registration of courses, course work, examination preparation, conduct of examinations, assessment, and declaration of final results.
- 4.4 All subjects may not be offered in the supplementary semester. The student has to pay a stipulated fee prescribed by the institute to register for a course in the supplementary semester. The supplementary semester is provided to help the student in not losing an academic year. It is optional for a student to make use of supplementary semester. **Supplementary semester is a special semester and the student cannot demand it as a matter of right** and will be offered based on availability of faculty and other institute resources.
- 4.5 The institute may use **supplementary semester** to arrange add-on courses for regular students and / or for deputing them for practical training / FSI model. A student can register for a maximum number of 15 credits during a supplementary semester.
  - 4.5.1 The registration for the supplementary semester (during May – July, every year) provides an opportunity to students to clear their backlogs ('F' grade) or who are prevented from appearing for SEE examinations due to shortage of attendance less than 65% in each course ('SA' Grade) in the earlier semesters or the courses which he / she could not register (Drop / Withdraw) due to any reason.

Students will not be permitted to register for more than 15 credits (both I and II semester) in



the supplementary semester. Students required to register for supplementary semester courses are to pay a nominal fee within the stipulated time. A separate circular shall be issued at the time of supplementary semester.

It will be optional for a student to get registered in the course(s) of supplementary semester; otherwise, he / she can opt to appear directly in supplementary examination. However, if a student gets registered in a course of supplementary semester, then it will be compulsory for a student to fulfill attendance criterion ( $\geq 90\%$ ) of supplementary semester and he / she will lose option to appear in immediate supplementary examination.

The students who have earlier taken SEE examination and register afresh for the supplementary semester may revoke the CIA marks secured by them in their regular/earlier attempts in the same course. Once revoked, the students shall not seek restoration of the CIA marks.

Supplementary semester will be at an accelerated pace e.g. one credit of a course shall require two hours/week so that the total number of contact hours can be maintained same as in normal semester.

**Instructions and guidelines for the supplementary semester course:**

- A minimum of 36 to 40 hours will be taught by the faculty for every course.
- Only the students registered and having sufficient percentage of attendance for the course will be permitted to write the examination.
- The assessment procedure in a supplementary semester course will be similar to the procedure for a regular semester course.
- Student shall register for the supplementary semester as per the schedule given in academic calendar.
- Once registered, students will not be allowed to withdraw from supplementary semester.

4.5.2 The academic calendar shown in Table 1 is declared at the beginning of the academic year.

**Table 1: Academic Calendar**

<b>FIRST SEMESTER (21 weeks)</b>	I Spell Instruction Period	8 weeks	19 weeks
	I Mid Examinations	1 week	
	II Spell Instruction Period	8 weeks	
	II Mid Examinations	1 week	
	Preparation and Practical Examinations	1 week	
	Semester End Examinations	2 weeks	
<b>Semester Break and Supplementary Exams</b>			2 weeks
<b>SECOND SEMESTER (21 weeks)</b>	I Spell Instruction Period	8 weeks	19 weeks
	I Mid Examinations	1 week	
	II Spell Instruction Period	8 weeks	
	II Mid Examinations	1 week	
	Preparation & Practical Examinations	1 week	
	Semester End Examinations	2 weeks	
<b>Summer Vacation, Supplementary Semester and Remedial Exams</b>			8 weeks

4.6 Students admitted on transfer from JNTUH affiliated institutes, Universities and other institutes in the subjects in which they are required to earn credits so as to be on par with regular students as prescribed by concerned 'Board of Studies'.

## 5.0 REGISTRATION / DROPPING / WITHDRAWAL

- 5.1. Each student has to compulsorily register for course work at the beginning of each semester as per the schedule mentioned in the Academic Calendar. It is compulsory for the student to register for courses in time. The registration will be organized departmentally under the supervision of the Head of the Department.
- 5.2. IN ABSENTIA, registration will not be permitted under any circumstances.
- 5.3. At the time of registration, students should have cleared all the dues of Institute and Hostel for the previous semesters, paid the prescribed fees for the current semester and not been debarred from the institute for a specified period on disciplinary or any other ground.
- 5.4. The student has to normally register for a minimum of 17 credits and may register up to a maximum of 27 credits, in consultation with HOD/faculty mentor. On an average, a student is expected to register for 22 credits.
- 5.5. **Dropping of Courses:** Within one week after the last date of first internal assessment test or by the date notified in the academic calendar, the student may in consultation with his / her faculty mentor/adviser, drop one or more courses without prejudice to the minimum number of credits as specified in clause 5.4. The dropped courses are not recorded in the Grade Card. Student must complete the dropped subject by registering in the supplementary semester / forthcoming semester in order to earn the required credits. Student must complete the dropped subject by registering in the supplementary semester / forthcoming semester in order to earn the required credits.
- 5.6. **Withdrawal from Courses:** A student is permitted to withdraw from a course by the date notified in the academic calendar. Such withdrawals will be permitted without prejudice to the minimum number of credits as specified in clause 5.4. A student cannot withdraw a course more than once and withdrawal of reregistered subjects is not permitted.
- 5.7 After **Dropping and / or Withdrawal** of courses, minimum credits registered shall be 20.

## 6.0 UNIQUE COURSE IDENTIFICATION CODE

Every course of the B.Tech program will be placed in one of the nine groups of courses as listed in the Table 2. The various courses and their two-letter codes are given below;

**Table 2: Group of Courses**

S. No	Branch	Code
1	Aeronautical Engineering	AE
2	Computer Science and Engineering	CS
3	Information Technology	IT
4	Electronics and Communication Engineering	EC
5	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	EE
6	Mechanical Engineering	ME
7	Civil Engineering	CE

## 7.0 CURRICULUM AND COURSE STRUCTURE

The curriculum shall comprise Theory Courses, Elective Courses, Laboratory Courses, Audit Courses, Mandatory Courses, Mini Project, Internship and Project work. The list of elective courses may also include subjects from allied discipline.

**Contact Periods:** Depending on the complexity and volume of the course, the number of contact periods per week will be assigned. Each Theory and Laboratory course carries credits based on the number of hours/week as follows:

- **Contact classes (Theory):** 1 credit per lecture hour per week, 1 credit per tutorial hour per week.
- **Laboratory Hours (Practical):** 1 credit for 2 practical hours per week.
- **Project Work:** 1 credit for 2 hours of project work per week.
- **Mini Project:** 1 credit for 2 hours per week

## 7.1 TYPES OF COURSES

Courses in a programme may be of three kinds: **Foundation / Skill, Core and Elective Courses.**

### 7.1.0 Foundation / Skill Course:

Foundation courses are the courses based upon the content leads to enhancement of skill and knowledge as well as value based and are aimed at man making education. Skill subjects are those areas in which one needs to develop a set of skills to learn anything at all. They are fundamental to learning any subject.

### 7.1.1 Professional Core Courses:

There may be a core course in every semester. This is the course which is to be compulsorily studied by a student as a core requirement to complete the requirement of a programme in the said discipline of study.

### 7.1.2 Elective Course:

Electives provide breadth of experience in respective branch and application areas. Elective course is a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses. It may be:

- Supportive to the discipline of study
- Providing an expanded scope
- Enabling an exposure to some other discipline / domain
- Nurturing student's proficiency / skill.

An elective may be Professional Elective, is a discipline centric focusing on those courses which add generic proficiency to the students or may be Open Elective, chosen from unrelated disciplines.

There are six professional elective tracks; students can choose not more than two courses from each track. Overall, students can opt for six professional elective courses which suit their project work in consultation with the faculty advisor/mentor. Nevertheless, one course from each of the four open electives has to be selected. A student may also opt for more elective courses in his/her area of interest.

## 7.1 Credit distribution for courses offered is shown in Table 3.

**Table 3: Credit distribution**

S. No	Course	Hours	Credits
1	Theory Course	1 / 2 / 3 / 4	1 / 2 / 3 / 4
2	Elective Courses	3	3
3	MOOC Courses	-	2
4	Laboratory Courses	2 / 3 / 4	1 / 1.5 / 2
5	Audit Course / Mandatory Course	-	0
6	Project / Research based learning	-	4
7	Full Semester Internship (FSI) / Project Work	-	11

## 7.2 Course Structure

Every course of the B.Tech program will be placed in one of the eight categories with minimum credits as listed in the Table 4. In addition, a student has to carry out mini project, project work and comprehensive Examination.

**Table 4: Category Wise Distribution of Credits**

S. No	Category	Breakup of Credits
1	Humanities and Social Sciences (HSMC), including Management.	12
2	Basic Science Courses (BSC) including Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry.	25
3	Engineering Science Courses (ESC), including Workshop, Drawing, Basics of Electrical / Electronics / Mechanical / Computer Engineering.	24
4	Professional Core Courses (PCC), relevant to the chosen specialization / branch.	48
5	Professional Electives Courses (PEC), relevant to the chosen specialization / branch.	18
6	Open Elective Courses (OEC), from other technical and/or emerging subject areas.	18
7	Project Work (PROJ) or Full Semester Internship (FSI)	15
8	Mandatory Courses / Audit Courses.	Non-Credit
<b>TOTAL</b>		<b>160</b>

## 7.3 Semester wise course break-up

Following are the **TWO** models of course structure out of which any student shall choose or will be allotted with one model based on their academic performance.

- i. Full Semester Internship (FSI) Model and
- ii. Non Full Semester Internship (NFSI) Model – Project work.

## 7.4 For Four year regular program (FSI Model):

In the FSI Model, out of the selected students - half of students shall undergo Full Semester Internship in VII semester and the remaining students in VIII semester. In the Non FSI Model, all the selected students shall carry out the course work and Project work as specified in the course structure. A student who secures a minimum CGPA of 7.5 up to IV semester with no current arrears and maintains the CGPA of 7.5 till VI Semester shall be eligible to opt for FSI.

## 8.0 EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

### 8.1 Theory Course:

Each theory course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two sessional examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

#### 8.1.1 Semester End Examination (SEE):

The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each modules carries equal weightage in terms of marks

distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows.

Two full questions with ‘either’ ‘or’ choice will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept
50 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the concept

### 8.1.2 Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

For each theory course the CIA shall be conducted by the faculty / teacher handling the course as given in Table 5. CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz and 05 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

**Table 5: Assessment pattern for Theory Courses**

COMPONENT	THEORY			TOTAL MARKS
	Type of Assessment	CIE Exam (Sessional)	Quiz	
Max. CIA Marks	20	05	05	30

#### 8.1.2.1 Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, three out of four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams. The valuation and verification of answer scripts of CIE exams shall be completed within a week after the conduct of the Examination.

#### 8.1.2.2 Quiz – Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 50 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

#### 8.1.2.3 Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

In order to encourage innovative methods while delivering a course, the faculty members are encouraged to use the Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT) in place of two quizzes. This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. However, the usage of AAT is completely optional. The AAT enhances the autonomy (freedom and flexibility) of individual faculty and enables them to create innovative pedagogical practices. If properly applied, the AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning centre. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc.

However, it is mandatory for a faculty to obtain prior permission from the concerned HOD and spell out the teaching/assessment pattern of the AAT prior to commencement of the classes.

## **8.2 Laboratory Course:**

- 8.2.1 Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment. The semester end lab examination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by the Chairman, BOS.
- 8.2.2 All the drawing related courses are evaluated in line with laboratory courses. The distribution shall be 30 marks for internal evaluation (20 marks for day-to-day work, and 10 marks for internal tests) and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. There shall be ONE internal test of 10 marks in each semester.

## **8.3 Mandatory Courses (MC):**

These courses are among the compulsory courses but will not carry any credits. However, a pass in each such course during the programme shall be necessary requirement for the student to qualify for the award of Degree. Its result shall be declared as “Satisfactory” or “Not Satisfactory” performance.

## **8.4 Value Added Courses:**

The value added courses are audit courses offered through joint ventures with various organizations providing ample scope for the students as well as faculty to keep pace with the latest technologies pertaining to their chosen fields of study. A plenty of value added programs will be proposed by the departments one week before the commencement of class work. The students are given the option to choose the courses according to their desires and inclinations as they choose the desired items in a cafeteria. The expertise gained through the value added programs should enable them to face the formidable challenges of the future and also assist them in exploring new opportunities. Its result shall be declared with “Satisfactory” or “Not Satisfactory” performance.

## **8.5 Research Based Learning**

This gives students a platform to experience a research driven career in engineering, while developing a device / systems and publishing in reputed SCI / SCOPUS indexed journals to aid communities around the world. Students should work individually as per the guidelines issued by head of the department concerned. The benefits to students of this mode of learning include increased engagement, fostering of critical thinking and greater independence.

The topic should be so selected that the students are enabled to complete the work in the stipulated time with the available resources in the respective laboratories. The scope of the work be handling part of the consultancy work, maintenance of the existing equipment, development of new experiment setup or can be a prelude to the main project with a specific outcome.

Project report will be evaluated for 100 marks in total. Assessment will be done for 100 marks out of which, the supervisor / guide will evaluate for 30 marks based on the work and presentation / execution of the work. Subdivision for the remaining 70 marks is based on publication, report, presentation, execution and viva-voce. Evaluation shall be done by a committee comprising the supervisor, Head of the department and an examiner nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS in consultation with Head of the department.

## 8.6 Project work

The project work shall be evaluated for 100 marks out of which 30 marks for internal evaluation and 70 marks for semester end evaluation. The project work shall be spread over in VII semester and in VIII semester. The project work shall be somewhat innovative in nature and explore the research bent of the mind of the student. A project batch shall comprise not more than three students.

At the end of VII semester, students should submit synopsis summarizing the work done in VII semester. The project is expected to be completed by the end of VIII semester. In VII semester, a first mid review is conducted by Project Review Committee (PRC) (on the progress) for 10 marks.

In VIII semester, a second mid review is conducted by PRC (on the progress) for 10 marks. On completion of the project, a third evaluation is conducted for award of internal marks of another 10 marks before the report is submitted, making the total internal marks 30.

The end semester examination shall be based on the report submitted and a viva-voce exam for 70 marks by a committee comprising the Head of the Department, the project supervisor and an external examiner nominated by the Principal. A minimum of 40% of maximum marks shall be obtained to earn the corresponding credits.

## 8.7 Full Semester Internship (FSI)

FSI is a full semester internship programme carrying 11 credits. During the FSI, student has to spend one full semester in an identified industry / firm / organization and has to carry out the internship as per the stipulated guidelines of that industry / firm / organization and the institute.

### Following are the evaluation guidelines:

- Quizzes: 2 times
- Quiz #1 - About the industry profile, weightage: 5%
- Quiz #2 - Technical-project related, weightage: 5%
- Seminars - 2 times (once in six weeks), weightage: 7.5% + 7.5%
- Viva-voce: 2 times (once in six weeks), weightage: 7.5% + 7.5%
- Project Report, weightage: 15%
- Internship Diary, weightage: 5 %
- Final Presentation, weightage: 40%

FSI shall be open to all the branches with a ceiling of maximum 10% distributed in both semesters. The selection procedure is:

- Choice of the students
- CGPA (> 7.5) up to IV semester
- Competency Mapping / Allotment

## 9.0 MAKEUP EXAMINATION

The makeup examination facility shall be available to students who may have missed to attend CIE exams in one or more courses in a semester due to genuine reasons. Makeup examination is conducted at the end of the semester in subjective mode with whole syllabus consisting of Section-A and Section-B for a total duration of 120 Minutes. Section A consists of 10 questions; two questions from each unit and each question carries 1 mark. Section B consists of 5 questions; one question from each unit and each question carries 5 marks.



## **10.0 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS AND DETENTION POLICY**

- 10.1 It is desirable for a candidate to have 100% attendance in each course. In every course (theory/laboratory), student has to maintain a minimum of 75% attendance including the days of attendance in sports, games, NCC and NSS activities to be eligible for appearing in Semester End Examination of the course.
- 10.2 In case of medical issues, deficiency of attendance in each course to the extent of 10% may be condoned by the College Academic Committee (CAC) on the recommendation of the Head of the Department if the attendance is between 75% and 65% in every course, subjected to the submission of medical certificates, medical case file, and other needful documents to the concerned departments.
- 10.3 The basis for the calculation of the attendance shall be the period prescribed by the institute by its calendar of events. For late admission, attendance is reckoned from the date of admission to the program. However, in case of a student having less than 65% attendance in any course, s/he shall be detained in the course and in no case such process will be relaxed.
- 10.4 A candidate shall put in a minimum required attendance at least three (3) theory courses for getting promoted to next higher class / semester. Otherwise, s/he shall be declared detained and has to repeat semester.
- 10.5 Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any subject are not eligible to write their semester end examination of that courses and their registration shall stand cancelled.
- 10.6 A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- 10.7 A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek readmission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fails to fulfill the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for readmission into the same class.
- 10.8 Any student against whom any disciplinary action by the institute is pending shall not be permitted to attend any SEE in that semester.

## **11.0 CONDUCT OF SEMESTER END EXAMINATIONS AND EVALUATION**

- 11.1 Semester end examination shall be conducted by the Controller of Examinations (COE) by inviting Question Papers from the External Examiners.
- 11.2 Question papers may be moderated for the coverage of syllabus, pattern of questions by a Semester End Examination Committee chaired by Head of the Department one day before the commencement of semester end examinations. Internal Examiner shall prepare a detailed scheme of valuation.
- 11.3 The answer papers of semester end examination should be evaluated by the internal examiner immediately after the completion of exam and the award sheet should be submitted to COE in a sealed cover before the same papers are kept for second evaluation by external examiner.
- 11.4 In case of difference of more than 15% of marks, the answer paper shall be re-evaluated by a third examiner appointed by the Examination Committee and marks awarded by this examiner shall be taken as final.
- 11.5 COE shall invite 3 - 9 external examiners to evaluate all the end-semester answer scripts on a prescribed date(s). Practical laboratory exams are conducted involving external examiners.
- 11.6 Examinations Control Committee shall consolidate the marks awarded by internal and external examiners and award grades.



## 12.0 SCHEME FOR THE AWARD OF GRADE

- 12.1 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earn the credits for each theory course, if s/he secures
- Not less than 35% marks for each theory course in the semester end examination, and
  - A minimum of 40% marks for each theory course considering both internal and semester end examination.
- 12.2 A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the minimum academic requirements and earn the credits for each Lab / Project based learning / Research based learning / Project work / FSI, if s/he secures
- Not less than 40% marks for each Lab / Project based learning / Research based learning / Project work / FSI course in the semester end examination,
  - A minimum of 40% marks for each Lab / Project based learning / Research based learning / Project work / FSI course considering both internal and semester end examination.
- 12.3 If a candidate fails to secure a pass in a particular course, it is mandatory that s/he shall register and reappear for the examination in that course during the next semester when examination is conducted in that course. It is mandatory that s/he should continue to register and reappear for the examination till s/he secures a pass.

## 13.0 LETTER GRADES AND GRADE POINTS

- 13.1 Performances of students in each course are expressed in terms of marks as well as in Letter Grades based on absolute grading system. The UGC recommends a 10-point grading system with the following letter grades as given in the Table-6.

**Table-6: Grade Points Scale (Absolute Grading)**

Range of Marks	Grade Point	Letter Grade
100 – 90	10	S (Superior)
89 – 80	9	A+ (Excellent)
79 – 70	8	A (Very Good)
69 – 60	7	B+ (Good)
59 – 50	6	B (Average)
49 – 40	5	C (Pass)
Below 40	0	F (Fail)
Absent	0	AB (Absent)
Authorized Break of Study	0	ABS

- 13.2 A student is deemed to have passed and acquired to correspondent credits in particular course if s/he obtains any one of the following grades: “S”, “A+”, “A”, “B+”, “B”, “C”.
- 13.3 A student obtaining Grade F shall be considered Failed and will be required to reappear in the examination.
- 13.4 For non credit courses, ‘Satisfactory’ or ‘Not Satisfactory’ is indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/CGPA.
- 13.5 “SA” denotes shortage of attendance (as per item 10) and hence prevention from writing Semester End Examination.
- 13.6 “W” denotes **withdrawal** from the exam for the particular course.
- 13.7 At the end of each semester, the institute issues grade sheet indicating the SGPA and CGPA of the student. However, grade sheet will not be issued to the student if s/he has any outstanding dues.

## 14.0 COMPUTATION OF SGPA AND CGPA

The UGC recommends to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). The credit points earned by a student are used for calculating the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), both of which are important performance indices of the student. SGPA is equal to the sum of all the total points earned by the student in a given semester divided by the number of credits registered by the student in that semester. CGPA gives the sum of all the total points earned in all the previous semesters and the current semester divided by the number of credits registered in all these semesters. Thus,

$$SGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (C_i G_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i}$$

Where,  $C_i$  is the number of credits of the  $i^{th}$  course and  $G_i$  is the grade point scored by the student in the  $i^{th}$  course and  $n$  represent the number of courses in which a student is registered in the concerned semester.

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^m (C_j S_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^m C_j}$$

Where,  $S_j$  is the SGPA of the  $j^{th}$  semester and  $C_j$  is the total number of credits upto the semester and  $m$  represent the number of semesters completed in which a student registered upto the semester.

The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

## 15.0 ILLUSTRATION OF COMPUTATION OF SGPA AND CGPA

### 15.1 Illustration for SGPA

Course Name	Course Credits	Grade letter	Grade point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade)
Course 1	3	A	8	3 x 8 = 24
Course 2	4	B+	7	4 x 7 = 28
Course 3	3	B	6	3 x 6 = 18
Course 4	3	S	10	3 x 10 = 30
Course 5	3	C	5	3 x 5 = 15
Course 6	4	B	6	4 x 6 = 24
	<b>20</b>			<b>139</b>

$$\text{Thus, } SGPA = 139 / 20 = 6.95$$

### 15.2 Illustration for CGPA

Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4
Credit: 20 SGPA: 6.9	Credit: 22 SGPA: 7.8	Credit: 25 SGPA: 5.6	Credit: 26 SGPA: 6.0
Semester 5	Semester 6		
Credit: 26 SGPA: 6.3	Credit: 25 SGPA: 8.0		

$$\text{Thus, } CGPA = \frac{20 \times 6.9 + 22 \times 7.8 + 25 \times 5.6 + 26 \times 6.0 + 26 \times 6.3 + 25 \times 8.0}{144} = 6.73$$

## **16.0 PHOTOCOPY / REVALUATION**

A student, who seeks the re-valuation of the answer script, is directed to apply for the photocopy of his/her semester examination answer paper(s) in the theory course(s), within 2 working days from the declaration of results in the prescribed format to the Controller of Examinations through the Head of the department. On receiving the photocopy, the student can consult with a competent member of faculty and seek the opinion for revaluation. Based on the recommendations, the student can register for the revaluation with prescribed fee. The Controller of Examinations shall arrange for the revaluation and declare the results. Revaluation is not permitted to the courses other than theory courses.

## **17.0 PROMOTION POLICIES**

The following academic requirements have to be satisfied in addition to the attendance requirements mentioned in item no. 10.

### **17.1 For students admitted into B.Tech (Regular) program**

- 17.1.1 A student will not be promoted from II semester to III semester unless s/he fulfills the academic requirement of securing 50% of the total credits from I and II semester examinations, whether the candidate takes the examination(s) or not.
- 17.1.2 A student will not be promoted from IV semester to V semester unless s/he fulfills the academic requirement of securing 50% of the total credits upto III semester **or** 50% of the total credits up to IV semester, from all the examinations, whether the candidate takes the examination(s) or not.
- 17.1.3 A student shall be promoted from VI semester to VII semester only if s/he fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of the total credits up to V semester **or** 50% of the total credits up to VI semester from all the examinations, whether the candidate takes the examination(s) or not.
- 17.1.4 A student shall register for all the 160 credits and earn all the 160 credits. Marks obtained in all the 160 credits shall be considered for the award of the Grade.

### **17.2 For students admitted into B.Tech (lateral entry students)**

- 17.2.1 A student will not be promoted from IV semester to V semester unless s/he fulfills the academic requirement of securing 50% of the total credits up to IV semester, from all the examinations, whether the candidate takes the examination(s) or not.
- 17.2.2 A student shall be promoted from VI semester to VII semester only if s/he fulfills the academic requirements of securing 50% of the total credits up to V semester **or** 50% of the total credits up to VI semester from all the examinations, whether the candidate takes the examination(s) or not.
- 17.2.3 A student shall register for all the 123 credits and earn all the 123 credits. Marks obtained in all the 123 credits shall be considered for the award of the Grade.

## **18.0 GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS**

The following academic requirements shall be met for the award of the B.Tech degree.

- 18.1 Student shall register and acquire minimum attendance in all courses and secure 160 credits for regular program and 123 credits for lateral entry program.
- 18.2 A student of a regular program, who fails to earn 160 credits within eight consecutive academic years from the year of his/her admission with a minimum CGPA of 4.0, shall forfeit his/her degree and his/her admission stands cancelled.

18.3 A student of a lateral entry program who fails to earn 123 credits within six consecutive academic years from the year of his/her admission with a minimum CGPA of 4.0, shall forfeit his/her degree and his/her admission stands cancelled.

**19.0 BETTERMENT OF MARKS IN THE COURSES ALREADY PASSED**

Students who clear all the courses in their first attempt and wish to improve their CGPA shall register and appear for betterment of marks for one course of any theory courses within a period of subsequent two semesters. The improved marks shall be considered for classification / distinction but not for ranking. If there is no improvement, there shall not be any change in the original marks already awarded.

**20.0 AWARD OF DEGREE**

20.1 Classification of degree will be as follows:

CGPA $\geq$ 7.5	CGPA $\geq$ 6.5 and < 7.5	CGPA $\geq$ 5.0 and < 6.5	CGPA $\geq$ 4.0 and < 5.0	CGPA < 4.0
<b>First Class with Distinction</b>	<b>First Class</b>	<b>Second Class</b>	<b>Pass Class</b>	<b>Fail</b>

20.2. In order to extend the benefit to the students with one/two backlogs after either VI semester or VIII semester, GRAFTING option is provided to the students enabling their placements and fulfilling graduation requirements. Following are the guidelines for the Grafting:

- a. Grafting will be done among the courses within the semester shall draw a maximum of 7 marks from the any one of the cleared courses in the semester and will be grafted to the failed course in the same semester.
- b. Students shall be given a choice of grafting only once in the 4 years program, either after VI semester (Option #1) or after VIII semester (Option #2).
- c. Option#1: Applicable to students who have maximum of TWO theory courses in V and / or VI semesters.  
Option#2: Applicable to students who have maximum of TWO theory courses in VII and / or VIII semesters.
- d. Eligibility for grafting:
  - i. Prior to the conduct of the supplementary examination after the declaration of VI or VIII semester results.
  - ii. S/he must appear in all regular or supplementary examinations as per the provisions laid down in regulations for the courses s/he appeals for grafting.
  - iii. The marks obtained by her/him in latest attempt shall be taken into account for grafting of marks in the failed course(s).

20.3 Student, who clears all the courses upto VII semester, shall have a chance to appear for Quick Supplementary Examination to clear the failed courses of VIII semester.

20.4 By the end of VI semester, all the students (regular and lateral entry students) shall complete one of the audit course and mandatory course with acceptable performance.

20.5 In case, a student takes more than one attempt in clearing a course, the final marks secured shall be indicated by \* mark in the grade sheet.

All the candidates who register for the semester end examination will be issued grade sheet by the institute. Apart from the semester wise grade sheet, the institute will issue the provisional certificate and consolidated grade sheet subject to the fulfillment of all the academic requirements.

## **21. B.TECH WITH HONOURS OR ADDITIONAL MINORS IN ENGINEERING**

Students acquiring 160 credits are eligible to get B.Tech degree in Engineering. A student will be eligible to get B.Tech degree with Honours or additional Minors in Engineering, if s/he completes an additional 20 credits (3/4 credits per course). These could be acquired through MOOCs from SWAYAM / NPTEL / edX / Coursera / Udacity /PurdueNext / Khan Academy / QEEE etc. The list for MOOCs will be a dynamic one, as new courses are added from time to time. Few essential skill sets required for employability are also identified year wise. Students interested in doing MOOC courses shall register the course title at their department office at the start of the semester against the courses that are announced by the department. Any expense incurred for the MOOC course / summer program should be met by the students.

Only students having no credit arrears and a CGPA of 7.5 or above at the end of the fourth semester are eligible to register for B.Tech (Honours / Minor). After registering for the B.Tech (Honours / Minor) programme, if a student fails in any course, s/he will not be eligible for B.Tech (Honours / Minor).

Every Department to develop and submit Honours / Minor – courses list of 5 - 6 theory courses.

**Honours Certificate for Vertical in his/her OWN Branch for Research orientation; Minor in any OTHER branch for Improving Employability.**

For the MOOCs platforms, where examination or assessment is absent (like SWAYAM) or where certification is costly (like Coursera or edX), faculty members of the institute prepare the examination question papers, for the courses undertaken by the students of respective Institutes, so that examinations Control Office (ECO) can conduct examination for the course. There shall be one Continuous Internal Examination (Quiz exam for 30 marks) after 8 weeks of the commencement of the course and semester end examination (Descriptive exam for 70 marks) shall be done along with the other regular courses.

A student can enroll for both Minor & Honours or for two Minors. The final grade sheet will only show the basic CGPA corresponding to the minimum requirement for the degree. The Minors/Honours will be indicated by a separate CGPA. The additional courses taken will also find separate mention in the grade sheet.

If a student drops (or terminated) from the Minor/Honours program, they cannot convert the earned credits into free or core electives; they will remain extra. These additional courses will find mention in the grade sheet (but not in the degree certificate). In such cases, the student may choose between the actual grade or a “Pass (P)” grade and also choose to omit the mention of the course as for the following:

- All the courses done under the dropped Minor/Honours will be shown in the grade sheet
- None of the courses done under the dropped Minor/Honours will be shown in the grade sheet.

Honours will be reflected in the degree certificate as “B.Tech (honours) in XYZ Engineering”. Similarly, Minor as “B.Tech in XYZ Engineering with Minor in ABC”. If a student has done both honours & minor, it will be acknowledged as “B.Tech (honours) in XYZ Engineering with Minor in ABC”. And two minors will be reflected as “B.Tech in XYZ Engineering with Minor in ABC and Minor in DEF”.

### **21.1. B.Tech with Honours**

The total of 20 credits required to be attained for B.Tech Honours degree are distributed from V semester to VII semester in the following way:

For V semester	:	4 – 8 credits
For VI semester	:	4 – 8 credits
For VII semester	:	4 – 8 credits

Following are the details of such Honours which include some of the most interesting areas in the profession today:

S. No	Department	Honours scheme
1	Aeronautical Engineering	Aerospace Engineering / Space Science etc.
2	Computer Science and Engineering / Information Technology	Big data and Analytics / Cyber Physical Systems, Information Security / Cognitive Science / Internet of Things (IoT) etc.
3	Electronics and Communication Engineering	Digital Communication / Signal Processing / Communication Networks / VLSI Design / Embedded Systems etc.
4	Electrical and Electronics Engineering	Renewable Energy systems / Energy and Sustainability / IoT Applications in Green Energy Systems etc.
5	Mechanical Engineering	Industrial Automation and Robotics / Manufacturing Sciences and Computation Techniques etc.
6	Civil Engineering	Structural Engineering / Environmental Engineering etc.

### 21.2. B.Tech with additional Minor in Engineering

Every Department to develop and submit Minor Courses List of 5 - 6 Theory courses. Student from any department is eligible to apply for Minor from any other department. The total of 20 credits to complete the B.Tech (Minor) programme by registering for MOOC courses each having a minimum of 3/4 credits offered by reputed institutions / organization with the approval of the department. Registration of the student for B.Tech (Minor), is from V Semester to VII Semester of the programme in the following way:

For V semester	:	4 – 8 credits
For VI semester	:	4 – 8 credits
For VII semester	:	4 – 8 credits

Only students having no credit arrears and a CGPA of 7.5 or above at the end of the fourth semester are eligible to register for B.Tech (Minor). After registering for the B.Tech (Minor) programme, if a student fails in any course, s/he will not be eligible for B.Tech (Minor).

Every student shall also have the option to do a minor in engineering. A major is a primary focus of study and a minor is a secondary focus of study. The minor has to be a subject offered by a department other than the department that offers the major of the student or it can be a different major offered by the same department. For example, a student with the declared major in Computer Science and Engineering (CSE) may opt to do a minor in Physics; in which case, the student shall receive the degree B.Tech, Computer Science and Engineering with a minor in Physics. A student can do Majors in chosen filed as per the career goal, and a minor may be chosen to enhance the major thus adding the diversity, breadth and enhanced skills in the field.

#### Advantages of Minor in Engineering:

The minors mentioned above are having lots of advantages and a few are listed below:

1. To apply the inter-disciplinary knowledge gained through a Major (Stream) + Minor.
2. To enable students to pursue allied academic interest in contemporary areas.
3. To provide an academic mechanism for fulfilling multidisciplinary demands of industries.

4. To provide effective yet flexible options for students to achieve basic to intermediate level competence in the Minor area.
5. Provides an opportunity to students to become entrepreneurs and leaders by taking business/management minor.
6. Combination in the diverse fields of engineering e.g., CSE (Major) + Electronics (Minor) combination increases placement prospects in chip designing companies.
7. Provides an opportunity to Applicants to pursue higher studies in an inter-disciplinary field of study.
8. Provides opportunity to the Applicants to pursue interdisciplinary research.
9. To increase the overall scope of the undergraduate degrees.

**Following are the details of such Minor / Honours which include some of the most interesting areas in the profession today:**

1. Space Science
2. Information Security
3. Data Analytics
4. Cyber Physical Systems
5. Electronic System Design
6. Renewable Energy Sources
7. Energy and Sustainability
8. Industrial Automation and Robotics
9. Aerospace Engineering
10. Manufacturing Sciences and Computation Techniques
11. Structural Engineering
12. Environmental Engineering
13. Internet of Things
14. Computer Science and Engineering
15. Technological Entrepreneurship
16. Materials Engineering
17. Physics
18. Mathematics

## **22.0 TEMPORARY BREAK OF STUDY FROM THE PROGRAMME**

- 22.1 A candidate is normally not permitted to take a break from the study. However, if a candidate intends to temporarily discontinue the program in the middle for valid reasons (such as accident or hospitalization due to prolonged ill health) and to rejoin the program in a later respective semester, s/he shall seek the approval from the Principal in advance. Such application shall be submitted before the last date for payment of examination fee of the semester in question and forwarded through the Head of the Department stating the reasons for such withdrawal together with supporting documents and endorsement of his / her parent / guardian.
- 22.2 The institute shall examine such an application and if it finds the case to be genuine, it may permit the student to temporarily withdraw from the program. Such permission is accorded



only to those who do not have any outstanding dues / demand at the College / University level including tuition fees, any other fees, library materials etc.

22.3 The candidate has to rejoin the program after the break from the commencement of the respective semester as and when it is offered.

22.4 The total period for completion of the program reckoned from the commencement of the semester to which the candidate was first admitted shall not exceed the maximum period specified in clause 18.0. The maximum period includes the break period.

22.5 If any candidate is detained for any reason, the period of detention shall not be considered as 'Break of Study'.

### **23.0 TERMINATION FROM THE PROGRAM**

The admission of a student to the program may be terminated and the student is asked to leave the institute in the following circumstances:

- a. The student fails to satisfy the requirements of the program within the maximum period stipulated for that program.
- b. A student shall not be permitted to study any semester more than three times during the entire program of study.
- c. The student fails to satisfy the norms of discipline specified by the institute from time to time.

### **24.0 WITH-HOLDING OF RESULTS**

If the candidate has not paid any dues to the institute / if any case of indiscipline / malpractice is pending against him, the results and the degree of the candidate will be withheld.

### **25.0 GRADUATION DAY**

The institute shall have its own annual Graduation Day for the award of degrees to the students completing the prescribed academic requirements in each case, in consultation with the University and by following the provisions in the Statute. The college shall institute prizes and medals to meritorious students and award them annually at the Graduation Day. This will greatly encourage the students to strive for excellence in their academic work.

### **26.0 DISCIPLINE**

Every student is required to observe discipline and decorum both inside and outside the institute and are expected not to indulge in any activity which will tend to bring down the honour of the institute. If a student indulges in malpractice in any of the theory / practical examination, continuous assessment examinations, he/she shall be liable for punitive action as prescribed by the institute from time to time.

### **27.0 GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL COMMITTEE**

The institute shall form a Grievance Redressal Committee for each course in each department with the Course Teacher and the HOD as the members. This Committee shall solve all grievances related to the course under consideration.

### **28.0 TRANSITORY REGULATIONS**

A candidate, who is detained or has discontinued a semester, on readmission shall be required to do all the courses in the curriculum prescribed for the batch of students in which the student joins subsequently. However, exemption will be given to those candidates who have already passed such courses in the earlier semester(s) he was originally admitted into and substitute subjects are offered in place of them as decided by the Board of Studies. However, the decision of the Board of Studies will be final.

#### **a) Four Year B.Tech Regular course:**

A student who is following Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University (JNTUH) curriculum and detained due to the shortage of attendance at the end of the first semester shall join the autonomous batch of first semester. Such students shall study all the courses prescribed for the



batch in which the student joins and considered on par with regular candidates of Autonomous stream and will be governed by the autonomous regulations.

A student who is following JNTUH curriculum, detained due to lack of credits or shortage of attendance at the end of the second semester or at the subsequent semesters shall join with the autonomous batch in the appropriate semester. Such candidates shall be required to pass in all the courses in the program prescribed by the Board of Studies concerned for that batch of students from that semester onwards to be eligible for the award of degree. However, exemption will be given in the courses of the semester(s) of the batch which he had passed earlier and substitute courses will be offered in place of them as decided by the Board of Studies. The student has to clear all his backlog courses up to previous semester by appearing for the supplementary examinations conducted by JNTUH for the award of degree. The total number of credits to be secured for the award of the degree will be sum of the credits up to previous semester under JNTUH regulations and the credits prescribed for the semester in which a candidate seeks readmission and subsequent semesters under the autonomous stream. The class will be awarded based on the academic performance of a student in the autonomous pattern.

**b) Three Year B.Tech program under Lateral Entry Scheme:**

A student who is following JNTUH curriculum and detained due to the shortage of attendance at the end of the first semester of second year shall join the autonomous batch of third semester. Such students shall study all the courses prescribed for the batch in which the student joins and considered on par with Lateral Entry regular candidates of Autonomous stream and will be governed by the autonomous regulations.

A student who is following JNTUH curriculum, if detained due to lack of credits or shortage of attendance at the end of the second semester of second year or at the subsequent semesters shall join with the autonomous batch in the appropriate semester. Such candidates shall be required to pass in all the courses in the program prescribed by the Board of Studies concerned for that batch of students from that semester onwards to be eligible for the award of degree. However, exemption will be given in the courses of the semester(s) of the batch which he had passed earlier and substitute courses are offered in place of them as decided by the Board of Studies. The student has to clear all his backlog courses up to previous semester by appearing for the supplementary examinations conducted by JNTUH for the award of degree. The total number of credits to be secured for the award of the degree will be sum of the credits up to previous semester under JNTUH regulations and the credits prescribed for the semester in which a candidate seeks readmission and subsequent semesters under the autonomous status. The class will be awarded based on the academic performance of a student in the autonomous pattern.

**c) Transfer candidates (from non-autonomous college affiliated to JNTUH):**

A student who is following JNTUH curriculum, transferred from other college to this institute in third semester or subsequent semesters shall join with the autonomous batch in the appropriate semester. Such candidates shall be required to pass in all the courses in the program prescribed by the Board of Studies concerned for that batch of students from that semester onwards to be eligible for the award of degree. However, exemption will be given in the courses of the semester(s) of the batch which he had passed earlier and substitute courses are offered in their place as decided by the Board of Studies. The student has to clear all his backlog courses up to previous semester by appearing for the supplementary examinations conducted by JNTUH for the award of degree. The total number of credits to be secured for the award of the degree will be the sum of the credits up to the previous semester under JNTUH regulations and the credits prescribed for the semester in which a candidate joined after transfer and subsequent semesters under the autonomous status. The class will be awarded based on the academic performance of a student in the autonomous pattern.

**d) Transfer candidates (from an autonomous college affiliated to JNTUH):**

A student who has secured the required credits up to previous semesters as per the regulations of

other autonomous institutions shall also be permitted to be transferred to this institute. A student who is transferred from the other autonomous colleges to this institute in third semester or subsequent semesters shall join with the autonomous batch in the appropriate semester. Such candidates shall be required to pass in all the courses in the program prescribed by the Board of Studies concerned for that batch of students from that semester onwards to be eligible for the award of degree. However, exemption will be given in the courses of the semester(s) of the batch which he had passed earlier and substitute subjects are offered in their place as decided by the Board of Studies. The total number of credits to be secured for the award of the degree will be the sum of the credits up to previous semester as per the regulations of the college from which he is transferred and the credits prescribed for the semester in which a candidate joined after transfer and subsequent semesters under the autonomous status. The class will be awarded based on the academic performance of a student in the autonomous pattern.

#### **29.0 REVISION OF REGULATIONS AND CURRICULUM**

The Institute from time to time may revise, amend or change the regulations, scheme of examinations and syllabi if found necessary and on approval by the Academic Council and the Governing Body and shall be binding on the students, faculty, staff, all authorities of the Institute and others concerned.

**FAILURE TO READ AND UNDERSTAND  
THE REGULATIONS IS NOT AN EXCUSE**



# INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad – 500043

## MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

### Course Structure

#### I SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	BSC		Linear Algebra and Calculus	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
2	BSC		Introduction to Electromagnetic Theory	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
3	ESC		Programming for Problem Solving	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
4	BSC		Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
5	ESC		Programming for Problem Solving Lab	0	0	4	2	30	70	100
6	ESC		Engineering Graphics & Design Lab	1	0	4	3	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>10</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>17.5</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>600</b>

#### II SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	BSC		Complex Analysis and Differential Equations	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
2	HSMC		English	2	0	0	2	30	70	100
3	BSC		Engineering Chemistry	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
4	ESC		Electrical Circuits	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
5	BSC		Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
6	HSMC		English Laboratory	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
7	ESC		Electrical Circuits Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	ESC		Workshop / Manufacturing Practices Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>11</b>	<b>03</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>800</b>

### III SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	BSC		Numerical Methods, Transform Calculus and Probability Statistics	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	ESC		Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
3	PCC		Thermodynamics	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
4	BSC		Physics-II (Optics & Waves)	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	ESC		Basic Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	BSC		Biology	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
7	PCC		MAT Lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
8	PCC		Machine Drawing through CAD Lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>18</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>800</b>

### IV SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	PCC		Applied Thermodynamics	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
2	PCC		Fluid Mechanics & Fluid Machines	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
3	PCC		Strength of Materials	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
4	PCC		Materials Engineering	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
5	PCC		Manufacturing Process	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	MC-II		Environmental Science	0	0	0	0	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
7	PCC		Fluid Mechanics & Fluid Machines Lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
8	PCC		Thermal Engineering Lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
9	PCC		Strength of Materials lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>15</b>	<b>04</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>900</b>

## V SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	PCC		Heat Transfer	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
2	PCC		Kinematics of Machines and Theory of Machines	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
3	PEC		Professional Elective - I	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PEC		Professional Elective - II	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	OEC		Open Elective - I	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	PCC		Heat Transfer Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PCC		Theory of Machines Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SEC		Project based Learning (Prototype / Design Building)	0	0	4	2	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>15</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>800</b>

## VI SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	PCC		Manufacturing Technology	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
2	PCC		Design of Machine Elements	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
3	PEC		Professional Elective - III	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PEC		Professional Elective - IV	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	OEC (HSMC)		Open Elective - II	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
6	PCC		Manufacturing Process Lab	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
7	PCC		Mechanical Engineering Lab (Manufacturing)	0	0	3	1.5	30	70	100
8	SEC		Research Based Learning (Fabrication / Model Development)	0	0	4	2	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>15</b>	<b>02</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>560</b>	<b>800</b>

## VII SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	PCC		Finite Element Methods	3	1	0	4	30	70	100
2	PCC		Automation in Manufacturing	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
3	PEC		Professional Elective – V	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
4	PEC		Professional Elective - VI	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
5	OEC		Open Elective - III	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
6	MC – III		Essence of Indian Traditional Knowledge	0	0	0	0	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
7	PCC		Automation in Manufacturing Lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
8	PCC		Simulation Lab	0	0	2	1	30	70	100
9	SEC		Project work – I	0	0	10	5	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>15</b>	<b>01</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>630</b>	<b>900</b>

## VIII SEMESTER

S. No	Category	Course Code	Course Title	Hours per week			Credits	Marks		
				L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
<b>THEORY</b>										
1	PCC		Instrumentation & Control	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
2	OEC		Open Elective - IV	3	0	0	3	30	70	100
<b>PRACTICALS</b>										
3	SEC		Project Work – II / Full Semester Internship	0	0	12	6	30	70	100
<b>Total</b>				<b>06</b>	<b>00</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>300</b>

## **PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES COURSES:**

### **TRACK –I**

Course Code	Course Title
	Robotics
	Solid Mechanics
	Mechanical Vibrations
	Continuum Mechanics
	Internal Combustion Engines

### **TRACK –II**

Course Code	Course Title
	Composite materials
	Unconventional Machining process
	Machine Tools
	Turbo Machines
	Thermal Power Systems

### **TRACK –III**

Course Code	Course Title
	Automobile Engineering
	Dynamics of Machinery
	Design of Transmission Systems
	CAD/CAM
	Gas dynamics

### **TRACK –IV**

Course Code	Course Title
	Refrigeration and air conditioning
	Design for Manufacturing
	Computational Fluid Dynamics
	Nanotechnology
	Power Plant Engineering

### **TRACK –V**

Course Code	Course Title
	Energy conservation and management
	Simulation and Modelling
	Non conventional Energy resources utilization
	Welding Technology
	Operations Research

### TRACK –VI

Course Code	Course Title
	Process Planning and Cost Estimation
	Tool Design
	Industrial Engineering
	Design and Optimization
	Plant layout and Material Handling

### OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES:

Course Code	Course Title
	Mechatronics
	Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines
	Introduction to Robotics
	Introduction to Finite Element Method



# **SYLLABUS**

**(I B.TECH - I AND II SEMESTER)**

## LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS

**I Semester: AE / ECE / EEE / ME / CE**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P		C	CIA	SEE
		3	1	0	4	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: 45</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: 15</b>		<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Total Classes: 60</b>		

### OBJECTIVES:

**The course should enable the students to:**

- I. Analyze and solve linear system of equations by using elementary transformations.
- II. Determine the Fourier coefficients for various functions in a given period.
- III. Determine the maxima and minima of functions of several variables by using partial differential coefficients.
- IV. Apply multiple integration to evaluate mass, area and volume of the plane.
- V. Analyze gradient, divergence and curl to evaluate the integration over a vector field.
- VI. Evaluation of integrals using Beta and Gamma Functions.

<b>Module-I</b>	<b>THEORY OF MATRICES</b>	<b>Classes: 12</b>
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Types of matrix and their properties: Symmetric matrix, Skew-Symmetric matrix, Orthogonal matrix, Hermitian matrix, Skew-Hermitian matrix and unitary matrix; Elementary row and column transformations; Rank of a matrix, Echelon form, Normal form; Inverse of a matrix by Gauss-Jordan method; System of linear equations: Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations; Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a matrix; Properties of Eigen values and Eigen vectors of real and complex matrices without proof; Cayley-Hamilton theorem without proof, verification, finding inverse; Linear dependence and independence of vectors; Diagonalization of matrix by linear transformation and orthogonal transformation.

<b>Module-II</b>	<b>SEQUENCES AND SERIES</b>	<b>Classes: 10</b>
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Basic definitions of Sequences and Series; Convergence and divergence, Comparison Test, D'Alembert's Ratio Test, Cauchy's  $n^{\text{th}}$  root test, Raabe's Test, Absolute and Conditional convergence; Fourier series: Definition, determination of Fourier co-efficients, Fourier series of periodic function, Even and odd functions, Half range sine and cosine series.

<b>Module-III</b>	<b>DIFFERENTIAL AND INTEGRAL CALCULUS</b>	<b>Classes: 12</b>
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Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem without proof; Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with reminders; Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables with and without constraints; Method of Lagrange multipliers; Multiple Integration: Double integral in Cartesian, Double integral in polar, Change of order of integration in double integral, change of variables in double integral; Triple integrals in Cartesian; Applications: Area of a region using double integration and volume of a region using triple integration.

<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>VECTOR CALCULUS</b>	<b>Classes: 07</b>
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Scalar and vector point functions; Definitions of Gradient, divergent and curl with examples; Solenoidal and irrotational vector point functions; Scalar potential function; Line integral, surface integral and volume integral; Vector integral theorems: Green's theorem in a plane, Stoke's theorem and Gauss divergence theorem without proofs.

<b>Module-V</b>	<b>CURVATURE AND IMPROPER INTEGRATION</b>	<b>Classes: 05</b>
Curvature: Radius, centre and circle of curvature; Evolutes and involutes. Improper integration: Gamma and Beta functions definitions, standard results, relation between beta and gamma function. Evaluation of integrals using beta and gamma functions		
<b>Text Books:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.</li> <li>2. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.</li> <li>3. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11<sup>th</sup> Reprint, 2010.</li> </ol>		
<b>Reference Books:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley &amp; Sons, 2006.</li> <li>2. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.</li> <li>3. D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.</li> <li>4. Dr. M Anita, Engineering Mathematics-I, Everest Publishing House, Pune, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2016.</li> </ol>		
<b>Web References:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://www.efunda.com/math/math_home/math.cfm">http://www.efunda.com/math/math_home/math.cfm</a></li> <li>2. <a href="http://www.ocw.mit.edu/resources/#Mathematics">http://www.ocw.mit.edu/resources/#Mathematics</a></li> <li>3. <a href="http://www.sosmath.com/">http://www.sosmath.com/</a></li> <li>4. <a href="http://www.mathworld.wolfram.com/">http://www.mathworld.wolfram.com/</a></li> </ol>		
<b>E-Text Books:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=10166">http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=10166</a></li> <li>2. <a href="http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=7400re">http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=7400re</a></li> </ol>		

## INTRODUCTION TO ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY

**I Semester: AE / ME | II Semester: CE**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		3	1	0	4	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes:45</b>	<b>Tutorial Classes: 15</b>	<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>			<b>Total Classes: 60</b>			

### OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:

- I. Develop strong fundamentals of electricity and magnetism.
- II. Meliorate the knowledge of electrostatic, magnetostatic fields and point charge distributions.
- III. Correlate principles with applications of the electric and magnetic fields.
- IV. Enrich knowledge about Maxwell's equations and transmission of electromagnetic wave.

<b>Module-I</b>	<b>ELECTROSTATICS IN VACUUM</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
<p>Calculation of electric field and electrostatic potential for a charge distribution; Divergence and curl of electrostatic field; Laplace's and Poisson's equations for electrostatic potential and uniqueness of their solution and connection with steady state diffusion and thermal conduction; Practical examples like Faraday's cage and coffee-ring effect; Boundary conditions of electric field and electrostatic potential; method of images; energy of a charge distribution and its expression in terms of electric field.</p>		
<b>Module-II</b>	<b>ELECTROSTATICS IN A LINEAR DIELECTRIC MEDIUM</b>	<b>Classes: 08</b>
<p>Electrostatic field and potential of a dipole. Bound charges due to electric polarization; Electric displacement; boundary conditions on displacement; Solving simple electrostatics problems in presence of dielectrics - Point charge at the centre of a dielectric sphere, charge in front of a dielectric slab, dielectric slab and dielectric sphere in uniform electric field.</p>		
<b>Module-III</b>	<b>MAGNETOSTATICS</b>	<b>Classes: 10</b>
<p>Bio-Savart law, Divergence and curl of static magnetic field; vector potential and calculating it for a given magnetic field using Stokes' theorem; the equation for the vector potential and its solution for given current densities.</p> <p>Magnetization and associated bound currents; auxiliary magnetic field; Boundary conditions on and Solving for magnetic field due to simple magnets like a bar magnet; magnetic susceptibility and ferromagnetic, paramagnetic and diamagnetic materials; Qualitative discussion of magnetic field in presence of magnetic materials.</p>		
<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>FARADAY'S LAW &amp; TIME-DEPENDENT ELECTRIC FIELD</b>	<b>Classes: 08</b>
<p>Faraday's law in terms of EMF produced by changing magnetic flux; equivalence of Faraday's law and motional EMF; Lenz's law; Electromagnetic braking and its applications; Differential form of Faraday's law expressing curl of electric field in terms of time-derivative of magnetic field and calculating electric field due to changing magnetic fields in quasi-static approximation; energy stored in a magnetic field.</p> <p>Continuity equation for current densities; Modifying equation for the curl of magnetic field to satisfy continuity equation; displace current and magnetic field arising from time dependent electric field; calculating</p>		

magnetic field due to changing electric fields in quasi static approximation.		
<b>Module-V</b>	<b>MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS &amp; ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES</b>	<b>Classes: 10</b>
<p>Maxwell's equation in vacuum and non-conducting medium; Energy in an electromagnetic field; Flow of energy and Poynting vector with examples. Qualitative discussion of momentum in electromagnetic fields.</p> <p>The wave equation; Plane electromagnetic waves in vacuum, their transverse nature and polarization; relation between electric and magnetic fields of an electromagnetic wave; energy carried by electromagnetic waves and examples. Momentum carried by electromagnetic waves and resultant pressure. Reflection and transmission of electromagnetic waves from a non-conducting medium-vacuum interface for normal incidence.</p>		
<b>Text Books:</b>		
1. David Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics", Cambridge University press, 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.		
<b>Reference Books:</b>		
1. Halliday and Resnick: Physics Technology, McGraw-Hill Inc. (1995). 2. W. Saslow, Electricity, magnetism and light, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., (2007).		
<b>Web References:</b>		
1. <a href="http://link.springer.com/book">http://link.springer.com/book</a> 2. <a href="http://www.thphys.physics.ox.ac.uk">http://www.thphys.physics.ox.ac.uk</a> 3. <a href="http://www.sciencedirect.com/science">http://www.sciencedirect.com/science</a> 4. <a href="http://www.e-booksdirectory.com">http://www.e-booksdirectory.com</a>		
<b>E-Text Books:</b>		
1. <a href="http://www.peaceone.net/basic/Feynman/">http://www.peaceone.net/basic/Feynman/</a> 2. <a href="http://physicsdatabase.com/free-physics-books/">http://physicsdatabase.com/free-physics-books/</a> 3. <a href="http://www.damtp.cam.ac.uk/user/tong/statphys/sp.pdf">http://www.damtp.cam.ac.uk/user/tong/statphys/sp.pdf</a> 4. <a href="http://www.freebookcentre.net/Physics/Solid-State-Physics-Books.html">http://www.freebookcentre.net/Physics/Solid-State-Physics-Books.html</a>		

## PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

**I Semester: AE / ME | II Semester: CSE / IT / ECE / EEE / CE**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		3	-	-	3	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: 45</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>			<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>			<b>Total Classes: 45</b>

### OBJECTIVES:

**The course should enable the students to:**

- I. Learn adequate knowledge by problem solving techniques.
- II. Understand programming skills using the fundamentals and basics of C Language.
- III. Improve problem solving skills using arrays, strings, and functions.
- IV. Understand the dynamics of memory by pointers.
- V. Study files creation process with access permissions.

<b>Module-I</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>Classes: 10</b>
<p>Introduction to Programming: Computer system, components of a computer system, computing environments, computer languages, creating and running programs, algorithms, flowcharts; Introduction to C language: Computer languages, History of C, basic structure of C programs, process of compiling and running a C program, C tokens, keywords, identifiers, constants, strings, special symbols, variables, data types; Operators and expressions.</p>		
<b>Module-II</b>	<b>CONTROL STRUCTURES</b>	<b>Classes: 08</b>
<p>Conditional Control structures: Decision statements; Simple if, if-else, else if ladder, Nested if and Case Statement-switch statement; Loop control statements: while, for and do while loops. jump statements, break, continue, goto statements</p>		
<b>Module-III</b>	<b>ARRAYS AND FUNCTIONS</b>	<b>Classes: 10</b>
<p>Arrays: Concepts, one dimensional arrays, declaration and initialization of one dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, initialization and accessing, multi-dimensional arrays; Strings: Arrays of characters, variable length character strings, inputting character strings, character library functions, string handling functions.</p> <p>Functions: Need for user defined functions, function declaration, function prototype, category of functions, inter function communication, function calls, parameter passing mechanisms, recursion, passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions, storage classes, preprocessor directive</p>		
<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>STRUCTURES, UNIONS AND POINTERS</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
<p>Structures and unions: Structure definition, initialization, accessing structures, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, passing structures through pointers, self-referential structures, unions, bit fields, typedef, enumerations;</p> <p>Pointers: Pointer basics, pointer arithmetic, pointers to pointers, generic pointers, array of pointers, pointers and arrays, pointers as functions arguments, functions returning pointers. Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts, library functions</p>		

Module-V	FILE HANDLING AND BASIC ALGORITHMS	Classes: 08
<p>Files: Streams, basic file operations, file types, file opening modes, input and output operations with files, special functions for working with files, file positioning functions, command line arguments. Searching, basic sorting algorithms (bubble, insertion, selection), algorithm complexity through example programs (no formal definitions required).</p>		
<p><b>Text Books:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Byron Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines Series, McGraw Hill Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2017.</li> <li>2. E. Balagurusamy, "Programming in ANSI C", McGraw Hill Education, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Reference Books:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. W. Kernighan Brian, Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", PHI Learning, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 1988.</li> <li>2. Yashavant Kanetkar, "Exploring C", BPB Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2003.</li> <li>3. Schildt Herbert, "C: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.</li> <li>4. R. S. Bichkar, "Programming with C", Universities Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2012.</li> <li>5. Dey Pradeep, Manas Ghosh, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Oxford University Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2006.</li> <li>6. Stephen G. Kochan, "Programming in C", Addison-Wesley Professional, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Web References:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="https://www.bfoit.org/itp/Programming.html">https://www.bfoit.org/itp/Programming.html</a></li> <li>2. <a href="https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-programming">https://www.khanacademy.org/computing/computer-programming</a></li> <li>3. <a href="https://www.edx.org/course/programming-basics-iitbombayx-cs101-1x-0">https://www.edx.org/course/programming-basics-iitbombayx-cs101-1x-0</a></li> <li>4. <a href="https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-computer-science-harvardx-cs50x">https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-computer-science-harvardx-cs50x</a></li> </ol>		
<p><b>E-Text Books:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://www.freebookcentre.net/Language/Free-C-Programming-Books-Download.htm">http://www.freebookcentre.net/Language/Free-C-Programming-Books-Download.htm</a></li> <li>2. <a href="http://www.imada.sdu.dk/~svalle/courses/dm14-2005/mirror/c/">http://www.imada.sdu.dk/~svalle/courses/dm14-2005/mirror/c/</a></li> <li>3. <a href="http://www.enggnotebook.weebly.com/uploads/2/2/7/1/22718186/ge6151-notes.pdf">http://www.enggnotebook.weebly.com/uploads/2/2/7/1/22718186/ge6151-notes.pdf</a></li> </ol>		
<p><b>MOOC Course</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="https://www.alison.com/courses/Introduction-to-Programming-in-c">https://www.alison.com/courses/Introduction-to-Programming-in-c</a></li> <li>2. <a href="http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-s096-effective-programming-in-c-and-c-january-iap-2014/index.htm">http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-s096-effective-programming-in-c-and-c-january-iap-2014/index.htm</a></li> </ol>		

## ENGINEERING PHYSICS LABORATORY

**I Semester:** ECE / AE / ME | **II Semester:** CSE / IT / EEE / CE

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P		C	CIA	SEE
		-	-	3	1.5	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Practical Classes: 36</b>		<b>Total Classes: 36</b>		

### OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:

- I. Upgrade practical knowledge in optics.
- II. Enlighten the real time application of electromagnetic theory.
- III. Enrich the knowledge of electric and magnetic properties.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

<b>Week-1</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICS LABORATORY</b>
Do's and Don'ts in physics laboratory. Precautions to be taken in laboratory.	
<b>Week-2</b>	<b>HALL EFFECT ( LORENTZ FORCE )</b>
Determination of charge carrier density.	
<b>Week-3</b>	<b>LCR SERIES AND PARALLEL RESONANCE</b>
Determination of resonant frequency, band width and quality factor of LCR circuit.	
<b>Week-4</b>	<b>STEWART GEE'S APPARATUS</b>
Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil-Stewart and Gee's method.	
<b>Week-5</b>	<b>B-H CURVE WITH CRO</b>
To determine the value of retentivity and coercivity of a given magnetic material.	
<b>Week-6</b>	<b>ENERGY GAP OF A SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE</b>
Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor diode.	
<b>Week-7</b>	<b>PIN AND AVALANCHE DIODE</b>
Studying V-I characteristics of PIN and Avalanche diode.	
<b>Week-8</b>	<b>FARADAY'S LAWS</b>
Verify faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.	
<b>Week-9</b>	<b>WAVE LENGTH OF LASER LIGHT</b>
Determination of wavelength of a given laser light using diffraction grating.	



<b>Week-10</b>	<b>PLANK'S CONSTANT</b>
Determination of Plank's constant using LED.	
<b>Week-11</b>	<b>LIGHT EMITTING DIODE</b>
Studying V-I characteristics of LED	
<b>Week-12</b>	<b>NEWTONS RINGS</b>
Determination of radius of curvature of a given plano-convex lens.	
<b>Week-13</b>	<b>SINGLE SLIT DIFFRACTION</b>
Determination of width of a given single slit.	
<b>Manuals:</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. C. L. Arora, "Practical Physics", S. Chand &amp; Co., New Delhi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2012.</li> <li>2. Vijay Kumar, Dr. T. Radhakrishna, "Practical Physics for Engineering Students", S M Enterprises, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2014.</li> </ol>	
<b>Web Reference:</b>	
<a href="http://www.iare.ac.in">http://www.iare.ac.in</a>	

## PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LABORATORY

**I Semester: AE / ME | II Semester: CSE / IT / ECE / EEE / CE**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		0	0	4	2	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Practical Classes: 36</b>			<b>Total Classes:36</b>			

### OBJECTIVES:

**The course should enable the students to:**

- I. Formulate problems and implement algorithms using C programming language.
- II. Develop programs using decision structures, loops and functions.
- III. Learn memory allocation techniques using pointers.
- IV. Use structured programming approach for solving of computing problems in real world.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

<b>Week-1</b>	<b>OPERATORS AND EVALUATION OF EXPRESSIONS</b>										
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Write a C program to check whether a number is even or odd using ternary operator.</li> <li>b. Write a C program to perform the addition of two numbers without using +operator.</li> <li>c. Write a C program to evaluate the arithmetic expression <math>((a + b / c * d - e) * (f - g))</math>. Read the values a, b, c, d, e, f, g from the standard input device.</li> <li>d. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a 3 digit number.</li> <li>e. Write a C program to read the values of x and y and print the results of the following expressions in one line:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. <math>(x + y) / (x - y)</math></li> <li>ii. <math>(x + y)(x - y)</math></li> </ol> </li> </ol>											
<b>Week-2</b>	<b>CONTROL STRUCTURES</b>										
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Write a C program to find the sum of individual digits of a positive integer.</li> <li>b. A Fibonacci sequence is defined as follows: The first and second terms in the sequence are 0 and 1. Subsequent terms are found by adding the preceding two terms in the sequence. Write a C program to generate the first n terms of these sequences.</li> <li>c. Write a C program to generate all the prime numbers between 1 and n, where n is a value supplied by the user.</li> <li>d. A character is entered through keyboard. Write a C program to determine whether the character entered is a capital letter, a small case letter, a digit or a special symbol using if-else and switch case. The following table shows the range of ASCII values for various characters.               <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border: none;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: center;">Characters</th> <th style="text-align: center;">ASCII values</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">A-Z</td> <td style="text-align: center;">65 -90</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">a - z</td> <td style="text-align: center;">97 -122</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0 - 9</td> <td style="text-align: center;">48 - 57</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Special symbols</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0 - 47, 58 - 64, 91 - 96, 123 -127</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </li> <li>e. If cost price and selling price of an item is input through the keyboard, write a program to determine whether the seller has made profit or incurred loss. Write a C program to determine how much profit or loss incurred in percentage.</li> </ol>		Characters	ASCII values	A-Z	65 -90	a - z	97 -122	0 - 9	48 - 57	Special symbols	0 - 47, 58 - 64, 91 - 96, 123 -127
Characters	ASCII values										
A-Z	65 -90										
a - z	97 -122										
0 - 9	48 - 57										
Special symbols	0 - 47, 58 - 64, 91 - 96, 123 -127										

<b>Week-3</b>	<b>CONTROL STRUCTURES</b>
<p>a. Write a C program, which takes two integer operands and one operator from the user, performs the operation and then prints the result. (Consider the operators +, -, *, /, % and use switch statement).</p> <p>b. Write a C program to calculate the following sum:  <math display="block">\text{sum} = 1 - x^2/2! + x^4/4! - x^6/6! + x^8/8! - x^{10}/10!</math></p> <p>c. Write a C program to find the roots of a quadratic equation.</p> <p>d. Write a C program to check whether a given 3 digit number is Armstrong number or not.</p> <p>e. Write a C program to print the numbers in triangular form</p> <pre> 1 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 </pre>	
<b>Week-4</b>	<b>ARRAYS</b>
<p>a. Write a C program to find the second largest integer in a list of integers.</p> <p>b. Write a C program to perform the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Addition of two matrices</li> <li>Multiplication of two matrices</li> </ol> <p>c. Write a C program to count and display positive, negative, odd and even numbers in an array.</p> <p>d. Write a C program to merge two sorted arrays into another array in a sorted order.</p> <p>e. Write a C program to find the frequency of a particular number in a list of integers.</p>	
<b>Week-5</b>	<b>STRINGS</b>
<p>a. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To insert a sub string into a given main string from a given position.</li> <li>To delete n characters from a given position in a given string.</li> </ol> <p>b. Write a C program to determine if the given string is a palindrome or not.</p> <p>c. Write a C program to find a string within a sentence and replace it with another string.</p> <p>d. Write a C program that reads a line of text and counts all occurrence of a particular word.</p> <p>e. Write a C program that displays the position or index in the string S where the string T begins, or 1 if S doesn't contain T.</p>	
<b>Week-6</b>	<b>FUNCTIONS</b>
<p>a. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To find the factorial of a given integer.</li> <li>To find the greatest common divisor of two given integers.</li> </ol> <p>b. Write C programs that use both recursive and non-recursive functions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To print Fibonacci series.</li> <li>To solve towers of Hanoi problem.</li> </ol> <p>c. Write a C program to print the transpose of a given matrix using function.</p> <p>d. Write a C program that uses a function to reverse a given string.</p>	
<b>Week-7</b>	<b>POINTERS</b>
<p>a. Write a C program to concatenate two strings using pointers.</p> <p>b. Write a C program to find the length of string using pointers.</p> <p>c. Write a C program to compare two strings using pointers.</p> <p>d. Write a C program to copy a string from source to destination using pointers.</p> <p>e. Write a C program to reverse a string using pointers.</p>	

<b>Week-8</b>	<b>STRUCTURES AND UNIONS</b>
<p>a. Write a C program that uses functions to perform the following operations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reading a complex number</li> <li>Writing a complex number</li> <li>Addition and subtraction of two complex numbers</li> <li>Multiplication of two complex numbers. Note: represent complex number using a structure.</li> </ol> <p>b. Write a C program to compute the monthly pay of 100 employees using each employee's name, basic pay. The DA is computed as 52% of the basic pay. Gross-salary (basic pay + DA). Print the employees name and gross salary.</p> <p>c. Create a Book structure containing book_id, title, author name and price. Write a C program to pass a structure as a function argument and print the book details.</p> <p>d. Create a union containing 6 strings: name, home_address, hostel_address, city, state and zip. Write a C program to display your present address.</p> <p>e. Write a C program to define a structure named DOB, which contains name, day, month and year. Using the concept of nested structures display your name and date of birth.</p>	
<b>Week-9</b>	<b>ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS</b>
<p>a. Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression: <math>1+x+x^2+x^3+\dots+x^n</math>. For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes <math>1+5+25+125</math>. Print x, n, the sum. Perform error checking. For example, the formula does not make sense for negative exponents – if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if <math>n &lt; 0</math>, then go back and read in the next pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of x also illegal? If so, test for them too.</p> <p>b. 2's complement of a number is obtained by scanning it from right to left and complementing all the bits after the first appearance of a 1. Thus 2's complement of 11100 is 00100. Write a C program to find the 2's complement of a binary number.</p> <p>c. Write a C program to convert a Roman numeral to its decimal equivalent. E.g. Roman number CD is equivalent to 400.</p>	
<b>Week-10</b>	<b>PREPROCESSOR DIRECTIVES</b>
<p>a. Define a macro with one parameter to compute the volume of a sphere. Write a C program using this macro to compute the volume for spheres of radius 5, 10 and 15 meters.</p> <p>b. Define a macro that receives an array and the number of elements in the array as arguments. Write a C program for using this macro to print the elements of the array.</p> <p>c. Write symbolic constants for the binary arithmetic operators +, -, *, and /. Write a C program to illustrate the use of these symbolic constants.</p>	
<b>Week-11</b>	<b>FILES</b>
<p>a. Write a C program to display the contents of a file.</p> <p>b. Write a C program to copy the contents of one file to another.</p> <p>c. Write a C program to reverse the first n characters in a file, where n is given by the user.</p> <p>d. Two files DATA1 and DATA2 contain sorted lists of integers. Write a C program to merge the contents of two files into a third file DATA i.e., the contents of the first file followed by those of the second are put in the third file.</p> <p>e. Write a C program to count the no. of characters present in the file.</p>	

<b>Week-12</b>	<b>COMMAND LINE ARGUMENTS AND NUMERICAL METHODS</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Write a C program to read two numbers at the command line and perform arithmetic operations on it.</li> <li>b. Write a C program to read a file name at the command line and display its contents.</li> <li>c. Write a C program to solve numerical methods problems (root finding, numerical differentiation and numerical integration)</li> </ul>	
<b>Reference Books:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Yashavant Kanetkar, “Let Us C”, BPB Publications, New Delhi, 13<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.</li> <li>2. Oualline Steve, “Practical C Programming”, O’Reilly Media, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1997.</li> <li>3. King KN, “C Programming: A Modern Approach”, Atlantic Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015.</li> <li>4. Kochan Stephen G, “Programming in C: A Complete Introduction to the C Programming Language”, Sam’s Publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004.</li> <li>5. Linden Peter V, “Expert C Programming: Deep C Secrets”, Pearson India, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 1994.</li> </ul>	
<b>Web References:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://www.sanfoundry.com/c-programming-examples">http://www.sanfoundry.com/c-programming-examples</a></li> <li>2. <a href="http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/c">http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/c</a></li> <li>3. <a href="http://www.cprogramming.com/tutorial/c">http://www.cprogramming.com/tutorial/c</a></li> <li>4. <a href="http://www.cs.princeton.edu">http://www.cs.princeton.edu</a></li> </ul>	

## ENGINEERING GRAPHICS & DESIGN (THEORY & LAB)

<b>I Semester: EEE / AE / ME / CE   II Semester: CSE / IT / ECE</b>								
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
<b>ESC102</b>	<b>Foundation</b>	L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		1	0	4	3	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: 30</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Practical Classes: 45</b>			<b>Total Classes: 75</b>	
<b>OBJECTIVES:</b>								
<p><b>The course should enable the students to:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>I. Introduction to engineering design and its place in society.</li> <li>II. Exposure to the visual aspects of engineering design.</li> <li>III. Exposure to engineering graphics standards.</li> <li>IV. Exposure to solid modelling.</li> <li>V. Exposure to computer-aided geometric design.</li> <li>VI. Exposure to creating working drawings.</li> <li>VII. Exposure to engineering communication.</li> </ol>								
<b>Module-I</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION TO ENGINEERING DRAWING</b>						<b>Classes: 09</b>	
Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance, usage of Drawing instruments, lettering, Conic sections including the Rectangular Hyperbola (General method only); Cycloid, Epicycloid, Hypocycloid and Involute; Scales-Plain, Diagonal and Vernier Scales.								
<b>Module-II</b>	<b>OVERVIEW OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS, CUSTOMISATION &amp; CAD DRAWING, ANNOTATIONS, LAYERING &amp; OTHER FUNCTIONS, DEMONSTRATION OF A SIMPLE TEAM DESIGN PROJECT</b>						<b>Classes: 15</b>	
<p>Listing the computer technologies that impact on graphical communication, Demonstrating knowledge of the theory of CAD software [such as: The Menu System, Toolbars (Standard, Object Properties, Draw, Modify and Dimension), Drawing Area (Background, Crosshairs, Coordinate System), Dialog boxes and windows, Shortcut menus (Button Bars), The Command Line (where applicable), The Status Bar, Different methods of zoom as used in CAD, Select and erase objects.; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids].</p> <p>Consisting of set up of the drawing page and the printer, including scale settings, Setting up of units and drawing limits; ISO and ANSI standards for coordinate dimensioning and tolerancing; Orthographic constraints, Snap to objects manually and automatically; Producing drawings by using various coordinate input entry methods to draw straight lines, Applying various ways of drawing circles.</p> <p>Applying dimensions to objects, applying annotations to drawings; Setting up and use of Layers, layers to create drawings, Create, edit and use customized layers; Changing line lengths through modifying existing lines (extend/lengthen); Printing documents to paper using the print command; orthographic projection techniques; Drawing sectional views of composite right regular geometric solids and project the true shape of the sectioned surface; Drawing annotation, Computer-aided design (CAD) software modeling of parts and assemblies. Parametric and non-parametric solid, surface, and wireframe models. Part editing and two-dimensional documentation of models. Planar projection theory, including sketching of perspective, isometric, multiview, auxiliary, and section views. Spatial visualization exercises. Dimensioning guidelines, tolerancing techniques; dimensioning and scale multi views of dwelling.</p>								

<b>Module-III</b>	<b>ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
Principles of Orthographic Projections-Conventions-Projections of Points and lines inclined to both planes; Projections of planes inclined Planes-Auxiliary Planes.		
<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>PROJECTIONS OF REGULAR SOLIDS AND SECTIONS AND SECTIONAL VIEWS OF RIGHT ANGULAR SOLIDS</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
Those inclined to both the Planes-Auxiliary Views; Draw simple annotation, dimensioning and scale.Floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Draw the sectional orthographic views of geometrical solids of Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone; Objects from industry and dwellings (foundation to slab only).		
<b>Module-V</b>	<b>DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES AND ISOMETRIC PROJECTIONS</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
Development of surfaces of Right Regular Solids-Prism, Pyramid, Cylinder and Cone. Principles of Isometric projection–Isometric Scale, Isometric Views, Conventions; Isometric Views of lines, Planes, Simple and compound Solids; Conversion of Isometric Views to Orthographic Views and Vice-versa, Conventions. <b>DEMONSTRATION OF A SIMPLE TEAM DESIGN PROJECT:</b> Geometry and topology of engineered components: creation of engineering models and their presentation in standard 2D blueprint form and as 3D wire-frame and shaded solids; meshed topologies for engineering analysis and tool-path generation for component manufacture; geometric dimensioning and tolerancing; Use of solid-modeling software for creating associative models at the component and assembly levels; floor plans that include: windows, doors, and fixtures such as WC, bath, sink, shower, etc. Applying colour coding according to building drawing practice; Drawing sectional elevation showing foundation to ceiling; Introduction to Building Information Modelling (BIM).		
<b>Text Books:</b>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bhatt N.D., Panchal V.M., Ingle P. R. (2014), Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House.</li> <li>2. Shah, M.B, Rana B.C. (2008), Engineering Drawing and Computer Graphics, Pearson Education.</li> <li>3. Agrawal B, Agrawal C. M. (2012), Engineering Graphics, TMH Publication.</li> <li>4. Narayana, K.L, P Kannaiah.(2008), Text book on Engineering Drawing, Scitech Publishers.</li> <li>5. Corresponding set of CAD Software Theory and User Manuals.</li> </ol>		

## COMPLEX ANALYSIS AND DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

**II Semester:** AE / ECE / EEE / ME / CE

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks			
		L	T	P		C	CIA	SEE	Total
		3	1	-		4	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: 45</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: 15</b>		<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Total Classes: 60</b>			

### OBJECTIVES:

**The course should enable the students to:**

- I. Determine the function to be analytic using C-R equations.
- II. Understand the basic theory of complex functions to express the power series.
- III. Evaluate the contour integration using Cauchy residue theorem.
- IV. Solve linear differential equations of first and higher order with constant and variable co-efficients.
- V. Formulate and solve partial differential equations.

<b>Module-I</b>	<b>COMPLEX VARIABLE - DIFFERENTIATION</b>	<b>Classes: 05</b>
Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions, harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate; elementary analytic function (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm) and their properties; Conformal mappings, Mobius transformations and their properties.		
<b>Module-II</b>	<b>COMPLEX VARIABLE - INTEGRATION</b>	<b>Classes: 10</b>
Contour integrals, Cauchy-Goursat theorem (without proof), Cauchy Integral formula (without proof), zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Taylor's series and Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals.		
<b>Module-III</b>	<b>DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF FIRST ORDER</b>	<b>Classes: 12</b>
Exact, Linear and Bernoulli's equations, Euler's equations, Equations not of first degree; Equations solvable for p, equations solvable for y, equations solvable for x and Clairaut's type; Linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients, non-homogeneous term of the type		
<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>HIGHER ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS</b>	<b>Classes: 07</b>
Series solutions to differential equations around zero, Frobenius method about zero; Bessel's differential equation: Bessel functions properties, recurrence relations, orthogonality, generating function, trigonometric expansions involving Bessel functions.		
<b>Module-V</b>	<b>PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS OF FIRST ORDER AND THEIR APPLICATIONS</b>	<b>Classes: 11</b>
Formation of Partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, Solution of first order linear equations and nonlinear (standard types) equations, Method of separation of variables; Applications of Partial differential equations, One dimensional wave equation, one dimensional heat equation.		



**Text Books:**

1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010.
2. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.

**Reference Books:**

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
2. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
3. D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2nd Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.

**Web References:**

1. [http://www.efunda.com/math/math\\_home/math.cfm](http://www.efunda.com/math/math_home/math.cfm)
2. <http://www.ocw.mit.edu/resources/#Mathematics>
3. <http://www.sosmath.com/>

**E-Text Books:**

1. <http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=10166>
2. <http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=7400re>

## ENGLISH

**I Semester:** ECE / EEE / CE | **II Semester:** CSE / IT / AE / ME

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week				Credits			Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total			
		2	-	-	2	30	70	100			
<b>Contact Classes: 30</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: 15</b>		<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>			<b>Total Classes: 45</b>				

### Objectives:

The course should enable the students to:

- I. Communicate in an intelligible English accent and pronunciation.
- II. Effectively use the four language skills i.e., Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing.
- III. Develop the art of writing simple English with correct spelling, grammar and punctuation.

<b>Module-I</b>	<b>VOCABULARY BUILDING</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
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The concept of Word Formation: Root words from foreign languages and their use in English, Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives. Synonyms, Antonyms and Standard Abbreviations, Idioms and Phrases, One word substitutes.

<b>Module-II</b>	<b>BASIC WRITING SKILLS</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
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Sentence Structures, Use of phrases and clauses in sentences, Importance of proper Punctuation, Creating Coherence, Organizing principles of Paragraphs in documents, Techniques for writing precisely, Letter writing-Formal and Informal writing, E-mail writing.

<b>Module-III</b>	<b>IDENTIFYING COMMON ERRORS IN WRITING</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
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Subject-Verb Agreement, Noun-Pronoun Agreement, Misplaced modifiers, Articles, Prepositions, Redundancies, Cliches.

<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>NATURE AND STYLE OF SENSIBLE WRITING</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
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Describing, Defining, Classifying, Providing examples or evidence, Writing introduction and conclusion. Writing Practices-Comprehension, Precis Writing, Essay Writing.

<b>Module-V</b>	<b>ORAL COMMUNICATION</b>	<b>Classes: 09</b>
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Listening Comprehension, Pronunciation, Intonation, Stress and Rhythm, Common Everyday Situations: Conversations and Dialogues, Interviews, Formal Presentations.

### Text Books:

1. Michael Swan. "Practical English Usage", Oxford University Press, 1995.
2. F.T. Wood. "Remedial English Grammar". Macmillan. 2007
3. William Zinsser. "On Writing Well". Harper Resource Book, 2001
4. Liz Hamp-Lyons and Ben Heasley. "Study Writing". Cambridge University Press. 2006.
5. Sanjay Kumar and Pushp Lata. "Communications Skills". Oxford University Press. 2011.
6. Parts, I-III. "Exercises in Spoken English". CIEFL, Hyderabad. Oxford University Press.
7. Saumya Sharma. "Common Errors in Everyday English". New Delhi. Oxford University Press 2017.

**Reference Books:**

1. Devaki Reddy, Shreesh Chaudhary, "Technical English", Macmillan, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2009.
2. Rutherford, Andrea J, "Basic Communication Skills for Technology", Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. V Sasikumar, P V Dhamija, "Spoken English", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007.
4. Raymond Murphy, "Essential English Grammar with Answers", Cambridge University Press 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.

**Web References:**

1. <http://www.edufind.com>
2. <http://www.myenglishpages.com>
3. <http://grammar.ccc.comment.edu>
4. <http://owl.english.prudue.edu>

**E-Text Books:**

1. <http://bookboon.com/en/communication-ebooks-zip>
2. <http://www.bloomsbury-international.com/images/ezone/ebook/writing-skills-pdf.pdf>
3. [https://americanenglish.state.gov/files/ae/resource\\_files/developing\\_writing.pdf](https://americanenglish.state.gov/files/ae/resource_files/developing_writing.pdf)
4. <http://learningenglishvocabularygrammar.com/files/idiomsandphraseswithmeaningsandexamplespdf.pdf>
5. <http://www.robinwood.com/Democracy/GeneralEssays/CriticalThinking.pdf>

<b>ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY</b>								
<b>I Semester: CSE / IT / EEE   II Semester: ECE / AE / ME / CE</b>								
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
BSC102	Foundation	L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		3	1	-	4	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: 45</b>	<b>Tutorial Classes: 15</b>	<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>			<b>Total Classes: 60</b>			
<b>OBJECTIVES:</b>								
<b>The course should enable the students to:</b>								
I. Analysis of major chemical reactions that are used in the synthesis of molecules.								
II. Apply the electrochemical principles in batteries, understand the fundamentals of corrosion.								
III. Distinguish the ranges of the electromagnetic spectrum used for exciting different molecular energy levels in various spectroscopic techniques								
IV. Rationalize periodic properties such as ionization potential, oxidation states and Electronegativity.								
V. Analysis of water for its various parameters and its significance in industrial and domestic Applications.								
VI. Analyze microscopic chemistry in terms of atomic, molecular orbitals and Intermolecular forces.								
<b>Module-I</b>	<b>ORGANIC REACTIONS AND STEREOCHEMISTRY</b>						<b>Classes: 09</b>	
Introduction to reactions involving substitution, addition, elimination, oxidation, reduction, cyclization and ring openings. Synthesis of a commonly used drug molecule (Aspirin). Structural isomers and stereoisomers, Representations of 3- dimensional structures, configurations and symmetry and chirality, enantiomers, diastereomers, optical activity, absolute configurations and conformational analysis. Isomerism in transitional metal compounds.								
<b>Module-II</b>	<b>PERIODIC PROPERTIES AND SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES</b>						<b>Classes: 12</b>	
Effective nuclear charge, penetration of orbitals, variations of s, p, d and f orbital energies of atoms in the periodic table, electronic configurations, atomic and ionic sizes, ionization energies, electron affinity and electronegativity, polarizability, oxidation states, coordination numbers and geometries, hard soft acids and bases, molecular geometries. Principles of spectroscopy and selection rules. Electronic spectroscopy. Fluorescence and its applications in medicine. Vibrational and rotational spectroscopy of diatomic molecules. Applications. Nuclear magnetic resonance and magnetic resonance imaging, surface characterisation techniques. Diffraction and scattering.								
<b>Module-III</b>	<b>ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION</b>						<b>Classes: 08</b>	
Electrochemistry: Basic concepts of electrochemistry; Conductance: Specific, equivalent and Molar conductance; Electrochemical cells: Galvanic cell (Daniel cell); Nernst equation, Numerical problems;								
Batteries: classification of batteries, primary cell (Leclanche's cell) and secondary cells (lead acid battery), Fuel cells: H <sub>2</sub> -O <sub>2</sub> fuel cell and its applications; Corrosion: Introduction, causes and effects of corrosion; Theories of corrosion: chemical and electrochemical corrosion with mechanism.								
<b>Module-IV</b>	<b>WATER TECHNOLOGY</b>						<b>Classes: 06</b>	
Water: Sources and impurities of water, hardness of water, expression of hardness – units; Types of hardness: Temporary hardness, permanent hardness and numerical problems. Treatment of water : Softening of water by Ion exchange process; Potable water –Specifications, steps involved in the treatment of potable water, sterilization of potable water by chlorination and ozonization.								

Module-V	ATOMIC AND MOLECULAR STRUCTURE	Classes: 10
<p>Schrodinger equation. Particle in a box solution and their applications for conjugated molecules and nanoparticles. Forms of the hydrogen atom wave functions and the plots of these functions to explore their spatial variations. Molecular orbitals of diatomic molecules and plots of the ulticentre orbitals. Equations for atomic and molecular orbitals. Energy level diagrams of diatomic. Pi-molecular orbitals of butadiene and benzene and aromaticity. Crystal field theory and the energy level diagrams for transition metal ions and their magnetic properties. Band structure of solids and the role of doping on band structures.</p>		
<p><b>Text Books:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. B. H. Mahan, "University Chemistry", Narosa Publishers, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.</li> <li>2. M. J. Sienko and R. A. Plane, "Chemistry and Principles Applications, Tata McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1980.</li> <li>3. C. N. Banwell, "Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy", Tata McGraw Hill, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 1983.</li> <li>4. P. C. Jain, Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 15<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2015.</li> <li>5. Shasi Chawla, "Text Book of Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2011.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Reference Books:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. P. W. Atkins, "Physical Chemistry", Oxford Publications, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.</li> <li>2. K. P. C. Volhardt and N. E. Schore, "Organic Chemistry Structure and Function", Oxford Publications, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.</li> <li>3. R. P. Mani, K. N. Mishra, "Chemistry of Engineering Materials", Cengage Learning, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2015.</li> </ol>		
<p><b>Web References:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="https://www.tndte.com">https://www.tndte.com</a></li> <li>2. <a href="https://www.nptel.ac.in/downloads">https://www.nptel.ac.in/downloads</a></li> <li>3. <a href="https://www.scribd.com">https://www.scribd.com</a></li> <li>4. <a href="https://www.cuiet.info">https://www.cuiet.info</a></li> <li>5. <a href="https://www.sbtebihar.gov.in">https://www.sbtebihar.gov.in</a></li> <li>6. <a href="https://www.ritchennai.org">https://www.ritchennai.org</a></li> </ol>		
<p><b>E-Text Books:</b></p>		
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="https://www.Corrosion.ksc.nasa.gov/electrochem_cells.htm">https://www.Corrosion.ksc.nasa.gov/electrochem_cells.htm</a></li> <li>2. <a href="https://www.science.uwaterloo.ca/~cchieh/cact/applychem/watertreatment.html">https://www.science.uwaterloo.ca/~cchieh/cact/applychem/watertreatment.html</a></li> <li>3. <a href="https://chem.libretexts.org//Periodic%20Properties/Periodic_Properties_of_the_Elements">https://chem.libretexts.org//Periodic Properties/Periodic_Properties_of_the_Elements</a></li> <li>4. <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/neuroscience/spectroscopy">https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/neuroscience/spectroscopy</a></li> <li>5. <a href="https://www.Library.njit.edu/research_helpdesk/subject_guides/chemistry.php">https://www.Library.njit.edu/research_helpdesk/subject_guides/chemistry.php</a></li> <li>6. <a href="https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/chemistry/stereochemistry">https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/chemistry/stereochemistry</a></li> </ol>		

## ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS

<b>I Semester: CSE / IT / CE   II Semester: ECE / ME</b>								
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P		C	CIA	SEE
		3	1	-	4	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: 45</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: 15</b>		<b>Practical Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Total Classes: 60</b>		
<b>OBJECTIVES:</b>								
<b>The course should enable the students to:</b>								
I. Classify circuit parameters and apply Kirchhoff's laws for network reduction.								
II. Apply mesh analysis and nodal analysis to solve electrical networks.								
III. Illustrate single phase AC circuits and apply steady state analysis to time varying circuits.								
IV. Apply network theorems to obtain the equivalent circuit of electrical networks.								
<b>MODULE - I</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS</b>						<b>Classes: 12</b>	
Circuit concept: Basic definitions, Ohm's law at constant temperature, classifications of elements, R, L, C parameters, independent and dependent sources, voltage and current relationships for passive elements (for different input signals like square, ramp, saw tooth, triangular and complex), temperature dependence of resistance, tolerance, source transformation, Kirchhoff's laws, equivalent resistance of series, parallel and series parallel networks.								
<b>MODULE - II</b>	<b>ANALYSIS OF ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS</b>						<b>Classes:12</b>	
Circuit analysis: Star to delta and delta to star transformation, mesh analysis and nodal analysis by Kirchhoff's laws, inspection method, super mesh, super node analysis; Network topology: definitions, incidence matrix, basic tie set and basic cut set matrices for planar networks, duality and dual networks.								
<b>MODULE - III</b>	<b>SINGLE PHASE AC CIRCUITS</b>						<b>Classes: 13</b>	
Single phase AC circuits: Representation of alternating quantities, instantaneous, peak, RMS, average, form factor and peak factor for different periodic wave forms, phase and phase difference, 'j' notation, concept of reactance, impedance, susceptance and admittance, rectangular and polar form, concept of power, real, reactive and complex power, power factor.								
Steady state analysis: Steady state analysis of RL, RC and RLC circuits (in series, parallel and series parallel combinations) with sinusoidal excitation.								
<b>MODULE - IV</b>	<b>LOCUS DIAGRAMS AND MAGNETIC CIRCUITS</b>						<b>Classes: 11</b>	
Locus diagrams: Locus diagrams of RL, RC, RLC circuits; Magnetic circuits: Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, concept of self and mutual inductance, dot convention, coefficient of coupling, composite magnetic circuit, analysis of series and parallel magnetic circuits.								
<b>MODULE - V</b>	<b>THREE PHASE CIRCUITS</b>						<b>Classes: 12</b>	
Three phase circuits: Star and delta connections, phase sequence, relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced star and delta circuits, three phase three wire and three phase four wire systems, shifting of neutral point, analysis of balanced and unbalanced three phase circuits, measurement of active and reactive power.								

**Text Books:**

1. A Chakrabarthy, “Electric Circuits”, Dhanipat Rai & Sons, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
2. A Sudhakar, Shyammohan S Palli, “Circuits and Networks”, Tata McGraw-Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.
3. M E Van Valkenberg, “Network Analysis”, PHI, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014.

**Reference Books:**

1. John Bird, “Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology”, Newnes, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2003.
2. C L Wadhwa, “Electrical Circuit Analysis including Passive Network Synthesis”, New Age International, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2009.
3. David A Bell, “Electric circuits”, Oxford University Press, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.

**Web References:**

1. <https://www.igniteengineers.com>
2. <https://www.ocw.nthu.edu.tw>
3. <https://www.uotechnology.edu.iq>
4. <https://www.iare.ac.in>

**E-Text Books :**

1. <https://www.bookboon.com/en/concepts-in-electric-circuits-ebook>
2. <https://www.jntubook.com>
3. <https://www.allaboutcircuits.com>
4. <https://www.archive.org>

## ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY

**I Semester:** CSE / IT / EEE | **II Semester:** ECE / AE / ME / CE

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credit	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
		-	-	3	1.5	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Practical Classes: 42</b>			<b>Total Classes: 42</b>			

### OBJECTIVES:

**The course should enable the students to:**

- I. Comprehend the experimental results.
- II. Analyze, interpret, and draw conclusions from experimental data.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

<b>Week-1</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION TO CHEMISTRY LABORATORY</b>
Introduction to chemistry laboratory. Do's and Don'ts in chemistry laboratory.	
<b>Week-2</b>	<b>VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS</b>
Batch I: Determination of chloride content of water. Batch II: Determination of the rate constant of a reaction.	
<b>Week-3</b>	<b>VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS</b>
Batch I: Determination of the rate constant of a reaction. Batch II: Determination of chloride content of water.	
<b>Week-4</b>	<b>VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS</b>
Batch I: Chemical analysis of a salt. Batch II: Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method.	
<b>Week-5</b>	<b>VOLUMETRIC ANALYSIS</b>
Batch I: Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method. Batch II: Chemical analysis of a salt.	
<b>Week-6</b>	<b>INSTRUMENTATION</b>
Batch I: Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions. Batch II: Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs.	
<b>Week-7</b>	<b>INSTRUMENTATION</b>
Batch I: Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs. Batch II: Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions.	



<b>Week-8</b>	<b>INSTRUMENTATION</b>
Batch I: Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water. Batch II: Thin layer chromatography.	
<b>Week-9</b>	<b>INSTRUMENTATION</b>
Batch I: Thin layer chromatography. Batch II: Ion exchange column for removal of hardness of water.	
<b>Week-10</b>	<b>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</b>
Batch I: Determination of surface tension and viscosity. Batch II: Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible Liquids.	
<b>Week-11</b>	<b>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</b>
Batch I: Determination of the partition coefficient of a substance between two immiscible liquids Batch II: Determination of surface tension and viscosity.	
<b>Week-12</b>	<b>PREPARATION OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS</b>
Batch I: Synthesis of a polymer/drug. Batch II: Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction.	
<b>Week-13</b>	<b>PREPARATION OF ORGANIC COMPOUNDS</b>
Batch I: Chemical oscillations- Iodine clock reaction. Batch II: Synthesis of a polymer/drug.	
<b>Week-14</b>	<b>REVISION</b>
Revision.	
<b>Reference Books:</b>	
1. Vogel's, "Quantitative Chemical Analysis", Prentice Hall, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2000. 2. Gary D.Christian, "Analytical Chemistry", Wiley India, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2007.	
<b>Web References:</b>	
<a href="http://www.iare.ac.in">http://www.iare.ac.in</a>	

**LIST OF EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:**

<b>S. No</b>	<b>Name of the Apparatus</b>	<b>Apparatus Required</b>	<b>Quantity</b>
1	Analytical balance	04	100 gm
2	Beaker	30	100 ml
3	Burette	30	50 ml
4	Burette Stand	30	Metal
5	Clamps with Boss heads	30	Metal
6	Conical Flask	30	250 ml
7	Conductivity cell	10	K=1
8	Calomel electrode	10	Glass
9	Digital Potentiometer	10	EI
10	Digital Conductivity meter	10	EI
11	Digital electronic balance	01	RI
12	Distilled water bottle	30	500 ml
13	Funnel	30	Small
14	Glass rods	30	20 cm length
15	Measuring Cylinders	10	10 ml
16	Oswald Viscometer	30	Glass
17	Pipette	30	20 ml
18	Platinum Electrode	10	PP
19	Porcelain Tiles	30	White
20	Reagent bottle	30	250 ml
21	Standard Flask	30	100 ml
22	Stalagmo meter	30	Glass

## ENGLISH LABORATORY

**I Semester:** ECE / EEE / CE | **II Semester:** CSE / IT / AE / ME

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P		C	CIA	SEE
HSMC101	Foundation	-	-	2	1	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Practical Classes: 24</b>			<b>Total Classes: 24</b>			

### OBJECTIVES:

**The course enables the students to:**

- I. Improve their ability to listen and comprehend a given text.
- II. Upgrade the fluency and acquire a functional knowledge of English Language.
- III. Enrich thought process by viewing a problem through multiple angles.

### LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

<b>Week-1</b>	<b>LISTENING SKILL</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Listening to conversations and interviews of famous personalities in various fields, listening practice related to the TV talk shows, news.</li> <li>b. Listening for specific information, listening for summarizing information – Testing.</li> </ol>	
<b>Week-2</b>	<b>LISTENING SKILL</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Listening to films of short duration and monologues for taking notes, listening to answer multiple choice questions.</li> <li>b. Listening to telephonic conversations; Listening to native Indian: Swami Vivekananda, British: Helen Keller and American: speakers to analyze intercultural differences - Testing</li> </ol>	
<b>Week-3</b>	<b>SPEAKING SKILL</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Functions of English Language: Introduction to phonetics, exercises on pronunciation, symbols of speech sounds - Speaking exercises involving the use of stress and intonation, improving pronunciation through tongue twisters.</li> <li>b. Tips on how to develop fluency, body language and communication; Introducing oneself: Talking about yourself, others, leave taking –</li> </ol>	
<b>Week-4</b>	<b>SPEAKING SKILL</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Stress Patterns</li> <li>b. Just a minute (JAM) sessions</li> </ol>	
<b>Week-5</b>	<b>SPEAKING SKILL</b>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. English in Mind – Module 1</li> <li>b. Situational Conversations/Speaking about present, past experiences and future plans; Acting as a compare and news reader. Greetings for different occasions with feedback preferably through video recording.</li> </ol>	

<b>Week-6</b>	<b>READING SKILL</b>
a. English in Mind – Module 2 b. Reading newspaper and magazine articles, memos, letters, notices and minutes for critical commentary- Reading selective autobiographies.	
<b>Week-7</b>	<b>READING SKILL</b>
a. Intonation b. Reading brochures, advertisements, pamphlets - Reading comprehension exercises with critical and analytical questions based on context.	
<b>Week-8</b>	<b>WRITING SKILL</b>
a. English in Mind Module 3 b. Writing messages, leaflets, Notice; Writing tasks; Flashcards – Exercises.	
<b>Week-9</b>	<b>WRITING SKILL</b>
a. Grammar Made Easy b. Write a slogan related to the image - Write a short story of 6-10 lines based on the hints given.	
<b>Week-10</b>	<b>WRITING SKILL</b>
a. Grammar Made Easy b. Writing a short story on their own: Writing a review on: Video clippings on inspirational speeches. Writing a review on short films, advertisements, recipe and recently watched film.	
<b>Week-11</b>	<b>THINKING SKILL</b>
a. Punctuation Made Easy b. Practice in preparing thinking blocks to decode diagrammatical representations into English words, expressions, idioms, proverbs.	
<b>Week-12</b>	<b>THINKING SKILL</b>
a. Common Errors b. Making pictures and improvising diagrams to form English words, phrases and proverbs.	
<b>Reference Books:</b>	
1. Meenakshi Raman, Sangeetha Sharma, “Technical Communication Principles Practices”, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2015. 2. Rhirdion, Daniel, “Technical Communication”, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, 2009.	
<b>Web References:</b>	
1. <a href="http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org">http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org</a> 2. <a href="http://www.esl-lab.com/">http://www.esl-lab.com/</a> 3. <a href="http://www.ello.org/">http://www.ello.org/</a>	

**EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR A BATCH OF 60 STUDENTS (ORAL AND MULTIMEDIA)**

<b>SL.NO</b>	<b>EQUIPMENT</b>
<b>1</b>	Career Laboratory: 1 Room
<b>2</b>	Server computer for the laboratory with high configuration: 1 no
<b>3</b>	Computers: 30 nos
<b>4</b>	Software: K Van Solution
<b>5</b>	LCD Projector: 1 no
<b>6</b>	Speakers with amplifiers, one wireless mic and one collar mic
<b>7</b>	Podium: 1
<b>8</b>	Chairs: 30
<b>9</b>	Discussion Tables: 2
<b>10</b>	White board: 1

## ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS LABORATORY

<b>I Semester: CSE / IT / CE   II Semester: ECE / ME</b>								
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		-	-	3	1.5	30	70	100
<b>Contact Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>		<b>Practical Classes: 42</b>			<b>Total Classes: 42</b>	
<b>OBJECTIVES:</b>								
<b>The course should enable the students to:</b>								
I. Implement different circuits and verify circuit concepts.								
II. Study the concepts of mesh and nodal analysis in electrical circuits.								
III. Design electric circuits to verify network theorems.								
IV. Gain knowledge about resonance and magnetic circuits.								
<b>LIST OF EXPERIMENTS</b>								
<b>Expt. 1</b>	<b>KIRCHHOFF'S LAWS</b>							
Verification of Kirchoff's current law and voltage law using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 2</b>	<b>MESH ANALYSIS</b>							
Verification of mesh analysis using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 3</b>	<b>NODAL ANALYSIS</b>							
Verification of nodal analysis using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 4</b>	<b>SINGLE PHASE AC CIRCUITS</b>							
Determination of average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor of sinusoidal wave, square wave using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 5</b>	<b>SUPERPOSITION THEOREM</b>							
Verification of superposition theorem using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 6</b>	<b>RECIPROCITY THEOREM</b>							
Verification of reciprocity theorem using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 7</b>	<b>MAXIMUM POWER TRANSFER THEOREM</b>							
Verification of maximum power transfer theorem using hardware and digital simulation.								
<b>Expt. 8</b>	<b>THEVENIN'S THEOREM</b>							
Verification of Thevenin's theorem using hardware and digital simulation.								

<b>Expt. 9</b>	<b>NORTON'S THEOREM</b>
Verification of Norton's theorem using hardware and digital simulation.	
<b>Expt. 10</b>	<b>COMPENSATION THEOREM</b>
Verification of compensation theorem using hardware and digital simulation.	
<b>Expt. 11</b>	<b>MILLIMAN'S THEOREM</b>
Verification of Milliman's theorem using hardware and digital simulation.	
<b>Expt. 12</b>	<b>SERIES RESONANCE</b>
Verification of series resonance using hardware and digital simulation.	
<b>Expt. 13</b>	<b>PARALLEL RESONANCE</b>
Verification of parallel resonance using hardware and digital simulation.	
<b>Expt. 14</b>	<b>SELF INDUCTANCE AND MUTUAL INDUCTANCE</b>
Determination of self inductance and mutual inductance by using hardware.	
<b>Reference Books:</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A Chakrabarti, "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai Publications, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006.</li> <li>2. William Hayt, Jack E Kemmerly S.M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", Tata McGraw-Hill, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2010.</li> <li>3. K S Suresh Kumar, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Pearson Education, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2013.</li> </ol>	
<b>Web References:</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="https://www.ee.iitkgp.ac.in">https://www.ee.iitkgp.ac.in</a></li> <li>2. <a href="https://www.citchennai.edu.in">https://www.citchennai.edu.in</a></li> <li>3. <a href="https://www.iare.ac.in">https://www.iare.ac.in</a></li> </ol>	
<b>SOFTWARE AND HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:</b>	
<b>SOFTWARE:</b> Microsoft Windows 7 and MATLAB – V 8.5, which is also R2015a	
<b>HARDWARE:</b> 30 numbers of Intel Desktop Computers with 2 GB RAM	

**WORKSHOP / MANUFACTURING PRACTICES (THEORY & LAB)**

**I Semester: CSE / IT / ECE | II Semester: EEE / AE / ME / CE**

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
		L	T	P		CIA	SEE	Total
				0	0	3	1.5	30
<b>Contact Classes: 0</b>	<b>Tutorial Classes: Nil</b>	<b>Practical Classes: 42</b>			<b>Total Classes: 42</b>			

**OBJECTIVES:**

**The course should enable the students to:**

- I. Identify and use of tools, types of joints in carpentry, fitting, tin smithy and plumbing operations.
- II. Understand of electrical wiring and components.
- III. Observation of the function of lathe, shaper, drilling, boring, milling, grinding machines.

**LIST OF EXPERIMENTS**

<b>Week-1</b>	<b>MACHINE SHOP-Turning and other machines</b>
Batch I: Working on central lathe and shaping machine. Batch II: Working on drilling, grinding machines.	
<b>Week-2</b>	<b>MACHINE SHOP-Milling and other machines</b>
Batch I: Working on milling machine. Batch II: Working on milling and shaping machine.	
<b>Week-3</b>	<b>ADVANCED MACHINE SHOP</b>
Batch I: Working on CNC Turning machines. Batch II: Working on CNC Vertical Drill Tap Center.	
<b>Week-4</b>	<b>FITTING</b>
Batch I: Make a straight fit and straight fit for given dimensions. Batch II: Make a square fit for straight fit for given sizes.	
<b>Week-5</b>	<b>CARPENTRY-I</b>
Batch I: Preparation of lap joint as per given dimensions. Batch II: Preparation of dove tail joint as per given taper angle.	
<b>Week-6</b>	<b>CARPENTRY-II</b>
Batch I: Preparation of dove tail joint as per given taper angle. Batch II: Preparation of lap joint as per given dimensions.	
<b>Week-7</b>	<b>ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS</b>
Batch I & II: Make an electrical connection to demonstrate domestic voltage and current sharing. Make an electrical connection to control one bulb with two switches-stair case connection.	



<b>Week-8</b>	<b>WELDING</b>
Batch I: Arc welding & Gas Welding. Batch II: Gas welding & Arc Welding.	
<b>Week-9</b>	<b>MOULD PREPARATION</b>
Batch I: Prepare a wheel flange mould using a given wooden pattern. Batch II: Prepare a bearing housing using an aluminum pattern.	
<b>Week-10</b>	<b>MOULD PREPARATION</b>
Batch I: Prepare a bearing housing using an aluminum pattern. Batch II: Prepare a wheel flange mould using a given wooden pattern.	
<b>Week-11</b>	<b>BLACKSMITHY - I, TINSMITHY - I</b>
Batch I: Prepare S-bend & J-bend for given MS rod using open hearth furnace. Batch II: Prepare the development of a surface and make a rectangular tray and a round tin.	
<b>Week-12</b>	<b>TINSMITHY- I, BLACKSMITHY- I</b>
Batch I: Prepare the development of a surface and make a rectangular tray and a round tin. Batch II: Prepare S-bend & J-bend of given MS rod using open hearth furnace.	
<b>Week-13</b>	<b>PLASTIC MOULDING, INJECTION MOULDING, GLASS CUTTING</b>
Batch I: Plastic Moulding and Glass cutting. Batch II: Plastic Moulding and Glass cutting.	
<b>Week-14</b>	<b>BLOW MOULDING</b>
Batch I& II: Blow Moulding.	
<b>Reference Books:</b>	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., "Elements of Workshop Technology", Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai.</li> <li>2. Kalpakjian S, Steven S. Schmid, "Manufacturing Engineering and Technology", Pearson Education India Edition 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, ,2002.</li> <li>3. Gowri P. Hariharan, A. Suresh Babu," Manufacturing Technology – I" Pearson Education, 2008.</li> <li>4. Roy A. Lindberg, "Processes and Materials of Manufacture", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall India, 1998.</li> <li>5. Rao P.N., "Manufacturing Technology", Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGraw Hill House, 2017.</li> </ol>	
<b>Web References:</b>	
<a href="http://www.iare.ac.in">http://www.iare.ac.in</a>	

# VISION AND MISSION OF THE INSTITUTE

## VISION

To bring forth professionally competent and socially sensitive engineers, capable of working across cultures meeting the global standards ethically.

## MISSION

To provide students with an extensive and exceptional education that prepares them to excel in their profession, guided by dynamic intellectual community and be able to face the technically complex world with creative leadership qualities.

Further, be instrumental in emanating new knowledge through innovative research that emboldens entrepreneurship and economic development for the benefit of wide spread community.

## B.TECH - PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POS)

- PO-1:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems (**Engineering Knowledge**).
- PO-2:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences (**Problem Analysis**).
- PO-3:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations (**Design/Development of Solutions**).
- PO-4:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions (**Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems**).
- PO-5:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations (**Modern Tool Usage**).
- PO-6:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice (**The Engineer and Society**).
- PO-7:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development (**Environment and Sustainability**).
- PO-8:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice (**Ethics**).
- PO-9:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings (**Individual and Team Work**).
- PO-10:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions (**Communication**).
- PO-11:** Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- PO-12:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change (**Life-long learning**).

# OBJECTIVES OF THE DEPARTMENT

## DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

### Programme Educational Objectives (PEO's)

A graduate of the Mechanical Engineering Program should:

- PEO – I:** *To provide students with a sound foundation in the mathematical, scientific and engineering fundamentals necessary to formulate, solve and analyze engineering problems.*
- PEO – II:** *To prepare students for successful careers in industry that meet the needs of local, Indian and multinational companies.*
- PEO – III:** *To develop the ability among students to synthesize data and technical concepts for application to product design and prepares students to work as part of teams on multidisciplinary projects.*
- PEO – IV:** *To promote student awareness for life-long learning and to introduce them to codes of professional practice, ethics and prepare them for higher studies.*

### PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO's)

- PSO – I:** To produce engineering professional capable of synthesizing and analyzing mechanical systems including allied engineering streams.
- PSO – II:** An ability to adopt and integrate current technologies in the design and manufacturing domain to enhance the employability.
- PSO – III:** To build the nation, by imparting technological inputs and managerial skills to become Technocrats.

## **FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS ABOUT AUTONOMY**

### **1. Who grants Autonomy? UGC, Govt., AICTE or University**

In case of Colleges affiliated to a university and where statutes for grant of autonomy are ready, it is the respective University that finally grants autonomy but only after concurrence from the respective state Government as well as UGC. The State Government has its own powers to grant autonomy directly to Govt. and Govt. aided Colleges.

### **2. Shall IARE award its own Degrees?**

No. Degree will be awarded by Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Hyderabad with a mention of the name IARE on the Degree Certificate.

### **3. What is the difference between a Deemed University and an Autonomy College?**

A Deemed University is fully autonomous to the extent of awarding its own Degree. A Deemed University is usually a Non-Affiliating version of a University and has similar responsibilities like any University. An Autonomous College enjoys Academic Autonomy alone. The University to which an autonomous college is affiliated will have checks on the performance of the autonomous college.

### **4. How will the Foreign Universities or other stake – holders know that we are an Autonomous College?**

Autonomous status, once declared, shall be accepted by all the stake holders. The Govt. of Telangana mentions autonomous status during the First Year admission procedure. Foreign Universities and Indian Industries will know our status through our website.

### **5. What is the change of Status for Students and Teachers if we become Autonomous?**

An autonomous college carries a prestigious image. Autonomy is actually earned out of our continued past efforts on academic performances, our capability of self- governance and the kind of quality education we offer.

### **6. Who will check whether the academic standard is maintained / improved after Autonomy? How will it be checked?**

There is a built in mechanism in the autonomous working for this purpose. An Internal Committee called Academic Programme Evaluation Committee, which will keep a watch on the academics and keep its reports and recommendations every year. In addition the highest academic council also supervises the academic matters. The standards of our question papers, the regularity of academic calendar, attendance of students, speed and transparency of result declaration and such other parameters are involved in this process.

### **7. Will the students of IARE as an Autonomous College qualify for University Medals and Prizes for academic excellence?**

No. IARE has instituted its own awards, medals, etc. for the academic performance of the students. However for all other events like sports, cultural on co-curricular organized by the University the students shall qualify.

### **8. Can IARE have its own Convocation?**

No. Since the University awards the Degree the Convocation will be that of the University, but there will be Graduation Day at IARE.

### **9. Can IARE give a provisional degree certificate?**

Since the examinations are conducted by IARE and the results are also declared by IARE, the college sends a list of successful candidates with their final Grades and Grade Point Averages including CGPA to the University. Therefore with the prior permission of the University the college will be entitled to give the provisional certificate.

**10 Will Academic Autonomy make a positive impact on the Placements or Employability?**

Certainly. The number of students qualifying for placement interviews is expected to improve, due to rigorous and repetitive classroom teaching and continuous assessment. Also the autonomous status is more responsive to the needs of the industry. As a result therefore, there will be a lot of scope for industry oriented skill development built-in into the system. The graduates from an autonomous college will therefore represent better employability.

**11 What is the proportion of Internal and External Assessment as an Autonomous College?**

Presently, it is 70 % external and 30% internal. As the autonomy matures the internal assessment component shall be increased at the cost of external assessment.

**12 Is it possible to have complete Internal Assessment for Theory or Practicals?**

Yes indeed. We define our own system. We have the freedom to keep the proportion of external and internal assessment component to choose.

**13 Why Credit based Grade System?**

The credit based grade system is an accepted standard of academic performance the world over in all Universities. The acceptability of our graduates in the world market shall improve.

**14 What exactly is a Credit based Grade System?**

The credit based grade system defines a much better statistical way of judging the academic performance. One Lecture Hour per week of Teaching Learning process is assigned One Credit. One hour of laboratory work is assigned half credit. Letter Grades like A, B,C,D, etc. are assigned for a Range of Marks. (e.g. 91% and above is A+, 80 to 90 % could be A etc.) in Absolute Grading System while grades are awarded by statistical analysis in relative grading system. We thus dispense with sharp numerical boundaries. Secondly, the grades are associated with defined Grade Points in the scale of 1 to 10. Weighted Average of Grade Points is also defined Grade Points are weighted by Credits and averaged over total credits in a Semester. This process is repeated for all Semesters and a CGPA defines the Final Academic Performance

**15 What are the norms for the number of Credits per Semester and total number of Credits for UG/PG programme?**

These norms are usually defined by UGC or AICTE. Usually around 25 Credits per semester is the accepted norm.

**16 What is a Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)?**

The performance of a student in a semester is indicated by a number called SGPA. The SGPA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses registered by the student during the semester.

$$SGPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (C_i G_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i}$$

Where,  $C_i$  is the number of credits of the  $i^{th}$  course and  $G_i$  is the grade point scored by the student in the  $i^{th}$  course and  $i$  represent the number of courses in which a student registered in the concerned semester. SGPA is rounded to two decimal places.

**17 What is a Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)?**

An up-to-date assessment of overall performance of a student from the time of his first registration is obtained by calculating a number called CGPA, which is weighted average of the grade points obtained in all the courses registered by the students since he entered the Institute.

$$CGPA = \frac{\sum_{j=1}^m (C_j S_j)}{\sum_{j=1}^m C_j}$$

Where,  $S_j$  is the SGPA of the  $j^{th}$  semester and  $C_j$  is the total number of credits upto the semester and  $m$  represent the number of semesters completed in which a student registered upto the semester. CGPA is rounded to two decimal places.

**18 Is there any Software available for calculating Grade point averages and converting the same into Grades?**

Yes, The institute has its own MIS software for calculation of SGPA, CGPA, etc.

**19 Will the teacher be required to do the job of calculating SGPA's etc. and convert the same into Grades?**

No. The teacher has to give marks obtained out of whatever maximum marks as it is. Rest is all done by the computer.

**20 Will there be any Revaluation or Re-Examination System?**

No. There will double valuation of answer scripts. There will be a make up Examination after a reasonable preparation time after the End Semester Examination for specific cases mentioned in the Rules and Regulations. In addition to this, there shall be a 'summer term' (compressed term) followed by the End Semester Exam, to save the precious time of students.

**21 How fast Syllabi can be and should be changed?**

Autonomy allows us the freedom to change the syllabi as often as we need.

**22 Will the Degree be awarded on the basis of only final year performance?**

No. The CGPA will reflect the average performance of all the semester taken together.

**23 What are Statutory Academic Bodies?**

Governing Body, Academic Council, Examination Committee and Board of Studies are the different statutory bodies. The participation of external members in every body is compulsory. The institute has nominated professors from IIT, NIT, University (the officers of the rank of Pro-vice Chancellor, Deans and Controller of Examinations) and also the reputed industrialist and industry experts on these bodies.

**24 Who takes Decisions on Academic matters?**

The Governing Body of institute is the top academic body and is responsible for all the academic decisions. Many decisions are also taken at the lower level like Boards of Studies. Decisions taken at the Board of Studies level are to be ratified at the Academic Council and Governing Body.

**25 What is the role of Examination committee?**

The Examinations Committee is responsible for the smooth conduct of internal, End Semester and make up Examinations. All matters involving the conduct of examinations spot valuations, tabulations preparation of Grade Sheet etc fall within the duties of the Examination Committee.

**26 Is there any mechanism for Grievance Redressal?**

The institute has grievance redressal committee, headed by Dean - Student affairs and Dean - IQAC.

**27 How many attempts are permitted for obtaining a Degree?**

All such matters are defined in Rules & Regulation

**28 Who declares the result?**

The result declaration process is also defined. After tabulation work wherein the SGPA, CGPA and final Grades are ready, the entire result is reviewed by the Moderation Committee. Any unusual deviations or gross level discrepancies are deliberated and removed. The entire result is discussed in the Examinations and Result Committee for its approval. The result is then declared on the institute notice boards as well put on the web site and Students Corner. It is eventually sent to the University.

**29 Who will keep the Student Academic Records, University or IARE?**

It is the responsibility of the Dean, Academics of the Autonomous College to keep and preserve all the records.

**30 What is our relationship with the JNT University?**

We remain an affiliated college of the JNT University. The University has the right to nominate its members on the academic bodies of the college.

**31 Shall we require University approval if we want to start any New Courses?**

Yes, It is expected that approvals or such other matters from an autonomous college will receive priority.

**32 Shall we get autonomy for PG and Doctoral Programmes also?**

Yes, presently our PG programmes also enjoying autonomous status.

## MALPRACTICES RULES

### DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

S.No	Nature of Malpractices/Improper conduct	Punishment
	<i>If the candidate:</i>	
1. (a)	Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculator, cell phone, pager, palm computer or any other form of material concerned with or related to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but has not made use of (material shall include any marks on the body of the candidate which can be used as an aid in the subject of the examination)	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only.
(b)	Gives assistance or guidance or receives it from any other candidate orally or by any other body language methods or communicates through cell phones with any candidate or persons in or outside the exam hall in respect of any matter.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.
2.	Has copied in the examination hall from any paper, book, programmable calculators, palm computers or any other form of material relevant to the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which the candidate is appearing.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that Semester/year. The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be cancelled and sent to the Controller of Examinations.
3.	Impersonates any other candidate in connection with the examination.	The candidate who has impersonated shall be expelled from examination hall. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. The performance of the original candidate, who has been impersonated, shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the examination (including practicals and project work) already appeared and shall not be allowed to appear for examinations of the remaining subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an outsider, he will be handed over to the police and a case is registered against him.



4.	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5.	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6.	Refuses to obey the orders of the Controller of Examinations /Additional Controller of Examinations/any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the COE or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the COE or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the Institute premises or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7.	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears off the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all semester end examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8.	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject

		and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9.	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.  Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10.	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year.
11.	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.
12.	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be reported to the University for further action to award suitable punishment.	



# INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

## UNDERTAKING BY STUDENT / PARENT

“To make the students attend the classes regularly from the first day of starting of classes and be aware of the College regulations, the following Undertaking Form is introduced which should be signed by both student and parent. The same should be submitted to the Dean, Academic”.

I, Mr./Ms. ----- joining I Semester / III Semester for the academic year 2018-2019 / 2019-2020 in Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Hyderabad, do hereby undertake and abide by the following terms, and I will bring the ACKNOWLEDGEMENT duly signed by me and my parent and submit it to the Dean, Academic.

1. I will attend all the classes as per the timetable from the starting day of the semester specified in the institute Academic Calendar. In case, I do not turn up even after two weeks of starting of classes, I shall be ineligible to continue for the current academic year.
2. I will be regular and punctual to all the classes (theory/practical/drawing) and secure attendance of not less than 75% in every course as stipulated by Institute. I am fully aware that an attendance of less than 65% in more than three theory courses will make me lose one year.
3. I will compulsorily follow the dress code prescribed by the college.
4. I will conduct myself in a highly disciplined and decent manner both inside the classroom and on campus, failing which suitable action may be taken against me as per the rules and regulations of the institute.
5. I will concentrate on my studies without wasting time in the Campus/Hostel/Residence and attend all the tests to secure more than the minimum prescribed Class/Sessional Marks in each course. I will submit the assignments given in time to improve my performance.
6. I will not use Mobile Phone in the institute premises and also, I will not involve in any form of ragging inside or outside the campus. I am fully aware that using  
understand that if I/he/she fail to comply with these terms, shall be liable for suitable action as per Institute/JNTUH/AICTE/UGC rules and the law. I undertake that I/he/she will strictly follow the above terms.
7. mobile phone to the institute premises is not permissible and involving in Ragging is an offence and punishable as per JNTUH/UGC rules and the law.
8. I declare that I shall not indulge in ragging, eve-teasing, smoking, consuming alcohol drug abuse or any other anti-social activity in the college premises, hostel, on educational tours, industrial visits or elsewhere.
9. I will pay tuition fees, examination fees and any other dues within the stipulated time as required by the Institution / authorities, failing which I will not be permitted to attend the classes.
10. I will not cause or involve in any sort of violence or disturbance both within and outside the college campus.
11. If I absent myself continuously for 3 days, my parents will have to meet the HOD concerned/ Principal.
12. I hereby acknowledge that I have received a copy of IARE - R16 Academic Rules and Regulations, Syllabus copy and hence, I shall abide by all the rules specified in it.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I have carefully gone through the terms of the undertaking mentioned above and I understand that following these are for my/his/her own benefit and improvement. I also

Signature of Student with Date

Signature of Parent with Date  
Name & Address with Phone Number