



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD01 | | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | | |
| 5 | Semester | I Semester | | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT23 | | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 8 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 9 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 10 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 64 | | Tutorials: Nil | | Practical: Nil | |
| 11 | Course Coordinator | Dr Jetty Wilson | | | | |
| 12 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | | |
| 13 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/BT23/AHSD01.pdf | | | | |
| 14 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | Intermediate | - | - | English Language and Grammar | |

15. Course Overview

The principle aim of the course is that the students will get awareness about the importance of English language in the contemporary times and also, it emphasizes the students to learn this language as a skill (listening skill, speaking skill, reading skill and writing skill). Moreover, the course benefits the students how to solve their day-to-day problems in speaking English language. Besides, it assists the students to reduce the mother tongue influence and acquire the knowledge of neutral accent. The course provides theoretical and practical knowledge of English language and it enables students to participate in debates about informative, persuasive, didactic, and commercial purposes.

16. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | Standard pronunciation, appropriate word stress, and necessary intonation patterns for effective communication towards achieving academic and professional targets. |
| II | Appropriate grammatical structures and also using the nuances of punctuation tools for practical purposes. |
| III | Critical aspect of speaking and reading for interpreting in-depth meaning between the sentences. |
| IV | Conceptual awareness on writing in terms of unity, content, coherence, and linguistic accuracy. |

17. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|---|------------|
| CO 1 | Demonstrate Demonstrate the prime necessities of listening skills and communication skills for academic and non-academic purposes. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Communicate effectively in spoken English on issues and ideas with a reasonable degree of fluency and accuracy in different social settings. | Understand |
| CO 3 | Strengthen acceptable language for developing life skills to overcome the challenges at professional platform. | Understand |
| CO 4 | Interpret the grammatical and lexical forms of English and use these forms excellently in specific communicative contexts. | Understand |
| CO 5 | Articulate main ideas and important details of literary text at advanced reading levels. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Extend writing skills for fulfilling academic and work-place requirements of various written communicative functions. | Understand |

18. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|--------------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Introduction to communication skills | 1 | Interpret fundamental concepts of communication skills through a procedural approach | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 2 | Aware the techniques of perfect communication within and outside the classroom | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 3 | Identify the parameters of the communication within the classroom as well as outside the classroom. | CO 1 | Understand |

| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| | | 4 | Practice ethical communication to embrace a diverse range of individuals, communities, and viewpoints | CO 1 | Understand |
| 3 | Communication Process | 5 | Examine the process of effective communication at different social situations. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 6 | Articulate the process of effective communication different social situations | CO 1 | Understand |
| 4 | Listening Skills | 7 | Demonstrate various kinds of listening setbacks within the classroom. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 8 | Understand in-depth meaning of audio clips | CO 1 | Understand |
| 5 | Introduction to phonetics | 9 | Familiar with – and be able to Understand – technical terms for describing and analyzing English pronunciation and be able to read and produce phonemic transcriptions and transcription of intonation patterns. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 10 | Articulate acceptable language at various academical platforms. | CO 2 | Understand |
| 6 | Significance of speaking skills | 11 | Reinforce effective oral presentation skills as well as acceptable behavioral traits. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 12 | Maintain global civic attitude at work place and feel as a responsible citizen. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 13 | Plan as a professional speaker before going to deliver an academic presentation. | CO 2 | Understand |
| 7 | Generating talks based on visual prompts | 14 | Get consciousness about the importance of using flash cards, handouts and images to have an effective comprehension. | CO 2 | Understand |
| 8 | Oral presentation using power point slides | 15 | Understand properly making effective PPTs in order to give a successful presentation. | CO 2 | Understand |
| 9 | Delivering speech effectively | 16 | Anticipate problems with discussion groups | CO 2 | Understand |
| 10 | Essentials of speaking skills | 17 | Show acceptable attitude at learning place as well as at work place. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 11 | Exposure to structured talks | 18 | Pay appropriate attention as a learner of English as a second language. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 12 | The concept of word formation | 19 | Enhance lexical ability to experience of IELTS, TOEFL, GRE tests. | CO 4 | Understand |









| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--------------------------------|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| 13 | Idioms and phrases | 20 | Recognize and understand the meaning of idioms and phrases. | CO 4 | Understand |
| | | 21 | Able to create own idiom story using story jumper | CO 4 | Understand |
| 14 | Sentence structure | 22 | Able to write syntactical organization of given functions in non-periodic interval | CO 4 | Understand |
| 15 | Usage of punctuation marks | 23 | Understand well using proper punctuation tools to deliver the topic successfully. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 16 | Advanced level prepositions | 24 | Identify and define prepositions, prepositional phrases and objects of the preposition. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 17 | Tenses | 25 | Use tenses syetematically to deliver the message without the ambiguity. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 18 | Subject verb agreement | 26 | Learn the most common rules for subject/verb agreement and also identify proper and improper subject / verb agreement in the peer writing. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 19 | Degrees of comparison | 27 | Able to use the positive, comparative, and superlative degrees of the regular and irregular adjectives and adverbs. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 20 | Direct and indirect speech | 28 | Define direct speech and indirect speech and distinguish between direct and indirect speech and classify the rules for converting direct speech to indirect speech and indirect speech to direct speech. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 21 | Questions tags. | 29 | Use the correct polarity (positive or negative), depending on the polarity of the statement. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 22 | Significance of reading skills | 30 | Accelerate the ability of reading comprehension in advanced learning | CO 5 | Understand |
| 23 | Techniques of reading | 31 | Know Vrious parameters of reading skills | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | 32 | Use different literary reading tools to establish his/her argument effectively. | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | 33 | Extends consolidates and sustains vocabulary growth | CO 5 | Understand |
| 24 | Significance of writing skills | 34 | Aware the importance of writing skills particularly at academic domain | CO 6 | Understand |
| 25 | Effectiveness of writing | 35 | Understand well using proper writing tools to deliver his/her thesis | CO 6 | Understand |

| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 26 | The role of a topic sentence and supporting sentences in a paragraph | 36 | Write effective topic sentence as well as supporting sentences to convey a message to his/her readers/audience. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 27 | Organizing principles of paragraphs in a document | 37 | Generate fa paragraph effectively using prime principles | CO 6 | Understand |
| | | 38 | Describe the principles of paragraph writing and properities of paragraphs | CO 6 | Understand |
| 29 | Report writing | 39 | Present an original thesis on a significant topic within a well defined subject area | CO 6 | Understand |
| 30 | E-mail writing | 40 | Use effectively technical writing tools at workplace | CO 6 | Understand |
| 31 | Various formats for letter writing | 41 | Knows how to concise a written text without changing the core idea | CO 6 | Understand |

19. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| Subject: Employment advantage: Effective English language and communication skills are crucial in many aspects of life, including education, business, workplace and social interactions. Proficient English language skills enable individuals to express themselves clearly, understand others, and engage in meaningful conversations. As the primary language of communication across the globe, proficiency in English is a highly sought-after skill in the international workplace and one of the benefits of learning English is therefore that it significantly boosts our job opportunities. |

20. Content Delivery / Instructional Methologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

21. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question. The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

| Percentage of Cognitive Level | Blooms Taxonomy Level |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 10% | Remember |
| 35% | Understand |
| 55% | Apply |

22. SYLLABUS:

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | GENERAL INTRODUCTION AND LISTENING SKILLS Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Introduction to communication skills; communication process; elements of communication; listening skills; significance of listening skills; stages of listening; barriers and effectiveness of listening; Introduction to phonetics; listening comprehension. |
| MODULE II | SPEAKING SKILL Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Significance of speaking skills; essentials of speaking skills; verbal and non-verbal communication; generating talks based on visual prompts; public speaking; exposure to structured talks; delivering speech effectively; oral presentation using power point slides; soft skills and hard skills; importance of soft skills for engineers. |
| MODULE III | VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR . Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | The concept of word formation; idioms and phrases; one-word substitutes, sentence structure (simple, compound and complex); usage of punctuation marks; advanced level prepositions; tenses; subject verb agreement; degrees of comparison; direct and indirect speech; questions tags. |
| MODULE IV | READING SKILL Number of Lectures: 12 |
| | Significance of reading skills, techniques of reading, skimming-reading for the gist of a text, scanning-reading for specific information, intensive, extensive reading, reading comprehension, metaphor and figurative language. |
| MODULE V | WRITING SKILL Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Significance of writing skills; effectiveness of writing; the role of a topic sentence and supporting sentences in a paragraph; organizing principles of paragraphs in a document; writing introduction and conclusion; techniques for writing precis, various formats for letter writing (block format, full block format, and semi bloc format); e-mail writing, report writing. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Anjana Tiwari, “*Communication Skills in English*,” Khanna Publishing House: New Delhi, 2022.

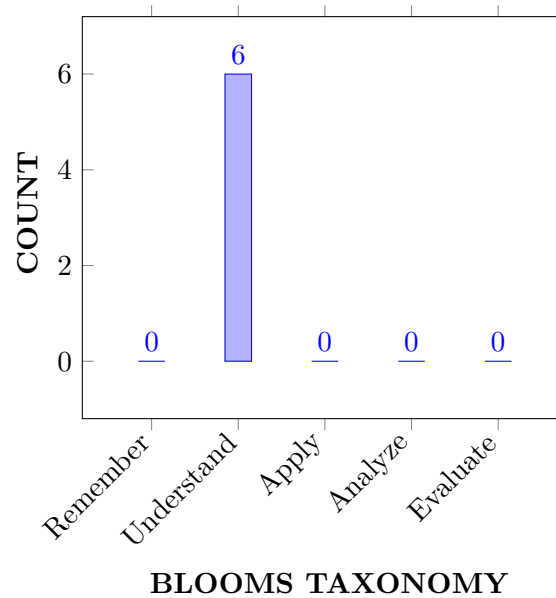
REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Norman Whitby, “*Business Benchmark: Pre-Intermediate to Intermediate – BEC Preliminary*,” Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2008.
2. Devaki Reddy, Shreesh Chaudhary, “*Technical English*,” Macmillan, 1st Edition, 2009.
3. Rutherford, Andrea J, “*Basic Communication Skills for Technology*,” Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2010.
4. Raymond Murphy, “*Essential English Grammar with Answers*,” Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2010

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Lecture notes, ELRV videos and power point presentations
2. Answers / solutions to all questions / problems in the textbook
3. Online exercises
4. Problems and solutions in files

23. COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



24. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|------|------------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to communication skills | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 2 | Communication process | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 3 | Elements of communication | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 4 | Significance of listening skills | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 5 | Different stages of listening | CO 1 | T1, R1 |
| 6 | Different stages of listening | CO 1 | T1, R1 |
| 7 | Listening comprehension | CO 1 | T1, R1 |
| 8 | Introduction to phonetics | CO 1 | T1, R1 |
| 9 | Significance of speaking skills | CO 2 | T1, R1 |
| 10 | Essentials of speaking skills | CO 2 | T1, R1 |
| 11 | Verbal and non-verbal communication | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 12 | Generating talks based on visual prompts | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 13 | Public speaking | CO 1 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 14 | Exposure to structured talks | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 15 | Oral presentation using power-point slides | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 16 | Soft skills and hard skills | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 17 | Importance of soft skills for engineers | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 18 | Concept of word formation | CO | T1; R1, R2 |
| 19 | Idioms and phrases | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 20 | One-word substitutes | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 21 | Sentence structure | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 22 | Usage of punctuation marks | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 23 | Advanced level prepositions | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 24 | Functions of tenses | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 25 | Subject verb agreement | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 26 | Degrees of comparison | CO 4 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 27 | Direct and indirect speech | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 28 | Question tags | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 29 | Significance of reading skills | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 30 | Techniques of reading | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 31 | Skimming and Scanning | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 32 | Intensive and extensive reading | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 33 | Significance of writing skills | CO 6 | T1; R1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|------------|-------------|
| 34 | Effectiveness of writing | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 35 | The role of a topic sentence | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 36 | Supporting sentences to develop a paragraph | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 37 | Organizing principles of paragraphs in a document | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 38 | Writing introduction and conclusion | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 39 | Metaphor and figurative language | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 40 | Technicalities of writing precis, Letter, e-mail, report and Various formats for letter writing | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | The aspects to improve listening comprehension Discuss in detail. | CO 1 | TI:10,11 |
| 2 | Different types of listeners with examples. | CO 1 | TI: 19,21 |
| 3 | The sounds of English language. | CO 1 | TI:23,27 |
| 4 | verbal communication or written communication. | CO 2 | TI: 27,30 |
| 5 | Various difficulties in public speaking. | CO 2 | TI: 32,33 |
| 6 | Different ways of greeting people in formal and informal situation and discuss how do they matter in communication? | CO 2 | TI: 35,37 |
| 7 | 'Oral presentation requires a good planning'. | CO 2 | TI:36,38 |
| 8 | Power point presentation and the ways to make Power point presentation. | CO 3 | TI: 37,38 |
| 9 | Methods that are used to establish the process of building vocabulary with examples from the most used words in spoken English. | CO 4 | TI:39,41 |
| 10 | The usage of idioms and phrases in spoken English. | CO 4 | TI: 47,50 |
| 11 | 'Structure proposition-evaluation' -Reading technique. | CO 5 | TI:56,58 |
| 12 | Active reading, detailed reading, and speed-reading techniques used in different situations. | CO 5 | TI: 79,81 |
| 13 | The elements of paragraph writing in detail. | CO 6 | TI:100,102 |
| 14 | Logical bridges and Verbal bridges in writing. | CO 6 | TI: 102,104 |
| 15 | The role of topic sentence to develop a paragraph. | CO 6 | TI:105, 115 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Soft skills and Interpersonal Communication | CO 3 | TI 8,9 |
| 2 | Language acquisition is a process. | CO 2, CO3 | TI: 11,12 |
| 3 | Communication. | CO 3, CO 4 | TI: 20, 25 |
| 4 | Time management. | CO 5 | TI: 36, 42 |
| 5 | Stress management. | CO 3 | T: 55, 68 |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Soft Skills for difficult situations in terms of reassurance and reliability. | CO 3 | TI |
| 2 | Verbal and non-verbal communication. | CO 3 | TI |
| 3 | Honesty, Respect, Self-Control and Accountability their role in building long lasting interpersonal skills? | CO 3 | TI |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|-----------|
| 4 | Etiquette and manners. Its importance in social, personal and professional communication. | CO 3 | TI |
| 5 | Problem solving and decision making. | CO 3 | TI |

25. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

26. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. 1. Clarity (Writing); 2. Grammar/Punctuation (Writing); 3. References (Writing); 4. Speaking Style (Oral); 5. Subject Matter (Oral). | 5 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

27. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | - | |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | - | |

| | | | |
|-------|--|---|--|
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | |
|-------|--|---|--|

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

28. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |

29. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 10 | Discuss the heeds of functional grammar and punctuation tools in speaking and writing by generating the clarity of an audio text. | 5 |
| CO 2 | PO 10 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to problems involving frictional force additionally in system of forces using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 5 |
| CO 3 | PO 10 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals for locating centroid and centre of gravity using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 5 |
| CO 4 | PO 10 | Interpret the grammatical knowledge and punctuation marks systematically towards providing clarity in speaking and writing. | 5 |
| CO 5 | PO 10 | Demonstrate the role of grammar and punctuation marks to understand the meaning between the sentences as well as paragraphs in speaking or writing for clarity. | 5 |
| CO 6 | PO 10 | Describe the clarity of grammatical usage and the obligation of punctuation marks in speaking and writing. | 5 |

30. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |

31. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |

32. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 - $C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 18 | - | - | - | - | - |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| AVERAGE | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |

33. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:





| | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |

34. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

35. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | <p>English language has become lingua franca across the globe. For that reason, it is compulsory to learn this language at advanced level. In MNC companies, those who have excellent communication skills ,their carrer graph goes to the higher level very quickly. Hence ,the role of English language has become a part of the life.</p> |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| 5 |  <p>GENDER EQUALITY</p> | |
| 6 |  <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p> | |
| 7 |  <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p> | |
| 8 |  <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p> | |
| 9 |  <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> | |
| 10 |  <p>REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p> | |
| 11 |  <p>SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p> | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr Jetty Wilson, Associate Professor

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

MATRICES AND CALCULUS COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | MATRICES AND CALCULUS | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD02 | | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | | |
| 5 | Semester | I Semester | | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT23 | | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 1 | Credits 4 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 8 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 9 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 10 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 16 hours | | Practical: 0 hours | |
| 11 | Course Coordinator | Mr. P. Shantan Kumar | | | | |
| | Course Instructor | Ms L.Indira | | | | |
| 12 | Date Approved by BOS | 23 August 2023 | | | | |
| 13 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/BT23/AHSD02.pdf | | | | |
| 14 | Course Prerequisites - | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | 10+2 | - | - | Basic Principles of Algebra and Calculus | |

15. Course Overview

This course is a foundation for all engineering branches. It includes concepts of Matrices, Eigen Values, Eigen Vectors, Functions of Single, Several Variables, Fourier Series and Multiple Integrals. This course is applicable for simulation, colour imaging processing and optimal solutions in all engineering problems.

16. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The Concept of the rank of a matrix, eigen values, eigen vectors and solution of the system of linear equations. |
| II | The Geometrical approach to the mean value theorems and applications. |
| III | The Fourier series expansion in periodic and non-periodic intervals. |
| IV | The Evaluation of multiple integrals and applications. |

17. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Determine the rank and solutions of linear equations with elementary operations. |
| CO 2 | Utilize the Eigen values, Eigen vectors for developing spectral matrices. |
| CO 3 | Make use of Cayley-Hamilton theorem for finding powers of the matrix. |
| CO 4 | Interpret the maxima and minima of given functions. |
| CO 5 | Apply the Fourier series expansion of periodic functions for harmonic series. |
| CO 6 | Determine the volume of solid bounded regions by using the integral calculus. |

18. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Rank of a matrix | 1 | Calculate the rank of a matrix by using determinants | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | 2 | Calculate the rank of a matrix by using elementary operations | CO 1 | Apply |
| 2 | Inverse of a matrix by Gauss-Jordan method | 3 | Compute the inverse of the given matrix by elementary operations | CO 1 | Apply |
| 3 | System of non-homogeneous equations | 4 | Identify the use of matrix theory to solve the system of linear equations in various engineering problems | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | 5 | Examine the system of homogeneous equations by its augmented form | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | 6 | Examine the system of non homogeneous equations for its augmented form | CO 1 | Apply |
| 4 | Characteristic equation | 7 | Recall the concepts of characteristic equations of matrices | CO 2 | Remember |
| 5 | Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors | 8 | Recall the concepts of eigenvalues for future engineering applications | CO 2 | Remember |
| | | 9 | Recall the concepts of eigenvectors for future engineering applications | CO 2 | Remember |









| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| | | 10 | Utilize the characteristic polynomials to compute the eigenvalues and eigenvectors | CO 3 | Apply |
| 6 | Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Diagonalization of a matrix | 11 | Make use of the Cayley-Hamilton to find inverse of a matrix | CO 3 | Apply |
| | | 12 | Make use of the Cayley-Hamilton to find powers of a matrix | CO 3 | Apply |
| | | 13 | Make use of the Cayley-Hamilton to find diagonalization of a matrix | CO 3 | Apply |
| 7 | Continuous functions | 14 | Explain the geometrical interpretation of continuous functions on closed and bounded intervals | CO 4 | Understand |
| 8 | Mean value theorems | 15 | Interpret the mean value theorems on bounded functions | CO 4 | Understand |
| 9 | Partial differentiation | 16 | Recall the partial differentiation for the functions of several variables | CO 4 | Remember |
| 10 | Jacobian transformations | 17 | Make use of Jacobian transformations for the functions are to be dependent or independent | CO 4 | Apply |
| 11 | Maxima and minima of a function | 18 | Identify the maxima and minima of a function with several variables by using partial derivatives | CO 4 | Apply |
| 12 | Euler coefficients | 19 | State the Euler coefficients for Fourier expansion of periodic functions in a given interval | CO 5 | Remember |
| 13 | Fourier series in periodic interval | 20 | Extend the Fourier series of given functions in a given periodic interval $(-\pi, \pi)$ | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | 21 | Extend the Fourier series of given functions in a given periodic interval $(0, 2\pi)$ | CO 5 | Understand |
| 14 | Fourier series in non -periodic interval | 22 | Compute the Fourier series of given functions in non-periodic interval $(0, 2l)$ | CO 5 | Apply |
| 15 | Half- range Fourier series | 23 | Extend the half- range Fourier series expansions of a function in a given periodic interval $(0, \pi)$ | CO 5 | Apply |
| | | 24 | Extend the half- range Fourier series expansions of a function in a given arbitrary interval $(0, l)$ | CO 5 | Apply |

| S.No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|-----------------------------|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| 16 | Double integrals | 25 | Solve the double integrals of functions in given constant limits | CO 6 | Apply |
| | | 26 | Solve the double integrals of functions in cartesian coordinates with given limits | CO 6 | Apply |
| | | 27 | Solve the double integrals of functions in polar coordinates with given limits | CO 6 | Apply |
| 17 | Change order of integration | 28 | Identify the change order of integration of double integrals in cartesian form | CO 6 | Remember |
| 18 | Triple integrals | 29 | Calculate the triple integrals of function in given constant limits | CO 6 | Apply |
| | | 30 | Calculate the triple integrals of function in cartesian coordinates with given limits | CO 6 | Apply |

19. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| 1. Linear Algebra: Employability/ Skill development: Apply the concepts of Linear Algebra in programming languages |
| 2. Matrices and Differential Calculus: Employability/ Skill development: Uses the basic of matrices and Calculus calculation concept in the field of Engineering |
| 3. Integral Calculus: Employability/ Skill development: Uses the concept of definite integral in engineering problems |
| 4. Multivariable calculus: Employability/ Skill development: Can solve the different Multivariable calculus |

20. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  | ✓ |  | ✓ |  | x |  MOOC |
| x |  | x |  | x |  | ✓ |  Videos |
| | Power Point Presentation | | Chalk & Talk | | Assignments | | |
| | Open Ended Experiments | | Seminars | | Mini Project | | |

21. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given from first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE :

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

22. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|---|
| MODULE I | MATRICES Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Rank of a matrix by echelon form and normal form; inverse of non-singular matrices by Gauss-Jordan method; system of linear equations: solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations. |
| MODULE II | EIGEN VALUES AND EIGEN VECTORS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Eigen values; Eigen vectors and their properties (without proof); Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof), verification; finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem; diagonalization of a matrix. |
| MODULE III | FUNCTIONS OF SINGLE AND SEVERAL VARIABLES Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem; Lagrange's theorem; Cauchy's theorem-without proof. Functions of several variables: Partial differentiation; Jacobian; functional dependence; maxima and minima of functions of two variables and three variables; method of Lagrange multipliers. |
| MODULE IV | FOURIER SERIES Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Fourier expansion of periodic function in a given interval of length 2π ; Fourier series of even and odd functions; Fourier series in an arbitrary interval; half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions. |
| MODULE V | MULTIPLE INTEGRALS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Evaluation of double integrals (cartesian and polar coordinates); change of order of integration (only cartesian coordinates); evaluation of triple integrals (cartesian coordinates). |

Text Books

1. B. S. Grewal, "*Higher Engineering Mathematics*", Khanna Publishers, 44/e, 2017.
2. Erwin Kreyszig, "*Advanced Engineering Mathematics*", John Wiley & Sons, 10/e, 2011.

Reference Books:

1. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, “*Advanced Engineering Mathematics*”, 3rd ed Narosa Publications, 5th Edition , 2016.
2. George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Thomas,, “*Calculus*”, Uma Publications, 13th e Edition, Pearson Publishers, 2013.
3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyall “*A text book of Engineering Mathematics*”, Laxmi Publication, Reprint, 2008.
4. Dean G. Duffy, “*Advanced Engineering Mathematics with MATLAB*”, PCRC Press
5. Peter O’Neil, “*Advanced Engineering Mathematics*”, Cengage Learning.
6. B.V. Ramana, “*Higher Engineering Mathematics*”, McGraw Hill Education

Electronic Resources:

1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ma88/preview
2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ma86/preview
3. https://www.efunda.com/math/math_home/math.cfm
4. <https://www.ocw.mit.edu/resources/#Mathematics>
5. <https://www.sosmath.com>
6. <https://www.mathworld.wolfram.com>

Materials Online:

1. Course template
2. Tech-talk topics
3. Assignments
4. Definition and terminology
5. Tutorial question bank
6. Model question paper – I
7. Model question paper – II
8. Lecture notes
9. Early lecture readiness videos (ELRV)
10. Power point presentations

23. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|------|----------------------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Theory of Matrices: Types of Real Matrices | CO 1 | T1:2.4 R3:3.11 |
| 2 | Elementary Operations: Elementary Row and Column Transformations | CO 1 | T1:2.7.2 R3:3.34 |
| 3 | Rank of a Matrix by Echelon Form | CO 1 | T1:2.7.4 R3:3.38 |
| 4 | Rank of a Matrix by Normal Form | CO 1 | T1:2.7.7 R3:3.38 |
| 5 | Inverse of a Matrix by Gauss-Jordan Method | CO 1 | T1:2.7.6 R3:3.37 |
| 6 | Solving system of Non-Homogeneous equations | CO 1 | T1:2.10.1 R3:3.39 |
| 7 | Solving system of Homogeneous equations | CO 1 | T1:2.10.3 R3:3.39 |
| 8 | Solving system of Non Homogeneous equations(Unknown Values) | CO 1 | T1:2.10.3 R3:3.39 |
| 9 | Eigen Values of a Matrix | CO 2 | T1:2.13.1 R3:3.46 |
| 10 | Eigen Vectors of a Matrix | CO 2 | T1:2.13.2 R3:3.47 |
| 11 | Properties of Eigen values and Eigen Vectors of a Matrix Problems | CO 2 | T1:2.14 R3:3.47 |
| 12 | Cayley-Hamilton Theorem- Statement, Verification | CO 3 | T1:2.15 R3:3.48 |
| 13 | Applications of Cayley – Hamilton: Finding Inverse and Powers of a Matrix | CO 3 | T1:2.15 R3:3.48 |
| 14 | Diagonalization of Matrix by Linear Transformation | CO 3 | T1:2.16.1 R3:3.49 |
| 15 | Linear Dependence and Independence of Vectors | CO 3 | T1:2.3 R3:3.2 |
| 16 | Mean Value Theorems:1: Rolle's Theorem | CO 4 | T1:4.3.1 R6:2.1 |
| 17 | Mean Value Theorems:2: Lagrange's Theorem | CO 4 | T1:4.3.2 R6:2.2 |
| 18 | Mean Value Theorems:3: Cauchy's Theorem | CO 4 | T1:4.3.3 R6:2.3 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|------|----------------------|
| 19 | Functions of Several Variables: Partial Differentiation | CO 4 | T1:5.2 R3:5.1 |
| 20 | Jacobian Transformations | CO 4 | T1:5.7.1 R3:5.10 |
| 21 | Functional Dependence | CO 4 | T1-5.7.4 R3:5.11 |
| 22 | Maxima and Minima of Functions with Two Variables | CO 4 | T1:5.11.1 R3:5.13 |
| 23 | Maxima and Minima of Functions with Three Variables | CO 4 | T1-5.11.1 R3:5.14 |
| 24 | Method of Lagrange Multipliers | CO 4 | T1-5.12 R3:5.15 |
| 25 | Euler Coefficeints for Fourier Expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi, \pi), (0, 2\pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.2 R3:10.3 |
| 26 | Fourier Series of Even Functions in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi, \pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6.1 R3:10.3 |
| 27 | Fourier Series of Odd Functions in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi, \pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6.2 R3:10.3 |
| 28 | Fourier Series of Neither Functions in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi, \pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6.2 R3:10.3 |
| 29 | Fourier Series in an Arbitrary Interval $(0, 2l)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6.1 R3:10.6 |
| 30 | Fourier Series in an Arbitrary Interval $(-l, l)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6.2 R3:10.6 |
| 31 | Half- Range Fourier Sine Expansions in a Given Interval of Length $(0, \pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.7 R3:10.7 |
| 32 | Half- Range Fourier Cosine Expansions in a Given Interval of Length $(0, \pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.7 R3:10.7 |
| 33 | Double Integrals in Constant Limits | CO 6 | T1-7.1 R3:6.1 |
| 34 | Double Integrals in Variable Limits | CO 6 | T1-7.1 R3:6.2 |
| 35 | Double Integrals in cartesian coordinates (Area enclosed by plane curves) | CO 6 | T1-7.4 R3:6.2 |
| 36 | Double Integrals in polar coordinates | CO 6 | T1-7.3 R3:6.3 |
| 37 | Change of order of integration (only Cartesian form) | CO 6 | T1-7.2 R3:6.4 |
| 38 | Triple Integrals in Constant Limits | CO 6 | T1-7.5 R3:6.5 |
| 39 | Triple Integrals in Variable Limits | CO 6 | T1-7.5 R3:6.5 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|--------------|--------------------|
| 40 | Double and Triple Integrals | CO 6 | T1-7.1 R3:6.5 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Rank of the Matrix by Echelon and Normal Form | CO 1 | T1-2.7 R3:3.38 |
| 2 | Homogeneous and Non Homogeneous Equations | CO 1 | T1-2.10 R3:3.39 |
| 3 | Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors of the Matrix | CO 2 | T1-2.13 R3:3.46 |
| 4 | Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors of the Matrix | CO 2 | T1-2.16 R3:3.49 |
| 5 | Cayley Hamilton Theorem Problems | CO 3 | T1-2.15 R3:3.48 |
| 6 | Powers of the Matrix by Cayley Hamilton Theorem | CO 3 | T1-2.15 R3:3.48 |
| 7 | Powers of the Matrix by Cayley Hamilton Theorem | CO 4 | T1-4.3 R6:2.1 |
| 8 | Jacobians, Functional Relationship | CO 4 | T1-5.7 R3:5.10 |
| 9 | Maxima and minima problems | CO 4 | T1-5.11 R3:5.13 |
| 10 | Fourier Series expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length 2π | CO 5 | T1-10.2 R3:10.3 |
| 11 | Fourier Expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi, \pi)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6 R3:10.3 |
| 12 | Fourier Series in an Arbitrary Interval $(-l, l)$, Fourier Sine, Cosine Series in Interval $(0, l)$ | CO 5 | T1-10.6 R3:10.6 |
| 13 | Finding Double Integrals in Cartesian and Polar Coordinates | CO 6 | T1:7.1 R3:6.1 |
| 14 | Change of order of integration | CO 6 | T1-7.2 R3:6.4 |
| 15 | Triple Integrals | CO 6 | T1-7.5 R3:6.5 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Rank of a Matrix, Homogeneous and Non-Homogeneous equations | CO 1 | T1-2.7 R3:3.39 |
| 2 | Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors, Diagonalization | CO 2, CO3 | T1-2.13 R3:3.46 |
| 3 | Mean Value Theorems, Jacobian Transformations, Functionally Dependent and Independent | CO 4 | T1-4.3 R6:2.1 |
| 4 | Fourier Series (Even, Odd, Neither Functions) | CO 5 | T1-10.2 R3:10.3 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|---------------|--------------------|
| 5 | Multiple Integrals (Double and Triple) | CO 6 | T1-7.1 R3:3.6.1 |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Matrices | CO 1 | T1-2.4 R3:3.11 |
| 2 | Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors | CO 2, CO 3 | T1-2.13 R3:3.46 |
| 3 | Functions of Several Variables | CO 4 | T1-5.2 R3:5.1 |
| 4 | Fourier Series | CO 5 | T1-10.2 R3:10.3 |
| 5 | Multiple Integrals | CO 6 | T1-7.1 R3:6.1 |

24. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build suitable statistical models, tools and techniques to analyse large data sets for visualization and interpretation. |
| PSO 2 | Focus on improving software reliability, network security or information retrieval systems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of computing theory, mathematics, statistical methods and the principles of optimization techniques in data analytics for providing solutions. |

25. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

26. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | - | - |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | - | - |

| | | | |
|-------|--|---|---|
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | - |
|-------|--|---|---|

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

27. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

28. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Explain the role of rank and inverse of real and complex matrices in solving complex engineering problems by using elementary transformation methods (principles of mathematics). | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Determine the Eigen values, Eigen vectors, Spectral matrix complex engineering problems modelled by matrices with help of Characteristic Equation (principles of mathematics). | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Model the problem into matrices, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply the concepts of Eigen values and Eigen vectors to develop the solution and interpret, validate the results through proper documentation. | 6 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Make use of Cayley Hamilton theorem for finding positive and negative powers of the matrix and apply them in the complex engineering problems modelled by matrices (principles of mathematics). | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Explain the mean-value theorems for the single variable functions and the extreme values for functions of several variables apply them in the complex engineering problems Partial derivatives of (principles of mathematics). | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Build the Fourier series expansion for the complex engineering problems modelled by given periodic, even and odd functions in various intervals with the help of Fourier coefficients formulae (principles of mathematics). | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Model the problem with the help of suitable periodic functions, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply Fourier series expansions to develop the solution and interpret, validate the results through proper documentation.. | 6 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Determine the solution of complex engineering problems modelled by Double and Triple Integrals by using substitution method and principles of mathematics. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Model the problem with the help of ordinary integrations, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply on double and triple integrations by method of ordinary integration and other analytical methods to develop the solution and interpret, validate the results through proper documentation. | 6 |

29. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

30. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 66.6 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 66.6 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 66.6 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

31. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Student Viva | - | Certification | - |
| Term Paper | - | Tech-Talk / 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Definitions and Terminology | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Assignments | ✓ |










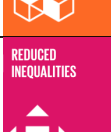

33. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

34. Relevance to Sustainability goals:

Brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

Mathematics plays an important role in the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) and at the same time these allow working with real situations in the subject of mathematics, providing the student with active learning. Sustainability is used to make the student see the usefulness of mathematics while instilling values and attitudes towards it.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| ✓ |  | Quality Education: Minimizing school dropout: The teaching of mathematics plays an important role in the implementation of sustainable education to achieve future goals: to make learning mathematics more relevant and applicable, as well as to support the development of 21st century skills. |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| × | RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION  | - |
| × | CLIMATE ACTION  | - |
| × | LIFE BELOW WATER  | - |
| × | LIFE ON LAND  | - |
| × | PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS  | - |
| × | PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS  | - |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Mr. P.Shantan Kumar, Assistant Professor

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course code | ACSD01 | | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING | | | | |
| 4 | Class / Semester | I / I | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 0 hours | | Practical: – hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Dr. J Sirisha Devi | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 28/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cse | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | - | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

The course provides a solid foundation in object-oriented programming concepts in using them. It includes concepts object-oriented concepts such as information hiding, encapsulation, and polymorphism. It contrasts the use of inheritance and composition as techniques for software reuse. It provides an understanding of object-oriented design using graphical design notations such as Unified Modelling Language (UML) as well as object design patterns.

15. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|---|---|
| I | The fundamental concepts and principles of object-oriented programming in high-level programming languages. |
|---|---|

| | |
|-----|---|
| II | Advanced concepts for developing well-structured and efficient programs that involve complex data structures, numerical computations, or domain-specific operations. |
| III | The design and implementation of features such as inheritance, polymorphism, and encapsulation for tackling complex problems and creating well-organized, modular, and maintainable code. |
| IV | The usage of input/output interfaces to transmit and receive data to solve real-time computing problems. |

16. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Interpret the features of object-oriented programming languages, comparison, and evolution of programming languages. |
| CO 2 | Model the real-world scenario using class diagrams and exhibit communication between objects. |
| CO 3 | Estimate the need for special functions for data initialization. |
| CO 4 | Outline the features of object-oriented programming for binding the attributes and behavior of a real-world entity. |
| CO 5 | Use the concepts of streams and files that enable data management to enhance programming skills. |
| CO 6 | Develop contemporary solutions to software design problems using object-oriented principles. |

17. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|-----------------------------|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Objects and legacy systems | 1 | Summarize fundamental concepts of programming through a procedural approach. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 2 | Differentiate between OOP and other programming paradigms such as procedural programming. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Object-oriented programming | 3 | Gain knowledge to design and implement software solutions using OOP principles. | CO 1 | Remember |
| | | 4 | Discuss applications of OOP in software development, graphical user interface development, and mobile application development. | CO 1 | Understand |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 3 | Abstraction: Levels of abstraction | 5 | Identify the data components and behaviors of multiple abstract data types. | CO 1 | Remember |
| | | 6 | Apply techniques of decomposition to break a program into smaller pieces. | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | 7 | Implement a coherent abstract data type with loose coupling between components and behaviors. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 4 | Classes and objects: Fields, methods, messages | 8 | Interpret knowledge by defining classes and creating instances to represent and interact with real-world entities or concepts. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 9 | Instantiate objects from classes to understand the relationship between classes and objects. | CO 2 | Remember |
| 5 | Access specifiers: public, private, protected | 10 | Enumerate access specifiers' visibility and accessibility of class members (variables and methods) within different parts of a program. | CO 2 | Remember |
| 6 | Class diagrams | 11 | Create and interpret class diagrams to visually represent classes, relationships, and interactions. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 7 | Encapsulation | 12 | Review the encapsulation principle by specifying who can access and modify class members. | CO 3 | Remember |
| | | 13 | Implement encapsulation by using access modifiers (public, private, protected) to control access to class members. | CO 2 | Apply |
| | | 14 | Use static fields to keep a count of the number of objects that have been instantiated or to store a value that must be shared among all instances. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 8 | Special member functions: Constructors, destructors | 15 | Select the constructor methods in initializing object attributes when instances are created. | CO 3 | Remember |









| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| | | 16 | Illustrate destructors to manage resources and perform cleanup operations in the classes such as closing files, releasing locks, or cleaning up cached data. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 9 | Overloading: Functions, operators, constructors | 17 | Express the behavior of operators of a class that enriches programming skills in various ways that are both intuitive and flexible. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | 18 | Infer that data is in a compatible format for specific operations or assignments to avoid unexpected behavior or data loss. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | 19 | List the types of inheritance to facilitate code reuse, organization, and hierarchy for modeling complex systems. | CO 4 | Remember |
| 10 | Inheritance: Subclasses, and method overriding | 20 | Use subclassing to design class hierarchies that allow code to be reused for distinct subclasses. | CO 4 | Apply |
| | | 21 | Identify the type of inheritance to create specialized classes that inherit the properties and behaviors of more general classes. | CO 4 | Remember |
| 11 | Virtual functions | 22 | Demonstrate code flexibility using virtual functions to work with different types of objects through a common interface. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 12 | Polymorphism | 23 | Review polymorphism on different derived classes to be treated as objects of their common base class. | CO 4 | Remember |
| | | 24 | Understand and demonstrate polymorphic behavior through function overriding and function overloading. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 13 | Streams and files | 25 | Illustrate console input and output to create applications that interact with users, and process data. | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | 26 | Label objects to store them in files and deserialize them to recreate objects from files. | CO 5 | Remember |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|------------------------|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| | | 27 | Demonstrate file-handling operations to enrich programming capabilities to create more sophisticated applications that interact with and manipulate external data sources effectively. | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | 28 | Use output with manipulators and predefined manipulators for formatting input and output data. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 14 | Command line arguments | 29 | Interpret software systems and applications to configure and control via command-line arguments. | CO 5 | Understand |

18. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| 1. Programming skills - The tech industry evolves rapidly, and staying up-to-date with the latest programming languages, frameworks, and development practices is crucial. Combining OOP skills with a commitment to continuous learning demonstrates a student's dedication to staying relevant in a dynamic field. |
| 2. Project-based skills - Creating projects that utilize OOP principles allows a student to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios. This hands-on experience helps solidify their understanding of how OOP concepts work in practice. |

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  | ✓ |  | ✓ |  | x |  |
| | Power Point Presentation | | Chalk & Talk | | Assignments | | MOOC |
| x |  | x |  | x |  | ✓ |  |
| | Open Ended Experiments | | Seminars | | Mini Project | | Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz, and the remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments. Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given in the first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub-divisions in a question.

Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE:

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|---|
| MODULE I | Object-oriented concepts Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Objects and legacy systems, procedural versus Object-oriented programming, top-down and bottom-up approaches and their differences, benefits of OOP, applications of OOP, and features of OOP. Abstraction: Layers of abstraction, forms of abstraction, abstraction mechanisms. |
| MODULE II | Classes and objects Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Classes and objects: Object data, object behaviors, creating objects, attributes, methods, messages, creating class diagrams. Access specifiers and initialization of class members: Accessing members and methods, access specifiers - public, private, protected, memory allocation. Static members, static methods. |
| MODULE III | Special member functions and overloading Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Constructors and destructors: Need for constructors and destructors, copy constructors, dynamic constructors, parameterized constructors, destructors, constructors and destructors with static members. Overloading: Function overloading, constructor overloading, operator overloading - rules for overloading operators, overloading unary and binary operators, friend functions. |
| MODULE IV | Inheritance and polymorphism Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Inheritance: types of inheritance, base class, derived class, usage of final, ambiguity in multiple and multipath inheritances, virtual base class, overriding member functions, order of execution of constructors and destructors. Polymorphism and virtual functions: Virtual functions, pure virtual functions, abstract classes, introduction to polymorphism, static polymorphism, dynamic polymorphism. |
| MODULE V | Console I/O and working with files Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Console I/O: Concept of streams, hierarchy of console stream classes, unformatted I/O operations, managing output with manipulators. Working with files: Opening, reading, writing, appending, processing, and closing different types of files, and command line arguments. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Matt Weisfeld, *The Object-Oriented Thought Process*, Addison Wesley Object Technology Series, 4th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Timothy Budd, *Introduction to object-oriented programming*, Addison Wesley Object Technology Series, 3rd Edition, 2002.
2. Gaston C. Hillar, *Learning Object-Oriented Programming*, Packt Publishing, 2015.
3. Kingsley Sage *Concise Guide to Object-Oriented Programming*, Springer International Publishing, 1st Edition, 2019.
4. Rudolf Pecinovsky, *OOP - Learn Object Oriented Thinking and Programming*, Tomas Bruckner, 2013.
5. Grady Booch, *Object-oriented analysis and design with applications*, Addison Wesley Object Technology Series, 3rd Edition, 2007.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/java/concepts/>
2. <https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/>
3. <https://www.edx.org/learn/object-oriented-programming>
4. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/introduction-of-object-oriented-programming/>

22. Course plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|------|---------------------------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs, and PSOs | | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Objects and legacy systems | CO 1 | T1, Pg: 05 |
| 2 | Object-oriented programming | CO 1 | T1, Pg: 06 |
| 3 | Procedural versus object-oriented programming | CO 1 | T1, Pg: 07, R4: Pg: 13 |
| 4 | Top-down and bottom-up approaches and their differences | CO 1 | R5: 1.5 |
| 5 | Benefits and applications of OOP | CO 1 | R5: 1.6 |
| 6 | Features of OOP | CO 1 | T1, Pg: 12 |
| 7 | Abstraction and layers of abstraction | CO 1 | R1: 2.1 |
| 8 | Forms of abstraction | CO 1 | R1: 2.2 |
| 9 | Abstraction mechanisms | CO 1 | R1: 2.3 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|-------|------------------------|
| 10 | Object data, object behaviors, creating objects | CO 2 | T1, Pg:12, 13 |
| 11 | Attributes, methods, messages | CO 2 | T1, Pg:19, 20 |
| 12 | Classes | CO 2 | T1, Pg: 17 |
| 13 | Creating class diagrams with examples | CO 2 | T1, Pg: 20 |
| 14 | Accessing members | CO 2 | R5: 3.1 |
| 15 | Accessing methods | CO 2 | R5: 3.2 |
| 16 | Access specifiers - public, private, protected with examples | CO 2 | T1, Pg: 188 |
| 17 | Memory allocation | CO 2 | T1, Pg: 90 |
| 18 | Static members, static methods | CO 2 | T1, Pg: 90 |
| 19 | Constructors need constructors and destructors | CO 3 | T1, Pg: 71 |
| 20 | Copy constructors with examples | CO 3 | R1: 15.1 |
| 21 | Dynamic constructors with examples | CO 3 | R1: 15.3 |
| 22 | Parameterized constructors and destructors | CO 3 | R1: 15.3.1 |
| 23 | Constructors and destructors with static members | CO 3 | R1: 15.3.2 |
| 24 | Function overloading, constructor overloading | CO 3 | R1: 15.3.2 |
| 25 | Operator overloading - rules for overloading operators | CO 3 | R1: 15.3.2 |
| 26 | Overloading unary and binary operators | CO 3 | R1: 15.3.2 |
| 27 | Friend functions | CO 3 | R1: 15.3.2 |
| 28 | Inheritance and types of inheritance | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 153 |
| 29 | Base class, derived class, usage of final | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 45 |
| 30 | Ambiguity in multiple and multipath inheritance | CO 45 | T1, Pg: 136 |
| 31 | Virtual base class, overriding member functions | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 137 |
| 32 | Order of execution of constructors and destructors | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 28 R1: 14.1 |
| 33 | Virtual functions, pure virtual functions | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 28 |
| 34 | Abstract classes | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 21 |
| 35 | Introduction to polymorphism | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 21 |
| 36 | Static polymorphism, dynamic polymorphism. | CO 4 | T1, Pg: 21 |
| 37 | Concept of streams, hierarchy of console stream classes. | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 225 |
| 38 | Unformatted I/O operations | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 221 |
| 39 | Managing output with manipulators and predefined manipulators. | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 225 |
| 40 | Data streams, the opening of a file | CO 5 | R1: 2.5 |
| 41 | Reading/writing a character from/into a file | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 225 |
| 42 | Appending into a file | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 232 |
| 43 | Processing and closing files | CO 6 | T1, Pg: 227 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|--------------------------------------|---|------|-------------|
| 44 | Different types of files and file systems. | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 226 |
| 45 | Command line arguments | CO 5 | T1, Pg: 228 |
| 46 | Question bank discussion | CO 6 | T1 |
| 47 | Question bank discussion | CO 6 | T1 |
| 48 | Question bank discussion | CO 6 | T1 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Design a class to represent books with attributes like title, author, and ISBN. Create a class for library patrons with borrowing history and due dates. Implement methods to borrow and return books, tracking availability, and due dates. | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Design a class for products with properties like name, price, and description. Develop a shopping cart class that allows users to add and remove products. Use objects to create an interactive shopping experience with calculated totals. | CO 1 | |
| 3 | Create a class for students with attributes like name, age, and enrolment status. Design a class for courses with properties like title, instructor, and schedule. Implement methods to enroll students in courses and track their progress. | CO 1 | |
| 4 | Design a class representing a geometric shape (e.g., circle, rectangle). Use the const keyword to declare methods that provide information about the shape without modifying its properties. | CO 2 | |
| 5 | Design a university class with nested classes for departments and courses. Utilize nested classes to represent the hierarchical structure of the university's organization. | CO 2 | |
| 6 | Design a class representing employees with attributes like name, employee ID, and position. Use a constructor to initialize employee information when an object is created. Implement a destructor to handle any cleanup tasks or logging when an employee object is destroyed. | CO 2 | |
| 7 | Implement a class for complex numbers with overloaded operators for addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. Allow users to perform arithmetic operations on complex numbers using intuitive syntax. | CO 3 | |
| 8 | Design a class for representing dates and overload comparison operators. Allow users to compare dates and determine their chronological order. | CO 3 | |
| 9 | Create a utility to convert measurements between different units (e.g., inches to centimeters, pounds to kilograms). Utilize type conversion to handle unit conversions based on user input. | CO 3 | |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|------|-----------|
| 10 | Design a base class Character with virtual functions for movement, attack, and interaction. Implement derived classes PlayerCharacter and EnemyCharacter that override the virtual functions. Use polymorphism to handle interactions between various characters in the game. | CO 4 | |
| 11 | Create a base class Employee with virtual functions for calculating salary and displaying information. Implement derived classes RegularEmployee and ContractEmployee that override the virtual functions. | CO 4 | |
| 12 | Design classes representing accounts (e.g., savings, checking) and customers. Use encapsulation to hide sensitive data and provide methods to deposit, withdraw, and check balances. Apply inheritance to create specialized account types, such as VIP accounts with additional features. | CO 4 | |
| 13 | Develop an application to manage tasks and to-do lists. Use console stream classes to display tasks, prompt users for new tasks, and mark tasks as completed. Enable users to save and load their to-do lists to/from text files using file stream classes. | CO 5 | |
| 14 | Create a calculator application that performs basic arithmetic operations. Utilize console stream classes to prompt users for operands and operators, and display the calculation results. | CO 5 | |
| 15 | Create a utility that parses and analyzes log files. Read log files, extract relevant information, and present summaries. Use file streams to process large log files efficiently. | CO 5 | |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to programming and object legacy. | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Constructor and destructor. | CO 2 | |
| 3 | Operator overloading. | CO 3 | |
| 4 | Data hiding. | CO 4 | |
| 5 | Command line arguments. | CO 5 | |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Classes and objects. | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Constructors and destructors. | CO 2 | |
| 3 | Overloading a unary and binary operator using friend function and member function. | CO 3 | |
| 4 | Ambiguity in derived classes for multipath inheritance. | CO 4 | |
| 5 | Console stream classes. | CO 5 | |

23. Program outcomes and Program specific outcomes:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identity, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using the first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations. | 3 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 3 | CIE/SEE |

| | | | |
|-------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 2 | Tech talk/Definitions and terminology |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. | 2 | CIE/SEE |

25. How program-specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 3 | Tech talk /Definitions |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 3 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |

27. Justifications for CO – PO / PSO mapping - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Understand (knowledge) the basic concept of object-oriented programming while evaluating mathematical expressions in program statements. These concepts provide insight into expression evaluation by applying the principles of mathematics and science. | 3 |
| | PO 5 | With the help of modern engineering tools, we can easily understand the basic concept of objects and classes while evaluating mathematical expressions in program statements. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Extend the knowledge of object-oriented programming to communicate effectively with the engineering community. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand features of procedural as well as object-oriented programming while writing and analyzing computer programs in the areas related to Machine Learning, Big data, and Artificial Intelligence. | 4 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | By applying the knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals we can effectively use the properties of OOP. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Apply nested classes in problem identification, statement, and validation. | 5 |
| | PO 3 | Apply constructors and destructors to investigate and understand different complex engineering problems efficiently. | 8 |
| | PO 5 | Apply static members to model complex engineering activities. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Apply features of procedural as well as object-oriented programming while writing and analyzing computer programs in the areas related to machine learning, big data, and artificial intelligence. | 5 |
| | PSO 3 | Acquire sufficient knowledge of object-oriented concepts and apply it in real-time to build a successful career and do higher studies. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Summarize indexing and slicing mechanisms for extracting a portion of data in a sequence using principles of mathematics, and engineering fundamentals. | 8 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Demonstrate the importance of indexing mechanisms in sequences while developing solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. Use creativity to develop more innovative solutions. | 6 |
| | PO 5 | Demonstrate overloading operators with the usage of modern tools. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Summarize indexing mechanisms to design and develop efficient real-time computational problems. | 6 |
| | PSO 3 | Infer sufficient knowledge of container data types and apply it in real-time for building a successful career and doing higher studies. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Demonstrate different modules/packages in object-oriented programming while developing solutions using the fundamentals of mathematics, science, and engineering. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Understand the usage of modules/packages while developing solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. Use creativity to develop more innovative solutions. | 8 |
| | PO 5 | Interpret different string functions by using modern tools. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Extend the focus to understanding the usage of modules/packages and communicating effectively with the engineering community. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Summarize string handling functions that involve manipulating and managing text or character data for tasks like data validation, formatting, and communication. | 7 |
| | PSO 1 | Demonstrate different modules to understand, design, and analyze computer programs in reducing the time and space complexities of various applications. | 5 |
| | PSO 3 | Illustrate modern computer tools in implementing string handling mechanisms for various applications to become a successful professional in the domains. | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Make use of parameter passing and different types of arguments in user-defined functions to design efficient modular programs by applying the knowledge of mathematics, science, and Engineering fundamentals. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Apply modular programming concepts for problem identification, formulation, and data collection. | 8 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Select a strong foundation for writing efficient modular programs using parameter-passing mechanisms for career building by understanding the requirements and communicating effectively with the engineering community. | 7 |
| | PO 5 | Develop different functions by using modern tools. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Develop design and analyze object-oriented programming in the areas of the concept of passing of parameters and arguments in functions to do modular programming. | 6 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply scientific principles and methodologies, mathematical principles, and other engineering disciplines for procedural and object-oriented programming. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Apply object-oriented concepts in problem identification, statement, and validation. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Identify the need for object-oriented concepts while developing solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. Use creativity to develop more innovative solutions. | 7 |
| | PO 5 | Develop object-oriented principles using modern tools. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Apply the knowledge of object-oriented programming to communicate effectively with the engineering community. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Identify the need for object-oriented principles for the preparation and the ability to engage in independent and lifelong learning | 6 |
| | PSO 1 | Focus on writing programs using procedural and object-oriented concepts for applications such as computational geometry, machine learning, big data, and artificial intelligence by understanding and applying the engineering principles of learning. | 6 |
| | PSO 3 | Acquire sufficient knowledge of object-oriented concepts and apply it in real-time to build a successful career and pursue higher studies. | 2 |

28. Total count of key competencies for CO – PO / PSO mapping:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 3 |

29. Percentage of key competencies CO – PO / PSO:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 66.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| CO 2 | 100 | 50 | 80 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 60 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 83.3 | 0.0 | 100 |
| CO 3 | 100 | 0.0 | 60 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 100 |
| CO 4 | 100 | 0.0 | 80 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 40 | 0.0 | 88 | 83.3 | 0.0 | 100 |
| CO 5 | 100 | 80 | 70 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| CO 6 | 100 | 80 | 70 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 40 | 0.0 | 75 | 100 | 0.0 | 100 |

30. Course articulation matrix PO / PSO mapping:

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 3 | - | 3 |
| TOTAL | 18 | 7 | 15 | - | 18 | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | 6 | 18 | - | 12 |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 2.3 | 3 | - | 3.0 | | - | - | - | 2.0 | - | 3.0 | 3.0 | - | 3.0 |

31. Assessment methodology - Direct:






| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Student Viva | - | Certification | - |
| Definitions and Terminology | ✓ | Tech talk / 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Tech Talk | ✓ |








32. Assessment methodology - Indirect:






| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of mini projects by experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write a brief description of the course and its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality education: Guarantee an education system that is both inclusive and fair, offering high-quality learning experiences and lifelong opportunities accessible to all. |
| 5 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |
| 9 |  | Industry, innovation, and infrastructure: Strong OOP skills enable to design and development of services like microservice architecture, cloud computing, machine learning, and AI integration in a modular and maintainable way, contributing to a more flexible and scalable infrastructure. |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | Sustainable cities and communities: OOP skills can develop software solutions that contribute to urban sustainability, improve quality of life, and address challenges like smart city solutions, energy efficiency and monitoring, waste management systems, public transportation optimization, environmental sensor networks, education, and awareness faced by modern cities. |
| 12 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 28-08-2023.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. J Sirisha Devi, Associate Professor

HOD CSE (AIML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|----------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE(AIML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | Elements of Electrical and Electronics Engineering | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AEED01 | | | | |
| 4 | Class/ Semester | I/ I | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials - | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: Nil hours | | Practical: Nil hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Ms.M.Varalakshmi | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—-/—- | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Course title | Semester | |
| | | - | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

The course provides basic foundation in electrical and electronics. It includes the concepts related to electrical circuits, the fundamental operating principles of electrical machines and the characteristics of semiconductor devices. It also empowers students to understand electronics and electrical systems in their daily lives, from household appliances to personal devices.

15. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The fundamentals of electrical circuits and analysis of circuits with DC and AC excitation using circuit laws. |
| II | The construction and operation of Electrical machines.. |
| III | The operational characteristics of semiconductor devices with their applications. |

16. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|---|------------|
| CO 1 | Make use of basic electrical laws for solving DC and AC circuits. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Solve the network theorems to calculate the parameters in electrical circuits. | Understand |
| CO 3 | Demonstrate the fundamentals of electromagnetism for the operation of DC and AC machines. | Understand |
| CO 4 | Utilize the characteristics of diodes for the construction of rectifiers and regulators circuits. | Understand |
| CO 5 | Interpret the transistor configurations for optimization of the operating point. | Apply |
| CO 6 | Illustrate the amplifier circuits using transistors for computing hybrid parameters. | Apply |

18. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome: | Blooms Level |
|-----|---------------------|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Electrical Circuits | TLO 1 | Introduction to electrical circuits | CO1 | Understand |
| | | TLO 2 | Basic Definitions of Electrical Circuits | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | TLO 3 | Equivalent resistance of electrical circuits and source transformation of electrical circuits. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Electrical laws | TLO 4 | Basic Electric laws | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | TLO 5 | Star to delta and delta to star transformation | CO 1 | Understand |
| 3 | Electrical analysis | TLO 6 | Calculate voltages and currents with mesh analysis. | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 7 | Calculate voltages and currents with nodal analysis | CO 1 | Apply |
| 4 | AC Circuits | TLO 8 | Demonstrate the basics of single-phase AC circuits | CO 1 | Understand |
| 5 | Electrical Theorem | TLO9 | Procedure for Superposition theorem | CO2 | Understand |
| 6 | Electrical Theorem | TLO10 | Procedure for Reciprocity theorem | CO2 | Understand |
| 7 | Electrical Theorem | TLO11 | Procedure for Thevenin's theorem | CO2 | Understand |
| 8 | Electrical Theorem | TLO12 | Procedure for Norton's theorem | CO2 | Understand |









| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|-------------------------------------|--------|--|------------------|--------------|
| 9 | Electrical Theorem | TLO13 | Procedure for Maximum Power Transfer theorem | CO2 | Understand |
| 10 | 3 phase voltages | TLO14 | Voltage and current relationships in star and delta connections | CO2 | Understand |
| 11 | DC Circuits | TLO 15 | Apply the basic theorems to solve the problems on DC circuits. | CO2 | Apply |
| 12 | 3Phase cirrcuits | TLO 16 | Basics of three-phase AC circuits | CO2 | Understand |
| 13 | DCmachines and AC machines | TLO 17 | Illustrate the construction and operation of DC and AC motors and generators | CO3 | Understand |
| 14 | DC machines | TLO 18 | EMF equation of DC motors and generators | CO3 | Understand |
| 15 | DC machines | TLO 19 | Types of DC motors and generators | CO3 | Understand |
| 16 | DC machines | TLO 20 | Applications and losses of DC motors and generators | CO3 | Understand |
| 17 | DC machines | TLO 21 | Problems based on losses and Efficiency of DC motors and generators | CO3 | Apply |
| 18 | semiconductor diode | TLO 22 | Understand the basics of semiconductor elements | CO4 | Understand |
| 19 | semiconductor diode characterictics | TLO 23 | Illustrate the characteristics of the PN junction diode | CO4 | Understand |
| 20 | rectifiers | TLO 24 | Develop the rectifiers using diodes and their characteristics | CO4 | Apply |
| 21 | Operation of semiconductor diode | TLO25 | Operation of a diode as a switch | CO4 | Understand |
| 22 | Zener diode | TLO26 | Operation of Zener diode as the voltage regulator | CO4 | Understand |
| 23 | Rectifier parameters | TLO27 | Calculation of Rectifier parameters | CO4 | Apply |
| 24 | Transistors | TLO28 | Introduction to bipolar junction transistors | CO5 | Understand |
| 25 | Transistor configurations | TLO29 | Illustrate the characteristics of bipolar junction transistors with various configurations | CO5 | Understand |
| 26 | Transistor principle | TLO30 | Working principle of NPN Transistor | CO5 | Understand |
| 27 | Transistor principle | TLO31 | Working principle of PNP Transistor | CO5 | Understand |

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|--------------------------|--------|--|------------------|--------------|
| 28 | Transistor configuration | TLO32 | Transistor characteristics under CE configuration | CO5 | Understand |
| 29 | transistor configuration | TLO33 | Transistor characteristics under CB configuration | CO5 | Understand |
| 30 | transistor configuration | TLO34 | Transistor characteristics under CC configuration | CO5 | Understand |
| 31 | BJT characteristics | TLO35 | Input and output characteristics of bipolar junction transistor | CO5 | Understand |
| 32 | Amplifiers | TLO36 | Understand the operation of a transistor as an amplifier | CO6 | Understand |
| 33 | Amplifier circuits | TLO37 | Understand the two port devices and networks of Amplifier circuits | CO6 | Understand |
| 34 | Models of transistors | TLO38 | Small signal operation and models for transistors | CO6 | Understand |
| 35 | CE Amplifier | TLO39 | Method of amplification in CE amplifier | CO6 | Understand |
| 36 | H parameters | TLO40 | Describe the h parameters of bipolar junction transistors with the concept of small signal operation | CO6 | Understand |

18. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| Project based skills Elements of electrical and electronics engineering for students based on qualitative and quantitative analysis of experimental skills |

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

21. Course Content-Number of Modules: Five

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS . Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Concept: Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's laws, the equivalent resistance of networks, star to delta transformation, mesh and nodal analysis (with DC source only). Single phase AC circuits: representation of alternating quantities, RMS, average, form and peak factor, RLC series circuit. . |
| MODULE II | NETWORK THEOREMS AND THREE PHASE VOLTAGES . Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Network Theorems: Superposition, reciprocity, Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum power transfer theorems for DC excitation circuits. Three phase voltages (Definitions only): voltage and current relationships in star and delta connections. ; |
| MODULE III | ELECTRICAL MACHINES AND SEMICONDUCTOR DIODES . Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | DC and AC machines: Motors and generators, Principle of operation, parts, EMF equation, types, applications, losses and efficiency. Semiconductor diode: P-N Junction diode, symbol, V-I characteristics, half wave rectifier, full wave rectifier, bridge rectifier and filters, diode as a switch, zener diode as a voltage regulator.. |
| MODULE IV | BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR AND APPLICATIONS . Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Bipolar junction transistor: characteristics and configurations, working principle NPN and PNP transistor, CE, CB, CC configurations – input and output characteristics, transistor as a switch.. |

| | |
|----------|--|
| MODULE V | TRANSISTOR AMPLIFIERS Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Amplifier circuits: Two port devices and network. - Small signal models for transistors – concept of small signal operation - amplification in CE amplifier - h parameter model of a BJT- CE, CB and Emitter follower analysis.. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. M.S.Sukhija, T K Nagsarkar, “ *Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering* .” Oxford, 1st Edition, 2012.
2. Salivahanan, “ *Electronics devices and Circuits* .” TMH, 4th Edition, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. C.L. Wadhwa & “*Electrical Circuit Analysis including Passive Network Synthesis*”, International, 2nd edition, 2009.
2. David A Bell, “*Electric circuits*”, Oxford University Press, 7th edition, 2009.
3. P.S Bimbra “*Electrical Machines*”, Khanna Publishers, 2nd edition, 2008.
4. D.P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath, “ *Basic Electrical Engineering*”, Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2021.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. <https://www.kuet.ac.bd/webportal/ppmv2/uploads/1364120248DC%20Machines>
2. <https://www.eleccompengineering.files.wordpress.com/2014/08/a-textbook-of-electrical-technology-volume-ii-ac-and-dc-machines-b-l-thferaja.pdf>
3. https://www.geosci.uchicago.edu/moyer/GEOS24705/Readings/Klempner_Ch1.pdf
4. <https://www.ibiblio.org/kuphaldt/electricCircuits/DC/DC.pdf>
5. <https://www.users.ece.cmu.edu/dwg/personal/sample.pdf>.
6. <https://www.iare.ac.in>

22. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | Course Out-come's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------|
| Discussion on OBE | | | |
| 1 | Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs and PSOs | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | Course Out-come's | Reference |
|------|--|-------------------|------------|
| 1 | Introduction to electrical circuits | CO 1 | T1:1.1-1.3 |
| 2 | Basic definitions of electrical circuits | CO 1 | T1:1.4-1.8 |
| 3 | Equivalent resistance of electrical circuits and Source transformation of electrical circuits | CO 1 | T1:2.6 |
| 4 | Star to delta and delta to star transformation | CO 1 | T1:2.7 |
| 5 | Mesh analysis and problems on mesh analysis | CO 1 | T1:2.9 |
| 6 | Nodal Analysis and problems on nodal analysis | CO 1 | T1:2.8 |
| 7 | Representation of alternating quantities average value, rms value, form factor and peak factor for various waveforms | CO 1 | T1:4.1-4.5 |
| 8 | Concept of impedance, admittance and complex power | CO 1 | T1:4.7-4.8 |
| 9 | Procedure for superposition theorem and problems | CO 2 | T1:2.11 |
| 10 | Procedure for reciprocity theorem and problems | CO 2 | T1:2.11.1 |
| 11 | Procedure for Thevinin's theorem and problems | CO 2 | T1:2.11.2 |
| 12 | Problems on Thevinin's theorem | CO 2 | T1:2.11.3 |
| 13 | Procedure for Norton's theorem and problems | CO 2 | T1:2.11.4 |
| 14 | Problems on Norton's theorem | CO 2 | T1:2.11.5 |
| 15 | Procedure for Maximum power transfer theorem and problems | CO 2 | T1:2.11.6 |
| 16 | Voltage and current relationships in star delta connections | CO 2 | T1: 5.2 |
| 17 | Construction and operation of DC machines | CO 3 | T1: 9.2 |
| 18 | Classification of DC generators and efficiency | CO 3 | T1: 9.6 |
| 19 | Types of DC motors, losses and efficiency | CO 3 | T1: 9.7 |
| 20 | Introduction to semiconductor devices | CO 4 | T2: 1.1 |
| 21 | PN junction diode, symbol and its voltage current characteristics | CO 4 | T2: 1.2 |
| 22 | Operation of half wave rectifier with and without filters | CO 4 | T2: 1.9 |
| 23 | Operation of full wave rectifier with and without filters | CO 4 | T2: 1.10 |
| 24 | Operation of diode as switch | CO 4 | T2: 1.11 |
| 25 | Operation of zener diode as voltage regulator | CO 4 | T2: 1.12 |
| 26 | Calculation of Rectifier parameters | CO 4 | T2: 1.10 |
| 27 | Introduction to bipolar junction transistors | CO 5 | T2: 3.1 |
| 28 | Working principle of NPN transistor | CO 5 | T2: 3.1.2 |
| 29 | Operation of PNP transistor | CO 5 | T2: 3.1.3 |
| 30 | Transistor characteristics under CB configuration | CO 5 | T2: 3.6 |
| 31 | Transistor characteristics under CE configuration | CO 5 | T2: 3.7 |
| 32 | Transistor characteristics under CC configuration | CO 5 | T2: 3.8 |
| 33 | Biasing and load line of transistors | CO 5 | T2: 4.1 |
| 34 | Operation of transistor as an amplifier | CO 6 | T2: 3.9 |
| 35 | Introduction to port devices and network | CO 6 | T2: 5.2 |
| 36 | Concept of small signal operation for transistors | CO 6 | T2: 5.2.7 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | Course Out-come's | Reference |
|---|--|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 37 | Amplification in common emitter amplifier | CO 6 | T2: 5.3.1 |
| 38 | Calculation of h parameter model of a BJT CE configuration | CO 6 | T2: 5.3.2 |
| 39 | Calculation of h parameter model of a BJT CB configuration | CO 6 | T2: 5.3.3 |
| 40 | Calculation of h parameter model of a BJT CC configuration. | CO 6 | T2: 5.5 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Problems on equivalent resistance | CO 1 | T1: 2.6 |
| 2 | Problems on star to delta and delta to star transformation | CO 1 | T1: 2.7 |
| 3 | Problems on mesh and nodal analysis | CO 1 | T1: 2.8-2.9 |
| 4 | Problems on superposition theorem | CO 2 | T1: 2.11 |
| 5 | Problems on reciprocity theorem | CO 2 | T1: 2.11.1 |
| 6 | Problems on Maximum power transfer theorem | CO 2 | T1: 2.11.2 |
| 7 | Problems on emf equation of DC generators | CO 3 | T1: 9.2 |
| 8 | Problems on efficiency of DC generators | CO 3 | T1: 9.3 |
| 9 | Problems on DC motors | CO 3 | T1: 9.4 |
| 10 | Problems on efficiency of DC motors | CO 3 | T1: 9.5 |
| 11 | Problems on alternator emf equation | CO 4 | T1: 7.4 |
| 12 | Problems on alternators | CO 4 | T1: 7.5 |
| 13 | Problems on rectifiers using diodes | CO 4 | T2: 1.10 |
| 14 | Problems on transistors CB configuration | CO 5 | T2: 3.6 |
| 15 | Problems on transistors CE and CC configuration | CO 6 | T2: 3.7-3.8 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to Engineering Mechanics | CO 1 | T1: 1.1-1.12 |
| 2 | Definition and terminology from network theorems and three phase AC circuits | CO 2 | T1: 2.1-2.12 |
| 3 | Definition and terminology from electrical machines and diodes | CO 3, CO 4 | T1: 7,8,9 T2: 1.1-1.12 |
| 4 | Definition and terminology from transistors | CO 5 | T2: 3.1-3.10 |
| 5 | Definition and terminology from transistor amplifier circuits | CO 6 | T2: 9.1-9.6 |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Question bank from electrical circuits | CO 1 | T1: 1.1-1.12 |
| 2 | Question bank from network theorems and three phase AC circuits | CO 2 | T1: 1.1-1.12 |
| 3 | Question bank from electrical machines and diodes | CO 3, CO 4 | T1: 7,8,9 T2: 1.1-1.12 |
| 4 | Question bank from electrical machines and diodes | CO 5 | T2: 3.1-3.10 |
| 5 | Question bank from transistor amplifier circuits | CO 6 | T2: 9.1-9.6 |

23. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/SEE/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | CIE/SEE/AAT |

25. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, and Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 1 | CIE/SEE/AAT |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

27. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Recollect the concept of electricity is described through scientific principles, importance Kirchhoff laws in relation with law of conservation of energy and charge circuits are explained using mathematics, engineering fundamentals and various source transformation techniques are adopted for solving complex circuits. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Solve complex electrical circuits by applying basic circuit concepts by using computer programs | 1 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Demonstrate various network theorems in order to determine the same using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Verify various network theorems for their validation using mathematical calculations. | 4 |
| | PSO 1 | Simplify complex electrical networks by applying various circuit theorems by using computer programs | 1 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | The principle of operation and characteristics of DC and AC machines are explained by applying engineering fundamentals including device physics. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Calculate the voltage generated and torque developed in DC and AC generators and motors by using first principles of mathematics . | 4 |
| CO 4 | PO1 | Illustrate the volt-ampere characteristics of semiconductor devices to derive mathematical model for diode current, static and dynamic resistance by applying the principles of mathematics and scientific principles for solving complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement and formulate the static and dynamic resistance from the volt-ampere characteristics of the semiconductor devices using experimental design. | 3 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Understand the characteristics and operation of transistors with the knowledge of engineering fundamentals | 2 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Understand the mathematical principles for design the biasing techniques for BJT amplifier circuits for stable operation by applying the methodology | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Demonstrate the calculation of h parameters with small signal operation using the principles of mathematics and natural sciences. | 4 |

28. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |

29. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.33 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 100 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.33 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 100 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.33 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66.6 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.33 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 66.6 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.33 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 66.6 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.33 | - | - |

30. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 - $C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:





| | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | ✓ | Student Viva | ✓ | Certificates | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | This subject improves the quality of education in engineers and gives the awareness of electrical usage in day to day life. |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| 5 |  <p>GENDER EQUALITY</p> | |
| 6 |  <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p> | |
| 7 |  <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p> | |
| 8 |  <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p> | |
| 9 |  <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> | |
| 10 |  <p>REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p> | |
| 11 |  <p>SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p> | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 12 |  | Responsible Consumption and Production: This subject gives the importance of electricity, by learning how to optimize electrical energy for different applications, students can contribute to reducing energy consumption and minimizing electronic waste and the need for saving energy. |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on - 24/08/2023

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD

Ms.M.Varalakshmi, Assistant Professor



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|-------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION LABORATORY | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD04 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | I Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Lecture Hours 3 | | Practical Hours 3 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Dr Jetty Wilson | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-ae | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | B.Tech | AHSD04 | I | - |

13. Course Overview

This laboratory course is designed to introduce students to create a wide exposure on language learning techniques of the basic elements of listening skills, speaking skills, reading skills and writing skills. In this laboratory, students are trained in communicative English language skills, phonetics, word accent, word stress, rhythm, intonation, oral presentations and extempore speeches. Students are also taught in terms of seminars, group-discussions, presenting techniques of writing, participating in role plays, telephonic etiquettes, asking and giving directions, information transfer, debates, description of persons, places and objects etc. The laboratory encourages students to work in a group, engage in peer-reviews and inculcate team spirit through various exercises on grammar, vocabulary, and pronunciation games etc. Students will make use of all these language skills in academic, professional and real time situations.

18. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|----|--|
| I | English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and stress patterns for effective pronunciation. |
| II | Critical aspect of speaking and reading for interpreting in-depth meaning between the sentences. |

| | |
|-----|--|
| III | Language techniques for social interactions such as public speaking, group discussions and interviews. |
| IV | Computer-assisted multi-media instructions and independent language learning. |

19. COURSE OUTCOMES:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Articulate the use of draw, modify and dimension commands of AutoCAD for development of 2D and 3D drawings. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Differentiate stress shifts, syllabification and make use of past tense and plural markers effectively in connected speech; besides participate in role plays with confidence. | Understand |
| CO 3 | Apply weak forms and strong forms in spoken language and maintain intonation patterns as a native speaker to avoid mother tongue influence; moreover, practice various etiquettes at professional platform. | Understand |
| CO 4 | Demonstrate Errors in pronunciation and the decorum of oral presentations; for that reason, take part joining in group discussions and debates with much critical observations | Understand |
| CO 5 | Strengthen writing effective messages, notices, summaries and also able to write reviews very critically of art and academical videos. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Argue scholarly, giving the counters to open ended experiments, and also writing slogans for the products talentedly. | Understand |

14. Employability Skills

| |
|--|
| 1. Employment advantage: Effective English language and communication skills are crucial in many aspects of life, including education, business, workplace and social interactions. Proficient English language skills enable individuals to express themselves clearly, understand others, and engage in meaningful conversations. As the primary language of communication across the globe, proficiency in English is a highly sought-after skill in the international workplace and one of the benefits of learning English is therefore that it significantly boosts our job opportunities |
|--|

16. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | x |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | x | Probing Further Questions |

17. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

20. SYLLABUS:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Recognise English speech sounds in order to execute formal and informal communication |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Introduction to pronunciation2. Introducing self and introducing others and feedback3. Introduction to phonetics, listening to English sounds, Vowel and Consonant sounds4. Describing a person or place or a thing using relevant adjectives – feedback5. Pronunciation practice |
| CO 2 | Construct required dialogues in role plays in verbal communication |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Role plays on fixed expressions in various situations2. Structure of syllables3. Asking for directions and giving directions4. Weak forms and strong forms5. Intonation |
| CO 3 | ADifferentiate mother tongue influence while speaking English in JAM sessions, debates, group discussions and telephonic conversations. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Word accent and stress shifts2. JAM Sessions using public address system3. Extempore-Picture4. Etiquette5. Debates6. Listening comprehension7. Group discussion |
| CO 4 | Pronounce past tense and plural markers and weak forms and strong forms as a native speaker. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Past tense and plural markers2. Neutralization of Mother Tongue Influence (MTI)3. Weak forms and strong forms4. Common errors in pronunciation practice through tongue twisters5. Minimal pairs |

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 5 | Demonstrate the techniques of writing leaflets, messages and notices.. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Writing slogan related to the image 2. Providing reviews and remarks 3. Writing slogan related to the image 4. Demonstration on how to write leaflets, messages and notices |
| CO 6 | Use language appropriately during interviews and oral presentations. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Oral presentations 2. Techniques and methods to write summaries and reviews of videos 3. Information transfer 4. Open ended experiments-phonetics practice 5. Open ended experiments-text to speech |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Professional Communication laboratory manual.

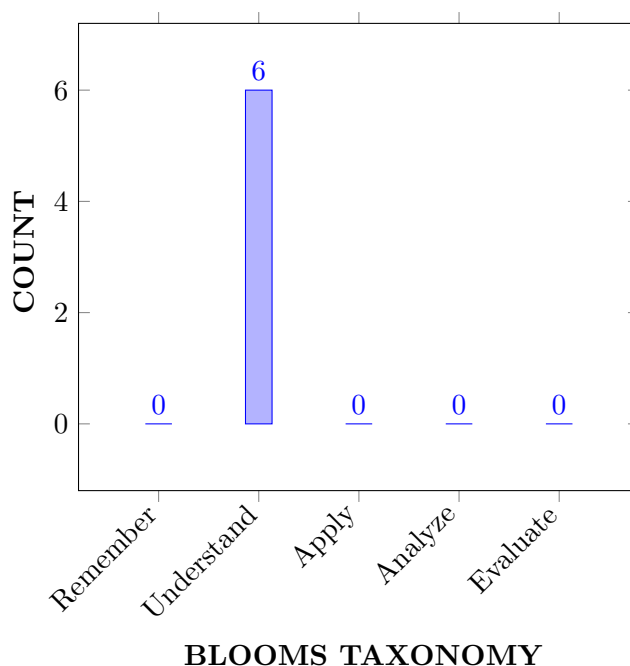
REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Meenakshi Raman, Sangeetha Sharma, Technical Communication Principles and Practices, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2015..
2. Rhirdion, Daniel, Technical Communication, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 1st Edition, 2009..

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Cambridge online pronunciation dictionary <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/>
2. Cambridge online pronunciation dictionary <https://dictionary.cambridge.org/>
3. Repeat after us <https://brycs.org/clearinghouse/3018/>
4. Language lab <https://brycs.org/clearinghouse/3018/>
5. Oxford online videos

22. COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



33. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|------|------------|
| 1 | CALL LAB: Introduction to pronunciation ICS LAB: Introducing self and introducing others and feedback: | CO 1 | Understnad |
| 2 | CALL LAB: Introduction to phonetics, listening to English sounds, Vowel and Consonant sounds. ICS LAB: Describing a person or place or a thing using relevant adjectives – feedback | CO 1 | Understnad |
| 3 | CALL LAB: Structure of syllables. ICS LAB: JAM Sessions using public address system | CO 2 | Understnad |
| 4 | CALL LAB: Word accent and stress shifts. ICS LAB: Asking for directions and giving directions | CO 2 | Understand |
| 5 | CALL LAB: Past tense and plural markers ICS LAB: Role plays on fixed expressions in various situations | CO 2 | Understand |
| 6 | CALL LAB: Weak forms and strong forms ICS LAB: Extempore-Picture | CO 3 | Understand |
| 7 | CALL LAB: Intonation ICS LAB: Interpretation of Proverbs and Idioms | CO 3 | Understand |
| 8 | CALL LAB: Neutralization of Mother Tongue Influence (MTI) ICS LAB: Etiquette | CO 3 | Understand |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|------------|
| 9 | CALL LAB: Common errors in pronunciation practice through tongue twisters ICS LAB: Oral Presentations | CO 4 | Understand |
| 10 | CALL LAB: Minimal pairs ICS LAB: Debates | CO 4 | Understand |
| 11 | CALL LAB: Listening comprehension ICS LAB: Group discussion | CO 4 | Understand |
| 12 | CALL LAB: Demonstration on how to write leaflets, messages and notices. ICS LAB: Techniques and methods to write summaries and reviews of videos | CO 5 | Understand |
| 13 | CALL LAB: Pronunciation practice ICS LAB: Information transfer | CO 5 | Understand |
| 14 | CALL LAB; Open Ended Experiments-Phonetics Practice ICS LAB: Providing reviews and remarks | CO 6 | Understand |
| 15 | CALL LAB: Open Ended experiments-Text to Speech. ICS LAB: Writing slogan related to the image | CO 6 | Understand |

23. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Specific Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |

| Program Specific Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions | 5 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

25. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | - | - |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | - | - |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | - |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |

27. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 10 | Discuss the significance of individual learning and the advantages of being a team member and also develop leadership qualities. | 5 |
| CO 2 | PO 9, PO 10 | Demonstrate about roleplays and its impact to enhance fluency levels. Strengthen word accent and stress shifts while doing group discussions. | 3, 5 |
| CO 3 | PO 9, PO 10 | Use intonation in connected speech while participating debates. Identify the number syllables in words and pronounce them as a native speaker. | 3, 5 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|----------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 4 | PO 10 | Pronouns the sentences within the tone boundaries maintaining the melody of the language | 3 |
| CO 5 | PO 10 | Interpret writing leaflets, messages and notices like a professional. | 5 |
| CO 6 | PO 9, PO 10 | Explain the procedure of preparing for interviews and academical oral presentations. Besides, recognising English speech sounds in order to maintain speaking efficiency | 3, 5 |

28. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAP- PING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - |

29. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - |

30. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ –Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | 18 | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

15. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 4 |  | <p>English language has become lingua franca across the globe. For that reason, it is compulsory to learn this language at advanced level. In MNC companies, those who have excellent communication skills ,their carrer graph is going to high very quickly. Hence ,the role of English language has become a part of the life.</p> |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |
| 9 |  | |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr Jetty Wilson, Associate Professor

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|-------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING (AI&ML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING WITH JAVA | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD02 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | I Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Tutorial Hours 1 | | Practical Hours 2 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Dr. Ch Sandeep | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 25/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequistes | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | - | - | - | - |
| | | - | - | - | - |

13. COURSE OVERVIEW

This course provides a solid foundation in object-oriented programming concepts and hands-on experience in using them. It introduces the concepts of abstraction and reusable code design via the object-oriented paradigm. Through a series of examples and exercises students gain coding skills and develop an understanding of professional programming practices. Mastering Java facilitate the learning of other technologies.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The strong foundation with the Java Virtual Machine, its concepts and features. |
| II | The systematic understanding of key aspects of the Java Class Library |
| III | The usage of a modern IDE with an object oriented programming language to develop programs. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Develop non-trivial programs in an modern programming language. |
| CO 2 | Apply the principles of selection and iteration. |
| CO 3 | Appreciate uses of modular programming concepts for handling complex problems. |
| CO 4 | Recognise and apply principle features of object-oriented design such as abstraction and encapsulation. |
| CO 5 | Design classes with a view of flexibility and reusability. |
| CO 6 | Code, test and evaluate small usecases to conform to a specification. |

16. EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

| |
|--|
| 1. Problem-Solving and Critical Thinking: Students learn to analyze complex problems, design solutions using Java's object-oriented principles, and translate real-world scenarios into code. |
| 2. Debugging and Troubleshooting: Debugging challenges in the lab help students master error identification, interpretation, and use of debugging tools, essential for real-world software development. |

17. CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Expected Viva Voce questions | ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| X |  Competitions | X |  hackathons | ✓ |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Program | Results | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. COURSE CONTENT

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Develop non-trivial programs in an modern programming language. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Getting Started Exercises2. Exercises on Number Systems (for Science/Engineering Students) |
| CO 2 | Apply the principles of selection and iteration. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Decision and Loop2. Exercises on Input, Decision and Loop3. Exercises on Nested-Loops (Patterns)4. Magic(Special) Numbers5. Exercises on String and char Operations6. Exercises on Arrays |
| CO 3 | Appreciate uses of modular programming concepts for handling complex problems. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Methods2. Exercises on Command-line Arguments and Recursion3. More (Difficult) Exercises |
| CO 4 | Recognise and apply principle features of object-oriented design such as abstraction and encapsulation. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Classes and Objects |
| CO 5 | Design classes with a view of flexibility and reusability. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Inheritance |
| CO 6 | Code, test and evaluate small usecases to conform to a specification. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Polymorphism, Abstract Classes and Interfaces |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

Text Books

1. Farrell, Joyce. “*Java Programming*”, Cengage Learning B S Publishers, 8th Edition, 2020
2. Schildt, Herbert. ” *Java: The Complete Reference*” 11th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2018.

Reference Books

1. Deitel, Paul and Deitel, Harvey. "Java: How to Program", Pearson, 11th Edition, 2018.
2. Evans, Benjamin J. and Flanagan, David. "Java in a Nutshell", O'Reilly Media, 7th Edition, 2018.
3. Bloch, Joshua. "Effective Java", Addison-Wesley Professional, 3rd Edition, 2017.
4. Sierra, Kathy and Bates, Bert. "Head First Java", O'Reilly Media, 2nd Edition, 2005.

Materials Online

1. <https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/>
2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java>
3. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/index.htm>
4. <https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=java>

20. COURSE PLAN

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's |
|------|--|------|
| 1 | Getting Started Exercises | CO 1 |
| 2 | Exercises on Number Systems (for Science/Engineering Students) | CO 1 |
| 3 | Exercises on Decision and Loop | CO 2 |
| 4 | Exercises on Input, Decision and Loop | CO 2 |
| 5 | Exercises on Nested-Loops (Patterns) | CO 2 |
| 6 | Magic(Special) Numbers | CO 2 |
| 7 | Exercises on String and char Operations | CO 2 |
| 8 | Exercises on Arrays | CO 2 |
| 9 | Exercises on Methods | CO 3 |
| 10 | Exercises on Command-line Arguments, Recursion | CO 3 |
| 11 | More (Difficult) Exercises | CO 3 |
| 12 | Exercises on Classes | CO 4 |
| 13 | Exercises on Inheritance | CO 5 |
| 14 | Exercises on Polymorphism, Abstract Classes and Interfaces | CO 6 |

Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|---|
| 1. | Given an array of integers nums and an integer target, return indices of the two numbers such that they add up to target. |
| 2. | Given a sorted array of distinct integers and a target value, return the index if the target is found. If not, return the index where it would be if it were inserted in order. |
| 3. | Given a roman numeral, convert it to an integer. |

| | |
|----|---|
| 4. | Implement the myAtoi(string s) function, which converts a string to a 32-bit signed integer |
| 5. | Given a string s, find the length of the longest substring without repeating characters. |

21. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |

| Program Specific Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

23. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| CO 6 | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - |

25. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of modern computer tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 7 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 7 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking. | 4 |
| CO 4 | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 6 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking. | 3 |
| CO 5 | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 7 |
| | PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking. | 3 |
| | PSO 2 | Focus on improving software reliability, network security or information retrieval systems. | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 7 |
| | PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. | 3 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. | 4 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking. | 3 |
| | PSO 2 | Focus on improving software reliability, network security or information retrieval systems. | 1 |

26. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 1 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | 7 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 7 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | - |
| CO 6 | - | 7 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | - |

27. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 33.3 | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 2 | 33.3 | 70 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 33.3 | 70 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | 70 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 70 | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 | 50 | - |
| CO 6 | - | 70 | - | - | - | 60 | - | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | 50 | 50 | - |

28. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-3 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - |
| CO 6 | - | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - |
| TOTAL | 3 | 15 | 3 | - | 3 | 4 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 9 | 4 | 2 |
| AVERAGE | 1 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | 2 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 |

29. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:






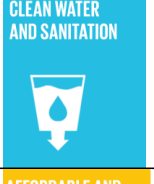
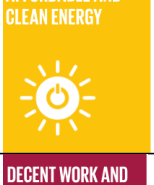

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |









30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:


| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31.RELEVANCE TO SUSTAINABILITY GOALS

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Quality Education: The students can gain a deeper understanding of how technology can be harnessed to address global challenges. This promotes quality education by fostering critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of sustainable development. |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  | Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure: Java programming skills are essential for developing innovative software solutions. Students working on projects related to sustainable development can contribute to building resilient infrastructure and promoting inclusive and sustainable industrialization. |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Sustainable Cities and Communities: Java programming plays a crucial role in developing applications for smart cities, efficient transportation, and waste management systems. Through projects in the lab, students can explore ways to create more sustainable urban environments. |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Climate Action: Students can create climate-related applications, such as carbon footprint calculators or climate data analysis tools, using Java programming. This directly contributes to SDG 13 by raising awareness and facilitating climate action. |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| ✓ | PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS  | Partnerships for the Goals: Collaborative projects can foster partnerships among students, educators, and local communities. These partnerships enhance knowledge sharing and the development of innovative solutions that align with multiple SDGs. |
|---|--|---|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. C h Sandeep, Associate Professor

HOD,CSE (AI&ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|--|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Code | AEED03 | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB | | | |
| 4 | Semester | I | | | |
| 5 | Regulations | BT-23 | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Lecture Hours - | | Practical Hours 36 | |
| 7 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 8 | Course Coordinator | Mr. G.Viswanath | | | |
| 9 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | |
| 10 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/BT23/AEED03.pdf | | | |
| 11 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | Intermediate | - | - | Physics |

12. Course Overview

This course serves as a foundation course on electrical engineering. It covers a broad range of fundamental electrical circuits and devices. The concepts of current, voltage, power, basic circuit elements, electrical and electronic devices and their application in more complex electrical systems are to be imparted to the students

13. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The basic laws for different circuits. |
| II | The elementary experimental and modeling skills for handling problems with electrical machines in the industries and domestic applications to excel in professional career. |
| III | The intuitive knowledge needed to test and analyze the performance leading to design of electric machines by conducting various tests and calculate the performance parameters. |
| IV | Gain knowledge on semiconductor devices like diode and transistor |

14. Course Outcomes:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|-----|---|------------|
| CO1 | Demonstrate an electric circuit by proving laws and solving theorems | Understand |
| CO2 | Identify the performance characteristics of DC shunt motor by suitable test. | Apply |
| CO3 | Discuss the performance of induction generator to study magnetizing characteristics. | Apply |
| CO4 | Acquire basic knowledge on the working of diodes and rectifiers to study their characteristics. | Understand |
| CO5 | Identify transistor configuration to deduce its working characteristics. | Apply |
| CO6 | Use of half wave and full wave rectifiers to study the characteristics. | Understand |

15. Employability Skills

| |
|--|
| 1. Innovative Thinking: This course helps the students to think innovative through different experiments and tests. |
| 2. Technological Knowledge: Here they gain technical knowledge on electrical equipment. |
| 3. Safety awareness: Students get holistic safety awareness about electricity which is very important for anyone. |

16. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | x |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

17. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks for internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today's performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment, and the remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) AppDevelopment (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment-during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation.

Table 1.0: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 2.0: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 20 |

Table 3.0: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

18. Course Content:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Solve the source resistance, currents, voltage and power using various laws associated with electrical circuits. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Introduction to electrical circuits2. Exercises on Basic Electrical Circuit Law's3. Exercises on Mesh Analysis4. Exercises on Nodal Analysis |
| CO 2 | Analyze open circuit characteristics of DC Shunt Generator |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Observe the voltage build up, critical field resistance, critical speed |
| CO 3 | Perform Open circuit and Short Circuit tests on single phase transformer to observe efficiency |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Conduct Open circuit and Short circuit tests on Transformer |
| CO 4 | Demonstrate Thevenin's and Norton's theorems to reduce complex networks into simple equivalent networks with DC excitation |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Thevenin's Theorem2. Exercises on Norton's Theorem |
| CO 5 | Apply Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction for calculating the various performance parameters in magnetic circuits. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Determination of Circuit Impedance2. Exercise on Series and Parallel Resonance |
| CO 6 | Use the connecting wires of good continuity, short circuit of connecting wire leads damage of circuit parameters. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercise on Z and Y Parameters2. Exercise on H and ABCD Parameters |

19. Course Plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping | - | |
| 2 | Introduction to electrical circuits | CO 1 | T1:2.1 R1:1.12.3 |
| 3 | Exercises on Basic Electrical Circuit Law's | CO 1 | T1:1.12-1.18 R1:1.15 |
| 4 | Exercises on Mesh Analysis | CO 1 | T1:5.1-5.2 R1:1.16 |
| 5 | Exercises on Nodal Analysis | CO 2 | T1:5.3 R1:1.13.1 |
| 6 | Exercises on Characteristics of Periodic Waveforms | CO 3 | T1:2.4 R1:1.13.2 |
| 7 | Exercises on Determination of Circuit Impedance | CO 5 | T1:2.4 R1:1.13.3 |
| 8 | Exercises on Thevenin's Theorem. | CO 4 | T1:5.1-5.2 R1:1.7.1 |
| 9 | Exercises on Norton's Theorem | CO 4 | T1:5.3 R1:1.17.3 |
| 10 | Exercises on Superposition Theorem | CO 3 | T1:5.3 R1:2.6.1 |
| 11 | Exercises on Reciprocity Theorem | CO 3 | T1:5.7 R1:2.6.2 |
| 12 | Exercise on Series and Parallel Resonance | CO 5 | T1:1.3-1.8 R1:2.10 |
| 13 | Exercise on Maximum Power Transfer Theorem | CO 3 | T1:8.12-8.14 |
| 14 | Exercise on Half Wave Rectifier | CO 6 | T1:8.12-8.14 |
| 15 | Exercise on Full Wave Rectifier | CO 6 | T1:8.12-8.14 |

20 Experiments for Enhanced Learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|---|
| 1 | To study the Speed Control methods of D.C. motor |
| 2 | To study the Rectifier working and it's characteristics |

21. Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR) |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas |

22. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 2 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 2 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

23. How program specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR) | 1 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | | ✓ | - | |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | | ✓ | - | |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | |

25. Justifications for CO – PO / PSO mapping - direct:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Apply the basics of mathematics, engineering sciences and other sciences to understand the concept of DC and AC Circuits. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Validate the principles of different laws associated with electrical circuits from obtained principles using basics fundamentals of mathematics and engineering sciences. | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Validate the principles of different laws associated with electrical circuits using digital simulation | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Improve the documentation skills for their problem-solving approaches, calculations, and findings, resulting in well-structured and informative reports | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Verify the various electrical circuit laws using computing tools like Simulink | 1 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Recall the basics of mathematics, engineering sciences and other sciences to understand the concept of Kirch- hom's laws | 3 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 2 | Analyze mesh analysis and nodal analysis technique using principles of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals | 5 |
| | PO 5 | Analyze mesh analysis and nodal analysis technique using digital simulation | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Improve the documentation skills for their problem-solving approaches, calculations, and findings, resulting in well-structured and informative reports | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Verify mesh and nodal analysis using computing tools like Simulink | 1 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Apply the basics of mathematics, engineering sciences and other sciences to understand the network theorems | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Describes the different Theorems with AC and DC excitation from obtained principles using basics fundamentals of mathematics and engineering sciences. | 5 |
| | PO 5 | Construct various electrical circuits to validate Theorems with DC excitation using digital simulation | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Improve the documentation skills for their problem-solving approaches, calculations, and findings, resulting in well-structured and informative reports | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Verify the superposition principle, reciprocity and maximum power transfer condition for the electrical network with DC excitation using computing tools like Simulink | 1 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals to the solution of magnetic circuits | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Describes the fundamental characteristics of electromagnetic induction, self and mutual inductance in the single coil and coupled coils magnetic circuits using basics fundamentals of mathematics and engineering sciences. | 5 |
| | PO 5 | Construct various electrical circuits to validate Thevenin's and Norton's theorems using digital simulation | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Improve the documentation skills for their problem-solving approaches, calculations, and findings, resulting in well-structured and informative reports | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Verify Thevenin's and Norton's theorems for the electrical network with DC excitation using computing tools like Simulink | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Recall the basics of mathematics, engineering sciences and other sciences to understand the concept of two port network and graph theory. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Validate the principles of different parameters and network topology from obtained principles using basics fundamentals of mathematics and engineering sciences. | 5 |
| | PO 5 | Validate the principles of different parameters and network topology using digital simulation. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Improve the documentation skills for their problem-solving approaches, calculations, and findings, resulting in well-structured and informative reports | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Identify complex engineering problems on two port network and graph theory using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Recall the basics of mathematics, engineering sciences and other sciences to understand the concept of duality. | 5 |
| | PO 5 | Determine the H and ABCD parameters for Circuit using digital simulation. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Improve the documentation skills for their problem-solving approaches, calculations, and findings, resulting in well-structured and informative reports | 1 |

26. Total count of key competencies for CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |

27. Percentage of key competencies for CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 60 | - | - | 34 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 100 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 60 | - | - | 34 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 100 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 60 | - | - | 34 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 100 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 60 | - | - | 34 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 100 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 60 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 100 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 60 | - | - | - | - | - |

28. Course articulation matrix (PO – PSO mapping):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 12 | - | - | 18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

29. Assessment methodology direct:

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |







30. Assessment methodology indirect:


| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: This subject will improve the quality education in engineers and gives the awareness in electrical usage in day-to-day life. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 9 | INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE  | |
| 10 | REDUCED INEQUALITIES  | |
| 11 | SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES  | |
| 12 | RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION  | Responsible Consumption and Production This subject impacts the demand of electricity and need for saving energy |
| 13 | CLIMATE ACTION  | |
| 14 | LIFE BELOW WATER  | |
| 15 | LIFE ON LAND  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,EEE



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

MANUFACTURING PRACTICE COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|-------------|---|------------------|
| 1 | Department | I Semester: CSE (AI & ML) / IT / ECE / EEE | | | |
| | | II Semester: CSE / CSE (DS) / CSE (CS) | | | |
| 2 | Course Code | AMED02 | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | MANUFACTURING PRACTICE | | | |
| 4 | Semester | I Semester | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Lecture Hours – | | Practical Hours 2 | |
| 7 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 8 | Course Coordinator | Dr. Ch. Sandeep | | | |
| 9 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | |
| 10 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cseaiml | | | |
| 11 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | – | – | – | No prerequisites |

12. Course Overview:

This course provides the opportunity to become confident with new tools, equipment, and techniques for creating physical objects and mechanisms with a variety of materials. The students will learn the concepts of 3D printing, laser cutting, circuit board soldering, wood carving and CNC machining. Skills learned in the course enable the students about the design process in digital manufacturing used in various industrial applications.

13. Course objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The digital and additive manufacturing techniques used in various industrial applications in the current era to develop prototype models. |
| II | The unconventional machining processes and their selective applications as an alternative to traditional manufacturing methods. |
| III | The standard electrical wiring practices for domestic and industrial appliances. |
| IV | The soldering and de-soldering components on a circuit board safely and correctly. |

14. Course outcomes:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Practice the various types of manufacturing methods for preparing the given material to desired shape by using traditional and unconventional manufacturing practices. |
| CO 2 | Execute the additive manufacturing technology for learning about the 3D printing processes and techniques. |
| CO 3 | Select computer numerical control laser techniques for preparing the required geometrical profiles |
| CO 4 | Demonstrate with the moulding techniques for producing cast components in complex shapes using different patterns |
| CO 5 | Make use of computer numerical technologies to create products using wood carving techniques. |
| CO 6 | Apply the plumbing skills to work with fittings and pipes made of PVC and galvanized steel. |

15. Employability Skills:

| |
|---|
| 1. Employment advantage: This can give competitive advantage when seeking employment to apply knowledge about engineering tools used in manufacturing of products. |
| 2. Programming skills: Understanding basics of CNC programming for application in laying, shaping and cutting process for product development. |
| 3. Project based skills: This can give hands on experience for design, analysis and fabrication of prototype model for real time applications. |
| 4. Safety Awareness: Understanding the different machines, instruments and tools to handle in real-time environment and can apply this awareness to workplaces where safety is a priority. |

16. Content delivery / Instructional methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

17. Evaluation methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| – | – | – | – | – | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

18. Course content:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Practice the various types of manufacturing methods for preparing the given material to desired shape by using traditional and unconventional manufacturing practices. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Preparation of mild steel (MS) material for step turning with grooving operation. Try 1.1 Preparation of Mild Steel (MS) material for step turning with taper operation.2. Preparation of mild steel (MS) material for thread cutting and knurling operation. Try 2.1 Preparation of aluminium material for step turning with taper operation.3. Preparation of slotting operation. Try 3.1 Perform the boring and reaming operation on a rectangular work piece to obtain the required dimensions using vertical milling machine.4. Preparation of V-groove operation. Try 4.1 Perform the key ways on a cylindrical work piece to obtain the required dimensions using shaping machine.5. Demonstration on industry standard grinding. Try 5.1 Demonstration grinding methods and machines. |
| CO 2 | Execute the additive manufacturing technology for learning about the 3D printing processes and techniques. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Preparation of stepped pulley with PLA material. Try 1.1 Preparation of spur gear with ABS material. |

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 3 | Select computer numerical control laser techniques for preparing the required geometrical profiles on non-metallic materials. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparation of acrylic gears using CNC laser engraving / cutting machine. Try 1.1 Preparation of artistic components IARE logo using CNC laser engraving. Demonstration of articulated robot for lifting load. Try 2.1 Demonstration the pick and place operation for the articulated robot Demonstration of milling and lathe system switchable on one simulator. Try 3.1 Demonstration the combination of CNC Simulator with CNC machining simulation. |
| CO 4 | Demonstrate the assembly and disassembly of electrical equipment's and controls for safe domestic applications. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparation of wiring for a stair case arrangement using a two-way switch. Try 1.1 Prepare wiring for a tube light with switch control. Preparation of soldering from a circuit board. Try 2.1 Perform desoldering operation from a circuit board. Perform the maintenance of ceiling fan and ending the trouble shoot. problems. Try 3.1 Perform the maintenance for mixer grinder from a circuit board. |
| CO 5 | Make use of computer numerical technologies to create products using wood carving techniques. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Preparation of wooden wheel using computerized wood carving machine. Try 1.1 Preparation of IARE lettering using CNC wood carving. |

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 6 | Apply the plumbing skills to work with fittings and pipes made of PVC and galvanized steel. |
| | 1. Preparation of PVC material for pipe threading and fitting. Try 1.1 Preparation of galvanized steel I joint. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., “Elements of Workshop Technology”, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai, 2020.
2. Kalpakjian S, Steven S. Schmid, “Manufacturing Engineering and Technology”, Pearson Education India Edition, 7 th Edition, 2019.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Rupinder Singh, J. Paulo Davim, “Additive Manufacturing: Applications and Innovations”, CRC Press, 2 nd Edition, August, 2021.
2. Jeyaprakash Natarajan , Muralimohan Cheepu , Che-Hua Yang , “Advances in Additive Manufacturing Processes”, Bentham Books, 4 th Edition, September, 2021.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Lab manual
2. Question bank

19. Course plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's |
|------|---|------|
| 1 | Preparation of stepped pulley with PLA material using the principles of 3D printing and additive manufacturing techniques. | CO 1 |
| 2 | Preparation of acrylic gears using CNC laser engraving / cutting machine. | CO 1 |
| 3 | Preparation of wooden wheel using computerized wood carving machine. | CO 1 |
| 4 | Preparation of PVC material for pipe threading and fitting using die sets. | CO 2 |
| 5 | Preparation of mild steel (MS) material for step turning with grooving operation using computer numerical control (CNC) lathe machines. | CO 2 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's |
|------|--|------|
| 6 | Preparation of mild steel (MS) material for thread cutting and knurling operation using conventional lathe machines. | CO 3 |
| 7 | Preparation of slotting operation using milling machine. | CO 4 |
| 8 | Preparation of V-groove operation using shaping machine. | CO 4 |
| 9 | Preparation of wiring for a stair case arrangement using a two-way switch. | CO 5 |
| 10 | Preparation of soldering and desoldering from a circuit board. | CO 6 |
| 11 | Perform the maintenance of ceiling fan and ending the trouble shoot problems. | CO 6 |
| 12 | Demonstration of articulated robot for lifting load. | CO 6 |
| 13 | Demonstration of milling and lathe system switchable on one FANUC simulator. | CO 6 |
| 14 | Demonstration on industry standard grinding. | CO 6 |

20. Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Product Oriented Experiments |
|------|---|
| 1 | Divided Tenon Joint: It is the simplest form of Mortise and tenon joint and this joint is made by fitting a short tenon into a continuous groove. This joint has the advantage of being easy to cut and is often used to make cabinet doors and other light duty frame and panel assemblies. |
| 2 | Cross Fitting: It is the fundamental of type of fitting which are used fitting trade and it is formed by joining the two inclined shaped cut specimens together and is often used to join the universal bearings. |
| 3 | hard soldering: Metals and alloys of dissimilar compositions can be hard-soldered (brazed or silver-soldered) together, for example: copper to brass; copper to steel; brass to steel; cast iron to mild steel; and mild steel to stainless steel. |
| 4 | T-Pipe Joint: T-pipe is a type of fitting which is T-shaped having two outlets at 90 degrees to the main line. It is short piece of pipe with a lateral outlet. It is widely used as pipe fittings. |
| 5 | Concrete cube: Plastic or Steel Concrete Cube Moulds are used to form specimens for concrete compressive strength testing. They can also be used as sample containers in the determination of mortar set times as indicated in ASTM C403 and AASHTO T 197. |

21. Program Outcomes and Program Specific Outcomes:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 | Lab Exercises |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 1 | CIA |
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 3 | Lab Exercises |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 1 | SEE |

23. How program specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 3 | Lab Exercises |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ |

25. Justifications for CO – PO/ PSO mapping -DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to join given wooden pieces according to given sketch to develop required joint. | 1 |
| | PO 3 | Conversion of given design into a practical output using design solution for complex engineering problems and design system components. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Develop the given resources and engineering tools into proper fitment as given in the diagrammatical representation. | 1 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | Apply the AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of autonomous systems and robotics.. | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to join given metal pieces according to given sketch to develop required joint. | 1 |
| | PO 5 | Develop the given resources and engineering tools into proper fitment as given in the diagrammatical representation. | 1 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | Apply the AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of autonomous systems and robotics. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to make metal rod into given required shape according to given sketch to develop required joint. | 1 |
| | PO 5 | Develop the given resources and engineering tools into required shape as given in the diagrammatical representation. | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | Apply the AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of autonomous systems and robotics. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to make the casting product from given materials according to given sketch to develop required shape. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Conversion of given design into a practical output using design solution for complex engineering problems and design system components | 2 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 5 | Develop the given resources and engineering tools into required shape as given in the diagrammatical representation | 1 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to make the required electrical connection according to given circuit diagram to develop connection. | 1 |
| | PO 5 | Develop the given resources and engineering tools into proper fitment as given in the diagrammatical representation. | 1 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | Apply the AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of autonomous systems and robotics. | 2 |

26. Total count of key competencies for CO – PO/ PSO mapping

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 3 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 4 | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |

27. Percentage of key competencies CO – PO/ PSO:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 33.3 | - | 20 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | 16.6 | - | - | - | 100 |
| CO 2 | 33.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16.6 | - | - | - | 100 |
| CO 3 | 33.3 | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 |
| CO 4 | 33.3 | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16.6 | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | 16.6 | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 33.3 | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | 16.6 | - | - | - | 100 |

28. Course articulation matrix PO / PSO mapping:

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 |
| CO 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 |
| CO 3 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| CO 4 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 |
| Total | 5 | - | 2 | - | 12 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | | - | 12 |
| Average | 3 | - | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 |

29. Assessment methodology -Direct:









| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | ✓ |









30. Assessment methodology -Indirect:

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31. Relevance to Sustainability goals (SDGs):

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: Manufacturing Practice course provides students with a strong foundation in CNC programming for application in laying, shaping and cutting process for product development, enhancing their learning experience and empowering them to address real- world challenges. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 9 | INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE  | |
| 10 | REDUCED INEQUALITIES  | |
| 11 | SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES  | |
| 12 | RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION  | Responsible Consumption and Production: By focusing on efficient material use, waste reduction, and product durability, manufacturing practice can aid in designing products and systems that align with responsible consumption and production practices. |
| 13 | CLIMATE ACTION  | |
| 14 | LIFE BELOW WATER  | |
| 15 | LIFE ON LAND  | |
| 16 | PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS  | |

| | | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| 17 |  | | |
|----|---|--|--|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 24.08.2023.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. Ch. Sandeep, Associate Professor

HOD, ME



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING(AIML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD03 | | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | | |
| 5 | Semester | II Semester | | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 8 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 9 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 10 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 64 hours | | Tutorials: hours | | Practical: hours | |
| 11 | Course Coordinator | Dr.V Anitha Rani | | | | |
| 12 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | | |
| 13 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/BT23/AHSD03.pdf | | | | |
| 14 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | Intermediate | - | - | - | |
| | | B.Tech | - | - | - | |

15. Course Overview

The course focuses on the fundamental concepts of chemistry to impart knowledge on applications of chemical sciences in engineering and technology. It deals with topics such as electrochemical principles in batteries, techniques to control corrosion, alternative sources of energy and water purification process. The significance of advanced materials and their usage in industrial, commercial and social sectors for sustainable development.

16. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The concepts of electrochemical principles and causes of corrosion in the new developments and breakthroughs efficiently in engineering and technology. |
| II | The different parameters to remove causes of hardness of water and their reactions towards complexometric method. |
| III | The properties, separation techniques of natural gas and crude oil along with potential applications in major chemical reactions.. |
| IV | The different types of materials with respect to mechanisms and its significance in industrial applications. |

17. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Implement the principles of electrochemical systems to control the corrosion in metals. |
| CO 2 | Analyze the basic properties of water for its usage in domestic and industrial purposes. |
| CO 3 | Use complexometry for calculation of hardness of water to avoid industrial problems. |
| CO 4 | Extend the applications of polymers based on their degradability and properties.. |
| CO 5 | Choose the appropriate fuel based on their calorific value for energy efficient processes. |
| CO 6 | Predict the knowledge on viability of advanced materials for technological improvements in various sectors. |

18. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|---------------|--------|---|------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Galvanic cell | TLO 1 | Recall the oxidation and reduction reactions by observing the chemical changes in a cell. | CO 1 | Remember |
| | | TLO 2 | Explain the operation of electrochemical cell to produce electrical energy from spontaneous redox reactions.. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | TLO 3 | Use electrochemical principles in batteries. | CO 1 | Apply |

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--------|--|------------------|--------------|
| 2 | Electrolytic cell | TLO 4 | Illustrate the process of electrolysis by using electrical energy for non-spontaneous chemical reactions.. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | TLO 5 | Use electrolysis process in separating or obtaining pure elements from ores. | CO 1 | Apply |
| 3 | Electrochemical series | TLO 6 | Interpret the degree of reactivity of electrodes based on activity series table with standard hydrogen electrode. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | TLO 7 | Use standard reduction potential data to determine the relative strength of oxidizing and reducing agents. | CO 1 | Apply |
| 4 | Zinc-air battery | TLO 8 | Discuss the chemical reactions in Zinc and oxygen to produce electrical energy. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 5 | Lead-Acid battery and Li-ion battery | TLO 9 | Relate the relationship between charge produced and the amount of product formed for both electrochemical cell and electrolytic cells. | CO1 | Understand |
| 6 | Causes of corrosion | TLO 10 | Recall the corrosion process in metals in presence of environment. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 7 | Chemical Corrosion | TLO 11 | Interpret the oxidation and reduction reactions on the surface of metal in presence of oxygen to form metal oxide in presence of oxygen. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 8 | Electrochemical corrosion | TLO 12 | Illustrate the electrochemical corrosion of metals in acidic and alkaline environment. | CO1 | Understand |
| 9 | Cathodic protection | TLO 13 | Use sacrificial anodes to control corrosion in metal structures. | CO1 | Apply |
| 10 | Galvanizing, Tinning | TLO 14 | Make use of metallic coatings and coating deposition technologies to prevent corrosion in metals | CO1 | Apply |
| 11 | Electroplating | TLO 15 | Use the process of electrolysis in industries to prevent corrosion in metals. | CO1 | Apply |









| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|--|--------|---|------------------|--------------|
| 12 | Treatment methods of potable water, Ion-exchange process and Reverse osmosis | TLO 16 | Estimate the different water treatment methods to use in industries and domestic purpose. | CO2 | Understand |
| 13 | Expression of hardness | TLO 17 | Select the CaCO_3 equivalents to express the total, temporary and permanent hardness of water. | CO3 | Apply |
| 14 | Complexometry method | TLO 18 | Make use of complexometry method to calculate the hardness of water | CO3 | Apply |
| 15 | Types of polymerization | TLO 19 | Relate the addition and condensation polymerization process to synthesize the polymers | CO4 | Understand |
| 16 | Synthetic polymers | TLO 20 | Explain the properties of polymers from organic compounds. | CO4 | Understand |
| 17 | Applications of polymers | TLO 21 | Use polymers in various sectors based on their properties. | CO4 | Apply |
| 18 | Classification of fuels | TLO 22 | Classify the different types of fuels based their physical state of aggregation. | CO5 | Understand |
| 19 | Analysis of coal | TLO 23 | Demonstrate the qualitative and quantitative analysis of coal to prevent problems in industries. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 20 | Refining of petroleum | TLO 24 | Illustrate the fractions of crude oil by fractional distillation process. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 21 | Demonstrate the qualitative and quantitative analysis of coal to prevent problems in industries. | TLO 25 | Develop the work energy relations and apply to connected systems. | CO5 | Understand |
| 22 | Gaseous fuels | TLO 26 | Use Liquefied petroleum gas and Compressed natural gas in various sectors. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 23 | Calorific value of fuels | TLO 26 | Use the Dulong's formula to find the higher calorific value and lower calorific value of fuels | CO 5 | Apply |
| 24 | Combustion of fuels | TLO 27 | Use theoretical calculation of amount of air required for combustion of fuels. | CO 5 | Apply |

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|---------------------------------|--------|--|------------------|--------------|
| 25 | Synthesis of Nanomaterials | TLO 28 | Enhance the understanding of nano-structural materials | CO 6 | Apply |
| 26 | Nanomaterials | TLO 29 | Enhance the use of nanomaterials as a complex materials and structures in buildings. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 27 | Smart materials | TLO 30 | Recognize the importance and applications of smart materials. | CO 6 | understand |
| 28 | Thermoresponse materials | TLO 31 | Identify the importance and benefits of thermoresponse materials | CO 6 | understand |
| 29 | Setting and hardening of cement | TLO 32 | Relate the chemical reactions in setting and hardening of cement | CO 6 | understand |
| 30 | Mechanism of lubrication | TLO 33 | Discuss the mechanism of lubrication process applied under different load, pressure and temperature conditions | CO6 | understand |

19. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| Project based skills Engineering chemistry for students based on qualitative and quantitative analysis of experimental skills. |

20. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | ✓ |  Seminars | ✓ |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

21. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

22. COURSE CONTENT-Number of Modules:Five

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | BATTERIES CHEMISTRY AND CORROSION Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Introduction to electrochemical cells: electrolytic cell, Galvanic cell; electrochemical series and its applications; Batteries: classification of batteries, construction, working and applications of Zinc-air battery, Lead-acid battery, Li-ion battery, applications of Li-ion battery to electric vehicles; Corrosion: causes and effects of corrosion, theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion, mechanism of electrochemical corrosion; Corrosion control methods: cathodic protection, sacrificial anode and impressed current methods; Metallic coatings: Galvanization and tinning; electroplating of Copper. |
| MODULE II | WATER AND ITS TREATMENT Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Hardness Introduction: Hardness of water, causes of hardness; types of hardness, temporary and permanent hardness, expression and units of hardness; estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method; potable water and its specifications, steps involved in the treatment of water, disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization; external treatment of water; ion-exchange process; desalination of water: reverse osmosis, numerical problems. |
| MODULE III | POLYMER TECHNOLOGY Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Polymers: classification of polymers; types of polymerization-addition, condensation polymerization with examples. Plastics: thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics; preparation, properties and engineering applications of PVC, Nylon6,6 and Bakelite; Biodegradable polymers: polylactic acid and polyvinyl alcohol and their applications. Elastomers: Introduction to natural rubber, vulcanization of natural rubber, preparation, properties and engineering applications of Buna-S and Thiokol rubber. |
| MODULE IV | ENERGY SOURCES Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | Introduction to fuels; classification of fuels; Solid fuels: coal; analysis of coal, proximate and ultimate analysis and their significance; Liquid fuels: petroleum and its refining; Gaseous fuels: composition, characteristics and applications of natural gas, LPG and CNG; Alternative and non-conventional sources of energy: solar, wind and hydropower advantages and disadvantages. Calorific value of fuel: HCV and LCV, Dulong's formula, calculation of air quantity required for complete combustion of fuel, numerical problems |

| MODULE V | ENGINEERING MATERIALS Number of Lectures: 12 |
|----------|---|
| | <p>Nanomaterials: introduction, preparation of nanoparticles by sol-gel method, chemical reduction method, applications of nanomaterials. Smart materials and their engineering applications: shape memory materials, poly L-lactic acid. Thermoresponse materials: Polyacryl amides, Poly vinyl amides.</p> <p>Cement: composition of Portland cement, setting and hardening of cement.</p> <p>Lubricants: characteristics of a good lubricant, mechanism of lubrication, thick film, thin film and extreme pressure lubrication; properties of lubricants: viscosity, Redwood viscometer, flash and fire point, cloud and pour point.</p> |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Jain and jain, Monika jain , “*Engineering Chemistry* ”, Dhanpat Rai Publishers, 17th Edition, 2022.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Shashi chawla& *Engineering Chemistry*”, 1th Edition, 2017.
2. jaya sree Reddy, “*Engineering Chemistry*”, wiley Publications, 2023.
3. S.S Dara “*Engineering Chemistrys. chand*”12th Edition, 2018.
4. Nitin K Puri “*Nanomaterials Synthesis Properties And Applications*”, I K international publishing house pvt Ltd, 1st edition 2021.
5. S. Bhavikatti, “*Engineering Chemistry*”, New Age International, 5th Edition, 2020.
6. R. C. Hibbler, “*Engineering Chemistry*”, Pearson Press, 2021.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Lecture notes, ELRV videos and power point presentations
2. Answers / solutions to all questions / problems in the textbook
3. Online exercises
4. Problems and solutions in files

23. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|------|------------------------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Electrochemical cells (Galvanic cell), electrolytic cell | CO 1 | T1:6.1, R1:7.4,8 |
| 2 | Electrochemical series and its applications | CO 1 | T1: 6.7, R1:10 |
| 3 | Batteries, classification of batteries | CO 1 | T2:5.10 R1:1.15 |
| 4 | Construction, working and applications of Zinc-air battery | CO 1 | T1:3.13, R1:23.1 |
| 5 | Construction, working and applications of Lead-acid storage battery | CO 1 | T1:3.13,R1:23.2 |
| 6 | Construction, working and applications of Li-ion battery, applications of Li-ion battery to electric vehicles | CO 1 | T1:3.14 , R1:24 |
| 7 | Corrosion, causes and effects of corrosion, chemical corrosion | CO 1 | T1:3.20, R1:1.2 |
| 8 | Electrochemical corrosion, mechanism of electrochemical corrosion | CO 1 | T1:3.21, R1:2.1 |
| 9 | Cathodic protection, sacrificial anode and impressed current methods | CO 1 | T1:3.22, R1:6.4 |
| 10 | Metallic coatings, Galvanization and tinning, electroplating of Copper. | CO 1 | T1:3.23, R1:6.3,6.6 |
| 11 | Hardness of water, causes of hardness, disadvantages of hard water | CO 2 | T1:2.1, R1:4 |
| 12 | Types of hardness, temporary and permanent, expression and units of hardness | CO 2 | T1:2.1, R1:5.3 |
| 13 | Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method | CO 3 | T1:2.6, R1:6.1 |
| 14 | potable water and its specifications, steps involved in the treatment of water, disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization | CO 2 | T1:2.6.5, R1:14 |
| 15 | External treatment of water, ion-exchange process | CO 3 | T1:2.8, R1:12.3 |
| 16 | Desalination of water, reverse osmosis | CO 3 | T1:2.10.2, R1:17.4 |
| 17 | Classification of polymers; types of polymerization-addition, condensation polymerization with examples. | CO 4 | T1: 3.5, R1: 3 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|------|--------------------------|
| 18 | Plastics, thermoplastic and thermosetting plastics | CO 4 | T1:1.4, R1: 2.10 |
| 19 | Preparation, properties and engineering applications of PVC | CO 3 | T1:3.5, R1: 7.2 |
| 20 | Preparation, properties and engineering applications of Nylon 6,6 s | CO 4 | T1: 3.12, R1:7.7 5.1.2 |
| 21 | Preparation, properties and engineering applications of Bakelite | CO 4 | T1:3.14, R1: 3.2.3 |
| 22 | Biodegradable polymers, polylactic acid and polyvinyl alcohol and their applications. | CO 4 | T1:3.14, R1: 3.2.3 |
| 23 | Elastomers, vulcanization of natural rubber | CO 4 | T1: 3.15, R1:6.1 |
| 24 | Preparation, properties and applications of Buna-s and Thiokol rubber. | CO 4 | T1: 3.22, R1: 6.7 |
| 25 | Classification of fuels, analysis of coal, proximate analysis of coal and their significance | CO 5 | T1:4.2, R1: 2.1, 7.1,7.2 |
| 26 | Ultimate analysis of coal and their significance | CO 4 | T1:4.4.1, R1:7.1,7.2 |
| 27 | Liquid fuels, petroleum and its refining | CO 5 | T1:4.5.2, R1:15.2 |
| 28 | Composition, characteristics and applications of natural gas, LPG and CNG | CO 5 | T1:4.6, R1:9.1,9.2 |
| 29 | Alternative and non-conventional sources of energy: solar, wind and hydropower advantages and disadvantages. | CO 4 | T1:4.6, R1:9.8 |
| 30 | Calorific value of fuel: HCV and LCV, Dulong's formula, | CO 5 | T1:4.8, R1: 4.1 |
| 31 | Calculation of air quantity required for complete combustion of fuel, numerical problems. | CO 5 | T2:16.9 R1:8.11.2 |
| 32 | Nanomaterials, preparation of nanoparticles by sol-gel method | CO 6 | T1: 6.0, R1: 1 |
| 33 | Preparation of nanoparticles by chemical reduction method and applications of nanomaterials. | CO 6 | T1: 6.1, R1:11 |
| 34 | Smart materials and their engineering applications, shape memory materials, Poly L-Lactic acid. | CO 6 | T1: 6.1 R2:12.24 |
| 35 | Thermoresponsive materials, Polyacryl amides, Poly vinyl amides. | CO 6 | T1: 6.1 |
| 36 | Cement, composition of Portland cement | CO 6 | T1: 5.1.2, R1: 3.2 |
| 37 | Setting and hardening of cement. | CO 6 | T1: 5.1.3, R1: 3.3 |
| 38 | Lubricants, characteristics of a good lubricant | CO 6 | T1: 3.24, R1: 3,5 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|------------|--------------------------|
| 39 | Mechanism of lubrication, thick film, thin film and extreme pressure lubrication | CO 6 | T1: 3.24, R1: 3,5 |
| 40 | properties of lubricants, viscosity, flash and fire point, cloud and pour point | CO 6 | T1: 3.25, R1: 7 R1: 7 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Problems on temporary and permanent hardness in Degree French and ppm | CO 3 | T1:2.1, R1:5.4 |
| 2 | Problems on temporary, permanent and total hardness in ppm and Degree Clark | CO 3 | T1:2.1, R1:5.4 |
| 3 | Problems on the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water in Degree French and Degree Clark. | CO 3 | T1:2.1, R1:5.5 |
| 4 | Problems on the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water in Degree Clark and Mg/L. | CO 3 | T1:2.1, R1:5.5 |
| 5 | Problems on the total hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method. | CO 3 | T1:2.6, R1:6.2 |
| 6 | Problems on the temporary hardness and permanent hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method. | CO 3 | T1:2.6, R1:6.2 |
| 7 | Problems on the temporary hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method. | CO 3 | T1:2.6, R1:6.2 |
| 8 | Problems on the permanent hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method. | CO 3 | T1:2.6, R1:6.2 |
| 9 | Problems on the higher and lower calorific values of the fuel. | CO5 | T1:4.8, R1:4.3 |
| 10 | Problems on the gross and net calorific values of the fuel. | CO 5 | T1:4.8, R1:4.3 |
| 11 | Problems on HCV and LCV (polar coordinates). | CO 5 | T1:4.8, R1:4.3 |
| 12 | Problems on GCV and NCV | CO 5 | T1:4.8, R1:4.3 |
| 13 | Problems on calculation of air quantity required for complete combustion of coal | CO 5 | T1:4.9, R1:10.2 |
| 14 | Problems on complete combustion of fuel in air | CO 5 | T1:4.9, R1:10.2 |
| 15 | Problems on calculation of air quantity required for complete combustion of fuel | CO 5 | T1:4.9, R1:10.2 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Definitions & terminology discussion on batteries chemistry and corrosion | CO 1 | T1:6.1, R1: 7.4,1.2 |
| 2 | Definitions & terminology discussion on water and its treatment | CO 2, CO3 | T1:2.1, R1:5.3 |
| 3 | Definitions & terminology discussion on polymer technology | CO 3, CO 4 | T1: 3.5, R1: 7.2 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|------------|-----------------------|
| 4 | Definitions & terminology discussion on energy sources | CO 5 | T1:4.2, R1:2.1 |
| 5 | Definitions & terminology discussion on engineering materials | CO 6 | T1: 6.0, R1: 11,3,3.2 |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Question bank discussion on batteries chemistry and corrosion | CO 1 | T1:6.1, R1: 7.4,1.2 |
| 2 | Question bank discussion on water and its treatment | CO 2, CO 3 | T1:2.1, R1:5.3 |
| 3 | Question bank discussion on polymer technology | CO 4 | T1: 3.5, R1: 7.2 |
| 4 | Question bank discussion on energy sources | CO 5 | T1:4.2, R1:2.1 |
| 5 | Question bank discussion on engineering materials | CO 6 | T1: 6.0, R1: 11,3,3.2 |

24. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

25. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 1 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and Environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. | 3 | Seminar / Conferences / Research papers |

26. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | - | - |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | - | - |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | - |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

27. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

28. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 7 | Use metallic coatings to control the corrosion in metals and know the impact in socio economic and environmental contexts for sustainable development.. | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify the problem and formulate for finding the hardness of water in terms of CaCO ₃ equivalents with given information and data by applying principles of science.. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 7 | Use biodegradable polymers to reduce the soil pollution and know the impact in socio economic and environmental contexts for sustainable development.. | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify the problem and formulate for finding the hardness of water in terms of CaCO ₃ equivalents with given information and data by applying principles of science.. | 2 |
| | PO 7 | Use biodegradable polymers to reduce the soil pollution and know the impact in socio economic and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 2 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 7 | Use biodegradable polymers to reduce the soil pollution and know the impact in socio economic and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 2 |

29. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

30. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

31. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% < C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 12 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Average | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:










| | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |









33. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

34. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |
| ✓ |  | Water purification can help to decrease dangerous bacteria and other chemicals that can weaken the immune system by removing pollutants and impurities. This may assist stay in good health and lowers chance of illness. |
| ✓ |  | The fundamental principles of water treatment and its applications in industry, apply electrochemical principle in batteries |
| × |  | - |
| ✓ |  | Safe and readily available water is important for public health, domestic use, food production or recreational purpose.countries' economic growth and can contribute greatly to poverty reduction. |
| ✓ |  | electricity is provided by clean energy sources such as solar, wind and hydropower. |
| × |  | - |
| × |  | - |

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| × | REDUCED INEQUALITIES  | - |
| ✓ | SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES  | Renewable energy systems for sustainable cities |
| ✓ | RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION  | Renewable energy systems for sustainable cities |
| ✓ | CLIMATE ACTION  | Non-renewable energy resources release harmful greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, creating the greenhouse effect which causes global warming. |
| × | LIFE BELOW WATER  | - |
| ✓ | LIFE ON LAND  | The biodegradable plastics material focuses on creating a more sustainable and greener world with a smaller environmental imprint |
| × | PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS  | - |
| × | PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS  | - |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 21-August-2023 .

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr.V.Anitha Rani, Associate Professor

HOD,CSE (AIML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal- 500 043, Hyderabad, Telangana

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (AI & ML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | APPLIED PHYSICS | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD07 | | | | |
| 4 | Semester | II | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials - | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core - | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 64 | | Tutorials: Nil | | Practical: Nil | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Dr. Rizwana | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 24 August 2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/BT23/AHSD07.pdf | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level UG/PG | Course Code | Course Title | Semester | |
| | | Intermediate | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

The aim of this course is to promote understanding of fundamental knowledge in physics needed for the future technological advances. The concepts covered are in the fields of solid state physics, modern physics, superconductors and nanoscience. This knowledge helps to develop the ability to apply the principles in many advanced technological sectors such as nanotechnology, optical fiber communication, quantum technology etc.

15. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | Fundamental concepts needed to explain a crystal structure in terms of atom positions, unit cells, and crystal symmetry. |
| II | Basic formulations in wave mechanics for the evolution of energy levels and quantization of energies for a particle in a potential box with the help of mathematical description. |
| III | The metrics of optoelectronic components, lasers, optical fiber communication and be able to incorporate them into systems for optimal performance. |
| IV | The appropriate magnetic, superconducting and nanomaterials required for various engineering applications. |

16. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| S.No | Course outcome description |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Use the general rules of indexing of directions and planes in lattices to identify the crystal systems and the Bravais lattices. |
| CO 2 | Extend the principles of dual nature of matter and Schrodinger wave equation to a particle enclosed in simple systems. |
| CO 3 | Analyze the concepts of laser with normal light in terms of mechanism for applications in different fields and scientific practices. |
| CO 4 | Comprehend the knowledge on functionality of components in optical fiber communication system by using the basics of signal propagation, attenuation and dispersion. |
| CO 5 | Gain knowledge on properties of magnetic and superconducting materials suitable for engineering applications. |
| CO 6 | Formulate the principle factors, fabrication, characterization techniques and the applications of nanomaterials. |

17. Mapping of topic learning outcomes (TLO) to course outcomes

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|---|--------|--|------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Space lattice, Basis, unit cell, lattice parameters | TLO 1 | Recollect the basic properties of crystallography and crystal structures. | CO 1 | Remember |
| 2 | Crystal systems | TLO 2 | Classify various crystal systems in terms of unit cell dimensions and crystallographic axes. | CO1 | Understand |
| 3 | Bravais lattices | TLO 3 | Draw the Bravais lattice structures formed in seven crystal systems. | CO1 | Understand |

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|---|--------|---|------------------|--------------|
| 4 | Simple cubic, Body centered cubic, Face centered cubic structures | TLO 4 | Explain different crystal structures and determine their packing fractions. | CO1 | Understand |
| 5 | Planes in a crystal | TLO 5 | Identify different planes that can be formed in the crystal structure. | CO1 | Apply |
| 6 | Interplanar distance | TLO 6 | Determine the expression for interplanar spacing in orthogonal crystal system. | CO1 | Apply |
| 7 | Waves and particles | TLO 7 | Explain the concept of dual nature of matter and light radiation. | CO2 | Understand |
| 8 | de broglie hypothesis, Matter waves | TLO 8 | Extend the de broglie hypothesis to the concept of matter waves. | CO2 | Understand |
| 9 | Davisson and Germers experiment | TLO 9 | Describe how Davisson and Germer experiment explained the existence of matter waves. | CO2 | Understand |
| 10 | Schrodinger time independent wave equation | TLO 10 | Discuss the Schrodinger time independent wave equation associated with matter waves. | CO2 | Understand |
| 11 | Physical significance of wave function | TLO 11 | Analyze the physical significance of wave function associated with matter waves. | CO2 | Apply |
| 12 | Infinite square well potential | TLO 12 | Apply Schrödinger's wave equation for energy values of a free particle confined in one dimensional potential square well. | CO2 | Apply |
| 13 | Characteristics of lasers | TLO 14 | Discuss the basic concepts of laser light sources. | CO3 | Understand |
| 14 | Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation | TLO 15 | Obtain the relation between Einstein coefficients associated with absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission. | CO3 | Apply |
| 15 | Lasing action | TLO 16 | Explain the concepts involved in producing lasing action. | CO3 | Understand |
| 16 | Ruby and He-Ne lasers | TLO 17 | Describe in detail the principle and working of Ruby and He-Ne lasers. | CO3 | Understand |
| 17 | Applications of lasers | TLO 18 | Identify the engineering applications of lasers in different fields. | CO3 | Apply |









| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|--|--------|---|------------------|--------------|
| 18 | Principle and construction of an optical fiber | TLO 19 | Illustrate the principle and construction of optical fibers used in communication system. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 19 | Acceptance angle, Numerical Aperture | TLO 20 | Derive the expressions for the acceptance angle and numerical aperture of an optical fiber. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 20 | Types of optical fibers, Single mode, multimode, step index, graded index | TLO 21 | Discuss different types of optical fibers based on refractive index profile and modes of propagation. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 21 | Optical fiber communication system | TLO 22 | Elucidate the block diagram of fiber optic communication system. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 22 | Applications of optical fibers | TLO 23 | Enlist the applications of optical fibers. | CO4 | Remember |
| 23 | Permeability, field intensity, magnetic field induction, magnetization, magnetic susceptibility, | TLO 24 | Acquire knowledge of basic terms related to magnetic materials. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 24 | Origin of magnetic moment, Bohr magneton | TLO 25 | Describe magnetic moment in an atom in terms of Bohr magneton. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 25 | Classification of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment | TLO 26 | Classify different magnetic materials based on electron theory. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 26 | Hysteresis curve | TLO 27 | Examine the spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnets based on orientation of domains. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 27 | Superconductivity, general properties | TLO 28 | Recall the definition of superconductivity based on resistance. | CO 5 | Remember |
| 28 | Meissner effect | TLO 30 | Explain the Meissner effect related to superconductors. | CO 5 | Understand |

| SNo | TOPIC(S) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come: | Blooms Level |
|-----|---|--------|--|------------------|--------------|
| 29 | Effect of magnetic field | TLO 31 | Analyze the effect of magnetic field on superconductors. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 31 | BCS theory | TLO 33 | Elucidate the concept of flux quantization and BCS theory. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 32 | Applications of superconductors | TLO 34 | Discuss the applications of superconductors. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 33 | Nanoscale | TLO 35 | Recall the definition of nano scale and nanotechnology. | CO 6 | Remember |
| 34 | Quantum confinement | TLO 36 | Explain the quantum confinement factor of nanomaterials. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 35 | Surface to volume ratio | TLO 37 | How the surface to volume ratio changes when particle size is reduced to nano scale. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 36 | Bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods, top-down fabrication: ball milling, physical vapor deposition, chemical vapor deposition | TLO 38 | Discuss different methods of preparation of nanomaterials such as sol-gel, precipitation, and combustion, ball milling, physical vapor deposition and chemical vapor deposition. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 37 | Characterization techniques: x-ray diffraction, transmission electron microscopy | TLO 39 | Acquire the knowledge of different characterization techniques such as X-ray diffraction, Scanning Electron Microscopy and Transmission Electron Microscopy. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 38 | Applications of nanomaterials | TLO 40 | Discuss the applications of nanomaterials in different engineering fields. | CO 6 | Understand |

18. Employability Skills

Project based skills: Applied physics for engineering students develop experimental skills, mathematical and problem solving abilities, required to carry out research and development in a large number of specialties.

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | x |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | ✓ |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given from first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|-----------|---|
| MODULE I | CRYSTAL STRUCTURES Number of Lectures: 12 |
| | Introduction, space lattice, basis, unit cell, lattice parameter, Bravais lattices, crystal systems, structure and packing fractions of simple cubic, body centered cubic, face centered cubic crystals, directions and planes in crystals, Miller indices, separation between successive $[h\ k\ l]$ planes. |
| MODULE II | QUANTUM PHYSICS Number of Lectures: 12 |
| | Waves and particles, de Broglie hypothesis, matter Waves, Davisson and Germer's experiment, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, Schrödinger's time independent wave equation, physical significance of the wave function, infinite square well potential. |

| | |
|------------|---|
| MODULE III | LASERS AND FIBER OPTICS Number of Lectures: 15 |
| | <p>Characteristics of lasers, spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, population inversion, lasing action, Ruby laser, He-Ne laser and applications of lasers.</p> <p>Principle and construction of an optical fiber, acceptance angle, numerical aperture, types of optical fibers (Single mode, multimode, step index, graded index), optical fiber communication system with block diagram and applications of optical fibers.</p> |
| MODULE IV | MAGNETIC AND SUPERCONDUCTING PROPERTIES Number of Lectures: 12 |
| | <p>Permeability, field intensity, magnetic field induction, magnetization, magnetic susceptibility, origin of magnetic moment, Bohr magneton, classification of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment.</p> <p>Superconductivity, general properties, Meissner effect, effect of magnetic field, type-I & type-II superconductors, BCS theory, applications of superconductors.</p> |
| MODULE V | NANOTECHNOLOGY Number of Lectures: 13 |
| | <p>Nanoscale, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio, bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods, top-down fabrication: ball milling, physical vapor deposition, chemical vapor deposition, characterization techniques: x-ray diffraction, transmission emission microscopy, applications of nanomaterials.</p> |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Arthur Beiser, Shobhit Mahajan and Rai Choudhary, *Concepts of Modern Physics*, , Tata McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2017.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. H J Callister, *A Textbook of Materials Science and Engineering*, , Wiley Eastern Edition, 8th Edition, 2013.
2. Halliday, Resnick and Walker, *Fundamentals of Physics*, , John Wiley Sons, 11th Edition, 2018.
3. Charles Kittel, *Introduction to Solid State Physics*, , Wiley Eastern, 2019.
4. S.L. Gupta and V. Kumar, *Elementary Solid State Physics*, , Pragathi Prakashan, 2019.
5. K K Chattopadhyay and A N Banerjee, *Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology*, , Prentice Hall India, 2nd Edition, 2011.

Electronic Resources:

1. NPTEL :: Physics - NOC:Quantum Mechanics I
2. NPTEL :: Physics - NOC:Introduction to Solid State Physics
3. NPTEL :: Physics - NOC:Solid State Physics
4. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104104085>
5. NPTEL :: Metallurgy and Material Science - NOC:Nanotechnology, Science and Applications

Material Online:

1. Course template
2. Tutorial question bank
3. Definition and terminology
4. Tech-talk topics
5. Assignments
6. Model question paper - I
7. Model question paper - II
8. Lecture notes
9. Early learning readiness videos (ELRV)
10. Power point presentations

22. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|------|------------|
| Discussion on OBE | | | |
| 1 | Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs and PSOs | | |
| Content Delivery (Theory) | | | |
| 1 | Introduction, space lattice | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 2 | Basis, unit cell, lattice parameter | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 3 | Crystal systems | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 4 | Bravais lattices | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 5 | Simple cubic structure | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 6 | Body centered cubic structure | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 7 | Face centered cubic structure | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 8 | Directions and planes in crystals | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 9 | Miller indices | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 10 | Separation between successive [h k l] planes | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 11 | Introduction to Quantum Physics | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 12 | Wave-particle duality of radiation | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 13 | de broglie hypothesis and de broglie wavelength | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 14 | Properties of Matter waves | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 15 | Davisson and Germer's experiment | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 16 | Schrödinger time independent wave equation | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 17 | Physical significance of wavefunction | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 18 | Particle in a one-dimensional potential box | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 19 | Characteristics of laser, Spontaneous and Stimulated emission | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 20 | Metastable state, Population inversion, Lasing action | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 21 | Ruby laser | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|-------------------------------------|---|------|------------|
| 22 | He-Ne laser, Applications of LASER | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 23 | Principle and construction of optical fibers | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 24 | Acceptance angle, Acceptance cone, Numerical Aperture | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 25 | Types of optical fibers | CO 4 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 26 | Optical fiber communication system, Applications of optical fibers | CO 4 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 27 | Permeability, field intensity, magnetic field induction, magnetization, magnetic susceptibility | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 28 | origin of magnetic moment, Bohr magneton | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 29 | Diamagnetic and Paramagnetic materials | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 30 | Ferromagnetic materials | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 31 | Hysteresis curve | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 32 | Superconductivity, general properties | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 33 | Meissner effect, effect of magnetic field | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 34 | type-I & type-II superconductors | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 35 | BCS theory | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 36 | applications of superconductors | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 37 | Nanoscale, quantum confinement, surface to volume ratio | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 38 | bottom-up fabrication: sol-gel, precipitation, combustion methods | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 39 | top-down fabrication: ball milling, physical vapor deposition, chemical vapor deposition | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 40 | characterization techniques: x-ray diffraction, transmission electron microscopy, applications of nanomaterials | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| Problem Solving/Case Studies | | | |
| 1 | Packing fraction | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 2 | Miller indices | CO 2 | T1; R1 |
| 3 | Interplanar spacing | CO 2 | T1; R1 |
| 4 | de broglie wavelength | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 5 | Energies associated with one dimensional potential box | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 6 | Wavelength and Energy bandgap, Divergence | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 7 | Relative population of two states, Number of photons emitted | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 8 | Acceptance angle and Numerical Aperture | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 9 | Magnetic moment, Magnetic induction, Permeability | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 10 | Intensity of magnetization, Magnetic susceptibility | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 11 | Critical temperature | CO 5 | T1; R4 |
| 12 | Critical field | CO 5 | T1; R4 |
| 13 | Surface to volume ration | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 14 | Particle size | CO 6 | T1; R4 |
| 15 | Debye Scherrer method | CO 6 | T1; R4 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|-----------------------------------|---|------|------------|
| Definition and Terminology | | | |
| 1 | Crystal structures | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 2 | Quantum physics | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 3 | Lasers and fiber Optics | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 4 | Magnetic and superconducting properties | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 5 | Nanotechnology | CO 5 | T1; R4 |
| Tutorial Question Bank | | | |
| 1 | Crystal structures | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 2 | Quantum physics | CO 2 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 3 | Lasers and fiber Optics | CO 3 | T1; R3, R4 |
| 4 | Magnetic and superconducting Properties | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 5 | Nanotechnology | CO 5 | T1; R4 |

23. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|-------------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 1 | AAT |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

25. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | - | - |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | - | - |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | - |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

27. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Illustrate the different crystal structures based on arrangement of atoms in a unit cell, calculate their packing fraction and use those expressions to integrate with other engineering disciplines. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Explain the given problem statement and formulate lattice parameters and miller indices of a crystal from the provided information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of packing fraction . | 4 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Outline drawbacks of classical mechanics, basic principles dual nature of matter wave, derive mathematical wave equation of matter waves and come to conclusion of quantization of energy used in quantum dots. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Explain the given problem statement and formulate quantum confinement problems related to particle enclosed in small dimension from the provided information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results . | 4 |
| | PO 4 | Identify the use of these semiconductors under study and their conduction mechanism for the research based knowledge and technological development . | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Compare the concepts of laser and normal light in terms of mechanism and working principle for applications in different fields and scientific practices. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Explain different components involved in laser system by using the basics of absorption, emission and amplification of light radiation. | 4 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Gather the knowledge on functionality of components in optical fiber communication system by using the basics of signal propagation, attenuation and dispersion. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Explain functionality of components in optical fiber communication system by using the basics of signal propagation, attenuation and dispersion. | 4 |
| | PO 4 | Identify the given problem and formulate expressions for acceptance angle and numerical aperture with the given information and data by applying principles of information of propagation through optical waveguides. | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Utilize spin and orbital motion of electrons in determining magnetic moment of materials in terms of Bohr magneton materials having specific engineering applications . | 3 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Illustrate the different principal factors affecting particle size, calculate their surface to volume ratio and use those expressions to integrate with other engineering disciplines. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Explain the given problem statement and formulate fabrication, characterization of nanomaterials provided information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of application in different fields . | 4 |

28. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

29. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 100 | 40 | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 100 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 100 | 40 | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 100 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

30. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 10 | - | 2 | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:






| | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Viva-voce | - | Certification | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:




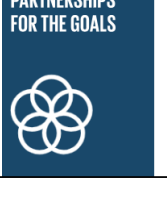
| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| - | Assessment of mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Graduates who have specialized in physics provide a unique component of the technical workforce. They are able to attack a wide variety of problems with their problem-solving skills and grasp of the principles of physics,. A well-trained physicist is capable of moving quickly among different technical areas, particularly into areas so new that they have not yet evolved into an engineering discipline. |
| 5 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 6 | <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p>  | |
| 7 | <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p>  | |
| 8 | <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>  | |
| 9 | <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p>  | |
| 10 | <p>REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p>  | |
| 11 | <p>SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p>  | |
| 12 | <p>RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</p>  | |
| 13 | <p>CLIMATE ACTION</p>  | |

| | | | |
|----|--|--|--|
| 14 |  | | |
| 15 |  | | |
| 16 |  | | |
| 17 |  | | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 24 August 2023 .

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. Rizwana, Associate Professor

HOD, CSE (AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD08 | | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | | |
| 5 | Class/Semester | I/ II | | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 1 | Credits 4 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 8 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective × | Open Elective × | VAC × | MOOCs × |
| 9 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 10 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 16 hours | | Practical: 0 hours | |
| 11 | Course Coordinator | Dr. P. Naga Lakshmi Devi | | | | |
| 12 | Date Approved by BOS | 23/08/2023 | | | | |
| 13 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | | |
| 14 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | B.Tech | AHSD02 | I | Matrices and Calculus | |

15. Course Overview

This course serves as a foundation course on differential equations and vector calculus. It includes techniques for solving ordinary differential equations, partial differential equations, vector differentiation and vector integration. It is designed to extract the mathematical developments, skills, from basic concepts to advance level of engineering problems to meet the technological challenges.

16. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The analytical methods for solving first and higher order differential equations with constant coefficients. |
| II | The analytical methods for formation and solving partial differential equations. |
| III | The physical quantities of vector valued functions involved in engineering field. . |
| IV | The logic of vector theorems for finding line, surface and volume integrals. . |

17. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Utilize the methods of differential equations for solving the orthogonal trajectories and Newton's law of cooling |
| CO 2 | Solve the higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients by using method of variation of parameters. |
| CO 3 | Make use of analytical methods for PDE formation to solve boundary value problems. |
| CO 4 | Identify various techniques of Lagrange's method for solving linear partial differential equations which occur in Science and engineering. |
| CO 5 | Interpret the vector differential operators and their relationships for solving engineering problems. |
| CO 6 | Apply the integral transformations to surface, volume and line of different geometrical models . |

18. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S No | TOPIC NAME | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Fundamentals of ordinary differential equation | TLO 1 | Summarize basic fundamentals of ordinary differential equations through a procedural approach. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Differential equations of first order | TLO 2 | Identify the method of variables separable to obtain the solution for ordinary differential equations. | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 3 | Use the standard methods to solve homogeneous equations. | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 4 | Solve the ordinary differential equations by converting the non-homogenous equations to homogenous form which is used to get the solution. | CO 1 | Apply |









| S No | TOPIC NAME | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| 3 | Exact and non-Exact differential equations | TLO 5 | Distinguish in between non-exact and exact equations with suitable examples | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 6 | Determine the solution for non-exact equations based on set of ordinary differential equations. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 4 | Applications of ODE | TLO 7 | Apply standard methods for finding Orthogonal Trajectories of a family of curves. | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 8 | Determine temperature of body at any time using Newton's law of cooling. | CO 1 | Apply |
| 5 | Higher order linear differential equations | TLO 9 | Solve higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients to obtain the solution | CO 2 | Apply |
| | | TLO 10 | Utilize the method of variation parameters to obtain the solution of higher order differential equations . | CO 2 | Apply |
| 6 | Formation of partial differential equation | TLO 11 | Interpret the partial differential equations by eliminating arbitrary constants. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 12 | Formulate the partial differential equations by eliminating arbitrary functions. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 7 | Method of grouping and multipliers | TLO 13 | Utilize the method of grouping to solve the Lagrange's linear equations. | CO 4 | Apply |
| | | TLO 14 | Use the method of multipliers to obtain the solution of Lagrange's linear equations. | CO4 | Apply |
| | | TLO 15 | Solve linear partial differential equation by using analytical methods. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 8 | Fundamentals of vector functions | TLO 16 | Review the vector properties on vector and scalar point functions which are used to find gradient ,divergence and curl | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | TLO 17 | Determine directional derivative of vector point function to find its rate of change in given direction | CO 5 | Understand |

| S No | TOPIC NAME | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 9 | Solenoidal and irrotational vectors | TLO 18 | Interpret the vector properties to test whether the vector functions are solenoidal or irrotational | CO 5 | Understand |
| 10 | Line, surface and volume integrals | TLO 19 | Determine areas and volumes of functions by using line, surface and volume integrals. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 11 | Integral theorems | TLO 20 | Determine the areas of functions by using Green's theorem with suitable examples. | CO 6 | Apply |
| | | TLO 21 | Identify the relation between surface integral and volume integral to find the volumes by using Stoke's theorem and Gauss-divergence theorem. | CO 6 | Apply |

19. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| Differential Equations: Employability/ Skill development: Uses the basic of differential equation calculation concept in the field of engineering. |
| Vector Calculus: Employability/ Skill development: Uses the concept of definite integral in engineering problems |

20. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

21. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given from first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 40 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

22. Course content - Number of modules: Five:

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | First order and first degree ordinary differential equations Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Exact differential equations, Equations reducible to exact differential equations, linear and Bernoulli's equations,. Applications: Orthogonal Trajectories (Cartesian Coordinates) Newton's law of cooling. |
| MODULE II | Ordinary differential equations of higher order Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Second order linear differential equations with constant coefficients: non-homogeneous terms of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x , $e^{ax}V(x)$ and method of variation of parameters. |
| MODULE III | Partial differential equations Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions, solutions of first order linear equations. |
| MODULE IV | Vector differentiation Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Scalar and vector point functions; definitions of gradient, divergent and curl with examples; solenoidal and irrotational vector point functions; scalar potential function. |
| MODULE V | Vector integration Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Line integral, surface integral and volume integral, Green's theorem in a plane, Stoke's theorem and Gauss divergence theorem without proofs. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. B.S. Grewal "*Higher Engineering Mathematics*", Khanna Publishers, 44th Edition, 2017.
2. Erwin Kreyszig "*Advanced Engineering Mathematics*", 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, "*Advanced Engineering Mathematics*", 5th Edition, TMH, 2017.
2. George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Thomas, "*Calculus*", 13/e, Pearson Publishers, 2013.
3. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal "*A textbook of Engineering Mathematics*", Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008

4. Dean G. Duffy, “*Advanced Engineering Mathematics with MATLAB*”, CRC Press
5. Peter O’Neil, “*Advanced Engineering Mathematics*”, Cengage Learning.
6. B.V. Ramana, “*Higher Engineering Mathematics*”, McGraw Hill Education.

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES:

1. Engineering Mathematics - I, By Prof. Jitendra Kumar — IIT Kharagpur
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ma88/preview
2. Advanced Calculus for Engineers, By Prof. Jitendra Kumar, Prof. Somesh Kumar — IIT Kharagpur
https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23_ma86/preview
3. http://www.efunda.com/math/math_home/math.cfm
4. <http://www.ocw.mit.edu/resources/Mathematics>
5. <http://www.sosmath.com>
6. <http://www.mathworld.wolfram.com>

23. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|------|------------------------------|
| Discussion on OBE | | | |
| 1 | Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs and PSOs | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to ordinary Differential equations | CO 1 | T1:11.1,11.2 R3:11.1,11.2 |
| 2 | Variable Separable, homogeneous differential equations and non-homogeneous differential equations . | CO 1 | T1:11.4,11.5 R3:11.4,11.5 |
| 3 | Exact differential equations | CO 1 | T1:11.7,11.8 R3:11.6,11.7 |
| 4 | Non-exact differential equations using integrating factors | CO 1 | T1:11.9 R3:11.8 |
| 5 | Linear differential equations of first order | CO 1 | T1:11.10 R3:11.9 |
| 6 | Bernoulli's Equation | CO 1 | T1:11.11 R3:11.10 |
| 7 | Reducible to linear equation by substitution | CO 1 | T1:11.12 R3:11.12 |
| 8 | Applications of ODE, Orthogonal trajectories | CO 1 | T1:12.3 R3:12.3,12.4 |
| 9 | Applications of ODE, Newton's law of cooling | CO 1 | T1:12.6 R3:12.9 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|--------------------------------|
| 10 | Linear Differential Equations of Second and Higher Order with Constant Coefficients | CO 2 | T2:2.8 R6:2.5 |
| 11 | Non-Homogeneous term of the type $f(X) = e^{ax}$ | CO 2 | T2:2.8 R6:2.5 |
| 12 | Non-Homogeneous term of the type $f(X) = \sin ax$ | CO 2 | T2:7.4 R3:7.1 |
| 13 | Non-Homogeneous term of the type $f(X) = \cos ax$ | CO 2 | T2:7.4 R3:7.1 |
| 14 | Non-Homogeneous term of the type $f(X) = X^n$. | CO 2 | T2:7.4 R3:7.1 |
| 15 | Determine particular non-homogeneous term of the type $f(X) = e^{ax} V(x)$ | CO 2 | T2:7.4 R3:7.1 |
| 16 | Solving second order linear differential equations using method of variation of parameters. | CO 2 | T2:2.1 R6:2.9 |
| 17 | Introduction to Partial differential equations | CO 3 | T1:17.1 R3:16.1 |
| 18 | Elimination of arbitrary constants (Formation of PDE) | CO 3 | T1:17.1,17.2 R3:16.1,16.2 |
| 19 | Elimination of arbitrary functions (Formation of PDE) | CO 3 | T1:17.2 R3:16.2 |
| 20 | Lagrange's Linear equation- Method of grouping | CO 4 | T1:17.5,17.6 R3:16.3.1 |
| 21 | Lagrange's Linear Equation -Method of Multipliers | CO 4 | T1:17.5,17.6 R3:16.4- 16.5 |
| 22 | Linear Partial differential equation of first order | CO 4 | T1:17.5- 17.6 R3:16.5- 16.6 |
| 23 | Solution of linear partial differential equation | CO 4 | T1:17.5- 17.6 R3:16.5- 16.6 |
| 24 | In Scalar and Vector Point Function(Definitions of Gradient, divergent, curl | CO 5 | T1: 8.4 R6:8.1 |
| 25 | Problems on directional derivative | CO5 | T1:8.5 R6:11.3 |
| 26 | Problems on Gradient of vector point functions | CO 5 | T1:8.5 R6:11.3 |
| 27 | Problems on divergence of vector point functions. | CO 5 | T1:8.6 R6:11.4 |
| 28 | Problems on curl of vector point function | CO 5 | T1:8.6 R6:11.4 |
| 29 | Properties of divergence and curl | CO 5 | T1: 8.6 R6:11.7 |
| 30 | Solenoidal and irrotational vectors | CO 5 | T1: 8.6 R6:11.7 |
| 31 | Introduction to Line integral | CO 6 | T1: 8.11 R6:12.2 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|--------------------------------------|---|------|------------------------|
| 32 | Problems on line integral | CO 6 | T1: 8.28 R6:12.9 |
| 33 | Introduction to surface integral | CO 6 | T1: 8.12 R6:12.3 |
| 34 | Problems on surface integral | CO 6 | T1: 8.31 R6:12.26 |
| 35 | Calculating areas by using Green's theorem | CO 6 | T1: 8.13.4 R6:12.40 |
| 36 | Stoke's theorem | CO 6 | T1: 8.14 R6:12.6 |
| 37 | Problems on Stoke's theorem | CO 6 | T1: 8.36 R6:12.53 |
| 38 | Volume integral | CO6 | T1:8.15 R6:12.4 |
| 39 | Gauss divergence theorem | CO 6 | T1: 8.16 R6:12.7 |
| 40 | Calculate the volumes by using Gauss divergence theorem | CO 6 | T1: 8.42 R6:12.68 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Solving first order differential equations by using standard methods | CO 1 | T1:21.1,21.4 R1:5.1 |
| 2 | Applications of ODE: Orthogonal trajectories and Newton's law of cooling | CO 1 | T1:21.13 R1:5.1,5.3 |
| 3 | Solving Second order and higher order differential equations with constant coefficients | CO 2 | T1:21.14 R1:5.5 |
| 4 | Solving Second order and higher order differential equations by method of variation of parameters | CO 2 | T1:22.3 R1:10.8 |
| 5 | Solving problems on formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants | CO 3 | T1:22.4 R1:10.9 |
| 6 | Solving problems on formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary functions | CO 3 | T2:10.1 R1:16.1 |
| 7 | Solving linear Lagrange's equation by using grouping method | CO 4 | T2:10.1 R1:16.2 |
| 8 | Solving linear Lagrange's equation by using multipliers method | CO 4 | T2:10.1 R1:16.2 |
| 9 | Solving problems on Gradient and divergence | CO 5 | T2:11.3 R1:16.5 |
| 10 | Solving problems on Divergence and curl of a vector point functions | CO 5 | T2: 11.3 R1:16.11 |
| 11 | Solving problems on scalar potential function. | CO 5 | T2: 11.3 R1:16.11 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 12 | Solving problems on vector point functions: Solenoidal and irrotational. | CO 5 | T2: 11.3 R1:16.9 |
| 13 | Solving problems on Green's theorem | CO 6 | T2: 11.4 R1:16.18 |
| 14 | Solving problems on Stokes theorem | CO 6 | T1:17.1- 17.2 R1:16.1- 16.2 |
| 15 | Solving problems on Gauss divergence theorem | CO 6 | T1:17.1- 17.2 R1:16.1- 16.2 |
| DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Definitions and terminology on ordinary differential equations | CO 1 | T1:21.1,21.4 R1:5.1 |
| 2 | Definitions and terminology on higher order differential equations | CO 2 | T1:22.1-22.2 R1:10.8 |
| 3 | Definitions and terminology on partial differential equations | CO 3 CO 4 | T2:15.5 R1:7.5 |
| 4 | Definitions and terminology on vector differentiation | CO 5 | T2:10.3 R1:16.4 |
| 5 | Definitions and terminology on vector integration | CO 6 | T1:17.1- 17.2 R1:16.1-16.2 |
| QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Discussion of first order differential equations | CO 1 | T1:21.1,21.4 R1:5.1 |
| 2 | Discussion of second and higher order differential equations | CO 2 | T1:22.1- 22.2 R1:10.8 |
| 3 | Discussion of partial differential equations | CO 3 CO 4 | T2:15.5 R1:7.5 |
| 4 | Discussion of vector differentiation | CO 5 | T2:10.3 R1:16.4 |
| 5 | Discussion of vector integration | CO 6 | T1:17.1- 17.2 R1:16.1- 16.2 |

24. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| | |
|-------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations. |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |

| Program Specific Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

25. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

26. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | | |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | | |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | | |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

27. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

28. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Determine the solution of complex engineering problems modelled by first order linear differential equations by using standard methods of Principles of Mathematics | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Model the problems with help of ordinary differential equations, formulation of statement Newton's law of cooling apply the basic principle of mathematics and solve complex engineering problems by interpretation of results | 6 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Determine the solution of complex engineering problems modelled by Second and higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients by using Principle of mathematics, substitution method and method of variation of parameter | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Model the problem with the help of ordinary differential equations, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply method of variation of parameters and other analytical methods to develop the solution and interpret, validate the results through proper documentation | 6 |
| CO 3 | PO 2 | Make use of the different methods in the formulation of Lagrange's linear equation (understand) related to complex engineering problems, solutions are attained based on principles of mathematics to the physical problems of engineering by the interpretation of results. | 6 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Solve Lagrange's linear equation related to complex engineering problems such as grouping and multiplier method using principle of mathematics for solving linear partial differential equations which occur in Science and engineering . | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 5 | PO 2 | Interpret the statement and formulation by differential calculus of complex engineering problems which transforms vector functions, gradients. Divergence, curl, using principle of mathematics to different bounded regions in calculating areas. by interpretation of results. | 6 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to dynamic equilibrium the problems for analysis of forces using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 2 |

29. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

30. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 66.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

31. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ –Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 12 | 12 | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |








33. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:



| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

34. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs. Mathematics plays an important role in the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) and at the same time these allow working with real situations in the subject of mathematics, providing the student with active learning. Sustainability is used to make the student see the usefulness of mathematics while instilling values and attitudes towards it.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| x | 1 |  | |
| x | 2 |  | |

| | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| x | 3 |  | |
| ✓ | 4 |  | Quality Education: This subject will improve the quality education in engineering and provides the knowledge in mathematical modelling which is used for real time applications |
| x | 5 |  | |
| x | 6 |  | |
| x | 7 |  | |
| x | 8 |  | |
| x | 9 |  | |

| | | | |
|---|----|---|--|
| x | 10 |  | |
| x | 11 |  | |
| x | 12 |  | |
| x | 13 |  | |
| x | 14 |  | |
| x | 15 |  | |
| x | 16 |  | |

| | | | |
|---|----|---|--|
| x | 17 |  | |
|---|----|---|--|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 23/08/2023

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. P. Naga Lakshmi Devi, Assistant Professor

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AI&ML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | ESSENTIALS OF PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD05 | | | | |
| 4 | Class / Semester | B.Tech II Semester | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 0 hours | | Practical: – hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Dr. Sreelakshmi Doma | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 22/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cse | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | - | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

This course aims to provide exposure to problem solving through programming. Useful graph theory concepts, numerical techniques, and their applications to real world problems are discussed. Graph theoretical notions and the use of algorithms, both in the mathematical theory of graphs and its applications are discussed. Student will also learn how to implement and interpret numerical solutions by writing a well-designed computer programs in regard to their efficiency and suitability for real-life applications.

15.Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The fundamental concepts of graph theory and its properties. |
| II | The basics related to paths and cycles using Eulerian and Hamiltonian cycles. |
| III | The applications of graph colouring and traversal algorithms for solving real-time problems. |
| IV | The numerical methods to solve algebraic equations. |
| V | The skill to solve numerical integration and ordinary differential equations of first and second order. |

16. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Outline the graph terminologies, graph representation techniques, and relate them to practical examples. the static structures dealing with systems of forces using laws of mechanics | Understand |
| CO 2 | Build efficient algorithms for various optimization problems on graphs.. | Apply |
| CO 3 | Use effective techniques from graph theory to solve problems in networking and telecommunication. | Apply |
| CO 4 | Interpret the fundamental concepts of polynomials, roots of equations and solve corresponding problems using computer programs. | Apply |
| CO 5 | Apply the knowledge of numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations arising in real-life situations. | Apply |
| CO 6 | Solve numerical integrals and ordinary differential equations to simulate discrete time algorithms. | Apply |

17. Mapping of topic learning outcomes (TLO) to course outcomes

| S. No | Topic(s) | TLC No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|-------|---|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Introduction to graph terminology | 1 | Understand the graph terminologies to solve real-time problems. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Diagraphs, weighted graphs, complete graphs | 2 | Understand the basics of graph theory and their various properties in various cutting-edge applications such as traffic networks, navigable networks and optimal routing. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 3 | Graph complements | 3 | Apply graph complements and graph combinations to solve real world applications like routing, TSP/traffic control. | CO 1 | Apply |
| 4 | Bipartite graphs | | | | |
| 5 | Graph combinations | | | | |
| 6 | Isomorphisms | | | | |








| S. No | Topic(s) | TLC No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|-------|---|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 7 | Matrix representations of graphs | 4 | Show the matrix representations of graphs to know whether pairs of vertices are adjacent or not in the graph. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 8 | Degree sequence | | | | |
| 9 | Eulerian circuits – Konigsberg bridge problem | 5 | Solve the Konigsberg bridge problem using Eulerian circuits to solve problems for shortening any path. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 10 | Touring a graph | | | | |
| 11 | Eulerian graphs | | | | |
| 12 | Hamiltonian cycles | 6 | Apply Hamiltonian cycles to solve the traveling salesman problem. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 13 | The traveling salesman problem | | | | |
| 14 | Shortest paths – Dijkstra's algorithm | 7 | Use Dijkstra's algorithm to calculate shortest path from source to destination node. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 15 | Walks using matrices | | | | |
| 16 | Four color theorem | 8 | Relate the concept of vertex coloring to assign colors to the vertices of a graph using four color theorem. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 17 | Vertex coloring | | | | |
| 18 | Edge coloring | 9 | Understand proper edge coloring of a graph to apply in scheduling problems. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 19 | Coloring variations | | | | |
| 20 | First-fit coloring algorithm | | | | |
| 21 | Depth-first search | 10 | Apply breadth first or depth first search technique in finding shortest paths and all possible paths. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 22 | Bread-first search | | | | |
| 23 | Minimum spanning trees: Kruskal's algorithms | 11 | Use minimum spanning tree concept in network design and optimization. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 24 | Prim's algorithm | | | | |
| 25 | Union-find structure | | | | |
| 26 | Algebraic equations | 12 | Solve algebraic and transcendental equations to solve single variable function over the interval. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 27 | Bisection method | | | | |
| 28 | Method of false position | | | | |
| 29 | Iteration method | | | | |
| 30 | Newton-Raphson method | 13 | Solve polynomials, logarithmic and exponential functions to solve real time applications. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 31 | Ramanujan's method | | | | |
| 32 | Secant method | | | | |
| 33 | Muller's method | | | | |

| S. No | Topic(s) | TLC No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 34 | Numerical integration | 14 | Solve problems using numerical integration to compute numerical approximations to the integral of the function. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 35 | Trapezoidal rule | | | | |
| 36 | Simpson's 1/3 rule | | | | |
| 37 | Simpson's 3/8 rule | | | | |
| 38 | Solution by Taylor's series | 15 | Use Euler's method for approximating solutions to differential equations and curve with line segments. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 39 | Euler's method | | | | |
| 40 | Runge-Kutta's method | 16 | Apply Runge-Kutta method for solving initial-value problems of differential equations. | CO 6 | Apply |

18. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| 1. Programming skills - The tech industry evolves rapidly, and staying up-to-date with the latest programming languages, frameworks, and development practices is crucial. Combining essentials of problem solving skills with a commitment to continuous learning demonstrates a student's dedication to staying relevant in a dynamic field. |
| 2. Project-based skills - Creating projects that utilize graph theory principles to allow a student to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios. This hands-on experience helps solidify their understanding of how problem solving concepts work in practice. |

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

| Percentage of Cognitive Level | Blooms Taxonomy Level |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 17% | Understand |
| 83% | Apply |

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | GRAPH THEORY Number of Lectures: 8 |
| | Graph Terminology: Digraphs, weighted graphs, complete graphs, graph complements, bipartite graphs, graph combinations, isomorphisms, matrix representations of graphs – incidence and adjacency matrices, degree sequence. |
| MODULE II | GRAPH ROUTES Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Eulerian Circuits: Königsberg bridge problem, touring a graph, Eulerian graphs, Hamiltonian cycles, the traveling salesman problem, shortest paths – Dijkstra's algorithm, walks using matrices. |
| MODULE III | GRAPH COLORING AND GRAPH ALGORITHMS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Graph Colouring: Four color theorem, vertex coloring, edge coloring, coloring variations – first-fit coloring algorithm. Graph Traversal: Depth-first search, breadth-first search, applications, and minimum spanning trees: Kruskal's and Prim's algorithm, union-find structure. |
| MODULE IV | ALGEBRAIC AND TRANSCENDENTAL EQUATIONS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Algebraic Equations: Algebraic equations, method of false position, bisection method, iteration method, Newton-Raphson method, Secant method, Ramanujan's Method, Muller's method (Approximation up to 2 decimals only). |

| | |
|----------|---|
| MODULE V | NUMERICAL INTEGRATION AND ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 rule, Simpson's 3/8 rule, Solution by Taylor's series, Euler's method of solving an ordinary differential equation numerically, Runge-Kutta's second order method of solving ordinary differential equations (Approximation up to 2 decimals only). |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Karin R Saoub, *Graph Theory: An Introduction to Proofs, Algorithms, and Applications*, Chapman and Hall, 1st Edition, 2021.
2. S S Sastry, *Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis*, PHI Learning Private Ltd., 5th Edition, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Mahinder Kumar Jain & J. V. Rao, *Numerical Methods: For Scientific and Scientific Computation*, 7th Edition, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2019.
2. P Kandasamy, K Thilagavathy, K Gunavathi, *Numerical Methods*, S Chand and Company, 2006.
3. R Balakrishnan, K Ranganathan *A Textbook of Graph Theory*, Springer Exclusive, 2nd Edition, 2019.
4. Jann Kiusalaas, *Numerical Methods in Engineering with Python*, Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2010.
5. Gary Chartrand, Ping Zhang, *A First Course in Graph Theory*, Dover Publications Inc., 2012.
6. James F. Epperson, *An Introduction to Numerical Methods and Analysis*, Wiley, 2nd Edition, 2021.

Electronic Resources:

1. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/numerical-methods-and-calculus-gq/>
2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/program-for-bisection-method/>
3. <https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/2-993j-introduction-to-numerical-analysis-for-engineering-13-002j-spring-2005/pages/lecture-notes/>
4. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/graphs-and-its-traversal-algorithms>
5. <https://web.mit.edu/urban-or-book/www/book/chapter6/6.4.4.html>
6. <https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/algorithms/graphs/minimum-spanning-tree/tutorial/>
7. <https://www.codingninjas.com/studio/library/euler-and-hamilton-paths>

Materials Online:

1. Course template
2. Tutorial question bank

3. Tech-talk topics
4. Open-ended experiments
5. Definition and terminology
6. Assignments
7. Model question paper - 1
8. Model question paper - 2
9. Lecture notes
10. Power point presentation
11. E-learning readiness videos (ELRV)

22. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|---|------|-----------|
| Discussion on OBE | | | |
| 1 | Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs and PSOs | | |
| Content Delivery (Theory) | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to graph terminology | CO 1 | T1:1.2 |
| 2 | Diagraphs, weighted graphs, complete graphs | CO 1 | T1:1.2.1 |
| 3 | Graph complements | CO 1 | T1:1.2.4 |
| 4 | Bipartite graphs | CO 1 | T1:1.2.5 |
| 5 | Graph combinations | CO 1 | T1:1.2.6 |
| 6 | Isomorphisms | CO 1 | T1:1.2.6 |
| 7 | Matrix representations of graphs | CO 1 | T1:1.4 |
| 8 | Degree sequence | CO 1 | T1:1.6 |
| 9 | Eulerian circuits – Konigsberg bridge problem | CO 2 | T1:2.1.1 |
| 10 | Touring a graph | CO 2 | T1:2.1.2 |
| 11 | Eulerian graphs | CO 2 | T1:2.1.3 |
| 12 | Hamiltonian cycles | CO 2 | T1:2.2 |
| 13 | The traveling salesman problem | CO 2 | T1:2.2.1 |
| 14 | Shortest paths – Dijkstra's algorithm | CO 2 | T1:2.3.1 |
| 15 | Walks using matrices | CO 2 | T1:2.3.2 |
| 16 | Four color theorem | CO 3 | T1:6.1 |
| 17 | Vertex coloring | CO 3 | T1:6.2 |
| 18 | Edge coloring | CO 3 | T1:6.3 |
| 19 | Coloring variations | CO 3 | T1:6.4 |
| 20 | First-fit coloring algorithm | CO 3 | T1:6.4.1 |
| 21 | Depth-first search | CO 3 | T1:3.3.1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|-------------------------------------|---|------|------------|
| 22 | Bread-first search | CO 3 | T1:3.3.2 |
| 23 | Minimum spanning trees: Kruskal's algorithms | CO 3 | T1:3.1.1 |
| 24 | Prim's algorithm | CO 3 | T1:3.1.1 |
| 25 | Union-find structure | CO 3 | T1:3.1.1 |
| 26 | Algebraic equations | CO 4 | T2: 2.1 |
| 27 | Bisection method | CO 4 | T2: 2.2 |
| 28 | Method of false position | CO 4 | T2: 2.3 |
| 29 | Iteration method | CO 4 | T2: 2.4 |
| 30 | Newton-Raphson method | CO 4 | T2: 2.5 |
| 31 | Ramanujan's method | CO 4 | T2: 2.6 |
| 32 | Secant method | CO 4 | T2: 2.7 |
| 33 | Muller's method | CO 5 | T2: 2.8 |
| 34 | Numerical integration | CO 5 | T2: 6.4 |
| 35 | Trapezoidal rule | CO 5 | T2: 6.4.1 |
| 36 | Simpson's 1/3 rule | CO 5 | T2: 6.4.2 |
| 37 | Simpson's 3/8 rule | CO 5 | T2: 6.4.3 |
| 38 | Solution by Taylor's series | CO 6 | T2: 8.2 |
| 39 | Euler's method | CO 6 | T2: 8.4 |
| 40 | Runge-Kutta's method | CO 6 | T2: 8.5 |
| Problem Solving/Case Studies | | | |
| 1 | Matrix representation of graph | CO 1 | T1:1.4 |
| 2 | Euler circuit in a directed graph | CO 2 | T1:2.1.1 |
| 3 | Eulerian path in an undirected graph | CO 2 | T1:2.1.1 |
| 4 | Hamiltonian graph | CO 2 | T1:2.2 |
| 5 | Dijkstra's algorithm | CO 2 | T1:2.3.1 |
| 6 | Breadth first search or traversal for a graph | CO 3 | T1:3.3.1 |
| 7 | Prim's algorithm for minimum spanning tree (MST) | CO 3 | T1:3.1.1 |
| 8 | Bisection method to find a real root of an equation | CO 4 | T2:2.2 |
| 9 | False position method to find a real root of an equation | CO 4 | T2:2.3 |
| 10 | Newton Raphson method to find a real root of an equation | CO 4 | T2:2.5 |
| 11 | Simpsons 1/3 Rule | CO 5 | T2:6.4.2 |
| 12 | Trapezoidal Rule | CO 6 | T2:6.4.1 |
| 13 | Simpsons 3/8 Rule | CO 6 | T2:6.4.3 |
| 14 | Numerical differential equation using Runge-Kutta 2 method (1st order derivative) | CO 6 | T2:8.5 |
| 15 | Numerical differential equation using Taylor Series method (1st order derivative) | CO 6 | T2:8.2 |
| Definition and Terminology | | | |
| 1 | Graph basic terminologies, types of graphs and matrix representation | CO 1 | T1:1.2-1.4 |
| 2 | Graph routing algorithms | CO 2 | T1:2.1-2.3 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|-------------------------------|--|------------|-----------------------------|
| 3 | Graph coloring and graph traversal algorithms | CO 3 | T1:3.1,3.3, 6.1-6.4 |
| 4 | Algebraic and transcendental equations | CO 4 | T2:2.1-2.8 |
| 5 | Numerical integration and ordinary differential equations | CO 5, CO 6 | T2:6.4.1-6.4.3,8.2, 8.4,8.5 |
| Tutorial Question Bank | | | |
| 1 | Graph basic terminologies, types of graphs and matrix representation | CO 1 | T1:1.2-1.4 |
| 2 | Graph routing algorithms | CO 2 | T1:2.1-2.3 |
| 3 | Graph coloring and graph traversal algorithms | CO 3 | T1:3.1,3.3, 6.1-6.4 |
| 4 | Algebraic and transcendental equations | CO 4 | T2:2.1-2.8 |
| 5 | Numerical integration and ordinary differential equations | CO 5, CO 6 | T2:6.4.1-6.4.3,8.2, 8.4,8.5 |

23. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/SEE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | CIE/SEE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 3 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 3 | CIE/SEE/Quiz/AAT |

| | | | |
|-------|--|---|---|
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 3 | CIE/SEE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 2 | Seminar / Conferences / Research papers |

25. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|--------------------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 3 | Tech talk /Open-ended experiments |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |

27. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Understand the basic graph terminologies, graph complements and representation of graphs. | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Explain the various types of graphs and formulate problems related to matrix representation of graphs. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand the object-oriented programming while writing and analyzing computer programs in the areas related to Machine Learning, Big data, and Artificial Intelligence. | 4 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of graph routing algorithms for solving Eulerian circuits, Hamiltonian cycles. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Solve the problems related to shortest path algorithms using Dijkstra's algorithm and walks using matrices. | 5 |
| | PO 3 | Design efficient algorithms for various optimization problems using graph concepts. | 8 |
| | PO 5 | Demonstrate the solutions of Konigsberg bridge, Chinese postman, traveling salesman problems by touring a graph. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyse computer programs in the areas related to networking and telecommunication. | 5 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Use the concepts of graph coloring to solve problems in various domains such as register allocation, map colouring, mobile radio frequency assignment etc. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Develop solutions in many research areas of computer science such as data mining, image segmentation, image capturing, networking etc. | 6 |
| | PO 5 | Apply appropriate graph traversal techniques in the field of city planning, traffic control, transport and navigation etc. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Design and analyse computer programs in the areas related to many applications such as social networks, epidemiology, neural networks etc. | 6 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of numerical methods to solve complex problems handling large systems of equations nonlinearities and complicated grometrics. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems using bisection, Newton-Raphson, Secant method and so on. | 8 |
| | PO 5 | Apply appropriate algebraic techniques, and transcendental equations in solving complex problems in engineering. | 1 |
| | PO 12 | Summarize various numerical methods related to numerical integration and differentiation. | 7 |
| | PSO 1 | Analyse computer programs in optimizing the solutions of various applications. | 5 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of numerical integration and differentiation to solve many types of real-time problems. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Solve various open problems using the concepts of ordinary differential equation (ODE) programming. | 8 |
| | PO 3 | Develop solutions for complex Engineering problems by solving algebraic equations. | 7 |
| | PO 5 | Use effective and widely used method for solving differential-equations by using modern tools. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO 1 | Develop, design and analyse problems for solving initial-value problems of differential equations. | 5 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply numerical integrals and ordinary differential equations for engineering disciplines. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Analyse and solve real life applications such as weather prediction, car safety, machine learning and many other domains. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Identify the need for numerical analysis for solving problems throughout the natural sciences, social sciences, engineering, medicine and business. | 7 |
| | PO 5 | Develop algorithms for obtaining numerical solutions to problems involving continuous variables. | 1 |
| | PO 12 | Summarize the various numerical methods and apply it in multiple real-time domains for problem solving. | 6 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 6 |

28. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 5 | 8 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | - | 6 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | 8 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | 5 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 8 | 7 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 7 | 7 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 6 | - | - |

29. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 100 | 50 | 80 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 83.3 | - | - |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 3 | 100 | - | 60 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 100 | - | 80 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 88 | 83.3 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 100 | 80 | 70 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 100 | 80 | 70 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 75 | 100 | - | - |

30. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 7 | 15 | - | 18 | | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 18 | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 2.3 | 3 | - | 3 | | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3 | - | - |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Viva-voce | - | Certification | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | - | Open Ended Experiments | ✓ |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| - | Assessment of mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: Guarantee an education system that is both inclusive and fair, offering high-quality learning experiences and lifelong opportunities accessible to all. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 8 | <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>  | |
| 9 | <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p>  | |
| 10 | <p>REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p>  | |
| 11 | <p>SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p>  | |
| 12 | <p>RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</p>  | |
| 13 | <p>CLIMATE ACTION</p>  | |
| 14 | <p>LIFE BELOW WATER</p>  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 28-08-2023.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. Sreelakshmi Doma Assistant Professor

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (AIML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Code | AHSD05 | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LABORATORY | | | |
| 4 | Semester | II | | | |
| 5 | Regulations | BT-23 | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Lecture Hours - | | Practical Hours 36 | |
| 7 | Course Offered | Odd Semester | <input type="checkbox"/> | Even Semester | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 8 | Course Coordinator | Dr. B Divya | | | |
| 9 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | |
| 10 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/sites/default/files/BT23/AHSD05.pdf | | | |
| 11 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | - | - | - | - |

12. Course Overview

The course promotes the use of analytical tools from an engineering standpoint. It provides the overview of analytical techniques, and outline the importance of volumetric analysis, comprehensive instrumental analysis for properties of polymers, colorimetric analysis, and spectroscopic analysis. This practical approach gives the awareness to chemical methods and perform testing of materials in various industries.

13. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The quantitative analysis to know the strength of unknown solutions by instrumental methods. |
| II | The troubles of hard water and its estimation by analytical techniques |
| III | The applications of appropriate lubricant for finely tuned machinery |
| IV | The basic knowledge on synthesis of nanomaterials and its properties |

14. Course Outcomes:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Use conductivity meter and potentiometer for measurement of conductance and electromotive force of solutions |
| CO2 | Use PH meter for measurement of Strength of Acidic Solutions. |
| CO3 | Make use of the principles of water analysis for domestic and industrial applications. |
| CO4 | Predict the Properties of polymeric materials by synthesizing the monomers |
| CO5 | Use different types of lubricants to know its properties for the proper lubrication of machinery in industries. |
| CO6 | Interpret the absorption tendency of solids or liquids by using Colorimetry and spectroscopy techniques. |

15. Employability Skills

1. **Project based skills:** Awareness on instrumental methods of analysis and real-time applications through properties of materials.

16. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | x |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

17. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks for internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today's performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment, and the remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) AppDevelopment (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation.

Table 1.0: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 2.0: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 20 |

Table 3.0: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

18. Course Content:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Use conductivity meter and potentiometer for measurement of conductance and electromotive force of solutions |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Determine the Neutralization Point between Strong Acid against Strong Base2. Estimate the Amount of Iron by Potentiometry3. Determine the pH of the unknown solution by pH metry |
| CO 2 | Use PH meter for measurement of strength of acidic solutions. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Determine the pH of the unknown solution by pH metry |
| CO 3 | Make use of the principles of water analysis to control the hardness of water used in domestic and industrial purposes |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Determination of chloride content of water by argentometry2. Measurement of Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in different water samples3. Estimate the Total Hardness of water using EDTA |
| CO 4 | Predict the properties of polymeric materials by synthesizing the monomers. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Synthesize Thiokol rubber using sodium polysulphide with 1, 2-Dichloroethane. |
| CO 5 | Use the appropriate lubricant oil for the industrial machinery based on their properties. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Determine the Viscosity of the Lubricants using Red Wood Viscometer / Ostwald's Viscometer2. Determine the Flash and Fire Points of Lubricants3. Determine Cloud and Pour Points of Lubricants |
| CO 6 | Interpret the absorption tendency of solids or liquids using colorimetry and spectroscopic techniques. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Estimate the Metal Ion Concentration using Colorimeter2. Characterization of Nanomaterials by UV-Visible Spectrophotometer |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

19. Course Plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping ; Introduction to chemistry laboratory Safety guidelines to chemistry laboratory | CO 1 | T2:10.31 |
| 2 | Determine the neutralization point by titration of strong acid against strong base by conductometrically. | CO 1 | T1:10.12 T2:10.31 R1:1.12.3 |
| 3 | Studying the electrode potential measurements and estimate the amount of Fe^{2+} by using potentiometer. | CO 1 | T2:10.31 R1:1.15 |
| 4 | Determination of the pH of a given solution by pH metry | CO 1 | T1:10.12 R1:1.16 |
| 5 | Determination of chloride content of water by argentometry. | CO 2 | T1:16.8 R1:1.13.1 |
| 6 | Studying the water hardness and determine the Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in each test liquid. | CO 3 | T5:17.5 R1:1.13.2 |
| 7 | Studying the specifications of water and estimate the total hardness of water by complexometric method | CO 3 | T5:17.5 R1:1.13.3 |
| 8 | Synthesize Thiokol rubber using sodium polysulphide with 1, 2-Dichloroethane. | CO 4 | T3:2.6 R1:1.7.1 |
| 9 | Studying the viscosity of lubricants and determine the viscosity of lubricants at various temperature using Red wood viscometer | CO 5 | T1:19.10 R1:1.17.3 |
| 10 | Determination of flash and fire points of lubricants by using Pensky Martens apparatus | CO 5 | T1:19.10 R1:2.6.1 |
| 11 | Determination of cloud and pour points of lubricants. | CO 5 | T1:19.10 R1:2.6.2 |
| 12 | Estimation of metals ion concentration by colorimetry | CO 6 | T2:16.9 R1:2.10 |
| 13 | Characterization of nanomaterials by using UV-visible spectrophotometer | CO 6 | T2:16.9 |

20 Experiments for Enhanced Learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|---|
| 1 | To study the Beer Lambert's Law and utilize for the determination metal concentration in effluents by colorimetry |
| 2 | To study the absorption edges of metal complex using spectrophotometry |
| 3 | To study the iron content by potentiometry using different oxidizing agents |

21. Program Outcomes & Program Specific Outcomes:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.. | 2 | Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations. |

23. How program specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 0 | |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 0 | |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 0 | |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

25. Justifications for CO – PO / PSO mapping - direct:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Explain basic principle of conductance and EMF to make use of titrimetry to obtain graphical plots to determine the strength of acid by using principles of science and mathematical expression for solving engineering problems | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Use basic principles of conductance and EMF to find the neutralization point that helps in interpretation of results.. | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Interpret the basic principles of pH metry to find the pH of unknown solutions and obtain graphical plots to determine the strength of acid by using principles of science and mathematical expressions or solving engineering problems. | 3 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 2 | Make use of pH metry and find the neutralization point that helps in interpretation of results. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Make use of coloured indicators to complex the metal ions, Investigate the concentration of hardness causing salts using Complexometry and argentometry methods by using principles of science and mathematical expression for solving engineering problems | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify the problems of hard water and examine the total dissolved salts that provides information and data for its usage in industry. | 2 |
| | PO 7 | Recognize the problems in industries by using hard water and its impact in socio economic and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | IExplain the polymerization process to synthesize the polymers from monomers by using principles of science and for solving engineering problems | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Describe the physical properties of a lubricant and its determination using instrumental methods by using principles of science and mathematical expression for solving engineering problems | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Extend the properties of lubricants with experimental collection of information and data in reaching conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 2 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Explain the principle of molecular transitions and make use of mathematical expression of Beer Lambert's Law colorimetry and UV-VIS spectroscopy by using principles of science and mathematical expression for solving engineering problems | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Utilize graphical analysis of concentration versus absorbance for a given solution, and interpret the data, to provide valid conclusions regarding the quantitative analysis. | 2 |

26. Total count of key competencies for CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

27. Percentage of key competencies for CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 100 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

28. Course articulation matrix (PO – PSO mapping):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 17 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 2.8 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

29. Assessment methodology direct:







| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |

30. Assessment methodology indirect:




| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: Enhancement in the additional skills for the students with analytical tools. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | Clean Water and Sanitation: Ensures the availability to clean water through hard water analysis and its removal with chemical methodology |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |
| 9 |  | |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | |
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | <p>Life Below Water: Knowledge gained on the colorimetry provides awareness to students on the effect of metals from industrial effluents on living organisms in water bodies</p> |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSE(AIML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|----------------|---|----------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING (AI&ML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | APPLIED PHYSICS LABORATORY | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD09 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | II Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Practical Hours 48 | | Credits 1 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Dr. Surya Sharma N V | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cseaiml | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level UG/PG | Course Code | Course Title | Semester |
| | | Intermediate | - | - | - |

13. Course Overview

The aim of the course is to provide hands on experience for experiments in different areas of physics. This laboratory includes experiments involving electromagnetism and optoelectronics. This also develops student's expertise in applying physical concepts to practical problem and apply it for different applications.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | Familiarize with the lab facilities, equipment, standard operating procedures.. |
| II | About the different kinds of functional magnetic materials which paves away for them to use in various technical and engineering applications.. |
| III | The analytical techniques and graphical analysis to study the experimental data for optoelectronic devices. |
| IV | The application characteristics of lasers and its propagation in optical fibre communication. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Identify the type of semiconductor using the principle of Hall effect and also determine the energy gap and resistivity of a semiconductor diode using four probe method. |
| CO 2 | Illustrate principle, working and application of wave propagation and compare the results of frequency with theoretical harmonics and overtones. |
| CO 3 | Investigate the energy losses, curie temperature and properties associated with a given Ferro magnetic material |
| CO 4 | Examine launching of light through optical fiber from the concept of light gathering capacity of numerical aperture and determine the divergence of Laser beam |
| CO 5 | Graph V-I /L-I characteristics of various optoelectronic devices like Light Emitting diode, Solar cell at different intensities to understand their basic principle of functioning as well as to infer the value of Planck's constant |
| CO 6 | Analyse the variation of magnetic field induction produced at various points along the axis of current carrying coil. |

16. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| 1. Project based: Project based skills: Would be able to familiarize themselves with basic experiments and calculations that would inculcate the concept of learning by doing. |
|---|

17. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | | Probing Further Questions |

18. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 10 | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. COURSE CONTENT SYLLABUS:

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 1 | Identify the type of semiconductor using the principle of Hall effect and also determine the energy gap and resistivity of a semiconductor diode using four probe method. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Errors and Measurement 2. Hall Effect (Lorentz Force) 3. Energy gap of a Semiconductor diode 4. Resistivity -Four probe Method |

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 2 | Illustrate principle, working and application of wave propagation and compare the results of frequency with theoretical harmonics and overtones. |
| | 1. Melde's Experiment |
| CO 3 | Investigate the energy losses, curie temperature and properties associated with a given Ferro magnetic material. |
| | 1. B-H Curve With CRO 2. Magnetic Materials |
| CO 4 | Examine launching of light through optical fiber from the concept of light gathering capacity of numerical aperture and determine the divergence of Laser beam |
| | 1. Optical Fiber 2. Laser Divergence |
| CO 5 | Graph V-I /L-I characteristics of various optoelectronic devices like Light Emitting diode, Solar cell at different intensities to understand their basic principle of functioning as well as to infer the value of Planck's constant. |
| | 1. Solar Cell 2. Light Emitting Diode 3. Planck's Constant 4. Biassing Diode |
| CO 6 | Analyse the variation of magnetic field induction produced at various points along the axis of current carrying coil |
| | 1. Stewart's and Gee's Apparatus |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

TEXTBOOKS

1. C. L. Arora, "Practical Physics", S. Chand Co., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2012.
2. Vijay Kumar, Dr. T. Radha krishna, "Practical Physics for Engineering Students", S M Enterprises, 2nd Edition, 2014.
3. Dr. Rizwana, "Engineering Physics Manual", Spectrum Techno Press, 2018

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. CF Coombs, "Basic Electronic Instrument Handbook", McGraw - HillBookCo.,1972.
2. CH Bernard and CD Epp, John Wiley and Sons, " Laboratory Experiments in College Physics"

20. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|----------------------|
| 1 | To estimate the error and uncertainty in measurement | CO 1 | T1 :10.2 |
| 2 | Study the phenomenon of Hall effect and determine the charge carrier density and Hall coefficient of a given sample | CO 1 | T1:13.5 |
| 3 | Determination of energy gap of a given semiconductor diode by measuring the variation of current as a function of temperature | CO 1 | T1:16.8 |
| 4 | Determination of the resistivity by forcing current through two outer probes and reading the voltage across the two inner probes of semiconductor by four probe method. | CO 1 | T2:5.15 R1:1.16 |
| 5 | Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork in longitudinal wave propagation and transverse mode of wave propagation | CO 2 | T1:15.5 R1:1.13.1 |
| 6 | Evaluate the energy loss per unit volume of a given magnetic material per cycle by tracing the hysteresis loop (B-H curve) | CO 3 | T1:15.7 |
| 7 | Determine the curie temperature (T_c) and relative permeability of a ferromagnetic materials. | CO 4 | T1:15.8 |
| 8 | Evaluation of numerical aperture and acceptance angle of a given optical fiber. | CO 4 | T1:17.9 |
| 9 | Determination of the beam divergence of the given laser beam | CO 4 | T1:17.5 |
| 10 | Studying the characteristics of solar cell at different intensities and determination of maximum workable power. | CO 5 | T1:17.5 |
| 11 | Studying V-I characteristics of LED in forward bias for different LEDs and measure the threshold voltage and forward resistance | CO 5 | T1:19.10 |
| 12 | Determination of Planck's constant by measuring threshold voltage of given LED. | CO 5 | T1:19.10 |
| 13 | Study the forward bias of LED and reverse bias of Photodiode | CO 5 | T1:19.10 |
| 14 | Study the magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil – Stewart and Gee's method | CO 6 | T1:14.7 |

21. Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|--|
| 1 | To study the bending losses and transmission losses of an optical Fiber |
| 2 | To determine the mobility and conductivity of given semiconductor using Hall Effect |
| 3 | To Determine the resistivity of given ferromagnetic material using Two Probe method. |

22. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

23. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering Knowledge Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations |
| PO 2 | Problem Analysis Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations |
| PO 4 | Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 1 | Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations |

24. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | - | - |

| | | | |
|-------|--|---|---|
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | - | - |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | - |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

25. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

26. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO1 | Identify basic principle of Hall effect and make use of mathematical expression for Hall coefficient to deduce the type of semiconductor | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement of variation of resistance with temperature in a semiconductor diode and formulate Resistivity from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 4 |
| | PO 4 | Make use of graphical analysis of current versus temperature curve for a given semiconductor, and interpret the data, to provide valid conclusions regarding the energy gap in a given semiconductor | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Recall the theory of propagation of longitudinal and transverse waves and make use of number of loops formation in string to determine frequency of an electronically maintained tuning fork. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 2 | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement of stationary wave propagation and formulate harmonics and overtones of fundamental frequency from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 4 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Investigate the energy losses associated with a given ferromagnetic material and make use of graphical representation of hysteresis loop exhibited by magnetic material | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement of effect of temperature on a given ferromagnetic material and formulate Curie temperature and relative permittivity from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 4 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Interpret launching of light through optical fibre and make use of mathematical expression for analysing light gathering capacity through numerical aperture | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement on directionality of laser light in comparison with ordinary light and formulate the divergence of a given laser source from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 3 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Understand the phenomenon of recombination of electron-hole pair and determine the value of threshold voltage of a given LED | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement of conversion light energy to electrical energy and formulate V-I characteristics of solar cell from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 2 |
| | PO 4 | Analyse and interpret the data obtained by using different LED's and synthesise the information to infer the value of Planck's constant | 2 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Explain the variation of magnetic field at various points along the axis of current carrying coil and make use of mathematical expression of Tangent's law using Stewart Gee's apparatus. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the given problem statement of current loop and formulate magnetic field induction at various points along the axis of current loop from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results. | 4 |

27. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 1 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 1 | 2 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

28. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 66 | 40 | - | 18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 66 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 66 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 66 | 40 | - | 18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 66 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

29. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 6 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 11 | 6 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 1.8 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:






| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | ✓ |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:


| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

32. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 |  | - |
| 2 |  | - |
| 3 |  | - |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: In order to ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote life long learning opportunities for all, foundation is very much important. Physics laboratory comes under basic science course facilitating students to gain and ascertain basic knowledge which will help them to envisage to their higher education |
| 5 |  | - |

| | | |
|----|---|----|
| 6 | <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p>  | - |
| 7 | <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p>  | - |
| 8 | <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p>  | - |
| 9 | <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p>  | -. |
| 10 | <p>REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p>  | - |
| 11 | <p>SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES</p>  | - |
| 12 | <p>RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION</p>  | - |
| 13 | <p>CLIMATE ACTION</p>  | - |
| 14 | <p>LIFE BELOW WATER</p>  | - |
| 15 | <p>LIFE ON LAND</p>  | - |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 16 |  | - |
| 17 |  | - |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 24/08/2023

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. N V Surya Sharma, Associate Professor

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (AIML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LABORATORY | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD06 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | II Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Tutorial Hours 1 | | Practical Hours 2 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Dr. J. Siva Ramakrishna | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 25/09/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | UG | ACS01 | I | Object oriented programming |

13. COURSE OVERVIEW

The course is designed with the fundamental programming skills and problem-solving strategies necessary to tackle a wide range of computational challenges. Through hands-on programming exercises, students will learn how to write code, analyze problems and develop solutions using various tools. This course empowers individuals to automate tasks and create innovative solutions to complex challenges.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The fundamental programming constructs and use of collection data types in python. |
| II | Comprehensive understanding of data structures and algorithms in software development and effective problem solving. |
| III | Principles of graph theory and be able to apply their knowledge to a wide range of practical problems across various disciplines. |
| IV | Skills necessary to apply numerical methods effectively in solving a wide range of mathematical and scientific problems. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Adapt programming concepts and skills using python programming. |
| CO2 | Encourage critical thinking and problem-solving skills by tackling complex problems. |
| CO3 | Gain a solid understanding of fundamental data structures like stacks,queues,trees for effective problem-solving skills. |
| CO4 | Apply graph routing and shortest path algorithms to solve real world problems. |
| CO5 | Develop problem-solving skills and the ability to solve graph-related challenges like graph coloring,traversals. |
| CO6 | Exposed to various numerical integration techniques to tackle a wide range of computational problems. |

16. EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

| |
|--|
| 1. Problem-Solving and Critical Thinking: Students learn to analyze complex problems, design solutions using object-oriented principles, and translate real-world scenarios into code. |
| 2. Debugging and Troubleshooting: Debugging challenges in the lab help students master error identification, interpretation, and use of debugging tools, essential for real-world software development. |

17. CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Expected Viva Voce questions | ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| X |  Competitions | X |  hackathons | ✓ |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Program | Results | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. COURSE CONTENT

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Summarize programming concepts and skills needed for a solid foundation in python programming through hands on coding exercises. |
| | 1. Getting Started Exercises |
| CO 2 | Develop the ability to solve a variety of programming problems and algorithms using python. |
| | 1. Exercises on simple problems using lists, tuples, sets and dictionaries. |
| CO 3 | Understand complex and custom data structures to solve real-world problems. |
| | 1. Exercises on implementation of stacks 2. Exercises on implementation of queues |
| CO 4 | Demonstrate proficiency implementing graph algorithms to solve variety of problems and scenarios. |
| | 1. Exercises on graph representaion 2. Exercises on implementation of graph routing algorithms 3. Exercises on shortest path algorithms |
| CO 5 | Build critical thinking skills to solve the various real-world applications to using graph theory |
| | 1. Exercises on graph colouring 2. Exercises on graph traversals 3. Exercises on minimum spanning trees |
| CO 6 | Learn the importance of numerical methods and apply those thinking skills to tackle a wide range of computational problems.. |
| | 1. Exercises on roots of quadratic equations 2. Exercises on numerical integration 3. Exercises on ordinary differential equations |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

Text Books

1. Eric Matthes. “*Python Crash Course: A Hands-On, Project-based Introduction to Programming*”, No Starch Press, 3rd Edition, 2023.

2. John M Zelle ” *Python Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science*” Ingram short title, 3rd Edition, 2016.

Reference Books

1. Martin C. Brown. ” *Python: The Complete Referencel*”, Mc. Graw Hill, Indian Edition, 2018.
2. Paul Barry ” *Head First Python: A Brain-Friendly Guide*”, O’Reilly, 2nd Edition, 2016
3. Taneja Sheetal, Kumar Naveen ” *Python Programming – A Modular Approach*”, Pearson, 1st Edition, 2017.
4. R Nageswar Rao ” *Core Python Programming*”, Dreamtech Press, 2018.

Materials Online

1. <https://realPython.com/python3-object-oriented-programming/>
2. <https://python.swaroopch.com/oop.html>
3. [https://python-textbok.readthedocs.io/en/1.0/object oriented programming.html](https://python-textbok.readthedocs.io/en/1.0/object_oriented_programming.html)
4. <https://www.programiz.com/python-programming/>
5. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-programming-language/>

20. COURSE PLAN

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO’s |
|------|--|------|
| 1 | Getting Started Exercises | CO 1 |
| 2 | Exercises on Number Systems (for Science/Engineering Students) | CO 1 |
| 3 | Exercises on Decision and Loop | CO 2 |
| 4 | Exercises on Input, Decision and Loop | CO 2 |
| 5 | Exercises on Nested-Loops (Patterns) | CO 2 |
| 6 | Magic(Special) Numbers | CO 2 |
| 7 | Exercises on String and char Operations | CO 2 |
| 8 | Exercises on Arrays | CO 2 |
| 9 | Exercises on Methods | CO 3 |
| 10 | Exercises on Command-line Arguments, Recursion | CO 3 |
| 11 | More (Difficult) Exercises | CO 3 |
| 12 | Exercises on Classes | CO 4 |
| 13 | Exercises on Inheritance | CO 5 |
| 14 | Exercises on Polymorphism, Abstract Classes and Interfaces | CO 6 |

Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|--|
| 1. | Implement error handling to catch file-related exceptions. |
| 2. | Call a custom function that takes parameters and returns a value. |
| 3. | Read data from a text file, perform some operation, and write the result back to a new file. |
| 4. | Implement a program to add, remove, and manipulate elements in a list. |
| 5. | Use list comprehensions to generate new lists. |

21. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

| | | | |
|-------|---|---|-----------------------|
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 12 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

23. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |

25. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 1 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 1 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 2 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 3 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 1 |

26. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| Key Competencies | 3 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 6 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 |

27. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 33.3 | 20 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.7 | - | 33.7 |
| CO 2 | 33.3 | 30 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.7 | - | 33.7 |
| CO 3 | 33.3 | 20 | 30 | - | 100 | - | - | - | 25 | - | - | - | 33.7 | - | 66.7 |
| CO 4 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | - | 100 | - | - | - | 25 | - | - | - | 66.7 | - | 33.7 |
| CO 5 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | - | 100 | - | - | - | 16 | - | 16 | 16 | 33.7 | - | 66.7 |
| CO 6 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | - | 100 | - | - | - | 25 | - | 16 | 25 | 33.7 | - | 66.7 |

28. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 6 | 2 | 2 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 |
| TOTAL | 10 | 13 | 14 | - | 5 | - | - | - | 11 | - | 4 | 5 | 9 | - | 8 |
| AVERAGE | 1.66 | 2.16 | 2.33 | - | 0.83 | - | - | - | 1.83 | - | 0.66 | 0.83 | 1.5 | - | 1.33 |

29. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:





| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |









30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:






| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31.RELEVANCE TO SUSTAINABILITY GOALS

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: The students can gain a deeper understanding of how technology can be harnessed to address global challenges. This promotes quality education by fostering critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of sustainable development. |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |
| 9 |  | <p>Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure: Python programming skills are essential for developing innovative software solutions. Students working on projects related to sustainable development can contribute to building resilient infrastructure and promoting inclusive and sustainable industrialization.</p> |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | <p>Sustainable Cities and Communities: Python programming plays a crucial role in developing applications for smart cities, efficient transportation, and waste management systems. Through projects in the lab, students can explore ways to create more sustainable urban environments.</p> |
| 12 |  | |

| | | |
|----|--|---|
| 13 |  | Climate Action: Students can create climate-related applications, such as carbon footprint calculators or climate data analysis tools, using python programming. This directly contributes to SDG 13 by raising awareness and facilitating climate action. |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions: Python programming skills can be applied to create tools for transparency, accountability, and data security. By focusing on ethical coding practices, the lab can contribute to strong and just institutions. |
| 17 |  | Partnerships for the Goals: Collaborative projects can foster partnerships among students, educators, and local communities. These partnerships enhance knowledge sharing and the development of innovative solutions that align with multiple SDGs. |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Dr. J. Siva Ramakrishna,
Assistant Professor, CSE (AIML)

HOD,CSE (AIML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AIML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | ENGINEERING GRAPHICS | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AMED03 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | II Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Lecture Hours 15 | | Practical Hours 30 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Course Faculty | Mr. V Phaninder Reddy | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 30/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

13. Course Overview

Introduction to graphical representation using free hand drawing and computer-aided drafting. Engineering graphics covers basic engineering drawing techniques such as lines & lettering, geometrical constructions, principles of tangency, orthographic projections, sectional views, and dimensioning. This course assists to draw 2D drawings for industrial applications.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The basic engineering drawing formats. |
| II | Projections of points, lines, planes and solids at inclinations of horizontal plane and vertical plane. |
| III | Use of computer-aided design (CAD) to communicate concepts and ideas in the design of three-dimensional engineering products. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Demonstrate an ability to dimension and annotate two-dimensional engineering graphics.. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Demonstrate the freehand sketching to aid in the visualization process and to efficiently communicate ideas graphically. | Understand |
| CO 3 | Make use of CAD software for the creation of 3D models and 2D engineering graphics. | Apply |
| CO 4 | Comprehend the principles and techniques for creating sectional views of three-dimensional solids in engineering graphics. | Understand |
| CO 5 | Explain the application of industry standards and best practices applied in engineering graphics. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Apply the general projection theory with emphasis on orthographic projection to represent three-dimensional objects in two-dimensional views. | Apply |

16. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| 1. Employment advantage: This can give competitive advantage when seeking employment as Design Engineer. |
| 2. Problem-Solving and Analytical Thinking: Engineering Drawing involves CFD analysis and structural analysis of structures before inspection of prototype. This cultivates the ability to think critically and find innovative solutions, which is a fundamental skill sought by employers before finalization of product design in industries. |
| 3. Safety Awareness: The analysis, decides the safety factor for the machine member when subjected to static and dynamic forces which enhances safety consciousness. Graduates should consider this awareness in every engineering industry where safety is a priority. |

17. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | x |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. COURSE CONTENT SYLLABUS:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Demonstrate an ability to dimension and annotate two-dimensional engineering graphics. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Introduction to CAD2. Introduction to Engineering Drawing3. Exercises on Dimensioning4. Exercises on Geometrical Constructions |
| CO 2 | Demonstrate the freehand sketching to aid in the visualization process and to efficiently communicate ideas graphically. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Conic Sections |
| CO 3 | Make use of CAD software for the creation of 3D models and 2D engineering graphics. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Technical Sketching and Shape Description |
| CO 4 | Comprehend the principles and techniques for creating sectional views of three-dimensional solids in engineering graphics. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercises on Sectional views |
| CO 5 | Explain the application of industry standards and best practices applied in engineering graphics. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercise on Development of surfaces-1 (Prisms)2. Exercise on Development of surfaces-2 (Cylinder, Cone and Pyramid) |
| CO 6 | Apply the general projection theory with emphasis on orthographic projection to represent three-dimensional objects in two-dimensional views. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exercise on orthographic views2. Exercise on Isometric projection of planes3. Exercise on isometric projections of solids4. Demonstration of SOLID WORKS Software5. Demonstration of CREO Software |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Frederick E Giesecke, Alva Mitchell, Henry C Spencer, Ivan L Hill, John T Dygdon, James E. Novak, R. O. Loving, Shawna Lockhart, Cindy Johnson” *Technical Drawing with Engineering Graphics*”, Pearson Education, 16th Edition, 2016.
2. Donald Hearn ” *Computer Graphics*”, Pearson Education, 12th Edition, 2021.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Basant Agrawal and C M Agrawal “*Engineering Drwing*”, 3 rd Edition, Mc GraHill, 2018.
2. James M. Leake, Molly Hathaway Goldstein, Jacob L. Borgerson, “*Engineering Design Graphics, Modelling and Visualization* ”, Wiley Publications, 3 rd Edition, 2020.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Lecture notes, ELRV videos and power point presentations
2. Answers / solutions to all questions / problems in the textbook
3. Online exercises
4. Problems and solutions in files

20. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|----------------------|
| 1 | Introduction to AUTOCAD | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Introduction to Engineering Drawing | CO 1 | T1:5.6 R1:1.12.3 |
| 3 | Exercises on Dimensioning | CO 1 | T2:5.10 R1:1.15 |
| 4 | Exercises on Geometrical Constructions | CO 1 | T2:5.15 R1:1.16 |
| 5 | Exercises on Conic Sections | CO 2 | T2:5.17 R1:1.13.1 |
| 6 | Exercises on Technical Sketching and Shape Description | CO 3 | T2:5.18 R1:1.13.2 |
| 7 | Exercises on Sectional views | CO 4 | T2:5.19 R1:1.13.3 |
| 8 | Exercise on Development of surfaces-1(Prisms) | CO 5 | T2:5.20 R1:1.7.1 |
| 9 | Exercise on Development of surfaces-2 (Cylinder, Cone, Pyramid) | CO 5 | T2:5.24 R1:1.17.3 |
| 10 | Exercise on orthographic views | CO 6 | T2:6.3 R1:2.6.1 |
| 11 | Exercise on Isometric projection of Planes | CO 6 | T2:6.5 R1:2.6.2 |
| 12 | Exercise on Isometric projection of Solids | CO 6 | T2:7.7 R1:2.10 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---------------------------------------|------|-----------|
| 13 | Demonstration of SOLID WORKS Software | CO 6 | T2:7.11 |
| 14 | Demonstration of CREO Software | CO 6 | T2:7.11 |

21. EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|---|
| 1 | Develop the procedure to draw knuckle joint by using AUTO CAD. |
| 2 | Develop the standard procedure to draw 2D drawing of any machine component by using AUTO CAD. |

22. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR) |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

23. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|---|
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. | 2 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. | 1 | Seminar / Conferences / Research papers |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 1 | Seminar / Conferences / Research papers |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 1 | Seminar / Conferences / Research papers |

24. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR) | - | - |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems | - | - |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | - | - |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

25. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - |

26. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 7 | Understand the impact of the engineering graphics in societal and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 1 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering graphics.. | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a design team. | 5 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering drawing to write effective reports and design documentation. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of designing. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 2 | PO 7 | Understand the impact of the engineering graphics in societal and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 1 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering graphics.. | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a design team. | 5 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering drawing to write effective reports and design documentation. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of designing. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 7 | Understand the impact of the engineering graphics in societal and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 1 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering graphics.. | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a design team. | 5 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering drawing to write effective reports and design documentation. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of designing. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 7 | Understand the impact of the engineering graphics in societal and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 1 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering graphics.. | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a design team. | 5 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering drawing to write effective reports and design documentation. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of designing. | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 7 | Understand the impact of the engineering graphics in societal and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 1 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering graphics.. | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a design team. | 5 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering drawing to write effective reports and design documentation. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of designing. | 2 |
| CO 6 | PO 7 | Understand the impact of the engineering graphics in societal and environmental contexts for sustainable development. | 1 |
| | PO 8 | Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering graphics.. | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in a design team. | 5 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on complex engineering drawing to write effective reports and design documentation. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of designing. | 2 |

27. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 2 | | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 2 | | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 2 | | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 2 | | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 2 | | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 2 | | - | - |

28. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.3 | 42 | 40 | - | 25 | | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.3 | 42 | 40 | - | 25 | | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.3 | 42 | 40 | - | 25 | | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.3 | 42 | 40 | - | 25 | | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.3 | 42 | 40 | - | 25 | | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.3 | 33.3 | 42 | 40 | - | 25 | | - | - |

29. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 12 | 6 | 6 | - | 6 | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - |




30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

32. Relevance to Sustainability goals

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 4 |  | Quality Education: An engineering drawing course provides students with a strong foundation in design-analysis skills, enhancing their overall educational experience and empowering them to address real-world challenges. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | Clean Water and Sanitation: Proper infrastructure design, can contribute to the effective delivery of clean water and sanitation services, benefiting communities' health and well-being. |
| 7 |  | Affordable and Clean Energy: Engineering drawing plays a role in the design and analysis of equipments, contributing the sustainable energy solutions. Students learn to optimize energy use, design renewable energy systems, and enhance energy efficiency in various applications. |
| 8 |  | Decent Work and Economic Growth: Engineering drawing equips students with skills that contribute the job creation and economic growth while also promoting ethical and responsible engineering practices. |
| 9 |  | Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure: Engineering drawing principles is crucial for developing and maintaining sustainable infrastructure and technological innovations. It contribute to designing safer, more durable, and environmentally friendly infrastructure projects. |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | Sustainable Cities and Communities: Engineering drawing underpins the construction and maintenance of urban infrastructure, which can withstand environmental challenges and contribute to the safety and sustainability of urban spaces. |
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 30/08/2023

Signature of Course Faculty
Mr V Phaninder Reddy, Professor

HOD, CSE (AIML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | |
|----|-------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING(AI & ML) | |
| 2 | Course Title | MOBILE APPLICATIONS DEVELOPMENT | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD04 | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | |
| 5 | Semester | II Semester | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | |
| | | Lecture Hours 0 | Practical Hours 3 |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | Even Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Ms.S.Yamini | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 29/02/2024 | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cse | |
| 12 | Course Pre-requisites | Object Oriented Programming | |

13. Course Overview

This course focuses on hands-on experience in designing, developing, and testing mobile applications for various platforms helps to gain practical skills in mobile app development, including user interface design, programming, and deployment. The applications of this course can be pre-installed on phones and mobile app development have been required to create various applications.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The mobile application development for different platforms using appropriate tools and frameworks. |
| II | The user interface design with best practices for usability and user experience. |
| III | The process of debugging and troubleshooting for common issues in mobile app development. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|---|----------|
| CO 1 | Apply layout management and multi layout techniques to create adaptable user interface | Apply |
| CO 2 | Develop user interface for mobile application using widgets with event handling. | Develop |
| CO 3 | Design push notifications for incoming messages. | Design |
| CO 4 | Create mobile application models using appropriate range of methods provided. | Create |
| CO 5 | Evaluate applications on mobile platforms with different configurations. | Evaluate |
| CO 6 | Deploy applications to the android marketplace for distribution to app store. | Apply |

16. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| 1. Employment advantage: This can give competitive advantage when seeking employment as Application Development. |
| 2. Problem-Solving and Analytical Thinking: Students are expected to design and develop a high-quality mobile application that addresses a real-world problem in an innovative way. Coursework will include project conception, design, implementation, and pilot testing of mobile phone software applications. |

17. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | x |  Open Ended Experiments |
| x |  Competitions | x |  hackathons | x |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. SYLLABUS:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Apply layout management and multi layout definition techniques to create adaptable user interface |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Food ordering application 2. Music player application 3. Smart Health Prediction |
| CO 2 | Develop user interface for mobile Application using widgets with event handling. |

| | |
|------|--|
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Hostel Management Application 2. Stay safe women security application 3. Controlling Anti Ragging Application |
| CO 3 | Design push notifications for incoming messages. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Extracurricular Event Tracking Application 2. Student management system 3. Pharm easy application |
| CO 4 | Create Mobile application models using appropriate range of methods provided. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. News Application 2. Air Transit Trip Planner App 3. Student-Faculty Document Sharing System |
| CO 5 | Evaluate applications on mobile platforms with different configurations. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Online Recruitment System 2. Student Counseling Management System 3. Data Mart Management System |
| CO 6 | Deploy applications to the android marketplace for distribution to app store. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Restaurant Reservation And Table Management System 2. Secure Stock Exchange System 3. Country Cargo And Express Couriers System |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Reto Meier, Professional Android 4 Application Development, Wile Publication, 1 st Edition, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bill Phillips and Chris Stewart, Kristin Marsicano "Android Programming", The Big Nerd Ranch Guide, O'Reilly, 3rd Edition, 2017.
2. Dawn Griffiths, David Griffiths, "Head First Android Development: A Learner's Guide to Building Android Apps with Kotlin, Third Edition, ", O'Reilly, 3rd Edition, 2021.
3. Antonio Leiva, "Kotlin for Android Developers: Learn Kotlin while developing an Android App,", CreateSpace Independent Publishing, 1st Edition, 2016.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Course Template
2. Lab Manual

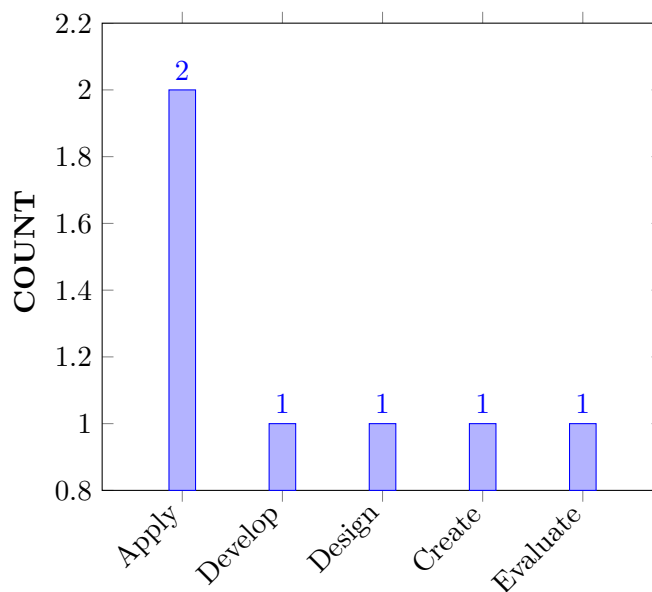
20. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|-------------|---|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Getting Started An Exercises: 1.1 Helloworld | CO 1,CO2 | T2:5.6 R1:1.12.3 |
| 3 | Food Ordering Application | CO 1,CO2,CO3 | T2:5.10 R1:1.15 |
| 4 | Music Player Application: | CO 2,CO3,CO4 | T2:5.15 R1:1.16 |
| 5 | Smart Health Prediction: | CO 2,CO3,CO4 | T2:5.17 R1:1.13.1 |
| 6 | Hostel Management Application: | CO 3,CO4,CO5 | T2:5.18 R1:1.13.2 |
| 7 | Stay Safe Women Security Application: | CO 4,CO5,CO6 | T2:5.19 R1:1.13.3 |
| 8 | Controlling Anti Ragging Application: | CO 3,CO4,CO5 | T2:5.20 R1:1.7.1 |
| 9 | Extracurricular Event Tracking Application | CO 3,CO4,CO6 | T2:5.24 R1:1.17.3 |
| 10 | Student Management System | CO 2,CO4,CO5 | T2:6.3 R1:2.6.1 |
| 11 | Pharm Easy Application | CO 2,CO4,CO5 | T2:6.5 R1:2.6.2 |
| 12 | News Application | CO 4,CO5,CO6 | T2:7.7 R1:2.10 |
| 13 | Air Transit Trip Planner App | CO 3,CO4,CO5 | T2:7.11 |
| 14 | Student-Faculty Document Sharing System | CO 2,CO4,CO5 | T2:7.11 |
| 15 | Online Recruitment System | CO 2,CO3,CO4 | T2:15.2 R1:8.2 |
| 16 | Student Counseling Management System | CO 2,CO4,CO5 | T2:15.7 R1:8.3.3 |
| 17 | Data Mart Management System | CO 3,CO5,CO6 | T2:2.1 R1:7.9.2 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|-----------------|----------------------|
| 18 | Restaurant Reservation And Table Management System | CO 3,CO5,CO6 | T2:2.2 R1:7.9.1 |
| 19 | Secure Stock Exchange System | CO 4,CO5,CO6 | T2:2.4 R1:7.11 |
| 20 | Country Cargo And Express Couriers System | CO 3,CO5,CO6 | T2:16.8 R1:8.12.1 |

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

21. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | Lab Experiments /CIE / SEE |

| | | | |
|------|--|---|-----------------------------|
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | Lab Experiments / CIE / SEE |
|------|--|---|-----------------------------|

23. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 3 | Lab Programs/ CIE /SEE |
| PSO 3 | Apply machine learning models, methods, and techniques for data analysis, data handling, and data visualization for effective decision-making. | 3 | Lab Programs/ CIE /SEE |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ |

25. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to problems for determining reactions, resultants and condition for equilibrium of structure using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Formulate the complex engineering problems to determine the reactions, resultants and condition for equilibrium of given force systems by identify the problem statement, formulation, data collection and validation for the analysis. | 4 |
| | PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to problems involving frictional force additionally in system of forces using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Formulate the complex engineering problems involving frictional force and normal reaction by identify the problem statement, formulation, data collection and validation for the analysis. | 3 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals for locating centroid and centre of gravity using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Formulate the complex engineering problems involving centroid and centre of gravity by identifying the problem statement, formulation, data collection and validation . | 4 |
| | PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to problems involving area moment of inertia and mass moment of inertia using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Formulate the complex engineering problems involving area moment of inertia and mass moment of inertia by identify the problem statement, formulation, data collection and validation . | 4 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to of kinematics and kinetics problems using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Formulate the complex engineering problems involving kinematics and kinetics by identify the problem statement, formulation, data collection and validation . | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas.. | 2 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply the mathematics, science and Engineering fundamentals to dynamic equilibrium the problems for analysis of forces using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Formulate the complex dynamic equilibriums by identify the problem statement, formulation, data collection and validation . | 4 |
| | PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 3 |

26. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| | 3 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 1 | 3 | 2 |
| CO 1 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 5 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 6 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |

27. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 66.6 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - |
| CO 2 | 66.6 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 66.6 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 | - |
| CO 4 | 66.6 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 |
| CO 5 | 66.6 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.6 |
| CO 6 | 66.6 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 |

28. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

1- $5 < C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ –Moderate

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| CO 5 | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| CO 6 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| TOTAL | 18 | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 9 |
| AVER- AGE | 3 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |

29. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:






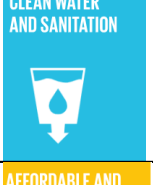


| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |

30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| ✓ | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality Education: An Mobile Applications Development course provides students with a strong foundation in design-analysis skills, enhancing their overall educational experience and empowering them to address real-world challenges. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 9 |  | Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure: Mobile applications development principles is crucial for developing and maintaining sustainable infrastructure and technological innovations. It contribute to designing safer, more durable, and environmentally friendly infrastructure projects. |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | |
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 17 |  | |
|----|---|--|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
S.Yamini, Assistant Professor

HOD,CSE(AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | Probability and Statistics | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AHSD11 | | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | | |
| 5 | Semester | III | | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 1 | Credits 4 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 8 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective × | Open Elective × | VAC × | MOOCs × |
| 9 | Course Offered | Odd Semester | ✓ | Even Semester | × | |
| 10 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 16 hours | | Practical: 0 hours | |
| 11 | Course Co ordinator | Dr. G SRINIVASU | | | | |
| | Course Instructor | Dr. P. Naga Lakshmi Devi | | | | |
| 12 | Date Approved by BOS | 23/08/2023 | | | | |
| 13 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | | |
| 14 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | B.Tech | AHSD02 | I | Matrices and Calculus / DEVC | |
| | | B.Tech | AHSD08 | II | Differential Equations Vector Calculus | |

15. Course Overview

Probability theory is the branch of mathematics that deals with modelling uncertainty. The course includes: random variables, probability distributions, hypothesis testing, confidence interval and linear regression. The use of probability models and statistical methods is for analyzing data, designing, manufacturing a product and the observed class frequencies for engineering and sciences.

16. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The theory of probability, conditional probability, Bayes theorem and their applications. |
| II | The theory of random variables, basic random variate distributions and their applications. |
| III | The role of Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions in solving the real-life problems. |
| IV | The methods and techniques for quantifying the degree of closeness among two or more variables by using coefficient of correlation and the concept of linear regression analysis. |
| V | The Estimation theory and hypothesis testing in statistics play a vital role in the assessment of the quality of the materials, products and ensuring the standards of the engineering process. |

17. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Explain the axioms of the probability, conditional probability and by using these concepts, establish the elementary theorems on probability. Explain the role of Bayes theorem in solving the typical uncertain problems in probability . | Understand |
| CO 2 | Explain the role of random variables and types of random variables, expected values of the discrete and continuous random variables under randomized probabilistic conditions . | Understand |
| CO 3 | Interpret the parameters of random variate Probability distributions such as Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution by using their probability functions, expectation and variance . | Understand |
| CO 4 | Apply Bivariate Regression as well as Correlation Analysis for statistical forecasting . | Apply |
| CO 5 | Identify the role of statistical hypotheses, types of errors, confidence intervals, the tests of hypotheses for large samples in making decisions over statistical claims in hypothesis testing | Apply |
| CO 6 | Identify the tests of hypothesis for small samples in making decisions over statistical claims in hypothesis testing | Apply |

18. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S No | TOPIC NAME | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|-------------------------------------|--------|--|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Classical definition of probability | TLO 1 | Summarize basic fundamentals of probability through a procedural approach . | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Axiomatic Approach of probability | TLO 2 | Define axioms of probability to obtain the solution of problems in probability . | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 3 | Use the axioms of probability to solve the problems . | CO 1 | Apply |









| S No | TOPIC NAME | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|----------------|--------------|
| 3 | Elementary theorems on probability | TLO 4 | Utilize axioms of probability to prove the elementary theorems on probability | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | TLO 5 | Determine the solution for problems related to probability | CO 1 | Understand |
| 4 | Bayes Theorem | TLO 6 | Apply Bayes Theorem for finding the solution of problems related to probability. | CO 1 | Apply |
| 5 | Random Variables | TLO 7 | Distinguish Discrete and Continuous Random Variables | CO 2 | Understand |
| 6 | Probability mass function and Probability density function | TLO 8 | Define the probability mass function and Probability density function. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | TLO 9 | Utilize the concept of random variables to obtain the solution of related problems. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 7 | Binomial Distribution | TLO 10 | Define the probability distribution of Binomial distribution. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 11 | Interpret Mean and Variance of binomial distribution. | CO3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 12 | Solve the problems by using Binomial Distribution. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 8 | Poisson Distribution | TLO 13 | Interpret Poisson distribution as a limiting case of Binomial distribution. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 14 | Interpret Mean and Variance of poisson distribution. | CO3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 15 | Solve the problems by using Poisson Distribution. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 9 | Normal Distribution | TLO 16 | Define the probability density function of Normal distribution. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 17 | Interpret Mean, Variance and Mode of normal distribution. | CO3 | Understand |
| | | TLO 18 | Solve the problems by using Normal Distribution. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 9 | Correlation | TLO 19 | Define the correlation coefficient and Formulate the Karl-Pearson's Coefficient of correlation to solve some problems for the given data | CO 4 | Understand |

| S No | TOPIC NAME | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|--------------------|--------|--|----------------|--------------|
| | | TLO 20 | formulate Rank correlation coefficient to solve the problems for the given data. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 10 | Regression Lines | TLO 21 | Formulate the regression lines of y on x and x on y to solve some problems. | CO 4 | Understand |
| | | TLO 22 | Find the angle between two regression lines and using this formulae determine the solution of some problems. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 11 | Test of Hypothesis | TLO 23 | Test of significance for single mean and difference of means for large samples with suitable examples. | CO 5 | Apply |
| | | TLO 24 | Test of significance for single proportion and difference of proportions for large samples with suitable examples. | CO 5 | Apply |
| | | TLO 25 | Explain t -distribution, F -distribution and Chi-square distribution with suitable examples. | CO 6 | Apply |

19. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Probability: Employability/ Skill development: Uses the basics of theory of probability in the field of engineering. |
| Statistics: Employability/ Skill development: Uses the concept of the testing of hypothesis in engineering problems |

20. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

21. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and and 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz and remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal

weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given from first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 40 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

22. Course content - Number of modules: Five:

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | PROBABILITY Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Probability, axiomatic approach, elementary theorems on probability, conditional probability, multiplication theorem, Bayes theorem (without proof). |
| MODULE II | RANDOM VARIABLES Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Random variables: Discrete and continuous random variables, probability distribution, probability mass function and probability density function. |
| MODULE III | PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Binomial distribution: Mean and variance of Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution: Poisson distribution as a limiting case of Binomial distribution, Mean and variance of Poisson distribution, Normal distribution: mean, variance, mode, median of normal distribution. |
| MODULE IV | CORRELATION AND REGRESSION Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Correlation- Karl Pearson’s coefficient of correlation, rank correlation, repeated ranks, Regression: Lines of regression, regression coefficient, angle between two regression lines. |
| MODULE V | TEST OF HYPOTHESIS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Population, sample, standard error; test of significance: Null hypothesis, alternate hypothesis. Types of errors, level of significance. Large sample tests: Test of hypothesis for single mean, difference between means, single proportion and difference between proportions. Small sample tests: Student’s t - distribution, F -distribution and chi-square distribution. . |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Erwin Kreyszig, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, John Wiley and Sons Publishers, 9th Edition, 2014.
2. B. S. Grewal, “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, Khanna Publishers, 43rd Edition, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. N. P. Bali, “Engineering Mathematics”, Laxmi Publications, 9th Edition, 2016.

2. S. C. Gupta, V. K. Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", S. Chand and Co., 10th Edition, 2000.
3. Richard Arnold Johnson, Irwin Miller and John E. Freund, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Prentice Hall, 8th Edition, 2013.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Course template
2. Tutorial question bank
3. Definition and terminology
4. Tech-talk topics
5. Assignments
6. Model question paper-I
7. Model question paper-II
8. Lecture notes
9. Early learning readiness videos (ELRV)
10. Power point presentations

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES:

1. <http://e4uhu.com/down/Applied/9th>
2. <https://toaz.info/32fa2f50-8490-42cf-9e6a-f50cb7ea9a5b>
3. <http://www.mathworld.wolfram.com>

23. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|--|------|---------------------|
| Discussion on OBE | | | |
| 1 | Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs and PSOs | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Probability Basic definitions | CO 1 | T2:26.3 |
| 2 | Probability | CO 1 | R2:21.48 |
| 3 | Axioms of Probability | CO 1 | T2:26.6 R2:21.50 |
| 4 | Elementary theorems on Probability | CO 1 | T2:26.6 R2:21.50 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|------|----------------------|
| 5 | Conditional Probability | CO 1 | T2:26.7 R2:21.51 |
| 6 | Multiplication theorem | CO 1 | T2:26.7 R2:21.51 |
| 7 | Bayes theorem | CO 1 | T2:26.7 R2:21.51 |
| 8 | Discrete random variables | CO 2 | T2:26.10 |
| 9 | Continuous random variables | CO 2 | T2:26.10 |
| 10 | Probability distribution | CO 2 | T2:26.14 R2:21.55 |
| 11 | Probability mass function | CO 2 | T2:26.15 R2:21.58 |
| 12 | Probability Density Function | CO 2 | T2:26.16 R2:21.61 |
| 13 | Mathematical Expectation | CO 2 | T2:25.12 R2:21.24 |
| 14 | Binomial Distribution | CO 3 | T2:25.16 R2:21.29 |
| 15 | Mean and Variance of Binomial Distribution | CO 3 | T2:25.14 R2:21.31 |
| 16 | Expected Frequency of Binomial Distribution | CO 3 | T2:25.14 R2:21.33 |
| 17 | Poisson Distribution as a limiting case of binomial distribution | CO 3 | R2:21.33 |
| 18 | Mean and Variance of Poisson distribution | CO 3 | T2:27.2 R2:21.64 |
| 19 | Expected Frequency of Poisson Distribution | CO 3 | T2:27.2 |
| 20 | Normal distribution – I | CO 3 | T2:27.2 R2:21.67 |
| 21 | Mean and Variance of Normal Distribution | CO 3 | T2:27.2 |
| 22 | Mode and Median of Normal distribution | CO 3 | T2:27.3 R2:21.71 |
| 23 | Normal distribution – II | CO 3 | T2:27.4 R2:21.68 |
| 24 | Correlation | CO 4 | T2:27.7 R2:21.74 |
| 25 | Karl-Pearson's coefficient of Correlation | CO 4 | T2:27.7 R2:21.74 |
| 26 | Rank Correlation | CO 4 | T2:27.12 R2:21.75 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|--------------------------------------|---|------|-----------------------|
| 27 | Rank Correlation for Repeated Ranks | CO 4 | T2:27.8 R2:21.72 |
| 28 | Regression Lines | CO 4 | T2:27.8 R2:21.73 |
| 29 | Regression coefficients | CO 4 | T2:27.14 R2:21.78 |
| 30 | Angle between two regression Lines | CO 4 | T2:27.19 R2:21.814 |
| 31 | Sampling distribution - Population, sample, standard error | CO 5 | T2:27.12 R2:21.82 |
| 32 | Test of significance: Null hypothesis, Alternate hypothesis, types of errors, level of significance | CO 5 | T2:26.15 R2:21.58 |
| 33 | Testing of hypothesis for Large Samples | CO 5 | T2:26.15 R2:21.58 |
| 34 | Test of hypothesis for single mean | CO 5 | T2:26.16 R2:21.61 |
| 35 | Test of hypothesis for difference of means | CO 5 | T2:25.14 R2:21.33 |
| 36 | Test of hypothesis for single proportion | CO 5 | R2:21.33 |
| 37 | Test of hypothesis for difference of proportions | CO 5 | T2:27.2 R2:21.64 |
| 38 | Testing of hypothesis for small samples | CO 6 | T2:27.2 |
| 39 | Student's t-distribution for single mean | CO 6 | T2:26.16 R2:21.61 |
| 40 | Student's t-distribution for difference of means | CO 6 | T2:25.12 R2:21.24 |
| 41 | F-distribution | CO 6 | T2:25.16 R2:21.29 |
| 42 | Chi-Square distribution – I | CO 6 | T2:27.14 R2:21.78 |
| 43 | Chi-Square distribution – II | CO 6 | T2:27.12 R2:21.82 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 44 | Problems on Probability | CO 1 | T2:26.3 |
| 45 | Problems on Discrete and Continuous random variables | CO 1 | R2:21.48 |
| 46 | Problems on Probability mass function | CO 1 | T2:26.6 R2:21.50 |
| 47 | Problems on Probability density function | CO 1 | T2:26.7 R2:21.51 |
| 48 | Problems on Binomial Distribution | CO 2 | T2:26.8 |
| 49 | Problems on Poisson Distribution | CO 2 | T2:26.10 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|---------------|----------------------|
| 50 | Problems on Normal Distribution | CO 2 | T2:26.14 R2:21.55 |
| 51 | Problems on Correlation | CO 3 | T2:26.15 R2:21.58 |
| 52 | Problems on Regression | CO 4 | T2:26.16 R2:21.61 |
| 53 | Problems on Sampling distribution | CO 5 | T2:25.12 R2:21.24 |
| 54 | Problems on Test of hypothesis for single mean and difference of means | CO 5 | T2:25.16 R2:21.29 |
| 55 | Problems on Test of hypothesis for single proportion and difference of proportions | CO 6 | T2:25.14 R2:21.31 |
| 56 | Problems on t-distribution | CO 6 | T2:25.14 R2:21.33 |
| 57 | Problems on F-distribution | CO 6 | R2:21.33 |
| 58 | Problems on Chi-Square distribution | CO 6 | T2:27.2 R2:21.64 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 59 | Definitions terminology discussion on probability and random variables | CO 1 | T2:26.6 R2:21.50 |
| 60 | Probability and Random variables | CO 2 | T2:26.7 R2:21.51 |
| 61 | Definitions& terminology discussion on correlation and regression. | CO 3, CO 4 | T2:25.14 R2:21.33 |
| 62 | Definitions & terminology discussion on Tests of Hypothesis. | CO 5 | R2:21.33 |
| 63 | Definitions & terminology discussion on Tests of significance. | CO 6 | R2:21.33 |
| DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 64 | Question bank discussion on Probability, Random variables and Probability Distributions | CO 1 | T2:26.6 R2:21.50 |
| 65 | Question bank discussion on probability distributions. | CO 2 | T2:26.7 R2:21.51 |
| 66 | Question bank discussion on correlation and regression. | CO 3,CO 4 | T2:25.14 R2:21.33 |
| 67 | Question bank discussion on Tests of Hypothesis. | CO 5 | R2:21.33 |
| 68 | Question bank discussion on Tests of significance. | CO 6 | R2:21.33 |

24. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| | |
|-------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. |

| Program Specific Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

25. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

26. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | | |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | | |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | | |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

27. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

28. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|--|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Determine the solution of complex engineering problems by using Axiomatic approach and elementary theorems of Probability | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Interpret the statement of Bayes Theorem and determine the solution of complex engineering problems related to probability | 6 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Explain (understanding) the concept of random variables and their role in solving complex engineering problems involving random events and uncertainty by using Mathematical functions (principles of mathematics). | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Interpret the Probability distributions such as Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution (Understanding) and appreciate their importance and applicability (Apply) in solving complex engineering problems involving uncertainty. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Apply the suitable formulae to find mean, variance, mode and median for the given distributions. Use area property to solve the problems in normal distribution. | 6 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Interpret Karl-Pearson's coefficient of correlation, rank correlation and rank correlation for repeated ranks for solving some real-time complex engineering problems governed by correlation with the knowledge of fundamental principles of mathematics. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Apply the standard Regression line equations for solving some complex engineering problems. Understand the angle between two regression lines and apply the formulae to solve some related problems. | 6 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Interpret population, sample, standard error, null hypothesis and alternate hypothesis. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 2 | Explain the types of errors and level of significance in hypothesis testing of complex engineering problems. | 6 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Explain the working principle to test the given hypothesis. Interpret the test of hypothesis for single mean, difference of means, single proportion and difference of proportions for large samples. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Apply <i>t</i> -distribution, <i>F</i> -distribution, Chi-square distribution to test the hypothesis for small samples. | 6 |

29. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

30. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 66.7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 66.7 | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

31. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 - $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| TOTAL | 18 | 15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory practices | - | Student Viva | - | Certification | - |
| Term Paper | - | Tech-talk / 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Definitions and Terminology | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Assignments | ✓ |

33. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:











| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|






34. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

Mathematics plays an important role in the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) and at the same time these allow working with real situations in the subject of mathematics, providing the student with active learning. Sustainability is used to make the student see the usefulness of mathematics while instilling values and attitudes towards it.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| x | 1 |  | |
| x | 2 |  | |

| | | | | |
|---|----|---|--|--|
| x | 3 |  | | |
| ✓ | 4 |  | | Quality Education: This subject will improve the quality education in engineering and provides the knowledge in mathematical modelling which is used for real time applications |
| x | 5 |  | | |
| x | 6 |  | | |
| x | 7 |  | | |
| x | 8 |  | | |
| x | 9 |  | | |
| x | 10 |  | | |
| x | 11 |  | | |
| x | 12 |  | | |

| | | | | |
|---|----|---|--|--|
| x | 13 | CLIMATE ACTION  | | |
| x | 14 | LIFE BELOW WATER  | | |
| x | 15 | LIFE ON LAND  | | |
| x | 16 | PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS  | | |
| x | 17 | PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS  | | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 23/08/2023

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING(AI & ML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course code | AECD04 | | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | COMPUTER SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE | | | | |
| 4 | Class / Semester | II/III | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 0 hours | | Practical: – hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Mr. A. Prashanth, Assistant Professor | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 22/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=course/details /course id=528 | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | - | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

This course introduces the principles of basic computer organization, CPU organization, and the basic architecture concepts. The course emphasizes performance and cost analysis, instruction set design, register transfer languages, arithmetic, logic and shift micro-operations, pipelining, memory technology, memory hierarchy, virtual memory management, and I/O organization of computer, parallel processing and inter process communication and synchronization.

15. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The concepts of register transfer logic and arithmetic operations, instruction format, and instruction cycle. |
| II | The basic components of computer systems, functionality, and interactions with the components. |
| III | Memory hierarchy, memory management and I/O management. |
| IV | Pipelining and Multiprocessor techniques for the improvement of efficiency |

16. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Demonstrate a thorough understanding of the basic concepts and principles of computer system architecture. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Analyze different types of instruction sets and addressing modes. | Analyze |
| CO 3 | Evaluate memory management techniques such as paging, segmentation and virtual memory. | Evaluate |
| CO 4 | Compare different I/O techniques, including programmed I/O, interrupt driven I/O, and direct memory access (DMA) . | Understand |
| CO 5 | Explore the implications of parallel processing and apply concepts of pipelining and parallelism to enhance system performance. | Analyze |
| CO 6 | Summarize the concepts of pipelining and interprocess communication for advanced processor design. | Understand |

17. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|-------------------|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Register Transfer | 1 | Identify the purpose and function . of registers in a computer system. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 2 | Evaluate the efficiency of different bus architectures in terms of data transfer speed and reliability. | CO 1 | Evaluation |
| 2 | Microoperations | 3 | Define arithmetic microoperations and their role in performing basic arithmetic tasks within a CPU. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 4 | Utilize a decimal arithmetic unit to perform operations such as addition and subtraction on decimal numbers. | CO 1 | Apply |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 3 | Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit: Levels of abstraction | 5 | Describe the functions and components of an Arithmetic Logic Shift Unit (ALU) and its role in performing arithmetic and logic operations. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 6 | Demonstrate how an ALU performs different operations (arithmetic, logic, shift) by simulating ALU operations. | CO 1 | Apply |
| | | 7 | Analyze the steps involved in binary addition and subtraction to troubleshoot common errors in these operations. | CO 1 | Analyze |
| 4 | Instruction Codes: | 8 | Analyze the impact of different instruction codes on processor performance and instruction execution. | CO 2 | Analyze |
| | | 9 | Define what instruction codes are and their role in computer architecture. | CO 2 | Understand |
| 5 | Timing and Control: | 10 | Analyze how timing and control mechanisms affect the synchronization and execution of instructions in a CPU. | CO 2 | Analyze |
| 6 | Addressing Modes | 11 | Analyze the impact of different addressing modes on instruction execution and memory access. | CO 2 | Analyze |
| 7 | Data Transfer and Manipulation | 12 | Describe the mechanisms and operations involved in data transfer and manipulation within a computer system. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 13 | Micro programmed control Explain the process of address sequencing) in the design of control units. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | 14 | Analyze the differences between hardwired control and micro programmed control. | CO 3 | Analyze |
| 8 | Input-Output Organization: | 15 | Identify various peripheral devices and their functions in a computer system. | CO 3 | Remember |
| | | 16 | Assess the PCI Express architecture and identify its physical and logical components. | CO 3 | Evaluate |









| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|---|--------|--|----------------|--------------|
| | | 17 | Illustrate the communication protocol between CPU and Input-Output Processors (IOPs). | CO 4 | Apply |
| 9 | Memory Organization | 18 | List the different types of semiconductor RAMs and their characteristics. | CO 4 | Remember |
| | | 19 | Explain the concept of memory hierarchy and its significance in computer architecture. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 10 | Semiconductor RAMs | 20 | Describe the internal organization of Static RAM (SRAM) and Dynamic RAM (DRAM) | CO 4 | Understand |
| | | 21 | Assess the impact of memory hierarchy on system performance and provide recommendations for optimal memory configurations in specific computing environments. | CO 5 | Evaluate |
| 11 | Nonvolatile Solid-State Memory Technologies | 22 | Critique current nonvolatile memory technologies (such as SSDs) and predict future trends in memory technology. predict future trends in memory technology. | CO 5 | Evaluate |
| 12 | Memory Hierarchy | 23 | Assess the impact of memory hierarchy on system performance and provide recommendations for optimal memory configurations in specific computing environments. | CO 5 | Evaluate |
| | | 24 | Differentiate between synchronous and asynchronous DRAMs in terms of operation and application. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 13 | Pipelining | 25 | Define key terms such as pipelining, vector processing, and multiprocessors. | CO 6 | Remember |
| | | 26 | Describe the advantages and disadvantages of using instruction pipelining in CPU design. | CO 6 | Understand |
| | | 27 | Apply knowledge of interconnection structures to design a simple multiprocessor network. | CO 6 | Apply |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|---------------------|--------|--|----------------|--------------|
| | | 28 | Analyze the performance trade-offs between using vector processors and traditional scalar processors in different computational scenarios. | CO 6 | Analyze |
| 14 | Multicore Computers | 29 | Assess the software performance issues that can arise in multicore systems and propose strategies to mitigate them. | CO 6 | Evaluate |

18. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| 1. Programming skills - The tech industry evolves rapidly, and staying up-to-date with the latest programming languages, frameworks, and development practices is crucial. Combining CSA skills with a commitment to continuous learning demonstrates a student's dedication to staying relevant in a dynamic field. |
| 2. Project-based skills - Creating projects that utilize CSA methodologies allows a student to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios. This hands-on experience helps solidify their understanding of how CSA concepts work in practice. |

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | ✓ |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | ✓ |  Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz, and the remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments. Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given in the first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub-divisions in a question.

Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE:

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | REGISTER TRANSFER AND MICROOPERATIONS Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Register transfer, Bus, and memory transfers, Arithmetic microoperations, Logic microoperations, Shift microoperations, and Arithmetic logic shift unit. Computer arithmetic: Addition and subtraction, floating point arithmetic operations, decimal arithmetic unit. |
| MODULE II | ORGANIZATION OF A COMPUTER Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Instruction codes, Computer registers, Computer instructions, Timing and control, Instruction cycle, Program Input-Output and Interrupt. Instruction formats, Addressing modes, Data Transfer and Manipulation, Program Control, RISC. |
| MODULE III | MICROPROGRAMMED CONTROL AND INPUT-OUTPUT ORGANIZATION Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Micro Programmed Control: Control memory, Address sequencing, Design of control unit, Hardwired control, Micro programmed control. Input-Output Organization: Peripheral devices, Input-Output interface, Modes of transfer, Priority interrupt –Daisy chaining priority, Parallel priority interrupt, Priority encoder; Direct Memory Access, Input-Output Processor – CPU-IOP communication; PCI Express - PCI physical and logical architecture. |
| MODULE IV | MEMORY ORGANIZATION Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Memory organization: Memory hierarchy, main memory, auxiliary memory, associative memory, cache memory, virtual memory; Semiconductor RAMs – Internal organization, Static memories, Dynamic RAMs, Synchronous and Asynchronous DRAMs, Structure of larger memories; Read-only memories, Cache memories – Mapping functions; Nonvolatile Solid-State Memory Technologies, Solid state drives. |

| | |
|----------|--|
| MODULE V | MULTIPROCESSORS Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel processing, Pipelining, Instruction pipeline, Vector processing, Array processors. Multiprocessors: Characteristics of multiprocessors, Interconnection structures, Inter-processor arbitration. Multicore Computers: Hardware performance issues, Software performance issues, Multicore organization, Intel Core i7-990X. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. M. Morris Mano, "Computer Systems Architecture", Pearson, 3rd Edition, 2015.
2. Patterson, Hennessy, "Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface", Morgan Kaufmann, 5th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. John. P. Hayes, "Computer System Architecture", McGraw-Hill, 3rd Edition, 1998.
2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko G Vranesic, Safwat G Zaky, "Computer Organization", McGraw-Hill, 5th Edition, 2002.
3. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture", Pearson Edition, 8th Edition, 2010

22. Course plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|------|--------------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs, and PSOs | | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Register transfer: Register transfer language, register transfer | CO 1 | T1: 4.1, 4.2 |
| 2 | Bus and memory transfers | CO 1 | T1: 4.3 |
| 3 | Arithmetic micro operations | CO 1 | T1: 4.4 |
| 4 | Logic micro operations | CO 1 | T1: 4.5 |
| 5 | Shift micro operations | CO 1 | T1: 4.6 |
| 6 | Computer arithmetic: Addition and subtraction | CO 1 | T1: 10.2 |
| 7 | Floating point arithmetic operations | CO 1 | T1: 10.5 |
| 8 | Decimal arithmetic unit | CO 1 | T1: 10.6 |
| 9 | Organization of a computer: Instruction codes | CO 2 | T1: 5.1 |
| 10 | Computer registers | CO 2 | T1: 5.2 |
| 11 | Computer Instructions | CO 2 | T1: 5.3 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|-------------------|
| 12 | Timing and control | CO 2 | T1: 5.4 |
| 13 | CPU design: Instruction cycle | CO 2 | T1: 5.5 |
| 14 | Program Input-output and interrupt | CO 2 | T1: 5.7 |
| 15 | Instruction formats | CO 2 | T1: 5.6 |
| 16 | Addressing modes | CO 2 | T1: 8.5 |
| 17 | Data transfer and manipulation, program control. | CO 2 | T1: 8.6, 8.7 |
| 18 | RISC | CO 3 | T1: 8.5 |
| 19 | Micro Programmed Control: Control memory | CO 3 | T1: 7.1 |
| 20 | Address sequencing | CO 3 | T1: 7.2 |
| 21 | Design of control unit | CO 3 | T1: 7.4 |
| 22 | Hardwired control | CO 3 | T1: 7.4 |
| 23 | Micro Programmed Control | CO 3 | T1: 7.1 |
| 24 | Input or output organization: Peripheral devices | CO 3 | T1: 11.1, 11.2 |
| 25 | Input or output Interface | CO 3 | T1: 11.1, 11.2 |
| 26 | Modes of transfer, Priority interrupt | CO 4 | T1: 11.4 |
| 27 | Daisy Chaining Priority , Parallel Priority interrupt | CO 4 | T1: 11.5 |
| 28 | Priority Encoder, Direct memory access | CO 4 | T1: 11.5 |
| 29 | Input-Output Processor – CPU-IOP communication | CO 4 | T1: 11.7 |
| 30 | PCI Express, PCI physical and logical architecture | CO 4 | T1: 11.8 |
| 31 | Memory organization: Memory hierarchy and Main memory | CO 4 | T1: 12.1, 12.2 |
| 32 | Auxiliary memory, associative memory, Cache memory, virtual memory | CO 5 | T1: 12.3, 12.4 |
| 33 | Semiconductor RAMs – Internal organization | CO 5 | T1: 13.5, 13.6 |
| 34 | Static Memories, Dynamic RAMs | CO 5 | T1: 13.5, 13.6 |
| 35 | Synchronous and Asynchronous DRAMs | CO 5 | T1: 13.5 |
| 36 | Structure of larger memories | CO 5 | T1: 13.7 |
| 37 | Read-only memories, Cache memories – Mapping functions | CO 5 | T1: 13.8 |
| 38 | Nonvolatile Solid-State Memory Technologies , Solid state drives | CO 5 | T1: 13.9 |
| 39 | Pipeline and Vector Processing: Parallel processing, Pipelining-arithmetic pipeline | CO 6 | T1: 9.1 |
| 40 | Instruction pipeline | CO 6 | T1: 9.4 |
| 41 | Multiprocessors: Characteristics of multiprocessors | CO 6 | T1: 13.1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|-------------|----------------|
| 42 | Inter connection structures and Inter processor arbitration | CO 6 | T1: 13.2, 13.3 |
| 43 | Multicore Computers: Hardware performance issues, Software performance issues | CO 6 | T1: 17.2, 17.3 |
| 44 | Multicore organization, Intel Core i7-990X | CO 6 | T1: 17.4 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Problems on bus and address lines. | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Problems on instruction sets. | CO 1 | |
| 3 | Problems on computer arithmetic addition and subtraction. | CO 1 | |
| 4 | Problems on multiplication and division. | CO 1 | |
| 5 | Problems on addressing modes. | CO 2 | |
| 6 | Problems on Timing and control. | CO 2 | |
| 7 | Problems on Data Transfer and Manipulation. | CO 2 | |
| 8 | Problems related to input-output operations and interrupts. | CO 3 | |
| 9 | Problems related to interrupts. | CO 3 | |
| 10 | Problems on direct memory access. | CO 4 | |
| 11 | Nonvolatile Solid-State Memory Technologies.. | CO 5 | |
| 12 | Solid state drives. | CO 5 | |
| 13 | Problems on arithmetic pipelining. | CO 6 | |
| 14 | Problems on multiprocessors. | CO 6 | |
| 15 | Problems on Vector Processing. | CO 6 | |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Register Transfer and Microoperations. | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Organization of a Computer. | CO 2 | |
| 3 | Microprogrammed control and Input-Output Organization. | CO 3, CO 4 | |
| 4 | Memory Organization. | CO 5 | |
| 5 | Multiprocessors. | CO 5 , CO 6 | |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Register Transfer and Microoperations. | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Organization of a Computer. | CO 2 | |
| 3 | Microprogrammed control and Input-Output Organization. | CO 3, CO 4 | |
| 4 | Memory Organization. | CO 5 | |
| 5 | Multiprocessors. | CO 5 , CO 6 | |

23. Program outcomes and Program specific outcomes:

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|---------------------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identity, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using the first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations. | 3 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 4 | Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 3 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 2 | Tech talk/Definitions and terminology |

| | | | |
|-------|---|---|---------|
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. | 2 | CIE/SEE |
|-------|---|---|---------|

25. How program-specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 3 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 2 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 3 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ |

27. Justifications for CO – PO / PSO mapping - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Explain the various functional units of Computer with computer science principles. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 2 | Explore the types of programming languages for problem identification and to formulate computer science and Engineering Problems. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Evaluate the instruction set architecture based on the cost drivers, integration, manage design process and understand customer needs.. | 4 |
| | PSO 1 | Understanding of the basic concepts of computer system design as well as the software tools required to create machine learning and artificial intelligence applications. | 1 |
| CO 2 | PO1 | Focus on improving software reliability, network security or information retrieval systems. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Select appropriate addressing mode for finding effective address of operand using mathematical and computer science principles | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Choose appropriate addressing mode for information and data collected from various sources memory locations or registers and perform microoperations and validation the results for interpretation | 1 |
| | PO 3 | Classify the addressing modes in terms of defining various problems and understanding appropriate codes of practice. | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Utilize Instruction set architecture of processors for designing assembly language programs through laboratory skills and technical literature. | 2 |
| | PO 10 | Make use of variety of addressing modes to fetch operands for the development of assembly language program with clarity and semantics or grammar of the assembly language. | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Explain the memory management techniques such as paging, segmentation and virtual memory that may be useful to develop software applications in Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science. | 1 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Explain the concept of data representation by applying mathematical and computer science principles. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Understand the data representation and computer arithmetic for understanding of appropriate codes to formulate, solve problem, document and interpretation of results. | 6 |
| | PO 3 | Identify the appropriate representation of data suitable for customer needs, investigation of a problem, identify and manage architecture design process. | 4 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 4 | Communicate effectively in orally and written by comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content, Grammar/Punctuation, appropriate References, good Speaking style and depth in subject matter. | 2 |
| | PO 10 | Recognize the need for advanced concepts in binary arithmetic and algorithms for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change | 3 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Design control unit by considering various issues and types risk assessment and analysis activity to identify and analyze root causes using computer science principles. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Design and develop hardwired and micro programmed control units with knowledge and uncertainty of commercial engineering process and management. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design a control memory of system by investigating and defining various problems, understanding user needs. | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Utilize micro instructions for designing assembly language programs through laboratory skills, technical literature, technical uncertainty and quality issues. | 3 |
| | PO 10 | Recognize the need for advanced concepts of control memory design and micro instructions based on micro architecture for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change. | 4 |
| | PSO 3 | Explain the implications of parallel processing and apply concepts of pipelining and parallelism to enhance system performance it may use full to develop the applications of AI and ML industrial applications. | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Understand the concept of pipelining to improve performance of the system by applying mathematical principles and computer science methodologies. | 2 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate in written form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation advanced micro architectures with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content, Grammar/Punctuation, good Speaking style | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for advanced concepts for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change. | 4 |
| | PSO 3 | Understanding the ideas of interprocess communication and pipelining enable sophisticated processor architecture to create robotics, cloud computing, and Internet of Things applications. | 1 |

28. Total count of key competencies for CO – PO / PSO mapping:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| CO 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 4 | - | - | 1 |

29. Percentage of key competencies CO – PO / PSO:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 33.4 | 20 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 66.6 | 20 | 10 | 27.3 | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | 20 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 100.0 | 60 | 40 | 36.4 | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 33.4 | 20 | 30 | 27.3 | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | 28.5 |
| CO 6 | 66.6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | 33.4 | - | - | 14.2 |

30. Course articulation matrix PO / PSO mapping:

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - 40 % < C < 60% –Moderate

1-5 < C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight

3 - 60% ≤ C < 100% – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| CO 6 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| TOTAL | 14 | 6 | 6 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 1 | 2 | - | 1 |
| AVERAGE | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 0.66 | - | 0.16 | 0.33 | - | 0.16 |

31. Assessment methodology - Direct:

| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Student Viva | - | Certification | - |
| Definitions and Terminology | ✓ | Tech talk / 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Tech Talk | ✓ |








32. Assessment methodology - Indirect:








| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of mini projects by experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write a brief description of the course and its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| 3 |  <p>GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING</p> | |
| 4 |  <p>QUALITY EDUCATION</p> | <p>Quality education: Guarantee an education system that is both inclusive and fair, offering high-quality learning experiences and lifelong opportunities accessible to all.</p> |
| 5 |  <p>GENDER EQUALITY</p> | |
| 6 |  <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p> | |
| 7 |  <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p> | |
| 8 |  <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p> | |
| 9 |  <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> | <p>Industry, innovation, and infrastructure: Strong skills in CSA enable to design and development of services like memory technology, data processing in a modular and maintainable way, contributing to a more flexible and scalable infrastructure.</p> |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | Sustainable cities and communities: CSA skills can develop software solutions that contribute to urban sustainability, improve quality of life, and address challenges like smart city solutions, energy efficiency and monitoring, waste management systems, public transportation optimization, environmental sensor networks, education, and awareness faced by modern cities. |
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 17 |  | |
|----|---|--|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 22-08-2023.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Mr. A. Prashanth, Assistant Professor

HOD CSE(AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (AI&ML) | | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | DATA STRUCTURES | | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD08 | | | | |
| 4 | Class / Semester | B.Tech III Semester | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 0 hours | | Practical: – hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | V Nagasri | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 22/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cse | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | B.Tech | ACSD05 | II | Essentials of Problem Solving | |

14. Course Overview

The course covers some of the general-purpose data structures and algorithms, and software development. Topics covered include managing complexity, analysis, static data structures, dynamic data structures and hashing mechanisms. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to select and design data structures and algorithms that are appropriate for problems that they might encounter in real life. This course reaches to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab which involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas.

15. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The skills needed to understand and analyze performance trade-offs of different algorithms / implementations and asymptotic analysis of their running time and memory usage. |
| II | The basic abstract data types (ADT) and associated algorithms: stacks, queues, lists, tree, graphs, hashing and sorting, selection and searching |
| III | The fundamentals of how to store, retrieve, and process data efficiently. |
| IV | The implementing these data structures and algorithms in Java. |
| V | The essential for future programming and software engineering courses. |

16. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|---|------------|
| CO 1 | Interpret the complexity of algorithm using the asymptotic notations. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Select appropriate searching and sorting technique for a given problem. | Apply |
| CO 3 | Construct programs on performing operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for organization of a data. | Apply |
| CO 4 | Make use of linear data structures and nonlinear data structures solving real time applications. | Apply |
| CO 5 | Describe hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Compare various types of data structures in terms of implementation, operations and performance. | Analyze |

17. Mapping of topic learning outcomes (TLO) to course outcomes

| S. No | Topic(s) | TLC No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|-------|--|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Introduction to data structures | 1 | Understand various data structures to solve real-time problems. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Classification of data structures, Operations on data structures | 2 | Understand the classification and operations of various data structures. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 3 | Recursive algorithms and performance analysis | 3 | Understand the specifications of writing algorithms, developing recursive procedures. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 4 | Searching Techniques: Linear Search, Binary Search | 4 | Apply knowledge of searching techniques to solve real word applications. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 5 | Uniform Binary Search, Interpolation Search | | | | |
| 6 | Fibonacci Search and comparison | | | | |









| S. No | Topic(s) | TLC No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|-------|---|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 7 | Sorting techniques: Bubble, Selection sort | 5 | Apply knowledge of sorting techniques to solve real word applications. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 8 | Insertion, Quick sort | | | | |
| 9 | Merge, Radix sort, Shell sort and comparison | | | | |
| 10 | Stack ADT, definition and operations, Implementations of stacks using array | 6 | Understand stack data structure and apply the knowledge to perform infix to postfix conversion and postfix evaluation. | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Apply |
| 11 | Applications of stacks, Arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation | | | | |
| 12 | Queues: Primitive operations; Implementation of queues using Arrays | 7 | Understand stack data structure and apply the knowledge to solve real world applications. | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Apply |
| 13 | Applications of linear queue, circular queue | | | | |
| 14 | double ended queue (deque) | | | | |
| 15 | Linked lists: Introduction, singly linked list, representation of a linked list in memory | 8 | Apply linked list data structure to perform polynomial representation and sparse matrix manipulation | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Apply |
| 16 | operations on a single linked list, Applications of linked lists Polynomial representation | | | | |
| 17 | Sparse matrix manipulation | | | | |
| 18 | Types of linked lists: Circular linked lists | 9 | Understand types of linked lists and implement stack and queue mechanisms using linked list. | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Apply |
| 19 | doubly linked lists | | | | |
| 20 | Linked list representation and operations of Stack | | | | |
| 21 | Linked list representation and operations of queue | | | | |

| S. No | Topic(s) | TLC No | Topic Learning Outcome's | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|-------|---|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 22 | Trees: Basic concept, binary tree | 10 | Understand the concept of trees and various methods of its representation. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 23 | binary tree array representation | | | | |
| 24 | binary tree linked list representation | | | | |
| 25 | binary tree traversal | 11 | Understand inorder, preorder and post order traversals of trees. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 26 | Binary tree variants | 12 | Understand various variants of binary trees in real world applications. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 27 | Threaded binary tree | | | | |
| 28 | Application of trees | 13 | Apply the knowledge of variants of binary trees and its operations to solve real world problems. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 29 | Graphs: Basic concept, graph terminology | 14 | Understand the basics of graphs, its representation and implementation. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 30 | Graph Representations-Adjacency matrix, Adjacency lists | | | | |
| 31 | Graph implementation | | | | |
| 32 | Graph traversals – BFS | 15 | Apply the basics of graphs, its representation to implement graph traversals. | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Apply |
| 33 | Graph traversals – DFS | | | | |
| 34 | Application of graphs | | | | |
| 35 | Minimum spanning trees – Prims and Kruskal algorithms | 16 | Understand the concept of spanning trees and two algorithms for finding minimum spanning trees | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Apply |
| 36 | Binary search trees: Binary search trees, properties and operations | 17 | Understand the concept of binary search tree with its variants. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 37 | Balanced search trees: AVL trees | | | | |
| 38 | Introduction to M-Way search trees | 18 | Understand various generalized versions of binary trees. | CO 3,CO 4, CO 6 | Understand |
| 39 | B trees | | | | |
| 40 | Hashing and collision | 19 | Apply the concept of hashing in real world applications for data fast retrieval. | CO 5 | Apply |

18. Employability Skills

| | |
|--|--|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / | |
| 1. Programming skills | - The tech industry evolves rapidly, and staying up-to-date with the latest programming languages, frameworks, and development practices is crucial. Combining essentials of problem solving skills with a commitment to continuous learning demonstrates a student's dedication to staying relevant in a dynamic field. |
| 2. Project-based skills | - Creating projects that utilize graph theory principles to allow a student to apply theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios. This hands-on experience helps solidify their understanding of how problem solving concepts work in practice. |

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  | ✓ |  | ✓ |  | x |  |
| | Power Point Presentation | | Chalk & Talk | | Assignments | | MOOC |
| x |  | x |  | x |  | ✓ |  |
| | Open Ended Experiments | | Seminars | | Mini Project | | Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for each Definition and Terminology / Quiz, and the remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Table 4: Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 40 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|--|
| MODULE I | INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES, SEARCHING AND SORTING Number of Lectures: 9 |
| | Basic concepts: Introduction to data structures, classification of data structures, operations on data structures, Algorithm Specification, Recursive algorithms, Data Abstraction, Performance analysis- time complexity and space complexity, Introduction to Linear and Non Linear data structures Searching techniques: Linear and Binary search, Uniform Binary Search, Interpolation Search, Fibonacci Search; Sorting techniques: Bubble, Selection, Insertion, and Quick, Merge, Radix and Shell Sort and comparison of sorting algorithms. |
| MODULE II | LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES Number of Lectures: 9 |
| | Stacks: Stack ADT, definition and operations, Implementations of stacks using array, applications of stacks, Arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation; Queues: Primitive operations; Implementation of queues using Arrays, applications of linear queue, circular queue and double ended queue (deque). |
| MODULE III | LINKED LISTS Number of Lectures: 9 |
| | Linked lists: Introduction, singly linked list, representation of a linked list in memory, operations on a single linked list; Applications of linked lists: Polynomial representation and sparse matrix manipulation. Types of linked lists: Circular linked lists, doubly linked lists; Linked list representation and operations of Stack, linked list representation and operations of queue. |
| MODULE IV | NON LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES Number of Lectures: 9 |
| | Trees: Basic concept, binary tree, binary tree representation, array and linked representations, binary tree traversal, binary tree variants, threaded binary trees, application of trees Graphs: Basic concept, graph terminology, Graph Representations -Adjacency matrix, Adjacency lists, graph implementation, Graph traversals – BFS, DFS, Application of graphs, Minimum spanning trees – Prims and Kruskal algorithms. |
| MODULE V | BINARY TREES AND HASHING Number of Lectures: 9 |
| | Binary search trees: Binary search trees, properties and operations; Balanced search trees: AVL trees; Introduction to M- Way search trees, B trees; Hashing and collision: Introduction, hash tables, hash functions, collisions, applications of hashing. |

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2. D. Samanta, —Classic Data Structures, PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 2004.

Electronic Resources:

1. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_structures_algorithms/algorithms_basics.htm
2. <https://www.codechef.com/certification/data-structures-and-algorithms/prepare>
3. <https://www.cs.auckland.ac.nz/software/AlgAnim/dsToC.html>
4. <https://online-learning.harvard.edu/course/data-structures-and-algorithms>

22. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|----------------------------------|--|------------|------------------------------|
| Discussion on OBE | | | |
| 1 | Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs and PSOs | | |
| Content Delivery (Theory) | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to data structures | CO 1 | T1:1.3 R1:1.3 R2 : 1.4 |
| 2 | Classification of data structures, Operations on data Structures | CO 1 | R1:1.3 |
| 3 | Recursive algorithm, Performance Analysis | CO 1 | T1:1.6,2.1 R1:2.3 |
| 4 | Searching techniques: Linear search, binary search | CO 2 | T1:11 R1:4.8 |
| 5 | Searching techniques: Uniform binary search and interpolation search | CO 2 | T1:11 R1:4.9 |
| 6 | Searching techniques: Fibonacci search | CO 2 | T1:11 R1:4.9 |
| 7 | Sorting techniques: Bubble sort, selection sort | CO 2 | T1:10.5,10.6 R1:4.7 |
| 8 | Sorting techniques: Insertion sort, Quick sort | CO 2 | T1:10.7,10.11 |
| 9 | Sorting techniques: Merge sort and Radix sort, Shell sort and comparison of sorting algorithms | CO 2 | T1:10.9,10.17, 10.8 |
| 10 | Stacks ADT, definition and operations, implementation of stacks using Arrays | CO 3, CO 6 | T1:4.3,4.6 R1:6.1 |
| 11 | Applications of stacks, arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation | CO 4, CO 6 | T1:4.5 R1:6.7 |
| 12 | Queues: Primitive operations; Implementation of queues using Array | CO 3 | T1:5 R1:6.11 |
| 13 | Applications of linear queue, circular queue | CO 4 | T1:5.5 R1:6.12 |
| 14 | Double ended queue (deque) | CO 3 | T1:5.5 R1:6.15 |
| 15 | Linked lists: Introduction, singly linked list, representation of a linked list in memory | CO 3 | T1:3 R1:5.1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|---------------------|----------------------------|
| 16 | Operations on a single linked list, Applications of linked lists - Polynomial representation | CO 3 | T1:3.12 R1:5.7 |
| 17 | Sparse matrix manipulation | CO 4, CO 6 | T1:3.12 R1:4.17 |
| 18 | Types of linked lists: Circular linked lists | CO 3 | T1:3.8 R1:5.10 |
| 19 | double linked lists | CO 3 | T1:3.9 R1:5.11 |
| 20 | Linked list representation and operations of Stack | CO 3 | R1:6.4 |
| 21 | Linked list representation and operations of queue | CO 3 | R1:6.12 |
| 22 | Trees: Basic concept, Binary Tree | CO 3 | T1:6.3 R1:7.1 |
| 23 | Binary tree representation using array | CO 3 | T1:6.3 R1:7.3 |
| 24 | Binary tree representation using linked list | CO 3 | T1:6.3 R1:7.5 |
| 25 | Binary tree traversal | CO 3 | T1:6.4 R1:7.4 |
| 26 | Binary tree variants | CO 3 | T2:13.2 R1:7.4 |
| 27 | Threaded binary tree | CO 3 | T1:6.6 R1:7.7 |
| 28 | Application of trees | CO 4 | R1:7.24 |
| 29 | Graphs: Basic concept, graph terminology | CO 3 | T1:9.1 R1 : 8.1 |
| 30 | Graph representation- Adjacency matrix, adjacency list | CO 3 | T1:9.4 R1:8.5 |
| 31 | Graph implementation | CO 3 | R1 : 8.5 |
| 32 | Graph traversals BFS | CO 3, CO 4, CO 6 | T1:9.5 R1:8.7 |
| 33 | Graph traversals :DFS | CO 3, CO 4, CO 6 | T1:9.5 R1:8.7 |
| 34 | Application of graphs | CO 3, CO 4, CO 6 | T1:9.7 |
| 35 | Minimum Spanning Trees-Prims and Kruskal algorithms | CO 3, CO 4, CO 6 | T1:6.1 T1:9.8 R1:8.9 |
| 36 | Binary search trees, properties and operations | CO 3 | T1:6.9 R1:7.8 |
| 37 | AVL trees | CO 3 | T1:6.11 R1:7.12 |
| 38 | M- Way search trees | CO 3, CO 4, CO 6 | T1:6.12 R1:7.15,7.17 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|---------------|-------------------------|
| 39 | B trees | CO 3 | T1:6.12 R1:7.17 |
| 40 | Hashing, Collision | CO 5 | T1:14.1,14.9 R1:9.10 |
| Problem Solving/Case Studies | | | |
| 1 | Problems on linear search, binary search and Fibonacci search. | CO 2 | T1:11 R1:4.8 |
| 2 | Problems on bubble sort, selection and insertion sort | CO 2 | 10.5,10.6 R1:4.7 |
| 3 | Problems on quick and merge sort | CO 2 | T1:10.7,10.11 |
| 4 | Problems on Arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation | CO 4 CO 4 | T1:4.5 R1:6.7 |
| 5 | Problems on single linked list to add, delete element | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:3 R1:5.1 |
| 6 | Problems on double linked list to add, delete element | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:3.9 R1:5.11 |
| 7 | Problems on circular linked list to add, delete element | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:3.9 R1:5.11 |
| 8 | Problems on double ended queues to add, delete element | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:5.5 R1:6.15 |
| 9 | Problems on stack using linked list | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:4.5 R1:6.7 |
| 10 | Problems on queue using linked list | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:5.5 R1:6.12 |
| 11 | Problems on Binary tree: creation ,insertion and deletion of a node | CO 3 | T1:6.4 R1:7.4 |
| 12 | Problems on Graph Traversal: DFS and BFS | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:9.5 R1:8.7 |
| 13 | Problems on MST: Prim's and Kruskal's | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:9.8 R1:8.9 |
| 14 | Problems on Binary search tree | CO 4 | T1:6.9 R1:7.8 |
| 15 | Problems oh hashing | CO 5 | T1:14.1,14.9 R1:9.10 |
| Discussion of Definition and Terminology | | | |
| 1 | Data Structures, Searching and Sorting | CO 1,CO2,CO 3 | T1:1.3 R1:1.3 R1:14 |
| 2 | Linear Data Structures - Stack, Queue | CO 3 | T1:4.3,4.6 R1:6.1 |
| 3 | Linked Lists - Single Linked List, Double Linked List, Circular Linked Lists | CO 3 | T1:3 R1:5.1 |
| 4 | Non Linear data Structures - Trees, Graphs | CO 3 | T1:6.3 R1:7.1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| 5 | Binary Trees, Binary Search Tree, Hashing and Collision | CO 3 CO 5 | T1:14.1,14.9 R1:9.10 |
| Discussion of Tutorial Question Bank | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to Data Structures, Searching and Sorting | CO 1, CO2,CO6 | T1:1 R1:14 |
| 2 | Linear Data Structures | CO 3,CO 4,CO 6 | T1:4.3,4.6 R1:6.1 |
| 3 | Linked Lists | CO 3,CO 4,CO 6 | T1:4.3,4.6 R1:6.1 |
| 4 | Non Linear Data Structures | CO 3,CO 4,CO 6 | T1:6.3 R1:7.1 |
| 5 | Binary Trees and Hashing | CO 3,CO 5,CO 6 | T1:14.1,14.9 R1:9.10 |

23. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|-------------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR / VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IoT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 | CIE/SEE |

| | | | |
|-------|--|---|----------------------------------|
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 1 | CIE/SEE |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 3 | CIE/SEE/Open ended Experiments |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 1 | Tech Talk/Open ended Experiments |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 1 | Tech Talk/Open ended Experiments |

25. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|--|----------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR / VR). | 6 | CIE/ SEE/ Tech Talk/ Open ended experiments |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IoT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 2 | CIE/ SEE/ Tech Talk/ Open ended experiments |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |

27. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| CO1 | PO 1 | Understand (knowledge) the concept of algorithm analysis and types of notations used to represent time and space complexities (understand) by applying principles of mathematics and engineering fundamentals . | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Problem Analysis on different types of algorithms to analyze space and time complexities. | 4 |
| | PO 3 | Design the Solutions for finding space and time complexities of a complex algorithm and representing it by asymptotic notations | 2 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of various algorithms, algorithm complexity. | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Design and analyze the object-oriented programming while writing and analyzing computer programs in the areas related to Machine Learning, Web Development, IoT, and Artificial Intelligence. | 4 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of modern AI and ML algorithms for analyzing asymptotic notations of linear and nonlinear data structures by automating the process of performance analysis | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Make use of broad knowledge of searching and sorting techniques for an efficient search from a data structure and optimize the efficiency of other algorithms by applying the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Problem Analysis on different types of search sort algorithms to analyze space and time complexities. | 5 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions using appropriate searching and sorting techniques for designing a solution for complex Engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of different sorting and searching techniques for given problem with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of searching and sorting along with efficiency of searching and sorting techniques in terms of space and time complexity | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate sorting and searching techniques for data processing. | 5 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of AI-driven analysis to refine the selection of algorithms based on data patterns for the improvement of performance of searching and sorting techniques. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Make use of linear and nonlinear data structures to organize the data in a particular way so to use them in the most effective way by applying the basic knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Problem analysis: Organizing the given data in particular way by performing the operations on linear and nonlinear data structures to use the data in the most effective way. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Recognize the need of linear and nonlinear data structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue by Designing solutions for complex Engineering. | 5 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear and nonlinear data structures in order to organize the given data in a particular way | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of Implementation of different operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for given problem with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks and queues | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Design and Analyze search algorithms, task scheduling, and neural networks processing, while AR and VR leverage them for event handling etc.in the efficient ordering and processing of data in real time stacks and queue applications . | 6 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO3 | Make use of AI and ML algorithms to enhance the operations and applications of stacks and queues by optimizing data processing, prediction, and decision-making in data structures. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Make use of linear and nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications by applying the basic knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Problem analysis: Solving real time applications by performing the operations on linear or nonlinear data structures. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Recognize the need of linear and nonlinear data structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue for Designing real time applications. | 2 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear or nonlinear data structures in order to solve real time applications. | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of different operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Analyze computer programs in optimizing the solutions in solving real time applications. | 5 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of modern computer tools to optimize operations on linked lists and matrix multiplications by improving efficiency and enabling advanced functionalities. | 1 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Understand the knowledge of hashing techniques and collision resolution methods and implementing for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals | 1 |
| | PO 3 | Design the Solution for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance by using hashing techniques and collision resolution methods | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of Hashing, Collision techniques | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Understand and develop, design and analyze problems for solving initial-value problems of differential equations. | 4 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PSO3 | Build and design of advanced AI and ML algorithms for binary tree classifications and to process graphs to predict, optimize graph traversals. | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Understand various types of data structures in terms of implementations and choose appropriate data structure for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Problem Analysis: Recognize the importance of suitable data structures in checking the efficiency of algorithms used for complex engineering problems. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Design the Solution complex problems or efficiently accessing data with respect to performance by using hashing techniques and collision resolution methods | 5 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear or nonlinear data structures in order to solve real time applications. | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Understand the Implementation of various types of data structures with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of Implementation of various types of data structures. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of Implementation of various types of data structures by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand and write programs using appropriate programming languages solving problems in multiple applications such as computational geometry, machine learning, big data, and AI. | 6 |

28. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | - | 2 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 5 | - | 2 |
| CO 3 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 6 | - | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 5 | - | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 5 | 1 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | - | 2 |
| CO 6 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 6 | - | - |

29. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 40 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 66.6 | - | 100 |
| CO 2 | 33.3 | 50 | 20 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 83.3 | - | 100 |
| CO 3 | 66.6 | 70 | 50 | 36.3 | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 100 | - | 100 |
| CO 4 | 100 | 70 | 20 | 36.3 | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 83.3 | - | 100 |
| CO 5 | 33.3 | - | 20 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 66.6 | - | 100 |
| CO 6 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 36.3 | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | 25 | 100 | - | 100 |

30. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 - $C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 5 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | - | - |
| TOTAL | 14 | 10 | 10 | 3 | 15 | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | 1 | 18 | - | 15 |
| AVERAGE | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 2.5 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 0.16 | 3 | - | 2.5 |

31. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:





| | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Viva-voce | - | Certification | - |
| Term Paper | - | 5 Minutes Video | - | Open Ended Experiments | ✓ |
| Assignments | ✓ | | | | |







32. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| - | Assessment of mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality education: Guarantee an education system that is both inclusive and fair, offering high-quality learning experiences and lifelong opportunities accessible to all. |

| | | |
|----|--|--|
| 5 |  <p>GENDER EQUALITY</p> | |
| 6 |  <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p> | |
| 7 |  <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p> | |
| 8 |  <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p> | |
| 9 |  <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> | <p>Industry, innovation, and infrastructure: Strong problem solving skills with appropriate data structures enable to design and development of services like microservice architecture, cloud computing, machine learning, and AI integration in a modular and maintainable way, contributing to a more flexible and scalable infrastructure.</p> |
| 10 |  <p>REDUCED INEQUALITIES</p> | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 11 |  | <p>Sustainable cities and communities: Programming skills with appropriate use of data structures can develop software solutions that contribute to urban sustainability, improve quality of life, and address challenges like smart city solutions, energy efficiency and monitoring, waste management systems, public transportation optimization, environmental sensor networks, education, and awareness faced by modern cities.</p> |
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 17 |  | |
|----|---|--|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 22-08-2023.

Signature of Course Coordinator
V. Nagasri, Assistant Professor

HOD, CSE(AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING(CS) | | | | |
| 2 | Course code | ACSD09 | | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | OPERATING SYSTEMS | | | | |
| 4 | Class / Semester | II /III | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 0 hours | | Practical: – hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Ms. K. Anjali | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 28/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cse | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | - | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

The Operating Systems course provides a comprehensive understanding of how software manages hardware resources and provides essential services for applications. It covers key concepts such as process management, memory management, file systems, and system calls. Students will explore the design and implementation of modern operating systems, including concepts like concurrency, synchronization, and virtual memory. Practical experience is gained through hands-on projects and exercises that simulate real-world system management challenges.

15. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The principles of operating systems, services and functionalities with its evolution. |
| II | The structures, functions and components of modern operating systems. |
| III | The conventional hardware at different OS abstraction levels. |
| IV | The essential skills to examine issues and methods employed in design of operating systems with identification of various functionalities. |

16. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|---|------------|
| CO 1 | Demonstrate different architectures used in the design of modern operating systems. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Solve problems related to process scheduling, synchronization, and deadlock handling in uniprocessor and multi-processing systems. | Apply |
| CO 3 | Implement memory allocation algorithms for effective utilization of resources. | Apply |
| CO 4 | Select various page replacement algorithms applied for the allocation of frames. | Analyze |
| CO 5 | Analyze different file allocation methods and disk scheduling algorithms applied for efficient utilization of storage. | Analyze |
| CO 6 | Outline mechanisms used in the protection of resources in real-time environment. | Understand |

17. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|--|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Operating systems objectives and functions | 1 | Summarize the objectives and core functions of operating systems ,providing foundational knowledge. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 2 | Discuss the importance of operating systems in coordinating system activities, ensuring seamless operation. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 3 | Explain how operating systems manage hardware and software resources leading to system efficiency. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Evolution of operating systems | 4 | Summarize the historical development of operating systems from batch to real-time systems. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 5 | Evaluate the impact of technological advancements on the evolution of operating systems. | CO 1 | Analyze |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---------------------------------|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| | | 6 | Compare different types of operating systems, highlighting their evolution and modern applications. | CO 1 | Analyze |
| 3 | System calls and user interface | 7 | Summarize the purpose and types of system calls, explaining their role in OS operations. | CO 1 | Remember |
| | | 8 | Explain how user interfaces interact with system calls, leading to improved user experience. | CO 1 | Understand |
| | | 9 | Analyze how system programs utilize system calls for executing complex tasks efficiently. | CO 1 | Analyze |
| 4 | Process concepts and states | 10 | Explain the concept of a process and its various states, leading to effective process management. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 11 | Analyze the role of the Process Control Block (PCB) in managing process information. | CO 2 | Analyze |
| | | 12 | Compare the transitions between different process states, understanding the process lifecycle. | CO 2 | Remember |
| 5 | Process scheduling algorithms | 13 | Describe various process scheduling algorithms, focusing on optimizing CPU utilization.) within different parts of a program. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 14 | Evaluate scheduling algorithms based on efficiency criteria to optimize process scheduling. | CO 2 | Evaluate |
| | | 15 | Compare preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling approaches to identify their advantages and disadvantages. | CO 2 | Analyze |
| 6 | Process synchronization | 16 | Explain the critical section problem and its relevance in ensuring process synchronization. | CO 2 | Understand |
| | | 17 | Apply synchronization techniques such as semaphores and monitors to solve synchronization challenges. | CO 2 | Apply |
| | | 18 | Analyze deadlock situations and apply methods to prevent and resolve deadlocks. | CO 2 | Apply |









| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|------------------------------|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 7 | Memory management techniques | 19 | Summarize memory management techniques such as paging and segmentation for effective resource allocation. | CO 3 | Understand |
| | | 20 | Analyze the role of virtual memory in modern operating systems and its impact on performance. | CO 3 | Analyze |
| | | 21 | Evaluate different page replacement algorithms to improve system performance. | CO 3 | Evaluate |
| 8 | Page replacement algorithms | 22 | Explain the concept of page replacement in memory management, ensuring optimal memory usage. | CO 4 | Understand |
| | | 23 | Compare common page replacement algorithms, such as FIFO and LRU, to select the best fit for different scenarios. | CO 4 | Analyze |
| | | 24 | Use Analyze to minimize its impact on system performance. | CO 4 | Analyze |
| 9 | File system structure | 25 | Summarize the structure and organization of file systems, enabling efficient data storage and access. | CO 5 | Understand |
| | | 26 | Analyze different file allocation methods to optimize file storage and retrieval. | CO 5 | Analyze |
| | | 27 | Analyze swap space management techniques for efficient resource utilization in operating systems. | CO 5 | Analyze |
| 10 | Deadlocks | 28 | Explain the characteristics of deadlocks and their impact on system performance. | CO 6 | Understand |
| | | 29 | Apply methods to prevent, avoid, and recover from deadlocks in system operations. | CO 6 | Apply |
| | | 30 | Analyze deadlock detection techniques to ensure system reliability. | CO 6 | Remember |
| 11 | Protection mechanisms | 31 | Summarize the principles of protection in operating systems to safeguard resources. | CO 6 | Understand |
| | | 32 | Explain various access control mechanisms to secure system resources from unauthorized access. | CO 6 | Understand |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|----------|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| | | 33 | Evaluate capability-based systems and language-based protection mechanisms to implement robust security strategies. | CO 6 | Evaluate |

18. Employability Skills

| |
|---|
| Example: Communication skills / Programming skills / Project based skills / |
| 1. Programming skills - Problem-Solving Develop the ability to analyze, design, and implement solutions to complex programming challenges using various algorithms and data structures. Code Efficiency Enhance programming skills by writing optimized, clean, and maintainable code that effectively utilizes system resources. |
| 2. Project-based skills - Project Planning and Management Develop the ability to plan, organize, and manage projects from inception to completion, including setting milestones, allocating resources, and meeting deadlines. Collaboration and Teamwork Enhance skills in working effectively within a team, communicating clearly, and integrating diverse ideas to achieve project goals collaboratively. |

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  Power Point Presentation | x |  Chalk & Talk | ✓ |  Assignments | x |  MOOC |
| x |  Open Ended Experiments | x |  Seminars | x |  Mini Project | x |  Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz, and the remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments. Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given in the first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub-divisions in a question.

Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE:

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|---|
| MODULE I | Introduction Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Operating systems objectives and functions: Computer system architecture, operating systems structure, operating systems operations; Evolution of operating systems: Simple batch, multi programmed, time shared, personal computer, parallel distributed systems, real time systems, special purpose systems, operating system services, user operating systems interface; Systems calls: Types of systems calls, system programs, protection and security, operating system design and implementation, operating systems structure, virtual machines. |
| MODULE II | Process and CPU Scheduling Process Co-ordination Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Process concepts: The process, process state, process control block, threads; Process scheduling: Scheduling queues, schedulers, context switch, preemptive scheduling, dispatcher, scheduling criteria, scheduling algorithms, multiple processor scheduling; Real time scheduling; Thread scheduling; Case studies Linux windows; Process synchronization, the critical section problem; Peterson's solution, synchronization hardware, semaphores and classic problems of synchronization, monitors |
| MODULE III | Memory Management and Virtual Memory Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Logical and physical address space: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of page table. Segmentation: Segmentation with paging, virtual memory, demand paging; Performance of demand paging: Page replacement, page replacement algorithms, allocation of frames, thrashing |
| MODULE IV | File System Interface, Mass-Storage Structure Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | The concept of a file, access methods, directory structure, file system mounting, file sharing, protection, file system structure, file system implementation, allocation methods, free space management, directory implementation, efficiency and performance; Overview of mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk attachment, disk scheduling, disk management, swap space management; Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts; Library functions. |

| | |
|----------|---|
| MODULE V | Deadlocks, Protection Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | System model: Deadlock characterization, methods of handling deadlocks, deadlock prevention, dead lock avoidance, dead lock detection and recovery form deadlock system protection, goals of protection, principles of protection, domain of protection, access matrix, implementation of access matrix, access control, revocation of access rights, capability based systems, language based protection |

TEXTBOOKS

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, —Operating System Principles, Wiley Student Edition, 8th Edition, 2010.
2. William Stallings, —Operating System- Internals and Design Principles, Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2002.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Andrew S Tanenbaum,—Modern Operating Systems, PHI, 3rd Edition, 2007.
2. D. M. Dhamdhare,—Operating Systems a Concept based Approach, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2nd Edition, 200

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. www.smartzworld.com/notes/operatingsystems
2. www.scoopworld.in
3. www.sxecw.edu.in
4. www.technofest2u.blogspot.com

22. Course plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|------|------------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs, and PSOs | | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Computer system architecture, operating systems structure | CO 1 | T1:1.1-1.4 |
| 2 | operating systems operations | CO 1 | T1:1.5 |
| 3 | Evolution of operating systems: Simple batch, multi programmed, time shared, personal computer | CO 1 | T2:2.2 |
| 4 | parallel distributed systems, real time systems, special purpose systems, | CO 1 | T2:2.2 |
| 5 | operating system services, user operating systems interface | CO 1 | T2:2.1-2.2 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|--------------|
| 6 | Systems calls: Types of systems calls, system programs | CO 1 | T2:2.3-2.5 |
| 7 | protection and security, operating system design and implementation | CO 1 | T1:2.6 |
| 8 | operating systems structure, virtual machines. | CO 1 | T1:2.7-2.8 |
| 9 | Process concepts: The process, process state | CO 2 | T1:3.1-3.2 |
| 10 | process control block, threads; | CO 2 | T1:3.2-3.4 |
| 11 | Process scheduling: Scheduling queues, schedulers, context switch | CO 2 | T1:5.2 |
| 12 | preemptive scheduling, dispatcher, scheduling criteria | CO 2 | T1:5.3 |
| 13 | scheduling algorithms | CO 2 | T1:5.3 |
| 14 | multiple processor scheduling | CO 2 | T1:5.3 |
| 15 | Real time scheduling; Thread scheduling; | CO 2 | T1:5.4-5.5 |
| 16 | Case studies Linux windows | CO 2 | T1:5.6, 21.4 |
| 17 | Process synchronization, the critical section problem | CO 2 | T1:6.1 |
| 18 | Peterson's solution | CO 2 | T1:6.2-6.3 |
| 19 | synchronization hardware | CO 2 | T1:6.4 |
| 20 | semaphores, classic problems of synchronization, monitors | CO 2 | T1:6.7 |
| 21 | Logical and physical address space: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation | CO 3 | T1:8.1 |
| 22 | paging, structure of page table | CO 3 | T1:8.2 |
| 23 | Segmentation: Segmentation with paging | CO 3 | T1:8.3 |
| 24 | virtual memory, demand paging, Performance of demand paging | CO 3 | T1:8.4-8.6 |
| 25 | Page replacement, page replacement algorithms, | CO 4 | T1:8.6 |
| 26 | allocation of frames, Thrashing | CO 4 | T1:9.6 |
| 27 | The concept of a file, access methods, directory structure | CO 4 | T1:10.1-10.3 |
| 28 | file system mounting, file sharing, protection | CO 4 | T1:10.6 |
| 29 | file system structure | CO 4 | T1:10.6 |
| 30 | file system implementation | CO 4 | T1:11.3 |
| 31 | allocation methods | CO 4 | T1:11.4 |
| 32 | free space management, directory implementation, efficiency and performance | CO 4 | T1:11.6 |
| 33 | Overview of mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk attachment | CO 5 | T1:12.1-12.3 |
| 34 | disk scheduling, disk management, swap space management | CO 5 | T1:12.4-12.6 |
| 35 | Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts; Library functions. | CO 5 | T1:12.7-12.8 |
| 36 | System model: Deadlock characterization, methods of handling deadlocks | CO 6 | T1:7.1-7.2 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|------------|--------------------------|
| 37 | deadlock prevention, deadlock avoidance, dead lock detection and recovery form deadlock system protection | CO6 | T1:8.3 |
| 38 | goals of protection, principles of protection, domain of protection | CO 6 | T2:27.8 |
| 39 | access matrix, implementation of access matrix, access control, revocation of access rights | CO 6 | T2:27.9 |
| 40 | capability based systems, language based protection | CO 6 | T1:8.2-8.3 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Problems on CPU scheduling algorithms | CO 2 | T1:5.3-5.3 |
| 2 | Problems on contiguous memory allocation | CO 3 | T1:8.1-8.3 |
| 3 | Problems on paging and segmentation | CO 3 | T1:8.4-8.6 T1:9.1-9.2 |
| 4 | Problems on segmentation | CO 3 | T1:8.4-8.6 T1:9.1-9.2 |
| 5 | Problems on page replacement algorithms | CO 4 | T1:9.4-9.6 |
| 6 | Problems on file allocation methods | CO 5 | T1:11.3-11.6 |
| 7 | Problems on disk scheduling | CO 5 | T1:12.1-12.6 |
| 8 | Problems on deadlock avoidance | CO 2 | T1:8.1-8.3 |
| 9 | Problems on recovery from deadlocks | CO 2 | T1:8.1-8.3 |
| 10 | Problems on deadlock prevention | CO 2 | T1:8.1-8.3 |
| 11 | Problems on Protection | CO 6 | T1:8.2-8.3 |
| 12 | Problems on Synchronization | CO 2 | T1:8.2-8.3 |
| 13 | Problems on thrashing | CO 4 | T1:9.6 |
| 14 | Problems on deadlock prevention | CO 2 | T1:8.3 |
| 15 | Problems on dynamic memory allocation | CO 5 | T1:12.7 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Definitions on operating systems fundamentals | CO 1 | T1:1.2 |
| 2 | Definitions on process, CPU scheduling and process coordination | CO 2 | T1:1.5 |
| 3 | Definitions on memory management and virtual memory | CO 3, CO 4 | T1:8,9 |
| 4 | Definitions on file system interface and mass storage structure | CO 5 | T1:10,11 |
| 5 | Definitions on deadlocks and protection | CO 2, CO 6 | T1:9.1 |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Introduction | CO 1 | T1:1.2 |
| 2 | Process and CPU Scheduling, Process Coordination | CO 2 | T1:1.5 |
| 3 | Memory Management and Virtual Memory | CO 3,4 | T1:8,9 |
| 4 | File System and Mass Storage Structure | CO 5 | T1:10,11 |
| 5 | Deadlocks, Protection | CO 2,6 | T1: 9.1 |

23. Program outcomes and Program specific outcomes:

| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Develop secure software with vulnerability assessment, and security requirements, designed with the least privileges for the protection of digital applications. |

| | |
|-------|--|
| PSO 2 | Evaluate the function of cyber security by identifying the tools and systems to minimize the risk to an organization's cyberspace. |
| PSO 3 | Apply machine learning models, methods, and techniques for data analysis, data handling, and data visualization for effective decision-making. |

24. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | SEE / CIE / AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | SEE / CIE / AAT |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 2 | SEE / CIE / AAT |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 | SEE / CIE / AAT |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 2 | SEE / CIE / AAT |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 1 | SEE / CIE / AAT |

25. How program-specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality/ Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 3 | SEE/AAT |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 2 | SEE/AAT |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 3 | SEE/AAT |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

27. Justifications for CO – PO / PSO mapping - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Understand the structure and evolution of operating system by understanding fundamentals of Computer engineering specialization and mathematical and scientific principles. | 3 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on evolution of operating systems including deep subject knowledge. | 1 |
| | PO 12 | By understanding different operating system architectures, one can personally continue understanding of different operating systems developed by the companies to stay up with new technology and for personal development. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | By understanding different operating system architectures, one can acquire knowledge on advanced operating systems for engineering practice and higher education and even can extend the knowledge to become an entrepreneur. | 2 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Understand the concept of Process, process scheduling, issues and their solutions related to process synchronization by using mathematical principles, fundamental of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify synchronization problem and understand the problem statement of classical synchronization problems collect the data needed for solving the problem then analyze different models of solutions for classical synchronization problems by semaphores and monitors and interpret the solutions | 6 |
| | PO 3 | Define the process synchronization problem, understand the user needs then identify the resources required next manage the design process using banker's algorithm and evaluate outcomes. | 4 |
| | PO 4 | By having the knowledge of characteristics of process and understanding the context in classical synchronization problems and the solutions provided using the technical constructs like semaphores and monitors with their working strategies, these can be applied for understanding of other synchronization problems. | 5 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on process communication using process communication techniques and explaining each technique. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | By understanding process management, one can personally continue understanding internal functioning of operating systems developed by the companies to stay up with new technology and for personal development. | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments | 4 |
| | PSO 2 | By acquiring knowledge of process management one can design software applications with reliability and applications with fast information retrieval. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Describe the need and various techniques for memory management by understanding the limits of contiguous memory allocation through applying mathematical principles, fundamental of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify problem of memory management and understand the problem statement of contiguous memory management then analyze different models of non-contiguous memory management. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Define the problem related to contiguous memory management, understand the user needs then identify the memory requirements of each process next manage the design process by using non-contiguous memory management techniques and evaluate outcomes. | 4 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate effectively on memory management techniques with clarity on contiguous and varied strategies and explaining each technique with appropriate terminology. | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments | 4 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Understand the concept of virtual memory and various algorithms for effective usage of memory by applying the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals, mathematical and scientific principles. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify the need for page replacement, understand the problem statement of allocation of pages to frames, then collect the data related to available pages and frames then analyze various models for solving problem based on the given sequence of pages and interpret their results accordingly. | 6 |
| | PO 3 | Define the problem of mapping of large virtual memory to the existing physical memory, understand the user needs then manage the design process using page replacement algorithms and evaluate outcomes by identifying the number of page faults incurred. | 4 |
| | PO 4 | By understanding characteristics of process, understanding the context in virtual memory management using demand paging and segmentation, this knowledge can be applied for virtualizing engineering process. | 4 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate on utilization of main memory using pictorial representation of demand paging and segmentation and explaining them in detail. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 4 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Understand the concept of file system and analyze various file allocation methods by using the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals, mathematical and scientific principles. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Identify the need for disk scheduling, understand the problem statement of disk scheduling, then collect the data related to location of data to be accessed in the disk structure then analyze different scheduling algorithm models used for solving problems related to finding total head movements and interpret their results. | 6 |
| | PO 3 | Define the problem of file allocation to disk block, understand the user needs then identify the free disk space available next manage the design process by using appropriate file allocation methods. | 4 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate on effective utilization of mass storage structures clearly using pictorial representation of disk structure. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | By understanding mass storage structure, one can personally continue understanding of different storage devices developed by the companies to stay up with new technology. | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 4 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Explain the importance of protection of objects and the protection provided for them by using domain concept in terms of access matrix implementation by applying knowledge of computer science fundamentals. | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Communicate on protection of computer system components using protection strategies in detail. | 1 |
| | PO 12 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can study and analyze various protection mechanisms developed recently for personal development. | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 1 |
| | PSO 2 | By acquiring knowledge of process management one can design software applications with reliability and applications with fast information retrieval. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even can extend the knowledge to become an entrepreneur. | 2 |

28. Total count of key competencies for CO – PO / PSO mapping:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 4 | 2 | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 6 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 6 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 4 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

29. Percentage of key competencies CO – PO / PSO:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | 25 | 17 | | 50 |
| CO 2 | 100 | 60 | 40 | 45 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | 25 | 67 | 40 | - |
| CO 3 | 100 | 30 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 67 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 100 | 60 | 40 | 36 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 67 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 100 | 60 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | 25 | 67 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 33 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | 25 | 17 | 25 | 50 |

30. Course articulation matrix PO / PSO mapping:

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 - $C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | 3 | 2 | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | 3 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| TOTAL | 16 | 10 | 8 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | - | 4 | 14 | 3 | 4 |
| AVERAGE | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - | - | 1.7 | - | 0.6 | 2.3 | 0.5 | 0.6 |

31. Assessment methodology - Direct:



| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Student Viva | - | Certification | - |
| Definitions and Terminology | ✓ | Tech talk / 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Tech Talk | ✓ |

32. Assessment methodology - Indirect:








| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of mini projects by experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write a brief description of the course and its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| 3 |  <p>GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING</p> | |
| 4 |  <p>QUALITY EDUCATION</p> | <p>Quality education: The Operating Systems equips students with essential skills to manage and optimize digital systems, fostering analytical thinking and problem-solving, which supports by promoting inclusive and equitable quality education.</p> |
| 5 |  <p>GENDER EQUALITY</p> | |
| 6 |  <p>CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION</p> | |
| 7 |  <p>AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY</p> | |
| 8 |  <p>DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH</p> | |
| 9 |  <p>INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE</p> | <p>Industry, innovation, and infrastructure: The Operating Systems is crucial for developing the technical expertise needed to innovate and maintain robust digital infrastructures, directly contributing by supporting industry growth and technological advancement.</p> |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | Sustainable cities and communities: The Operating Systems empowers students to create efficient, secure, and resilient digital systems, supporting by enabling the development of sustainable and smart city infrastructures. |
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 17 |  | |
|----|---|--|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 28-08-2023.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Ms. K. Anjali, Assistant Professor

HOD CSE(AI&ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | | |
|----|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------|--------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING) | | | | |
| 2 | Course code | ACAD01 | | | | |
| 3 | Course Title | LOGIC PROGRAMMING FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE | | | | |
| 4 | Class / Semester | II / III | | | | |
| 5 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | | |
| 6 | Structure of the course | Theory | | | Practical | |
| | | Lecture 3 | Tutorials 0 | Credits 3 | Lab - | Credits - |
| 7 | Type of course (Tick type of course) | Core ✓ | Professional Elective - | Open Elective - | VAC - | MOOCs - |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Total lecture, tutorial and practical hours for this course (16 weeks of teaching per semester) | | | | | |
| | Lectures: 48 hours | | Tutorials: 0 hours | | Practical: – hours | |
| 10 | Course Coordinator | Ms. Bidyutlata Sahoo | | | | |
| 11 | Date Approved by BOS | 24/08/2023 | | | | |
| 12 | Course Webpage | https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=pages/btech-course-syllabi-bt23-cse | | | | |
| 13 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites | |
| | | - | - | - | - | |

14. Course Overview

Artificial intelligence (AI) focuses on studying and creating systems that replicate intelligent human behaviours in machines, especially in computer systems. This course introduces the concepts, methods, and problem-solving approaches that enable AI to address real-world challenges autonomously. Additionally, AI serves as a mathematical framework that allows for the precise and clear expression of knowledge, making it ideal for use in AI systems. By exploring theoretical concepts and practical applications, students will develop a comprehensive understanding of how AI systems are designed and how they function in complex, real-world scenarios.

15. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | The characteristics of Intelligent agents and the way the AI agents plan and act in the real world. |
| II | Various search strategies and knowledge representation techniques to solve AI problems. |
| III | The ways of planning and acting in the real world. |
| IV | Handling uncertainty, reasoning the complex problems and models behind the AI applications. |

16. Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|---|------------|
| CO 1 | Illustrate the ability to design a plan for the real-world problems and mapping it to the digital world. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Relate appropriate problem-solving methods to optimize the search results. | Understand |
| CO 3 | Interpret uninformed and informed search strategies, and select the appropriate approach for different AI problems. | Understand |
| CO 4 | Demonstrate computable functions and predicates in computational system to construct logical expressions. | Understand |
| CO 5 | Develop a comprehensive understanding of advanced AI planning strategies and diverse learning paradigms to solve complex problems. | Apply |
| CO 6 | Examine the uncertainty in designing AI systems and propose methods for reasoning. | Apply |

17. Topic Learning Outcome (TLOs):

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Outcome | Blooms Level |
|------|---|--------|---|----------------|--------------|
| 1 | Introduction - Definition - Future of Artificial Intelligence | 1 | Understand the key concepts, techniques, and applications of artificial intelligence to analyze, design, and implement AI-driven solutions across various domains. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 2 | Intelligent Agent- Characteristics of Intelligent Agents | 2 | Understand an intelligent agent how it observes its environment, processes information, and takes actions autonomously to achieve specific goals. | CO 1 | Understand |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 3 | Typical Intelligent Agents | 3 | Illustrate various agent architectures and their influence for decision making process. | CO 1 | Understand |
| 4 | Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems | 4 | Develop the ability to identify appropriate AI techniques for solving specific types of problems. | CO 1 | Apply |
| 5 | Defining the Problem as a State Space Search | 5 | Develop the ability to explore a space of possible states or configurations to find a solution to a problem. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 6 | Production Systems | 6 | Utilize knowledge-based approaches to simulate human reasoning and decision-making processes. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 7 | Production System Characteristics | 7 | Understand the characteristics of production system to design, implement, and optimize various applications. | CO 2 | Understand |
| 8 | Problem Characteristics | 8 | Identify the strategies will be most efficient and effective in solving the problem. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 9 | Issues in the Design of Search Programs | 9 | Understand different search algorithms and their roles for problem-solving. | CO 2 | Apply |
| 10 | Problem solving Methods | 10 | Make use of Problem-solving methods in AI to find solutions for complex issues. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 11 | Search Strategies | 11 | Identify the search strategies in AI which provide systematic methods for exploring possible solutions to problems. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 12 | Uninformed Search | 12 | Understand the concept of uninformed search where little or no domain-specific information (heuristics) is available to guide the search process. | CO 3 | Understand |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 13 | Informed - Heuristics | 13 | Understand the concept of informed or heuristic search where additional information's are used to find the best possible solution without exhaustively searching every possible state. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 14 | Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems | 14 | Apply local search algorithms and optimization problems in large-scale problems to get high-quality solutions. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 15 | Searching with Partial Observations | 15 | Utilize searching mechanism with Partial Observations to improve the robustness of AI systems. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 16 | Backtracking Search | 16 | Make use of backtracking search to prune infeasible paths and handle complex decision making for solving a wide range of problems. | CO 3 | Apply |
| 17 | Performance of Search Algorithms | 17 | Understand the performance of search algorithms in terms of efficiency and effectiveness, analyzing their characteristics, comparing strategies, and applying performance metrics to real-world problems. | CO 3 | Understand |
| 18 | Using Predicate Logic: Representing Simple Facts in Logic | 18 | Interpret and analyze predicate logic expressions to understand their meaning and implications. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 19 | Representing Instance and ISA Relationships | 19 | Make use of instance and ISA relationships to build and interpret class hierarchies, object-oriented models, or ontologies. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 20 | Computable Functions and Predicates | 20 | Apply computable functions and predicates to solve problems in various domains, such as algorithms, databases, or formal verification. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 21 | Properties of Well-formed formula | 21 | Interpret the properties of well-formed formula to manipulate formulas, providing theorems and validating logical arguments. | CO 4 | Understand |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---------------------------------------|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| 22 | Clausal Forms | 22 | Utilize causal forms in AI systems to make informed decisions by evaluating the potential impacts of different actions. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 23 | Conversion to clausal forms | 23 | Demonstrate the conversion to casual forms to standardize and simplify logical expressions. | CO 4 | Understand |
| 24 | Resolution | 24 | Apply resolution method for deriving conclusions from a set of premises. | CO 4 | Apply |
| 25 | Planning with State-Space Search | 25 | Analyze the sequence of actions needed to achieve specific goals. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 26 | Partial-Order Planning | 26 | Solve complex planning task which involves concurrency, flexibility to obtain more optimal and feasible solutions. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 27 | Planning Graphs | 27 | Construct the planning graph in a planning problem to represent the states and actions for better visualization. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 28 | Planning and Acting in the Real World | 28 | Understand the concept of planning and acting in the real world for making AI systems functional and effective in practical applications. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 29 | Plan Generation Systems | 29 | Choose plan generation system for the auto-generation of detailed plan when manual planning is impractical to achieve specific goals. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 30 | Learning – Learning and its types | 30 | Compare different types of learning suited for different problem domains. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 31 | Discovery | 31 | Make use of discovery techniques to develop more powerful and efficient AI systems. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 32 | Clustering | 32 | Define clustering and differentiate it from other machine learning tasks to segregate the data points based on their similarity and dissimilarity. | CO 5 | Remember |
| 33 | Analogy | 33 | Apply analogical reasoning to solve new problems by relating them to previously solved problems. | CO 5 | Apply |








| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---|--------|---|-----------------|--------------|
| 34 | Neural Network | 34 | Identify and explain the role of various activation functions and their impact on the network's performance to solve complex problems. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 35 | Genetic Learning | 35 | Choose genetic algorithms and genetic programming systems to solve optimization and search problems. | CO 5 | Apply |
| 36 | Reinforcement Learning | 36 | Explain the core concepts of reinforcement learning for decision making problems. | CO 5 | Understand |
| 37 | Uncertain knowledge and reasoning | 37 | Understand the concept of uncertain knowledge and reasoning to make informed decisions and predictions when all the data is not available. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 38 | Symbolic Reasoning Under Uncertainty | 38 | Understand the nature of uncertainty in AI to model uncertainty in AI systems. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 39 | Introduction to Non monotonic Reasoning | 39 | Use non-monotonic reasoning in AI to handle real-world complexity, model human-like reasoning, and make decisions that are adaptive and context-sensitive. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 40 | Logics for Non-monotonic Reasoning | 40 | Apply logics for non-monotonic reasoning which provide formal frameworks to model and manage reasoning processes that are flexible and adaptable to new information. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 41 | Implementation Issues | 41 | Choose the appropriate model for representing uncertainty to manage and update the models efficiently. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 42 | Augmenting a Problem-solver | 42 | Use augmenting a problem-solver in AI to enhance the capabilities of existing problem-solving systems by integrating advanced AI techniques. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 43 | Uncertainty - review of probability | 43 | Apply the concept of probability to develop and deploy AI systems that effectively handle uncertainty and make reliable predictions in complex environments. | CO 6 | Apply |

| S No | Topic(s) | TLO No | Topic Learning Outcome | Course Out-come | Blooms Level |
|------|---------------------------------|--------|--|-----------------|--------------|
| 44 | probabilistic Reasoning | 44 | Understand probabilistic reasoning in ai to model uncertainty, make informed decisions, and infer hidden information. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 45 | Bayesian networks | 45 | Understand the graphical structure of Bayesian networks for probabilistic reasoning under uncertainty. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 46 | Inferences in Bayesian networks | 46 | Use inferences in Bayesian networks to solve complex problems across various domains. | CO 6 | Apply |
| 47 | Temporal models | 47 | Understand temporal models to analyze time-series data. | CO 6 | Understand |
| 48 | Hidden Markov models | 48 | Apply Hidden Markov Models to model and analyze sequential and time-series data. | CO 6 | Apply |

18. Employability Skills

Project based skills:- Logic Programming for Artificial Intelligence for engineering students provides essential knowledge and practical experience in machine learning algorithms, computational techniques, and data analysis, enabling them to design and implement intelligent systems and solve complex engineering problems.

19. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  | ✓ |  | ✓ |  | x |  |
| | Power Point Presentation | | Chalk & Talk | | Assignments | | MOOC |
| x |  | x |  | x |  | ✓ |  |
| | Open Ended Experiments | | Seminars | | Mini Project | | Videos |

20. Evaluation Methodology:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 40 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 60 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for each Definitions and Terminology / Quiz, and the remaining 10 marks for Tech Talk / Assignments.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 60 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with “either” or “choice” will be drawn from each module. No choice is given in the first two modules. Each question carries 12 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub-divisions in a question.

Outline for Continuous Internal Assessments (CIA - I and CIA - II) and SEE:

| Activities | CIA - I | CIA - II | SEE | Total Marks |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------|-------------|
| Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) | 10 Marks | 10 Marks | | 20 Marks |
| Definitions and Terminology / Quiz | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Tech Talk / Assignment | 05 Marks | 05 Marks | | 10 Marks |
| Semester End Examination (SEE) | - | - | 60 Marks | 60 Marks |
| Total | - | - | 100 Marks | |

21. Course content - Number of modules: Five

| | |
|------------|---|
| MODULE I | INTRODUCTION Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Introduction - Definition - Future of Artificial Intelligence - Characteristics of Intelligent Agents - Typical Intelligent Agents - Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems |
| MODULE II | PRODUCTION SYSTEMS Number of Lectures: 09 |
| | Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Production Systems, Problem Characteristics, Production System Characteristics, Issues in the Design of Search Programs |
| MODULE III | PROBLEM-SOLVING METHODS AND KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Problem solving Methods- Search Strategies - Uninformed - Informed - Heuristics - Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems - Searching with Partial Observations - Backtracking Search - Performance of Search Algorithms. Using Predicate Logic: Representing Simple Facts in Logic, Representing Instance and ISA Relationships, Computable Functions and Predicates, Properties of Wff, Clausal Forms, Conversion to clausal forms, Resolution |
| MODULE IV | PLANNING AND LEARNING Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Planning with State-Space Search - Partial-Order Planning - Planning Graphs - Planning and Acting in the Real World - Plan Generation Systems. Learning- Learning and its types – Discovery – Clustering – Analogy - Neural Net and Genetic Learning - Reinforcement Learning |
| MODULE V | UNCERTAIN KNOWLEDGE AND REASONING Number of Lectures: 10 |
| | Symbolic Reasoning Under Uncertainty: Introduction to Non monotonic Reasoning - Logics for Non-monotonic Reasoning - Implementation Issues - Augmenting a Problem-solver. Uncertainty- review of probability - probabilistic Reasoning - Bayesian networks - inferences in Bayesian networks - Temporal models - Hidden Markov models. |

TEXTBOOKS

1. S. Russel, P. Norvig, *Artificial Intelligence – A Modern Approach*, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Kevin Night, Elaine Rich, Nair B, *Artificial Intelligence (SIE)*, Third Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.
2. Dan W. Patterson, *Introduction to AI and ES*, Pearson Education, 2007.

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES:

1. Department of Computer Science, University of California, Berkeley,
<http://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLD52D2B739E4D1C5F>
2. NPTEL: Artificial Intelligence, <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105077/>
3. <http://www.udacity.com/>
4. <http://www.library.thinkquest.org/2705/>
5. <http://www.ai.eecs.umich.edu/>

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Course template
2. Tutorial question bank
3. Tech-talk topics
4. Open-ended experiments
5. Definitions and terminology
6. Assignments
7. Model question paper – I
8. Model question paper – II
9. Lecture notes
10. PowerPoint presentation
11. E-Learning Readiness Videos (ELRV)

22. Course plan:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|---|------|-----------|
| OBE DISCUSSION | | | |
| Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, POs, and PSOs | | | |
| CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY) | | | |
| 1 | Introduction – Definition - Future of artificial intelligence | CO 1 | T1; R1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|------|------------|
| 2 | Characteristics of Intelligent Agents | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 3 | Typical Intelligent Agents | CO 1 | T1; R1 |
| 4 | Problem Solving Approach to Typical AI problems | CO 1 | T1; R2 |
| 5 | Defining the Problem as a State Space Search | CO 2 | T1; R1 |
| 6 | Production Systems, Production System Characteristics | CO 2 | T1; R2 |
| 7 | Problem Characteristics | CO 2 | T1; R2 |
| 8 | Issues in the Design of Search Programs | CO 2 | T1; R2 |
| 9 | Problem solving Methods | CO 3 | T1; R2 |
| 10 | Search Strategies - Uninformed - Informed | CO 3 | T1; R2 |
| 11 | Uninformed Search- Breadth-first Search, Depth-first Search, Depth-limited Search | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 12 | Uninformed Search- Iterative deepening depth-first search ,Uniform cost search, Bidirectional Search | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 13 | Informed Search- Best first search, A* search, AO* Search, Hill Climbing | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 14 | Local Search Algorithms and Optimization Problems | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 15 | Searching with Partial Observations | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 16 | Backtracking Search | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 17 | Performance of Search Algorithms | CO 3 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 18 | Using Predicate Logic: Representing Simple Facts in Logic | CO 4 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 19 | Representing Instance and ISA Relationships | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 20 | Computable Functions and Predicates | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 21 | Properties of Wff, Clausal Forms, Conversion to clausal forms | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 22 | Resolution | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 23 | Planning with State-Space Search | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 24 | Partial-Order Planning | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 25 | Planning Graphs | CO 5 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 26 | Planning and Acting in the Real World | CO 5 | T1; R1, R2 |
| 27 | Plan Generation Systems | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 28 | Learning – Learning and its types | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 29 | Discovery – Clustering – Analogy | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 30 | Neural Net and Genetic Learning | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 31 | Reinforcement Learning | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 32 | Symbolic Reasoning Under Uncertainty | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 33 | Introduction to Non monotonic Reasoning | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 34 | Logics for Non-monotonic Reasoning | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 35 | Implementation Issues | CO 6 | T1; R1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|---|--|------------|------------|
| 36 | Augmenting a Problem-solver | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 37 | Uncertainty - review of probability - probabilistic Reasoning | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 38 | Bayesian networks | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 39 | inferences in Bayesian networks - Temporal models | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| 40 | Hidden Markov models | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES | | | |
| 1 | Water – jug problem | CO 2 | T1; R1 |
| 2 | 8 – puzzles problem | CO 2 | T1; R1 |
| 3 | Breadth first search | CO 3 | T1; R1 |
| 4 | Depth first search | CO 3 | T1; R1; R2 |
| 5 | Depth-limited Search | CO 3 | T1; R1; R2 |
| 6 | Iterative deepening depth-first search | CO 3 | T1; R1; R2 |
| 7 | Uniform cost search | CO 3 | T1; R1; R2 |
| 8 | Bidirectional Search | CO 3 | T1; R1; R2 |
| 9 | Best first search | CO 3 | T1; R1 |
| 10 | A* search | CO 3 | T1; R1 |
| 11 | AO* Search | CO 3 | T1; R1 |
| 12 | Hill Climbing | CO 3 | T1; R1 |
| 13 | Well-formed formula, Clausal Forms, Conversion to clausal forms. | CO 4 | T1; R1 |
| 14 | Neural Network | CO 5 | T1; R1 |
| 15 | Bayesian Network | CO 6 | T1; R1 |
| DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to Artificial Intelligence | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Production Systems | CO 2 | |
| 3 | Problem solving methods and knowledge representation | CO 3, CO 4 | |
| 4 | Planning and learning | CO 5 | |
| 5 | Uncertain knowledge and reasoning | CO 6 | |
| DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK | | | |
| 1 | Introduction to Artificial Intelligence | CO 1 | |
| 2 | Production Systems | CO 2 | |
| 3 | Problem solving methods and knowledge representation | CO 3, CO 4 | |
| 4 | Planning and learning | CO 5 | |
| 5 | Uncertain knowledge and reasoning | CO 6 | |

23. Program outcomes and Program specific outcomes:

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

24. How program outcomes are assessed:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identity, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using the first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, and cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 3 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 1 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. | 1 | CIE/Quiz/AAT |

25. How program-specific outcomes are assessed:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|---|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 3 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. | 1 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 1 | Tech talk /Definitions and terminology/ Assignments |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

26. Mapping of each CO with PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 3 | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |

27. Justifications for CO – PO / PSO mapping - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | By applying scientific principles and methodologies alongside mathematical foundations, engineers can effectively design AI solutions for real-world problems. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Through careful problem identification, engineers can abstract real-world challenges into digital models, ensuring accurate model translation and rigorous validation to develop effective solutions. | 3 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Designing a plan to address real-world problems and mapping it to the digital world involves a comprehensive understanding of constraints, customer needs, and innovative solutions. | 3 |
| | PO 4 | By leveraging engineering principles and analytical methods, engineers can effectively design solutions that adhere to industry standards, ensuring accurate mapping of real-world problems to the digital domain. | 4 |
| | PSO 1 | By building expertise in specialized areas like AI, Machine Learning, and AR/VR, engineers can design and implement software applications that effectively translate complex real-world problems into digital solutions. | 4 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Choosing appropriate problem-solving methods and optimizing search results require the application of scientific principles, mathematical foundations, and interdisciplinary engineering knowledge. | 3 |
| | PO 2 | By precisely identifying the problem, creating an appropriate model, and validating the solution, engineers can choose the most effective problem-solving methods and enhance the optimization of search results. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | By defining the problem, considering customer needs, and managing costs, engineers can select the best problem-solving methods and optimize search results. | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Adhering industry standards and applying engineering knowledge, engineers can choose the best problem-solving methods and improve search results. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Develop expertise in specialized software areas like AI, Machine Learning, and AR/VR, engineers can select effective problem-solving methods and enhance the optimization of search results. | 4 |
| | PSO 3 | Using AI and ML techniques in fields like Autonomous Systems, IoT, and Robotics allows engineers to select the most effective problem-solving methods. | 2 |
| CO 3 | PO 3 | Comparing search strategies requires a detailed investigation and understanding of the problem, including its constraints and risks. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Comparing uninformed and informed search strategies enhances the ability to build specialized software applications in AI, Machine Learning, Data Science, and other advanced areas of Computer Science. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO 4 | PO 4 | Defining computable functions and predicates helps apply engineering principles effectively to analyze and design engineering processes accurately. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Utilizing computable functions and predicates improves the use of software and tools for accurate analysis and problem-solving. | 1 |
| | PSO 2 | Understanding computable functions and predicates supports exploring and applying various learning techniques by enabling effective construction and analysis of logical expressions in AI. | 2 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Understanding advanced AI planning and learning techniques combines scientific and mathematical principles with engineering knowledge to solve complex problems effectively. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Understanding advanced AI strategies and learning methods helps in identifying problems, developing solutions, and managing data and experimentation effectively. | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Utilizing computer software develop a comprehensive understanding of advanced AI planning strategies and diverse learning paradigms. | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 4 | Examining uncertainty in AI design aligns with managing technical uncertainty and applying engineering principles and analysis techniques. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Examining uncertainty in AI design aligns with ongoing learning and staying updated on industry trends and new technologies. | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Understanding the uncertainty in AI design and proposing reasoning methods helps to develop skills for building software applications in specialized Computer Science and Engineering fields by improving problem-solving and technical expertise. | 2 |

28. Total count of key competencies for CO – PO / PSO mapping:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 2 |
| CO 3 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 5 | 2 | 4 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | - |

29. Percentage of key competencies CO – PO / PSO:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 100 | 30 | 30 | 36 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 66.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| CO 2 | 100 | 30 | 30 | 27 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 66.6 | 0.0 | 100 |
| CO 3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 30 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| CO 4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 |
| CO 5 | 66 | 40 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| CO 6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 18 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 16 | 33.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

30. Course articulation matrix PO / PSO mapping:

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| CO 3 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | - | - | - | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - |
| CO 5 | 3 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| CO 6 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| TOTAL | 9 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 8 | 3 | 3 |
| AVERAGE | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 |

31. Assessment methodology - Direct:





| | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Seminars | - |
| Laboratory Practices | - | Student Viva | - | Certification | - |
| Definitions and Terminology | ✓ | Tech talk / 5 Minutes Video | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |
| Assignments | ✓ | Quiz | ✓ | Tech Talk | ✓ |








32. Assessment methodology - Indirect:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of mini projects by experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

33. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write a brief description of the course and its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |
| 4 |  | Quality education: Graduates specializing in Artificial Intelligence (AI) bring a distinct and valuable skill set to the technical workforce. AI engineers often develop interdisciplinary expertise, blending knowledge in computer science, cognitive science, statistics, and domain-specific areas. This multidisciplinary approach enables them to work seamlessly with professionals from diverse fields, making them integral members of cross-functional teams. |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |
| 9 |  | Industry, innovation, and infrastructure: Graduates specialized in Artificial Intelligence(AI) have the potential to integrate sustainability into every aspect of industry, innovation, and infrastructure. They can design systems that not only advance technological progress but also consider environmental and social impacts, ensuring that developments are equitable and sustainable. |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | Sustainable cities and communities: Graduates specialized in Artificial Intelligence(AI) can analyze large datasets related to urban environments, including traffic patterns, pollution levels, and population growth. AI graduates can develop models to assist city planners in making informed decisions that optimize land use, reduce congestion, and enhance the overall efficiency of urban spaces. |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on 14-08-2024.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Ms. Bidyutlata Sahoo, Assistant Professor

HOD CSE (AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|-------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE(AI & ML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD08 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | III Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Tutorial Hours 1 | | Practical Hours 2 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | S Sudheer Reddy | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 25/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | UG | ACSD02 | I | OPS with JAVA |
| | | - | - | - | - |

13. Course Overview

The course covers some of the general-purpose data structures and algorithms, and software development. Topics covered include managing complexity, analysis, static data structures, dynamic data structures and hashing mechanisms. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to select and design data structures and algorithms that are appropriate for problems that they might encounter in real life. This course reaches to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab which involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas.

14. Course Objectives:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|---|
| I | To provide students with skills needed to understand and analyze performance trade-offs of different algorithms / implementations and asymptotic analysis of their running time and memory usage. |
| II | To provide knowledge of basic abstract data types (ADT) and associated algorithms: stacks, queues, lists, tree, graphs, hashing and sorting, selection and searching. |
| III | The fundamentals of how to store, retrieve, and process data efficiently. |

15. Course Outcomes:








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Interpret the complexity of algorithm using the asymptotic notations. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Select appropriate searching and sorting technique for finding effective solution of given problem. | Apply |
| CO 3 | Construct programs to perform operations on linear data structures for memory organization of data. | Apply |
| CO 4 | Make use of nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications. | Apply |
| CO 5 | Demonstrate operations on Balanced Data Structures for efficient storage and retrieval of data. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Choose suitable data structures based on implementation, operations and performance while solving real world problems. | Apply |

16. Employability Skills

| |
|--|
| 1. Problem-Solving and Critical Thinking: Students learn to analyze complex problems, design solutions using Java's object-oriented principles, and translate real-world scenarios into code. |
| 2. Debugging and Troubleshooting: Debugging challenges in the lab help students master error identification, interpretation, and use of debugging tools, essential for real-world software development. |

17. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Expected Viva Voce questions | ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| X |  Competitions | X |  hackathons | ✓ |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Program | Results | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19 COURSE CONTENT

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Interpret the complexity of algorithm using the asymptotic notations. |
| | 1. Getting Started Exercises |
| CO 2 | Select appropriate searching and sorting technique for finding effective solution of given problem. |
| | 1. Exercises on Searching 2. Exercises on Sorting 3. Exercises on Divide and Conquer |
| CO 3 | Construct programs to perform operations on linear data structures for memory organization of data. |
| | 1. Exercises Stack Data Structures 2. Exercises on Queue Data Structures 3. Exercises on Linked Lists 4. Exercises on Circular and Doubly Linked Lists |
| CO 4 | Make use of nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications. |
| | 1. Exercises on Trees 2. Exercises on BST |
| CO 5 | Demonstrate operations on Balanced Data Structures for efficient storage and retrieval of data. |
| | 1. Exercises on AVL Trees 2. Exercises on Graph Traversal |
| CO 6 | Choose suitable data structures based on implementation, operations and performance while solving real world problems. |
| | 1. Exercises on Data Structures based Applications 2. Exercises on Minimum Cost Spanning Tree |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Mark Allen Weiss, “*Data Structures and Problem Solving using Java*”, Pearson Fourth Edition.
2. Michael T. Goodrich and Roberto Tamassia ” *Data Structures and Algorithms in Java*” , John Wiley Sons, Inc., Fourth Edition

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Deitel, Paul and Deitel, Harvey. "Java: How to Program", Pearson, 11th Edition, 2018.
2. Evans, Benjamin J. and Flanagan, David. "Java in a Nutshell", O'Reilly Media, 7th Edition, 2018.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. <https://www.codechef.com/certification/data-structures-and-algorithms/prepare>
2. <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java>
3. <https://www.tutorialspoint.com/java/index.htm>
4. <https://online-learning.harvard.edu/course/data-structures-and-algorithms>

20.COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's |
|------|---|------|
| 1 | Getting Started Exercises | CO 1 |
| 2 | Exercises on Searching | CO 2 |
| 3 | Exercises on Sorting | CO 2 |
| 4 | Exercises on Divide and Conquer | CO 2 |
| 5 | Exercises on Stacks | CO 3 |
| 6 | Exercises on Queues | CO 3 |
| 7 | Exercises on Linked Lists | CO 3 |
| 8 | Exercises on Circular and Doubly Linked Lists | CO 3 |
| 9 | Exercises on Trees | CO 4 |
| 10 | Exercise on BST | CO 4 |
| 11 | Exercises on AVL trees | CO 5 |
| 12 | Exercises on Graph Traversal Techniques | CO 4 |
| 13 | Exercises on Spanning Trees | CO 6 |

Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|--|
| 1. | Write a function to determine if two trees are identical or not: (Two trees are identical when they have the same data and the arrangement of data is also the same) |
| 2. | Given a binary search tree, task is to find Kth largest element in the binary search tree. |
| 3. | Find Strongly Connected Components (SCCs) of Given Graph G. . |
| 4. | Given an array of pairs, find all symmetric pairs in it. (Two pairs (a, b) and (c, d) are said to be symmetric if c is equal to b and a is equal to d. For example, (10, 20) and (20, 10) are symmetric. Given an array of pairs find all symmetric pairs in it) |
| 5. | Find distance between two nodes of a Binary Tree. |

21. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| Program Outcomes | |
|---------------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |

| | |
|-------|--|
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|--------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 | LAB PROGRAMS/ CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | LAB PROGRAMS/ CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 3 | LAB PROGRAMS/ CIE/SEE |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 3 | LAB PROGRAMS/ CIE/SEE |
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 3 | LAB PROGRAMS/ CIE/SEE |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. | 1 | Viva voce /CIE/SEE |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 1 | Viva Voce/ CIE/SEE |

23. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems.. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓- | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

25. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| CO1 | PO 1 | Understand (knowledge) the concept of Algorithm Analysis and Types of Notations used to represent Time and Space Complexities (Understand) by applying principles of mathematics and engineering fundamentals . | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Problem Analysis on different types of algorithms to analyze space and time complexities. | 4 |
| | PO 3 | Design the Solutions for finding space and time complexities of a complex algorithm and representing it by asymptotic notations | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of various algorithms, algorithm complexity. | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Design and analyze complex algorithms and specify its space and time complexities and representing it by asymptotic notations for faster processing of data. | 3 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of modern computer tools for finding space and time complexities of a complex algorithm | 1 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Make use of broad knowledge of searching and sorting techniques for an efficient search from a data structure and optimize the efficiency of other algorithms by applying the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Problem Analysis on different types of search sort algorithms to analyze space and time complexities. | 5 |
| | PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions using appropriate searching and sorting techniques for designing a solution for complex Engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of different sorting and searching techniques for given problem with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of searching and sorting along with efficiency of searching and sorting techniques in terms of space and time complexity | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate sorting and searching techniques for data processing. | 4 |
| | PSO2 | Applying various selecting and sorting techniques while designing and developing solutions for AI Problems | 2 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of various selecting and sorting techniques and extend the knowledge for advance frame works and platforms for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas | 1 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Make use of linear and nonlinear data structures to organize the data in a particular way so to use them in the most effective way by applying the basic knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Problem analysis: Organizing the given data in particular way by performing the operations on linear and nonlinear data structures to use the data in the most effective way. | 7 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Recognize the need of linear and nonlinear data structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue by Designing solutions for complex Engineering. | 5 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear and nonlinear data structures in order to organize the given data in a particular way | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of Implementation of different operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for given problem with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks and queues | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate operations on linear or nonlinear data structures for Developing the solution. | 5 |
| | PSO2 | Applying various linear or nonlinear data structures while designing and developing solutions for AI Problems | 2 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of various linear or nonlinear data structures and extend the knowledge for advance frame works and platforms for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas | 1 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Make use of linear and nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications by applying the basic knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Problem analysis: Solving real time applications by performing the operations on linear or nonlinear data structures. | 7 |
| | PO 3 | Recognize the need of linear and nonlinear data structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue for Designing real time applications. | 2 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear or nonlinear data structures in order to solve real time applications. | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of different operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PSO1 | Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate operations on linear or nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications. | 5 |
| | PSO2 | Applying various linear or nonlinear data structures while designing and developing solutions for AI Problems | 1 |
| | PSO3 | Make use of various linear or nonlinear data structures and extend the knowledge for advance frame works and platforms for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas | 1 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Understand the knowledge of hashing techniques and collision resolution methods and implementing for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals | 1 |
| | PO 3 | Design the Solution for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance by using hashing techniques and collision resolution methods | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Implementation of hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of Hashing, Collision techniques | 2 |
| | PSO1 | Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance. | 4 |
| | PSO2 | Applying various hashing techniques and collision resolution methods while designing and developing solutions for AI Problems | 1 |
| | PSO3 | Build sufficient knowledge hashing techniques and collision resolution methods so that new product can be developed, which leads to become successful entrepreneur in Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Understand various types of data structures in terms of implementations and choose appropriate data structure for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals | 3 |
| | PO 2 | Problem Analysis: Recognize the importance of suitable data structures in checking the efficiency of algorithms used for complex engineering problems. | 7 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|--|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Design the Solution complex problems or efficiently accessing data with respect to performance by using hashing techniques and collision resolution methods | 5 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear or nonlinear data structures in order to solve real time applications. | 4 |
| | PO 5 | Understand the Implementation of various types of data structures with the help of computer software | 1 |
| | PO 10 | Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of Implementation of various types of data structures. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of Implementation of various types of data structures by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply Implementation of various types of data structures. | 5 |
| | PSO 2 | Applying Implementation of various types of data structures while designing and developing solutions for AI Problems | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | Build sufficient knowledge Implementation of various types of data structures so that new product can be developed in Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas | 1 |

26. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | 1 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 5 | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| CO 3 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| CO 5 | 1 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | 1 | 1 |
| CO 6 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 |

27. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 33.3 | 40 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 50 | - | 50 |
| CO 2 | 33.3 | 50 | 20 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 66.6 | 100 | 50 |
| CO 3 | 66.6 | 70 | 50 | 36.3 | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 83.3 | 100 | 50 |
| CO 4 | 100 | 70 | 20 | 36.3 | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 66.6 | 50 | 50 |
| CO 5 | 33.3 | - | 20 | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | - | 66.6 | 50 | 50 |
| CO 6 | 100 | 70 | 50 | 36.3 | 100 | - | - | - | - | 40 | - | 25 | 83.3 | 50 | 50 |

28. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-5 - $C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| CO 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| CO 4 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO 5 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| CO 6 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| TOTAL | 12 | 12 | 8 | 3 | 15 | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | 1 | 17 | 12 | 12 |
| AVERAGE | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 3.0 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.0 |

29. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:






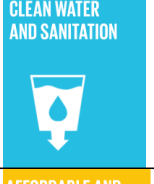
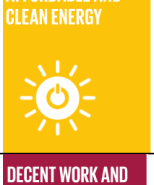

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |









30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:


| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31. Relevance to Sustainability goals

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Quality Education: The students can gain a deeper understanding of how technology can be harnessed to address global challenges. This promotes quality education by fostering critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of sustainable development. |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| ✓ |  | Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure: Java programming skills are essential for developing innovative software solutions. Students working on projects related to sustainable development can contribute to building resilient infrastructure and promoting inclusive and sustainable industrialization. |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Sustainable Cities and Communities: Java programming plays a crucial role in developing applications for smart cities, efficient transportation, and waste management systems. Through projects in the lab, students can explore ways to create more sustainable urban environments. |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Climate Action: Students can create climate-related applications, such as carbon footprint calculators or climate data analysis tools, using Java programming. This directly contributes to SDG 13 by raising awareness and facilitating climate action. |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Peace, Justice, and Strong Institutions: Java programming skills can be applied to create tools for transparency, accountability, and data security. By focusing on ethical coding practices, the lab can contribute to strong and just institutions. |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| ✓ | PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS  | Partnerships for the Goals: Collaborative projects can foster partnerships among students, educators, and local communities. These partnerships enhance knowledge sharing and the development of innovative solutions that align with multiple SDGs. |
|---|--|---|

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
S Sudheer Reddy, Assistant Professor

HOD,CSE(AI&ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 | Department | COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (AI&ML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | OPERATING SYSTEMS LABORATORY | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | ACSD10 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | III Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Lecture Hours 3 | | Practical Hours 3 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Ms. S. Yamini | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 22/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | UG | ACSD06 | II | Programming For Problem Solving |

13. Course Overview

The course covers some of the design aspects of operating system concepts. Topics covered include process scheduling, memory management, deadlocks, disk scheduling strategies, and file allocation methods. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to select and design algorithms that are appropriate for problems that they might encounter in real life.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | The functionalities of main components in operating systems and analyze the algorithms used in process management. |
| II | Algorithms used in memory management and I/O management |
| III | Different methods for preventing or avoiding deadlocks and File systems. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:








| | | |
|------|--|------------|
| CO 1 | Acquire knowledge of the operating system structure and process | Understand |
| CO 2 | Analyze the performance of process scheduling algorithms . | Analyze |
| CO 3 | Evaluate the process memory requirement and its fragmentation. | Evaluate |
| CO 4 | Analyze the safe state and deadlock mechanism | Analyze |

| | | |
|------|--|---------|
| CO 5 | Analyze the performance of the disk scheduling algorithms | Analyze |
| CO 6 | Apply to simulate file structures and allocation methods. | Apply |

16. Employability Skills

| |
|--|
| 1. Employment advantage: This can give competitive advantage when seeking employment as Software Engineer. |
| 2. Problem-Solving and Analytical Thinking: Operating System Laboratory Experiments involves Memory management, File Organization algorithms and Implementation ,Paging Activities and Process Scheduling Etc..Analytical thinking problem solving which are useful for developing new operating System |

17. Content Delivery / Instructional Methodologies:

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Viva Voce questions | ✗ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| ✗ |  Competitions | ✗ |  hackathons | ✗ |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. Evaluation Methodology:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. COURSE CONTENT:

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Acquire knowledge of the operating system structure and process . |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Busy Printer 2. The Software Developer's Tasks 3. Managing a Restaurant's Orders 4. Emergency Room Prioritization |
| CO 2 | Analyze the performance of process scheduling algorithms . |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Managing System and User Processes 2. Managing Job Scheduling in a Computing Center 3. Managing Print Jobs in a Shared Printing Environment 4. Task Scheduling in a Multi-User System 5. Job Scheduling in a Computing Cluster |

| | |
|------|--|
| CO 3 | Evaluate the process memory requirement and its fragmentation. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Memory Variable Technique (MVT) 2. Best Fit Memory Allocation 3. Worst Fit Memory ALlocation 4. Multiprogramming with a Fixed Number of Tasks (MFT) 5. Simulating Paging Memory management 6. Futuristic Space Station 7. CentralAI 8. MetroCentral 9. AI Lab 10. MedTech Hospital |
| CO 4 | Analyze the safe state and deadlock mechanism |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Tale of the Printing Press and Its Inks 2. The Tale of the Library and Its Book Reservations 3. The Tale of the Automated Warehouse and Its Robots 4. The Tale of the Coffee Shop and Its Baristas 5. The Tale of the Theater Production and Its Props |
| CO 5 | Analyze the performance of the disk scheduling algorithms |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The Disk Access Dilemma 2. The SSTF Disk Scheduling Challenge 3. FutureTech Corporation 4. The C-Scan Disk Scheduling Odyssey 5. The C-SCAN Disk Scheduling Quest at TechFusion Labs |
| CO 6 | Ability to simulate file structures and allocation methods |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Managing Student Records in a School Database 2. Managing Medical Records in a Hospital Information System 3. Managing Digital Media Files in a Multimedia Application 4. DigitalArchive 5. EnterpriseX |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Operating System Principle- Abraham Siberchatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne 7th Edition, John Wiley
2. Advanced programming in the Unix environment, W.R.Stevens, Pearson education.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles, William Stallings, Fifth Edition–2005, Pearson Education/PHI
2. Operating System - A Design Approach-Crowley, TMH.
3. Modern Operating Systems, Andrew S Tanenbaum, 2nd edition, Pearson/PHI

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Lecture notes, ELRV videos and power point presentations
2. Answers / solutions to all questions / problems in the textbook
3. Online exercises
4. Problems and solutions in files

20. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|---|------|----------------------|
| 1 | Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping | CO 1 | |
| 2 | a. The Busy Printer b. The Software Developer's Tasks c. Managing a Restaurant's Orders d. Emergency Room Prioritization | CO 1 | T2:5.6 R1:1.12.3 |
| 3 | Managing System and User Processes b. Managing Job Scheduling in a Computing Center c. Managing Print Jobs in a Shared Printing Environment d. Task Scheduling in a Multi-User System e. Job Scheduling in a Computing Cluster | CO 2 | T2:5.10 R1:1.15 |
| 4 | File Allocation Strategies a. Managing Student Records in a School Database b. Managing Medical Records in a Hospital Information System c. Managing Digital Media Files in a Multimedia Application d. DigitalArchive e. EnterpriseX | CO 6 | T2:5.15 R1:1.16 |
| 5 | Memory Management a. Memory Variable Technique (MVT) b. Best Fit Memory Allocation c. Worst Fit Memory Allocation d. Multiprogramming with a Fixed Number of Tasks (MFT) e. Simulating Paging Memory management | CO 3 | T2:5.17 R1:1.13.1 |

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's | Reference |
|------|--|------|----------------------|
| 6 | Contiguous Memory Allocation a. Futuristic Space Station b. CentralAI c. MetroCentral d. AI Lab e. MedTech Hospital | CO 3 | T2:5.18 R1:1.13.2 |
| 7 | Paging Memory Management a. CloudTech b. EduTech University c. GameTech Studios d. MedCare Hospital e. ShopMart | CO 3 | T2:5.19 R1:1.13.3 |
| 8 | Resource Allocation a. UrbanOS – Resource Allocation Graph b. UrbanOS – Wait for Graph c. The Library Conference d. The Dining Philosophers e. Banker's Algorithm | CO 4 | T2:5.20 R1:1.7.1 |
| 9 | Disk Scheduling The Disk Access Dilemma b. The SSTF Disk Scheduling Challenge c. FutureTech Corporation d. The C-Scan Disk Scheduling Odyssey e. The C-SCAN Disk Scheduling Quest at TechFusion Labs | CO 5 | T2:5.24 R1:1.17.3 |
| 10 | Concurrency Control a. The Tale of the Library Management System b. The Tale of the Restaurant Reservation System c. The Tale of the Online Shopping Cart System d. The Tale of the Collaborative Document Editing System e. The Tale of the Bank Account Management System | CO 2 | T2:6.3 R1:2.6.1 |
| 11 | Page Replacement Algorithms a. The Story of a Busy Café and Its Orders b. The Tale of the Library and Its Book Shelves c. The Story of the Busy Café and Its Special Recipe Book d. The Tale of the Art Gallery and Its Exhibition e. The Tale of the Library and Its Popular Books | CO 3 | T2:6.5 R1:2.6.2 |
| 12 | Process Synchronization a. The Tale of the Bakery and Its Busy Kitchen b. The Tale of the Busy Coffee Shop and Its Coffee Machines c. The Tale of the Conference Room and Its Reservations d. The Tale of the Restaurant Kitchen and Its Limited Resources e. The Tale of the Garden and Its Watering Schedule | CO 2 | T2:7.7 R1:2.10 |
| 13 | Deadlock and Prevention a. The Tale of the Printing Press and Its Inks b. The Tale of the Library and Its Book Reservations c. The Tale of the Automated Warehouse and Its Robots d. The Tale of the Coffee Shop and Its Baristas e. The Tale of the Theater Production and Its Props | CO 4 | T2:7.11 |
| 14 | Customer Service - M/M/1 Queue Analysis b. Telecommunication Company - M/M/c Queue Analysis | CO 6 | T2:7.11 |
| 15 | The Tale of the Busy Call Center and Its Call Routing System d. The Tale of the Hospital Emergency Room (ER) e. The Tale of the Online Gaming Server | CO 5 | T2:15.2 R1:8.2 |
| 16 | UrbanOS – Resource Allocation Graph b. UrbanOS – Wait for Graph c. The Library Conference d. The Dining Philosophers e. Banker's Algorithm | CO 5 | T2:15.7 R1:8.3.3 |

Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|--|
| 1 | Customer Service - M/M/1 Queue Analysis |
| 2 | Telecommunication Company - M/M/c Queue Analysis |
| 3 | The Tale of the Busy Call Center and Its Call Routing System |
| 4 | The Tale of the Hospital Emergency Room (ER) |
| 5 | The Tale of the Online Gaming Server |

21. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|--|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

| | | | |
|-------|--|---|-----------------------|
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

23. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s),PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 2 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 4 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 5 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |
| CO 6 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | - | ✓ |

25. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even extend the knowledge. | 1 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 1 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even extend the knowledge. | 1 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even extend the knowledge. | 2 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 2 |
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even extend the knowledge. | 1 |
| CO 5 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 2 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 2 |
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even extend the knowledge | 1 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 2 |
| | PO 2 | Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 2 |
| | PO 3 | Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 |
| | PO 5 | Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations | 1 |
| | PO 9 | Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings | 3 |
| | PO 11 | Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. | 2 |
| | PO 12 | Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change | 3 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PSO 1 | Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments. | 1 |
| | PSO 3 | By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even extend the knowledge | 1 |

26. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| Key Competencies | 3 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 5 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 6 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 |

27. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 33.3 | 50 | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 66.7 | - | 33.7 |
| CO 2 | 33.3 | 30 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33.7 | - | 33.7 |
| CO 3 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | 18 | 100 | - | - | - | 25 | - | - | - | 33.7 | - | 66.7 |
| CO 4 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | 18 | 100 | - | - | - | 25 | - | - | - | 66.7 | - | 33.7 |
| CO 5 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | 18 | 100 | - | - | - | 16 | - | 16 | 16 | 33.7 | - | 66.7 |
| CO 6 | 66.7 | 20 | 30 | 18 | 100 | - | - | - | 25 | - | 16 | 25 | 33.7 | - | 33.7 |

28. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ – Moderate

1-3 - $C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| CO 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 |
| CO 5 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 |
| CO 6 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | 1 | - | 1 |
| TOTAL | 10 | 13 | 14 | 8 | 5 | - | - | - | 11 | - | 4 | 5 | 9 | - | 8 |
| AVERAGE | 1.66 | 2.16 | 2.33 | 1.33 | 0.83 | - | - | - | 1.83 | - | 0.66 | 0.83 | 1.5 | - | 1.33 |

29. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |









30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:







| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31.RELEVANCE TO SUSTAINABILITY GOALS

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 1 |  | |
| 2 |  | |
| 3 |  | |

| | | |
|----|---|--|
| 4 |  | Quality Education: The students can gain a deeper understanding of how technology can be harnessed to address global challenges. This promotes quality education by fostering critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of sustainable development. |
| 5 |  | |
| 6 |  | |
| 7 |  | |
| 8 |  | |
| 9 |  | Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure: Operating Systems Lab implement with Python programming skills are essential for developing innovative software solutions. Students working on projects related to sustainable development can contribute to building resilient infrastructure and promoting inclusive and sustainable industrialization. |
| 10 |  | |
| 11 |  | Sustainable Cities and Communities: Operating Systems Lab implement with Python programming plays a crucial role in developing applications for smart cities, efficient transportation, and waste management systems. Through projects in the lab, students can explore ways to create more sustainable urban environments. |

| | | |
|----|---|---|
| 12 |  | |
| 13 |  | Climate Action: Students can create climate-related applications, such as carbon footprint calculators or climate data analysis tools, using python programming. This directly contributes to SDG 13 by raising awareness and facilitating climate action. |
| 14 |  | |
| 15 |  | |
| 16 |  | |
| 17 |  | Partnerships for the Goals: Collaborative projects can foster partnerships among students, educators, and local communities. These partnerships enhance knowledge sharing and the development of innovative solutions that align with multiple SDGs. |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator
Ms.S.Yamini, Assistant Professor

HOD, CSE (AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE TEMPLATE

| | | | | | |
|----|-------------------------|--|-------------|--|---------------|
| 1 | Department | CSE (AI & ML) | | | |
| 2 | Course Title | PROGRAMMING WITH OBJECTS LABORATORY | | | |
| 3 | Course Code | AITD02 | | | |
| 4 | Program | B.Tech | | | |
| 5 | Semester | III Semester | | | |
| 6 | Regulation | BT-23 | | | |
| 7 | Structure of the course | Practical | | | |
| | | Tutorial Hours 1 | | Practical Hours 2 | |
| 8 | Course Offered | Odd Semester <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | | Even Semester <input type="checkbox"/> | |
| 9 | Course Coordinator | Dr. C V Rama Padmaja | | | |
| 10 | Date Approved by BOS | 23/08/2023 | | | |
| 11 | Course Webpage | www.iare.ac.in/—/— | | | |
| 12 | Course Prerequisites | Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites |
| | | - | - | - | - |
| | | - | - | - | - |

13. COURSE OVERVIEW

This course explores the essentials of C# and .NET, highlighting foundational programming techniques, object-oriented design, and advanced features like exception handling, concurrency, data manipulation, and file management. Developers use C#, a versatile .NET language, to efficiently build applications for desktops, servers, web, mobile, and IoT, streamlining the entire software development process. This lab course equips students with core C# skills and practical experience in real-world scenarios, preparing them for success in software development.

14. COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will try to learn:

| | |
|-----|--|
| I | Introduce students to C# syntax and object-oriented programming to enable them to design robust and reusable code. |
| II | Enable students to effectively manage and manipulate data using collections, generics, and LINQ. |
| III | Prepare students to enhance application performance and responsiveness using multithreading and asynchronous programming techniques. |

15. COURSE OUTCOMES








After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

| | | |
|------|--|-----------|
| CO 1 | Develop core programming skills in C# for basic application development. | Develop |
| CO 2 | Design and implement functions to enhance code modularity and reusability. | Design |
| CO 3 | Utilize advanced techniques for pattern matching and integrating external services. | Utilize |
| CO 4 | Apply principles of object-oriented design to create structured and scalable applications. | Apply |
| CO 5 | Implement robust error handling and manage file operations effectively. | Implement |
| CO 6 | Build and manage concurrent processes to improve application performance. | Build |

16. EMPLOYABILITY SKILLS

| |
|---|
| 1. Technical Proficiency: Develop strong coding skills in C#, enabling students to write clean, efficient, and maintainable code that meets industry standards. |
| 2. Problem-Solving Abilities: Enhance analytical and logical thinking skills to effectively tackle complex programming challenges and develop innovative solutions. |
| 3. Collaboration and Teamwork: Work collaboratively on projects and assignments, fostering communication and teamwork skills essential for software development teams. |

17. CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES

| | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|
| ✓ |  Day to Day lab evaluation | ✓ |  Demo Video | ✓ |  Expected Viva Voce questions | ✓ |  Open Ended Experiments |
| X |  Competitions | X |  hackathons | ✓ |  Certifications | ✓ | Probing Further Questions |

18. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 40 marks for internal assessment and 60 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 40 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for The remaining 10 marks are for Laboratory Report/Project and Presentation, which consists of the Design (or) Software / Hardware Model Presentation (or) App Development (or) Prototype Presentation submission which shall be evaluated after completion of laboratory course and before semester end practical examination.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 40 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day-to-day performance including viva voce, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment and remaining 10 marks for Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation.

Table 3: CIA marks distribution

| Component | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Type of Assessment | Day to Day performance and viva voce examination | Final internal lab assessment | Laboratory Report / Project and Presentation | Total Marks |
| CIA marks | 20 | 10 | 10 | 40 |

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

Table 4: Experiment based

| Objective | Analysis | Design | Conclusion | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | | 20 |

Table 5: Programming based

| Objective | Analysis | Program | Results | Viva voce | Total |
|-----------|----------|---------|---------|-----------|-------|
| 4 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 20 |

Semester End Examination:

The Semester End Examination shall be conducted with an external examiner and the laboratory teacher. The external examiner shall be appointed from the other colleges which will be decided by the Head of the institution.

In the Semester End Examination held for 3 hours, total 60 marks are divided and allocated as shown below:

1. 10 marks for write-up
2. 15 for experiment/program
3. 15 for evaluation of results
4. 10 marks for presentation on another experiment/program in the same laboratory course and
5. 10 marks for viva-voce on concerned laboratory course.

19. COURSE CONTENT

| | |
|------|---|
| CO 1 | Develop core programming skills in C# for basic application development. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Getting Started Exercises2. Arrays |
| CO 2 | Design and implement functions to enhance code modularity and reusability. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Functions and Function Overloading |
| CO 3 | Utilize advanced techniques for pattern matching and integrating external services. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. String Manipulations2. Motley Coding Tasks3. Foundations of LINQ and Generic Types4. Advanced Methods and Collections |
| CO 4 | Apply principles of object-oriented design to create structured and scalable applications. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Classes & Objects2. Inheritance3. Polymorphism, Abstract Classes and Interfaces |
| CO 5 | Implement robust error handling and manage file operations effectively. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Exception Handling2. File Handling |
| CO 6 | Create and manage concurrent processes to improve application performance. |
| | <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Explore Threads |

Note: One Course Outcome may be mapped to multiple number of experiments.

Text Books

1. Troelsen, A., & Japikse. “*Pro C# 10 with .NET 6: Foundational Principles and Practices in Programming Eleventh Edition*”, Apress, Eleventh edition, 2022.
2. Jon Skeet ” *C# in Depth*” Fourth Edition, Manning, 2019.

Reference Books

1. Andrew Stellman, Jennifer Greene. " *Head First C#: A Learner's Guide to Real-World Programming with C# and .NET* ", O'Reilly Media, 5th Edition, 2024.
2. Ian Griffiths. " *Programming C# 10: Build Cloud, Web, and Desktop Applications*", O'Reilly Media, First Edition, 2022.
3. Mark J Price. " *C# 12 and .NET 8 – Modern Cross-Platform Development Fundamentals*", Packt Publishing, 8th edition, 2023.

Materials Online

1. <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/csharp>
2. <https://www.codecademy.com/learn/learn-c-sharp>
3. <https://www.pluralsight.com/paths/c-10>
4. <https://www.c-sharpcorner.com/>
5. https://www.dotnetperls.com/category_c

20. COURSE PLAN

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| S.No | Topics to be covered | CO's |
|------|---|------|
| 1 | Getting Started Exercises | CO 1 |
| 2 | Arrays | CO 1 |
| 3 | String Manipulations | CO 3 |
| 4 | Functions and Function Overloading | CO 2 |
| 5 | Motley Coding Tasks | CO 3 |
| 6 | Classes & Objects | CO 4 |
| 7 | Inheritance | CO 4 |
| 8 | Polymorphism, Abstract Classes and Interfaces | CO 4 |
| 9 | Exception Handling | CO 5 |
| 10 | File Handling | CO 5 |
| 11 | Foundations of LINQ and Generic Types | CO 3 |
| 12 | Advanced Methods and Collections | CO 3 |
| 13 | Explore Threads | CO 6 |
| 14 | Mini Projects | CO 6 |

Experiments for enhanced learning (EEL):

| S.No | Design Oriented Experiments |
|------|--|
| 1. | Given a series of strings, restructure them so that they are listed as one would find them in a library catalog. Display the strings in this orderly fashion, treating letters with no distinction between cases. |
| 2. | You are given a collection of product reviews with ratings. Filter out and display only those reviews that have a rating of 4 stars or higher. Present these reviews in a manner that highlights their rating. |
| 3. | You have a list of customer orders with various amounts. Extract and show the orders that exceed \$100. Present these orders in a manner that highlights their total value. |
| 4. | Implement a banking application that performs transactions such as deposits and withdrawals. Handle exceptions related to insufficient funds or invalid transaction amounts, and ensure the application provides clear feedback to the user. |
| 5. | Build a real-time chat application where multiple users can send and receive messages simultaneously. Implement a system that handles concurrent message exchanges and ensures that all messages are delivered and displayed correctly. |

21. PROGRAM OUTCOMES & PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

| Program Outcomes | |
|------------------|---|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. |
| PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations |
| PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. |
| PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations |
| PO 6 | The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice. |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. |

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| PO 9 | Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. |
| PO 10 | Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. |
| PO 11 | Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments. |
| PO 12 | Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change |
| Program Specific Outcomes | |
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). |
| PSO 2 | Focus on exploring supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning and apply them to a range of AI problems. |
| PSO 3 | Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems, IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural Language Processing and emerging areas. |

22. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|------------------|--|----------|-------------------------|
| PO 1 | Engineering knowledge: Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 2 | Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 3 | Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations. | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

| | | | |
|-------|---|---|-----------------------|
| PO 4 | Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 5 | Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations. | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 7 | Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development. | 2 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 8 | Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |
| PO 12 | Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. | 3 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

23. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

| Program Specific Outcomes | | Strength | Proficiency Assessed by |
|---------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------|
| PSO 1 | Build skills to develop software applications in specialized areas of Computer Science and Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Science, Web Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality / Virtual Reality (AR/VR). | 1 | LAB PRO-GRAMS/CIE/SEE |

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

24. MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 2 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 3 | ✓ | - | - | ✓ | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 4 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

| COURSE OUTCOME | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 6 | ✓ | - | ✓ | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

25. JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO / PSO MAPPING - DIRECT:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|--------------------|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| CO 1 | PO 1 | Engineering Knowledge: Core programming skills involve applying fundamental programming principles and knowledge, which supports solving complex engineering problems. | 3 |
| | PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Developing core programming skills includes using modern programming tools and techniques. | 1 |
| | PO 12 | Life-long Learning: Mastery of core programming skills supports continuous learning and adaptation to technological advancements. | 8 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs: Core programming skills provide the functional knowledge to understand and analyze various computer programs and applications including algorithms and other areas of AI, ML, and NLP. | 6 |
| CO 2 | PO 1 | Engineering Knowledge: Designing and implementing functions require applying knowledge of engineering fundamentals to solve complex problems. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: This CO involves creating solutions (functions) that address specific needs, considering various factors such as safety and effectiveness. | 10 |
| | PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Implementation of functions often involves using modern programming tools and techniques. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs: Core programming skills provide the functional knowledge to understand and analyze various computer programs and applications including algorithms and other areas of AI, ML, and NLP. | 6 |
| CO 3 | PO 1 | Engineering Knowledge: Integrating advanced text and services involves applying specialized knowledge in programming to address complex problems. | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Integration tasks may involve researching and analyzing different services and technologies to ensure effective integration. | 11 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 5 | Modern Tool Usage: Utilizing tools and resources for advanced integration tasks aligns with modern tool usage. | 1 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs: Core programming skills provide the functional knowledge to understand and analyze various computer programs and applications including algorithms and other areas of AI, ML, and NLP. | 6 |
| CO 4 | PO 1 | Engineering Knowledge: Object-oriented design involves applying principles of programming and software engineering to create well-structured solutions. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: This CO focuses on designing systems or components using object-oriented principles to meet specified needs. | 10 |
| | PO 7 | Environment and Sustainability: Good object-oriented design practices contribute to sustainable software development by creating reusable and maintainable code. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs: Core programming skills provide the functional knowledge to understand and analyze various computer programs and applications including algorithms and other areas of AI, ML, and NLP. | 6 |
| CO 5 | PO 2 | Problem Analysis: Effective error handling and file management require analyzing problems and applying solutions based on established principles. | 3 |
| | PO 4 | Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: This involves understanding and solving issues related to file management and error handling through research-based methods. | 11 |
| | PO 8 | Ethics: Proper error handling ensures reliable and ethical software behavior, aligning with professional ethics and responsibilities. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs: Core programming skills provide the functional knowledge to understand and analyze various computer programs and applications including algorithms and other areas of AI, ML, and NLP. | 6 |
| CO 6 | PO 1 | Engineering Knowledge: Managing concurrency involves applying advanced programming knowledge to address complex issues related to simultaneous operations. | 3 |
| | PO 3 | Design/Development of Solutions: This CO involves designing and implementing solutions that handle multiple processes or tasks concurrently. | 10 |

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PO'S PSO'S | Justification for mapping (Students will be able to) | No. of Key Competencies |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------|
| | PO 7 | Environment and Sustainability: Efficient concurrency management helps optimize resource usage, contributing to sustainable software practices. | 3 |
| | PSO 1 | Understand, design and analyze computer programs: Core programming skills provide the functional knowledge to understand and analyze various computer programs and applications including algorithms and other areas of AI, ML, and NLP. | 6 |

26. TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | 6 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 3 | - | 10 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 3 | - | - | 11 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 3 | - | 10 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 3 | - | 11 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 3 | - | 10 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - |

27. PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|-----------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 20 | - | - | - | 33.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 100 | 16.7 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 20 | - | 33.3 | - | 33.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16.7 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 20 | - | - | 50 | 33.3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16.7 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 20 | - | 33.3 | - | - | - | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | 16.7 | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 100 | - | 50 | - | - | - | 100 | - | - | - | - | 16.7 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 20 | - | 33.3 | - | - | - | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | 16.7 | - | - |

28. COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

0 - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

1-5 $< C \leq 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

2 - $40\% < C < 60\%$ –Moderate

3 - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

| COURSE OUTCOMES | PROGRAM OUTCOMES | | | | | | | | | | | | PSO'S | | |
|--------------------|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | PO 1 | PO 2 | PO 3 | PO 4 | PO 5 | PO 6 | PO 7 | PO 8 | PO 9 | PO 10 | PO 11 | PO 12 | PSO 1 | PSO 2 | PSO 3 |
| CO 1 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | - | - |
| CO 2 | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 3 | 1 | - | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 4 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 5 | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| CO 6 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| TOTAL | 5 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | - | 4 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 6 | - | - |
| AVERAGE | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | - | - | - | 3 | 1 | - | - |

29. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:




| | | | | | |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|------------------------|---|
| CIE Exams | ✓ | SEE Exams | ✓ | Laboratory Practices | ✓ |
| Certification | - | Student Viva | ✓ | Open Ended Experiments | - |

30. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:






| | | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| x | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|

31.RELEVANCE TO SUSTAINABILITY GOALS

Write brief description about the course and how its relevance to SDGs.

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| ✓ | QUALITY EDUCATION  | Quality Education: Students can gain a deeper understanding of how technology addresses global challenges, promoting quality education by enhancing their critical thinking and problem-solving skills in the context of sustainable development. |
| X | GENDER EQUALITY  | |
| X | CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION  | |
| X | AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY  | |
| ✓ | DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH  | Skill Development for Employment: Learning C# equips students with in-demand programming skills, enhancing their employability and contributing to economic growth by preparing them for careers in the tech industry. |
| ✓ | INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE  | Fostering Innovation: Proficiency in C# enables students to develop innovative software solutions, supporting the growth of technology-driven industries and contributing to the advancement of infrastructure. |
| X | REDUCED INEQUALITIES  | |
| ✓ | SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES  | Building Smart Solutions: C# programming skills can be used to develop applications that support smart city initiatives, such as efficient public transportation systems and smart energy management, promoting more sustainable urban living. |
| X | RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION  | |

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| X |  | |
| ✓ |  | Promoting Ethical Technology Use: Learning to develop secure and reliable software helps create trustworthy digital systems, which can contribute to stronger institutions and promote justice through technology. |
| ✓ |  | Partnerships for the Goals: Collaborative projects can foster partnerships among students, educators, and local communities. These partnerships enhance knowledge sharing and the development of innovative solutions that align with multiple SDGs. |

Approved by: Board of Studies in the meeting conducted on _____.

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD