

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	LINEAI	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS				
Course Code	AHSC02	AHSC02				
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech				
Semester	Ι					
Course Type	Foundation					
Regulation	UG - 20					
		Theory		Pra	ctical	
Course Structure	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits				Credits	
	3 1 4					
Course Coordinator	Mr. P Shantan Kumar, Assistant Professor					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
10+2	-	-	Basic Principles of Algebra and Calculus

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The Linear algebra is a sub-field of mathematics concerned with vectors, matrices, and linear transforms. Calculus is the branch of mathematics which majorly deals with derivatives and integrals. Linear algebra is a key foundation to the field of machine learning. The course includes types of Matrices, Rank, methods of finding rank, Eigen values and Eigen vectors, maxima and minima of functions of several variables, solutions of higher order ordinary differential equations and Fourier series. Matrices are used in computer animations, color image processing. Eigen values are used by engineers to discover new and better designs for the future. The laws of physics are generally written down as differential equations. So, differential equations and Fourier series expansions have wide applications in various engineering and science disciplines. This course enables the students to gain basic knowledge on the mathematics which is used in modeling the real time engineering problems very often.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE	CIE	Total Marks
	Examination	Examination	
Linear Algebra and Calculus	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	PPT	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	х	Assignments	x	MOOC
√	Open Ended Experiments	х	Seminars	х	Mini Project	1	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in Table: 1.

10 %	Remember
30 %	Understand
60 %	Apply
0 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Table 1: The expected percentage of cognitive level of questions in SEE.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
OIA	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70
	Total Marks		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving	
40%	40%	20%	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

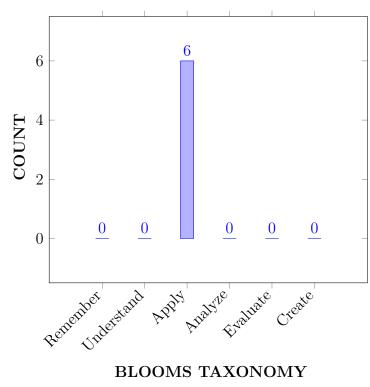
Ι	The principles of Eigen value analysis and linear transformations, Matrix rank finding methods.
II	The calculus of functions of several variables and the concept of maxima-minima for a three-dimensional surface.
III	The analytical methods for solving higher order differential equations with constant coefficients.
IV	Fourier series expansions in standard intervals as well as arbitrary intervals.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Compute the rank and inverse of real and complex matrices with elementary transformation methods.	Apply
CO 2	Use the Eigen values, Eigen vectors for developing modal and Spectral matrices from the given matrix	Apply
CO 3	Make use of Cayley Hamilton theorem for finding positive and negative powers of the matrix.	Apply
CO 4	Utilize the mean-value theorems and partial derivatives in estimating the extreme values for functions of several variables	Apply
CO 5	Solve the Second and higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients by using substitution and method of variation of parameters	Apply
CO 6	Apply the Fourier Series expansion of periodic, even and odd functions in analyzing the square wave, sine wave rectifiers.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

	Program Outcomes			
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and			
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.			
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a			
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.			
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering			
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,			
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design			
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear			
	instructions.			
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and			
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these			
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects			
	and in multidisciplinary environments.			
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation			
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest			
	context of technological change			

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	-	-
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research & Entrepreneurs.	-	-

PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	-	-
	information technology in creating innovative		
	career paths in exhibiting Professionalism,		
	Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES]	PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO - (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Explain the role of rank and inverse of real and complex matrices in solving complex engineering problems by using elementary transformation methods (principles of mathematics).	2
CO 2	PO 1	Determine the Eigen values, Eigen vectors, Spectral matrix complex engineering problems modeled by matrices with help of Characterstic Equation (principles of mathematics).	2
	PO 2	Model the problem into matrices, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply the concepts of Eigen values and Eigen vectors to develop the solution and interpret, validate the results through proper documentation	6
CO 3	PO 1	Make use of Cayley Hamilton theorem for finding positive and negative powers of the matrix and apply them in the complex engineering problems modeled by matrices (principles of mathematics).	2
CO 4	PO 1	Explain the mean–value theorems for the single variable functions and the extreme values for functions of several variables apply them in the complex engineering problems Ordinary and Partial derivatives .	2

CO 5	PO 1	Determine the solution of complex engineering problems modeled by Second and higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients by using substitution method and method of variation of parameters.	2
	PO 2	Model the problem with the help of ordinary differential equations, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply method of variation of parameters and other analytical methods to develop the solution and interpret, validate the results through proper documentation	6
CO 6	PO 1	Build the Fourier series expansion for the complex engineering problems modeled by given periodic, even and odd functions in various intervals with the help of Fourier coefficients formulae (principles of mathematics).	2
	PO 2	Model the problem with the help of suitable periodic functions, prepare precise statement of the problem and apply Fourier series expansions to develop the solution and interpret , validate the results through proper documentation	6

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

COURSE	Pro	gran	n Ou	tcon	nes/P	No.of	Key	Cor	npet	encie	es M	atched]	PSO'S	5
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	67	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	67	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	67	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - 0% \leq C \leq 5% – No correlation

 $1 - 5\% \leq C \leq 40\% - Low/$ Slight

2 - 40 % < C < 60% –Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	18	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVERAGE	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	~	SEE Exams	✓	Assign- ments	-	Seminars	-
Labora- tory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Mini Project	-	Certifica- tion	-
Term Paper	-	Tech - talk	\checkmark	Concept Video	PO 1, PO 2	_	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

x	Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	THEORY OF MATRICES
	Real matrices: Symmetric, Skew-Symmetric and Orthogonal matrices; Complex matrices: Hermitian, Skew- Hermitian and Unitary matrices; Elementary row and column transformations, finding rank of a matrix by reducing to Echelon form and Normal form; Finding the inverse of a matrix using Gauss-Jordan method
MODULE II	LINEAR TRANSFORMATIONS

	Cayley-Hamilton theorem: Statement, verification, finding inverse and powers of a matrix; Linear dependence and independence of vectors; Linear transformation; Eigen values and Eigen vectors of a matrix; Diagonalization of matrix.
MODULE III	FUNCTIONS OF SINGLE AND SEVERAL VARIABLES
	Mean value theorems: Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's theorem, Cauchy's theorem-without proof; Functions of several variables: Partial differentiation, Jacobian, functional dependence, maxima and minima of functions with two variables and three variables. Method of Lagrange multipliers.
MODULE IV	HIGHER ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS
	Linear differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients. Non-homogeneous term of the type $f(x) = e^{ax}$, sinax, cosax, x^n , $e^{ax}v(x)$ and Method of variation of parameters.
MODULE V	FOURIER SERIES
	Fourier expansion of periodic function in a given interval of length 2π ; Fourier series of even and odd functions; Fourier series in an arbitrary interval;

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36th Edition, 2010
- 2. N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal, A text book of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2008.
- 3. Ramana B.V., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Tata McGraw Hill New Delhi, 11th Reprint 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9^{th} Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2006.
- 2. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- 3. D. Poole, Linear Algebra: A Modern Introduction, 2^{nd} Edition, Brooks/Cole, 2005.

WEB REFERENCES:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/108/111108157/

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. lms.iare.ac.in

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Refer- ence
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Outcome based education	-	-
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY))	
2	Theory of Matrices: Types of Real Matrices	CO 1	T2:32.1 R1:4.1
3	Real Matrices: Symmetric, Skew-Symmetric Matrices	CO 1	T2:32.1 R1:4.2
4	Real Matrices: Orthogonal Matrices	CO 1	T2:32.1 R1:4.3
5	Complex Matrices: Hermitian, Skew- Hermitian	CO 1	T2:32.1 R1:4.3
6	Complex Matrices: Unitary Matrices	CO 1	T2:32.5 R1:4.6
7	Elementary Operations: Elementary Row and Column Transformations	CO 1	T2:32.5 R1:4.6
8	Rank of a Matrix by Echelon Form	CO 1	T2:32.4 R1:4.5
9	Rank of a Matrix by Normal Form	CO 1	T2:32.7 R1:4.8
10	Inverse of a Matrix by Gauss-Jordan Method	CO 1	T2-7.1 R1:7.4
11	Eigen Values of a Matrix	CO 2	T2-7.1 R1:7.4
12	Eigen Vectors of a Matrix	CO 2	T2-7.1 R1:7.4
13	Diagonalization of Matrix by Linear Transformation.	CO 2	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
14	Cayley-Hamilton Theorem- Statement, Verification	CO 3	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
15	Applications of Cayley – Hamilton: Finding Inverse and Powers of a Matrix	CO 3	T3-2.9 R1:2.1
16	Linear Dependence and Independence of Vectors	CO 2	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
17	Mean Value Theorems:1: Rolle's Theorem	CO 4	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
18	Mean Value Theorems:2: Lagrange's Theorem	CO 4	T3-2.5 R1:2.8

19	Mean Value Theorems:3: Cauchy's Theorem	CO 4	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
20	Functions of Several Variables: Partial Differentiation	CO 4	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
21	Jacobian Transformations	CO 4	T3-2.61 R1:2.10
22	Functional Dependence	CO 4	T1-7.1 R2:7.5
23	Maxima and Minima of Functions with Two Variables	CO 4	T3-2.61 R1:2.10
24	Maxima and Minima of Functions with Three Variables	CO 4	T1-7.1 R2:7.6
25	Application Method of Lagrange Multipliers	CO 4	T1-7.1 R2:7.7
26	Method of Lagrange Multipliers	CO 4	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
27	Linear Differential Equations of Second and Higher Order with Constant Coefficients	CO 5	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
28	Linear Differential Equations of Second and Higher Order with Constant Coefficients	CO 5	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
29	Non-Homogeneous term of the type $F(X) = e^{ax}$	CO 5	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
30	Non-Homogeneous term of the type $F(X) = Sinax$, Cosax	CO 5	T2-7.1 R1:7.4
31	Non-Homogeneous term of the type $F(X) = X^n$	CO 5	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
32	Non-Homogeneous term of the type $F(X) = e^{ax}v(X)$	CO 5	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
33	Method of Variation of Parameters	CO 5	T3-2.9 R1:2.1
34	Fourier Expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length 2π	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
35	Fourier Expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi,\pi)$	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
36	Fourier Series of Even Functions in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi,\pi)$	CO 6	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
37	Fourier Series of Odd Functions in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi,\pi)$	CO 6	T3-2.9 R1:2.1
38	Fourier Series in an Arbitrary Interval (0,21)	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
39	Fourier Series in an Arbitrary Interval (-l,l)	CO 6	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
40	Half- Range Fourier Sine Expansions in a Given Interval of Length $(0,\pi)$	CO 6	T3-2.9 R1:2.1

41	Half- Range Fourier Cosine Expansions in a Given Interval of Length $(0,\pi)$	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUD	IES	101.2.0
42	Rank of the Matrix by Echelon and Normal Form	CO 1	T2:32.1 R1:4.2
43	Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors of The Matrix	CO 2	T2:32.1 R1:4.3
44	Finding Powers of the Matrix by Cayley Hamilton Theorem	CO 3	T2:32.1 R1:4.3
45	Finding Spectral Matrix by Linear Transformation.	CO 2	T2-7.1 R1:7.4
46	Jacobian Transformation in Cartesian and Polar Forms	CO 4	T2-7.1 R1:7.4
47	Finding Functional Relationship.	CO 4	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
48	Finding Critical Points.	CO 4	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
49	Solving Non-Homogeneous Differential Equations.	CO 5	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
50	Solving Second Order Non-Homogeneous Differential Equations by Method of Variation of Parameters.	CO 5	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
51	Finding Fourier Series	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
52	Fourier Expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length 2π	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
53	Fourier Expansion of Periodic Function in a Given Interval of Length $(-\pi,\pi)$	CO 6	T3-2.61 R1:2.10
54	Fourier Series in An Arbitrary Interval (-l,l)	CO 6	T2:7.1 R1:7.4
55	Finding Fourier Sine Series in Interval (0,1)	CO 6	T3-2.9 R1:2.1
56	Finding Fourier Cosine Series in Interval (0,1)	CO 6	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERM	INOLOGY	
57	Real, Complex Matrices and Rank of a Matrix	CO 1	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
58	Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors, Diagonalization	CO 2,C0 3	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
59	Mean Value Theorems, Jacobian Transformations, Functionally Dependent and Independent	CO 4	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
60	Higher Order Differential Equations	CO 5	T3-2.5 R1:2.8
61	Fourier Series (Even, Odd, Neither Functions)	CO 6	T3-2.61 R1:2.10

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK				
62	Theory of Matrices	CO 1	T2:7.1		
			R1:7.4		
63	Linear Transformations	CO 2,C0 3	T3-2.9		
			R1:2.1		
64	Functions of Several Variables	CO 4	T3-2.5		
			R1:2.8		
65	Higher Order Differential Equations	CO 5	T2:32.1		
			R1:4.3		
66	Fourier Series.	CO 6	T2-7.1		
			R1:7.4		

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr. P Shantan Kumar, Assistant Professor

HOD, CSIT



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Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	CHEMISTRY	-			
Course Code	AHSC06				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	Ι	Computer Sc	ience and Info	rmation Techno	ology
Course Type	FOUNDATION				
Regulation	IARE - UG20				
	Theory		Prac	tical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	2	-	2	-	-
Course Coordinator	Dr V N S R Venkateswararao, Associate Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level Course Code		Semester	Prerequisites
10+2	-	Basic Principles of chemistry	

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course discusses elements and compounds and their applied industrial applications. It deals with topics such as batteries, corrosion and control of metallic materials, water and its treatment for different purposes, engineering materials such as plastics, elastomers and biodegradable polymers, their preparation, properties and applications, energy sources and environmental science. Sustainable chemistry that focuses on the design of the products and processes that minimize or eliminate the use and generation of hazardous substances is also included.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Chemistry	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	PPT	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOCs
x	Open Ended Experiments	х	Seminars	x	Mini Project	~	Videos
x	Others				·		

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CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70
	100		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

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VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

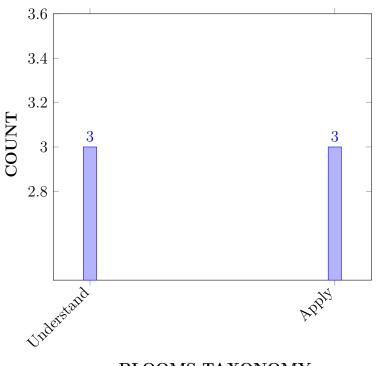
The students will try to learn:

Ι	The concepts of electrochemical principles and causes of corrosion in the new development and breakthroughs efficiently in engineering and technology.
II	The different parameters to remove causes of hardness of water and their reactions towards the complexometric method.
III	The polymerization reactions with respect to mechanisms and its significance in industrial applications.
IV	The significance of green chemistry to reduce pollution in environment by using natural resources.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Explain the electrochemical principles, corrosion process in metals for protection of different metals from corrosion	Understand
CO 2	Utilize electrochemical cell parameters, electrochemical active surface area, current and over potential under given condition for calculating the electromotive force and electrode potential.	Apply
CO 3	Identify the hardness of water by different treatment methods for finding the hardness causing salts in water.	Apply
CO 4	Compare different types of polymerization reactions, mechanism of lubrication for utilizing in industries.	Understand
CO 5	Make use of green synthesis methods, different types of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels in terms of calorific value for utilizing in industries and automobiles.	Apply
CO 6	Outline the different types of natural resources and their applicability for understanding the effect of pollutants on air, water and soil that cause the environmental pollution.	Understand



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

	Program Outcomes
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear
	instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects
	and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest
	context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
			Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	1	CIE/SEE/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 7	Environment and sustainability:	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
	understand the impact of the professional		
	engineering solutions in societal and		
	Environmental contexts, and demonstrate the		
	knowledge of, and need for sustainable		
	development		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	_	-
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research	Entrepreneu	rs
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO											PSO	PSO	PSO		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 1	<		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO - (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes (COs)	POs / PSOs	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of key compe- tencies
CO 1	PO 1	Explain the operation of electrochemical systems in batteries, corrosion process in metals for protecting the metals from corrosion by using principles of science for solving engineering problems .	2

			2
CO 2	PO 1	Choose different electrodes for finding pH of unknown solutions by applying mathematical expressions of cell potential by using principles of science and mathematics for solving engineering problems	3
	PO 2	Identify the problem formulation and abstraction for calculating electrode potential under non standard conditions by applying Nernst equation from the provided information .	2
CO 3	PO 1	Explain different treatment methods to produce soft water from raw water for solving engineering problems by applying the principles of science.	2
	PO 2	Identify the problem and formulate for finding the hardness of water in terms of CaCO3 equivalents with given information and data by applying principles of science .	2
CO 4	PO 1	Illustrate different types of polymerization reactions for synthesizing polymers from monomers, different types of lubricants to reduce friction in machines working under various temperature conditions by using principles of science for solving engineering problems	2
CO 5	PO 1	Explain the importance of green synthesis to minimize the generation of hazardous substances, different types of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels with their characteristics and calorific value by applying mathematical expressions for finding calorific value using principles of science and mathematics for solving engineering problems.	3
	PO 2	Identify the given problem and formulate for finding the calorific value of fuel with the given information and data by applying principles of science.	2
	PO 7	Make use of gaseous fuels like LPG, CNG to reduce the pollutants in atmosphere and know the impact in socio economic and environmental contexts for sustainable development.	2
CO 6	PO 1	Explain the concept of living and non living resources and the utility of these resources, effect of pollutants on air, water and soil that causes the environmental pollution for solving engineering problems by applying the principles of science	2
	PO 7	Make use of renewable and non renewable resources, control measures for air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution and noise pollution in socio economic an environmental contexts for sustainable development.	2

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO													PSO		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 5	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 6	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3			
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	2	2	2			
CO 1	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 2	100	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 3	66.6	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 4	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 5	100	20	-	-	-	-	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 6	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- 1-5 <C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ 60% \leq C < 100% Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 5	3	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	18	3	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
AVERAGE	3	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	PO1,PO2,PO7	SEE Exams	PO1,PO2,PO7	Seminars	PO1,PO2,PO7
Laboratory	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Practices					
Term Paper	PO1,PO2,PO7	5 Minutes	PO1,PO2,PO7	Open	PO1,PO2,PO7
		Video		Ended Ex-	
				periments	
Assignments	PO1,PO2,PO7				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

X	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback			
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts					

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND BATTERIES
	Electro chemical cells: Electrode potential, standard electrode potential, Calomel electrode and Nernstequation; Electrochemical series and its applications; Numerical problems; Batteries: Primary (Dry cell) and secondary batteries (Lead-acid storage battery, Li-ion battery). Corrosion: Causes and effects of corrosion: Theories of chemical and electrochemical corrosion, mechanism of electrochemical corrosion; Corrosion control methods: Cathodic protection, sacrificial anode and impressed current Cathodic protection; Surface coatings: Metallic coatings- Methods of coating- Hot dipping- galvanization and tinning, electroplating
MODULE II	WATER TECHNOLOGY
	Introduction: Hardness of water, causes of hardness; types of hardness: temporary and permanent hardness, expression and units of hardness; estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method; potable water and its specifications, Steps involved in the treatment of water, disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization; External treatment of water; Ion-exchange process; Desalination of water: Reverse osmosis, numerical problems
MODULE III	ENGINEERING MATERIALS
	Polymers-classification with examples, polymerization-addition, condensation and co-polymerization; Plastics: Thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics; Compounding of plastics; Preparation, properties and applications of polyvinyl chloride, Teflon, Bakelite and Nylon-6, 6; Biodegradable polymers. Elastomers: Natural rubber, processing of natural rubber, vulcanization; Buna-s and Thiokol rubber; Lubricants: characteristics of lubricants, mechanism of lubrication – thick film, thin film, extreme pressure lubrication, properties – flash and fire point, cloud and pour point, viscosity and oiliness of lubricants.

MODULE IV	GREEN CHEMISTRY AND FUELS
	Introduction: Definition of green chemistry, methods of green synthesis: aqueous phase, microwave method, phase transfer catalyst and ultra sound method. Fuels: definition, classification of fuels; Solid fuels: coal; analysis of coal: proximate and ultimate analysis; Liquid fuels: Petroleum and its refining; Gaseous fuels: Composition, characteristics and applications of LPG and CNG; Calorific value: Gross Calorific value(GCV) and Net Calorific value(NCV), numerical problems.
MODULE V	NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION
	Natural resources: Classification of resources, living and nonliving resources; Water resources: Use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, dams, benefits and problems; Land resources; Energy resources: renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy source. Environmental pollution: Causes, effects and control measures of air pollution, water pollution, soil pollution and noise pollution.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. P. C. Jain and Monica Jain, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, 16th Edition, 2017.
- 2. Shashi Chawla, "Engineering Chemistry", Dhanat Rai and Company, 2011, 1st Edition.
- 3. Prashanth rath, B.Rama Devi, Ch.Venkata Ramana Reddy, Subhendu Chakroborty, Cengage Learning Publishers, 1st Edition, 2018
- 4. Anubha Kaushik, C.P.Kaushik, "Environmental Studies" New Age International publishers, 4th Edition, 2015.
- 5. Dr B.N.Srinivas, P.Kishore, K.Subba Rao "Engineering Chemistry" University Science Press,2015,1st Edition.

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- 1. 1. Dr.Bharathi Kumari, "A text book of Engineering Chemistry", VGS Book Links, 8th Edition,2016.
- 2. 2. B. Siva Shankar, "Engineering Chemistry", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Limited, 3rd Edition, 2015.
- 3. 3. S. S. Dara, Mukkanti, "Text of Engineering Chemistry", S. Chand Co, New Delhi, 12thEdition, 2006.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference						
	OBE DISCUSSION								
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO - PO Mapping	-	W1						
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)								
1	Outcome Based Education.								

2	Recall the concept of electro chemical cells.	CO 1	T1:6.1,R1: 2.6
3	Explain the electrode potential, standard electrode potential, electrochemical series and its applications.	CO 2	T1:6.2,R1: 2.9
4	Derive Nernst equation , numerical problems on cell potential.	CO 2	T1:6.5,R1: 2.6.3
5	Demonstate about calomel electrode. Batteries: primary (dry cell).	CO 1	T1: 6.7, R1:2.12
6	Explain the secondary batteries (Lead-acid storage battery), Li-ion battery.	CO 1	T1:6.12,R1: 2.12
7	Recognize the causes and effects of corrosion, chemical corrosion.	CO 1	T1:7.1, R1:2.14
8	Explain the electrochemical corrosion, mechanism of electrochemical corrosion.	CO 1	T1:7.2, R1:2.17
9	Explain about cathodic protection, sacrificial anode and impressed current.	CO 1	T1:7.14, R1:2.20
10	Apply metallic coatings, methods of coatings, hot dipping, galvanizing , tinning and electroplating.	CO 1	T1:7.14,R1: 2.22
11	Recall the hardness of water, causes of hardness.	CO 3	T1:1.3,R1: 1.4
12	Explain the types of hardness, temporary and permanent, units of hardness.	CO 3	T1:1.3,1.5,
13	Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method,	CO 3	T1:1.5,R1: 1.6.2
14	Estimation of hardness of water by complexometric method.	CO 3	T1:1.14,R1: 1.6.4
15	Define potable water and its specifications, steps involved in treatment of water, disinfection of water by chlorination and ozonization.	CO 3	T1:1.12,R1: 1.6.5
16	Explain about external treatment of water; ion-exchange process.	CO 3	T1:1.11, R1:1.8.1
17	Explain about desalination of water: reverse osmosis.	CO 3	T1:1.13, R1:1.10
18	Recall polymers-classification with examples and Explain about the polymerization-addition, condensation and co- polymerization	CO 4	T1: 3.5,R1: 3.1
19	Explain the concept of compounding of plastics.	CO 4	T1:1.4, R1: 3.1.4
20	Expalin the preparation, properties and applications of polyvinyl chloride, teflon.	CO 4	T1:3.5,R1: 3.2
21	Explain the bakelite and nylon-6, 6.	CO 4	T1: 3.12,R1: 3.2.2
22	Define biodegradable polymers, synthetic biodegradable polymers.	CO 4	T1:3.14,R1: 3.2.3
23	Explain rubbers, natural rubber its process and vulcanization, Buna-s and thiokol rubber.	CO 4	T1: 3.15, R1:3.2.3
24	Elastomers: Synthetic rubbers, Buna-s and thiokol rubber.	CO 4	T1: 3.22, R1:3,3.4

25	Lubricants: characteristics of lubricants, mechanism of lubrication – thick film, thin film, extreme pressure lubrication.	CO 4	T1: 3.24,R1: 3.5
26	Properties–flash and fire point, cloud and pour point, viscosity and oiliness of lubricants.	CO 4	T1: 3.25,R1: 3.7
27	Definition and importance of green chemistry, methods of green synthesis: aqueous phase method.	CO 5	T5:6.8, T2:1.1
28	Explain the microwave method and phase transfer catalyst.	CO 5	T5: 6.8.3,T2: 8.1
29	Explain the ultra sound method.	CO 5	T5: 6.8.3, T2:9.2
30	Define fuels, classification of fuels and characteristics of a good fuels.	CO 5	T1:4.2, R1:6.2.1
31	Explain solid fuels, coal, Analysis of coal, proximate and ultimate analysis.	CO 5	T1:4.4.1, R1:7.1
32	Explain liquid fuels, petroleum and its refining.	CO 5	T1:4.5.2, R1:15.2
33	Explain the gaseous fuels, Composition, characteristics and applications of LPG and CNG.	CO 5	T1:4.6, R1:9.2
34	Apply the concept of calorific value, gross calorific value (GCV) and Net calorific value(NCV) to find calorific value of fuel, numerical problems.	CO 5	T1:4.8, R1:5.2
35	Recall natural resources: classification of resources, living and nonliving resources.	CO 6	T4:2.1
36			T4:2.2
37	Define energy resources, renewable and non-renewable energy sources.	CO 6	T4:2.3
38	Explain the alternate energy sources, land resources	CO 6	T4:2.5,5.2
39	Define environmental pollution, causes, effects and control of air pollution.	CO 6	T4: 4.2
40	Explain the causes, effects and control of water pollution.	CO 6	T4: 4.6
41	Explain the causes, effects and control of soil pollution and noise pollution.	CO 6	T4:4.12
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE ST	UDIES	
42	Problems on EMF of voltaic cell	CO 2	T1:6.2,R1: 2.9
43	Problems on EMF of a cell	CO 2	T1:6.5,R1: 2.6.3
44	Problems on electrode potential of the half cell by using Nernst equation	CO 2	T1:6.2,R1: 2.9
45			T1:6.5,R1: 2.6.3
46	Problems on temporary and permanent hardness in Degree French.	CO 3	T1:1.5, R1: 1.6.2
47	Problems on temporary, permanent and total hardness in ppm	CO 3	T1:1.14,R1: 1.6.4
48	Problems on the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water in Degree Clark.	CO 3	T1:1.5,R1: 1.6.2

49	Problems on the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water in Mg/L.	CO 3	T1:1.14,R1: 1.6.4
50	Problems on the total hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method.	CO 3	T1:1.5,R1: 1.6.2
51	Problems on the permanent hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method.	CO 3	T1:1.14,R1: 1.6.4
52	Problems on the temporary hardness in terms of calcium carbonate equivalents by using EDTA method.	CO 3	T1:1.5,R1: 1.6.2
53	Problems on the higher and lower calorific values of the fuel.	CO 5	T1:4.8, R1:5.2
54	Problems on the gross and net calorific values of the fuel.	CO 5	T1:4.8, R1:5.2
55	Problems on HCV and LCV	CO 5	T1:4.8, R1:5.2
56	Problems on GCV and NCV	CO 5	T1:4.8, R1:5.2
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TE	RMINO	LOGY
57	Definitions & terminology discussion on electrochemistry and corrosion	CO 1	T1:1.3,R1: 1.4
58	Definitions & terminology discussion on water technology	CO 3	T1: 3.5,R1: 3.1
59	Definitions & terminology discussion on engineering	CO 4	T1: 3.5,R1: 3.1
60	Definitions & terminology discussion on green chemistry and fuels	CO 5	T1:4.2, R1:6.2.1
61	Definitions & terminology discussion on natural resources and environmental pollution	CO 1, CO 6	T4:2.1,2.8
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION B	ANK	·
62	Question bank discussion on electrochemistry and Corrosion	CO 1	T1: 6.1, R1:2.12
63	Question bank discussion on water technology	CO 3	T1:1.3, R1: 1.4
64	Question bank discussion on engineering materials	CO 4	T1: 3.5,R1: 3.1
65	Question bank discussion on green chemistry and fuels	CO5	T1:4.2, R1:6.2.1
66	Question bank discussion on natural resources and environmental Pollution	CO 6	T4:2.1,2.8

Course Coordinator: Dr V N S R Venkateswararao,Associate Professor HOD, CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTE	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	BASIC ELE	BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING				
Course Code	AEEC01	AEEC01				
Program	rogram B.Tech					
Semester	I	I CSE/CSE(AI&ML)/CSE(CS)/CS&IT/CSE(DS)/IT				
Course Type	Foundation					
Regulation	IARE - UG20					
		Theory		Prac	tical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3	-	3	-	-	
Course Coordinator	ator Ms.T Saritha Kumari, Assistant Professor, EEE					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSC02	Ι	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The Basic Electrical Engineering enables knowledge on electrical quantities such as current, voltage, and power, energy to know the impact of technology in global and societal context. This course provides knowledge on basic DC and AC circuits used in electrical and electronic devices, highlights the importance of transformers, electrical machines in generation, transmission and distribution of electric power, identify the types of electrical machines suitable for particular applications.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Fluid Dynamics	Fluid Dynamics 70 Marks		100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
17%	Remember
50%	Understand
33%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
	Total Marks		100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

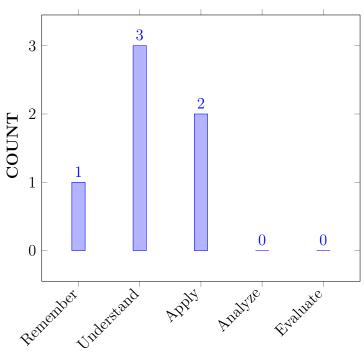
Ι	The fundamentals of electrical circuits and analysis of circuits with DC excitation using circuit laws.
II	The application of circuit laws in network theorems and graph theory to simplify complex networks.
III	The construction and working principle of DC generator, DC motor, and types of DC machines based on field excitation method.
IV	The theory of Faraday's law of mutual induction and working of single phase transformer.
V	The concept of rotating magnetic field and constructional features, principle and types of AC machines.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Solve complex electrical circuits by applying network reduction	Apply
	techniques for reducing into a simplified circuit.	
CO 2	Define basic nomenclature of single phase AC circuits for obtaining	Remember
	impedance, admittance of series and parallel circuits.	
CO 3	Make use of various network theorems and graph theory for	Apply
	simplifying complex electrical networks.	
CO 4	Demonstrate the construction, principle and working of DC machines	Understand
	for their performance analysis.	
CO 5	Illustrate working, construction and obtain the equivalent circuit of	Understand
	single phase transformers.	
CO 6	Explore electromagnetic lawsused for the construction and opertaion	Understand
	of synchronous and asynchronous machines.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

	Program Outcomes
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear
	instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects
	and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest
	context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence		
	embedded, mobile and cloud computing		
	problems.		
PO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve		, - ,
	the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research		
	Entrepreneurs.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

F	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	${ m Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry.	1	Quiz

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	>	-	-		
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Recollect the concept of electricity is described through scientific principles, importance Kirchhoff laws in relation with law of conservation of energy and charge circuits are explained using mathematics, engineering fundamentals and various source transformation techniques are adopted for solving complex circuits.	3
	PO 2	Derive standard expressions for equivalent resistances, inductances and capacitance by using series-parallel networks i.e mathematical calculations.	1
	PSO 1	Solve complex electrical circuits by applying basic circuit concepts by using computer programs.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Make use of Alternating quantity for obtaining form, peak factor concept of impedance and admittance using the knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
CO 3	PO 1	Demonstrate various network theorems in order to determine the same using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Verify various network theorems for their validation using mathematical calculations.	1
	PSO 1	Simplify complex electrical networks by applying various circuit theorems by using computer programs.	1
CO 4	PO 1	The principle of operation and characteristics of DC machines are explained by applying engineering fundamentals including device physics.	3
CO 5	PO 1	Understand how classification DC machines are done and their power flow with the knowledge of mathematics and engineering sciences.	3
	PSO 1	Develop equivalent circuit of single phase transformer referred to both sides by developing computer programs.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Understand the working of induction motors and alternators using engineering principles and mathematical equations.	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	10	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	25	-	-
CO 2	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	100	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-
CO 4	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-
CO 6	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** $-5 < C \le 40\% Low/ Slight$
- 2 40 % < C < 60% –Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	18	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
AVERAGE	3.0	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	_	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	~	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS
	Circuit concept: Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's laws, equivalent resistance of networks, Source transformation, Star to delta transformation, mesh and nodal analysis; Single phase AC circuits: Representation of alternating quantities, RMS, average, form and peak factor, concept of impedance and admittance.
MODULE II	NETWORK THEOREMS AND NETWORK TOPOLOGY
	Network Theorems: Superposition, Reciprocity, Thevenin's, Norton's, Maximum power transfer for DC excitations circuits. Network Topology: Definitions, Graph, Tree, Incidence matrix, Basic Cut Set and Basic Tie Set Matrices for planar networks.
MODULE III	DC MACHINES
	DC generators: Principle of operation, construction, EMF equation, types of DC generators. Losses and efficiency. DC motors: Principle of operation, back EMF, torque equation, types of DC motors, Losses and efficiency, numerical problems.
MODULE IV	SINGLE PHASE TRASNFORMERS
	Single Phase Transformers: Principle of operation, construction, types of transformers, EMF equation, operation of transformer under no load and on load, Phasor diagrams, equivalent circuit, efficiency, regulation and numerical problems.
MODULE V	AC MACHINES
	Three Phase Induction motor: Principle of operation, slip, slip -torque characteristics, efficiency and applications; Alternators: Introduction, principle of operation, constructional features, calculation of regulation by synchronous impedance method and numerical problems.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. A Chakrabarti, "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai Publications, 6thEdition, 2004.
- 2. K S Suresh Kumar, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Pearson Education, 1stEdition, 2013.
- 3. WillianmHayt, Jack E Kemmerly S M Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill, 7thEdition,2010.
- 4. J P J Millman, C CHalkias, SatyabrataJit, "Millmans Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, 2ndEdition,1998.

- 5. R L Boylestad, Louis Nashelsky, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", PEI / PHI, 9th Edition, 2006.
- 6. V K Mehta, Rohit Mehta, —Principles of electrical engineering, S CHAND, 1st Edition, 2003.

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- 1. David A Bell, "Electric Circuits", Oxford University Press, 9thEdition,2016.
- 2. U A Bakshi, Atul P Godse "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering" Technical Publications, 9th Edition, 2016.
- 3. A Bruce Carlson, "Circuits", Cengage Learning, 1stEdition,2008.
- 4. M Arshad, "Network Analysis and Circuits", Infinity Science Press, 9thEdition, 2016.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. http://www.igniteengineers.com
- 2. http://www.ocw.nthu.edu.tw
- 3. http://www.uotechnology.edu.iq

COURSE WEB PAGE:

 $1. \ https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=courses/computer-science-engineering-autonomous/basic -electrical-engineering$

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1							
	OBE DISCUSSION									
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO - PO Mapping	-	-							
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)									
2	Electrical Circuits: Basic definitions, Types of elements	CO 1	T1-5.2 to 5.3							
3	Ohm's Law, Kirchhoff Laws	CO 1	T1-5.4 to 5.5							
4	Series, parallel circuits	CO 2	T1-5.5 to 5.8							
5	Derivation for Star-delta and delta-star transformations	CO 2	T1-5.8 to 5.9							
6	Mesh analysis and Nodal Analysis	CO 2	T1-5.11 to 5.12							
7	Representation of alternating quantities	CO 3	T1-5.14 to 5.15							
8	RMS and Average values of an AC signal	CO 2	T1-5.16 to 5.16							

9	Form and peak factor, concept of impedance and admittance	CO 2	T1-5.16 to 5.16
10	Superposition theorem for DC excitations circuits	CO 3	T1-6.1 to 6.3
11	Reciprocity theorem for DC excitation	CO 3	T1-6.8 to 6.9
12	Thevenin's theorem for DC excitations circuits	CO 3	T1-6.2 to 6.3
13	Norton's theorem for DC excitations circuits	CO 3	T1-6.3 to 6.4
14	Maximum power transfer theorem for DC excitations circuits	CO 3	T1-11.1
15	Incidence matrix for planar networks	CO 3	T1-11.2
		000	to 11.3
16	Basic Cut Set matrix for planar networks	CO 4	T1-11.2 to 11.3
17	Basic Tie Set matrix for planar networks	CO 3	T1-11.9 to 11.10
18	Principle of operation for DC generators	CO 4	R2-7.1 to 7.2
19	Construction and EMF equation for DC generators	CO 4	R2-7.4
20	Types of DC generators	CO 4	R2-7.3
21	Principle of operation for DC motors	CO 4	R2-7.3.1
			to 7.3.2
22	Back EMF, torque equation for DC motors	CO 4	R2-7.3.3
			to 7.3.6
23	Types of DC motors	CO 4	R2-7.6
24	Losses and efficiency for DC generators, motors	CO 4	T1-13.1 to 13.3
25	Principle of operation for Single Phase Transformers	CO 5	T1-13.1 to 13.3
26	Construction and EMF equation for Single Phase	CO 5	T1-13.5
	Transformers		to 13.6
27	Types of transformers and turns ratio	CO 5	T1-13.6 to 13.7
28	Operation of transformer under no load	CO 5	T1-13.7 to 13.9
29	Operation of transformer under on load	CO 5	T1-13.8
$\frac{29}{30}$	Equivalent circuit for Transformers	CO 5	T1-13.3
			to 17.2
31	Phasor diagrams of transformer	CO 5	T1-17.3 to 17.4
32	Losses of Transformers	CO 5	T1-17.6
04		00 5	to 17.7
33	Efficiency of Transformers	CO 5	T1-13.11
34	Regulation for Transformers	CO 5	T1-13.12
35	Three Phase Induction motor: Principle of operation	CO 5	T1-13.13
36	slip, slip -torque characteristics	CO 6	T1-13.14

45	quantities Numerical Examples on Superposition theorem	CO 3	6.9
45	quantities Numerical Examples on Superposition theorem	CO 3	T1-6.2 to
46	Numerical Examples on reciprocity and maximum power	CO 3	6.3 R2-7.1 te
	transfer theorems		7.2
47	Numerical Examples on Thevenin's and Norton's theorems	CO 3	T1-13.1 to 13.3
48	Numerical Examples on Basic cut set and Tie set matrices	CO 3	T1-13.5 to 13.6
49	Numerical Examples on EMF equation and types of DC generators	CO 4	T1-13.6 to 13.7
50	Numerical Examples on torque equation of DC motor	CO 4	T1-13.1 to 13.3
51	Numerical Examples on types of DC motors	CO 4	T1-13.13
52	Numerical Examples on EMF equation and equivalent circuit of 1 phase transformer	CO 5	T1-13.16 to 13.18
53	Numerical Examples on, efficiency for Transformers	CO 5	T1-13.14
54	Numerical Examples on, regulation for Transformers	CO 5	T1-13.10 to 13.18
55	Numerical Examples on EMF of Alternators	CO 6	T1-13.19
56	Numerical Examples on regulation of Alternators	CO 6	T1-13.2
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
57	Definitions and terminology from basics of electrical circuits	CO 1	T1-5.1 t 5.3
58	Definitions on network theorems	CO 3	T1-6.1 t 6.3
59	Definitions on DC machines	CO 4	R2-7.1 t 7.2
60	Definitions on single phase transformers	CO 5	T1-13.1
61	Definitions on AC machines	CO 6	to 13.3 T1-13.11
01	Demittions on AC machines DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK	000	11-13.1.

63	Questions from network theorems	CO 3	T1-6.1 to 6.3
64	Questions from DC machines	CO 4	R2-7.1 to 7.2
65	Questions from single phase transformers	CO 5	T1-13.1 to 13.3
66	Questions from AC machines	CO 6	T1-13.11

Mrs T Saritha Kumari, Asst Professor

HOD,IT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department Computer Science And Engineering(CSIT)					
Course Title Python Programming					
Course Code	ACSC01				
Program B.Tech					
Semester	I CSE(CSIT)				
Course Type	Core	Core			
Regulation	UG-20	UG-20			
		Theory		Pract	tical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	1	4	-	-
Course Coordinator	Mr. B Dilip chakravarthy, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC01	Ι	NIL

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course introduces students to writing computer programs. This course presents the principles of structured programming using the Python language, one of the most increasingly preferred languages for programming today. Because of its ease of use, it is ideal as a first programming language and runs on both the PC and Macintosh platforms. However, the knowledge gained in the course can be applied later to other languages such as C and Java. The course uses iPython Notebook to afford a more interactive experience. Topics include fundamentals of computer programming in Python,object-oriented programming and graphical user interfaces.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Python Programming	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
33.3 %	Remember
50 %	Understand
16.66 %	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
UIA	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70
	100		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

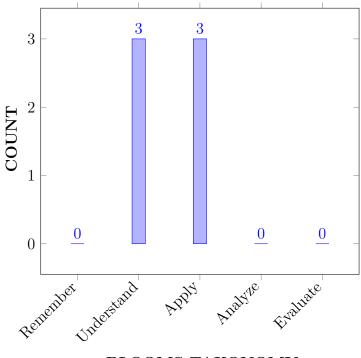
Ι	Acquire programming skills in core Python
II	Acquire Object-oriented programming skills in Python.
III	Develop the skill of designing graphical-user interfaces (GUI) in Python.
IV	Develop the ability to write database applications in Python.
V	Acquire Python programming skills to move into specific branches - Internet of Things (IoT), Data Science, Machine Learning (ML), Artificial Intelligence (AI) etc.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate the basic concepts of python programming with the	Understand
	help of data types, operators, expressions, and console input/output.	
CO 2	Make use of control statements for altering the sequential execution	Apply
	of programs in solving problems.	
CO 3	Demonstrate operations on built-in container data types (list, tuple,	Understand
	set, dictionary) and strings.	
CO 4	Illustrate operations and applications on strings with the help of built	Understand
	in functions.	
CO 5	Solve the problems by using modular programming concepts through	Apply
	functions.	
CO 6	Identify object oriented programming constructs for developing large,	Apply
	modular and reusable real-time programs.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Program Outcomes				
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.			
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.			
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations			
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.			
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations			
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.			
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.			
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.			
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.			
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.			
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.			
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change			

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE/SEE
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	CIE/SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	CIE/SEE
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	CIE/SEE
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	3	Tech Talk/Open Ended Experi- ments/Concept Vedios
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	3	CIE/SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

PSO 1	Build skills to develop software applications in	3	Tech talk
	specialized areas of Computer Science and		/Open
	Engineering such as Artificial Intelligence,		ended
	Machine Learning, Data Science, Web		experiments
	Development, Gaming, Augmented Reality /		
	Virtual Reality (AR/VR) .		
PSO 3	Make use of AI and ML techniques for industrial	3	Tech talk
	applications in the areas of Autonomous Systems,		/Open
	IOT, Cloud Computing, Robotics, Natural		ended
	Language Processing and emerging areas.		experiments

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low	

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	 Image: A start of the start of		-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<	-	\checkmark
CO 4	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	 Image: A start of the start of	-	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the basic concept of operators, precedence of operators and associativity while evaluating mathematical expressions in program statements. These concepts provide an insight into expression evaluation by applying the principles of mathematics and science.	3
CO 1	PO 5	With the help of modern engineering tools we can easily Understand the basic concept of operators, precedence of operators and associativity while evaluating mathematical expressions in program statements These concepts provide an insight into expression evaluation by applying the principles of mathematics and science.	1
CO 1	PO 10	Extend the knowledge of Python programming to communicate effectively with the Engineering community and society at large.	3
CO 1	PSO 1	Understand features of procedural as well as object-oriented programming while writing and analyzing computer programs in the areas related to Machine Learning, Big data and Artificial Intelligence	3
CO 2	PO 1	By applying the knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundameentals we can effectively use control statements.	3
CO 2	PO 2	Apply control statements in problem indentification, statement and validation .	5
CO 2	PO 3	Apply control statements to investigate and understand different complex engineering problems complex problems efficiently.	8
CO 2	PO 5	By applying control statements to model complex engineering activities	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.	
CO 2	PO 10	O 10 Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions		
CO 2	PSO 1	Apply features of procedural as well as object-oriented programming while writing and analyzing computer programs in the areas related to Machine Learning, Big data and Artificial Intelligence	3	
CO 2	PSO 3	Acquire sufficient knowledge of object-oriented concepts and apply it in real-time for building successful career and doing higher studies.	3	
CO 3	PO 1	Summarize indexing and slicing mechanisms for extracting a portion of data in a sequence using principles of mathematics, and engineering fundamentals.	3	
CO 3	PO 3	Demonstrate the importance of indexing mechanisms in sequences such as lists, strings, sets, tuple and dictionary while developing solutions for complex engineering problems and design system using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. Use creativity to develop more innovative solutions.	6	
CO 3	PO 5	Demonstarte lists, tuples and dictionaries With the usage of modern tools	1	
CO 3	PSO 1	Summarize indexing mechanisms to design and develop efficient real-time computational problems.	3	
CO 3	PSO 3	Infer sufficient knowledge of container data types and apply it in real-time for building successful career and doing higher studies.	3	
CO 4	PO 1	Demonstrate different modules/packages in Python while developing solutions using the fundamentals of mathematics, science, and engineering.	3	
CO 4	PO 3	Understand the usage of modules/packages while developing solutions for complex engineering problems and design system using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. Use creativity to develop more innovative solutions.	8	
CO 4	PO 5	Interpret different string functions by using modern tools	1	
CO 4	PO 10	Extend the focus to understand the usage of modules/packages and communicate effectively with the Engineering community and with society at large.	3	
CO 4	PO 12	Summarize string handling functions to implement in project management	7	
CO 4	PSO 1	Demonstrate different modules to understand, design and analyze computer programs in reducing time and space complexities of various applications.	3	

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 4	PSO 3	Illustrate modern computer tools in implementing string handling mechanisms for various applications to become a successful professional in the domains.	3
CO 5	P0 1	Make use of parameter passing and different types of arguments in user-defined functions to design efficiently modular programs by applying the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals.	3
CO 5	P0 2	Apply modular programming concepts for problem identification, formulation and data collection .	8
CO 5	PO 3	Select strong foundation of writing efficient modular programs using parameter passing mechanisms for career building by understanding the requirements and communicating effectively with engineering community.	7
CO 5	PO 5	Develop different functions by using modern tools	1
CO 5	PSO 1	Develop design and analyse python programming in the areas of concept of passing of parameters and arguments in functions to do modular programming.	3
CO 6	PO 1	Apply scientific principles and methodologies, Mathematical principles and other engineering disciplines for the procedural and object-oriented programming concepts used in Python.	3
CO 6	PO 2	Apply object oriented concepts in problem indentification, statement and validation .	7
CO 6	PO 3	Identify the need of object-oriented concepts while developing solutions for complex engineering problems and design system using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals. Use creativity to develop more innovative solutions	7
CO 6	PO 5	Develop object oriented principles using modern tools	1
CO 6	PO 10	Apply the knowledge of Python programming to communicate effectively with the Engineering community and society at large.	3
CO 6	PO 12	Identify the need of object oriented principles for preparation ad ability to engage in independent and lifelong learning	6
CO 6	PSO 1	Focus on writing programs using procedural and object oriented concepts for applications such as computational geometry, machine learning, Big data and AI by understanding and applying the engineering principles learning	3
CO 6	PSO 3	Acquire sufficient knowledge of object-oriented concepts and apply it in real-time for building successful career and doing higher studies.	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO - PO/ PSO MAP-**PING**:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-		3	-		3	-	-
CO 2	3	5	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3
CO 3	3		6		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
CO 4	3	-	8	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	7	3		3
CO 5	3	8	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 6	3	7	7	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	3	-	3

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	1	3	2
CO 1	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0
CO 2	100	50	80	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	100
CO 3	100	0.0	60	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	100
CO 4	100	50	80	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60	0.0	88	100	0.0	100
CO 5	100	80	70	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0
CO 6	100	80	70	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60	0.0	75	100	0.0	100

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- $1 5 < C \le 40\% Low/$ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % <C < 60% Moderate
- $3 60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	-
CO 2	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	3	-	3
CO 3	3	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
CO 4	3	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
CO 5	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 6	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	3	-	3
TOTAL	18	7	15	-	18	-	-	-	-	12	-	6	18	-	12
AVERAGE	3.0	2.3	3	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	3.0	-	3.0	3.0	-	3.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	_
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	~	case studies	-
Assignments	-	Open ended experiments	\checkmark		

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

- Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	Introduction to Python
	Introduction to Python: Features of Python, History and Future of Python, Working with Python – interactive and script mode, Identifiers and Keywords, Comments, Indentation and Multi-lining, Data types – built-in data types, Operators and Expressions, Console Input/Output, Formatted printing,Built-in Functions, Library Functions.
MODULE II	DECISION CONTROL STATEMENTS
	Selection/Conditional Branching Statements: if, if-else, nested if, if-elif-else statement(s), Basic Loop Structures/ Iterative Statements – while and for loop, Nested loops, break and continue statement, pass Statement, else Statement used with loops
MODULE III	CONTAINER DATA TYPES
	Lists: Accessing List elements, List operations, List methods, List comprehension; Tuples: Accessing Tuple elements, Tuple operations, Tuple methods, Tuple comprehension, Conversion of List comprehension to Tuple, Iterators and Iterables, zip() function. Sets: Accessing Set elements, Set operations, Set functions, Set comprehension;Dictionaries: Accessing Dictionary elements, Dictionary operations, Dictionary Functions, Nested Dictionary, Dictionary comprehension.s.
MODULE IV	STRINGS AND FUNCTIONS
	Strings: Accessing string elements, string properties, string operations. Functions: Communicating with functions, Variable Scope and lifetime, return statement, Types of arguments, Lambda functions, Recursive functions
MODULE V	CLASSES AND OBJECTS
	Classes and Objects – Defining Classes, Creating Objects, Data Abstraction and Hiding through Classes, Class Method and self Argument, Class variables and Object variables, init() and de () method, Public and private data members, Built-in Class Attributes, Garbage Collection. OOPs Features:Abstraction, Encapsulation, Inheritance, and Polymorphism.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. Reema Thareja, "Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach", Oxford Press, 1st Edition, 2017.
- 2. Dusty Philips, "Python 3 Object Oriented Programming", PACKT Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Yashavant Kanetkar, Aditya Kanetkar, "Let Us Python", BPB Publications, 2nd Edition, 2019.
- 2. Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", Mc. Graw Hill, Indian Edition, 2018.
- 3. Michael H. Goldwasser, David Letscher, "Object Oriented Programming in Python", Prentice Hall, 1st Edition, 2007.
- 4. Taneja Sheetal, Kumar Naveen, "Python Programming A Modular Approach", Pearson, 1st Edition, 2017
- 5. Nageswar Rao, "Core Python Programming", Dreamtech Press, 2018.

COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1				
	OBE DISCUSSION						
	Discussion on mapping COs with POs. (O	BE)					
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)						
1-2	Introduction to Python: Features of Python, History and Future of Python	CO 1	T1:3.1 -3.3				
3-4	Working with Python – interactive and script mode, Identifiers and Keywords, Comments, Indentation and Multi-lining, Databtypes – built-in data types	CO 1	T1:3.4- 3.9				
5-8	Operators and Expressions	CO 1	T1:3.12				
9-10	Console Input/Output, Formatted printing, Built-in Functions, Library Functions	CO 1	T1:3.15				
11-14	Control Statement(s)	CO 2	T1: 4.1 -4.8				
15-17	Lists and Tuples	CO 3	T1:3.15				
18-19	Conversion of List comprehension to Tuple, Iterators and Iterables, zip() function	CO 3	T1:3.15				
20-21	Sets, Dictionaries:	CO 3	T1:3.15				
22-23	Nested Dictionary, Dictionary comprehension	CO 3	T1:3.15				
24-25	Strings: Accessing string elements, string properties, string operations	CO 4	T1: 6.1 -6.8				
26-27	Functions: Communicating with functions, Variable Scope and lifetime, return statement	CO 5	$\begin{array}{c c} T1:5.1 \\ -5.5 \end{array}$				

28-29	Types of arguments, Lambda functions, Recursive functions	CO 5	T1:5.6 -5.8
30-31	Classes and Objects – Defining Classes, Creating Objects	CO 6	T1:9.1- 9.3
32-33	Data Abstraction and Hiding through Classes, Class Method and self Argument	CO 6	T1: 9.2 – 9.4
34-36	Class variables and Object variables, init() and del () method	CO 6	T1:9.5 - 9.7
37-38	Public and private data members, Built-in Class Attributes, Garbage Collection	CO 6	T1:9.8 – 9.13
39-41	OOPs Features: Abstraction, Encapsulation, Inheritance, and Polymorphism	CO 6	T1:10.1- 10.3
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		-1
1	Data Types	CO 1	T1:3.7.1- 3.7.4
2	Operators and Expressions	CO 1	T1:3.12.1- 3.12.10
3	Built-in Functions , Library functions	CO 1	T1:6.4- 6.10
4	Conditional branching Statements	CO 2	T1:4.1- 4.2
5	Iterative Statements	CO 2	T1:4.3- 4.8
6	Lists	CO 3	T1:8.2- 8.2.10
7	Tuples	CO 3	T1:8.4.1
8	Sets	CO 3	T1:8.5.1
9	Dictionaries	CO 3	T1:8.6.1- 8.6.12
10	Strings	CO 4	T1:6.1- 6.10
11	Functions	CO 5	T1:5.1:5.10
12	Classes and Objects	CO 6	T1:9.1- 9.15
13	init()anddel() method	CO 6	T1:9.4- 9.6
14	Inheritance	CO 6	T1:10.1- 10.4
15	Polymorphism	CO 6	T1:10.2.1
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	·
1	Define bound and unbound variable.	CO 1	T1:9.1
2	Define a control structure?	CO 2	T1:4.1- 4.8
3	How to slice lists in Python?	CO 3	T1:8.2- 8.6
4	Write the syntax of defining a function?	CO 5	T1:5.1- 5.2

5	List out the features of object oriented programming.	CO 6	T19.1-9.3				
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK						
1	Write the features and applications of Python programming language?	CO 1	T1:3.1- 3.3				
2	Write a program to calculate the roots of a quadratic equation?	CO 1	T1:3.5- 3.7				
3	Write a program to remove all duplicate elements from a list?	CO 3	T1:8.2- 8.6				
4	Write a program that accepts a string from user and redisplays the same string after removing vowels from it?	CO 4	T1:6.1- 6.3				
5	Write a program that has a class Person string name and date of birth (DOB) of a person. The program should subtract the DOB from today's date to find out whether a person is eligible for vote or not?	CO 6	T1:9.1- 9.3				

Course Coordinator B Dilip Chakravarty HOD CSE(CS)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY				
Course Code	ACAC02				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	Ι	CSIT			
Course Type	Core				
Regulation	IARE - UG 20				
		Theory		Pra	ctical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	-	-	-	3	1.5
Course	Ms Jalaja Vishnubhotla, Assistant Professor CSE (AI&ML)				
Coordinator					

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course introduces students to writing computer programs. This course presents the principles of structured programming using the Python language, one of the most increasingly preferred languages for programming today. Because of its ease of use, it is ideal as a first programming language and runs on both the PC and Macintosh platforms. However, the knowledge gained in the course can be applied later to other languages such as C and Java. The course uses iPython Notebook to afford a more interactive experience. Topics include fundamentals of computer programming in Python, object-oriented programming and graphical user interfaces.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSC02	I	-

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
PYTHON PROGRAMMING	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
LABORATORY			

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

X	Demo Video	Х	Lab	X	Viva	Х	Probing further
			Worksheets		Questions		Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective Purpose	
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of	Day to day	Final internal lab	10tai Marks
Assessment	performance	assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	Acquire programming skills in core Python.			
II	I Acquire Object-oriented programming skills in Python.			
III	Develop the skill of designing graphical-user interfaces (GUI) in Python.			
IV	Develop the ability to write database applications in Python			
V	Acquire Python programming skills to move into specific branches - Internet of Things (IoT), Data Science, Machine Learning (ML), Artificial Intelligence (AI) etc.			

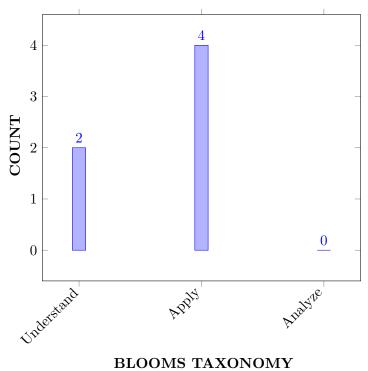
VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate the basic concepts of python programming with the	Understand
	help of data types, operators and expressions, console input/output	
CO 2	Make use of control statements for altering the sequential execution	Apply
	of programs in solving problems.	
CO 3	Demonstrate operations on built-in container data types (list, tuple,	Understand
	set, dictionary) and strings.	

CO 4	Make use of operations and applications on strings with the help of built in functions	Apply
CO 5	Solve the problems by using modular programming concepts through functions.	Apply
CO 6	Identify object-oriented programming constructs for developing large, modular and reusable real-time programs	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	3	Lab Exercises
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs		
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	3	Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

	COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
-	CO 1	PO 1	Demonstrate the data types of Python Programming by understating their importance and applicability (apply) in. solving (complex) engineering problems by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering.	3

	PO 2	Demonstrate the data types of Python Programming with provided information and data in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	3
	PO 5	Demonstrate the data types, operators, expressions and console I/O of Python Programming for solving problems with the help of built in functions in Python programming.	3
	PSO 3	Use datatypes,operators and expressions of Python Programming in solving mathematical and statistical problems	3
CO 2	PO 1	Illustrate the usage of control statements in solving realworld problems by applying principles ofMathematics, Science and Engineering.	3
	PO 2	Illustrate the usage of control statements in solving real world problems for visualizing the distribution of data in solving analysis problems.	2
	PO 5	Illustrate the usage of control statements along with builtin functions of Python programmingfor visualizingdistribution of data with the help of built infunction in Python programming language .	3
	PSO 3	Use real time data to implement machine learning basics with Python programming by analyzing the data and its relationships. .	3
CO 3	PO 1	Illustrate the operations on built in container data typesand strings by applying the principles ofMathematics, Science and Engineering.	3
	PO 2	Illustrate the operations on built in container data types and strings in solving (complex) data centric engineering problems from the provided information and substantiate with the interpretation of variations in the results.	3
	PSO 3	Implement the Python Programming basics by exploringdata analysis to solve complex problems.	3
CO 4	PO 1	Conclude the insights of data using exploratory data analysis by applying the principles of Mathematics, Science and Engineering.	3
	PO 5	Define the list of operations on strings using built in functions Find the different ways to model data and understand the limitations.	2
	PSO 3	Implement all string related operations using PythonProgramming programming by exploring datalimitations for generating predictions.	3
CO 5	PO 1	Apply the Modular Approach real world problemsbyunderstanding the concepts of functions and codereusability.	3

	PO 3	Understand the given problem statement and formulate (complex) engineering system for developing a modular approach in solving problems that meet specified needs.	2
	PO 5	Make use of functions for creating the concept of code reusability.	3
	PSO 3	Understand the concept of modularity by implementing different user defined and built functions from real world problems to visualize the data to analyze the complexity	3
CO 6	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals, and an Mathematics and Engineering fundamentals principles to create a object oriented model on real time problems.	3
	PO 3	Apply object oriented and modular concepts on solving real world problems reaching and reusable conclusions.	3
	PSO 3	Use built in functions in Python for solving modular and reusable real time problems.	3

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRA	PROGRAM OUTCOMES				PROGRAM OUTCOMES		
OUTCOMES	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 5	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	
CO 1	2		2	3			3	
CO 2	3		3				3	
CO 3	3	2	3				3	
CO 4	3		3				3	
CO 5	3	2	3				3	
CO 6	3	2	3				3	

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK 1	OPERATORS
	a.Read a list of numbers and write a program to check whether a particular element is present or not using membership operators.
	 b. Read your name and age and write a program to display the year in which you will turn 100 years old c. Read radius and height of a cone and write a program to find the volume of a cone d.Write a program to compute distance between two points taking input from the user (Hint: use Pythagorean theorem)
WEEK 2	CONTROL STRUCTURES
	 a. Read your email id and write a program to display the no of vowels, consonants, digits and white spaces in it using ifelifelse statement. b. Write a program to create and display a dictionary by storing the antonyms of words. Find the antonym of a particular word given by the user from the dictionary using while loop c. Write a Program to find the sum of a Series 1/1! + 2/2! + 3/3! + 4/4! ++ n/n!. (Input :n = 5, Output : 2.70833)
WEEK 3	LIST
	 a. Read a list of numbers and print the numbers divisible by x but not by y (Assume x = 4 and y = 5). b. Read a list of numbers and print the sum of odd integers and even integers from the list.(Ex: [23, 10, 15, 14, 63], odd numbers sum = 101, even numbers sum = 24) c. Read a list of numbers and print numbers present in odd index position. (Ex: [10, 25, 30, 47, 56, 84, 96], The numbers in odd index position: 25 47 84) d. Read a list of numbers and remove the duplicate numbers from it. (Ex: Enter a list with duplicate elements: 10 20 40 10 50 30 20 10 80, The unique list is: [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 80])
WEEK 4	TUPLE
	 a. Given a list of tuples. Write a program to find tuples which have all elements divisible by K from a list of tuples. testlist = [(6, 24, 12), (60, 12, 6), (12, 18, 21)], K = 6, Output : [(6, 24, 12), (60, 12, 6)] b. Given a list of tuples. Write a program to filter all uppercase characters tuples from given list of tuples. (Input: testlist = [("GFG", "IS", "BEST"), ("GFg", "AVERAGE"), ("GfG",), ("Gfg", "CS")], Output : [(GFG, IS, BEST)]). c. Given a tuple and a list as input, write a program to count the occurrences of all items of the list in the tuple. (Input : tuple = ('a', 'a', 'c', 'b', 'd'), list = ['a', 'b'], Output : 3)
WEEK 5	SET

	 a.Write a program to generate and print a dictionary that contains a number (between 1 and n) in the form (x, x*x). b.Write a program to perform union, intersection and difference using Set A and Set B. c.Write a program to count number of vowels using sets in given string (Input : "Hello World", Output: No. of vowels : 3) d.Write a program to form concatenated string by taking uncommon characters from two strings using set concept (Input : S1 = "aacdb", S2 =
	"gafd", Output : "cbgf").
WEEK 6	DICTIONARY
	 a. Write a program to do the following operations: i. Create a empty dictionary with dict() method ii. Add elements one at a time iii. Update existing keys value iv. Access an element using a key and also get() method v. Deleting a key value using del() method b. Write a program to create a dictionary and apply the following methods: i. pop() method ii. clear() method iii. clear() method c. Given a dictionary, write a program to find the sum of all items in the dictionary
WEEK 7	STRINGS
	 a. Given a string, write a program to check if the string is symmetrical and palindrome or not. A string is said to be symmetrical if both the halves of the string are the same and a string is said to be a palindrome string if one half of the string is the reverse of the other half or if a string appears same when read forward or backward. b. Write a program to read a string and count the number of vowel letters and print all letters except 'e' and 's'. c. Write a program to read a line of text and remove the initial word from given text. (Hint: Use split() method, Input : India is my country. Output : is my country) d. Write a program to read a string and count how many times each letter appears. (Histogram)
WEEK 8	USER DEFINED FUNCTIONS
	 a. A generator is a function that produces a sequence of results instead of a single value. Write a generator function for Fibonacci numbers up to n. b.Write a function mergedict(dict1, dict2) to merge two Python dictionaries. c.Write a fact() function to compute the factorial of a given positive number. d.Given a list of n elements, write a linearsearch() function to search a given element x in a list.
WEEK 9	BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS

	 a. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in statistical functions mean(), mode(), median() by importing statistics library b. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in trignometric functions sin(), cos(), tan(), hypot(), degrees(), radians() by importing math module c. Write a program to demonstrate the working of built-in Logarithmic and Power functions exp(), log(), log2(), log10(), pow() by importing math module.
WEEK 10	CLASS AND OBJECTS
	 a.Write a program to create a BankAccount class. Your class should support the following methods for i) Deposit ii) Withdraw iii) GetBalanace iv) PinChange b.Create a SavingsAccount class that behaves just like a BankAccount, but also has an interest rate and a method that increases the balance by the
	 appropriate amount of interest (Hint:use Inheritance). c.Write a program to create an employee class and store the employee name, id, age, and salary using the constructor. Display the employee details by invoking employeeinfo() method and also using dictionary dict. d.Access modifiers in Python are used to modify the default scope of variables. Write a program to demonstrate the 3 types of access modifiers: public, private and protected.
WEEK 11	MISCELLANEOUS PROGRAMS
	 Write a program to find the maximum and minimum K elements in Tuple using slicing and sorted() method (Input: testtup = (3, 7, 1, 18, 9), k = 2, Output: (3, 1, 9, 18)) b. Write a program to find the size of a tuple using getsizeof() method from sys module and built-in sizeof() method c.Write a program to check if a substring is present in a given string or not d. Write a program to find the length of a string using various methods: i. Using len() method ii. Using for loop and in operator iii. Using while loop and slicing
WEEK 12	ADDITIONAL PROGRAMS - FILE HANDLING
	 a. Write a program to read a filename from the user, open the file (say firstFile.txt) and then perform the following operations: Count the sentences in the file. Count the words in the file. Count the characters in the file. Create a new file (Hello.txt) and copy the text to other file called target.txt. The target.txt file should store only lower case alphabets and display the number of lines copied Write a Python program to store N students records containing name, roll number and branch. Print the given branch students details only.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Michael H Goldwasser, David Letscher, "Object Oriented Programming in Python", Prentice Hall, 1st Edition, 2007.
- 2. Yashavant Kanetkar, Aditya Kanetkar, "Let us Python", BPB publication, 1st Edition, 2019

- 3. Ashok Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, "Programming and Problem Solving with Python", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2018.
- 4. Taneja Sheetal, Kumar Naveen, "Python Programming A modular approach", Pearson, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. www.oikostat.ch.
- 2. https://realpython.com/python3-object-oriented-programming//
- 3. https://python.swaroopch.com/oop.html#syllabus.
- 4. https://python-textbok.readthedocs.io/en/1.0/ObjectOrientedProgramming.html/

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Operators	CO 1	R1: 1
2	Control structures	CO 1	R3: 2
3	List	CO 2	R1: 7
4	Tuple	CO 2	R1: 8
5	Set	CO 3	R1: 2.4
6	Dictionary	CO 3	R1: 9
7	Strings	CO 4	R1: 10
8	User Defined Functions	CO 4	R3: 15
9	Built in Functions	CO 5	R1: 9
10	Class and Objects	CO5	R1: 10
11	Miscelaneous Programs	CO 6	R4:7
12	Additionaal programs - File Handling	CO 6	R4:10

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Python program to Right rotate a numpy array to n.
2	Python program to multiply all elements in a Dictionary.
3	Python Program to put positive and negative numbers in a seperate list.
4	Python program to remove given key from a Dictionary.

Signature of Course Coordinator Ms Jalaja Vishnubhotla, Assistant Professor

HOD, CSE(AI&ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUITER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	BASIC ELI	BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY						
Course Code	AEEC04	AEEC04						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	Ι	I CSE/CSE(AI&ML)/CSE(CS)/CS&IT/CSE(DS)/IT						
Course Type	Foundation	Foundation						
Regulation	IARE - R20	IARE - R20						
		Theory Practical						
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	-	-	-	3	1.5			
Course Coordinator	Ms. T Sarith	Ms. T Saritha Kumari, Associate Professor						

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

The objective of the Basic Electrical Engineering Laboratory lab is to expose the students to the electrical circuits and give them experimental skill. The purpose of lab experiment is to continue to build circuit construction skills using different circuit element. It provides hands-on experience by examining the electrical characteristics of various AC and DC machines.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG	AHSC02	Ι	Linear ALgebra and Calculus

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Basic Electrical	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Engineering Laboratory			

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Demo Video	~	Lab Worksheets	~	Viva Questions	~	Probing further Questions
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V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based	
20~%	Objective Purpose		
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm	
20 %	Design	Programme	
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion	
20 %	Viva	Viva	

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	10tal Marks
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

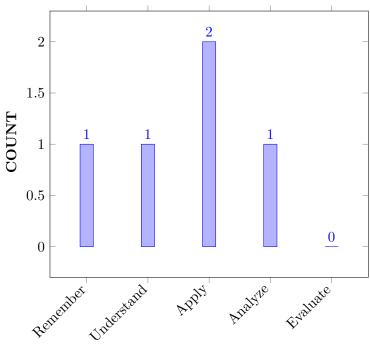
Ι	The basic laws, network reduction techniques and theorems for different circuits.
II	The performance characteristics of AC series and parallel circuits for measurement of electrical quantities using digital simulation tools.
III	The elementary experimental and modelling skills for handling problems with electrical machines in the industries and domestic applications to excel in professional career.
IV	The intuitive knowledge needed to test and analyse the performance leading to design of electric machines by conducting various tests and calculate the performance parameters.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO 1	Analyze an electric circuit using Ohm's and Kirchhoff's laws, nodal and mesh analysis.	Analyze
CO 2	Apply various network theorems for reducing complex networks into simple equivalent network.	Apply
CO 3	Examine the alternating quantities for different periodic wave forms and the passive networks.	Understand
CO 4	Analyze the performance characteristics of DC shunt machine at various loading conditions.	Analyze
CO 5	Examine the performance of single-phase transformers, induction motors and alternator by conducting a suitable test.	Understand

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
			Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of	3	Laboratory
	mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals,		experiments,
	and an engineering specialization to the solution of		internal and
	complex engineering problems.		external lab
			exam

	1		
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select and apply	1	Laboratory
	appropriate techniques, resources and modern		experiments,
	engineering and IT tools including prediction and		internal and
	modelling to complex engineering activities with an		external lab
	understanding of limitation.		exam
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to	3	Laboratory
	professikonal ethics and responsibilities and norms of		experiments,
	the engineering practice.		internal and
			external lab
			exam
PO 9	Individual and Team Work: Function effectively	2	Laboratory
	as an individual, and as a member or leader in		experiments,
	diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.		internal and
			external lab
			exam
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on	2	Laboratory
	complex engineering activities with the engineering		experi-
	community and with society at large, such as, being		ments, internal
	able to comprehend and write effective reports and		and external
	design documentation, make effective presentations,		lab exam
	and give and receive clear instructions.		
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and	2	Laboratory
	having the preparation and ability to engage in		experiments,
	independent and life-long learning in the broadest		internal and
	context of technological change.		external lab
			exam

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence	-	-
	embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Recollect the concept of electricity is described through scientific principles, importance Kirchhoff laws in relation with law of conservation of energy and charge circuits are explained using knowledge of mathematics , science and engineering fundamentals.and various source transformation techniques are adopted for solving complex circuits.	3
	PO 5	Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools in solving the circuits	1
	PO 8	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice in solving the circuits	1
	PO 9	Work effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings in solving the circuits.	3
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society in solving the circuits .	5
	PO 12	The preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change in solving the circuits .	3
	PSO 1	Solve complex electrical circuits by applying basic circuit concepts by using computer programs.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Demonstrate the various network theorems in order to determine the same using principles of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 5	Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools in solving the complex circuits	1
	PO 8	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice in solving complex circuits by using theroems	1
	PO 9	Work effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings in solving complex circuits by using theroems	3
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society in solving complex circuits by using theroems	5
	PO 12	The preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change in solving the circuits by using theroems	3

	PSO 1	Simplify complex electrical networks by applying various circuit theorems by using computer programs.	1
CO 3	PO 1	Understand the concept of alternating quantities with peak, average and root mean square values for different periodic wave forms and impedance of series RC,RL and RLC circuits by knounderstanding and applying the fundamentals of mathematics, science and engineering.	3
	PO 5	Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools in solving the circuits	1
	PO 8	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice in understanding concept of alternating quantities with peak, average and root mean square values for different periodic wave forms and impedance of series RC,RL and RLC circuit	1
	PO 9	Work effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings in understanding concept of alternating quantities with peak, average and root mean square values for different periodic wave forms and impedance of series RC,RL and RLC circuits	3
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society in understanding concept of alternating quantities with peak, average and root mean square values for different periodic wave forms and impedance of series RC,RL and RLC circuits	5
CO 4	PO 1	Apply (knowledge) magnetization characteristics DC shunt generator and performance characteristics of DC shunt machine by analyzing complex engineering problems using the principles of mathematics, engineering science.	3
	PO 8	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice in applying magnetization characteristics DC shunt generator and performance characteristics of DC shunt machine	1
	PO 9	Work effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings in applying magnetization characteristics DC shunt generator and performance characteristics of DC shunt machine	3
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society in applying magnetization characteristics DC shunt generator and performance characteristics of DC shunt machine	5

CO 5	PO 1	Understand the performance characteristics of transformer, Imduction motors and alternator by using principles of mathematics and engineering science	3
	PO 8	Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice by understanding the performance characteristics of transformer, Imduction motors and alternator	1
	PO 9	Work effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings by understanding the performance characteristics of transformer, Imduction motors and alternator	3
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society by understanding the performance characteristics of transformer, Imduction motors and alternator	5
	PSO 1	Understand the performance characteristics of transformer, Imduction motors and alternator by using computer programs.	1

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE OUTCOMES	PROGR	PROGRAM OUTCOMES					PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUT- COMES
	PO 1	PO 5	PO 8	PO 9	PO10	PO12	PSO1
CO 1	3	1	1	3	3	3	1
CO 2	3	1	1	3	3	3	1
CO 3	3	1	1	3	3		
CO 4	3		1	3	3		
CO 5	3		1	3	3		1

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams		SEE Exams		Seminars	_
	\checkmark		✓		
Laboratory		Student Viva		Certification	-
Practices	✓		✓		
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback	
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts			

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	OHM'S LAW, KVL AND KCL
	Verification of Ohm's, Verification of Kirchhoff's current law and Voltage law using hardware and digital simulation.
WEEK II	MESH ANALYSIS
	Determination of mesh currents using hardware and digital simulation
WEEK III	NODAL ANALYSIS
	Measurement of nodal voltages using hardware and digital simulation.
WEEK IV	IMPEDANCE OF SERIES RL AND RC CIRCUIT
	Examine the impedance of series RL and RC circuit using hardware and digital simulation
WEEK V	IMPEDANCE OF SERIES RLC CIRCUIT
	Measure the impedance of series RLC Circuit using hardware and digital simulation.
WEEK VI	SINGLE PHASE AC CIRCUITS
	Determination of average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor of sinusoidal wave using digital simulation.
WEEK VII	SUPERPOSITION AND MAXIMUM POWER TRANSFER THEOREM
	Verification of superposition and maximum power transfer theorem using hardware and digital simulation.
WEEK VIII	THEVENIN'S AND NORTON'S THEOREM
	Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem using hardware and digital simulation.
WEEK IX	SWINBURNE'S TEST
	Predetermination of efficiency of DC shunt machine.
WEEK X	MAGNITETIZATION CHARACTERISTICS
	Determine the critical field resistance from magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator.
WEEK XI	BRAKE TEST ON DC SHUNT MOTOR
	Study the performance characteristics of DC shunt motor by brake test
WEEK XII	SPEED CONTROL OF DC SHUNT MOTOR
	Verify the armature and field control techniques of DC shunt motor.
WEEK XIII	OPEN CIRCUIT AND SHORT CIRCUIT TEST ON SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER
	Determination of losses and efficiency of single-phase transformer.
WEEK XIV	SYNCHRONOUS IMPEDENCE METHOD
	Determine the regulation of alternator using synchronous impedance method.

TEXTBOOKS

1. A Sudhakar, Shyammohan S
 Palli, "Circuits and Networks", Tata McGraw-Hill, 4th Edition,
 20103

2. P S Bimbhra, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Publishers, 1 st Edition, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. A Chakrabarti, "Circuit Theory", Dhanpat Rai Publications, 6th Edition, 2006.
- 2. K S Suresh Kumar, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2013.
- 3. Etter, "Introduction to MATLAB 7", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2008.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference	
1	Verification of Ohm's, Verification of Kirchhoff's current law and voltage law using hardware.	CO 1	T1:1.1	
2	Determination of mesh currents using hardware.	CO 2	T1:2.1	
3	Measurement of nodal voltages using hardware.	CO 2	T1:2.4	
4	Examine the impedance of series RL and RC circuit.	CO 3	T1:6.1	
5	Measure the impedance of series RLC Circuit using hardware.	CO 3	T1:4.6	
6	Determination of average value, RMS value, form factor, peak factor of sinusoidal wave.	CO 3	T1:5.1	
7	Verification of superposition and maximum power transfer theorem using hardware and digital simulation.	CO 2	R3: T1:4.1	
8	8 Verification of Thevenin's and Norton's theorem using hardware.		T1:4.7	
9	Predetermination of efficiency of DC shunt machine.	CO 4	T2:4.11	
10	Determine the critical field resistance from magnetization characteristics of DC shunt generator.	CO 4	T2:4.11	
11	Study the performance characteristics of DC shunt motor by brake test.	CO 4	T2:4.12	
12			T2:4.14	
13			T2:1.1	
14	Determine the regulation of alternator using synchronous impedance method.	CO 5	T2:5.4	

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments		
1	Verification of reciprocity theorem.		
2 Determination of efficiency by load test in DC shunt generator.			
3	Determination of efficiency by load test on DC series generator.		
4	Determination of efficiency by load test on DC compound generator.		
5	Determination of efficiency by load test on a single-phase transformer		

Signature of Course Coordinator Mrs. T Saritha Kumari, Assistant Professor

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	ENGINEERING WORKSHOP PRACTICE						
Course Code	AMEC04	AMEC04					
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech					
Semester	Ι	I CSIT					
Course Type	FOUNDATION	FOUNDATION					
Regulation	IARE - UG 20						
	Theory				tical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	-	-	-	2	1		
Course Coordinator	Mr. Gooty Rohan, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

Engineering workshop Practice is intended to enhance the learning experience of the student about engineering tools for cutting and measuring used in a workshop. Students are expected to gain experience in hands on training as well as knowledge to carry out a particular process for making a product using the basic manufacturing devices used in Workshop.

II COURSE PRE-R'EQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
-	-	-	-	-

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks	
Engineering Workshop Practice	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video		Lab Worksheets		Viva Questions		Probing Further
\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark	Experiments

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day-to-day performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE):The semester end lab examination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS.

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective Purpose	
20 %	Analysis Algorithm	
20 %	Design Program	
20 %	% Conclusion Cond	
20 %	% Viva Viva	

The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component	Laboratory		Total Marks
Type of	Day to day Final internal lab		10tal Marks
Assessment	performance	assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

A. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

B. Programming Based

Purpose	Algorithm	Program	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

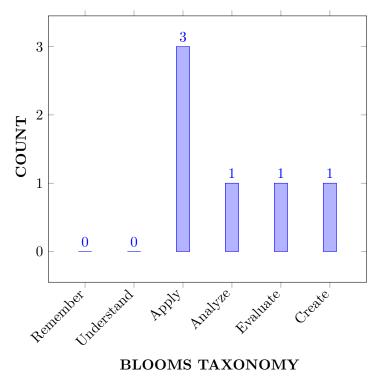
Ι	The application of jigs and fixtures, measuring, marking and cutting tools in various types of manufacturing processes.
II	The preparation of different joints in carpentry and fitting and also familiarizes wood working machinery.
III	The concepts of forming processes by forging, black-smithy and tin-smithy with an application extracts of Engineering Drawing.
IV	The standard electrical wiring practices for domestic and industrial appliances.
V	The current advancements in developing the prototype models through digital manufacturing facilities.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Identify the conventional representation of materials and machine elements for making a desired product with given work piece.	Apply
CO 2	Determine the ability to Produce Fitting jobs as per specified dimensions in addition to demonstrating proficiency with hand tools common in fitting.	Evaluate
CO 3	Create a desired shape with given metal rod by using fire and furnaceto convert given shape into useable elements using basic blacksmith techniques.	Create
CO 4	Organize the moulding techniques along with suitable tools for producing casting of different and complex shapes using various patterns.	Apply
CO 5	Develop the various engineering and household products by using tin simthy instruments/machinesfor manufacturing the tin boxes, cans, funnels, ducts etc., from a flat sheet of metal.	Apply
CO 6	Compare various electrical circuits by using conduit system of wiring to prepare different types of electrical connection on the given circuit boards using appropriate electrical tools.	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	2	Lab Exercises
PO 3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	2	CIA
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2	Lab Exercises
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	3	SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	2	Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to join given wooden pieces according to given sketch to develop	1
		required joint.	

	PO 3	Conversion of given design into a practical output using design solution for complex engineering problems and design system components	2
	PO 5	Develop the given resources and engineering tools into proper fitment as given in the diagrammatical representation.	2
	PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2
	PSO 3	Make use of Experimental tools for Building Career Paths towards Innovation Startups, Employability in different mechanical trades.	2
CO 2	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to join given metal pieces according to given sketch to develop required joint.	1
	PO 5	Develop the given resources and engineering tools into proper fitment as given in the diagrammatical representation.	2
	PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2
	PSO 3	Make use of Experimental tools for Building Career Paths towards Innovation Startups, Employability in different mechanical trades.	2
CO 3	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to make metal rod into given required shape according to given sketch to develop required joint.	1
	PO 5	Develop the given resources and engineering tools into required shape as given in the diagrammatical representation.	2
	PSO 3	Make use of Experimental tools for Building Career Paths towards Innovation Startups, Employability in different mechanical trades.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to make the casting product from given materials according to given sketch to develop required shape.	1
	PO 3	Conversion of given design into a practical output using design solution for complex engineering problems and design system components.	2
	PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2
CO 5	PO 5	Develop the given resources and engineering tools into required shape as given in the diagrammatical representation.	2

	PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2
CO 6	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to make the required electrical connection according to given circuit diagram to develop connection.	1
	PO 5	Develop the given resources and engineering tools into proper fitment as given in the diagrammatical representation.	2
	PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2
	PSO 3	Make use of Experimental tools for Building Career Paths towards Innovation Startups, Employability in different mechanical trades.	2

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRAM (PROGRAM OUTCOMES				
OUTCOMES	PO 1	PO 3	PO 5	PO 11	PSO 3	
CO 1	1	2	2	2	2	
CO 2	1	-	2	2	2	
CO 3	1	-	2	-	2	
CO 4	1	2	-	2	-	
CO 5	-	-	2	2	-	
CO 6	1	-	2	2	2	

3 =High; 2 =Medium; 1 =Low

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	PO 1, PO 3,	SEE Exams	PO 1,PO 3,	Seminars	-
	PSO 3		PO 5, PSO 3		
Laboratory	PO 1,PO 3,	Student Viva	PO 1, PO 5	Certification	-
Practices	PO 5, PSO 3				
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback	
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts			

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK 1	CARPENTRY-I
	Batch I: Preparation of Tenon joint as per given dimensions.
	Batch II: Preparation of Mortise joint as per given taper angle.
WEEK 2	CARPENTRY-II
	Batch I: Preparation of dove tail joint as per given taper angle.
	Batch II: Preparation of lap joint as per given dimensions.
WEEK 3	FITTING - I
	Batch I: Make a straight fit for given dimensions.
	Batch II: Make a square fit for given dimensions.
WEEK 4	FITTING - II
	Batch I: Make a V fit for given dimensions.
	Batch II: Make a semicircular fit for given dimensions.
WEEK 5	BLACKSMITHY- I
	Batch I: Prepare S-bend for given MS rod using open hearth furnace.
	Batch II: Prepare J-bend for given MS rod using open hearth furnace.
WEEK 6	BLACKSMITHY- II
	Batch I: Prepare Fan hook for given dimensions.
	Batch II: Prepare Round to Square for given dimensions.
WEEK 7	MOULD PREPARATION-I
	Batch I: Prepare a wheel flange mould using a given wooden pattern.
	Batch II: Prepare a bearing housing using an aluminum pattern.
WEEK 8	MOULD PREPARATION-II
	Batch I: Prepare a bearing housing using an aluminum pattern.
	Batch II: Prepare a wheel flange mould using a given wooden pattern.
WEEK 9	TINSMITHY- I
	Batch I: Prepare the development of a surface and make a rectangular tray for given dimensions.
	Batch II: Prepare the development of a surface and make a round tin for given
	dimensions.
WEEK 10	TINSMITHY- II
	Batch I: Prepare the development of a surface and make a Square Tin, for given dimensions.
	Batch II: Prepare the development of a surface and make a Conical Funnel for given dimensions.
WEEK 11	ELECTRICAL WIRING-I
	Batch I: Make an electrical connection of two bulbs connected in series.
	Batch II: Make an electrical connection of two bulbs connected in parallel.
WEEK 12	ELECTRICAL WIRING-II
	Batch I: Make an electrical connection of one bulb controlled by two switches
	connected.
	Batch II: Make an electrical connection of tube light.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Hajra Choudhury S.K., Hajra Choudhury A.K. and Nirjhar Roy S.K., Elements of Workshop Technology, Media promoters and publishers private limited, Mumbai, Vol. I 2008 and Vol. II 2010.
- 2. Kalpakjian S, Steven S. Schmid, Manufacturing Engineering and Technology, Pearson Education India Edition, 4th Edition, 2002.
- 3. Gowri P. Hariharan, A. Suresh Babu, Manufacturing Technology I, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. Roy A. Lindberg, Processes and Materials of Manufacture, Prentice Hall India, 4 th Edition, 1998.
- 5. Rao P.N., Manufacturing Technology, Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGraw-Hill House, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Gowri P. Hariharan, A. Suresh Babu, Manufacturing Technology I, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Roy A. Lindberg, Processes and Materials of Manufacture, Prentice Hall India, 4th Edition, 1998.
- 3. Rao P.N., Manufacturing Technology, Vol. I and Vol. II, Tata McGraw-Hill House, 2017.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Tenon joint and Mortise joint.	CO 1,	T1:1.4,
		CO 2	R1:1.2
2	Dove tail joint and Lap joint.	CO 1,	T1:1.5,
		CO 2	R1:1.3
3	Straight fit and Square fit.	CO 3,	T2:12.2,
		CO 4	R2:13.1
4	V fit and Semicircular fit.	CO 3,	T2:12.3,
		CO 4	R2:13.4
5	S-bend and J-bend.	CO 5,	T3:9.1,
		CO 6	R3:3
6	Fan and Round to Square shape.	CO 5,	T3:9.1,
		CO 6	R3:3
7	Wheel flange and bearing housing.	CO 7,	T4:1.9,
		CO 8	R2:1.8
8	Bearing housing and Wheel flange.	CO 7,	T4:2,
		CO 8	R2:1.9
9	Rectangular tray and Round tin.	CO 9,	T5:1.4,
		CO 10	R1:1.2
10	Make a Square Tin and Conical Funnel.	CO 9,	T5:1.7,
		CO 10	R2:1.3
11	Series connection and parallel Connection.	CO 11,	T4:1.4,
		CO 12	R1:1.2

12	One bulb controlled by two switches and tube light connection.	CO 11,	T5:7.1,
		CO 12	R3:3.8

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Divided Tenon Joint:
	It is the simplest form of Mortise and tenon joint and this joint is made by fitting a short tenon into a continuous groove. This joint has the advantage of being easy to cut and is often used to make cabinet doors and other light duty frame and panel assemblies.
2	Cross Fitting:
	It is the fundamental of type of fitting which are used fitting trade and it is formed by joining the two inclined shaped cut specimens together and is often used to join the universal bearings.
3	Hexagonal Headed Bolt:
	Hexagonal bolts are large bolts with a six-sided head used to fasten wood to wood, or metal to wood. These will have a tendency to spin as you tighten them.
4	Open scoop:
	Open scoop is used for accurately dispensing powders and granules hygienically. It is suitable for any hygienic application.
5	T-Pipe Joint:
	T-pipe is a type of fitting which is T-shaped having two outlets at 90 degrees to the main line. It is short piece of pipe with a lateral outlet. it is widely used as pipe fittings.
6	Grooved Pulley:
	Grooved pulley often used to for holding a belt, wire rope or rope and incorporated into a pulley. These sheave pins on a axle or bearing inside the frame of the pulley. This allows wire or rope to move freely, minimizing friction and wear on the cable.
7	Bell Indicator circuit:
	Bell indicator circuit is used where a bell and buzzers are needed to control from different locations. Bell indicator circuit is also known as hoteling circuit where an electric bell is controlled from more than one locations.

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr.Gooty Rohan, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	ENGLIS	ENGLISH						
Course Code	AHSC01	AHSC01						
Program	B. Tech							
Semester	II	II						
Course Type	Foundation							
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		Р	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits						
	2 - 2							
- Course Coordinator	Dr. M.Sailaja, Associate Professor							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
-	-	-	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The principle aim of the course is that the students will have awareness about the importance of English language in the contemporary times and also it emphasizes the students to learn this language as a skill (listening skill, speaking skill, reading skill and writing skill). Moreover, the course benefits the students how to solve their day-to-day problems in speaking English language. Besides, it assists the students to reduce the mother tongue influence and acquire the knowledge of neutral accent. The course provides theoretical and practical knowledge of English language and it enables students to participate in debates about informative, persuasive, didactic, and commercial purposes.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks	
English	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	LCD / PPT	x	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	\checkmark	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level	
37%	Remember	
63 %	Understand	
-	Apply	
-	Analyze	

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
	Total Marks		100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

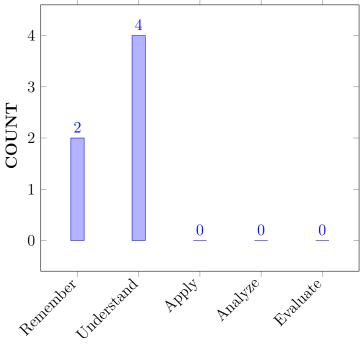
Ι	Standard pronunciation, appropriate word stress, and necessary intonation patterns for effective communication towards achieving academic and professional targets.
II	Appropriate grammatical structures and also using the nuances of punctuation tools for practical purposes.
III	A critical aspect of speaking and reading for interpreting in-depth meaning between the sentences.
IV	A conceptual awareness on writing in terms of unity, content, coherence, and linguistic accuracy.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Discuss the prime necessities of listening skill for academic and	Remember
	non-academic purposes.	
CO 2	Illustrate appropriate speaking strategies to explain a topic in a	Understand
	clear-cut manner.	
CO 3	Choose acceptable language for developing life skills to overcome the	Understand
	challenges at professional platform.	
CO 4	Interpret the grammatical aspects effectively in speaking and writing	Understand
	at functional usage.	
CO 5	Describe the importance of reading skill and various strategies to	Remember
	enhance professional growth and success.	
CO 6	Summarize writing skills for fulfilling the academic and non-academic	Understand
	requirements of various written communicative functions.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	$\mathbf{Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 10	Communication : Communicate effectively on	5	Seminar/
	complex Engineering activities with the		Conferences/
	Engineering community and with society at		Research
	large, such as, being able to comprehend and		Papers
	write effective reports and design		IE/AAT /
	documentation, make effective presentations,		Discussion
	and give and receive clear instructions		
	(Communication). "Students should		
	demonstrate the ability to communicate		
	effectively in writing / Orally." 1. Clarity		
	(Writing); 2. Grammar/Punctuation (Writing);		
	3. References (Writing); 4. Speaking Style		
	(Oral); 5. Subject Matter (Oral).		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	_	_
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research Entrepreneurs.	-	-
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PRO	OGR.	AM	OUT	COI	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	✓-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-

				PRO)GR	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{M}$	OUT	CON	AES				PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO												PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 6	-												-	-	

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 10	Discuss the heeds of functional grammar and punctuation tools in speaking and writing by generating the clarity of an audio text.	5
CO 2	PO 10	Illustrate essential aspects of grammar as well as punctuation marks for speaking or writing towards a discussion on a topic to give the clarity.	5
CO3	PO 10	Choose suitable grammatical structures and punctuation marks at speaking and writing areas maintaining clarity at professional platform.	5
CO4	PO 10	Interpret the grammatical knowledge and punctuation marks systematically towards providing the clarity in speaking and writing.	5
CO5	PO 10	Demonstrate the role of grammar and punctuation marks understanding the meaning between the sentences as well as paragraphs in speaking or writing for a clarity.	5
CO6	PO 10	Describe the clarity of grammatical usage and the obligation of punctuation marks in speaking and writing.	5

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

				PRO)GR	AM	OUT	CON	MES				PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 4	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	5	-		-	-	-	
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-		-	-		

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

				PRO)GR	AM	OUT	CON	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-		-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-		-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	100	-		-	-	

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** $-5 < C \le 40\% Low / Slight$
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRO)GR.	AM	OUT	CON	MES					PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	
AVERAGE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	\checkmark
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Assessment of mini projects by experts \checkmark End Semester OBE Feedback

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	GENERAL INTRODUCTION AND LISTENING SKILL
	Introduction to communication skills; Communication process; Elements of communication; Soft skills vs. hard skills; Importance of soft skills for engineers; Listening skills; Significance; Stages of listening; Barriers and effectiveness of listening; Listening comprehension.
MODULE II	SPEAKING SKILL
	Significance; Essentials; Barriers and effectiveness of speaking; Verbal and non-verbal communication. Generating talks based on visual prompts; Public speaking; Exposure to structured talks; Addressing a small group or a large formal gathering; Oral presentation; Power point presentation.
MODULE III	VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR
	The concept of Word Formation; Root words from foreign languages and their use in English; Acquaintance with prefixes and suffixes from foreign languages in English to form derivatives; Synonyms; Antonyms; Standard abbreviations; Idioms and phrases; One-word substitutes Sentence structure; Uses of phrases and clauses; Punctuation; Subject verb agreement; Modifiers; Articles; Prepositions.
MODULE IV	READING SKILL
	Significance, Techniques of reading, Skimming-Reading for the gist of a text, Scanning - Reading for specific information, Intensive, Extensive reading, Reading comprehension, Reading for information transfer, Text to diagram, Diagram to text.
MODULE V	WRITING SKILL
	Significance; Effectiveness of writing; Organizing principles of Paragraphs in documents; Writing Introduction and conclusion; Techniques for writing precisely, Letter writing; Formal and Informal letter writing, E-mail writing, Report Writing.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Handbook of English (Prepared by the faculty of English, IARE).

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. 1. Norman Whitby, Business Benchmark: Pre-Intermediate to Intermediate BEC Preliminary, Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition,2008.
- 2. Devaki Reddy, Shreesh Chaudhary, Technical English, Macmillan, 1st Edition, 2009.
- 3. Rutherford, Andrea J, Basic Communication Skills for Technology, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2010.
- 4. Raymond Murphy, Essential English Grammar with Answers, Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition, 2010.
- 5. Dr. N V Sudershan, President Kalam's Call to the Nation, Bala Bharathi Publications, Secunderabad, 1st Edition,2003

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan	is meant as	s a guideline.	Probably there	may be changes.
r		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Discussion on mapping COs with POs. (O	BE)	
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Introduction to communication skills.	CO 1	T1:06.06
3	Communication process.	CO 1	T1:06.09
4	Soft skills vs hard skills.	CO 3	T1:09.10
5	Significance of LSRW skills.	CO 1	T1:10.11
6	Significance of listening skill.	CO 1	TI:12.16
7	Different stages of listening.	CO 1	T1:16.18
8	Barriers of listening skill.	CO 1	TI:18.21
9	Different types of listeners.	CO 1	TI:21.22
10	Effectiveness of listening skill.	CO 1	T1:22.24
11	Phonetics: Listening to the sounds of English language.	CO 1	T1:24.29
12	Introduction to speaking skills.	CO 2	T1:30.32
13	Effectiveness of speaking skills.	CO 2	T1:33.34
14	Verbal and non-verbal communication.	CO 2	T1:34.35
15	Generating talks based on visual or written prompts.	CO 2	T1:36.37
16	Developing public speaking skills.	CO 2	T1:38.39
17	Oral presentation with power-point.	CO 3	TI:39.42
18	The concept of word formation.	CO 4	T1:43.100
19	Antonyms and synonyms.	CO 4	TI:49.56
20	Idioms and phrases.	CO 4	TI:57.60
21	One-word substitutes.	CO 4	TI:60.62
22	Root words from foreign languages and their usage in English.	CO 4	TI:60.62
23	Sentence structure.	CO 4	T1:58.62
24	Punctuation tools and their role in a language.	CO 4	TI:63.66
25	Subject-verb agreement.	CO 4	TI:66.69
26	Usage of Adjectives.	CO 4	TI:70.73
27	Significance of articles and their usage.	CO 4	TI:74.75
28	The usage of prepositions.	CO 4	T1:76.77
29	Significance of reading skill.	CO 5	T1:78.79
30	Different techniques of reading skill.	CO 6	T1:80.82
31	How to Read Your Textbook More Efficiently.	CO 6	TI:83.85
32	Different types of reading comprehension.	CO 6	TI:85.86
33	Reading for information transfer.	CO 6	TI:85.96
34	Significance and effectiveness of writing skill.	CO 6	TI:96.98

35	Organizing principles of a paragraph in documents and types of paragraphs.	CO 5	T1:101.103
36	Writing introduction and conclusion.	CO 5	T1:103.103
37	Techniques for writing precis.	CO 3	T1:103.103
38	Introduction to informal letters.	CO 8 CO 7	TI:105.108
	Introduction to formal letters.	CO 7 CO 7	TI:105.108
39			
40	Introduction of email writing and formal and informal emails.	CO 7	TI:111.112
41	Significance of Report Writing.	CO 8	TI: 113. 114
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	5	
42	The aspects to improve listening comprehension Discuss in detail.	CO 1	TI:10,11
43	Different types of listeners with examples.	CO 1	TI: 19,21
44	The sounds of English language	CO 1	TI:23,27
45	verbal communication or written communication.	CO 2	TI: 27,30
46	Various difficulties in public speaking.	CO 2	TI: 32,33
47	Different ways of greeting people in formal and informal situation and discuss how do they matter in communication?	CO 2	TI: 35,37
48	'Oral presentation requires a good planning'.	CO 2	TI:36,38
49	Power point presentation and the ways to make Power point presentation.	CO 2	TI: 37,38
50	Methods that are used to establish the process of building vocabulary with examples from the most used words in spoken English.	CO 4	TI:39,41
51	The usage of idioms and phrases in spoken English.	CO 4	TI: 47,50
52	'Structure proposition-evaluation' -Reading technique.	CO 5	TI:56,58
53	Active reading, detailed reading, and speed-reading techniques used in different situations.	CO 5	TI: 79,81
54	The elements of paragraph writing in detail.	CO 8	TI:100,102
55	Logical bridges and Verbal bridges in writing.	CO 8	TI:102,104
56	Soft skills and Interpersonal Communication.	CO 8	TI:102,104
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
57	Soft skills and Interpersonal Communication.	CO 1	TI 8,9
58	Language acquisition is a process.	CO 1	TI: 11,12
59	Communication.	CO 1	TI: 14,16
60	Time management.	CO 3	TI:9,10
61	Stress management.	CO 3	TI:9,10
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
62	Soft Skills for difficult situations in terms of reassurance and reliability.	CO 3	TI:9,10
63	Verbal and non-verbal communication.	CO 2	TI: 34,35
64	Honesty, Respect, Self-Control and Accountability their role in building long lasting interpersonal skills?	CO 3	TI: 9,10

65	Etiquette and manners. Its importance in social, personal and professional communication.	CO 23	TI: 9,10
66	Problem solving and decision making.	CO 3	TI: 9,10

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY							
Course Title	PROBA	PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS						
Course Code	AHSC08							
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	II	II CSIT						
Course Type	Foundation							
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		Pra	actical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits						
	3 1 4							
Course Coordinator	Ms. P Naga Lakshmi Devi, Assistant Professor							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
10+2	-	-	Fundamentals of Statistics

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Probability theory is the branch of mathematics that deals with modelling uncertainty. Inferential Statistics and regression analysis together with random variate distributions are playing an exceptional role in designing data driven technology which is familiarly known as data centric engineering. They also have wide variety applications in telecommunications and other engineering disciplines. The course covers advanced topics of probability and statistics with applications. The course includes: random variables, probability distributions, hypothesis testing, confidence intervals, and linear regression. There is an emphasis placed on real-world applications to engineering problems.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Probability and Statistics	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
30 %	Understand
60%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	- 30
UIA	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
	Total Marks		100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

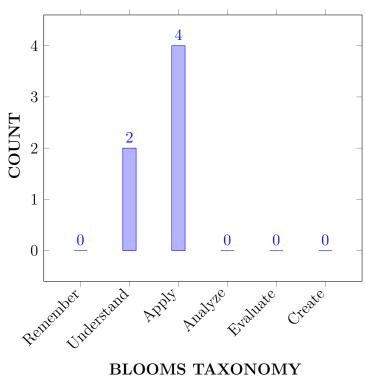
Ι	The theory of random variables, basic random variate distributions and their applications.
II	The Methods and techniques for quantifying the degree of closeness among two or more variables and the concept of linear regression analysis.
III	The Estimation statistics and Hypothesis testing which play a vital role in the assessment of the quality of the materials, products and ensuring the standards of the engineering process.
IV	The statistical tools which are essential for translating an engineering problem into probability model.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Explain the role of random variables and types of random variables,	Understand
	expected values of the discrete and continuous random variables	
	under randomized probabilistic conditions.	
CO 2	Interpret the parameters of random variate Probability distributions	Understand
	such as Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution by using their	
	probability functions, expectation and variance.	
CO 3	Apply Bivariate Regression as well as Correlation Analysis for	Apply
	statistical forecasting.	
CO 4	Make Use of estimation statistics in computing confidence	Apply
	intervals, Regression analysis and hypothesis testing.	
CO 5	Identify the role of statistical hypotheses, types of errors, confidence	Apply
	intervals, the tests of hypotheses for large samplein making decisions	
	over statistical claims in hypothesis testing	
CO 6	Identify the tests of hypothesis for small sample in making decisions	Apply
	over statistical claims in hypothesis testing	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Program Outcomes							
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.						
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.						
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations						
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.						
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations						
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.						
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.						
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.						

	Program Outcomes									
PO 9										
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.									
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering									
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,									
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design									
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear									
	instructions.									
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and									
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these									
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects									
	and in multidisciplinary environments.									
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation									
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest									
	context of technological change									

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	Seminar/ Conferences/ Research Papers
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of eConduct investigations of complex problems:xperiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	3	Assignments/ Discussion

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	_	-
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research Entrepreneurs.	-	-
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 3	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Explain (understanding) the concept of random variables and their role in solving complex engineering problems involving random events and uncertainty by using Mathematical functions (principles of mathematics).	2
	PO 4	The expected values, variances for the given discrete random variables will be quantitatively measured by using statistical computer software (R-software).	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 2	PO 1	Interpret the Probability distributions such as Binomial, Poisson and Normal distribution (Understanding) with the support of evaluation of integrals (principles of mathematics) and appreciate their importance and applicability (Apply) in solving complex engineering problems involving uncertainty.	2
	PO 2	Understand the statement and formulation of a complex engineering problem which involves the events of uncertainty, Model it with suitable probability distribution and Apply the concepts of discrete or continuous distributions along with basic principles of mathematics to develop the solution and reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results	5
CO 3	PO 1	Interpret (Understand) the results of Bivariate and Correlation Analysis by using ratios, square roots, straight lines and planes (principles of mathematics) for statistical forecasting (Apply)in complex engineering problems involving bivariate or multivariate data.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Select appropriate statistical methods (understand) for solving some real-time complex engineering problems governed by correlation with the knowledge of fundamental principles of mathematics.	2
	PO 4	Interpret the results of Bivariate and Multivariate Regression and quantifying the degree of closeness between two or more variables by using statistical computer software (R-software, SPSS-software).	1
CO 5	PO 1	Apply tests of hypotheses which involves the role of mathematical tools like statements, sets, ratios and percentages (principles of mathematics) for both large samples and small samples (knowledge) in making decisions over statistical claims that arise in complex engineering problems which requires sampling inspections.	2
	PO 2	Understand the statement and formulation of a complex engineering problem which needs verification of truth values of numerical or statistical hypothesis, collect the necessary information and data through sampling techniques, apply tests of hypotheses (both large and small samples) along with basic principles of mathematics to develop the solution and reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results	5
	PO 4	Make Use of R software package in computing confidence intervals, statistical averages and hypothesis testing. (Computer software relevance)	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 6	PO 1	Identify the role of types of statistical hypotheses, types of errors, sampling distributions of means and confidence intervals with the aid of statements and sets, percentages (principles of mathematics) in hypothesis testing of complex engineering problems which requires sampling inspections.	2
	PO 4	Test for the assessment of goodness of fit of the given probability distribution model by using statistical quantitative methods and statistical computer software (R-software).	1
	PO 5	Make Use of R software package a in modeling complex Engineering activities which involves computation of confidence intervals, statistical averages and regression analysis, hypothesis testing.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3			
CO 1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 2	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 4	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-			
CO 5	2	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
CO 6	2	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-			

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.7	-	-	9.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	66.7	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	66.7	-	-	9.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	66.7	50.0	-	9.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	66.7	-	-	9.0	100	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{0}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- $\mathbf 1$ -5 <C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRO)GR	AM	OUT	COI	MES					PSO'S	
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	3	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	-
TOTAL	18	4	-	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVERAGE	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	_	Certification	_
Term Paper	-	Tech Talk	\checkmark	Concept video	~
Assignments	_				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES
	Random variables: Basic definitions, discrete and continuous random variables; Probability distribution: Probability mass function and probability density functions; Mathematical expectation.
MODULE II	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
	Binomial distribution; Mean and variances of Binomial distribution, Recurrence formula for the Binomial distribution; Poisson distribution: Poisson distribution as a limiting case of Binomial distribution, mean and variance of Poisson distribution, Recurrence formula for the Poisson distribution; Normal distribution; Mean, Variance, Mode, Median, Characteristics of normal distribution.
MODULE III	CORRELATION AND REGRESSION
	Correlation: Karl Pearson's Coefficient of correlation, Computation of correlation coefficient, Rank correlation, Repeated Ranks; Properties of correlation. Regression: Lines of regression, Regression coefficient, Properties of Regression coefficient, Angle between two lines of regression.

MODULE IV	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS – I
	Sampling: Definitions of population, Sampling, Parameter of statistics, standard error; Test of significance: Null hypothesis, alternate hypothesis, type I and type II errors, critical region, confidence interval, level of significance. One sided test, two-sided test. Large sample test: Test of significance for single mean, Test of significance for difference between two sample means, Tests of significance single proportion and Test of difference between proportions.
MODULE V	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS – II
	Small sample tests: Student t-distribution, its properties: Test of significance difference between sample mean and population mean; difference between means of two small samples. Snedecor's F-distribution and its properties; Test of equality of two population variances Chi-square distribution and it's properties; Chi-square test of goodness of fit.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley and Sons Publishers, 9th Edition, 2014.
- 2. B. S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna Publishers, 43rd Edition, 2012.

WEB REFERENCES:

- $1.\ http://e4uhu.com/down/Applied/9th$
- 2. https://toaz.info/32fa2f50-8490-42cf-9e6a-f50cb7ea9a5b
- 3. http://www.mathworld.wolfram.com

COURSE WEB PAGE:

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLzkMouYverAJ1gjLBz4sA5O0ymIi01or6

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. N. P. Bali, "Engineering Mathematics", Laxmi Publications, 9th Edition, 2016.
- 2. S. C. Gupta, V. K. Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", S. Chand and Co., 10th Edition, 2000.
- 3. Richard Arnold Johnson, Irwin Miller and John E. Freund, "Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Prentice Hall, 8th Edition, 2013.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	Course outcomes	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Identify the types of sampling (random, stratified, systematic, cluster). Identify the misuses of statistics. Student will use appropriate statistical methods to collect, organize, display, and analyze relevant data. Probability & Statistics introduces students to the basic concepts and logic of statistical reasoning and gives the students introductory-level practical ability to choose, generate, and properly interpret appropriate descriptive and inferential methods. Identify the types of data (qualitative, quantitative, discrete, and continuous).		
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEOR	tY)	
2	Probability Basic definitions	CO 1	T2:26.3
3	Probability	CO 1	R2:21.48
4	Axioms of Probability	CO 1	T2:26.6 R2:21.50
5	Conditional Probability	CO 1	T2:26.7 R2:21.51
6	Random Variables	CO 1	T2:26.8
7	Discrete and Continuous random variables	CO 1	T2:26.10
8	Probability distribution	CO 1	T2:26.14 R2:21.55
9	Probability mass function	CO 1	T2:26.15 R2:21.58
10	Probability Density Function	CO 1	T2:26.16 R2:21.61
11	Mathematical Expectation	CO 2	T2:25.12 R2:21.24
12	Binomial Distribution	CO 2	T2:25.16 R2:21.29
13	Mean, Variance and Mode of Binomial Distribution	CO 2	T2:25.14 R2:21.31
14	Expected Frequency of Binomial Distribution	CO 2	T2:25.14 R2:21.33
15	Poisson Distribution	CO 2	R2:21.33
16	Mean, Variance and Mode of Poisson distribution	CO 2	T2:27.2 R2:21.64
17	Expected Frequency of Poisson Distribution	CO 2	T2:27.2
18	Normal distribution – I	CO 2	T2:27.2 R2:21.67

19	Mean and Variance of Normal Distribution	CO 2	T2:27.2
20	Mode and Median of Normal distribution	CO 2	T2:27.3
			R2:21.71
21	Normal distribution – II	CO 2	T2:27.4
			R2:21.68
22	Correlation	CO 3	T2:27.7
		CO 2	R2:21.74
23	Rank Correlation	CO 3	T2:27.12 R2:21.75
24	Darah Completion for Denseted Denka	CO 3	
24	Rank Correlation for Repeated Ranks	003	T2:27.8 R2:21.72
25	Regression Lines-I	CO 4	T2:27.8
2.0	Regression Lines-i	004	R2:21.73
26	Regression Lines-II	CO 4	T2:27.14
20	Regression Lines-II	004	R2:21.78
27	Regression Lines-III	CO 4	T2:27.19
21		001	R2:21.814
28	Sampling distribution – I	CO 5	T2:27.12
			R2:21.82
29	Sampling distribution – II	CO 5	T2:27.18
			R2:21.82
30	Testing of hypothesis for Large Samples	CO 5	T2:26.15
			R2:21.58
31	Test of hypothesis for single mean	CO 5	T2:26.16
			R2:21.61
32	Test of hypothesis for difference of means	CO 5	T2:25.14
			R2:21.33
33	Test of hypothesis for single proportion	CO 5	R2:21.33
34	Test of hypothesis for difference of proportions	CO 5	T2:27.2
			R2:21.64
35	Testing of hypothesis for small samples	CO 6	T2:27.2
36	Student's t-distribution for single mean	CO 6	T2:26.16
			R2:21.61
37	Student's t-distribution for difference of means	CO 6	T2:25.12
			R2:21.24
38	F-distribution	CO 6	T2:25.16
			R2:21.29
39	Chi-Square distribution – I	CO 6	T2:27.14
			R2:21.78
40	Chi-Square distribution – II	CO 6	T2:27.19
			R2:21.814
41	Chi-Square distribution – III	CO 6	T2:27.12
		DIDO	R2:21.82
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STU		
42	Problems on Probability	CO 1	T2:26.3
43	Problems on Discrete and Continuous random variables	CO 1	R2:21.48

44	Problems on Probability mass function	CO 1	T2:26.6 R2:21.50
45	Problems on Probability density function	CO 1	T2:26.7
46	Problems on Binomial Distribution	CO 2	R2:21.51 T2:26.8
47	Problems on Poisson Distribution	CO 2	T2:26.10
48	Problems on Normal Distribution	CO 2	T2:26.14 R2:21.55
49	Problems on Correlation	CO 3	T2:26.15 R2:21.58
50	Problems on Regression	CO 4	T2:26.16 R2:21.61
51	Problems on Sampling distribution	CO 5	T2:25.12 R2:21.24
52	Problems on Test of hypothesis for single mean and difference of means	CO 5	T2:25.16 R2:21.29
53	Problems on Test of hypothesis for single proportion and difference of proportions	CO 6	T2:25.14 R2:21.31
54	Problems on t-distribution	CO 6	T2:25.14 R2:21.33
55	Problems on F-distribution	CO 6	R2:21.33
56	Problems on Chi-Square distribution	CO 6	T2:27.2 R2:21.64
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TER	MINOLOGY	
57	Definitions terminology discussion on probability and random variables	CO 1	T2:26.6 R2:21.50
58	Probability and Random variables	CO 2	T2:26.7 R2:21.51
59	Definitions& terminology discussion on correlation and regression.	CO 3, CO 4	T2:25.14 R2:21.33
60	Definitions & terminology discussion on Tests of Hypothesis.	CO 5	R2:21.33
61	Definitions & terminology discussion on Tests of significance.	CO 6	R2:21.33

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK									
62	Question bank discussion on Probability, Random variables and Probability Distributions	CO 1	T2:26.6 R2:21.50							
63	Question bank discussion on probability distributions.	CO 2	T2:26.7 R2:21.51							
64	Question bank discussion on correlation and regression.	CO 3,CO 4	T2:25.14 R2:21.33							
65	Question bank discussion on Tests of Hypothesis.	CO 5	R2:21.33							
66	Question bank discussion on Tests of significance.	CO 6	R2:21.33							

Course Coordinator: Ms. P Naga Lakshmi Devi HOD CSE



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	APPLIE	ED PHYSICS						
Course Code	AHSCO	9						
Program	B. Tech	•						
Semester	II	II						
Course Type	FOUND	FOUNDATION						
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		P	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits							
	3	3 - 4 3 1.5						
Course Coordinator	Dr. N. Sl	Dr. N. Shankaraiah, Associate Professor.						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
10 + 2	-	-	Basic Principles of Semiconductors

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course is structured specifically to make the students understand some of the core topics in physics essential for further studies in engineering. It focuses on illustrating and developing an understanding of the interplay between problem solving and their practical applications which include experimental techniques and modern equipment. The topics include quantum mechanics, semiconductors, opto-electronic devices, magnetism, dielectrics, LASER and fiber optics. At the end, this course helps students to appreciate the diverse real-time applications in technological fields in respective branches.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Applied Physics	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in Table: 1.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
0 %	Remember
60 %	Understand
40 %	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Table 1: The expected percentage of cognitive level of questions in SEE

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 2), with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT) (Table 3).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70	
Total Marks			100	

 Table 2: Assessment pattern for CIA

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT):

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table 3.

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
50%	50%	-

Table 3: Assessment pattern for CIA

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

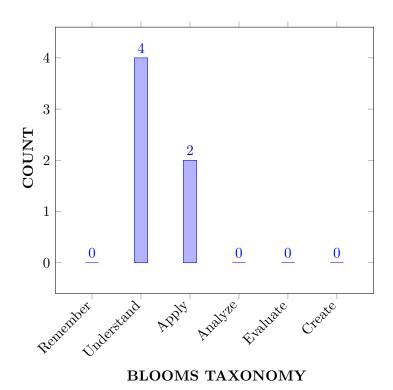
Ι	Basic formulations in wave mechanics for the evolution of energy levels and quantization of energies for a particle in a potential box with the help of mathematical description.
II	Fundamental properties of semiconductors including the band gap, charge carrier concentration, doping and transport mechanisms.
III	The metrics of optoelectronic components, LASER, optical fiber communication and be able to incorporate them into systems for optimal performance.
IV	The appropriate magnetic and dielectric materials required for various engineering applications.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Apply the concepts of dual nature of matter and Schrodinger wave equation to a particle enclosed in simple systems.	Apply
CO 2	Demonstrate the classification of Solids and important aspects of semi- conductors in terms of carrier concentration and Fermi level.	Understand
CO 3	Make use of the key concepts of semiconductors to explain the ba- sic working mechanism of optoelectronic device characteristics of light- emitting diodes, photodetectors and solar cells.	Apply
CO 4	Illustrate the properties of dielectric and magnetic materials suitable for engineering applications.	Understand
CO 5	Compare the concepts of LASER and normal light in terms of mechanism and working principles for applications in different fields and scientific practices.	Understand
CO 6	Explain functionality of components in optical fiber communication system by using the basics of signal propagation, attenuation and dispersion.	Understand

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

	Program Outcomes
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibil-
	ities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a mem-
	ber or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with
	the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to com-
	prehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective pre-
	sentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding
	of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work,
	as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary
	environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and abil-
	ity to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of tech-
	nological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
			Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an		
	engineering specialization to the solution of complex en-		
	gineering problems		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	literature, and analyze complex engineering problems		
	reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles		
	of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sci-		
	ences.		
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use	1	Seminar
	research-based knowledge and research methods includ-		
	ing design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of		
	data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid		
	conclusions.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multime-	1	AAT
	dia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded,		
	mobile and cloud computing problems.		

PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended	-	-
	tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society,		
	Inter-Disciplinary Research Entrepreneurs.		
PSO3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and infor-	-	-
	mation technology in creating innovative career paths		
	in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Con-		
	tinuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH POs, PSOs:

				PSOs											
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO/PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	POs PSOs	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Outline drawbacks of classical mechanics, basic principles dual nature of matter wave, derive mathematical wave equation of matter waves and come to conclusion of quantization of energy used in quantum dots.	3
	PO 2	Explain the given problem statement and formulate quantum confinement problems related to particle enclosed in small dimension from the provided information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results .	4
	PSO 1	Make use of Quantum technology in design of next-generation computer systems	1
CO 2	PO 1	Illustrate the charge transport mechanism in intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors using energy level diagrams, calculate their charge carrier concentration and use those expressions to integrate with other engineering disciplines .	3
	PO 4	Identify the use of these semiconductors under study and their conduction mechanism for the research based knowledge and technological development.	2

Course Outcomes	POs PSOs	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 2	PO 2	Explain the given problem statement and formulate mobility and conductivity aspects of a material from the provided information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of Hall coefficient value .	4
CO 3	PO 1	Acquire detailed knowledge of fundamental and applied aspects of optoelectronic device physics, analyze key parameters and apply them to the functioning of electronic devices.	3
	PO 2	Illustrate the given problem statement and formulate light interaction aspects of direct band gap materials from the provided information and data by the interpretation of carrier generation and recombination in opto-electronic devices	4
CO 4	PO 1	Relate principles of different types of polarization mechanism and expression for polarizability to the properties of functional materials and for solving engineering problems by applying these principles of science.	3
	PO 2	Explain the given problem statement and formulate polarization versus applied electric field related to ferroelectric materials from the provided information and data by the interpretation of hysteresis loop .	4
	PO 1	Utilize spin and orbital motion of electrons in determining magnetic moment of materials in terms of Bohr magneton materials having specific engineering applications.	3
	PO 4	Identify the use of magnetic materials and their magnetization values for the research based knowledge and technological development.	2
CO 5	PO 1	Compare the concepts of LASER and normal light in terms of mechanism and working principle for applications in different fields and scientific practices.	3
CO 6	PO 1	Explain functionality of components in optical fiber communication system by using the basics of signal propagation, attenuation and dispersion.	3
	PO 2	Identify the given problem and formulate expressions for acceptance angle and numerical aperture with the given information and data by applying principles of information propagation through optical waveguides.	4

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO/PSO) MAPPING:

				PSOs											
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 4	3	4	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO/PSO):

				PSOs											
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	-	-
CO 2	100	40	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	100	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	100	40	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	100	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (CO-PO/PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\pmb{\theta}$ - 0 \leq C \leq 5% – No correlation

 $1-5 < C \le 40\% - Low/$ Slight

- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PSOs											
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	1		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 4	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

				PSOs											
COURSE	PO	PO												PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 6	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	18	10	-	2	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
AVERAGE	3	2	-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	PO 1, PO 2, PO 4	SEE Exams	PO 1, PO 2, PO 4	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	PO 1, PO 2, PO 4	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

			1
x	Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	QUANTUM MECHANICS
	Introduction to quantum physics, de broglie hypothesis, Wave-particle duality, Davisson and Germer's experiment, Time-independent Schrödinger equation for wave function, Physical significance of the wave function, Schrödinger equa- tion for one dimensional problems - particle in a box.
MODULE II	INTRODUCTION TO SOLIDS AND SEMICONDUCTORS
	Introduction to classical free electron theory and quantum theory, Bloch's theorem for particles in a periodic potential (Qualitative treatment), Kronig-Penney model (Qualitative treatment), classification: metals, semiconductors, and insulators. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Carrier concentration, Dependence of Fermi level on carrier-concentration and temperature, Hall effect.
MODULE III	SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES
	Direct and indirect band gaps, p-n junction, V-I characteristics, Energy Band diagram, Biasing of a junction, Zener diode. Construction and working of LED, Photo detectors, PIN, Avalanche photodiode, Solar cell.

MODULE IV	ENGINEERED ELECTRIC AND MAGNETIC MATERIALS
	Polarisation, Permittivity, Dielectric constant, Internal field in solids, Clausius Mosotti equation, Electronic, Ionic and Orientational polarization (Qualita- tive) Ferroelectricity;Magnetisation, Permeability, Susceptibility, Classification of dia, para and ferro magnetic materials on the basis of magnetic moment, Hysteresis curve.
MODULE V	LASERS AND FIBER OPTICS
	Characteristics of LASER, Spontaneous and stimulated emission of radiation, Metastable state, Population inversion, Lasing action, Ruby LASER, He-Ne LASER and applications of LASER.Principle and construction of an optical fibre, Acceptance angle, Numerical aperture, Types of optical fibers (Single mode, multimode, step index, graded index), Optical fibre communication sys- tem with block diagram and Application of optical fibres.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Dr. K Vijay Kumar and Dr. S Chandralingam Modern Engineering Physics Volume-1 & 2, S Chand. Co, 2018.
- 2. Dr. M. N. Avadhanulu, Dr. P. G. Kshirsagar A Text Book of Engineering Physics ||, S. Chand.
- 3. B. K Pandey and S. Chaturvedi Engineering physics ||, Cengage learning.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. J. Singh, —Semiconductor Optoelectronics: Physics and Technology ||, McGraw-Hill Inc. (1995).
- 2. P. Bhattacharya, —Semiconductor Optoelectronic Devices , Prentice Hall of India (1997).
- 3. Monica Katiyar and Deepak Gupta on NPTEL.Online course: "Optoelectronic Materials and Devices".

WEB REFERENCES

- 1. http://link.springer.com/book
- 2. http://www.thpys.physics.ox.ac.uk
- 3. http://sciencedirect.com/science
- 4. http://www.e-booksdirectory.com

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=course/details & course_id=17

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference					
	OBE DISCUSSION							
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping							
	CONTENT THEORY(DELIVERY)							
2	Introduction to Quantum Physics	CO 1	T2:5.15; R1:1.16					
3	Wave-Particle duality of radiation	CO 1	T2:5.17; R1:1.13.1					
4	De-broglie hypothesis and de-broglie wavcelength	CO 1	T2:5.18; R1:1.13.2					
5	Properties of Matter waves	CO 1	T2:5.19 R1:1.13.3,					
6	Davisson and Germer's experiment	CO 2	T2:5.20; R1:1.17.1					
7	Schrödinger time independent wave equation	CO 1	T2:5.24; R1:1.17.3					
8	Physical significance of wavefunction	CO 1	T2:6.1; R1:2.3					
9	Particle in a one dimensional potential box	CO 1	T2:6.3; R1:2.6.1					
10	Free electron theory and Quantum theory of solids, Electron in a Periodic potential – Bloch's theorem	CO 2	T2:6.5; R1:2.6.2					
11	Kronig-Penney model, Band theory of solids	CO 2	T2:7.3; R1:2.8					
12	Origin of energy bands in solids, Classification of solids into insulators, conductors and semiconductors	CO 2	T2:7.5,7.6; R1:2.9.2					
13	Introduction to intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Intrinsic carrier concentration	CO 2	T2:7.7; R1:2.10					
14	Carrier concentration and Fermi level in p-type semiconductors	CO 2	T2:7.7; R1:2.10					
15	Carrier concentration and Fermi level in n-type semiconductors	CO 2	T2:7.11; R2:2.10.2					
16	Hall effect and its applications	CO 2	T2:7.11; R2:2.32					
17	Direct and indirect band gaps	CO 3	T2:7.11; R2:2.10					
18	p-n junction, V-I characteristics	CO 3	T2:7.12; R2:2.10.3					

19	Energy Band diagram of PN Junction	CO 3	T2:7.12; R2:2.10.3
20	Biasing of PN junction	CO 3	T2:7.13; R1:2.10.4
21	Zener diode	CO 3	T2:7.14 R1:2.10.6
22	Construction and working of LED	CO 3	T2:7.15; R1:2.10.7
23	Construction and working of Photodiode, PIN and Avalanche Photodiode	CO 3	T1:7.15; R2:2.10.7
24	Construction and working of Solar cell	CO 3	T1:7.15; R2:2.10.7
25	Introduction to dielectric materials, Polarization, Permittivity, Dielectric constant	CO 4	T1:7.15; R2:2.10.7
26	Internal fields in solids	CO 4	T1:16.9 R2:8.11.1
27	Clausius – Mosotti equation	CO 4	T1:16.9; R2:8.11.2
28	Ionic, Electronic and Orientational polarization	CO 4	T1:15.2; R4:8.2
29	Ferroelectricity	CO 4	T2:15.7; R4:8.3.3
30	Magnetic materials, Magnetization, Permeability, Susceptibil- ity	CO 4	T2:15.13 R4:8.7.2
31	Diamagnetic and Paramagnetic materials	CO 4	T2:15.13; R4:8.7.2
32	Ferromagnetic materials	CO 4	T2:15.16; R1:8.7.3
33	Hysteresis curve	CO 4	T1:11.9; R2:12.24
34	Characteristics of LASER, Spontaneous and Stimulated emission	CO 5	T1:11.9; R3:12.25
35	Metastable state, Population inversion, Lasing action	CO 5	T1:3.2; R3:3.2
36	Ruby LASER	CO 5	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
37	He-Ne LASER, Applications of LASER	CO 5	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
38	Principle and construction of optical fibers	CO 6	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
39	Acceptance angle, Acceptance cone, Numerical Aperture	CO 6	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
40	Types of optical fibers	CO 6	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
41	Optical fiber communication system, Applications of optical fibers	CO 6	T2:16.5; R3:8.10

	PROBLEM SOLVING		
1	De-broglie wavelength	CO 1	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
2	Energies associated with one dimensional potential box	CO 1	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
3	Intrinsic carrier concentration, Fermi level in semiconductors	CO 2	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
4	Carrier concentration based on Hall coefficient	CO 2	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
5	Mobility and conductivity based on Hall coefficient	CO 2	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
6	Diffusion and drift	CO 3	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
7	Energy gap in indirect bandgap semiconductors	CO 3	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
8	Dielectric constant, capacitance, permittivity	CO 4	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
9	Electric susceptibility, Polarization vector	CO 4	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
10	Polarizability	CO 7	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
11	Magnetic moment, Magnetic induction, Permeability	CO 4	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
12	Intensity of magnetization, Magnetic susceptibility	CO 4	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
13	Wavelength and Energy bandgap, Divergence	CO 5	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
14	Relative population of two states, Number of photons emitted	CO 5	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
15	Acceptance angle and Numerical Aperture	CO 6	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINO	DLOGY	
1	Quantum Mechanics	CO 1	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
2	Introduction to Solids and Semiconductors	CO 2	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
3	Semiconductor devices	CO 3	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
4	Engineered electric and magnetic materials	CO 4	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
5	LASER, Fiber optics	CO 5, CO 6	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
1	Quantum Mechanics	CO 1	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2

2	Introduction to Solids and Semiconductors	CO 2	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
3	Semiconductor devices	CO 3	T2:16.5; R3:8.10
4	Engineered electric and magnetic materials	CO 4	T1:3.3.1; R3:3.2
5	LASER, Fiber optics	CO 5, CO 6	T2:16.5; R3:8.10

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. N. Shankaraiah, Associate Professor

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INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Title	PROGRA	PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING USING C					
Course Code	ACSC04						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech					
Semester	II	II					
Course Type	FOUNDA	FOUNDATION					
Regulation	UG-20	UG-20					
		Theory		P	ractical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3 - 3						
Course Coordinator	Dr. J Sirisha Devi, Associate Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	-	-	Basic Programming Concepts

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course emphasis on the problem-solving aspects in using C programming. It is the fundamental course and is interdisciplinary in nature for all engineering applications. The students will understand programming language, programming, concepts of loops, reading a set of data, step wise refinements, functions, control structures, arrays, dynamic memory allocations, enumerated data types, structures, unions, and file handling. This course provides adequate knowledge to solve problems in their respective domains.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
PPSC	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
20%	Remember
30%	Understand
50%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks					
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10						
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30					
	AAT-1	5						
	AAT-2	5						
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70					
	Total Marks							

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving		
40%	40%	20%		

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

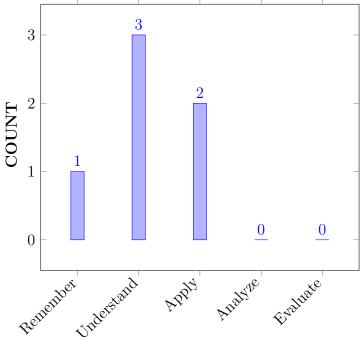
Ι	Problem-solving through programming.
II	Programming language, programming, reading a set of Data, stepwise refinement, concepts of Loops, Functions, Control structure, Arrays, Structure, Pointer and File concept.
III	To build efficient programs in C language essential for future programming and software engineering courses.
IV	Acquire programming skills in C Programming.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Define the algorithms and draw flowcharts for solving Mathematical and Engineering problems.	Remember
CO 2	Construct programs for decision structures and loops.	Apply
CO 3	Interpret various types of functions, arrays, and strings for complex problem solving.	Understand
CO 4	Illustrate he dynamic memory allocation, structures, unions and enumerations to solve problems.	Understand
CO 5	Interpret file input and output functions to do integrated programming.	Understand
CO 6	Utilize the algorithms in C language to real-life computational problems.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/SEE
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	CIE/SEE
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	2	CIE/SEE
	solutions for complex Engineering problems and		
	design system components or processes that		
	meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety,		
	and the cultural, societal, and Environmental		
	considerations		
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and	2	Open Ended
	apply appropriate techniques, resources, and		Experiments
	modern Engineering and IT tools including		
	prediction and modelling to complex		
	Engineering activities with an understanding of		
	the limitations		
9 II'I			

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2	Tech talk/Open ended experiments
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research Entrepreneurs.	2	Tech talk/Open ended experiments

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<	-	-

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{$	-	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Developing algorithms and draw flowcharts for solving mathematical and engineering problems related to areas of computer science.	3
	PO 2	Understand the various symbols to draw a flowchart, identify the appropriate symbols to solve a problem, then formulate the solution, and interpret the result for the improvement of the solution .	6
	PSO 1	Understand the features of procedural programming for designing and analyzing computer programs for problem-solving .	3
CO 2	PO 1	Understand branching statements, loop statements, and apply the fundamentals of mathematics , science and engineering .	3
-	PO 2	Understand the problem statement , control the flow of data, design the solution and analyze the same to validate the results in a program to solve complex engineering problems.	6
	PO 3	Recognize an appropriate control structure to design and develop a solution for a real-time scenario, and communicating effectively with engineering community.	5
CO 3	PO 1	Recognize the importance of recursion for developing programs in real-time scenarios using principles of mathematics , and engineering fundamentals .	3
	PO 2	Understand the various kinds of functions , identify the suitable type of function to solve a problem, formulate the solution, and interpret the result for the improvement of the solution.	6
	PO 5	Apply techniques of structured decomposition to dividea problem into smaller pieces with an understanding of its limitations.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Extend the focus on the usage of heterogeneous data types as a basic building block in problem solving using principles of science , and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Recognize the representation of the structure, assess in solving a problem, express the solution , and analyze the result for solution enhancement .	5

	PO 5	Understand pointers conceptually and apply them in modeling a complex engineering activity.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Make a use of an appropriate type of file to store a large volume of persistent data and give solution to engineering problems .	2
	PO 5	To identify appropriate mode to access a file and run the same program multiple times.	1
CO 6	PO 12	Realize the need and the desire to train and invest in autonomous and lifelong learning in the widest sense of technical transition to achieve employability expertise and excel advanced engineering concepts .	7
	PSO 3	Attain the knowledge and skills for employability and to succeed in national and international level competitive examinations .	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 2	3	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	6	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 4	3	5	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	3

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-
CO 2	100	60	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	100	60	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	100	50	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	66	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58	-	-	50

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

 $1 - 5 < C \le 40\% - Low/$ Slight

 $\pmb{2}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO								PSO	PSO	PSO			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 2	3	3	2	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 4	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
TOTAL	15	11	2	-	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	2
AVERAGE	3	2.7	2.5	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	2

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	~	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

- Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback	
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION
	Introduction to components of a computer: Memory, processor, I/O
	Devices, storage, operating system; Concept of assembler, compiler,
	interpreter, loader and linker. Idea of Algorithms: Algorithms, Flowcharts,
	Pseudo code with examples, From algorithms to Programs. Introduction to
	C Programming Language: History of C, Basic structure of a C program,
	Process of compiling and running a C program; C Tokens: Keywords,
	Identifiers, Constants, Strings, Special symbols, Variables, Data types;
	Operators, Precedence of Operators, Expression evaluation, Formatted
	Input/Output functions, Type Conversion and type casting.
MODULE II	CONTROL STRUCTRES
	Decision Making Statements: Simple if, if-else, else if ladder, Nested if,
	switch case statement; Loop control statements: for, while and do while
	loops, nested loops; Unconditional Control Structures: break, continue
	and goto statements.

MODULE III	ARRAYS AND FUNCTIONS
	Arrays: Introduction, Single dimensional array and multi-dimensional array: declaration, initialization, accessing elements of an array; Operations on arrays: traversal, reverse, insertion, deletion, merge, search; Strings: Arrays of characters, Reading and writing strings, String handling functions, Operations on strings; array of strings. Functions: Concept of user defined functions, Function declaration, return statement, Function prototype, Types of functions, Inter function communication, Function calls, Parameter passing mechanisms; Recursion; Passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions; Storage classes.
MODULE IV	POINTERS AND STRUCTURES
	Pointer: Basics of pointers, Pointer arithmetic, pointer to pointers, array of pointers, Generic pointers, Null pointers, Pointers as functions arguments, Functions returning pointers; Dynamic memory allocation. Structures: Structure definition, initialization, structure members, nested structures, arrays of structures, structures and functions, structures and pointers, self-referential structures; Unions: Union definition, initialization, accessing union members; bit fields, typedef, enumerations, Preprocessor directives.
MODULE V	FILE HANDLING AND APPLICATIONS IN C
	File Handling: Concept of a file, text files and binary files, streams, standard I/O, formatted I/O, file I/O operations, error handling, Line I/O, miscellaneous functions; Applications in C.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Byron Gottfried, "Programming with C", Schaum's Outlines Series, McGraw Hill Education, 3rd Edition, 2017
- 2. Reema Thareja, "Programming in C", Oxford university press, 2nd Edition, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. W. Kernighan Brian, Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 1988.
- 2. Yashavant Kanetkar, "Exploring C", BPB Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 3. Schildt Herbert, "C: The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 4th Edition, 2014.
- 4. R. S. Bichkar, "Programming with C", Universities Press, 2 nd Edition, 2012.
- 5. Dey Pradeep, Manas Ghosh, "Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C", Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2006.
- 6. Stephen G. Kochan, "Programming in C", Addison-Wesley Professional, 4th Edition, 2014.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.nptel.ac.in/courses/108106073/
- 2. https://www.iare.ac.in

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Discussion on Outcome Based Education, CO, PO and	CO-PO Ma	pping
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Understand components of a computer	CO 1	T2: 1.1-1.2, R4: 1.1-1.3
3	Identify and apply algorithms and flowcharts for problem solving	CO 1	T2: 2.1-2.2, R4: 1.4
4	Understand pseudo code for a given problem	CO 1	T2: 2.1-2.2
5	Understand the basic structure, process of compiling and running a C program	CO 1	T2: 2.1-2.2,
6	Understand keywords, identifiers, constants, strings, special symbols, variables	CO 1	T2: 1.4 -1.5, R4: 2.1 - 2.4
7	Define the data types, and operators to write C Program	CO 1	T2: 2.1-2.2
8	Understand precedence of operators, expression evaluation	CO 1	T2: 2.3-2.6
9	Understand formatted input/output functions, Type Conversion and type casting in C Programming	CO 1	T2: 2.3-2.7
10	Identify and apply decision making statements in C programming	CO 2	T2: 3.1-3.5
11	Identify and apply loop control structures in C programming	CO 2	T2: 5.2-5.3
12	Identify and apply unconditional control structures in C programming	CO 2	T2: 6.1-6.6
13	Understand single dimensional array and multi-deimensional array: declaration, initialization, accessing	CO 3	T2: 6.7
14	Operations on arrays: traversal, reverse, insertion	CO 3	T2: 8.1-8.2, R4: 15.1
15	Operations on arrays: deletion, merge, search	CO 3	T2: 8.3, R4: 15.1
16	Arrays of characters, Reading and writing strings, String handling functions	CO 3	T2: 11.1-11.5
17	Operations on strings: array of strings	CO 3	T2: 4.1-4.5
18	Concept of user defined functions, Function declaration	CO 3	T1: 7
19	return statement, Function prototype	CO 3	T2: 6.9

20	Types of functions, Inter function communication	CO 3	T1: 10, T2:10.1-
			10.2
21	Function calls, Parameter passing mechanisms, Recursion	CO 3	T2: 10.3-10.4, R4:8.3-
			R4:8.3- 8.4
22	Passing arrays to functions, passing strings to functions	CO 3	T2:10.5
23	Storage classes	CO 3	T1: 8.9,
23	Storage classes	003	R4:8.6.3
24	Basics of pointers, Pointer arithmetic	CO 4	T2: 3.1, R4:11.1
25	Pointer to pointers	CO 4	T2: 3.2
26	Array of pointers	CO 4	T2: 3.2
27	Generic pointer, Null pointers	CO 4	T2: 3.3
28	Pointers as function arguments, Functions returning pointers	CO 4	T2:
			3.4-3.5
29	Dynamic memory allocation	CO 4	T2:
			6.1-6.6
30	Structure definition, initialization, structure members	CO 4	T2:
			12.3-12.4,
			R4:13.4
31	Nested structures	CO 4	T2:
			12.3-12.4,
			R4:13.4
32	Arrays of structures, structures and functions	CO 4	T2:
			2.1-2.2, R4:13.2
33	Structures and pointers, self-referential structures	CO 4	T2:
00	Structures and pointers, sen-referential structures	004	2.1-2.2
34	Union, bit fields, typedef	CO 4	T2: 12.4
35	Enumerations, Preprocessor directives	CO 4	T1: 8.9,
00	Enumerations, 1 reprocessor directives	004	T1: 0.9, T2:
			2.3-2.5
36	Concept of a file, text files and binary files, streams	CO 5	T2: 10.4,
			R4:14.1-
			14.4
37	Standard I/O, formatted I/O, file I/O operations	CO 5	T2: 10.4,
			R4:14.1-
			14.4
38	Error handling	CO 5	R3: 12.1
			- 12.3
39	Line I/O, miscellaneous functions	CO 5	R3: 12.1
		0.0	- 12.3
40	Applications of C	CO 6	R4: 17
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		
1	Write a program in C that takes minutes as input, and	CO 1	T2:2.3-
	display the total number of hours and minutes.		2.6

2 Write a program in C that reads a forename, sumame and year of birth and display the names and the year one after another sequentially. CO 1 T2:2.3-2.7 3 Write a C program to find the third angle of a triangle if two angles are given. CO 2 T2:3.1-3 4 Write a program in C to display the such a pattern for n number of rows using a number which will start with the number 1 and the first and a last number of each row will be 1. CO 2 T2:5.2-7 5 Write a program in C to display the neterns of harmonic series and their sum. CO 2 T2:5.2-7 6 Write a program in C to display the neterns of harmonic series and their sum. CO 2 T2:5.2-7 5 Write a program in C to display the pattern like right angle triangle using an saterisk. CO 3 T2: 6.7 8 Program to accept N integer number and store them in an array AR. The odd elements in the AR are copied into OAR and ther elements are copied into CAR. Display the contents of OAR and EAR CO 3 T2: 6.7 9 Write a C program to illustrate how user authentication is matrix which has more zero elements than nonzero elements CO 3 R4:15.1 10 Write a C program to accept a matrix of order MNN and sort all other sequentimes in accept a set of names and sort them in an alphabetical order, Use structures to store the names CO 4 T2: 6.7 11 Write a C program t				
angles are given.3.54Write a program in C to display the such a pattern for n number of row using a number which will start with the number 1 and the first and a last number of each row will be 1.CO 2T2:5.2- 5.35Write a program in C to find the prime numbers within a range of numbers.CO 2T2:5.2- 5.36Write a program in C to display the n terms of harmonic series and their sum.CO 2T2:5.2- 5.37Write a program in C to display the pattern like right angle triangle using an asterisk.CO 2T2:5.2- 5.38Program to accept N integer number and store them in an array AR. The odd elements in the AR are copied into OAR and other elements are copied into EAR. Display the contents of OAR and EARCO 3T2: 8.3, R4:15.19Write a C program to allustrate how user authentication is made before allowing the user to access the secured resources. It asks for the user manne and then the password. The password that you enter will not be displayed, instead that character is replaced by '*'CO 3T2: 8.3, R4:15.110Write a C program to accept a matric of order MxN and sort all rows of the matrix in ascending order and all columns in descending order.CO 4T2:12.3- R4:13.413Write a C program to find the sum of two one-dimensional arays using Dynamic Memory AllocationCO 4T2:12.3- R4:13.413Write a C program to find the sum of two one-dimensional arays using Dynamic Memory AllocationCO 4T2:12.4- R4:14.1- 14.414Write a C program in C to replace a specific line with another text in a file.	2	year of birth and display the names and the year one after	CO 1	
number of rows using a number which will start with the number 1 and the first and a last number of each row will be 1. 5.3 5 Write a program in C to find the prime numbers within a sarge of numbers. CO 2 T2:5.2-5.3 6 Write a program in C to display the n terms of harmonic series and their sum. CO 2 T2:6.1 7 Write a program in C to display the pattern like right angle triangle using an asterisk. CO 3 T2:6.7 8 array AR. The odd elements in the AR are copied into OAR and other elements are copied into EAR. Display the contents of OAR and EAR CO 3 T2: 8.3, R4:15.1 9 Write a C program to illustrate how user authentication is made before allowing the user to access the secured resources. It asks for the user name and then the password. The password that you enter will not be displayed, instead that character is replaced by *** CO 3 T2: 8.3, R4:15.1 10 Write a C program to accept a matric and determine whether it is a sparse matrix. A sparse matrix is matrix which has more zero elements than nonzero elements CO 3 T2: 8.4, R4:13.4 11 Write a C program to accept a set of names and sort them in an alphabetical order, Use structures to store the names CO 4 T2:12.3, R4:13.4 13 Write a C program to C to find the content of the file and number of lines in a Text File. CO 5 T2:10.4, R4:14.1 14 Write a program in	3		CO 2	
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	1		CO 1	2.6, R4:1.1-
	2	Module II- Control structures	CO 2	

	I	1	T							
3	Module III- Arrays, Strings and Functions	CO 3	T1:7,							
			T2:6.7-							
			11.5							
4	Module IV- Pointers and Structures	CO 4	T2:3.1-							
			6.6,							
			R4:11.1-							
			13.4							
5	Module V- File handling functions	CO 5	T2:10.4,							
			R4:14.1-							
			14.4,							
			R3:12.1-							
			12.3							
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK									
1	Module I- Components of computers, C programming	CO 1	T2:1.1-							
	language		2.6,							
			R4:1.1-							
			2.4							
2	Module II- Control structures	CO 2	T2:3.1-							
	Module II- Control structures		6.6							
		CO a								
3	Module III- Arrays, Strings and Functions	CO 3	T1:7,							
			T2:6.7-							
			11.5							
4	Module IV- Pointers and Structures	CO 4	T2:3.1-							
			6.6,							
			R4:11.1-							
			13.4							
5	Module V- File handling functions	CO 5	T2:10.4,							
			R4:14.1-							
			14.4,							
			R3:12.1-							
			12.3							

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. J Sirisha Devi, Associate Professor HOD,CSE



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	ENGLISH	ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION								
	SKILLS LA	SKILLS LABORATORY								
Course Code	AHSC04	AHSC04								
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech								
Semester	II	II CSIT								
Course Type	Foundation									
Regulation	UG-20									
		Theory		Practical						
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits					
	-	-	-	2	1					
Course Coordinator	Dr. M.Sailaja, Associate Professor									

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

This lab course is designed to introduce the students to create wide exposure on language learning techniques regarding the basic elements of Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing. In this lab the students are trained in communicative English language skills, phonetics, word accent, word stress, rhythm and intonation, oral presentations, extempore and Prepared-seminars, group-discussions, presenting techniques of writing, participating role plays, telephonic etiquettes, asking and giving directions, information transfer, debates, description of persons, places, objects etc; . The lab encourages the students to work in a group, engage in peer-reviews and inculcate team spirit through various exercises on grammar, vocabulary, and pronunciation games etc. Students will make use of all these language skills in academic, professional and real time situations.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
-	-	-	-

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
English Language and Communication Skills Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video		Lab		Viva Questions		Probing further
\checkmark		\checkmark	Worksheets	\checkmark		\checkmark	Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Sofware based
20 %	To test the perfection of primary tonic stress accent, pre-tonic secondary stress accent and post-tonic secondary stress accent.
20 %	To test the performance to achieve neutralization of accent.
20 %	To test the awareness while pronouncing gemination, elision and assimilation.
20 %	To test the presentation skills in the ICS laboratory.
20 %	To test the subject knowledge through viva.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of	Day to day performance	Final internal lab	10tal Marks
Assessment		assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Sofware based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
4	4	4	4	4	20

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

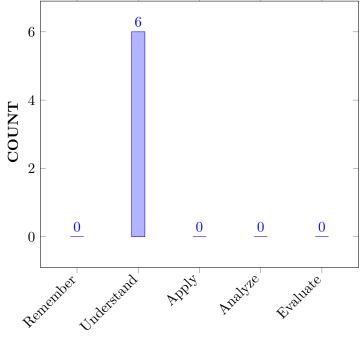
Ι	Facilitate computer-assisted multi-media instructions to make possible individualized
	and independent language learning.
II	The critical aspect of speaking and reading for interpreting in-depth meaning of the
	sentences.
III	Use language appropriately for social interactions such as public speaking, group
	discussions and interviews.
IV	Habituate using English speech sounds, word accent, intonation and rhythm.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Discuss the prime necessities of listening skill for improving pronunciation in academic and non-academic purposes.	Understand
CO 2	Summarize the knowledge of English phonetics for speaking accepted language and describe the procedure of phonemic transcriptions and intonation patterns.	Understand
CO 3	Express about necessity of stressed and unstressed syllables in a word with appropriate length and clarity.	Understand
CO 4	Explain how writing skill fulfill the academic and non-academic requirements of various written communicative functions.	Understand
CO 5	Generalize appropriate concepts and methods from a variety of disciplines to solve problems effectively and creatively.	Understand
CO 6	Classify the roles of collaboration, risk-taking, multi-disciplinary awareness, and the imagination in achieving creative responses to problems.	Understand

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	3	Day-to-day evaluation / CIE/SEE
PO 10	Communicate: effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions (Communication).	5	Day-to-day evaluation / CIE/SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	-	-
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs.	_	_
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 10	Discuss the heeds of functional grammar and punctuation tools in speaking and writing by generating the clarity of an audio text.	5
CO 2	PO 9	Define the meaning of individual work and team work and also participate effectively to develop leadership qualities among the diverse teams in multidisciplinary settings.	5
CO 3	PO 10	Describe the clarity of grammatical usage and the obligation of punctuation marks in speaking and writing .	5

CO 4	PO 10	Choose suitable grammatical structures and punctuation marks at speaking and writing areas maintaining clarity at professional platform.	5
CO 5	PO 10	Interpret the grammatical knowledge and punctuation marks systematically towards providing the clarity in speaking and writing .	5
CO 6	PO 10	Demonstrate the role of grammar and punctuation marks understanding the meaning between the sentences as well as paragraphs in speaking or writing for a clarity .	5

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRAM OUTCOMES			PSO'S
OUTCOMES	PO 9	PO 10	-	PSO
CO 1	-	5	-	-
CO 2	3	-	-	-
CO 3	-	5	-	-
CO 4	-	5	-	-
CO 5	-	5	-	-
CO 6	-	5	-	

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

Laboratory	PO 9, PO 10	Student Viva	PO 9, PO 10	Certification	-
Practices					
Assignments	-	-	-	-	

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	INTRODUCTION ABOUT ELCS LAB
	Introducing Self and Introducing Others – feedback.
WEEK II	INTRODUCTION TO PHONETICS AND PRACTICING
	CONSONANTS
	Describing a person or place or a thing using relevant adjectives – feedback.
WEEK III	PRACTICING VOWEL SOUNDS.
	JAM Sessions using public address system.
WEEK IV	STRUCTURE OF SYLLABLES.
	Giving directions with help of using appropriate phrases – activities.
WEEK V	WORD ACCENT AND STRESS SHIFTS. – PRACTICE
	EXERCISES.
	Starting a conversation, developing and closing appropriately using fixed
	expressions
WEEK VI	PAST TENSE AND PLURAL MARKERS.
	Role Play activities.
WEEK VII	WEAK FORMS AND STRONG FORMS.
	Oral Presentation
WEEK VIII	INTRODUCTION TO INTONATION- USES OF INTONATION -
	TYPES OF INTONATION- PRACTICE EXERCISES.
	Expressions In Various Situations.
WEEK IX	NEUTRALIZATION OF MOTHER TONGUE INFLUENCE (MTI).
	Sharing Summaries Or Reviews On The Topics Of Students' Choice.
WEEK X	COMMON ERRORS IN PRONUNCIATION AND
	PRONUNCIATION PRACTICE THROUGH TONGUE
	TWISTERS.
	Interpretation Of Proverbs And Idioms.
WEEK XI	LISENING COMPREHENSION.
	Etiquettes.

WEEK XII	TECHNIQUES AND METHODS TO WRITE SUMMARIES AND REVIEWS OF VIDEOS.
	Writing Messages, Leaflets And Notices Etc.
WEEK XIII	COMMON ERRORS.
	Resume Writing.
WEEK XIV	INTRODUCTION TO WORD DICTIONARY.
	Group Discussions – Video Recording – Feedback.
WEEK XV	INTRODUCTION TO CONVERSATION SKILLS.
	Mock Interviews.

TEXTBOOKS

1. ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND COMMUNICATION SKILLS: LAB MANUAL

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. . Meenakshi Raman, Sangeetha Sharma, "Technical Communication Principles and Practices", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2015.
- 2. Rhirdion, Daniel, "Technical Communication", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 1st Edition, 2009.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Introduction About Elcs Lab, Introducing Self And Introducing Others – Feedback.	CO 2	R1: 1.2
2	Introduction To Phonetics And Practicing Consonants, Describing A Person Or Place Or A Thing Using Relevant Adjectives – Feedback.	CO 2	R2: 25-30
3	Practicing Vowel Sounds, Jam Sessions Using Public Address System.	CO 2	R1: 28- 29,49-54
4	Structure Of Syllables, Giving Directions With Help Of Using Appropriate Phrases – Activities.	CO 3	R1: 23-38
5	Word Accent And Stress Shifts. – Practice Exercises, Starting A Conversation, Developing And Closing Appropriately Using Fixed Expressions.	CO 3	R1: 2.4
6	Past Tense And Plural Markers,	CO 2	R3: 4.5
7	Weak Forms And Strong Forms, Oral Presentation.	CO 2	R3: 4.6
8	Introduction To Intonation- Uses Of Intonation - Types Of Intonation- Practice Exercises, Expressions In Various Situations.	CO 2	R2: 39-42
9	Neutralization Of Mother Tongue Influence (Mti), Sharing Summaries Or Reviews On The Topics Of Students' Choice.	CO 2	R2: 5.2
10	Common Errors In Pronunciation And Pronunciation Practice Through Tongue Twisters, Interpretation Of Proverbs And Idioms.	CO 2	R1:42-43
11	Lisening Comprehension, Etiquettes	CO 5	R1:44-48

12	Techniques And Methods To Write Summaries And Reviews Of Videos, Writing Messages, Leaflets And Notices Etc.	CO 4	R1:107- 110
13	Common Errors, Resume Writing.	CO 4	R1:7.3
14	Introduction To Word Dictionary, Group Discussions – Video Recording – Feedback.	CO 5	R1:7.3
15	Introduction To Conversation Skills, Mock Interviews.	CO 6	R1: 54-58

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments.			
1	Effective listening skills can be used in professional and personal platforms in			
	future.			
2	By learning LSRW skills, students can enhance desired language skills to			
	fulfill their needs.			
3	Practicing presentation skills will boost confidence at work place.			
4	The overall experiments of the laboratory will lead to be an effective			
	communicator.			
5	The Students will develop critical comprehensive skills to solve the career			
	related problems in future.			

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. M.Sailaja, Associate Professor HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	PHYSICS LA	PHYSICS LABORATORY			
Course Code	AHSC05	AHSC05			
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech			
Semester	II	CSIT			
Course Type	FOUNDATION	FOUNDATION			
Regulation	IARE - UG 20				
	Theory Practic			tical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	-	-	-	3	1.5
Course Coordinator	Mr. K Saibaba,	Mr. K Saibaba, Assistant Professor			

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

This lab course provides hands on experience in a number of experimental techniques and develops competenceintheinstrumentation ypically used in physics. This also develops student's expertise in applying physical concepts to practical problem and in learning about experimental techniques with advanced equipments. This laboratory includes experiments involving electromagnetism and optoelectronics.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
-	-	-	Basic principles of physics	1.5

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Physics laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video		Lab Worksheets		Viva Questions		Probing Further
\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark	Experiments

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day-to-day performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE):The semester end lab examination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS.

	Experiment Based	Programming based	
20 %	Objective Purpose Analysis Algorithm		
20 %			
20 %	Design	Programme	
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion	
20 %	Viva	Viva	

The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component	Labor	Total Marks		
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment		
CIA Marks	20	10	30	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

A. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

B. Programming Based

Purpose	Algorithm	Program	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

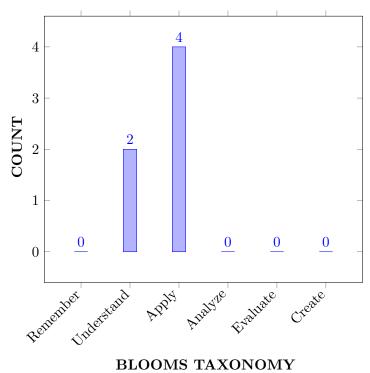
Ι	To familiarize with the lab facilities, equipment, standard operating procedures.
II	About the different kinds of functional electric and magnetic materials which paves a way for them to use in various technical and engineering applications.
III	The analytical techniques and graphical analysis to study the experimental data for optoelectronic devices.
IV	The applications of variation in the intensity of light due to natural phenomena like interference and diffraction.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Identify the type of semiconductor using the principle of Hall Effect and	Apply
	also determine the energy gap of a semiconductor diode.	11.5
CO 2	Illustrate principle, working and application of wave propagation and	Understand
	compare results with theoretical harmonics and overtones.	
CO 3	Investigate the energy losses associated with a given Ferro magnetic	Apply
	material and also magnetic field induction produced at various points	
	along the axis of current carrying coil.	
CO 4	Examine launching of light through optical fiber from the concept of	Understand
	light gathering capacity of numerical aperture.	
CO 5	Utilize the phenomena of interference and diffraction for the	Apply
	determination of various parameters like radius of curvature of convex	
	lens, wavelength of laser light and width of single slit.	
CO 6	Investigate V-I/L-I characteristics of various optoelectronic devices like	Apply
	Light Emitting Diode, Photodiode to understand their basic principle of	
	functioning as well as to infer the value of Planck's constant.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	2	Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations.
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	Laboratory experiments, internal and external lab examinations.

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Identify basic principle of Hall effect and make use of mathematical expression for Hall coefficient to deduce the type of semiconductor.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement of identification of type of semiconductor and formulate Hall coefficient from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results.	4
	PO 1	Determine the energy gap of a semiconductor diode by making use of graphical analysis of current versus temperature curve.	2

CO 2	PO 1	Recall the theory of propagation of longitudinal and transverse waves and make use of number of loops formation in string to determine frequency of an electronically maintained tuning fork.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement of stationary wave propagation and formulate harmonics and overtones of fundamental frequency from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results.	4
CO 3	PO 1	Explain the variation of magnetic field at various points along the axis of current carrying coil and make use of mathematical expression of Tangent's law using Stewart Gee's apparatus.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement of current loop and formulate magnetic field induction at various points along the axis of current loop from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results.	4
	PO 1	Investigate the energy losses associated with a given ferromagnetic material and make use of graphical representation of hysteresis loop exhibited by magnetic material.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement of energy losses associated with a given ferromagnetic material and formulate hysteresis loop from experimental collection of information and data in reaching substantial conclusions by the interpretation of results.	4
	PO 4	Apply simulation tool to get hysteresis curve of a ferromagnetic material and understand energy losses associated with material.	1
	PSO 3	Make use of modern simulation tool to get information about energy losses associated with a ferromagnetic material.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Interpret launching of light through optical fiber and make use of mathematical expression for analyzing light gathering capacity through numerical aperture.	2
	PO 4	Make use of optical fiber trainer kit and understand conversion of electrical to light energy.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Explain the concept of interference in Newton's rings and make use of it to determine the radius of curvature of convex lens.	2
	PO 4	Make use of microscope to get Newton's rings and understand the phenomenon of interference in reflected light.	1
	PO 1	Recollect the phenomena of diffraction from N-slits and make use of it for the determination of wavelength of a given laser.	1

	PO 1	Understand the phenomenon of single slit diffraction and make use of it to determine the slit width by using laser light as monochromatic source.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Explain the V-I characteristics of light emitting diode and infer the value of planck's constant by plotting temperature versus current curve.	2
	PO 1	Understand the phenomenon of recombination of electron-hole pair and determine the value of threshold voltage of a given LED.	2
	PO 1	Illustrate the variation of photo current with light intensity in a photo diode.	1

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRAM OUTC	PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	PO 1	PO 2	PO 4	PSO 3
CO 1	3	2	-	-
CO 2	3	2	1	-
CO 3	3	-	-	1
CO 4	3	2	1	-
CO 5	3	-	1	-
CO 6	3	2	1	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams		SEE Exams		Seminars	-
	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Laboratory Practices	✓	Student Viva	1	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	1	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	X Assessment of Mini Projects by Expe		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK 1	HAL LEFFECT (LORENTZFORCE)
	Determination of charge carrier density.
WEEK 2	MELDE'S EXPERIMENT
	Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork
WEEK 3	STEWART GEE'S APPARATUS
	Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil – Stewart and Gee's method.
WEEK 4	B-H CURVE WITH CRO
	To determine the value of retentivity and coercivity of a given magnetic material.
WEEK 5	ENERGY GAP OF A SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE
	Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor diode.
WEEK 6	PHOTO DIODE
	Studying V-I characteristics of Photo Diode.
WEEK 7	OPTICAL FIBER
	Evaluation of numerical aperture of a given optical fiber.
WEEK 8	WAVELENGTH OF LASER LIGHT
	Determination of wavelength of a given laser light using diffraction grating.
WEEK 9	PLANK'S CONSTANT
	Determination of Plank's constant using LED.
WEEK 10	LIGHT EMITTING DIODE
	Studying V-I Characteristics of LED.
WEEK 11	NEWTONS RINGS
	Determination of radius of curvature of a given plano - convex lens.
WEEK 12	SINGLE SLIT DIFFRACTION
	Determination of width of a given single slit.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. 1 CL Arora, "Practical Physics", S Chand and Co., New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2012.
- 2. 2 Vijay Kumar, Dr. T. Radha krishna, "Practical Physics for Engineering Students", S M Enterprises, 2nd Edition, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. 1 CF Coombs,"Basic Electronic Instrument Handbook", McGraw HillBookCo.,1972.
- 2. 2 CH Bernardand CD Epp, John Wiley and Sons, " Laboratory Experiments in College Physics" Inc., NewYork, 1995.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Determination of charge carrier density.	CO 1	T1:13.5
2	Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork.	CO 2	T1:13.5
3	Determination of Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil – Stewart and Gee's method.	CO 3, CO 4	TT1:14.7
4	Determination of the energy loss per unit volume of a given magnetic material per cycle by tracing the Hysteresis loop.	CO 3	T1:15.7
5	Determination of energy gap of a semiconductor diode.	CO 1	T1:16.8
6	Studying V-I Characteristics of Photo Diode.	CO 6	T1:16.9
7	Evaluation of numerical aperture of a given optical fiber.	CO 4	T1:17.9
8	Determination of wavelength of a given laser light using diffraction grating.	CO 5	T1:18.10
9	Determination of Plank's constant using LED.	CO 6	T1:19.10
10	Studying V-I characteristics of LED	CO 6	T1:19.9
11	Determination of radius of curvature of a given Plano-convex lens.	CO 5	T1:23.10
12	Determination of width of a given single slit.	CO 5	T1:23.10

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments			
1	To determine the wavelength of different colored light using white light source by			
	Newton's ring method			
2	To study the bending losses and transmission losses of an optical Fiber			
3	To observe the dispersion of prism by using spectrometer.			
4	Study the characteristics of Laser diode.			
5	To illustrate the interference pattern produced from the air wedge.			
6	To determine the voltage current characteristics of solar cell			

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr.K Saibaba, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	PROGRAM	PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING LABORATORY				
Course Code	ACSC03					
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	II	CSIT				
Course Type	Foundation					
Regulation	IARE - R20					
		Theory			Practical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	-	-	-	3	1.5	
Course Coordinator	Mr. Ravinder	Mr. Ravinder, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course covers the basics of programming and demonstrates fundamental programming techniques, customs and terms including the most common library functions and the usage of the preprocessor. This course helps the students in gaining the knowledge to write simple C language applications, mathematical and engineering problems. This course helps to undertake future courses that assume this programming language as a background in computer programming. Topics include variables, data types, functions, control structures, pointers, strings, arrays and dynamic allocation principles. This course in reached to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Leve	el	Course Code Semester		Prerequisites	
B.Tee	ch	ACSB02	II	-	

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	oject SEE Examination		Total Marks	
Computer Programming Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video		Lab		Viva		Probing further Questions
\checkmark		\checkmark	Worksheets	\checkmark	Questions	\checkmark	

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end laberamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based	
20 %	Objective	Objective Purpose	
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm	
20 %	Design	Programme	
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion	
20 %	Viva	Viva	

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Day to day Final internal lab	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	The hands on experience in design, develop, implementation and evaluation by using Asymptotic notation.
II	The demonstration knowledge of basic abstract data types (ADT) and associated algorithms for organizing programs into modules using criteria that are based on the data structures of the program.

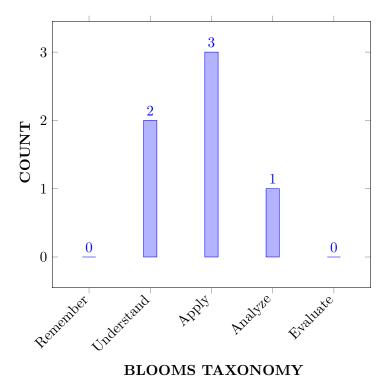
III	The practical implementation and usage of non linear data structures for solving problems of different domain.
IV	The knowledge of more sophisticated data structures to solve problems involving
	balanced binary search trees, AVL Trees, B-trees and B+ trees, hashing.
V	The graph traversals algorithms to solve real-world challenges such as finding shortest
	paths on huge maps and assembling genomes from millions of pieces

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate problem solving steps in terms of algorithms, pseudocode and flowcharts for Mathematical and Engineering problems	Understand
CO 2	Make use the concept of operators, precedence of operators, conditional statements and looping statements to solve real time applications.	Apply
CO 3	Demonstrate the concept of pointers, arrays and perform pointer arithmetic, and use the pre-processor.m.	Understand
CO 4	Analyze the complexity of problems, modularize the problems into small modules and then convert them into programs.	Apply
CO 5	Implement the programs with concept of file handling functions and pointer with real time applications of C.	Apply
CO 6	Explore the concepts of searching and sorting methods with real time applications using c	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	2	Viva- voce/Laboratory Practices
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	2	Viva- voce/Laboratory Practices
PO 3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	2	Viva- voce/Laboratory Practices
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage:Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2	Viva- voce/Laboratory Practices
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2	Viva- voce/Laboratory Practices
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2	Viva- voce/Laboratory Practices

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2	Viva-voce Laboratory Practices
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs .	2	Viva-voce Laboratory Practices

PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	2	Viva-voce
	information technology in creating innovative career		Laboratory
	paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork		Practices
	towards Continuous Learning		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the basic concept of algorithm analysis which provides theoretical estimates for the resources needed by any algorithm for a given computational problem. These estimates provide an insight into reasonable directions of search for efficient algorithms by applying the principles of mathematics and science	3
	PO 5	Understand the (given knowledge) appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineerig activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3
CO 2	PO 1	Understand (knowledge)the basic concept of algorithm analysis which provides theoretical estimates for the resources needed by any algorithm for a given computational problem. These estimates provide an insight into reasonable directions of search for efficient algorithms by applying the principles of mathematics and science .	3
	PO 5	Understand the (knowledge) appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2
CO 3	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the basic concept of algorithm analysis which provides theoretical estimates for the resources needed by any algorithm for a given computational problem. These estimates provide an insight into reasonable directions of search for efficient algorithms by applying the principles of mathematics and science .	3
	PO 5	Understand the (knowledge) appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3
CO 4	PO 1	Describe (knowledge) the use sorting techniques as a basic building block in algorithm design and problem solving using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 5	Understand the knowledge appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2

	PO 10	Apply (knowledge) concept of dimensional analysis and similarity parameters for predicting physical parameters (understanding) for the fluid flow analysis used in designing prototypes devices (apply) solving design problems by applying the communicating effectively with engineering community.	3
CO 5	PO 1	Outline the importance of searching algorithms to retrieve an element from any data structure where it is stored by understanding and applying the fundamentals of mathematics, science and engineering.	3
	PO 10	Understand the use of searching techniques that retrieve information stored within some data structure by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
CO 6	PO 1	Outline the importance of searching algorithms to retrieve an element from any data structure where it is stored by understanding and applying the fundamentals of mathematics, science and engineering	2
	PO 10	Understand the use of searching techniques that retrieve information stored within some data structure by communicating effectively with engineering communit.	3
CO 7	PO 1	Make use of linear data structures to organize the data in a particular way so to use them in the most effective way by applying the basic knowledge of mathematics , science, engineering fundamentals	2
	PO 2	Build strong foundation of data Structures which tells the program how to store data in memory and forming some relations among the data and use them in design and development of new products.	2
	PO 3	Recognize the need of linear data structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue by designing solutions for complex Engineering problems in real-time.	1
	PSO 1	Acquire sufficient knowledge to develop real-time applications by making use of linear data structures in (career building and higher studies.	3
CO 8	PO 1	Describe (knowledge) the usage of data structures in organizing, managing, and storing different data formats that enables efficient access and modification by applying the fundamentals of mathematics , science, and engineering.	3
	PO 5	(Modern Tool Usage:)Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	

	PO 3	Understand the applications of basic data structures such as stacks, queues, linked lists in (designing and developing solutions of complex engineering applications.	4
	PSO 1	Make use of modern computer tools for applying the basic data structure concepts in building real-time applications for a successful career.	
CO 9	PO 1	Apply the sophisticated hierarchical data structures to organize keys in form of a tree to use in many real-life applications by using the principles of mathematics and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Make use of non-linear data structures such as balanced trees in by identifying , formulating and analyzing complex engineering problems such as databases, syntax tree in compilers and domain name servers etc. with the help of basic mathematics and engineering sciences .	3
	PO 3	Extend the concept of tree data structures to design and develop solutions for complex engineering problems .	3
	PSO 1	Make use of modern computer tools in implementing non-linear data structures for various applications to become a successful professional in the domain.	3
CO 10	PO 1	Demonstrate different tree structures in Python to implement real-time problems by applying basic knowledge of science and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Illustrate the importance of tree data structures used for various applications by identifying, formulating and analyzing complex engineering problems such as operating systems and compiler design.	3
	PO 3	Make use of tree data structures to design and develop solutions for complex engineering problems and which is the key organizing factor in software design. Data structures can be used to organize the storage and retrieval of information stored in both main memory and secondary memory.	3
	PSO 1	Acquire sufficient knowledge in field of data structures and its applications by using modern computer tools so that new product development can take place, which leads to become successful entrepreneur and or to obtain higher education.	3
CO 11	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the benefits of dynamic and static data structures implementations and choose appropriate data structure for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Recognize the need of dynamic and static data structures in identifying, formulating and analyzing complex engineering problems.	3

	PO 3 Describe (knowledge) the usage of static and dynamic data structures in designing solutions for complex Engineering problems.		3
	PSO 1	Build sufficient knowledge of dynamic data structures by using modern tools so that new product can be developed, which leads to become successful entrepreneur in the present market.	3
CO 12	PO 1	Build strong foundation of quickly determining the efficiency of an algorithm or data structure for solving computing problems with respect to performance by using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2 Recognize the importance of suitable data structures in checking the efficiency of algorithms used for complex engineering problems.		3
	PO 3		
	PSO 1	Extend the concept of data structures in solving complex engineering problems using modern engineering tools to become a successful professional in the domain.	3

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRAM	PROGRAM OUTCOMES					
OUTRCOMES	PO 2	PO 3	PO 5	PO 10	PSO 1		
CO 1	3			2			
CO 2	3			2			
CO 3	3			2	3		
CO 4	3			2	2		
CO 5	2				2		
CO 6	3				2		
CO 7	3	2	2		2		
CO 8	3		3	2	2		
CO 9	2	2	3		2		
CO 10	2	3	2		2		
CO 11	3	2	2		2		
CO 12	2	2	3		3		

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	✓	End Semester OBE Feedback
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	SEARCHING TECHNIQUES			
	Write python program for implementing the following searching techniques. a. Linear search. b. Binary search. c. Fibonacci search.			
WEEK II	SORTING TECHNIQUES			
	Write Python programs for implementing the following sorting techniques to arrange a list of integers in ascending order. a. Bubble sort. b. Insertion sort. c. Selection sort.			
WEEK III	SORTING TECHNIQUES			
	Write Python programs for implementing the following sorting techniques to arrange a list of integers in ascending order. a. Quick sort. b. Merge sort.			
WEEK IV	IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK AND QUEUE			
	Write Python programs to a. Design and implement Stack and its operations using Lists. b. Design and implement Queue and its operations using Lists			
WEEK V	APPLICATIONS OF STACK			
	Write Python programs for the following: a. Uses Stack operations to convert infix expression into postfix expression. b. Uses Stack operations for evaluating the postfix expression.			
WEEK VI	IMPLEMENTATION OF SINGLE LINKED LIST			
	Write Python programs for the following: a. Uses functions to perform the following operations on single linked list. (i) Creation (ii) insertion (iii) deletion (iv) traversal b. To store a polynomial expression in memory using linked list.			
WEEK VII	IMPLEMENTATION OF CIRCULAR SINGLE LINKED LIST			
	Write Python programs for the following: Uses functions to perform the following operations on Circular linked list. (i) Creation (ii) insertion (iii) deletion (iv) traversal .			
WEEK VIII	IMPLEMENTATION OF DOUBLE LINKED LIST			
	Write Python programs for the following: Uses functions to perform the following operations on double linked list. (i) Creation (ii) insertion (iii) deletion (iv) traversal in both ways .			
WEEK IX	IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK USING LINKED LIST			
	Write Python programs to implement stack using linked list.			
WEEK X	MPLEMENTATION OF QUEUE USING LINKED LIST			
	Write Python programs to implement queue using linked list			
WEEK XI	GRAPH TRAVERSAL TECHNIQUES			
	Write Python programs to implement the following graph traversal algorithms: a. Depth first search. b. Breadth first search.			

WEEK XII	IMPLEMENTATION OF BINARY SEARCH TREE
	Write a Python program that uses functions to perform the following: a.
	Create a binary search tree. b. Traverse the above binary search tree
	recursively in pre-order, post-order and in-order. Count the number of nodes
	in the binary search tree.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Sutton, G.P., et al., —Rocket Propulsion Elements, John Wiley Sons Inc., New York, 1993
- 2. Martin J.L Turner, Rocket Space Craft Propulsion, Springers oraxis publishing, 2001

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Mathur, M., and Sharma, R.P., —Gas Turbines and Jet and Rocket Propulsion, Standard Publishers, New Delhi 1998
- 2. Cornelisse, J.W., Rocket Propulsion and Space Dynamics, J.W., Freeman & Co. Ltd., London, 1982.
- 3. Parker, E.R., Materials for Missiles and Spacecraft, McGraw-Hill Book Co. Inc., 1982.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Calibration of Venturimeter and Orifice meter.	CO 1	R1: 1.2
2	Determination of pipe flow losses in rectangular and circular pipes.	CO 2	R2: 3.5
3	Verification of Bernoulli's theorem	CO 3	R1: 3.4
4	Determination of Reynolds Number of fluid flow	CO 4	R1: 2.2
5	Determine the reaction forces produced by the change in momentum.	CO 5	R1: 2.4
6	Determine the efficiency and draw the performance curves of centrifugal pump.	CO 6	R3: 4.5
7	Determine the efficiency and draw the performance curves of reciprocating pump.	CO 6	R3: 4.6
8	Determine the performance characteristics of pelton wheel under constant head.	CO 6	R2: 5.1
9	Determine the performance characteristics of Francis turbine.	CO 6	R2: 5.2
10	Determine the rate of flow through weir.	CO 7	R1: 7.1
11	Determine the rate of flow through Nothches.	CO 7	R1:7.2
12	Determine the rate of flow through a Orifice meter	CO 7	R1:7.3

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments		
1	Twin vortex formation: Demonstration of twin vortex formation and calculation		
	of vortex size for different geometries.		

2	Open channel: Demonstration of streamline at different angle of attack and calculation of separation point for different Reynolds number.
3	Capillary action: By modeling capillary action using two cups of water and a paper towel, you'll gain a better understanding of the importance of this process in trees.
4	Buoyancy Calculation of meta center and displacement volume for various geometries and materials.
5	Flow through pipes: Encourage students to design and analyze flow through pipes using ANSYS

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr. P Ravinder, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			
Course Title	DISCRE	DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES			
Course Code	AITC01				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	III	III			
Course Type	Core	Core			
Regulation	R-20	R-20			
		Theory		P	ractical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	1	4	-	-
Course Coordinator	Mrs .V D	Mrs .V Divyavani, Assistant Professor			

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSC08	II	Probability and statistics

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The purpose of this course is to provide a clear understanding of the concepts that underlying fundamentals with emphasis on their applications to computer science. It highlights mathematical definitions and proofs as well as applicable methods. The contents include formal logic notation, proof methods; induction, well- ordering; sets, relations; growth of functions; permutations and combinations, counting principles, recurrence equations, trees and more general graphs.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks		
Discrete Mathematical Structures	70 Marks	30 Marks	100		

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
40 %	Understand
50 %	Apply
0 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
	Total Marks		100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

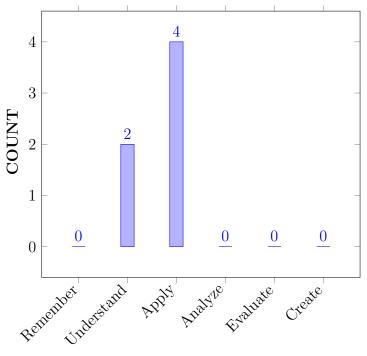
Ι	The fundamental knowledge of statement notations and logical connectives which are used to convert English sentences into logical expressions.
II	The effective use of combinatory principles for calculating probabilities and solving counting problems.
III	The characteristics of generating functions for finding the solution of linear homogeneous recurrence relations.
IV	The effective use of graph theory in subsequent fields of study such as computer networks, and algorithms for solving real world engineering problems.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Make use of mathematical definitions and its notations for	Apply
	reformulating statements in formal logic and validating normal forms.	
CO 2	Demonstrate operations on discrete mathematical structures like sets,	Understand
	functions, lattices for representing the relations among them.	
CO 3	Illustrate rings, integral domains, and field structures with binary	Understand
	operations defined on them.	
CO 4	Apply addition rule and substitution rule for solving the problems of	Apply
	combinatorics.	
CO 5	Develop solutions for recurrence relations and generating functions	Apply
	to obtain terms of equation.	
CO 6	Identify appropriate algorithms of graphs and trees for finding	Apply
	shortest path.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	SEE / CIE / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems, networking devices, search engines, soft computing and intelligent systems, web browsers,	3	SEE/AAT
	and knowledge discovery tools.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO						
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Apply the logical statements for the given problem with the help of truth tables and properties of logic by applying the mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PSO 1	Remember the basic of properties of logic for designing algorithms, system software and knowledge discovery tools.	3
CO 2	PO 1	Make use of lattices, its properties and types for representing the finite sets in multidimensional applications by understanding mathematical principles, engineering principles specific to computer science and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and develop the solution using recursive and inverse functions from the provided information and interpret of results.	4
	PSO 1	Make use of computational and experimental tools for creating system software, in data science and desire for higher studies in field of machine Learning and networking concepts	3
CO 3	PO 1	Apply the rules of inference, principle of inclusion and exclusion and automatic theorem for finding the proof of arguments by understanding mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and choose appropriate technique (problem formulation) of lattices for solving the given problem from the provided Information and data in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	4
	PSO 1	Solve the given problem, use creativity in applying the methods of graph models for innovative solutions and understand the economic context of the model analysis	4
CO 4	PO 1	Make use of lattices, its properties and types for representing the finite sets in multidimensional applications by understanding mathematical principles, engineering principles specific to computer science and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and choose the suitable method of probability (problem formulation) for solving the given problem related to engineering from the provided information and data.	3
CO 5	PO 1	Make use of lattices, its properties and types for representing the finite sets in multidimensional applications by understanding mathematical principles, engineering principles specific to computer science and scientific principles.	3

[4
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and develop the solution using recursive and inverse functions from the provided information and interpret of results.	4
	PO 3	Understand the user needs of given problem, use creativity in applying the methods of graph models for innovative solutions, evaluate the solution of the model, and understand the economic context of the model analysis.	5
	PSO 1	Analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	6
CO 6	PO 1	Make use of lattices, its properties and types for representing the finite sets in multidimensional applications by understanding mathematical principles, engineering principles specific to computer science and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and choose appropriate technique (problem formulation) of lattices for solving the given problem from the provided Information and data in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	4
	PO 3	Understand the user needs of given problem, use creativity in applying the methods of graph models for innovative solutions, evaluate the solution of the model, and understand the economic context of the model analysis.	5
	PSO 1	solve the given problem, use creativity in applying the methods of graph models for innovative solutions and understand the economic context of the model analysis.	4

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES							PSO'S						
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	-	-
CO 2	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 3	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
CO 4	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-
CO 6	3	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		4	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES							PSO'S						
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		50.0	-	-
CO 2	100.0	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50.0	-	-
CO 3	66.7	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66.7	-	-
CO 4	100.0	30.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	100.0	40.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-
CO 6	100.0	40.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		66.7	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES						PSO'S							
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	3	-	-
CO 4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 6	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	-	-
TOTAL	18	9	4	-	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	13	-	-
AVERAGE	3.0	1.8	2.0	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2.6	-	-
													-		

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	\checkmark
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	_	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	-	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	MATHEMATICAL LOGIC AND PREDICATES
	Mathematical logic: Statements and notations, connectives, well-formed formulas, truth tables, tautology, equivalence implication; Normal forms: Disjunctive normal forms, conjunctive normal forms, principle disjunctive normal forms, principle conjunctive normal forms; Predicate calculus: Predicative logic, statement functions, variables and quantifiers, free and bound variables, rules of inference, consistency, proof of contradiction, automatic theorem proving.
MODULE II	RELATIONS, FUNCTIONS AND LATTICES
	Relations: Properties of binary relations, equivalence, compatibility and partial ordering relations, lattices, Hasse diagram; Functions: Inverse function, composition of functions, recursive functions; Lattices: Lattices as partially ordered sets; Definition and examples, properties of lattices, sub lattices, some special lattices
MODULE III	ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES AND COMBINATORICS
	Algebraic structures: Algebraic systems, examples and general properties, semi groups and monoids, groups, sub groups, homomorphism, isomorphism, rings. Combinatory: The fundamental counting principles, permutations, disarrangements, combinations, permutations and combinations with repetitions, the binomial theorem, multinomial theorem, generalized inclusion exclusion principle
MODULE IV	RECURRENCE RELATION
	Recurrence relation: Generating functions, function of sequences calculating coefficient of generating function, recurrence relations, solving recurrence relation by substitution and generating functions, Characteristics roots solution of homogeneous recurrence relation.
MODULE V	GRAPHS AND TREES
	Graphs: Basic concepts of graphs, isomorphic graphs, Euler graphs, Hamiltonian graphs, planar graphs, graph coloring, digraphs, directed acyclic graphs, weighted digraphs, region graph, chromatic numbers; Trees: Trees, spanning trees, minimal spanning trees.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. J. P. Tremblay, R. Manohar, "Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science", Tata McGraw Hill, India, 1st Edition, 1997.
- 2. Joe L. Mott, Abraham Kandel, Theodore P. Baker, "Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematics", Prentice Hall of India Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, India, 2nd Edition, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Kenneth H. Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, India, 6th Edition, 2012.
- 2. D S Chandrashekaraiah, "Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science (Discrete Structures)", Prism Books Pvt. Ltd., 2nd Reprint, 2007.
- 3. C. L. Liu, D. P. Mohapatra, "Elements of Discrete Mathematics", Tata McGraw-Hill, India, 3rd Edition, 2008.

- 4. Ralph P. Grimaldi, B. V. Ramana, "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics An Applied Introduction", Pearson Education, India, 5th Edition, 2011.
- 5. D. S. Malik, M. K. Sen, "Discrete Mathematical Structures: Theory and Applications", Thomson Course Technology, India, 1st Edition, 2004.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. http://www.web.stanford.edu/class/cs103x
- 2. http://www.saylor.org/course/cs202/.
- 3. http://www.cse.iitd.ernet.in/ bagchi/courses/discrete-book

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=course/details & course_id=413

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSS	SION	
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms.iare.ac.in/index ?route=course/details& course id=413
	CONTENT DELIVERY	Y (THEORY)	
1-3	Describe the statements and notations, connectives	CO 1	T1:1.1,1.2
4-6	Explain well-formed formulas, truth tables, tautology	CO 1	T1: 1.2.7, 1.2.8
7	Explain equivalence implications, DNF, CNF, PDNF, and PCNF.	CO 1	T1:1.2.9, 1.2.11, 1.3
$\frac{8 - 14}{14}$	Illustrate predicative logic, statement functions, variables and quantifiers, free and bound variables, rules of inference, consistency	CO 2, CO 3	T1:1.5, 1.4.2,1.4.3
15-20	Demonstrate proof of contradiction, automatic theorem proving, properties of binary relations, equivalence, transitive closure, Compatibility and partial ordering relations.	CO 2	T1:1.4.3, 1.4.4, 2.3.1, 2.3.2,2.3.6, 2.3.7,2.3.8
21-25	Find Lattices, Hasse diagram, and inverse function composition of functions, recursive functions, Lattices as partially ordered sets; Definition and examples, properties of lattices, lattices as algebraic systems, sub lattices, direct product and homomorphism, some special lattices.	CO 2	R2:4.3 T1:2.4.1, 2.4.2,2.4.3, 4.1

00.00		CO 2	T 1 2 1 2 2 D 1 C 2 C 0
26-29	Demonstrate Algebraic systems, examples	CO 3	T1:3.1,3.2 R1:6.2-6.8
	and general properties, semi groups and monoids, groups and subgroups,		
	homomorphism, isomorphism, rings.		
30-35	Apply the fundamental counting principles,	CO 4	R1: 7.1-7.6
	permutations, disarrangements,		
	combinations, permutations and		
	combinations with repetitions, the binomial		
	theorem, multinomial theorem, generalized		
	inclusion exclusion principle.		
36-38	Describe generating functions, function of	CO 5	R2:8.1
	sequences calculating coefficient of		
	generating function.		
39-44	Solve recurrence relations, solving	CO 5	R2:8.2, 8.3
	recurrence relation by substitution and		
	generating funds, Characteristics roots solution of homogeneous recurrence relation		
45-48	Explain basic concepts of graphs,	CO 6	R2: 9.1-9.3
40-40	isomorphic graphs.		112. 0.1-0.0
49-54	Describe Euler graphs, Hamiltonian graphs,	CO 6	R2: 9.8, 9.9, 10.1, 10.2
	planar graphs, graph coloring.		
55 - 59	Describe digraphs, directed acyclic graphs,	CO 6	T2:5.5, 5.9, 5.10
	weighted digraphs, region graph, and		
	chromatic numbers.		
60	Explain trees, spanning trees, minimal spanning trees.	CO 6	R2:10.4, 10.6,10.7
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ O	CASE STUDIE	ES
1	Problems on Statements and notations	CO1	T2:2.1
2	Problems on connectives	CO1	T2:2.3
3	Problems on well-formed formulas	CO1	T2:2.3.1
4	Problems on truth tables.	CO1	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Problems on tautology.	CO1	T2:10.3.1
6	Problems on Normal forms.	CO 1	T2:13.3.2, 13.4.1
7	Problems on rules of inference	CO1	T2:17.1.1, 17.1.3
8	Problems on Relations.	CO2	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
9	Problems on lattices and Hasse diagram.	CO2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
10	Problems on Functions and Algebraic structures	CO 3,CO4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
11	Problems on Recurrence relation and Generating functions	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
12	Problems on graphs and trees.	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION	AND TERMI	NOLOGY
1	Defines about Set, subset, universal set,	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
	Commutative laws, relation, least upper		
	bound, greatest lower bound, lattice and function		

2	Defines about Proposition, connectives, quantifiers, Propositional Logic, Contingency and implication	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Defines about Algebraic Structure, Semi Group, closure property, group, Abelian Group or Commutative group, ring isomorphism, ideal algebra, zero divisor of a ring	CO 3, CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Recurrence relation, characteristic equation	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Graph, Vertices, Edges, undirected graphs, Cycles, Loop, Graph Coloring, Digraphs, complete bidirected, tournament, Planarity, Degree of a Vertex	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
	DISCUSSION ON QUE	STION BANK	
1	Mathematical logic and predicates	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Relations ,Functions and lattices	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Algebraic Structures and combinatorics	CO3,CO4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Recurrence relations and generating functions	CO5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Graphs and trees	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3

Course Coordinator Mrs V.Divyavani, Assistant Professor HOD,IT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTE	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	COMPUTE	COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND ARCHITECTURE						
Course Code	ACSC07	ACSC07						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	III	III						
Course Type	Core							
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		P	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	3 1 4							
Course Coordinator	Dr. P Cahandana, Associate Professor							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	
B.Tech	ACSOO4	ACSOO4 II PROGRAMING FOR		
			SOLVING	

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course introduces the principles of basic computer organization, CPU organization, and the basic architecture concepts. The course emphasizes performance and cost analysis, instruction set design, register transfer languages, arithmetic, logic and shift micro-operations, pipelining, memory technology, memory hierarchy, virtual memory management, and I/O organization of computer, parallel processing and inter process communication and synchronization.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks		
Computer Organization and Architecture	70 Marks	30 Marks	100		

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
	Presentations						
x	Open Ended Experiments	~	Seminars	x	Mini Project	~	Videos
x	Others	1		1			

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

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CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30			
	AAT-1	5	50			
	AAT-2	5				
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70			
	Total Marks					

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

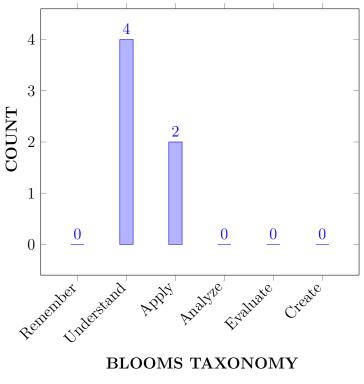
Ι	Understand the organization and architecture of computer systems and electronic computers.
II	Study the assembly language program execution, instruction format and instruction cycle.
III	Design a simple computer using hardwired and micro-programmed control methods.
IV	Study the basic components of computer systems besides the computer arithmetic .
V	Understand input-output organization, memory organization and management, and pipelining.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Illustrate interaction of components in a computer system with functional units and levels of programming languages.	Understand
CO 2	Demonstrate the implementation of micro-operations with the help of register transfer language and electronic circuits.	Understand
CO 3	Identify appropriate addressing modes for specifying the location of an operand.	Apply
CO 4	Make use of number system for data representation and binary arithmetic in digital computers.	Apply
CO 5	Interpret the design of hardwired and micro-programmed control unit for execution of micro programs.	Understand
CO 6	Summarize the concepts of pipelining and interprocess communication for advanced processor design.	Understand

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	1	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 5	Modern tool usage:Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineeringactivities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. 3 = High: 2 = Medium: 1 = Low	2	SEE / CIE / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

P	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	3	CIE/Quiz/ AAT
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research Entrepreneurs	2	CIE/Quiz/ AAT
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	3	CIE/Quiz /AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	\checkmark	-	
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	
CO 4	\checkmark	<	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	<	\checkmark	-	-	
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.		
CO 1	PO 1	Explain the various functional units of Computer with computer science principles.	1		
	PO 2	Explore the types of programming languages for problem identification and to formulate computer science and Engineering Problems.	2		
	PO 3	Evaluate the instruction set architecture based on the cost drivers, integration, manage design process and understand customer needs	4		
	PSO 1 Understand levels of programming languages related to Software.				
	PSO 2	Develop micro programs using instruction set architecture with a major focus on improving software reliability and information retrieval systems.	1		

CO 2	PO1	Explore taxonomy of microoperations and RTL for micro program development by using the mathematical and computer science principles.	2
	PSO 1	Understand the notations of RTL related to Software.	4
	PSO 2	Develop assembly language programs with a major focus on improving software reliability and information retrieval systems.	3
CO 3	PO 1	Select appropriate addressing mode for finding effective address of operand using mathematical and computer science principles	2
	PO 2	Choose appropriate addressing mode for information and data collected from various sources memory locations or registers and perform microoperations and validation the results for interpretation	1
	PO 3	Classify the addressing modes in terms of defining various problems and understanding appropriate codes of practice.	3
	PO 4	Utilize Instruction set architecture of processors for designing assembly language programs through laboratory skills and technical literature.	2
	PO 10	Make use of variety of addressing modes to fetch operands for the development of assembly language program with clarity and semantics or grammar of the assembly language.	2
	PSO 1	Develop applications for specific problems by including huge volume of data and related to Software.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Explain the concept of data representation by applying mathematical and computer science principles.	3
	PO 2	Understand the data representation and computer arithmetic for understanding of appropriate codes to formulate, solve problem, document and interpretation of results.	6
	PO 3	Identify the appropriate representation of data suitable for customer needs, investigation of a problem, identify and manage architecture design process.	4
	PO 4	Communicate effectively in orally and written by comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content, Grammar/Punctuation, appropriate References, good Speaking style and depth in subject matter.	2
	PO 10	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in binary arithmetic and algorithms for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change	3
	PSO 1	Explain the technologies used to represent data and computer arithmetic related to Algorithms and architecture.	1

CO 5	PO 1	Design control unit by considering various issues and types risk assessment and analysis activity to identify and analyze root causes using computer science principles.	1
	PO 2	Design and develop hardwired and micro programmed control units with knowledge and uncertainty of commercial engineering process and management.	2
	PO 3	Design a control memory of system by investigating and defining various problems, understanding user needs.	3
	PO 4	Utilize micro instructions for designing assembly language programs through laboratory skills, technical literature, technical uncertainty and quality issues.	3
	PO 5	Experiment the design of control unit with Computer software or simulation packages.	2
	PO 10	Recognize the need for advanced concepts of control memory design and micro instructions based on micro architecture for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change.	4
	PSO 1	Explain the design issues of control memory and micro instruction format used to develop micro program related to Algorithms and architecture.	1
	PSO 3	Develop micro programs and support design of control memory by using modern computer software and simulation tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Understand the concept of pipelining to improve performance of the system by applying mathematical principles and computer science methodologies.	2
	PO 10	Communicate in written form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation advanced micro architectures with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content, Grammar/Punctuation, good Speaking style	2
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change.	4
	PSO 1	Develop MIMD architecture for optimizing the performance related to Algorithms, Software and Networking.	1
	PSO 3	Recognize importance of pipelining, inter process communication of advanced micro processors for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAP-PING:

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-
CO 2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	_
CO 3	2	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	-	-
CO 4	3	6	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	1	-	-
CO 5	1	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	1	-	1
CO 6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	1	-	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	33.4	20	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.6	50	-
CO 2	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16.6	100	-
CO 3	66.6	20	10	27.3	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	16.6	16.6	-	-
CO 4	100.	060	-	36.4	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	25	16.6	-	-
CO 5	33.4	20	30	27.3	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	33.4	16.6	-	50
CO 6	66.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	33.4	66.7	-	50
	6														

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

- $\mathbf 1$ -5 <C $\leq 40\%$ Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	3
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	3
CO 3	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	-
CO 4	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	-	-
CO 5	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	3
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	3
TOTAL	14	6	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	4	8	-	12
AVERAGE	2.3	1.5	2.6	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1.33	-	3

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	 ✓ 	Assignments	\checkmark
Seminars	\checkmark	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student viva	_	Mini projects	-
Term Paper	-	-	-	-	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback	
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts			

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER ORGANIZATION
	Basic computer organization, CPU organization, memory subsystem organization and interfacing, input or output subsystem organization and interfacing, a simple computer levels of programming languages, assembly language instructions, instruction set architecture design, a simple instruction set.
MODULE II	ORGANIZATION OF A COMPUTER
	Register transfer: Register transfer language, register transfer, bus and memory transfers, arithmetic micro operations, logic micro-operations, shift micro-operations; Control unit: Control memory, address sequencing, micro program example, and design of control unit.
MODULE III	CPU AND COMPUTER ARITHMETIC
	CPU design: Instruction cycle, data representation, memory reference instructions, input-output, and interrupt, addressing modes, data transfer and manipulation, program control. Computer arithmetic: Addition and subtraction, floating point arithmetic operations, decimal arithmetic unit.
MODULE IV	INPUT-OUTPUT ORGANIZATION AND MEMORY ORGANIZATION
	Memory organization: Memory hierarchy, main memory, auxiliary memory, associative memory, cache memory, virtual memory; Input or output organization: Input or output Interface, asynchronous data transfer, modes of transfer, priority interrupt, direct memory access.
MODULE V	MULTIPROCESSORS
	Pipeline: Parallel processing, pipelining-arithmetic pipeline, instruction pipeline; Multiprocessors: Characteristics of multiprocessors, inter connection structures, inter processor arbitration, inter processor communication and synchronization.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. 1. M. Morris Mano, "Computer Systems Architecture", Pearson, 3 rd Edition, 2015.
- 2. 2.John D. Carpinelli, "Computer Systems Organization and Architecture", Pearson, 1 st Edition, 2001.
- 3. 3. Patterson, Hennessy, "Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface", Morgan Kaufmann, 5 th Edition, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. 1. John. P. Hayes, "Computer System Architecture", McGraw-Hill, 3 rd Edition, 1998.
- 2. 2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko G Vranesic, Safwat G Zaky, "Computer Organization", McGraw-Hill, 5 th Edition, 2002.
- 3. 3. William Stallings, "Computer Organization and Architecture", Pearson Edition, 8 th Edition, 2010

WEB REFERENCES:

1. http://www.web.stanford.edu/class/cs103x

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=course/details & course_id=528

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference						
OBE DISCUSSION									
1									
	are planned to achieve stated objectives and outcomes. We will focuses on measuring								
	student performance i.e. outcomes at differen	t levels. Course	e outcomes(CO), Program						
	Outcomes(PO)and Program Specific Outcom	es(PSO) and al	so mapping of CO's to PO's						
	PSO's and their attainments are discussed.								
	CONTENT DELIVER	× .							
1-2	Outline the basic computer organization	CO1	T1: 4.1-4.2,T1: 4.1						
2-3	Understand the CPU organization, memory subsystem organization and interfacing	CO 1	T1: 4.3-4.4						
4-5	Analyze the input or output subsystem organization and interfacing	CO 1,CO6	T1: 3.1-3.2						
5-6	Understand a simple computer levels of programming languages	CO 1	T2: 2.5-2.6,						
7-8	Explain assembly language instructions	CO 2, CO 3	T1:1.5, 1.4.2, 1.4.3						
9	Determine the simple instruction set architecture	CO 2	T2: 7.4						
10-11	Understand the register transfer language, register transfer.	CO 2	T2: 5.6-5.7						
12	Analyze bus and memory transfers	CO 2	T1: 6.7-6.8						
13-15	Explain the arithmetic micro-operations, logic micro-operations, shift micro-operations	CO 2	T2: 8.5-8.7						
16	Understand the control memory	CO 5	T2: 8.6						
17-18	Explain the instruction cycle	CO 2	T2: 10.1-10.5						
19-20	Outline the data representation, memory reference instructions	CO 3	T2: 12.1						
20-21	Analyze input-output, and interrupt, addressing modes	CO 3	T2: 11.2						

22	Discuss the data transfer and manipulation, program control	CO 3	T2: 11.3-11.4
23-25	Determine the Addition and subtraction, floating point arithmetic operations, decimal arithmetic unit	CO 4	T2: 11.5
26	Need of Input or output organization	CO5	R1: .3.1
27-29	Discuss the Input or output Interface	CO5	R1: 3.3-9.5
30-31	Understand the asynchronous data transfer, modes of transfer	CO5	T2: 9.4
32-33	Analyze the priority interrupt, direct memory access	CO5	T2:13.1
34	Understand the memory organization	CO5	T2:13.2
35-36	Discuss Memory hierarchy, main memory, auxiliary memory, associative memory, cache memory, virtual memory	CO 5	T2: 13.3
37-38	Understand the Pipeline: Parallel processing, Instruction pipeline	CO6	T2: 13.
39	Characteristics of multiprocessors	CO6	T2: 13.1
40	Inter connection structures	CO6	T2: 13.2
41	Inter processor arbitration	CO 3,CO6	T2: 13.3
42	Inter processor communication and synchronization	CO 6	T2: 13.4
	PROBLEM SOLVING/	CASE STUD	IES
1	Problems on BCD conversions	CO1	T2:2.1
2	Problems on BCD conversions	CO1	T2:2.3
3	Problems on Addition and substraction	CO3	T2:2.3.1
4	Problems on Multiplication	CO3	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Problems on Booths multiplication	CO3	T2:10.3.1
6	Problems on Booths Algorithm	CO3	T2:13.3.2, 13.4.1
7	Problems on Division	CO3	T2:17.1.1, 17.1.3
8	Problems on Data presentation	CO3	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
9	Problems on Data presentation	CO3	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
10	Problems on Data presentation	CO3	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
11	Problems on floating point arithmetic operations	CO3	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
12	Problems on Decimal arithmatic unit	CO3	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION	AND TERM	IINOLOGY
1	Define register transfer language, fixed point number, instruction format, data Processing instruction, data Processing instruction	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Define miscellaneous Instructions, addressing mode, micro operation.	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Define arithmetic micro operations, arithmetic micro operations, logical shift operation	CO 3	T2:18.4, 18.4.3

4	Define data bus,metropolitan area network,network topology,star topology,bus tropology define vecto,pipeline cycle time, arithmetic pipeline,optimal number of pipeline stages	CO4, CO 5 CO 6	T2:19.2, 18.4.4 T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
	DISCUSSION ON QUE	ESTION BAN	IK
1	Illustrate the input and output operations with a neat diagram.	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	List the various instruction formats and illustrate with an example.	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Identify micro program example and build a computer hardware configuration	CO3,CO4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Illustrate the belowaddressing modes withexamples a. Implied Modeb. Immediate Mode c. Autoincrement and Auto, decrement Mode d. Direct and Indirect Address Mode.	CO5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Define parallel processing and explain the flynn's classification of computer with suitable diagram	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3

Course Coordinator Dr. P Cahandana, Associate Professor HOD,CSE (AI & ML)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUT	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	DATA STI	DATA STRUCTURES						
Course Code	ACSC08	ACSC08						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	III	III						
Course Type	Core	Core						
Regulation	UG.20	UG.20						
		Theory		P	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits						
	3	3 - 3 3 1.5						
Course Coordinator	Dr V Sithara	Dr V Sitharamulu, Associate Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC01	Ι	Python Programming

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course covers some of the general-purpose data structures and algorithms, and software development. Topics covered include managing complexity, analysis, static data structures, dynamic data structures and hashing mechanisms. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to select and design data structures and algorithms that are appropriate for problems that they might encounter in real life. This course reaches to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab which involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Data Structures	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Power Point Presentations		whiteboard		Assignments	x	MOOC
✓		 ✓ 					
	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project		Videos
1					0	\checkmark	
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIE examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into five modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
60%	Understand
20%	Apply
10%	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) and 05 marks for Quiz \Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component	Theo	Total Marks		
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz \AAT		
CIA Marks	25	05	30	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 17^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz - Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course

is given in table.

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

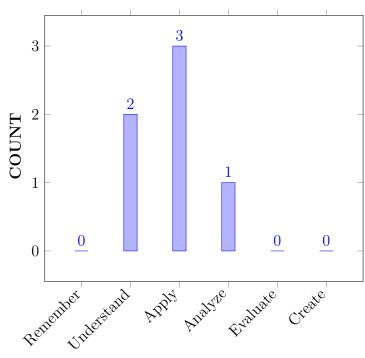
Ι	To provide students with skills needed to understand and analyze performance trade-offs of different algorithms / implementations and asymptotic analysis of their running time and memory usage.
II	To provide knowledge of basic abstract data types (ADT) and associated algorithms: stacks, queues, lists, tree, graphs, hashing and sorting, selection and searching.
III	The fundamentals of how to store, retrieve, and process data efficiently
IV	To provide practice by specifying and implementing these data structures and algorithms in Python.
V	Understand essential for future programming and software engineering courses.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Interpret the complexity of algorithm using the asymptotic notations.	Understand
CO 2	Select appropriate searching and sorting technique for a given problem.	Apply
CO 3	Construct programs on performing operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for organization of a data	Apply
CO 4	Make use of linear data structures and nonlinear data structures solving real time applications.	Apply
CO 5	Describe hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance.	Understand
CO 6	Compare various types of data structures ; in terms of implementation, operations and performance.	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

	Program Outcomes
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear
	instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects
	and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest
	context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	2	CIA/SEE
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	CIA/SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1	CIA/SEE
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	CIA/SEE

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	CIA/SEE/Open ended Experiments
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1	Tech Talk/Concept Videos/Open ended Experiments
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	1	Tech Talk/Concept Videos/Open ended Experiments

3 =High; 2 =Medium; 1 =Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed
			by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with	3	CIA/ SEE/
	multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence		Tech Talk/
	embedded, mobile and cloud computing		Concept
	problems.		Videos
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open	2	CIA/ SEE/
	ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve		Tech Talk/
	the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research		Concept
	Entrepreneurs.		Videos
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	2	CIA/ SEE/
	information technology in creating innovative		Tech Talk/
	career paths in exhibiting Professionalism,		Concept
	Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.		Videos

3 =High; 2 =Medium; 1 =Low

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO1	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the concept of conventional digital communication system and (understand) various types of pulse analog modulation techniques for signals analysis by applying the principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Problem Analysis on different types of algorithms to analyze space and time complexities.	4
	PO 3	Design the Solutions for finding space and time complexities of a complex algorithm and representing it by asymptotic notations	2
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of various algorithms, algorithm complexity.	2
	PSO1	Design and analyze complex algorithms and specify its space and time complexities and representing it by asymptotic notations for faster processing of data.	3
	PSO3	Make use of modern computer tools for finding space and time complexities of a complex algorithm	1
CO 2	PO 1	Make use of broad knowledge of searching and sorting techniques for an efficient search from a data structure and optimize the efficiency of other algorithms by applying the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals.	1
	PO 2	Problem Analysis on different types of search sort algorithms to analyze space and time complexities.	5

	D() 2	Design / Development of Solutions using	2
	PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions using	2
		appropriate searching and sorting techniques for	
		designing a solution for complex Engineering problems.	
	PO 5	Implementation of different sorting and searching	1
		techniques for given problem with the help of computer	
		software	
	PO 10 Subject matter and speaking style assessed in		2
	1010	explanation of searching and sorting along with	-
		efficiency of searching and sorting techniques in terms	
		of space and time complexity	
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced	3
		engineering concepts of various searching , sorting	
		and respective time and space complexity by tech talk,	
		concept videos and open ended experiments.	
	PSO1	Understand complex problems and analyzing it and	4
	1.501	apply appropriate sorting and searching techniques for	-
		data processing.	
	DCOO		
	PSO2	Applying various selecting and sorting techniques	2
		while designing and developing information retrieval	
		systems and its applications	
	PSO3	Make use of various selecting and sorting techniques	1
		and extend the knowledge for advance frame works and	
		platforms which are necessary for engineering practices	
		and higher studies or become an entrepreneur.	
CO 3	PO 1	Make use of linear and nonlinear data structures to	2
00 5	FU I		Δ
		organize the data in a particular way so to use them in	
		the most effective way by applying the basic knowledge	
		of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals	
	PO 2	Problem analysis: Organizing the given data in	7
		particular way by performing the operations on linear	
		and nonlinear data structures to use the data in the	
		most effective way.	
	PO 3	Recognize the need of linear and nonlinear data	5
	105	structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue by	0
		Designing solutions for complex Engineering.	
	PO 4	Conduct Investigations Conduct Investigations of	4
		Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on	
		linear and nonlinear data structures in order to	
		organize the given data in a particular way	
	PO 5	Implementation of Implementation of different	1
		operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for	÷
		given problem with the help of computer software	
	DO 10		0
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in	2
		explanation of linear and nonlinear data structures like	
		linked lists, stacks and queues	

	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks and queues by tech talk, concept videos and open-ended experiments	3
	PSO1	Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate operations on linear or nonlinear data structures for Developing the solution.	5
	PSO2	Applying various linear or nonlinear data structures while designing and developing information retrieval systems and its applications	2
	PSO3	Make use of various linear or nonlinear data structures and extend the knowledge for advance frame works and platforms which are necessary for engineering practices and higher studies or become an entrepreneur.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Make use of linear and nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications by applying the basic knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals	3
	PO 2	Problem analysis: Solving real time applications by performing the operations on linear or nonlinear data structures.	7
	PO 3	Recognize the need of linear and nonlinear data structures such as linked list, array, stack and queue for Designing real time applications.	2
	PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear or nonlinear data structures in order to solve real time applications.	4
	PO 5	Implementation of different operations on linear and nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications with the help of computer software	1
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of linear and nonlinear data structures like linked lists, stacks, queues, trees and graphs by tech talk, concept videos and open-ended experiments for solving real time applications.	3
	PSO1	Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate operations on linear or nonlinear data structures for solving real time applications.	5
	PSO2	Applying various linear or nonlinear data structures while designing and developing information retrieval systems and its applications	1

	PSO3	Make use of various linear or nonlinear data structures and extend the knowledge for advance frame works and platforms which are necessary for engineering practices and higher studies or become an entrepreneur.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Understand the knowledge of hashing techniques and collision resolution methods and implementing for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals	1
	PO 3	Design the Solution for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance by using hashing techniques and collision resolution methods	2
	PO 5	Implementation of hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance with the help of computer software	1
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of Hashing, Collision techniques	2
	PSO1	Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply appropriate hashing techniques and collision resolution methods for efficiently accessing data with respect to performance.	4
	PSO2	Applying various hashing techniques and collision resolution methods while designing and developing information retrieval systems and its applications	1
	PSO3	Build sufficient knowledge hashing techniques and collision resolution methods so that new product can be developed, which leads to become successful entrepreneur in the present market.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Understand various types of data structures in terms of implementations and choose appropriate data structure for specified problem domain using knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals	3
	PO 2	Problem Analysis: Recognize the importance of suitable data structures in checking the efficiency of algorithms used for complex engineering problems.	7
	PO 3	Design the Solution complex problems or efficiently accessing data with respect to performance by using hashing techniques and collision resolution methods	5
	PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Ability to apply operations on linear or nonlinear data structures in order to solve real time applications.	4
	PO 5	Understand the Implementation of various types of data structures with the help of computer software	1
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of Implementation of various types of data structures.	2

PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of Implementation of various types of data structures by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments	3
PSO 1	Understand complex problems and analyzing it and apply Implementation of various types of data structures.	5
PSO 2	Applying Implementation of various types of data structures while designing and developing information retrieval systems and its applications	1
PSO 3	Build sufficient knowledge Implementation of various types of data structures so that new product can be developed, which leads to become successful entrepreneur in the present market.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	6	2	2
CO 1	1	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	1
CO 2	1	5	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	4	2	1
CO 3	2	7	5	4	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	5	2	1
CO 4	3	7	2	4	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	5	1	1
CO 5	1	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	1	1
CO 6	3	7	5	4	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	5	1	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	2	2	2
CO 1	33.3	40	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	50	-	50
CO 2	33.3	50	20	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	25	66.6	100	50
CO 3	66.6	70	50	36.3	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	25	83.3	100	50
CO 4	100	70	20	36.3	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	66.6	50	50
CO 5	33.3	-	20	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	66.6	50	50
CO 6	100	70	50	36.3	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	25	83.3	50	50

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

1 -5 <C \leq 40% – Low/ Slight

 $\pmb{2}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - 60% \leq C < 100% – Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	2
CO 2	1	2	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	3	2
CO 3	3	3	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	3	2
CO 4	3	3	1	1	3	_	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	2	2
CO 5	1	-	1	-	3	_	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	2	2
CO 6	3	3	2	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	3	2	2
TOTAL	12	12	8	3	15	-	-	-	-	6	-	4	17	12	12
AVERAGE	2.0	2.4	1.3	1.0	3.0	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2.8	2.4	2.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	✓	Assignments	~
Seminars	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Laboratory	-	5 Minutes Video		Open Ended	-
Practices			√	Experiments	
Term Paper	-	-	-	-	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Ex	perts	

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES, SEARCHING AND SORTING
	Basic concepts: Introduction to data structures, classification of data structures, operations on data structures; Algorithms Specification ,Recursive algorithms ,Data Abstraction, Performance analysis-time complexity and space complexity, Asymptotic Notation-Big O ,Omega and Theta notations. Introduction to Linear and Non Linear data structures, Searching techniques: Linear search, Binary search; Sorting techniques: Bubble, Selection, Insertion, Quick and Merge Sort and comparison of sorting algorithms
MODULE II	LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES
	Stacks: Stack ADT, definition and operations, Implementations of stacks using array, applications of stacks, Arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation; Queues: Primitive operations; Implementation of queues using Arrays, applications of linear queue, circular queue and double ended queue (deque).
MODULE III	LINKED LISTS
	Linked lists: Introduction, singly linked list, representation of a linked list in memory, operations on a single linked list; Applications of linked lists: Polynomial representation and sparse matrix manipulation. Types of linked lists: Circular linked lists, doubly linked lists; Linked list representation and operations of Stack, linked list representation and operations of queue
MODULE IV	NON LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES
	Trees: Basic concept, binary tree, binary tree representation, array and linked representations, binary tree traversal, binary tree variants, application of trees; Graphs: Basic concept, graph terminology, Graph representations-Adjacency matrix, Adjacency lists, graph implementation, Graph traversals-BFS,DFS, Application of graphs, Minimum spanning trees-Prims and Kruskal algorithms
MODULE V	BINARY TREES AND HASHING
	Binary search trees: Binary search trees, properties and operations; Balanced search trees: AVL trees; Introduction to M-Way search trees, B trees; Hashing and collision: Introduction, hash tables, hash functions, collisions, applications of hashing.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Rance D. Necaise, —Data Structures and Algorithms using Python, Wiley Student Edition.
- 2. Benjamin Baka, David Julian, —Python Data Structures and Algorithms, Packt Publishers, 2017.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. S. Lipschutz, —Data Structures, Tata McGraw Hill Education, 1st Edition, 2008.
- 2. D. Samanta, —Classic Data Structures, PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 2004.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/data-structures-algorithms
- 2. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-structures/
- 3. https://www.studytonight.com/data-structures/
- 4. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms

COURSE WEB PAGE:

 $1.\ https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=courses/computer-science-and-engineering-autonomous/datastructures$

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference							
OBE DISCUSSION										
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO - PO Mapping	-	https: //www.iare.ac.in/ q=courses /computer- science-and- engineering- autonomous/data							
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THE	ORY)								
1	Basic concepts: Introduction to Data Structures	CO 3	T1:1.1.3 R2 : 1.2							
2	Classification of data structures	CO 3	T1:1.1.3 R2 : 1.4							
3	Operations on data Structures	CO 3	T1:1.2							
4	Recursive algorithm, Performance Analysis	CO 1	T1:1.2 T1:5.1							
5	Searching techniques: Linear search and binary search	CO 2, CO 6	T1:5.1							
6	Searching techniques: Fibonacci search and comparison	CO 2, CO 6	T1:5.1							
8	Sorting techniques: Bubble sort, selection sort and companding	CO 2 CO 6	R1:14.5							

9	Sorting techniques: Insertion sort, Quick sort	CO 2, CO 6,	T1:5.2 R2 : 10.2
10	Merge sort ,comparison of sorting algorithms	CO 4, CO 6	T1:5.2 R2 : 10.2
13	Stacks: Primitive operations, implementation of stacks using Arrays	CO 3, CO 4	T1:7.1
14	Applications of stacks arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation	CO 4, CO 6	T1:7.2
16	Queues: Primitive operations; Implementation of queues using Array	CO 3, CO 4	T1:8.1
17	Applications of linear queue, circular queue	CO 3, CO 4	T1:8.4
18	Double ended queue (deque)l	CO 3, CO 4	R2 : 5.4
19	Linked lists: Introduction, singly linked list, representation of a linked list in memory	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.1
20	Operations on a single linked list :creation, insertion and deletion	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.2
21	Applications of linked lists	CO 4,	T1:9.3
22	Operations on a double linked lists :creation, insertion and deletion	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.4
23	Operations on a double linked lists : deletion ,traversal.	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.4
24	single linked list :polynomial expression	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.3
25	single linked list :Sparse matrix manipulation.	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.3
26	Operations on a Circular linked lists: creation, insertion and deletion	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9
30	Operations on a Circular linked lists: deletion, traversal	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9
31	Linked list representation and operations of Stack	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.7
32	Linked list representation and operations of queue	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.8
37	Trees: Basic concept, Tree terminology	CO 3	T1:13.1

	CONTENT DELIVERY (THE	ORY)	
38	Binary tree :Binary Tree properties	CO 3, CO 4	T1:13.1
39	Binary tree representation using array	CO 3, CO 4	T1:13.2
40	Binary tree representation using linked list	CO 3, CO 4	T1:13.2
41	Binary tree traversal, binary tree variants	CO 3, CO 4	T1:13.2
42	Application of trees	CO 4	T1:13.2.3
44	Graphs: Basic concept, graph terminology	CO 3	R2:8.2
45	Types of graphs, Representation of graph	CO 3	R2:8.2
46	Graph traversals :DFS and BFS, Application of graphs	CO 3	T2:6.2
48	Minimum Spanning Trees-Prims and Kruskal algorithms	CO 4	T1:6.1 T2:5.6
50	Binary search trees, properties	CO 3	T1:13.2.3
51	Binary search trees operations	CO 3	T1:13.2.3
52	AVL trees	CO 3	T1:14.3
53	M- Way search trees, B trees	CO 3	T1:14.3
54	Hashing, Collision	CO 5	R2: 6.4
7	Problems on linear search, binary search and Fibonacci search.	CO 2	T1:5.1
11	Problems on bubble sort, selection and insertion sort	CO 3, CO 4	T1:5.2 R2 : 10.2
12	Problems on quick and merge sort	CO 3, CO 4	T1:5.2 R2 : 10.2
15	Problems on Arithmetic expression conversion and evaluation	CO 3, CO 4	T1:7.2
27	Problems on single linked list to add, delete element	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.8
28	Problems on double linked list to add, delete element	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.8
33	Problems on circular linked list to add, delete element	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.4
34	Problems on double linked list to add, delete element	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.3
35	Problems on stack using linked list	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.7
36	Problems on queue using linked list	CO 3, CO 4	T1:9.8
43	Problems on Binary tree :creation ,insertion and deletion of a node	CO 3, CO 4	T1:13.2
47	Problems on Graph Traversal: DFS and BFS	CO 3, CO 4	T2:6.2

49	Problems on MST: Prim's and Kruskal's	CO 3, CO 4	T1:6.1 T2:5.6								
55	Problems on Binary search tree	CO 4 CO 4	T1:14.3								
56	Problems oh hashing	CO 5	R2: 6.4								
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY										
57	Definitions on Data Structures, searching and sorting	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO} \\ 1,\text{CO2},\text{CO} \\ 3 \end{array}$	T1:1 R1:14								
58	Definitions on Linear Data Structures	CO 3	T1:7,.T1:8								
59	Definitions on Linked Lists	CO 3	T1:9								
60	Definitions on Non Linear data Structures	CO 3	T1:7.5								
61	Definitions on Binary Trees and Hashing	CO 3 CO 5	T1:14								
	DISCUSSION ON QUESTION										
62	Data Structures, searching and sorting	CO 1, CO2,CO6	T1:1 R1:14								
63	Linear Data Structures	CO 3,CO 4,CO 6	T1:9								
64	Linked Lists	CO 3,CO 4,CO 6	T1:2.5								
65	Non Linear data Structures	CO 3,CO 4,CO 6	T1: 4.1								
66	Binary Trees and Hashings	CO 3,CO 5,CO 6	T1: 5.1								

Course Coordinator Dr V Sitharamulu, Associate Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTE	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	PROGRAM	PROGRAMMING WITH OBJECTS				
Course Code	AITC02	AITC02				
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	III	III				
Course Type	Core	Core				
Regulation	UG20					
		Theory		P	ractical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3	0	3	3	1.5	
Course Coordinator	Mr.N.V.Krisl	nna Rao, Assis	tant Professor	r		

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACS001	Ι	Computer Programming

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course presents the principles of object oriented programming using the Java language, one of the most increasingly preferred languages for programming today. The knowledge gained in this course can be applied later to other languages such as python, C++. This course uses Net beans IDE to afford a more interactive experience. This course helps to develop different applications in various domains like GUI Applications, BigData, Web-based Applications, etc..

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Object Oriented Programming Through JAVA	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
	Presentations						
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
45 %	Understand
18 %	Apply
27 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70	
	Total Marks			

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

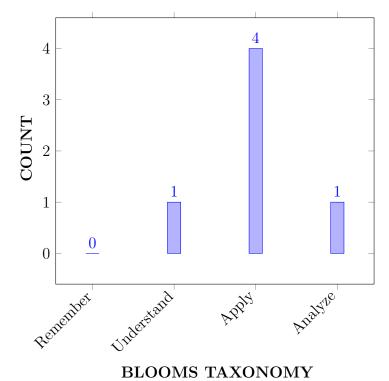
Ι	The basic concepts and principles of object oriented programming.
II	The object oriented features to develop the robust applications and database connectivity.
III	The Graphical User Interface (GUI) with multithreading concepts to develop real world applications on different platforms.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate object oriented programming concepts that helps	Understand
	to organize complex problems solving.	
CO 2	Make use of the programming constructs like control	Apply
	Structures, arrays, parameter passing techniques and	
	constructors to solve the real time problems.	
CO 3	Utilize the abstraction, encapsulation and polymorphism	Apply
	Techniques to solve different complex problems.	
CO 4	Experiment all threading and thread synchronization	Apply
	problems in soft real time systems.	
CO 5	Make use of inheritance, interfaces, packages and files to	Analyze
	implement reusability in soft real time systems.	
CO 6	Construct GUI based applications along with Exception	Apply
	handling using AWT, Swingand Applets with JDBC	
	connectivity.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



Page 3

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	SEE /Quiz/CIE / AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	SEE /Quiz/ CIE / AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	SEE /Quiz/ CIE / AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	2	Discussion onInnovations /Presentation
PO 12	Life-LongLearning: Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadcast context of technological change.	1	Short term courses

3 =High; 2 =Medium; 1 =Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

P	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2	Quiz
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	3	Quiz

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Recall (Understand) the importance of programming language such as object oriented programming language applying engineering fundamentals and provide solutions to engineering problems.	2
CO 2	PO 1	Understand the significance of object oriented programming to solve real world problems using mathematical principles ,fundamental of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles.	3
	PO 4	Understanding use of technical literature and other information sources like constructors to solve the industry standards problems	4

	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage	1			
	PO 12	Build Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3			
CO 3	PO 1	Understand the importance of abstraction by applying the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals and mathematical principles.	2			
	PO 3	Understand the problem statement and and choose appropriate techniques by analyzing the importance of data hiding interpretation of results.	4			
	PO 4	Describe use of technical literature and other information sources and inheritance , polymorphism techniques to solve the industry standards problems .	4			
	PO 4	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage	1			
	PO 4	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3			
	PSO 3	Describe the importance of Encapsulation for effective use of available resources, to solve complex Engineering problems and successful program execution. complex Engineering problems and successful program execution.	6			
CO 4	PO 1	Describe threads works independently and provides the maximum utilization of the CPU, thus enhancing the CPU performance overwhelming network issues	2			
	PO 2	Explain and demonstrate the mechanics associated with interprocess and intraprocess communication.	4			
	PO 4	Understanding use of technical literature and other information sourcesand threading and thread synchronization problems to solve the industry standards problems .	4			
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage	1			
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3			
	PSO 1 Understand the concepts of multithread, elements of parallel program execution and importance of CPU utilization					
	PSO 3	Describe the well utilization of resources for the better performance of the system.	1			

CO 5	PO 1	Describe the relationship between parent class and child class, their behavior, properties and characterization by understanding mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PO 2	Describe the file handling methods and analyze the various classes based on these file handling in javaprogramming.	4
	PO 4	Understanding use of technical literature and other information sourcesinheritance, interfaces to solve the industry standards problems .	4
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage	1
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1	Design and Analyze the operations and features of file handling in the areas related to data storage, retrieval and update	2
CO 6	PO 1	Understand the applet programming and Swing Programming to develop graphical user interfaces by applying the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals, mathematical principles, and scientific principles scientific principles	3
	PO 2	Analyze the process of compile time and runtime exception handling	4
	PO 3	Understand the concepts of Exceptions for innovative solutions; evaluate the solution of the complex issues.	3
	PO 4	Understanding use of technical literature and other information sources inheritance, interfaces to solve the industry standards problems	4
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage	1
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community	4
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1	Classify the exceptions for robust program	1
	PSO 3	Make use of computational and experimental tools for creating innovative paths for AWT, Swings and JDBC connectivity	2

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S				
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	2	2	2		
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	3	-	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-		
CO 3	2	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	-	-		
CO 4	2	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	1		
CO 5	2	4	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-		
CO 6	3	4	3	4	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	3	1	-	2		

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAP-PING:

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	2	2	2	
CO 1	67	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	100	-	-	36	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	-	-	-	
CO 3	67	40	-	36	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	100	-	-	
CO 4	67	40	-	36	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	50	-	50	
CO 5	67	40	-	36	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	25	33	-	-	
CO 6	100	40	30	36	100	-	-	-	-	80	-	25	16	-	100	

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\pmb{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

- 1 -5 < C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-
CO 4	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	2

CO 5	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	_	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO 6	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	-	3
TOTAL	18	8	1	5	15	-	-	-	-	3	-	5	8	-	5
AVERAGE	3	2	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	1

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	PO 1, PO 2, PO 3, PO 4	SEE Exams	PO 1, PO 2, PO 3, PO 4	Assignments	PO 1, PO 2 ,PO 3, PO 4
Seminars	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Laboratory Practices	-	5 Minutes Video	PO 4	Open Ended Experiments	-
Term Paper	-	-	-	-	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Ex	perts	

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	OOP CONCEPTS AND JAVA PROGRAMMING
	OOP concepts: Classes and objects, data abstraction, encapsulation, inheritance, benefits of inheritance, polymorphism, procedural and object oriented programming paradigm; Java programming: History of java, comments data types, variables, constants, scope and life time of variables, operators, operator hierarchy, expressions, type conversion and casting, enumerated types, control flow statements, jump statements, simple java stand alone programs, arrays, console input and output, formatting output, constructors, methods, parameter passing, static fields and methods, access control, this reference, overloading methods and constructors, recursion, garbage collection, exploring string class.
MODULE II	INHERITANCE, INTERFACES AND PACKAGES
	Inheritance: Inheritance hierarchies, superand subclasses, member access rules, super key word, preventing inheritance: final classes and methods, the object class and its methods; Polymorphism: Dynamic binding, method overriding, abstract classes and methods; Interface: Interfaces vs Abstract classes, defining an interface, implement interfaces, accessing implementations through interface references, extending interface; Packages: Defining, creating and accessing a package, understanding CLASSPATH, importing packages.

MODULE III	EXCEPTION HANDLING AND MULTITHREADING
	Exception Handling: Benefits of exception handling, the classification of exceptions, exception hierarchy, checked and unchecked exceptions, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, re-throwing exceptions, exception specification, built in exceptions, creating own exception subclasses. Multithreading: Differences between multiple processes and multiplethreads, thread states, creating threads, interrupting threads, thread priorities, synchronizing threads, inter thread communication.
MODULE IV	FILES, AND CONNECTING TO DATABASE
MODULE V	Files: Streams, byte streams, character stream, text input/output, binary input/output, random access file operations, file management using file class; Connecting to Database: Connecting to a database, querying a database and processing the results, updating data with JDBC.
MODULE V	GUI PROGRAMMING AND APPLETS GUI programming with Java: The AWT class hierarchy, introduction to swing, swing Vs AWT, hierarchy for swing components, containers, JFrame, JApplet, JDialog, JPanel; Overview of some swing components: JButton, JLabel, JTextField, JTextArea, simple applications; Layout management: Layout manager types: Border, grid and flow; Applets: Inheritance hierarchy for applets, differences between applets andapplications, life cycle of an applet, passing parameters to applets.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Herbert Schildt, Dale Skrien, "Java Fundamentals– A Comprehensive Introduction", McGraw- Hill, 1stEdition, 2013.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, "Java the Complete Reference", McGraw Hill, Osborne, $8^{th}{\rm Edition},$ 2011.
- 3. T.Budd, "Understanding Object-Oriented Programming with Java", Pearson Education, Updated Edition(NewJava2Coverage), 1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. P.J.Deitel, H.M.Deitel, "Java: How to Program", Prentice Hall, 6thEdition, 2005.
- 2. P. Radha Krishna, "Object Oriented Programming through Java", Universities Press, CRCPress, 2007.
- 3. Bruce Eckel, "Thinking in Java", Prentice Hall,4th Edition, 2006.
- 4. Sachin Malhotra, Saurabh Chaudhary, "Programming in Java", Oxford University Press, 2^{nd} Edition, 2014.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education(OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes(CO), Program Outcomes(PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms. iare.ac.in/ index?route= course/ details& course_id= 188
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THE	ORY)	
2	Object oriented paradigm - Basic concepts of Object Oriented Programming- Benefits of OOP -Applications of OOP	CO 1	T1:3-7
3-4	Java Evolution: Java Features-How Java differs from C and C++	CO 1	T1:3-7
5-6	OOP concepts: Classes and objects, data abstraction, encapsulation, inheritance, benefits of inheritance, polymorphism	CO 1	T1:9-13
7-8	Java programming: History of java, Comments, data types, variables, constants, scope and life time ofvariables, operators, operator hierarchy	CO 1	T1:17-39
9	Find Lattices, Hasse diagram, and inverse function composition of functions, recursive functions, Lattices as partially ordered sets; Definition and examples, properties of lattices, lattices as algebraic systems, sub lattices, direct product and homomorphism, some special lattices.		T1-5.14 to 5.15
9-10	Expressions, type conversion and casting, enumerated types, control flow statements, jump statements	CO 1	T1:73-151
11	Simple java stand-alone programs, arrays.	CO 2	T1-5.16 to 5.16
12	Console input and output, formatting output, constructors, and methods.	CO2	T1:73-151
13	Parameter passing, static fields and methods	CO 2	T1:73-151
14	Access control, this reference, example	CO 2	T1:73-151
15	Overloading methods and constructors	CO 4	T1:155-178
16	Recursion, garbage collection	CO 3	T1:155-178
17	Exploring string class.	CO 3	T1:155-178
18-19	Overloading methods and constructors-Access Control-Static members	CO 3	T1:156-188

20	Inheritance: Forms of inheritance – specialization, specification, construction, extension, limitation	CO 5	T1:189
21-22	Combination, benefits and costs of inheritance. Super uses- final - polymorphism, method overriding-dynamic method dispatch	CO 5	T1:190-216
23	Abstract classes and example	CO3	T1:190-216
24	Defining and accessing a package	CO5	T1:223-232
25	User defined package and example	CO5	T1:223-232
26	Understanding CLASSPATH, access protection importing packages	CO 5	T1:223-232
27-28	Interfaces-Defining and implementing an interface and extended interfaces	CO 5	T1:235–246
29	Exception Handling introduction	CO6	T1:249-263
30-31	Java Built in Exceptions and creating own exception subclasses.	CO4	T1:265–267
32	Java Thread life cycle model–Thread creation–Thread Exceptions–Thread Priority	CO 4	T1:273–275
33-34	Synchronization – Messaging – Runnable Interface–Inter thread Communication-	CO 4	T1:276-296
35-37	Suspending, Resuming and stopping thread, I/O Streams: File–Streams	CO 4,CO 5	T1:11.12 R2:7.1,7.2.3
38	Advantages–The stream classes–Byte streams	CO5	T1:11.10 R2:7.6
39	Character streams and example	CO 5	T1:11.10 R2:7.6
40	Connecting to Database: Connecting to a database, querying a database	CO6	T1:627-636
41	Example on JDBC connectivity	CO 6	T1:627-636
42	Processing the results, updating data with JDBC.	CO 6	T1:627-636
40	How Applets differ from Applications-Applet Life Cycle-	CO6	T1:627-636
43	Creating an Applet-Running the Applet	CO6	T1:627-636
44-45	Designing a Webpage-Applet Tag-Adding Applet to HTML file	CO 6	R2:9.4
46-47	Applet Tag Passing parameters to Applets	CO6	R2:9.4
48	Aligning the display and example	CO6	R2:9.4
50	Event handling: basics of event handling	CO 6	T1:735-748
51	Event classes, Event Listeners	CO 6	T1:735-748
52	Delegation event model, handling mouse	CO 6	T1:735-748
53	Keyboard events, adapter classes	CO 6	T1:735-748
54	The AWT class hierarchy, introduction to swing	CO 6	T1:735-748
55	Swing Vs AWT, hierarchy for swing components	CO 6	T1:735-748
56	AWT Class hierarchy, AWT Controls	CO 6	T1:735-748

57	Layout Managers and example	CO 6	T1:735-748
58	Menus, limitations of AWT	CO 6	T1:735-748
59	Write a java program to demonstrate a basic calculator using applet	CO 6	T1:735-748
60	Design and implement an applet that accepts two integer numbers and display the sum and difference of two numbers	CO 6	T1:735-748
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE ST	UDIES	
1	Describe the primitive data types supported in java and write a java program to print first 100 Fibonacci numbers	CO 1	T1:73-151
8	Write a do-while loop that asks the user to enter two numbers. The numbers should be added and the sum displayed. The loop should ask the user whether he or she wishes to perform the operation again. If so, the loop should repeat; otherwise it should terminate	CO1	T1:73-151
3	Write a program in Java which enters five numbers in an array using command line arguments and print sum and average of the numbers.	CO2	T1:73-151
4	Write a java program to create an abstract class named shape that contains two integers and an empty method named printarea(). Provide three classes named rectangle, triangle and circle such that each one of the classes extends the classshape. Each one of the classes contains only the method printarea () that prints the area of the given shape	CO 3	T1:189-246
5	Write a java program to handle the abnormal termination caused by an arithmetic expression having Division by zero	CO6	T1:249-296
6	Write a java program for the following scenario, Animal and Dog both classes have a common property color. If we print color property, it will print the color of current class by default. To access the parent property, we need to use super key word.	CO5	T1:627-636
7	Write a program to copy the content of one text file into another. The program accepts the name of the source file and the destination file from comm. And line. For example, to copy a file called FIRST.TXT to a file called SECOND.TXT.	CO 5	T1:627-636
8	Write a program that creates with reads. Fist thread prints the numbers from 1 to 100 and the other thread prints the numbers from 100 to 1	CO4	T1:249-296

9	Write a java program to handle abnormal termination caused be the following expression Int $a[5]$; // array size is5 $a[6]=20/0$;	CO 6	T1:249-296
10	Write a java program to handle abnormal termination caused by the expression	CO6	T1:249-296
11	Write a Java program to merge two files and display the merged file content	CO5	T1:11.12 R2:7.1,7.2.3
12	Write a java to implement method overloading and constructor overloading	CO3	T1:156-188
13	Write a java to implement method overriding and recursion	CO 3	T1:156-188
14	Write java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the Arithmetic operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exception like divided by zero.	CO 6	T1:735-748
15	Describe events for handling a button click? Write a program for handling a button clicks?	CO6	T1:735-748
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION AND T	ERMINOL	OGY
1	Procedural language and OOP's	CO 1	T1:3-150
2	Inheritance, interfaces and packages	CO5	T1:189-246
3	Differentiate between multiprocessing and multithreading, methods of thread class.	CO4	T1:249-296
4	The steps to connect to the database in java	CO6	T1:735-748
5	Applet, swings and AWT components	CO6	R2:9.4
	DISCUSSION ON QUESTION 1	BANK	
1	OOP CONCEPTS AND JAVA PROGRAMMING	CO1 CO 2 CO3	T1:3-150
2	INHERITANCE, INTERFACES AND PACKAGES	CO5	T1:189-246
3	EXCEPTION HANDLING AND MULTITHREADING	CO4, CO6	T1:249-296
4	FILES,ANDCONNECTINGTODATABASE	CO5, CO6	T1-13.1 to 13.3
5	GUI PROGRAMMING AND APPLETS	CO 6	T1:735-748

Course Coordinator Mr.N.V.Krishna Rao, Assistant Professorr

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTE	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	ANALOG A	ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS				
Course Code	AECC08	AECC08				
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech				
Semester	III					
Course Type	Core	Core				
Regulation	UG-20					
		Theory		P	ractical	
Course Structure	Lecture Tutorials Credits		Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
3 - 3 -				-		
Course Coordinator	Dr. B Ravi Kumar, Associate Professor					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSB13	II	Semiconductor Physics

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course provides the basic knowledge over the construction and functionality of the basic electronic devices such as diodes and transistors. It also provides the information about the uncontrollable and controllable electronic switches and the flow of current through these switches in different biasing conditions and also will make them to learn the basic theory of switching circuits and their applications in specified relationship between signals at the input and output terminals. They will be able to design combinational and sequential circuits detail. Starting from a problem statement they will learn to design circuits of logic gates that have a. They will learn to design counters, adders, sequence detectors.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Digital Communications	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	1	Assignments	x	MOOC
	Presentations						
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
%	Remember
%	Understand
%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70	
Total Marks			100	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

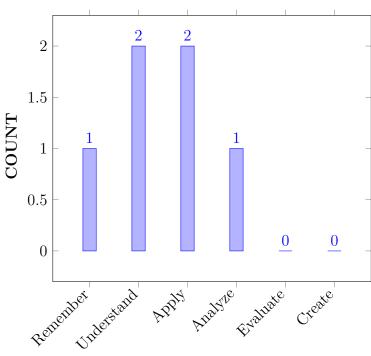
Ι	The Fundamental knowledge of the operational principles and characteristics of semiconductor devices and their applications.
II	The basic concept of number systems, boolean algebra and optimized implementation of combinational and sequential circuits.
III	The perceive subsequent studies in the area of microprocessors, microcontrollers, VLSI design and embedded systems effectively use of fundamentals of digital electronics.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Illustrate the volt-ampere characteristics of semiconductor devices for finding cut-in voltage, resistance and capacitance.	Remember
CO 2	Explain half wave and full wave rectifier circuits with filter and without filters for conversion of alternating current in to direct current.	Understand
CO 3	Analyse the input and output characteristics of transistor configurations and small signal h-parameter models for determining the input - output resistances, current gain and voltage gain	Apply
CO 4	Identify the functionality of logic gates, parity code and hamming code techniques for error detection and correction of single bit in digital systems.	Understand
CO 5	Construct the combinational logic circuits using appropriate logic gates .	Apply
CO 6	Implement the synchronous and asynchronous counters for memory storing applications.	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes			
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.			
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.			
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations			
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.			
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations			
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.			
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.			

	Program Outcomes			
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and			
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.			
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a			
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.			
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering			
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,			
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design			
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear			
	instructions.			
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and			
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these			
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and			
	in multidisciplinary environments.			
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and			
	ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context			
	of technological change			

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	SEE/CIE/Quiz
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		/AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	SEE/CIE/Quiz
	research literature, and analyze complex		/AAT
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	2	SEE/CIE/Quiz
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		/AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	complex engineering activities with the		
	engineering community and with society at		
	large, such as, being able to comprehend and		
	write effective reports and design		
	documentation, make effective presentations,		
	and give and receive clear instructions.		
	9 II'al 9 Malland 1 I am		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

P	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with	2	Lectures
	multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence		and assign-
	embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems		ments.

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Recall(knowledge) the semiconductor device properties (knowledge) for understanding conduction, Fermi-levels, barrier potentials through energy band diagrams, diffusion and drift currents in the device characteristics by applying the principles of science	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement and formulate the static and dynamic resistance from the volt-ampere characteristics of the semiconductor devices using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	4
	PO 10	Understand problem statement and solve it for dynamic resistance then present it in the project .	2
CO 2	PO 1	Apply (knowledge) the given the diode application problem statement and finding the solution implementation of rectifier circuits	3
	PO 2	Formulate and analyze (Problem analysis) complex Engineering problems and apply best rectifier of engineering mathematics, design and the results in terms of computational complexity.	6

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 10	Understand problem statement and solve it using ripple factor and efficiency then present it in the project .	2
CO 3	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals to understandtransistor configurations	3
	PO 2	Identify the given problem statement and formulate the required steps and implement (complex) amplifier circuits from the h-parameter model information and data. Validate one transistor design with other design in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	6
	PO 3	Design ce configuration for determining voltage gain ,current gain input impedance and output impedance by applying the principles of mathematics , science to the solutions of complex engineering problems and design system components.	5
	PO 10	Design transistor configuration by applying h-parameters and the principles of of complex engineering problems and design system components. applied in journals	2
	PSO 1	Apply h- parameter model to analyze the transistor characheristics and presente it in concept videos	1
CO 4	PO 1	Basic knowledge of science and mathematics is needed to understand arrore detection and correction and then apply design hamming code.	3
	PO 2	Identify the probem statement of multigate realizations with data specification. Implement of boolean functions and interpretation of results.	4
	PO 10	Design solutions for logic circuits and presented well in concept video	2
CO 5	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) concept of boolean algebra and logic gates from Engineering and Science of mathematical principles.	3
	PO 2	Identify the problem statement of combinational logic circuitsr provided with data specification. Make use of k-map and truth table concepts in the design of system components combinational circuits to establish innovative solutions for complex engineering problems	6

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	Design the problem of combinational logic circuitsr provided with data specification. Make use of k-map and truth table concepts in the design of system components combinational circuits to establish innovative solutions for complex engineering problems	6
	PO 10	Identify the problem statement of combinational logic designs provided with data specification.	2
	PSO 1	Understand the boolean algebra and - map apply combinational design stepsand r research based learning	1
CO 6	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) concept of flipflops and sequential log circuits apply Engineering and Science of mathematical principles.	3
	PO 2	Identify the problem statement of sequential circuits implementing counter(analyze complex engineering problems) on digitalcircuits(engineering sciences). conclusions by the interpretation of results.	6
	PO 3	Design the problem of sequential logic circuitsr provided with data specification. Make use of truth table and excitation table concepts in the design of system components sequential circuits to establish innovative solutions for complex engineering problems	6
	PO 10	Identify the problem statement of sequential circuits and implementing for memory applications .	2
	PSO 1	Understand the sequential circuits and apply sequential design steps and used in research based learning	1

Note: For Key Attributes refer Annexure - ${\bf I}$

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO - (PO, PSO) MAP-**PING**:

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	2	2	2
CO 1	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		-	-	-
CO 2	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		-	-	-
CO 5	3	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-
CO 6	3	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		1	-	_

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	2	2	2
CO 1	100	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	100	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	100	60	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	50	-	-
CO 4	100	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-		-	-	-
CO 5	100	60	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	50	-	-
CO 6	100	60	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	50	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, **0** being **no correlation**, **1** being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $0 - 0 \le C \le 5\%$ – No correlation $1 - 5 < \overline{C} \le 40\%$ – Low/ Slight

- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% Moderate
- $3 60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	
CO 4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-		-	-	-	
CO 5	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	

CO 6	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	_	_
TOTAL	18	16	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	6	-	-
AVERAGE	3.00	2.67	2.6	7 -	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Assignments	\checkmark
Quiz	\checkmark	Tech - Talk	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	Seminars	-	Student Viva	-
Laboratory Practices	-	5 Minutes Video / Concept Video	-	Open Ended Experiments	-
Micro Projects	-	-	-	-	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
\checkmark	Assessment of mini projects by experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	DIODE AND APPLICATIONS
	Diode - Static and Dynamic resistances, Equivalent circuit, Load line analysis, Diffusion and Transition Capacitances, Diode Applications: Switch-Switching times. Rectifier - Half Wave Rectifier, Full Wave Rectifier, Bridge Rectifier, Rectifiers with Capacitive Filter.
MODULE II	BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR (BJT)
	Principle of Operation and characteristics - Common Emitter, Common Base, Common Collector Configurations, Operating point, DC and AC load lines, Transistor Hybrid parameter model, Determination of h-parameters from transistor characteristics, Conversion of h-parameters.
MODULE III	NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Number systems, Complements of Numbers, Codes- Weighted and Non-weighted codes and its Properties, Parity check code and Hamming code. Boolean Algebra: Basic Theorems and Properties, Switching Functions- Canonical and Standard Form, Algebraic Simplification, Digital Logic Gates, EX-OR gates, Universal Gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.
MODULE IV	MINIMIZATION OF BOOLEAN FUNCTIONS
	Karnaugh Map Method - Up to five Variables, Don't Care Map Entries, Tabular Method, Combinational Logic Circuits: Adders, Subtractors, comparators, Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Encoders, Decoders and Code converters, Hazards and Hazard Free Relations

MODULE V	SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS FUNDAMENTALS
	Basic Architectural Distinctions between Combinational and Sequential circuits, SR Latch, Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D and T Type Flip Flops, Excitation Table of all Flip Flops, Timing and Triggering Consideration, Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another. Registers and Counters: Shift Registers – Left, Right and Bidirectional Shift Registers, Applications of Shift Registers - Design and Operation of Ring and Twisted Ring Counter, Operation of Asynchronous and Synchronous Counters.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Electronic Devices and Circuits "Jacob Millman", McGraw Hill Education, 2017
- 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits theory "Robert L. Boylestead, Louis Nashelsky",11th Edition, Pearson, 2009.
- 3. Switching and Finite Automata Theory, "Zvi Kohavi and Niraj K. Jha, 3rd Edition", Cambridge, 2010.
- 4. Modern Digital Electronics, "R. P. Jain, 3rd Edition", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. 1. Pulse, Digital and Switching Waveforms, "J. Millman, H. Taub and Mothiki S. Prakash Rao", 2 Ed., McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 2. 2. Electronic Devices and Circuits, "S. Salivahanan, N.Suresh Kumar, A Vallvaraj, 2nd Edition", TMH.
- 3. 3. Digital Design, "Morris Mano", PHI, 4th Edition, 2006
- 4. 4. Introduction to Switching Theory and Logic Design, "Fredriac J. Hill, Gerald R. Peterson", 3rd Ed, John Wiley and Sons Inc.

COURSE WEB PAGE:

- 1. http://www.ebooks directory.com
- 2. http://Campus guides.lib.utah.edu

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	Course Out- comes	Reference				
	OBE DISCUSSION						
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	_	-				
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEO	DRY)					
2	Introduction to semiconductors, Diode - Static and Dynamic resistances	CO 1	T1:2.1-2.3				
3	Equivalent circuit, Load line analysis.	CO 1	T1:2.4,7.5				
5	Diffusion and Transition Capacitances, Diode Applications, Switch-Switching times	CO 1	T1:2.7,7.3				
8	Design Rectifier - Half Wave Rectifier and problems	CO 1	T1:2.8				
10	Design Full Wave Rectifier and problems	CO 2	T1:3.2 R1:3.1-3.2				
11	Design Bridge Rectifier, Rectifiers with Capacitive Filter	CO 2	T1:4.2				
14	Understand the concepts of Transistor operation	CO 3	T1:8.1 R2:4.5				
15	Characteristics of CB	CO 3	T1:8.3-8.7				
18	Characteristics of CE	CO 4	T1:8.7-8.9				
19	Characteristics of CC	CO 4	T1:10.2.1-2.3				
20	Operating point, DC and AC load line Analysis and problems	CO 4	T1:10.2.4 R2:7.6				
21	Transistor Hybrid parameter model, Determination of h-parameters from transistor characteristics, .	CO 4	T1:11.1-11.5				
22	Conversion of h-parameters	CO 4	T1:11.4				
23	Understand the need for digital systems, review of number systems, number base conversion	CO 5	T1:11.9				
24	Complements of numbers, Weighted codes and Non-weighted codes.	CO 4	T1:9.4-9.6				
25	Error detecting and correcting codes, Digital Logic Gates	CO 5	T1:9.7-9.10				
32	Basic Theorems and Properties, Algebraic Simplification,	CO 4	T1:12.1-12.3				
33	Canonical and Standard Form	CO 4	T1:12.3,7.3				
34	Universal Gates, Multilevel NAND/NOR realizations.	CO 4	T1:12.4				

37	Identify basic building blocks of digital systems and Minimization using three variable; four variable; five variable K-Maps; Don't Care Conditions.	CO 6	T1:12.3-12.5
38	Understand Tabular Method	CO 6	T1:12.6
39	Design Combinational Logic Circuits adders, subtractors.	CO 6	T1:12.7 R1:3.1
40	Design different combinational logic circuits comparators Multiplexers, Demultiplexer.	CO 4	T1:7.2
41	Demonstrate the Encoders, Decoders.	CO 4	T1:12.8 R2:4.5
42	Code converters, Hazards and Hazard Free Relations	CO 5	T1:12.9-12.10
43	Combinational and sequential circuits, the binary cell, the Fundamentals of sequential machine operation, SR-Latch	CO 5	T1:12.11-12.12
44	Flip Flops: SR, JK, JK Master Slave, D	CO 5	T1:12.13-12.14
45	T Type Flip Flops. Timing and Triggering	CO 5	T1:12.15 R2:7.6
46	Excitation tables of Flip-flops,	CO 5	T1:12.16-12.17
47	Conversion from one type of Flip-Flop to another	CO 5	T1:13.1 R2:8.1
48	Draw and explain about Shift Registers	CO 6	T1:13.2 R2:8.2
49	Implement snchounous counter:binary counter	CO 6	T1:13.3 R2:8.3
50	Implement snchounous counter:up down counter	CO 6	T1:13.4 R2:8.4
51	Implement snchounous counterr	CO 6	T1:13.5 R2:8.5
52	Implement snchounous counter	CO 6	T1:13.6 R2:8.6
53	Asynchronous Counters using flip flops	CO 6	T1:14.1 R3:7.1
54	Asynchronous Counters using flip flops :ring counter	CO 6	T1:14.2 R3:7.2
55	Asynchronous Counters using flip flops : johnson counter	CO 6	T1:14.3 R3:7.3
56	Asynchronous Counters using flip flops	CO 6, CO 6	T1:14.4 R3:7.4
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE ST	UDIES	
6	Dynamic resistance	CO 1	T2:1.12
7	Diode current equation	CO 1	T1:2.2
9	Half wave and full wave rectifier	CO 1	T2:1.12
12	Transistor configurations: CE, CB and CC	CO 2	T1:3.2
13	H-parameter model for transistor configurations	CO 2	T1:3.2
16	Conversion of h-parameters	CO 3	T1: 9.2-9.3
17	Number systems	CO 3	T1: 9.2-9.3
26	Weighted and non weighted codes	CO 4	T1: 7.2
27	Boolean algebra	CO 4	T1: 7.2
28	Logics gates and multilevel gates	CO 4	T1: 7.2
29	minimization of boolean function using K-map	CO 5	T1: 8.1
30	Combinational circuits	CO 5	T1: 8.1

31	FlipFlops	CO 5	T1: 8.1
35	Conversion between flipflop	CO 6	T1: 10.3
36	Snchrounous counter	CO 6	T1: 10.3
57	ASnchrounous counter	CO 6	T1: 10.3
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TE	RMINOLO	GY
58	Dynamic resistance	CO1	T2:1.12
59	Cutin voltage	CO1	T1:7.2, T1:8.1
60	Rectifier	CO 6	T1:10.2,T1:10.3
61	H- parameter model	CO 5,CO	T1:11.6
		5	
62	Voltage gain, current gain input resitance and	CO 6	T1:9.4-9.6
	output resitance		
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION E	BANK	
63	number system	CO1,CO2	T2:1.12, T1:3.2
64	logic gates	CO 2	T1: 9.2-9.3
65	hamming code	CO3,CO4	T1:7.2, T1:8.1
66	combinational circuits	CO 5	T1:10.2,T1:10.3
67	latch and flipflops	CO 4,	T1: 11.6
		CO 5	

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. B Ravi Kumar, Associate professor HOD,CSIT

ANNEXURE - I

KEY ATTRIBUTES FOR ASSESSING PROGRAM OUTCOMES

PO Number	NBA Statement / Key Competencies Features (KCF)	No. of KCF's
PO 1	 Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals, and an Engineering specialization to the solution of complex Engineering problems (Engineering Knowledge). Knowledge, understanding and application of Scientific principles and methodology. Mathematical principles. Own and / or other engineering disciplines to integrate / support study of their own engineering discipline. 	3
PO 2	Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex Engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics natural sciences, and Engineering sciences (Problem Analysis). 1. Problem or opportunity identification 2. Problem statement and system definition 3. Problem formulation and abstraction 4. Information and data collection 5. Model translation 6. Validation 7. Experimental design 8. Solution development or experimentation / Implementation 9. Interpretation of results 10. Documentation	10
PO 3	 Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations (Design/Development of Solutions). 1. Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints including environmental and sustainability limitations, health and safety and risk assessment issues 2. Understand customer and user needs and the importance of considerations such as aesthetics 3. Identify and manage cost drivers 4. Use creativity to establish innovative solutions 	10

5. Ensure fitness for purpose for all aspects of the problem including production, operation, maintenance and disposal6. Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes.	
 7. Knowledge and understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes 8. Knowledge of management techniques which may be used to achieve engineering objectives within that context 9. Understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development 10. Awareness of the framework of relevant legal requirements governing engineering activities, including personnel, health, safety, and risk (including environmental risk) issues 	
 PO 4 Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions (Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems). 1. Knowledge of characteristics of particular materials, equipment, processes, or products 2. Workshop and laboratory skills 3. Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied (example, operations and management, technology development, etc.) 4. Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards 5. Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards 6. Awareness of quality issues 7. Ability to work with technical uncertainty 8. Understanding of engineering principles and the ability to apply them to analyse key engineering processes 9. Ability to identify, classify and describe the performance of systems and components through the use of analytical methods and modeling techniques 10. Ability to apply quantitative methods and computer software relevant to their engineering discipline, in order to solve engineering problems 11. Understanding of and ability to apply a systems approach to engineering problems. 	11
PO 5 Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations (Modern Tool Usage). 1. Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search tools.	1

PO 6	 Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice (The Engineer and Society). 1. Knowledge and understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes 2. Knowledge of management techniques which may be used to achieve engineering objectives within that context 3. Understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development 4. Awareness of the framework of relevant legal requirements governing engineering activities, including personnel, health, safety, and risk (including environmental risk) issues 5. Understanding of the need for a high level of professional and ethical conduct in engineering. 	5
PO 7	 Understand the impact of the professional Engineering solutions in societal and Environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development (Environment and Sustainability). Impact of the professional Engineering solutions (Not technical) Socio economic Political Environmental 	3
PO 8	 Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice (Ethics). 1. Comprises four components: ability to make informed ethical choices, knowledge of professional codes of ethics, evaluates the ethical dimensions of professional practice, and demonstrates ethical behavior. 2. Stood up for what they believed in 3. High degree of trust and integrity 	3
PO 9	 Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings (Individual and Teamwork). 1. Independence 2. Maturity – requiring only the achievement of goals to drive their performance 3. Self-direction (take a vaguely defined problem and systematically work to resolution) 4. Teams are used during the classroom periods, in the hands-on labs, and in the design projects. 5. Some teams change for eight-week industry oriented Mini-Project, and for the seventeen -week design project. 	12

	 6. Instruction on effective teamwork and project management is provided along with an appropriate textbook for reference 7. Teamwork is important not only for helping the students know their classmates but also in completing assignments. 8. Students also are responsible for evaluating each other's performance, which is then reflected in the final grade. 9. Subjective evidence from senior students shows that the friendships and teamwork extends into the Junior years, and for some of those students, the friendships continue into the workplace after graduation 10. Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization 11. Ability to get along with others 12. Demonstrated ability to work well with a team 	
PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions (Communication). "Students should demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in writing / Orally" 1. Clarity (Writing) 2. Grammar/Punctuation (Writing) 3. References (Writing) 4. Speaking Style (Oral) 5. Subject Matter (Oral)	5
PO 11	 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the Engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary Environments (Project Management and Finance). 1. Scope Statement 2. Critical Success Factors 3. Deliverables 4. Work Breakdown Structure 5. Schedule 6. Budget 7. Quality 8. Human Resources Plan 9. Stakeholder List 10. Communication 11. Risk Register 12. Procurement Plan 	12

PO 12	Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to	8
	engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context	
	of technological change (Life - Long Learning).	
	1. Project management professional certification / MBA	
	2. Begin work on advanced degree	
	3. Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	
	4. Personal continuing education efforts	
	5. Ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology	
	6. Continued personal development	
	7. Have learned at least 2-3 new significant skills	
	8. Have taken up to 80 hours (2 weeks) training per year	



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	Programming with Objects Laboratory				
Course Code	AITC03	AITC03			
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech			
Semester	III CSIT				
Course Type	CORE	CORE			
Regulation	UG20				
	Theory Practical				
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	0	0	-	3	1.5
Course Coordinator	Mr.N.V.Krishna Rao, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC01	II	Programming for Problem Solving
B.Tech	ACSC08	III	Data Structure

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Thiscoursepresents the principles of objectoriented programming using the Javalanguage, one of the most increasingly preferred languages for programming today. The knowledge gained in this course can be applied later to other languages such as python, C++. This course uses Net beans IDE to afford a more interactive experience. This course helps to develop different applications in various domains like GUI Applications, BigData, Web-based Applications, etc..

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Programming with Objects	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

~	Demo Video	✓	Lab Worksheets	1	Viva Questions	1	Probing further Questions
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V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end laberamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of	Day to day	Final internal lab	10tai Marks
Assessment	performance	assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	Problem-solving strategy to break down a complex problem in to a series of simpler tasks.
II	The semantics of exception handling in Java, and use it to write reliable Java code.

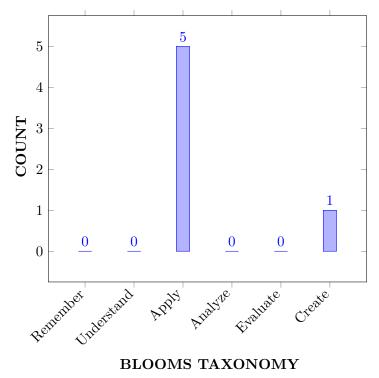
III	The event-driven programming principles by developing programs using graphical user
	interface.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Make use of operators, precedence of operators, associatively while evaluating expressions program statements.	Apply
CO 2	Make use of the concept of class and objects with access control and polymorphism techniques to represent real worldentities.	Apply
CO 3	Demonstrate design principles fincluding information hiding, encapsulation and exceptional handling.	Apply
CO 4	Implement the concepts of Multi-threading and files in soft real time systems.	Apply
CO 5	Apply the concepts of abstract class and inheritance for code reusability and extensibility.	Apply
CO 6	Design event-driven programming principles for developing programs using graphical user interface	Create

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	Lab Exercise, CIE,SEE
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complexengineering- problemsreachingsubstantiatedconclusionsusingfirst principles of mathematics, natural sciences ,and engineering sciences.	2	Lab Exercise, CIE,SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	Lab Exercise, CIE,SEE
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	1	Lab Exercise, CIE,SEE
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	Lab Exercise, CIE,SEE
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	3	Lab Exercise, CIE,SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems	3	Lab Exercises
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs	3	Lab Exercises

PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	3	Lab Exercises
	information technology in creating innovative career		
	paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork		
	towards Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Make use of Usage of object oriented programming fundamentals using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Make use of Usage of object oriented programming fundamentals with Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation.	2
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	2
	PSO 2	Focus on improving software reliability, network security or information retrieval systems	2
	PSO 3	Describe the well utilization of r resources for the better performance of the system.	2
CO 2	PO 1	Describe to use indexing mechanisms for extracting a portion of data in a sequence using principles of mathematics ,and engineering fundamentals.	2
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	3
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3
	PSO 1	Under stand the concepts of polymorphism techniques , and apply real world entity.	2
	PSO 2	Demonstrate on writing programs using object and classes concepts for applications such as computational geometry, Big data by understanding and applying the engineering principles	2
	PSO 3	Describe the well utilization of r resources for the better performance of the system.	2

CO 3	PO 1	Demonstrate on information hiding encapsulation with regard to how they will be implemented using the using fundamentals of mathematics ,science, and engineering.	2
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	3
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3
	PSO 2	Make use of exceptional handling to design and develop efficient real-time computational problems.	3
CO 4	PO 1	Describe the use of multi threading problem solving using the knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 3	Usage of Demonstrate the importance of file structures for developing programs in real-time scenarios by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	3
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3
	PSO 1	Understand the concepts of multithread, elements of parallel program execution and importance of CPU utilization.	2
	PSO 3	Describe the well utilization of r resources for the better performance of the system.	2
CO 5	PO 1	Describe the importance of abstract class and inheritance by understanding and applying the fundamentals of mathematics, science and engineering.	3
	PO 3	Usage of Build strong foundation of writing efficient modular programs using parameter passing mechanisms for career building. By communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	3

	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3
	PSO 2	Understand he concepts of abstract class and inheritance for code reusability and extensibility.	3
CO 6	PO 1	Make use of appropriate modules/packages in Java while developing solutions using the knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 3	Usage of Demonstrate the usage of modules/packages in designing and developing . solutions of complex engineering applications	2
	PO 5	Understanding of the limitations of Modern Tool Usage.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation of programming Schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	3
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of programming schemes for career building by communicating effectively with engineering concepts.	3
	PSO 1	Understand the concepts event-driven programming principles for developing programs using graphical user interface.	2
	PSO 2	Usage of Make use of modern computer tools and appropriate modules in building real-time applications for a successful career.	3
	PSO 3	Describe the well utilization of resources for the better performance of the system.	2

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes					Program Specific Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO5	PO10	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2		3	2	1	-	2	2
CO2	2			3	3	2	2	2	2
CO3	2			3	3	2	-	2	
CO4	1		2	3	2	4	3		2
CO5	1		2	3	3	-	-	3	
CO6	2	2		3	3	3	2	3	2

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	BASICPROGRAMS
	1.Try debug step by step with small program of about 10 to 15 lines which contains at least one if else condition and a for loop. 2. Write a java program that prints all real solutions to the quadratic equation $ax2 + bx+c=0$. Read in a, b, c and use the quadratic formula. 3. The Fibonacci sequence is defined by the following rule. The first two values in the sequence are 1 and 1. Every subsequent value is the sum of the two values preceding it. Write a java program that uses both recursive and non-recursive functions.
WEEK II	MATRICES, OVERLOADING, OVERRIDING
	1. Write a java program to multiply two given matrices. 2. Write a java program to implement method overloading and constructors overloading. 3. Write a java program to implement method overriding
WEEK III	PALINDROME, ABSTRACT CLASS
	1. Write a java program to check whether a given string is palindrome. 2. Write a java program for sorting a given list of names in ascending order. 3. Write a java program to create an abstract class named Shape that contains two integers and an empty method named print Area (). Provide three classes named Rectangle, Triangle and Circle such that each one of the classes extends the class Shape. Each one of the classes contains only the method print Area () that prints the area of the given shape
WEEK IV	INTERFACE
	Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer division. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num1 and Num2. The division of Num1 and Num2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num1 and Num2 were not integers, the program would throw a Number Format Exception. If Num2 were zero, the program would throw an Arithmetic Exception Display the exception in a message dialog box.

WEEK V	MULTITHREADING
	1. Write a java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of cube of the number. 2. Write a java program that correct implements of producer consumer program.
WEEK VI	FILES
	1. Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, and then displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, whether the file is writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes. 2. Write a java program that displays the number of characters, lines and words in a text file. 3. Write a java program that reads a file and displays the file on the screen with line number before each line
WEEK VII	FILES
	1. Suppose that table named table.txt is stored in a text file. The first line in the file is the header, and the remaining lines correspond to rows in the table. The elements are separated by commas. Write a java program to display the table using labels in grid layout. 2. Write a java program that connects to a database using JDBC and does add, delete, modify and retrieve operations.
WEEK VIII	JAVA PROGRAM WITH DATABASE
	1. Write a java program that loads names and phone numbers from a text file where the data is organized as one line per record and each field in a record are separated by a tab $(/t)$. It takes a name or phone number as input and prints the corresponding other value from the hash table. Hint: Use hash tables. 2. Implement the above program with database instead of a text file.
WEEK IX	FILES
	1. Write a java program that takes tab separated data (one record per line) from a text file and insert them into a database. 2. Write a java program that prints the metadata of a given table.
WEEK X	TRAFFIC LIGHT
	1. Write a java program that simulates a traffic light. The program lets the user select one of three lights: Red, Yellow or Green with radio buttons. On selecting a button an appropriate message with $-STOP \parallel$ or $-READY \parallel$ or $\parallel GO \parallel$ should appear above the buttons in selected color. Initially, there is no message shown.
WEEK XI	MOUSE EVENTS
	1. Write a java program that handles all mouse events and shows the event name at the center of the window when a mouse event is fired. Use adapter classes. 2. Write a java program to demonstrate the key event handlers.
WEEK XII	CALCULATOR
	Write a java program that works as a simple calculator. Use a grid layout to arrange buttons for the digits and for the $+,-,*$, operations. Add a text field to display the result. Handle any possible exception like divided by zero.

WEEK XIII	APPLET
	1. Develop an applet that displays a simple message. 2. Develop an applet
	that receives an integer in one text field and computes its factorial value and
	returns it in another text field, when the button named —compute is clicked.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. HerbertSchildt and DaleSkrien, "JavaFundamentals– A comprehensive Introduction ", McGrawHill, 1stEdition,2013.
- 2. HerbertSchildt, "Java the Complete Reference", McGraw Hill, Osborne, 7thEdition, 2011

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. P. J. Deitel, H. M. Deitel, —Java for Programmers ||, Pearson Education, PHI, 4 th Edition, 2007.
- 2. P. Radha Krishna, —Object Oriented Programming through Java∥, Universities Press, 2 nd Edition, 2007.
- 3. Bruce Eckel, —Thinking in Java^{||}, Pearson Education, 4 th Edition, 2006. 4. Sachin Malhotra, Saurabh Chaudhary, —Programming in Java^{||}, Oxford University Press, 5 th Edition, 2010

WEBREFERENCES:

- $1.\ www.niecdelhi.ac.in$.
- $2.\ https://www.linkedin.com/in/achin-jain-85061412$
- $3. \ www.rank1 inforech.com$

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Operators and Expressions	CO 1	T2:4.1-4.8
2	Selection/ConditionalBranchingStatements:if,if-else,nestedif,if-elseif-elsestatement.	CO 1,CO 2	T2:2.1-2.9
3	Abstract class and interface mplementation.	CO 4	T2:2.1–2.9 T2:10.2
4	Polymorphism and inheritance implementation.	CO 3,CO 5	T2:8.1-8.7
5	Multithreading programming In java	CO 4	T2:11.1-11.6
6	File's handling using java programming.	CO 3,CO 4	T2:13.5-13.6
7	Database connectivity using java programming.	CO 2,CO 6	T2:24.1-24.6
8	Event handling and abstract window.	CO 2,CO 6	T2:24.1-24.6
9	Event handling and layouts.	CO 2, CO 6	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm T2:}24.1-\\24.6\\{\rm T2:}21.61\end{array}$
10	Applets.	CO 2, CO 6	${{ m T2:}25.4-}\ {25.6}$

11	Loop Structures/Iterative Statements– While and for loop,	CO 2,CO 6	T2:5.1-5.3
	Nested loops		T:21.29
12	Classes and Objects–Defining Classes, Creating Objects.	CO 2	T2:6.1-6.5

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	You are the owner of a big company. You are so rich, that the government has allowed you to print as many notes as you want of any single value that you like. You also have peculiar behavior altra its and you often do things that look weird to a third person. You have N N employees, where the employee has salary Ai Ai. You want to pay them using a denomination that you create. You are also eco friendly and wish to save paper. So, you wish to pay them using as few notes as possible. Find out the minimum number of notes required if you can alter the salary of at most one employee to any positive integer that you like, and choose the positive integer value that each note is worth (called its denomination). Each employee must receive the exact value of his/her salary and no more.
2	You're given a tree with N vertices numbered from 1 to N Your go a list of handle queries. For each query you are given K nodes v1,v2,,vK. Find if there exists a simple path in the tree covering the give n vertices.

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr.N.V.Krishna Rao Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY							
Course Code	ACSC10	ACSC10						
Program	B.Tech							
Semester	III	CSIT						
Course Type	Core							
Regulation	IARE - UG 20							
	Г	heory		Practical				
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	-	-	-	3	1.5			
Course Coordinator	Dr. Sitharamul	u, Assistant	Professor	Dr. Sitharamulu, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course covers some of the general-purpose data structures and algorithms, and software development. Topics covered include managing complexity, analysis, static data structures, dynamic data structures and hashing mechanisms. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to select and design data structures and algorithms that are appropriate for problems that they might encounter in real life. This course reaches to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab which involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC02	Ι	Python Programming Laboratory
B.Tech	ACSC08	III	Data Structures

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Data Structures Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video		Lab		Viva		Probing further
\checkmark		\checkmark	Worksheets	\checkmark	Questions	\checkmark	Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE):The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them beingInternal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by thePrincipal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	10tal Marks
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	To provide students with skills needed to understand and analyze performance			
	trade-offs of different algorithms / implementations and asymptotic analysis of their			
	running time and memory usage.			

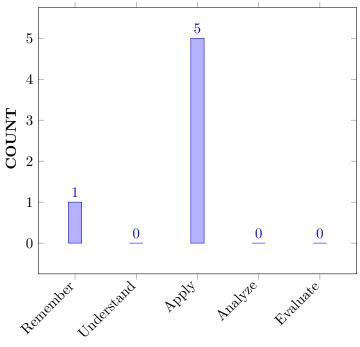
II	To provide knowledge of basic abstract data types (ADT) and associated algorithms:
	stacks, queues, lists, tree, graphs, hashing and sorting, selection and searching
III	The fundamentals of how to store, retrieve, and process data efficiently.
IV	To provide practice by specifying and implementing these data structures and
	algorithms in Python.
V	Understand essential for future programming and software engineering courses.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location.	Apply
CO 2	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to to optimize data searching.	Apply
CO 3	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data	Understand
CO 4	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for for organizing specified data	Apply
CO 5	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques	Apply
CO 6	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph	Remember

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	Lab Exercises
PO 2	Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, reviewresearch literature, and analyse complexEngineering problems reaching substantiatedconclusions using first principles of mathematicsnatural sciences, and Engineering sciences	3	Lab Exercises
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	Lab Exercises
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of ComplexProblems: Use research-based knowledge andresearch methods including design of experiments,analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis ofthe information to provide valid conclusions	2	Lab Exercises
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage:Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modernEngineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	1	Lab Exercises
PO 6	The Engineer and Society Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice	2	Lab Exercises
PO 8	Ethics Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3	Lab Exercises
PO 9	Individual and Teamwork Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	3	Lab Exercises
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	4	Lab Exercises

PO 12	Life - Long Learning:Recognize the need for and	3	Lab Exercises
	have the preparation and ability to engage in		
	independent and life-long learning in the broadest		
	context of technological change		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
			Assessed
			by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with	2	Lab
	multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence		Exercises
	embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.		
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended	2	Lab
	tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society,		Exercises
	Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs.		
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	2	Lab
	information technology in creating innovative career		Exercises
	paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork		
	towards Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	CO 1PO 1Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering , Scientific principles and methodology,engineering disciplines to integrate / support studyPO 2Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying Problem Analysis Problem statement and system definition,Information and data collection,Solution development or experimentation / Implementation		3
			3
	PO 3	Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying Design/Development of Solutions	3
	PO 4	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	2
	PO 5	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technica l library resources / literature search toolsl	1

	PO 6	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge	2
	PO 8	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3
	PO 9	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by applying Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader to get Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization	3
	PO 10	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities	3
	PO 12	Identify apply appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location by Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1	Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location in search engines	2
	PSO 2	Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location in mobile and web applications development	2
	PSO 3	Identify appropriate searching technique for efficient retrieval of data stored location in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools	3
CO 2	PO 1	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering , Scientific principles and methodology, engineering disciplines to integrate / support study	3
	PO 2	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying Problem Analysis Problem statement and system definition,Information and data collection,Solution development or experimentation / Implementation	3
	PO 3	Identify choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying Design/Development of Solutions	3
	PO 4	choose sorting technique to represent data in specifiedformat to optimize data searching by applying ConductInvestigations of Complex Problems	2
	PO 5	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search toolsl	1
	PO 6	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge	2

	PO 8	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3
	PO 9	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by applying Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader to get Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization	3
	PO 10	chooseApply sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities	3
	PO 12	choose sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching by Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1	chooseApply sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching in search engines	2
	PSO 2	chooseApply sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching in mobile and web applications development	2
	PSO 3	chooseApply sorting technique to represent data in specified format to optimize data searching in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools	3
CO 3	PO 1	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering , Scientific principles and methodology, engineering disciplines to integrate / support study	3
	PO 2	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying Problem Analysis Problem statement and system definition,Information and data collection,Solution development or experimentation / Implementation	3
	PO 3	Identify, Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying Design/Development of Solutions	3
	PO 4	Make use of Apply stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	2
	PO 5	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search tools	1

	PO 6	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge	2
	PO 8	Make use of stacks and queues representation , operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3
	PO 9	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by applying Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader to get Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization	3
	PO 10	Make use of stacks and queues representation, operations and their applications to organize specified data by Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities	3
	PO 12	Make use of stacks and queues representation , operations and their applications to organize specified data by Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1	Make use of stacks and queues representation , operations and their applications to organize specified data in search engines	2
	PSO 2	Make use of stacks and queues representation , operations and their applications to organize specified data mobile and web applications development	2
	PSO 3	Make use of stacks and queues representation , operations and their applications to organize specified data in shipping real world software , using industry standard tools	2
CO 4	PO 1	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering , Scientific principles and methodology, engineering disciplines to integrate / support study	3
	PO 2	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying Problem Analysis Problem statement and system definition,Information and data collection,Solution development or experimentation / Implementation	3
	PO 3	utilizeApply linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying Design/Development of Solutions	3
	PO 4	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	2

	PO 5	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search toolsl	1
	PO 6	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge	2
	PO 8	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3
	PO 9	utilize Apply linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by applying Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader to get Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization	3
	PO 10	utilize linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities	3
	PO 12	utilizeApply linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified data by Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1	utilize Apply linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified in search engines	2
	PSO 2	utilizeApply linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified in mobile and web applications development	2
	PSO 3	utilizeApply linked lists to implement and perform operations for organizing specified in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools	2
CO 5	PO 1	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering , Scientific principles and methodology, engineering disciplines to integrate / support study	3
	PO 2	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques by applying Problem Analysis Problem statement and system definition,Information and data collection,Solution development or experimentation / Implementation	3
	PO 3	Construct Apply tree to perform different traversal techniques by applying Design/Development of Solutions	3
	PO 4	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques by applying Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	2

	PO 5	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques by applying Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search tools	1
	PO 6	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniquesby applying reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge	2
	PO 8	ConstructApply tree to perform different traversal techniques by applying ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3
	PO 9	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniquesby applying Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader to get Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization	3
	PO 10	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques by Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities	3
	PO 12	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques by Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	3
	PSO 1Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques in search enginesPSO 2Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques in mobile and web applications development		2
			2
	PSO 3	Construct tree to perform different traversal techniques in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools	2
CO 6	PO 1	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying the principles of Mathematics and Engineering , Scientific principles and methodology,engineering disciplines to integrate / support study	3
	PO 2	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying Problem Analysis Problem statement and system definition,Information and data collection,Solution development or experimentation / Implementation	3
	PO 3	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying Design/Development of Solutions	3
	PO 4	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems	2
	PO 5	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search tools	1

PO 6	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge	2
PO 8	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice	3
PO 9	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by applying Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader to get Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization	3
PO 10	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities	3
PO 12	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph by Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts	3
PSO 1	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph in search engines	2
PSO 2	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph in mobile and web applications development	2
PSO 3	Select Appropriate graph traversal techniques to visit the vertices of a graph in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools	2

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	Pro	gram	o Out	come	es/ N	o. of	Key	Con	pete	ncies	Mat	ched]	PSO'S	5
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	3	2	2	3	1	-	1	2	3	-	2	2	1	1
CO 2	1	2	2	2	3	1	-	2	3	3	-	2	1	1	1
CO 3	1	2	2	1	3	1	-	-	2	3	-	2	2	2	-
CO 4	1	2	1	1	3	1	-	-	2	3	-	2	2	1	1
CO 5	1	1	2	1	3	1	-	2	2	3	-	2	2	1	1
CO 6	1	1	2	1	3	1	-	1	3	3	-	2	2	1	1

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

√	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Expe	erts	

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	SEARCHING TECHNIQUES
	Write Python programs for implementing the following searching techniques.a. Linear search. b. Binary search. c. Fibonacci search.
WEEK II	SORTING TECHNIQUES
	Write Python programs for implementing the following sorting techniques to arrange a list of integers in ascending order. a. Bubble sort. b. Insertion sort.c. Selection sort
WEEK III	SORTING TECHNIQUES
	Write Python programs for implementing the following sorting techniques to arrange a list of integers in ascending order. a. Quick sort. b. Merge sort.
WEEK IV	IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK AND QUEUE
	Write Python programs to a. Design and implementation Stack and its operations using Arrays. b. Design and implementation Queue and its operations using Arrays
WEEK V	APPLICATIONS OF STACK
	Write Python programs for the following: a. Uses Stack operations to convert infix expression into postfix expression. b. Uses Stack operations for evaluating the postfix expression.
WEEK VI	IMPLEMENTATION OF SINGLE LINKED LIST
	Write Python programs for the following: a. Uses functions to perform the following operations on single linked list. (i) Creation (ii) insertion (iii) deletion (iv) traversal b. To store a polynomial expression in memory using linked list.
WEEK VII	IMPLEMENTATION OF CIRCULAR SINGLE LINKED LIST
	Write Python programs for the following: Uses functions to perform the following operations on Circular linked list. (i) Creation (ii) insertion (iii) deletion (iv) traversal
WEEK VIII	IMPLEMENTATION OF DOUBLE LINKED LIST
	Write Python programs for the following: Uses functions to perform the following operations on double linked list. (i) Creation (ii) insertion (iii) deletion (iv) traversal in both ways.
WEEK IX	IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK USING LINKED LIST
	Write Python programs to implement stack using linked list.
WEEK X	IMPLEMENTATION OF QUEUE USING LINKED LIST
	Write Python programs to implement queue using linked list.
WEEK XI	GRAPH TRAVERSAL TECHNIQUES
	Write Python programs to implement the following graph traversal algorithms:a. Depth first search.b.Breadth first search.

WEEK XII	IMPLEMENTATION OF BINARY SEARCH TREE
	Write a Python program that uses functions to perform the following: a.
	Create a binary search tree. b.Traverse the above binary search tree
	recursively in pre-order, post-order and in-order. c. Count the number of
	nodes in the binary search tree.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Rance D. Necaise, "Data Structures and Algorithms using Python", Wiley Student Edition.
- 2. Benjamin Baka, David Julian, "Python Data Structures and Algorithms", Packt Publishers, 2017.

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- 1. Michael H Goldwasser, David Letscher, —Object Oriented Programming in Python ||, Prentice Hall, 1 st Edition, 2007.
- 2. Yashavant Kanetkar, Aditya Kanetkar, —Let us Python ||, BPB publication, 1st Edition, 2019.
- 3. Ashok Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, —Programming and Problem Solving with Python ||, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2018.
- 4. Taneja Sheetal, Kumar Naveen, —Python Programming A modular approach $\|,$ Pearson, 2017.
- 5. R Nageswara Rao, —Core Python Programming , Dreamtech Press, 2017 Edition.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://realpython.com/python3-object-oriented-programming
- 2. https://python.swaroopch.com/oop.html
- $3.\ https://python-textbok.readthedocs.io/en/1.0/Object-Oriented-Programming.html$
- 4. https://www.programiz.com/python-programming/
- 5. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/python-programming-language

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Searching Techniques	CO 1	T1
2	Sorting Techniques.	CO 2	T1
3	Sorting Techniques	CO 2	T1,T2
4	Implementation of Stack and Queue	CO 3	T1,T2
5	Applications of Stack.	CO 3	T1, W1
6	Implementation of Single Linked List	CO 4	T1,W2
7	Implementation of Circular Single Linked List.	CO 4	T1,W3

8	Implementation of Double Linked List	CO 4	T2,W3
9	Implementation of Stack Using Linked List.	CO 3,CO	T2,W2
		4	
10	Implementation of Queue Using Linked List	CO 3,CO	T2,W5
		4	
11	Graph Traversal Techniques.	CO 6	T2,W2
12	Implementation of Binary Search Tree	CO 5	T1,W5

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Twin vortex formation: Design a Data Structure SpecialStack that supports all the stack operations like push(), pop(), isEmpty(), isFull() and an additional operation getMin() which should return minimum element from the SpecialStack. All these operations of SpecialStack must be O(1). To implement SpecialStack, you should only use standard Stack data structure and no other data structure like arrays, list, . etc.
2	Open channel: In class, we studied binary search trees that do not allow us to insert duplicate elements. However, sometimes we do need to store duplicates. For example, a database of student marks might contain one record for every mark by every student; so if you've taken two courses, there will be two records with the same key (your student number) and different data (your two marks). To accomplish this, we might use a data structure called a "BST with duplicates", or BSTD
3	Capillary action: The variable tos in the Stack class is the index of the array element that would be filled the next time push() is called. Modify the code so that tos is the index of the top element actually in use. In other words, tos is to be the index of the top array element occupied by a value that has been "pushed" onto the stack. Write your changes on the code above. Don't forget to fix the comments. You do not need to add preconditions as in part-a.
4	Buoyancy Given an adjacency matrix representation of a graph, describe with pseudo code an algorithm that finds a single path, if one exists, between any two different vertices.
5	Flow through pipes: There is a garage where the access road can accommodate any number of trucks at one time. The garage is building such a way that only the last truck entered can be moved out. Each of the trucks is identified by a positive integer (a truck-id). Write a program to handle truck moves, allowing for the following commands: a) On-road (truck-id); b) Enter-garage (truck- id); c) Exit-garage (truck-id); d) Show-trucks (garage or road); If an attempt is made to get out a truck which is not the closest to the garage entry, the error message Truck x not near garage door



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	ADVANCED PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY						
Course Code	ACSC11	ACSC11					
Program	B.Tech						
Semester	III	CSIT					
Course Type	Core						
Regulation	IARE R-20						
		Theory			Practical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	1	-	-	2	2		
Course Coordinator	Dr. K. Suvarchala, Associate Professor, CSE						

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

Advanced Python lab provides hands on experience in implementing different modules and develops competence in choosing appropriate data structure and techniques to improve efficiency of application. This laboratory implements matrices and multi dimensional arrays using multilists, GUI applications with tkinter and image processing modules, database connectivity for handling large data sets, mathematical modules and OOPs concepts. This is essential for developing software in areasArtificial Intelligence, Machine learning Bigdata analytics and many more recent areas.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG	ACSC01	Ι	Programming Programming

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Advanced Python	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Programming Laboratory			

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

✓	Demo Video	✓	Lab Worksheets	✓	Viva Questions	✓	Probing further Questions
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V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	10041 1014185
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

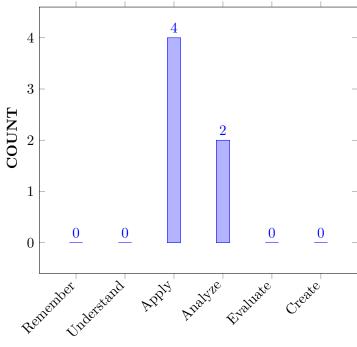
Ι	The programming skills in advanced Python concepts to develop software using different modules.
II	Applying Object-orientedprogrammingconcepts with exception handlers for realtime engineering problems.
III	Implementation of different database applications using interface with GUI approach

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Apply complex data structures and advanced packages to organize code in modules.	Apply
CO 2	Make use of object oriented concepts, exception handling for un-interrupted execution of real time applications	Apply
CO 3	Develop User defined functions for better modularity and high degree of code reusability.	Analyze
CO 4	Develop database applications using different file handling techniques and database connectivity.	Apply
CO 5	Utilize numpy, date time modules to solve mathematical related problems.	Analyze
CO 6	Examine tkinter and turtle modules for developing web based applications.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 2	Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2	Lab Exercises
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs.	3	Lab Exercises

PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	1	Lab
	information technology in creating innovative career		Exercises
	paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork		
	towards Continuous Learning		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of mathematics, engineeringfundamentals, to solve complex engineering problems with complex data strictures and advanced packages.	2
	PO 2	Make Use of advanced data structures and packages for solving multi-dimensional related problems with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Make Use of complex data types and packages for developing solutions to multidimensional based problems and with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Select appropriate complex data type to solve multidimensional related problems using recent python compiler.	1
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on advanced packages of pythonfor career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions.	2
	PSO 1	Demonstrate algorithmic strategies systematically to get solution into by using its Libraries and modules of Python	1
CO 2	PO 2	Demonstrate object oriented concepts and exception handlers for implementing real time applications with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	4
	PO 3	Build applications using class and object concepts with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Make Use of exception handlers for identifying errors in programming problems by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	1

	PO 10	Build strong foundation on object orientation paradigm for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions.	4
	PO12	Model applications with classes and objects for career building in object oriented software development .	2
	PSO 3	Applypython advanced object oriented concepts for further study in upcoming technologies such as Machine learning and data science.	1
CO 3	PO 3	Make Use of functions for developing large applications with the problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Apply code reusability techniques with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	4
	PO 5	Demonstrate user defined functions for implementing modular programming in designing new software	1
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on Principle of Optimality for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions.	3
	PO12	Utilize code reusability on complex applications for career building in software development.	2
	PSO1	Relate algorithmic strategies systematically to get solution to problems by using User defined function and code reusability.	2
	PSO 3	Model real time applications in python by using code reusability concepts for higher studies and career development.	2
CO 4	PO 2	Apply data and file handling techniques for database applications with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Model database projects by Investigating needs, defining the problem, identifying constraints, Manage the design process, evaluate outcomes for obtaining innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Utilize database connectivity to develop computer software and packages.	1
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on database connectivity techniques for developing database application with clarity.	2
	PO 12	Construct data and filebased applications using current CSE concepts with project management skills for obtaining advanced degree as a part of continuing education	4
	PSO2	Design database applications using database connectivity to design information retrieval systems	1

	PSO 3	Apply python file and database handling techniques for building career in advanced computer technologies	1
CO 5	PO 1	Make use of numpy, date and time modules for developing mathematical and statistical based solutions with the help of mathematics and engineering fundamentals	2
	PO 2	Utilize numpy, date and time modules for developing large applications with the problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Apply numpy, date and time modules utilities to complex problems with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Demonstrate numpy, date and time modules for implementing mathematical time related programming in designing new software	1
	PO10	Build strong foundation on various modules for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions.	2
	PSO3	Utilize numpy, data and time modules in implementing future applications of advanced computer technologies	1
CO 6	PO 1	Demonstrate web based applications by applying the knowledge of mathematics, engineering fundamentals	2
	PO 2	Illustrate Image and GUI based concepts of advanced python for implementing real time applications with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	4
	PO 3	Develop applications using tkinter and turtle packages by investigating needs of user, defining problem with constraints, design the process for innovating solutions.	4
	PO 5	Make Use of image and GUI based packages to simulate computer basedpackages.	1
	PO10	Build strong foundation on object orientation paradigm for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions.	2
	PO12	Model applications using turtle and tkinter for career building in web based application implementing related research projects as part of continuing education.	3
	PSO3	Apply python advanced packages turtle and tkinter in future technologies , projects and research	1

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcomes		Program Outcomes			Program	m Specif	ic Outcomes		
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO5	PO10	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	5	5	1	2	1	-	-	-
CO2	-	4	5	1	4	2	-	-	-
CO3	-	5	4	1	3	2	-	2	2
CO4	-	5	5	1	2	4	-	1	1
CO5	2	5	5	1	2	-	-	-	1
CO6	2	4	4	1	2	3	-	-	1

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams		SEE Exams \checkmark	Seminars	-	
	\checkmark				
Laboratory Practices	✓	Student Viva	~	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	DICTIONARY
	 a. Write a program to count the numbers of characters in the string and store them in a dictionary data structure b. Write a program to use split and join methods in the string and trace a birthday with a dictionary data structure. c. Write a program combine_lists that combines these lists into a dictionary. d. Write a Python program to find shortest list of values with the keys in a given dictionary
WEEK II	NESTED LISTS
	 a. Write a program to read a 3 X 3 matrix and find the transpose. b. Write a program to perform addition, subtraction of two 3 X 3 matrices. c. Write a program to perform multiplication of two 3 X 3 matrices. d. Write a program to check whether two given 3 X 3 matrices are identical or not.
WEEK III	USER DEFINED FUNCTIONS

	 a. Write a function bal_collide that takes two balls as parameters and computes if they are colliding. Your function should return a Boolean representing whether or not the balls are colliding. Hint: Represent a ball on a plane as a tuple of (x, y, r), r being the radius If (distance between two balls centers);= (sum of their radii) then (they are colliding) b. Write a function to find mean, median, mode for the given set of numbers in a list. c. Write a function nearly_equal to test whether two strings are nearly equal. Two strings a and bare nearly equal string : Python - Jython, Perl - Pearl) d. The mathematician Srinivasa Ramanujan found an infinite series that can be used to generate a numerical approximation of 1/ re : Write a function called estimate_pi that uses this formula to compute and return an estimate ofrc. It should use awhile loop to compute terms of the summation until the last term is smaller than le-15 (which is Python notation
	for 10-15) You can check the result by comparing it to math.pi.
WEEK IV	MODULES
	 a. Installpackagesrequests,flaskandexploreusing(pip) b. WriteaPythonprogramthatimportsrequestsandfetch contentfromwikipage. c. WriteaPython programtogenerateaseriesofuniquerandomnumbersbyusingrandommodule d. WriteaPythonprogramtofindthesubstringswithinastringusingremodule.
WEEK V	DATE AND TIME
	 a. Demonstrate Basic date and time classes, Different time formats, Converting between fonnats, Formatting dates and times, Parsing date/time in formation. b. Write a script that reads the current time and converts it to a time of day in hours, minutes, and seconds, plus the number of days since the epoch. c. Design a Python script to determine the difference in date forgiven two dates in YYYY:MM:DD format(0i=YYYYi=9999,1i=MM i=12,1i=DDi=31)following the leap year rules. d. DesignaPythonScripttodeterminethetimedifferencebetweentwo- giventimesinHH:MM:SS format.(0 i=HHi=23,0i=MMi=59,0i=SSi=59).

WEEK VI	CLASS AND OBJECTS
	 a.Create a class ATM and define ATM operations to create account, deposit, check_balance, withdraw and delete account.Use constructor to initialize members. b. Make a class Employee with a name and salary. Make a class Manager inherit from Employee. Add an instancevariable ,named department.Write a method that prints manager's name, department and salary.Make a classExecutive inherit from Manager.Write a method that prints the string "Executive" followed by the informationstored inthe Managersuperclassobject. c. A hospital wants to create a database regarding its in door patients. The information to store include a) Name of the patient b) Date of admission c) Disease d) Date of discharge. Create a structure to store the date (year,month and date as its members). Create a base class to store the above information and display a list of all the patients in the database. Create aderived class to store the age of the patients. List the information about to store the age of the patients. List the information about all the pediatric patients (less than twelve years in age).
WEEK VII	FILE HANDLING
	 a. Write a python program to read the file contents and do the following operations i) Print each word of a file in reverse order. ii) Print each line of a file in reverse order.Sample Input: Python Programming Sample Output: Programming Python iii) Display the content of a without white spaces. b. Demonstrate Serializing Data with XML and JSON: i) Working with XML modules in Python ii) Start with Element Tree iii) Parsing XML iv) Updating an XML tree v) Creating a new document vi) YAML, other formats as time permits vii) Reading,Writing JSON viii) Reading/writing CSV file S c. Write a Python program to store N student's records containing name, roll number and branch. Print the given branch student's details only.
WEEK VIII	 EXCEPTION HANDLING a. Read two numbers nl and n2.Write a function to compute nl/n2 and use try/except to catch the exceptions. b. Write a Python program to detect and handle the exception while solving the quadratic equation. c. Write a Python program to handle the run time errors while doing file handling operation. d. Write a Python program to create and raise user defined exception.

WEEK IX	MULTI THREADING AND TESTING
	 a. Write a python program to create two threads to keep a count of number of even numbers entered by the user. b. Write a JAVA program that creates threads by extending Thread class .First thread display "Good Morning "every 1 sec, the second thread displays "Hello "every 2 seconds and the third display "Welcome" every 3 seconds. c. Write a test-case to check the function even_numbers which return True on passing a list of all even numbers. d. Write a test-case to check the function reverse_string which returns the reversed string.
WEEK X	NUMPY
	a. Using Numpy, write a basic array of operations on single array to add x to each element of array and subtract y from each element of array. b. Using Numpy, write a program to add, subtract and multiply two matrices. c. Write a Python program to do the following operations: Library: NumPy i) Create multi-dimensional arrays and find its shape and dimension ii) Create a matrix full of zeros and ones iii) Reshape and flatten data in the array iv) Append data vertically and horizontally v) Apply indexing and slicing on array vi) Use statistical functions on array - Min, Max, Mean, Median and Standard Deviation vii)Dot and matrix product of two arrays viii) Compute the Eigen values of a matrix ix) Solve a linear matrix equation such as $3 * x0 + x1 = 9$, $x0 + 2 * x1 = 8$ x) Compute the multiplicative inverse of a matrix xi) Compute the rank of a matrix xii)Compute the determinant of an array
WEEK XI	GUI
	 e. Design a GUI based calculator to perform arithmetic operations like addition, subtraction, multiplication and division. (Hint: Expression Calculator using tk) f. Design a GUI based application to convert temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit. g. Write a python program to perform various database operations (create, insert, delete, update).
WEEK XII	GRAPHICS
	a. Consider turtle object. Write functions to draw triangle, rectangle, polygon, circle and sphere. Use object oriented approachb. Design a Python program using the Turtle graphics library to construct a turtle bar chart representing the grades obtained by N students read from a file categorizing them into distinction, first class, second class, third class and failed.c. Write a python program to implement the following figures using turtle

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Michael H Goldwasser, David Letscher, "Object Oriented Programming in Python", Prentice Hall, 1st Edition, 2007.
- 2. Yashavant Kanetkar, Aditya Kanetkar, "Let us Python, BPB publication, 1st Edition, 2019.
- 3. Ashok Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, "Programming and Problem solving with Python", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2018.
- 4. Taneja Sheetal, Kumar Naveen, "Python Programming A Modular Approach", Pearson, 2017
- 5. R Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", Dreamtech Press, 2017 Edition.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Dictionary	CO1	T1
2	Nested Lists	CO1	T1
3	User defined Functions	CO3	Τ2
4	Modules	CO3	Τ4
5	Date and Time	CO5	Τ4
6	Class and Object	CO2	Τ3
7	File Handling	CO4	Τ3
8	Exception Handling	CO2	T5
9	Multi Threading and Testing	CO4	T5
10	NUMPY	CO5	Τ4
11	GUI	CO6	T5
12	Graphics	CO6	Τ5

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Implementation of Machine learning algorithms.
2	Developing an operating system.
3	Creation of Multiplayer game

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. K. Suvarchala, Associate Professor, CSE

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			
Course Title	THEOF	THEORY OF COMPUTATION			
Course Code	AITC04				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	IV				
Course Type	Core				
Regulation	UG-20				
		Theory		Pract	bical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	1	4	-	-
Course Coordinator	Mr. U Sivaji, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSC08	II	Probability and Statistics.
B.Tech	ACSB03	III	Data Structures
B.Tech	ACSB04	III	Discrete Mathematical Structures

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course focuses on infinite languages in finite ways, and classifies machines by their power to recognize. It includes finite automata, regular grammar, push down automata, context free grammars, and Turing machines It is applicable in designing phrasing and lexical analysis of a compiler, genetic programming and recursively enumerable languages

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Theory of computation	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Quiz						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could

be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
20%	Remember
20 %	Understand
0%	Apply
0%	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70	
	Total Marks		100	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

[Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving	
	40%	40%	20%	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

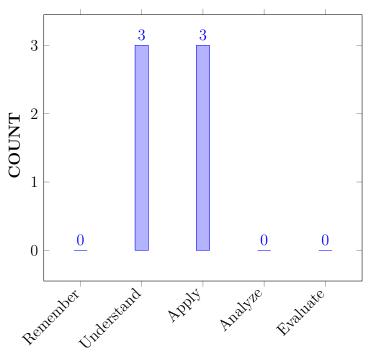
Ι	The fundamental knowledge of automata theory which is used to solve computational problems
II	The reorganization of context free language for processing infinite information using push down automata.
III	The computer based algorithms with the help of an abstract machine to solve recursively Enumerable problems

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

	- /	
CO 1	Make use of deterministic finite automata and non deterministic	Apply
	finite automata for modeling lexical analysis and text editors.	
CO 2	Extend regular expressions and regular grammars for parsing and	Understand
	designing programming languages.	
CO 3	Illusrate the pumping lemma on regular and context free languages	Understand
	for perform negative test .	
CO 4	Demonstarte context free grammars, normal forms for generating	Understand
	patterns of strings and minimize the ambiguity in parsing the given	
	strings.	
CO 5	Construct push down automata for context free languages for	Apply
	developing parsing phase of a compiler.	
CO 6	Apply Turing machines and Linear bounded automata for recognizing	Apply
	the languages, complex problems.	

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes				
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution				
	of complex engineering problems.				
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and				
	analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions				
	using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering				
	sciences.				

	Program Outcomes
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization	3	CIE / SEE
PO 2	to the solution of complex engineering problems. Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	12	ААТ
	research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	1.2	AAI

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1.5	SEE / AAT
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1.5	CIE / Quiz / AAT /Tech- Talk

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2.3	Group discussion/ Short term courses
PSO 3	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research Entrepreneurs.	1.0	Research papers/ Industry exposure

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Evaluate properties of grammar for the given problem with the help of alphabet and strings and language by applying the mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PSO 3	Demonstrate the basic text editors in real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques in the field of computational programming.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Understand the basics of context free grammars, its types and properties for finding pumping lemma by applying mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PO 10	Understand the types of grammars and their properties and write effective reports and documentation .	1
	PSO 1	Make use of the concept of finite automata for developing algorithms of machine learning and networking concepts	3
CO 3	PO 1	Find an optimized solution for the given problem using regular grammar by applying the knowledge of mathematical principles and computer engineering methodologies.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and develop the solution using right and left linear grammar from the provided information and interpret of results.	4
	PO 3	Explain and demonstrate the translation of simple statements, by applying grammars by engineering processes.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Describe the role of Ambiguity in construction of context free grammars by understanding mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and analyze the grammar and eliminate ambiguity using derivation trees and document the results for interpretation.	3
	PO 10	Understand normalization techniques such as (Chomsky and griebach)to minimize the ambiguity.	1
	PSO 1	Understand the normalization techniques in the area related to parsing desire for higher studies in field of compiler design, machine Learning and data science.	3
CO 5	PO 1	Describe acceptance of context free language by final state and by empty stack problems by understanding mathematical principles, engineering methodologies and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Understand equivalence of context free language and pushdown automata for validation and design of inter conversionforsolving the given problem related to engineering from the provided information and data.	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 3	Understand the principle of languages , grammars for computational programming to achieve engineering objectives.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Describe the recursively enumerable languages and churchs hypothesis using mathematical principles and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement and formulate the (complex) engineering problems in the Design of Turing machine in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	3
	PO 3	Make Use of Turing machinesto develop programs (define problem) for finding the solution (innovative) of complex engineering problems which satisfy the user constraints.	4
	PO 4	Ability to identify ,classify and describe the performance of turing machine by using analytical methods and modeling techniques.	4
	PSO 1	Analyze computable functions in the areas related to simulation of Turing machine, software testing, high performance computing, machine learning, software engineering and computer networks	6

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	1
CO 2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-
CO 3	2	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	2	3	-	-		-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 6	3	3	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		6	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	33.3
CO 2	66.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20.0	-	-	50.0	-	-
CO 3	66.7	40.0	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	66.7	30.0	-	-		-	-	-	-	20.0	-	-	50.0	-	-
CO 5	100.0	30.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.3
CO 6	100.0	30.0	40.0	36.3		-	-	١	-	-	-		100.0	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** $-5 < C \le 40\% Low / Slight$
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRO)GR.	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{M}$	OUT	CON	MES					PSO'S	
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-
CO 3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-
CO 5	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 6	3	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
TOTAL	18	5	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	7	-	2
AVERAGE	3.0	1.25	1.5	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2.3	0	1.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
Х	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	FINITE AUTOMATA
	Fundamentals: Alphabet, strings, language, operations; Introduction to finite automata: The central concepts of automata theory, deterministic finite automata, nondeterministic finite automata, an application of finite automata, finite automata with and without epsilon transitions, Conversion of NFA to DFA, Moore and Melay Machines.
MODULE II	REGULAR LANGUAGES
	Regular sets, regular expressions, identity rules, constructing finite automata for a given regular expressions, conversion of finite automata to regular expressions, pumping lemma of regular sets, closure properties of regular sets (proofs not required), regular grammars-right linear and left linear grammars, equivalence between regular linear grammar and finite automata, inter conversion.
MODULE III	CONTEXT FREE GRAMMARS
	Context free grammars and languages: Context free grammar, derivation trees, sentential forms, right most and leftmost derivation of strings, applications. Ambiguity in context free grammars, minimization of context free grammars, Chomsky normal form, Greibach normal form, pumping lemma for context free languages, enumeration of properties of context free language (proofs omitted)
MODULE IV	PUSHDOWN AUTOMATA
	Pushdown automata, definition, model, acceptance of context free language, acceptance by final state and acceptance by empty stack and its equivalence, equivalence of context free language and pushdown automata, inter conversion;(Proofs not required); Introduction to deterministic context free languages and deterministic pushdown automata.
MODULE V	TURING MACHINE
	Turing machine: Turing machine, definition, model, design of Turing machine, computable functions, recursively enumerable languages, Church's hypothesis, counter machine, types of Turing machines (proofs not required), linear bounded automata and context sensitive language, Chomsky hierarchy of languages.

TEXTBOOKS

1. John E. Hopcroft , Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, —Introduction to Automata, Theory, Languages and Computation, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. John C Martin, —Introduction to Languages and Automata Theory, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2017
- 2. Daniel I.A. Cohen, Introduction to Computer Theory, John Wiley Sons, 2nd Edition, 2004.

WEB REFERENCES: 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106103070

COURSE WEB PAGE:

https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=account/login

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference				
	OBE DISCUSSION						
1	1 In Outcome-Based Education (OBE), we discussed about course delivery assessment that						
	are planned to achieve stated objectives and outcomes. We will focuses on measuring						
	student performance i.e. outcomes at different levels. Course of	outcomes(CO),Program				
	Outcomes(PO) and Program Specific Outcomes(PSO) and also mapping of CO's to PO's						
	PSO's and their attainments are discussed.						
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)						
1	Alphabet, strings, language and operations	CO1	T1:1.5-1.6				
2	finite automata and concepts of automata theory	CO1	T1:2.1-2.2, R2:38-64				
3	Demonstrate the behavior of deterministic finite automata	CO 1	T1:2.2-2.3				
4-6	Understand the functionality of non- deterministic finite automata and Finite automata with epsilon transitions.	CO 1	T1:2.3-2.4, R1:3.1-3.3, R2:142-148				
7	application of finite automata, Conversion of NFA to DFA, Moore and Melay Machines.	CO 1	T1:2.3-2.4, R1:3.1-3.3, R2:142-148				
8-10	understand the Regular sets, regular expressions, identity rules	CO 2	T1: 3.1-3.2				
11-13	finite automata for a given regular expressions, finite automata to regular expressions	CO 2	T1: 3.1-3.2				
14-15	find the pumping lemma of regular sets, regular grammars, right linear and left linear grammars	CO 3	T1: 4.1-4.2				
16-19	Regular grammars-right linear and left linear grammars	CO 4	T1: 4.4-4.5				
20-22	regular linear grammar and finite automata, inter conversion.	CO 2	T1: 4.4-4.5				
23-24	Apply Context free grammar on derivation trees	CO 4	T1: 5.1-5.5, R1:4.2-4.4				
25-27	sentential forms, right most and leftmost derivation of strings	CO 4	T1: 5.1-5.5, R1:4.2-4.4				
28-29	Ambiguity in context free grammars	CO 4	T1: 5.1-5.5, R1:4.2-4.4				
30-32	Understand Minimization of context free grammars, Chomsky normal form, Greibach normal form	CO 4	T1: 7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2				
33-34	Pumping lemma for context free languages, properties	CO 3	T1: 7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2				
35-37	Apply the push down automata for acceptance of context free Languages	CO 5	T1: 6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4				
38-41	push down automata for given context free languages	CO 5	T1: 6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4				

42-43	acceptance by empty stack and its Equivalence.	CO 5	T1: 6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4
44-45	Describe Equivalence of context free language and pushdown automata	CO 5	T1: 6.3-6.4
46-47	inter conversion, deterministic push down automata.	CO 5	T1: 6.3-6.4
48-53	Describe Turing machine, definition, model, computable functions	CO 6	T1: 8.1-8.2, R1:7.2-7.4
54-56	Apply Recursively enumerable languages	CO 6	T1: 8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6
57-58	Types of Turing machines and Church's hypothesis.	CO 6	T1: 8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6
59-60	Linear bounded automata and context sensitive language.	CO 6	T1:9.1-9.8, R2:551-560
61-62	Chomsky hierarchy of languages.	CO 6	T1:9.1-9.8, R2:551-560
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDI	ES	
1	Describe a DFA for the following language $L=\{w/ w \mid mod5=0, w \text{ belongs to } (a,b)^*\}$ $L=\{w/ w \mid mod5=1, w \text{ belongs to } (a,b)^*\}$	CO 1	T1:2.3-2.4, R1:3.1-3.3
2	Convert NFA with ϵ to equivalent NFA $M=(\{q0,q1,q2\},\{0,1,2\}, \delta, q0, \{q2\})$ where δ is given by $[\delta (q0,0)=\{q0\}, \delta (q0,1)=\phi, \delta (q0,2)=\phi, \delta(q0, \epsilon)=q1]$ $[\delta (q1,0)=\phi, \delta (q1,1)=q1, \delta (q1,2)=\phi, \delta (q1, \epsilon)=q2]$ $[\delta (q2,0)=\phi, \delta (q2,1)=\phi, \delta (q2,2)=\{q2\},\delta (q2, \epsilon)=\phi]$	CO1	T1:2.3-2.4, R1:3.1-3.3
3	Convert NFA with ϵ to equivalent DFA $(\mathbf{q}_0) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} (\mathbf{q}_1) \xrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} (\mathbf{q}_2)$	CO 1	T1:2.3-2.4, R1:3.1-3.3
4	Describe Pumping Lemma for Regular Languages. Prove that the language $L = \{a^n / n \text{ is } a n^5\}$ is not regular	CO 3	T1: 7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2
5	Convert the following automata into Regular expression $M=(\{q1,q2,q3\},\{0,1\}, \delta, q1, \{q2,q3\})$ where δ is given by $[\delta (q1,0)=\{q2\}, \delta (q1,1)=\{q3\}]$ $[\delta (q2,0)=\{q1\}, \delta (q2,1)=\{q3\}]$ $[\delta (q3,0)=\{q2\}, \delta (q3,1)=\{q2\}]$	CO 2	T1: 3.1-3.2
6	Describe the DFA Transition diagram for equivalent Regular expression (ab+a) *(aa+b)	CO 1	T1:3.1-3.2
7	Convert the following grammar into GNF $S \rightarrow ABA/AB/BA/AA/B A \rightarrow aA/a, B \rightarrow bB/b$	CO 4	T1: 7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2
8	 Describe the context free grammars in the four tuple form.(V,T,P,S) for the given languages on ∑={a,b} i. All strings having at least two a's ii. All possible strings not containing triple b's 	CO 4	T1: 7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2
9	Describe the steps to show the following is not CFG. { $a^m b^n c^p m < n \text{ or } n < p$ }	CO 4	T1: 7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2
10	Construct PDA for equal number of x's and y's. eg: xyyxxy	CO 5	T1: 6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4

11	Construct NDPDA for L = { $W \neq W^R / W \in (X + Y)^*$ }	CO 5	T1: 6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4
12	Construct DPDA for L = { $W \neq W^R / W \in (X + Y)^*$ }	CO 5	T1: 6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4
13	Construct a Turing Machine that accepts the language $L = \{a^{2n}b^n n \ge 0\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained.	CO 6	T1: 8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6
14	Construct a Turing Machine to accept the following languages $L = \{ w^n x^n y^n z^n n \ge 1 \}$	CO 6	T1:8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6
15	Design a Turing Machine that accepts the language denoted by regular expression $(000)^*$	CO 6	T1:8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMI	INOLOG [®]	Y
1	Alphabet, strings, language and operations	CO 1	T1:1.5-1.6
2	understand the Regular sets, regular expressions, identity rules	CO 2	T1:3.1-3.2
3	Understand Minimization of context free grammars, Chomsky normal form, Greibach normal form	CO 4	T1:7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2
4	push down automata for given context free languages	CO 5	T1:6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4
5	Types of Turing machines and Church's hypothesis.	CO 6	T1:8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK	X	
1	Describe the DFA with the set of strings having "aaa as a substring over an alphabet $\sum = \{a, b\}$.	CO 1	T1:1.5-1.6
2	Convert Regular Expression $(11+0)^*(00+1)^*$ to Finite Automata.	CO 2	T1:3.1-3.2
3	Describe a CFG for the languages $L=\{a^ib^j i\leq 2j\}$	CO 4	T1:7.4-7.5, R1:6.1-6.2
4	Define the NPDA(Nondeterministic PDA) and DPDA(deterministic PDA) equivalent? Illustrate with an example.	CO 5	T1:6.1-6.2, R1:5.2-5.4
5	Describe a Turing Machine. With a neat diagram explain the working of a Turing Machine.	CO 6	T1: 8.2-8.6, R1:7.5-7.6

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSE



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMAION TECHNOLOGY			
Course Title	OPERA'	OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code	ACSC12				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	IV	IV			
Course Type	Core	Core			
Regulation	UG-20				
		Theory		Pr	actical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	-	3	-	-
Course Coordinator	Ms. A Harika, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC04	II	Programming for Problem Solving using C
B.Tech	ACSC07	III	Computer Organization and Architecture

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course emphasizes on basic knowledge of various types of operating systems, effective resource utilization by using systems and applications software. It is designed to provide in-depth critique on the problems of resource management, scheduling, concurrency, synchronization, memory management, file management, protection and security of used system. Learned knowledge will be implemented in design and development of hybrid operating systems, command control systems, and in real time environments.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	Subject SEE Examination		Total Marks	
Operating Systems	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
45 %	Understand
18 %	Apply
27 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE) 70		70		
	Total Marks			

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving	
40%	40%	20%	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

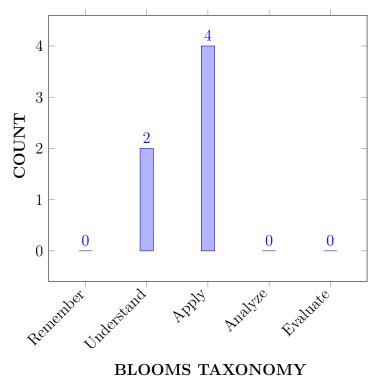
Ι	The principles of operating systems, services and functionalities with its evolution.	
II	The structures, functions and components of modern operating systems	
III	The conventional hardware at different OS abstraction levels.	
IV	The essential skills to examine issues and methods employed in design of operating systems with identification of various functionalities.	

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Illustrate different architectures used in design of modern	Understand
	operating systems.	
CO 2	Solve problems related to process scheduling, synchronization	Apply
	and deadlock handling in uni and multi-processing systems.	
CO 3	Choose memory allocation algorithms for effective utilization of	Apply
	resources.	
CO 4	Select various page replacement algorithms applied for	Apply
	allocation of frames.	
CO 5	Make use of different file allocation and disk scheduling	Apply
	algorithms applied for efficient utilization of storage.	
CO 6	Outline mechanisms used in protection of resources in real time	Understand
	environment	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

Program Outcomes		
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	SEE / CIE /
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	SEE / CIE /
	research literature, and analyze complex		AAT
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	2	SEE / CIE /
	solutions for complex Engineering problems and		AAT
	design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety,		
	and the cultural, societal, and Environmental		
	considerations		
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex	2	SEE / CIE /
	Problems: Use research-based knowledge and		AAT
	research methods including design of		
	experiments, analysis and interpretation of data,		
	and synthesis of the information to provide valid		
	conclusions.		
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on	2	SEE / CIE /
	complex engineering activities with the		AAT
	engineering community and with society at		
	large, such as, being able to comprehend and		
	write effective reports and design		
	documentation, make effective presentations,		
	and give and receive clear instructions.		
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for	1	SEE / CIE /
	and having the preparation and ability to		AAT
	engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change		
3 – High	2 - Medium: 1 - Low		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2	SEE/AAT
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs.	3	SEE/AAT
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	3	SEE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES						PSO'S							
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Understand the structure and evolution of operating system by understanding fundamentals of Computer engineering specialization and mathematical and scientific principles.	3
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on evolution of operating systems including deep subject knowledge.	1
	PO 12	By understanding different operating system architectures, one can personally continue understanding of different operating systems developed by the companies to stay up with new technology and for personal development.	2
	PSO 1	Identify the need, key issues and applications of the operating system in various real time environments.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 3	By understanding different operating system architectures, one can acquire knowledge on advanced operating systems for engineering practice and higher education and even can extend the knowledge to become an entrepreneur.	2
CO 2	PO 1	Understand the concept of Process, process scheduling, issues and their solutions related to process synchronization by using mathematical principles, fundamental of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Identify synchronization problem and understand the problem statement of classical synchronization problems collect the data needed for solving the problem then analyze different models of solutions for classical synchronization problems by semaphores and monitors and interpret the solutions	6
	PO 3	Define the process synchronization problem, understand the user needs then identify the resources required next manage the design process using banker's algorithm and evaluate outcomes.	4
	PO 4	By having the knowledge of characteristics of process and understanding the context in classical synchronization problems and the solutions provided using the technical constructs like semaphores and monitors with their working strategies, these can be applied for understanding of other synchronization problems.	5
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on process communication using process communication techniques and explaining each technique.	2
	PO 12	By understanding process management, one can personally continue understanding internal functioning of operating systems developed by the companies to stay up with new technology and for personal development.	2
	PSO 1	Identify the need for process scheduling and apply appropriate algorithms for scheduling of process arriving at various time intervals.	4
	PSO 2	By acquiring knowledge of process management one can design software applications with reliability and applications with fast information retrieval.	2
CO 3	PO 1	Describe the need and various techniques for memory management by understanding the limits of contiguous memory allocation through applying mathematical principles, fundamental of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 2	Identify problem of memory management and understand the problem statement of contiguous memory management then analyze different models of non-contiguous memory management.	3
	PO 3	Define the problem related to contiguous memory management, understand the user needs then identify the memory requirements of each process next manage the design process by using non-contiguous memory management techniques and evaluate outcomes.	4
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on memory management techniques with clarity on contiguous and varied strategies and explaining each technique with appropriate terminology.	2
٤	PSO 1	Identify the need of efficient utilization of main memory and apply various contiguous and non-contiguous memory allocation techniques of memory management.	4
CO 4	PO 1	Understand the concept of virtual memory and various algorithms for effective usage of memory by applying the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals, mathematical and scientific principles.	3
	PO 2	Identify the need for page replacement, understand the problem statement of allocation of pages to frames, then collect the data related to available pages and frames then analyze various models for solving problem based on the given sequence of pages and interpret their results accordingly.	6
	PO 3	Define the problem of mapping of large virtual memory to the existing physical memory, understand the user needs then manage the design process using page replacement algorithms and evaluate outcomes by identifying the number of page faults incurred.	4
	PO 4	By understanding characteristics of process, understanding the context in virtual memory management using demand paging and segmentation, this knowledge can be applied for virtualizing engineering process.	4
	PO 10	Communicate on utilization of main memory using pictorial representation of demand paging and segmentation and explaining them in detail.	2
	PSO 1	Identify the need of separation of logical memory from physical memory and apply appropriate algorithms for allocating given sequence of pages to frames.	4
CO 5	PO 1	Understand the concept of file system and analyze various file allocation methods by using the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals, mathematical and scientific principles.	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 2	Identify the need for disk scheduling, understand the problem statement of disk scheduling, then collect the data related to location of data to be accessed in the disk structure then analyze different scheduling algorithm models used for solving problems related to finding total head movements and interpret their results.	6
	PO 3	Define the problem of file allocation to disk block, understand the user needs then identify the free disk space available next manage the design process by using appropriate file allocation methods.	4
	PO 10	Communicate on effective utilization of mass storage structures clearly using pictorial representation of disk structure.	2
	PO 12	By understanding mass storage structure, one can personally continue understanding of different storage devices developed by the companies to stay up with new technology.	2
	PSO 1	Identify the need of scheduling the service of disk I/O requests and apply appropriate algorithms for processing I/O requests.	4
CO 6	PO 1	Explain the importance of protection of objects and the protection provided for them by using domain concept in terms of access matrix implementation by applying knowledge of computer science fundamentals.	1
	PO 10	Communicate on protection of computer system components using protection strategies in detail.	1
	PO 12	By understanding the concept of protection, one can study and analyze various protection mechanisms developed recently for personal development.	2
	PSO 1	Identify the need of protection provided to the hardware and software components of the computer system and analyze the techniques provided for their protection.	1
	PSO 2	By acquiring knowledge of protection one can design software applications with high security and reliability.	1
	PSO 3	By understanding the concept of protection, one can acquire knowledge on advanced protection mechanisms for engineering practice and higher education and even can extend the knowledge to become an entrepreneur.	2

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES						PSO'S							
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	-	2
CO 2	3	6	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	4	2	-
CO 3	3	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	-	-
CO 4	3	6	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	4	-	-
CO 5	3	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	4	-	-
CO 6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	1	2

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES							PSO'S						
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	25	17		100
CO 2	100	60	40	45	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	25	67	100	-
CO 3	100	30	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	67	-	-
CO 4	100	60	40	36	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	67	-	-
CO 5	100	60	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	25	67	-	-
CO 6	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	25	17	50	100

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** $-5 < C \le 40\% Low/ Slight$
- 2 40 % < C < 60% –Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ 60% \leq C < 100% Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES						PSO'S							
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	3
CO 2	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	3	-
CO 3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO 4	3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	-	-
CO 6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	3
TOTAL	16	10	8	4	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	4	14	5	6
AVERAGE	2.7	2.5	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	1.7	-	1	2.3	2.5	3

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	 ✓ 	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	~	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-	-	-	-	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION
	Operating systems objectives and functions: Computer system architecture, operating systems structure, operating systems operations; Evolution of operating systems: Simple batch, multi programmed, time shared, personal computer, parallel distributed systems, real time systems, special purpose systems, operating system services, user operating systems interface; Systems calls: Types of systems calls, system programs, protection and security, operating system design and implementation, operating systems structure, virtual machines.
MODULE II	PROCESS AND CPU SCHEDULING, PROCESS COORDINATION
	Process concepts: The process, process state, process control block, threads; Process scheduling: Scheduling queues, schedulers, context switch, preemptive scheduling, dispatcher, scheduling criteria, scheduling algorithms, multiple processor scheduling; Real time scheduling; Thread scheduling; Case studies Linux windows; Process synchronization, the critical section problem; Peterson's solution, synchronization hardware, semaphores and classic problems of synchronization, monitors.
MODULE III	MEMORY MANAGEMENT AND VIRTUAL MEMORY
MODULE IV	Logical and physical address space: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation, paging, structure of page table. Segmentation: Segmentation with paging, virtual memory, demand paging; Performance of demand paging: Page replacement, page replacement algorithms, allocation of frames, thrashing FILE SYSTEM INTERFACE, MASS-STORAGE STRUCTURE
	The concept of a file, access methods, directory structure, file system mounting, file sharing, protection, file system structure, file system implementation, allocation methods, free space management, directory implementation, efficiency and performance; Overview of mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk attachment, disk scheduling, disk management, swap space management; Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts; Library functions.

MODULE V	DEADLOCKS, PROTECTION
	System model: Deadlock characterization, methods of handling deadlocks,
	deadlock prevention, dead lock avoidance, dead lock detection and recovery
	form deadlock system protection, goals of protection, principles of protection,
	domain of protection, access matrix, implementation of access matrix, access
	control, revocation of access rights, capability based systems, language based
	protection.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B. Galvin, Greg Gagne, —Operating System Principles ||, Wiley Student Edition, 8th Edition, 2010.
- 2. . William Stallings, —Operating System- Internals and Design Principles $\|,$ Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2002.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. And rew S Tanenbaum, —Modern Operating Systems $\|,$ PHI, 3rd Edition, 2007.
- 2. D. M. Dhamdhere, —Operating Systems a Concept based Approach, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2nd Edition, 2006.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. www.smartzworld.com/notes/operatingsystems
- 2. www.scoopworld.in
- 3. www.sxecw.edu.in
- 4. www.technofest2u.blogspot.com

COURSE WEB PAGE:

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference					
	OBE DISCUSSION							
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO - PO Mapping	-	-					
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)							
2	Computer system architecture, operating systems structure	CO 1	T1:1.1- 1.4					
3	operating systems operations	CO 1	T1:1.5					
4	Evolution of operating systems: Simple batch, multi programmed, time shared, personal computer	CO 1	T2:2.2					
5	parallel distributed systems, real time systems, special purpose systems,	CO 1	T2:2.2					
6	operating system services, user operating systems interface	CO 1	T2:2.1- 2.2					

7	Systems calls: Types of systems calls, system programs	CO 1	T2:2.3- 2.5
8	protection and security, operating system design and implementation	CO 1	T1:2.6
9	operating systems structure, virtual machines.	CO 1	T1:2.7- 2.8
10	Process concepts: The process, process state	CO 2	T1:3.1- 3.2
11	process control block, threads;	CO 2	T1:3.2- 3.4
12	Process scheduling: Scheduling queues, schedulers, context switch	CO 2	T1:5.2
13	preemptive scheduling, dispatcher, scheduling criteria	CO 2	T1:5.3
14	scheduling algorithms	CO 2	T1:5.3
15	multiple processor scheduling	CO 2	T1:5.3
17	Real time scheduling; Thread scheduling;	CO 2	T1:5.4- 5.5
18	Case studies Linux windows	CO 2	T1:5.6, 21.4
19	Process synchronization, the critical section problem	CO 2	T1:6.1
20	Peterson's solution	CO 2	T1:6.2- 6.3
21	synchronization hardware	CO 2	T1:6.4
22	semaphores	CO 2	T1:6.5
23	classic problems of synchronization, monitors.	CO 2	T1:6.6- 6.7
24	Logical and physical address space: Swapping, contiguous memory allocation	CO 3	T1:8.1
26	paging, structure of page table	CO 3	T1:8.2
27	Segmentation: Segmentation with paging	CO 3	T1:8.3
29	virtual memory, demand paging	CO 3	T1:8.4- 8.5
30	Performance of demand paging	CO 3	T1:8.6
31	Page replacement, page replacement algorithms,	CO 4	T1:8.6
33	allocation of frames	CO 4	T1:9.5
34	Thrashing	CO 4	T1:9.6
35	The concept of a file, access methods	CO 4	T1:10.1 10.2
36	directory structure	CO 4	T1:10.3
37	file system mounting	CO 4	T1:10.5
38	file sharing, protection	CO 4	T1:10.6
39	file system structure	CO 4	T1:10.6
40	file system implementation	CO 4	T1:11.3
41	allocation methods	CO 4	T1:11.4
43	free space management	CO 4	T1:11.5
44	directory implementation, efficiency and performance	CO 4	T1:11.6

45	Overview of mass storage structure: Disk structure, disk attachment	CO 5	T1:12.1- 12.3
46	disk scheduling, disk management, swap space management	CO 5	T1:12.4- 12.6
48	Dynamic memory allocation: Basic concepts; Library functions.	CO 5	T1:12.7- 12.8
49	System model: Deadlock characterization, methods of handling deadlocks	CO 2	T1:7.1- 7.2
50	deadlock prevention	CO 2	T1:8.1
51	deadlock avoidance	CO 2	T1:8.2
52	dead lock detection and recovery form deadlock system protection	CO 2	T1:8.3
55	goals of protection, principles of protection, domain of protection	CO 6	T2:27.8
56	access matrix, implementation of access matrix, access control, revocation of access rights	CO 6	T2:27.9
57	capability based systems, language based protection	CO 6	T1:8.2- 8.3
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIE	S	
16	Problems on CPU scheduling algorithms	CO 2	T1:5.3- 5.3
25	Problems on contiguous memory allocation	CO 3	T1:8.1- 8.3
28	Problems on paging and segmentation	CO 3	T1:8.4- 8.6 T1:9.1- 9.2
32	Problems on page replacement algorithms	CO 4	T1:9.4- 9.6
42	Problems on file allocation methods	CO 5	T1:11.3 11.6
47	Problems on disk scheduling	CO 5	T1:12.1 12.6
53	Problems on deadlock avoidance	CO 2	T1:8.1- 8.3
54	Problems on recovery from deadlocks	CO 2	T1:8.1- 8.3
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	1	
58	Definitions on operating systems fundamentals	CO 1	T1:1.2
59	Definitions on process, CPU scheduling and process coordination	CO 2	T1:1.5
60	Definitions on memory management and virtual memory	CO 3, CO 4	T1:8,9
61	Definitions on file system interface and mass storage structure	CO 5	T1:10,11
62	Definitions on deadlocks and protection	CO 2, CO 6	T1:9.1

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK						
1	Introduction	CO 1	T1:1.2				
2	Process and CPU Scheduling, Process Coordination	CO 2	T1:1.5				
3	Memory Management and Virtual Memory	CO 3,4	T1:8,9				
4	File System Interface, Mass Storage Structure	CO 5	T1:10,11				
5	Deadlocks, Protection	CO 2,6	T1: 9.1				

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD, CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	DATABAS	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS					
Course Code	AITC05	AITC05					
Program	B.Tech						
Semester	IV	CSIT					
Course Type	Core	Core					
Regulation	UG20						
		Theory		Pract	tical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3	-	3	-	-		
Course Coordinator	Mrs. A. Rajitha, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

Database management system is intended to provide a clear understanding of fundamentals with emphasis on their applications to create and manage large data sets. It emphasizes on technical overview of database software to retrieve data from database. This includes database design principles, normalization, and concurrent transaction processing, security, recovery and file organization techniques. This will provide adequate knowledge to understand future evolutions of data technologies.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSB01	II	Programming for Problem Solving
B.Tech	ACSB03	III	Data Structures

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Database Management Systems	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	PPT		Chalk & Talk		Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark		\checkmark		\checkmark			
\checkmark	Open Ended	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Concept Videos
	Experiments						
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA): CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 2), with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz and 05 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool Table 3.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in Table: 1.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
33 %	Remember
27 %	Understand
33 %	Apply
07 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE): Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz –**Online Examination:** Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT): This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table 3.

VI ASSESSMENT PATTERN FOR AAT:

5 Minutes Video	$\mathbf{Assignment}$	Tech-talk	Seminar	Open Ended Experiment
20%	30%	30~%	10%	10%

VII COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

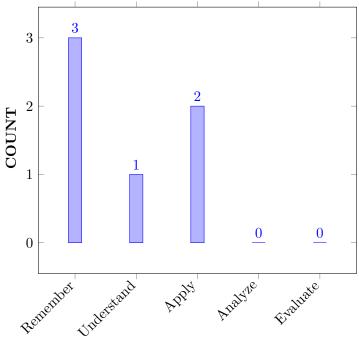
Ι	Acquire analytical thinking and identify efficient ways of designing database by encapsulating data requirements for business and organizational scenarios.
II	Develop expertise in database language SQL to develop sophisticated queries to extract information from large datasets.
III	Enhance skills to develop and manage data in solving related engineering problems.

VIII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Describe data models, schemas, instances, view levels and database architecture for voluminous data storage.	Remember
CO 2	Define the concept of Relational Algebra and Relational Calculus from set theory to represent queries.	Remember
CO 3	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation.	Apply
CO 4	Illustrate the definition of Functional Dependencies, Inference rules and minimal sets of FD's to maintain data integrity.	Understand
CO 5	State the concepts of transaction, states and ACID properties in data manipulation.	Remember
CO 6	Apply indexing ,hashing techniques to access the records from the file effectively.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 3	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 4	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems,	2	Industry
	networking devices, search engines, soft computing		expo-
	and intelligent systems, knowledge discovery tools.		sure/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Describe data models, schemas, instances, view levels and database architecture for voluminous data storage using principles of mathematics , science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Describe data models, schemas, instances, view levels and database architecture for voluminous data storage with Problem statement and system definition , Problem formulation and abstraction	2
CO 2	PO 1	Define the concept of Relational Algebra and Relational Calculus from set theory to represent queries with knowledge of mathematics, science and engineering fundamentals for capacitance calculation.	3
CO 3	PO 2	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction , Information and data collection, Model translation	4
	PO 3	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes,	3
	PO 4	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, Understanding use of technical literature , Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	3
	PSO 1	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation by using a set of steps.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Illustrate the definition of Functional Dependencies, Inference rules and minimal sets of FD's to maintain data integrity basic fundamentals of mathematics and engineering fundamentals.	2
	PO 2	Illustrate the definition of Functional Dependencies, Inference rules and minimal sets of FD's to maintain data integrity with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction , Information and data collection, Model translation	4
CO 5	PO 1	State the concepts of transaction, states and ACID properties in data manipulation basic fundamentals of mathematics and engineering fundamentals.	2

	PO 2	State the concepts of transaction, states and ACID properties in data manipulation the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction , Information and data collection, Model translation	4
CO 6	PO 1	Apply indexing ,hashing techniques to access the records from the file effectively with basic fundamentals of mathematics and engineering fundamentals.	2
	PO 2	Apply indexing ,hashing techniques to access the records from the file effectively through statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction , Information and data collection , Model translation	4
	PO 3	Apply indexing ,hashing techniques to access the records from the file effectively by Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Understand customer and user needs , Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes ,	4
	PSO 1	Apply indexing ,hashing techniques to access the records from the file effectively by using a set of instructions	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

COURSE	Pro	gram	o Out	come	es/ N	o. of	Key	Com	pete	ncies	Mat	ched	1	PSO'S	5
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	4	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
CO 4	2	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-
CO 5	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	2	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	100	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	40.0	30.0	36.36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	50	-
CO 4	66.6	40.0	40.0	27.27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		16.6	6 -	-
CO 5	66.6	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	66.6	40.0	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	50	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $1-5 < C \le 40\% Low/$ Slight
- 3 $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 4	3	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-
CO 5	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	2	-
TOTAL	15	6	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-
AVERAGE	3.0	1	1	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	2	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	PO 1,PO 2	SEE Exams	PO 1,PO 2	Seminars	PO 1
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	_	Certification	-
Term Paper	PO 1,PO 2, PO 5	5 Minutes Video	PO 10	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

✓	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Exper	ts	

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE	CONCEPTUAL MODELING INTRODUCTION
	 Introduction to Data bases: Purpose of Database Systems, View of Data, Data Models, Database Languages, Database Users, Various Components of overall DBS architecture, Various Concepts of ER Model, Basics of Relational Model.
MODULE 1	I RELATIONAL APPROACH

	Relational algebra and calculus: Relational algebra, selection and projection, set operations, renaming, joins, division, examples of algebra queries, relational calculus: Tuple relational calculus, Domain relational calculus, expressive power of algebra and calculus.	
MODULE III	SQL QUERY - BASICS, RDBMS NORMALIZATION	
	SQL – Data Definition commands, Queries with various options, Mata manipulation commands, Views, Joins, views, integrity and security; Relational database design: Pitfalls of RDBD, Lossless join decomposition, Functional dependencies, Armstrong Axioms, Normalization for relational databases 1st 2nd and 3rd normal forms, Basic definitions of MVDs and JI 4th and 5th normal forms.	
MODULE IV	TRANSACTION MANAGEMENT	
	Transaction processing: Transaction Concept, Transaction State, Implementation of Atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability. Concurrency Control: Lock-Based Protocols, Timestamp-Based Protocols, Validation-Based Protocols,Multiple Granularity, Multiversion Schemes, Deadlock Handling. Recovery: Failure Classification, Storage Structure, Recovery and Atomicity, Log-Based Recovery,Shadow Paging, Recovery With Concurrent Transactions Buffer Management.	
MODULE V	DATA STORAGE AND QUERY PROCESSING	
	Data storage: Overview of Physical Storage Media, Magnetic Disks, Storage Access, File Organization, Organization of Records in Files. Indexing and Hashing: Basic Concepts: Ordered Indices, B+-Tree Index Files, B-Tree Index Files, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing, Comparison of Ordered Indexing and Hashing. Query Processing: Overview, Measures of Query Cost.	

TEXTBOOKS

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", McGraw-Hill 6th Edition, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, "Fundamental Database Systems", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2014.
- 2. Raghu Ramakrishnan, "Database Management System", Tata McGraw Raghu Ramakrishnan, "Database Management System", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, 3rd Edition, 2007
- 3. Hector Garcia Molina, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Jennifer Widom, "Database System Implementation", Pearson Education, United States, 1st Edition, 2000.
- 4. Peter Rob, Corlos Coronel, "Database System, Design, Implementation and Management", Thompson Learning Course Technology, 5th Edition, 2003.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
			T1: 4.1

1-2	Introduction, Data base System Applications, Purpose of data base Systems, View of Data – Data Abstraction, Instances and Schemas Data Models, Database Languages, Data base access for applications Programs	CO 1,CO 2	T2: 1.1- 1.5
3-4	Transaction Management component of DB architecture, Data base users, History of database systems, Database design, ER Diagrams.	CO 3,CO 4	T2:1.6 -1.8 T1: 2.1
5-6	Entities, Attributes and entity sets, Relationships and relationship sets, Additional features of ER model, Conceptual design with ER model, Conceptual design for large enterprises	CO 4	T1: 2.2-2.6
7-8	Relational Model: Introduction to the Relational Model – Integrity Constraint Over relations, Enforcing Integrity constraints – Querying relational data	CO 5	T1: 3.1-3.7
9-10	Relational Algebra and Calculus: Relational Algebra – Selection and projection –set operations – renaming, Joins – Division	CO 6,CO 6	T1:4.1,4.2.2
11-12	Relational calculus – Tuple relational Calculus – Domain relational calculus – Expressive Power of Algebra and calculus.	CO 2,CO 2	T1:4.3, 4.4
13-14	Form of Basic SQL Query – Examples of Basic SQL Queries Comparison Operators – Aggregative Operators, NULL values , Logical connectivity's – AND, OR and NOT, complex Integrity Constraints in SQL	CO 3	T1: 5.2-5.5
15-16	Introduction to Nested Queries – Correlated Nested Queries Set Comparison Operators – Aggregative Operators, Triggers and Active Data bases	CO 3	T1: 5.6- 5.8
17-18	Introduction to Schema refinement – Problems Caused by redundancy ,Decompositions – Problem related to decomposition	CO 4	T1: 9.1,19.1.3
19-21	Functional dependencies, reasoning about FDS ,Lossless join Decomposition ,Dependency preserving Decomposition	CO 3	T2: 19.4-19.8
22-25	Schema refinement in Data base Design, Normal Forms, MVDs, JDs	CO 3	T2: 19.8-199
26-29	6-29 Transaction Management: Transaction Concept-Transaction State-Implementation of atomicity and Durability, Concurrent Executions, Serializability, Recoverability, Implementation of Isolation, Testing for Serializability.		T2:15.1- 15.29
30-33	Concurrency Control: Lock-Based Protocols –time Stamp Based protocols-,Validation Based Protocols-Multiple Granularity	CO 5	T2: 16.1, 16.2 T2: 16.3, 16.4
34-37	Recovery System-Failure Classification-storage Structure recovery and Atomicity-Log Based Recovery	CO 4	T2:17.1- 17.10
38-39	Overview of Storage and Indexing: Data on External Storage File Organization and Indexing – Cluster Indexes, Primary and Secondary Indices	CO 5	T1: 8.1,8.2

40-42	Index data Structures – Hash Based Indexing ,Tree base Indexing – Comparison of File Organizations, ISAM	$\begin{array}{c} \text{CO} \\ 6, \text{CO} \ 4 \end{array}$	T1: 8.3- 8.4
43-45	Tree Structured Indexing: B+ Trees, Hashing	CO 6	T1: 10 10.2

Signature of Course Coordinator Mrs.A.Rajitha, Assistant Professor

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS					
Course Code	ACSC13	ACSC13				
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	IV	CSIT				
Course Type	Core					
Regulation	IARE -					
	UG20					
		Theory		Pract	tical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits		Credits	
				Laboratory		
	3	-	3	_	_	
Course Coordinator	Dr.S.Sreekant	h, Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSB01	II	Programming for problem solving
B.Tech	ACSB03	III	Data structures

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Design and analysis of algorithms is the process of finding the computational complexity of algorithms. It helps to design and analyze the logic on how the algorithm will work before developing the actual code for a program. It focuses on introduction to algorithm, asymptotic complexity, sorting and searching using divide and conquer, greedy method, dynamic programming, backtracking, branch and bound. NP-hard and NP-complete problems. The applications of algorithm design are used for information storage, retrieval, transportation through networks, and presentation to users.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Design and Analysis of	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Algorithms			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
20 %	Understand
70%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks		
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10			
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30		
	AAT-1	5			
	AAT-2	5			
SEE	SEE Semester End Examination (SEE) 70				
	Total Marks				

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving	
40%	40%	20%	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

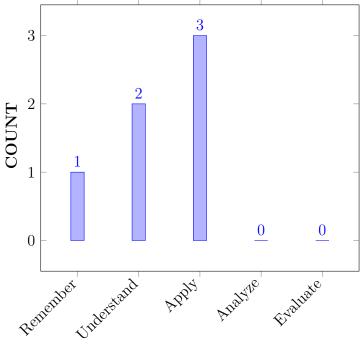
Ι	Mathematical approach for Analysis of Algorithms.
II	Methods and techniques for analyzing the correctness and resource requirements of
	algorithms.
III	Different paradigms of algorithm design including recursive algorithms,
	divide-and-conquer algorithms, dynamic programming, greedy algorithms,
	Backtracking , Branch and Bound and graph algorithms.
IV	Strategies for solving problems not solvable in polynomial time.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

		1
CO 1	Find the (worst case, randomized, amortized) running time and space	Remember
	complexity of given algorithms using techniques such as recurrences	
	and properties of probability.	
CO 2	Apply divide and conquer algorithms for solving sorting, searching	Apply
	and matrix multiplication.	
CO 3	Make Use of appropriate tree traversal techniques for finding	Understand
	shortest path.	
CO 4	Compare Identify suitable problem solving techniques for a given	Understand
	problem and finding optimized solutions using Greedy and Dynamic	
	Programming techniques	
CO 5	Apply greedy algorithm Utilize backtracking and branch and bound	Apply
	techniques to deal with traceable and in-traceable problems.	
CO 6	Apply Describe the classes P, NP, NP-Hard, NP- complete for solving	Apply
	deterministic and non deterministic problems.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	5	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	4	
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	4	CIE / Quiz / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with	3	CIE / Quiz
	multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing		/ AAT
	problems.		
PSO2	Focus on mobile and web applications	3	CIE / Quiz
	development and learn the emerging technologies		/ AAT
	and frameworks in demand with employers and		
	contemporary challenges.		
PSO3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	3	CIE / Quiz
	information technology in creating innovative		/ AAT
	career paths in exhibiting Professionalism,		
	Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	<	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	<	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Analyze the running time and space complexity of given algorithms using techniques such as recurrences, potential functions, properties of probability by applying the mathematical principles , engineering principles and scientific principles	3
	PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2
	PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2
	PSO 1	Understand the basic properties of asymptotic notations, probability analysis for designing algorithms, system software and Networking.	4
CO 2	PO 1	Apply divide and conquer algorithms for solving sorting, searching and matrix multiplication problems to integrate mathematical principles, engineering Principles and Scientific Principles	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and develop the solution for solving sorting, searching and matrix multiplication problems and Interpretation of results.	4
	PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2
	PSO 1	Build divide and conquer algorithms for solving sorting, searching, Big data analysis and matrix multiplication problems through system software .	4
CO 3	PO 1	Utilize appropriate tree traversal techniques for solving graph problems to integrate mathematical principles and computer science methodologies	2
	PO 2	Understand the given traversal techniques to develop the solution for graph problems and interpretation of results.	6
	PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2
	PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2
CO 4	PO 1	Finding the solution of complex engineering problems and extend the efficiencies of same problem using different algorithms in engineering disciplines.	2
	PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2
	PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2
	PSO 1	Make use of the concept of different algorithms for developing intelligent systems , next generation computer systems and networking devices .	4
CO 5	PO 1	Choose (Pick) greedy algorithms for finding solutions of minimization and maximization problems to support study of their own engineering discipline and methodologies.	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and develop the solution using greedy methods in reaching substantiated conclusions from the provided information and interpret of results.	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2
	PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2
CO 6	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of dynamic programing algorithms for calculating optimized solution of complex Engineering problems by understanding mathematical principles and computer science methodologies	3
	PO 2	Understand the given problem and choose appropriate technique of dynamic programing algorithms for solving the given problem from the provided Information and data in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	6
	PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2
	PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2
	PSO 1	Make use of dynamic programming algorithms for higher studies in field of machine Learning , Big data and Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms	5

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	3	2	1
CO 2	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	2	1
CO 3	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-		2	-	2	2	-	-
CO 4	3	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	-
CO 5	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	-	1
CO 6	3	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	2	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	25	50	50	25
CO 2	100	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	25	50	50	25
CO 3	100	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	25	25	-	-
CO 4	100	60	60	-	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	25	50	-	-
CO 5	66.7	-	-	46.6	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	25	50	-	25
CO 6	100	-	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	25	50	50	25

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

1 -5 <C \leq 40% – Low/ Slight

 $\pmb{2}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

3 - 60% < C < 100% – Substantial /High

				PRO)GR.	AM	OUT	CON	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	2	1
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	2	1
CO 3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	1	-	-
CO 4	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	-	1
CO 6	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	2	1
TOTAL	18	7	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	6	11	6	4
AVERAGE	3.0	2.33	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	1.0	1.66	2	1

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION
	Algorithm: Pseudo code for expressing algorithms; Performance analysis: Space complexity, time complexity; Asymptotic notations: Big O notation, omega notation, theta notation and little o notation, amortized complexity; Divide and Conquer: General method, binary search, quick sort, merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.
MODULE II	SEARCHING AND TRAVERSAL TECHNIQUES
	Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms; Efficient non recursive binary tree traversal algorithms, spanning trees; Graph traversals: Breadth first search, depth first search, connected components, bi-connected components.
MODULE III	GREEDY METHOD AND DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING
	Greedy method: The general method, job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem, minimum cost spanning trees, single source shortest paths. Dynamic programming: The general method, matrix chain multiplication optimal binary search trees, 0/1 knapsack problem, single source shortest paths, all pairs shortest paths problem, the travelling salesperson problem.
MODULE IV	BACKTRACKING AND BRANCH AND BOUND
	Backtracking: The general method, the 8 queens problem, sum of subsets problem, graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles; Branch and bound: The general method, 0/1 knapsack problem, least cost branch and bound solution, first in first out branch and bound solution, travelling salesperson problem.
MODULE V	NP-HARD AND NP-COMPLETE PROBLEM
	Basic concepts: Non-deterministic algorithms, the classes NP - Hard and NP, NP Hard problems, clique decision problem, chromatic number decision problem, Cook's theorem.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekharan, —Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Universities Press, 2nd Edition, 2015.
- 2. Tom White, —Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly, 3rd Edition, 2012.
- 3. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D, —The Design And Analysis Of Computer Algorithms, Pearson India, 1st Edition, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Levitin A, —Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms ||, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2012.
- 2. Goodrich, M. T. R Tamassia, —Algorithm Design Foundations Analysis and Internet Examples ||, John Wileyn and Sons, 1st Edition, 2001.
- 3. Base Sara Allen Vangelder, —Computer Algorithms Introduction to Design and Analysis ||, Pearson, 3rd Edition, 1999

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.	The course plan	is meant	as a guideline.	Probably there	may be changes.
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S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Discussion on mapping COs with POs. (O	BE)	
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Describe Pseudo code for expressing algorithms.	CO 1	T1:1.1,1.2
3	Summarize the concept of Space complexity, time complexity.	CO 1	T1: 1.2.7, 1.2.8
4-6	Describe Big O notation, omega notation, theta notation, little o notation and amortized complexity.	CO 1	T1:1.2.9, 1.2.11, 1.3
7-10	Use the concept of Divide and Conquer such as general method, binary search and quick sort.	CO 2	T1:1.5, 1.4.2,1.4.3
11-13	Describe the concept of merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.	CO 2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm T1:} 1.4.3,\\ 1.4.4,\\ 2.3.1,\\ 2.3.2, 2.3.6,\\ 2.3.7, 2.3.8\end{array}$
14-15	Determine disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms.	CO 3	R2:4.3 T1:2.4.1, 2.4.2,2.4.3, 4.1
16-17	Understand efficient non recursive binary tree traversal algorithms.	CO 3	T1:3.1,3.2 R1:6.2- 6.8
18	Describe the concept of spanning trees with suitable examples.	CO 3	R1: 7.1-7.6
19-21	Use breadth first search and depth first search graph traversals.	CO 3	R2:8.1
22-23	Describe connected components, biconnected components.	CO 3	R2:8.2, 8.3
24-27	Understand general method of greedy method, job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem.	CO 4	R2: 9.1-9.3
28-29	Analyze the concept of minimum cost spanning trees, single source shortest paths.	CO 4	R2: 9.8, 9.9, 10.1, 10.2
30	Describe general method of dynamic programming, matrix chain multiplication.	CO4	T2:5.5, 5.9, 5.10
31-32	Understand optimal binary search trees, $0/1$ knapsack problem, single source shortest paths.	CO 5	R2:10.4, 10.6,10.7
33-34	Define all pairs shortest paths problem, the travelling salesperson problem.	CO 5	T1:5.8- 5.9
35	Discuss the concept of Backtracking, the 8 queen's problem.	CO 5	T1:7.1- 7.2

36	Understand sum of subsets problem, graph coloring.	CO 5	T1:7.3- 7.4
37	Summarize the concept of Hamiltonian cycles, Branch and bound.	CO 5	T1:7.5,8.1.
38	Discuss $0/1$ knapsack problem, least cost branch and bound solution.	CO 5	T1:8.2.1
39	Apply the concept of first in first out branch and bound solution, travelling salesperson problem.	CO 5	T1:8.2.2, 8.3
40	Knowledge about basic concepts of NP Hard and NP Complete, Non-deterministic algorithms.	CO 6	T1:11.1
41	Apply Working with the classes NP - Hard and NP.	CO 6	T1:11.1
42	Understand NP Hard problems, clique decision problem.	CO 6	T1:11.3
43	Implement chromatic number decision problem.	CO 6	T1:11.3
44	Cook's theorem in np hard and np complete problems.	CO 6	T1:1.1,1.2
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	5	
45	Discuss problems on Space complexity, time complexity.	CO 1	T1: 1.2.7,
46	Discuss the concept of Divide and Conquer such as general method, binary search and quick sort.	CO 2	T1:1.5, 1.4.2,1.4.3
47	Describe the concept of merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.	CO 2	$\begin{array}{c c} T1:1.4.3, \\ 1.4.4, \\ 2.3.1, \\ 2.3.2, 2.3.6, \\ 2.3.7, 2.3.8 \end{array}$
48	Understand efficient non recursive binary tree traversal algorithms.	CO 3	T1:3.1,3.2 R1:6.2- 6.8
49	Describe the concept of spanning trees with suitable examples.	CO 3	R1: 7.1-7.6
50	Analyze the concept of minimum cost spanning trees, single source shortest paths.	CO 4	R2: 9.8, 9.9, 10.1, 10.2
51	Describe general method of dynamic programming, matrix chain multiplication.	CO4	T2:5.5, 5.9, 5.10
52	Define all pairs shortest paths problem, the travelling salesperson problem.	CO 5	T1:5.8- 5.9
53	Discuss the concept of Backtracking, the 8 queen's problem.	CO 5	T1:7.1- 7.2
54	Apply Working with the classes NP - Hard and NP.	CO 6	T1:11.1
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
55	Time and space complexity, Asymptotic notations	CO 1	T1:1.1,1.2, T1:1.2.7, 1.2.8
56	Divide and conquer Algorithms	CO 2	T1:1.5, 1.4.2,1.4.3

58	General method of greedy method, job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem, minimum cost spanning trees, single source shortest paths.	CO 4	R2: 9.1-9.3 ,R2: 9.8, 9.9
59	The concept of Hamiltonian cycles, Branch and bound, Basic concepts of Deterministic and non deterministic Problems	CO 5 and 6	T1:7.5, 8.1.1
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK	•	
60	Questions on module-1	CO 1, 2	T1:1.1,1.2, T1:1.2.7, 1.2.8
61	Questions on module-2	CO 3	T1:3.1,3.2
62	Questions on module-3	CO4	R2: 9.8, 9.9,
63	Questions on module-4	CO5	T1:5.8- 5.9
64	Questions on module-5	CO6	T1:11.1

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr.S.Sreekanth, Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	Comput	Computer Science and Information Technology				
Course Title	Busines	Business Economics and Financial Analysis				
Course Code	AHSC13	AHSC13				
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	IV	IV				
Course Type	Core					
Regulation	UG-20	UG-20				
	Theory Practical					
Course Structure	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits				Credits	
	3 - 3					
Course Coordinator	Dr.M.Sindu,Associate Professor					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
-	-	-	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The present course is designed in such a way that it gives an overview of concepts of Economics. Managerial Economics enables students to understand micro environment in which markets operate how price determination is done under different kinds of competitions. Financial Analysis gives clear idea about concepts, conventions and accounting procedures along with introducing students to fundamentals of ratio analysis and interpretation of financial statements. Break Even Analysis is very helpful to the Business Concern for Decision Making, controlling and forward Strategic Planning. Ratio analysis gives an idea about financial forecasting, financial planning, controlling the business and decision making.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
BEFA	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	\checkmark	Seminars	x	Mini Project	<	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

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The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
16.67%	Remember
16.67%	Understand
16.67%	Apply
50 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component		Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	- 30
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
Total Marks			100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

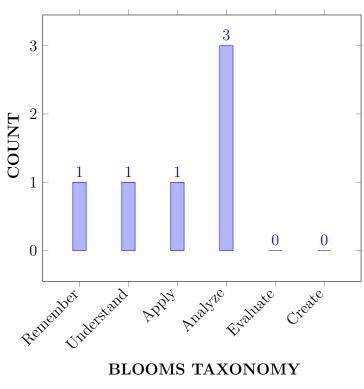
Ι	The concepts of business economics and demand analysis helps in optimal decision making in business environment
II	The functional relationship between Production and factors of production and able to compute breakeven point to illustrate the various uses of breakeven analysis.
III	The features, merits and demerits of different forms of business organizations existing in the modern business environment and market structures.
IV	The concept of capital budgeting and allocations of the resources through capital budgeting methods and compute simple problems for project management.
V	Various accounting concepts and different types of financial ratios for knowing financial positions of business concern.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	List the basic concepts of managerial economics and analysis,	Remember
	measurement of demand and its forecasting to know the current status	
	of goods and services.	
CO 2	Examine to know the current status of goods and services. to know	Analyze
	the economies and diseconomies of scale in manufacturing sector.	
CO 3	Summarize the four basic market models like perfect competition,	Understand
	monopoly, monopolistic competition, and oligopoly to know the price	
	and quantity are determined in each model.	
CO 4	Compare various types of business organizations and discuss their	Analyze
	implications for resource allocation to strengthen the market	
	environment.	
CO 5	Analyze different project proposals by applying capital budgeting	Analyze
	techniques to interpret the solutions for real time problems in various	
	business projects.	
CO 6	Develop the ability to use a basic accounting system along with the	Apply
	application of ratios to create (record, classify, and summarize) the data	
	needed to know the financial position of the organization.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

	Program Outcomes
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear
	instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and
	understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects
	and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest
	context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	research literature, and analyse complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to	1	Seminar/
	professional ethics and responsibilities and		Conferences
	norms of the engineering practice		
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function	3	Assignments/
	effectively as an individual, and as a member or		Discussion
	leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary		
	settings.		
PO 11	Project management and finance:	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of		
	the engineering and management principles and		
	apply these to one's own work, as a member and		
	leader in a team, to manage projects and in		
	multidisciplinary environments.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	-	-
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	-	-
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Recall (knowledge) the scientific fundamentals of economic activities performed by the businessmen in the business for profit earning.	2
	PO 2	Interpret and identify the demand and its analysis with the mathematical and natural principles of demand forecasting methods.	6
	PO 8	Define (knowledge) the responsibilities of the engineering practices by knowing the best economical practices.	1
	PO 9	Match (knowledge) the economical implication to effectively function as a team member, and as a member or leader in diverse teams.	5

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 11	Relate (knowledge) the knowledge and understanding of the economic principles and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	6
CO 2	PO 1	Recall (Knowledge) the knowledge of mathematics, science in the production function through Different Combination of variable inputs with Economies of Scale.	2
	PO 2	Demonstrate the different cost concepts and determine the significance of Break Even Analysis.	5
	PO 8	Relate (Knowledge) (Knowledge) the ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the production management	2
	PO 9	Show (Fundamentals) the production function implications for effective implementation of gang compositions in a team work and in multidisciplinary settings.	6
	PO 11	Define the economies of scale in production function and Break Even Analysis knowledge applied in one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	5
CO 3	PO 8	List (Knowledge) (Knowledge) different structures of market and how price is determined under different market structures commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	2
	PO 9	Match the market structures and the market entry strategies as an individual, and as a member in diverse teams.	6
CO 4	PO 8	Categorize the ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities belongs to different forms of business organizations existing in the modern business.	2
	PO 9	Classify various business organizations and their functioning as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	6
CO 5	PO 1	Explain the ethical issues involved in the allocation of funds under the concept of capital budgeting.	1
	PO 11	Summarize the concept of capital budgeting and allocations of the resources through capital budgeting methods of the management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	8
CO 6	PO 2	Explain the GAAP principles and ratios to analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of accounts and profitability and efficiency of the organization.	6

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 11	Illustrate the accounting methods and procedures and	8
		accounting principles to manage the financial aspects	
		in a project.	

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO - PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	1	5	-	6	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	-	5	-	-	_	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	1	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	8	-	-	_	-
CO 6	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.7	60.0	-	-	-	-	-	33.3	41.6	-	50.0	-	-	-	-
CO 2	66.7	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	66.7	50.0	-	41.6	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66.7	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66.7	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75.0	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	20.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75.0	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES							PSO'S						
COURSE	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	2	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	2	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-

				PRC)GR.	AM	OUT	CON	MES				-	PSO'S	
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	7	7	-	-	-	-	-	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVERAGE	2.3	2.3	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	2	-	2.5	-	-	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	\checkmark
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	~	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	\checkmark				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

X	Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback	
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION&DEMAND ANALYSIS
	Introduction to Business Economics: Definition, Nature and Scope of Managerial Economics – Demand Analysis: Demand Determinants, Law of Demand and its exceptions. Elasticity of Demand: Definition, Types, Measurement and Significance of Elasticity of Demand. Demand Forecasting, Factors governing demand forecasting, methods of demand forecasting
MODULE II	PRODUCTION & COST ANALYSIS
	Theory of Production and Cost Analysis: Production Function – Iso-quants and Iso-costs, MRTS, Least Cost Combination of Inputs, Cobb-Douglas Production function, Laws of Returns, Internal and External Economies of Scale. Cost Analysis: Cost concepts; Break-even analysis, Determination of Break – Even point (Simple Problems), Managerial Significance of BEA.
MODULE III	MARKETS & NEW ECONOMIC ENVIRONMENT
	LMarket structures: Types of competition, Features of perfect competition, Monopoly and monopolistic competition. Price determination & Price Statistics: Price Output determination in case of perfect competition and monopoly. Features and evaluation of different forms of Business organization: Sole proprietorship, partnership, Joint Stock Company, public enterprises and their types.
MODULE IV	CAPITAL BUDGETING
	Capital and its significance, types of capital, estimation of fixed and working capital requirements, methods and sources of raising capital- Trading Forecast, Capital budget, Cash Budget. Features of capital budgeting proposals, methods of capital budgeting – payback method, Accounting rate of return(ARR), Net Present Value Method (simple problems).

MODULE V	INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS
	Financial accounting objectives, functions, importance; Accounting concepts and accounting conventions - double-entry book keeping, journal, ledger, trial balance; Final accounts: Trading account, profit and loss account and balance
	sheet with simple adjustments; Financial analysis: Analysis and interpretation of liquidity ratios, activity ratios, capital structure ratios and profitability ratios (simple problems), Du Pont chart.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Aryasri, "Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis", TMH publications, 4thEdition,2012.
- 2. M. KasiReddy, Saraswathi, "Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis", PHI Publications, New Delhi, 2ndEdition, 2012.
- 3. Varshney, Maheswari, "Managerial Economics", Sultan Chand Publications, 11thEdition,2009.

- **REFERENCE BOOKS:** 1. D.N. Dwivedi, "Managerial Economics", Vikas Publication House Pvt.Ltd, 2ndEdition.2012.
 - 2. S.N. Maheshwari & S.K.Maheshwari, "Financial Accounting", Vikas Publication House Pvt.Ltd,4thEdition, 2012.
 - 3. R.NarayanaSwamy, "Financial Accounting- A managerial Perspective", Pearson publications, 1stIndian Reprint Edition, 2012.

- WEB REFERENCES: 1. https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-marketing/chapter/demand-analysis/
 - 2. https://theintactone.com/2019/10/01/me-u3-topic-2-cost-output-relationship-in-shortrun-long-run-cost-curves/
 - 3. https://corporatefinanceinstitute.com/resources/knowledge/modeling/break-evenanalysis/
 - 4. https://corporatefinanceinstitute.com/resources/knowledge/economics/marketstructure/#::text=The%20four%20popular%20types%20of,monopoly%20market%2C%20and%20market%
 - 5. https://www.vedantu.com/commerce/various-forms-of-business-organisations
 - 6. https://courses.lumenlearning.com/boundless-finance/chapter/introduction-to-capitalbudgeting/
 - 7. https://jkbhardwaj.com/20-transactions-with-their-journal-entries-ledger-and-trialbalance/
 - 8. https://www.iedunote.com/write-accounting-ledger
 - 9. https://opentextbc.ca/principlesofaccountingv1openstax/chapter/prepare-a-trialbalance/
 - 10. https://caknowledge.com/how-to-prepare-final-accounts/
 - 11. https://corporatefinanceinstitute.com/resources/knowledge/finance/ratio-analysis/

COURSE WEB PAGE:

https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=publicprofile&id=5201

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Discussion on Course Outcomes and how these COs ma	apped with	POs and PSOs.
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEOR	Y)	
2-3	Explain about managerial economics according to the business	CO 1	T1- 1.3-1.8 R1-1.5-1.7
4-5	Describe about demand analysis, the Law of Demand and Demand Function.	CO 1	T1-2.2-2.11 R1-3.3-3.20
6-7	Understand elasticity of the demand of the product, different types, Measurement of Elasticity of Demand and Factors influencing on Elasticity of Demand.	CO 1	T1-3.3-3.20 R1- 5.29-6.8
8	State different methods of Demand Forecasting and the factors governing Demand Forecasting.	CO 1	T1-4.6-4.19
9-10	Demonstrate the Production function, features of Iso-Quants and Iso-Costs, different types of Internal Economies, External Economies and Law of Returns.	CO 2	T1- 5.3-5.18 R1- 5.29-6.8
11-13	Different types of Internal Economies, External Economies ad Law of Returns with appropriate examples.	CO 2	T1- 5.3-5.18
14 - 15	Illustrate different types of costs	CO 2	T1- 5.29-6.8
16-17	Explain the Significance and Limitations of Break-Even Analysis	CO 2	T1- 7.13-7.14
18-19	Calculate Break-Even Point (Simple Problems)	CO 2	T1- 7.1-7.12
20-21	Illustrate the features, price-output determination under Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic competition Markets.	CO 3	T1- 8.4-8.16 R2- 5.29-6.8
22-24	Demonstrate the Objectives, Policies and Methods of Pricing Strategies and Price Methods.	CO 3	T1- 8.21-8.25
25-26	Describe Features of business, Definitions of Various forms of Business Units.	CO 4	T1-9.3-9.15
27-30	State the Merits & Demerits of Different types of Public Enterprises and Changing Business Environment to Post Liberalization Scenario.	CO 4	T1-9.2-10.23 R1- 8.21-8.25
31-32	Explain the significance and classification of capital, Methods and Sources of Raising Finance.	CO 6	T1-9.2-10.23
33-34	Demonstrate the concept of capital budgeting and allocations of the resources through capital budgeting methods and compute simple problems.	CO 6	T1-11.3-11.5 R2-12.3-12.5
35-37	Illustrate the Significance of Financial Accounting, Double Entry, Accounts, Accounting Concepts and Conventions	CO 6	T1-12.1-12.26
38-40	Explain the meaning, advantages and Limitations of the Journal, Ledger and Trial Balance and Final Accounts and Solve simple Problems.	CO 6	T1-13.4-13.15 R2-11.3-11.5
41-42	Describe Meaning, Definitions and Limitations of Ratio Analysis	CO 6	T1-13.4-13.15 R2-11.7-11.8

43-45	Compute different types of Financial Ratios (Problems)	CO 6	T1-13.5-13.68
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STU	DIES	
46	Problems relating to Demand elasticity measurement and Forecasting	CO 1	T1: 1.1 - 2.8, R1:2.1
47	Problems relation to Break Even Point	CO 2	T2: 3.0 to 3.6, 5.0 to 5.5 , R2:4.4
48	Problems in determining the price in different types of markets	CO 3,4	T3: 6.0 to 6.4, R1:5.1
49	Problems relating to Capital Budgeting Decisions	CO 5	R2:7.5
50	Problems relating to Final Accounts and Calculation of Ratios	CO 6	R3: 4.1
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TER	MINOLOG	GY
51	Introduction and Demand Analysis	CO 1	T1: 1.1 - 2.8, R1:2.1
52	Production and Cost Analysis	CO 2	T2: 3.0 to 3.6, 5.0 to 5.5 , R2:4.4
53	Markets and New Environment	CO 3,4	T3: 6.0 to 6.4, R1:5.1
54	Capital Budgeting	CO 5	R2:7.5
55	Introduciton to Financial Accounting and Financial Analysis	CO 6	R3: 4.1
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BA	NK	
56	Introduction and Demand Analysis	CO 1	T1: 1.1 - 2.8, R1:2.1
57	Production and Cost Analysis	CO 2	T2: 3.0 to 3.6, 5.0 to5.5 , R2:4.4
58	Markets and New Environment	CO 3,4	T3: 6.0 to 6.4, R1:5.1
59	Capital Budgeting	CO 5	R2:7.5
60	Introduciton to Financial Accounting and Financial Analysis	CO 6	R3: 4.1

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. M Sindu, Associate Professor HOD,MBA



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTER	R SCIENC	E AND	INFORMAT	TION TECHNOLOGY
Course Title	DATABASE	MANAGI	EMENT	SYSTEMS 1	LABORATORY
Course Code	AITC07				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	IV	CSIT			
Course Type	Core				
Regulation	IARE - UG20				
	Г	Theory			Practical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	-	-	-	3	1.5
Course Coordinator	Mr Y. Manoha	r Reddy, As	sistant Pr	ofessor	

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

This Laboratory course introduces the query language for design and development of a database by using various software's such as SQL, ORACLE, and MS – Access etc. It provides practice on built-in SQL functions using languages like DDL, DCL, DML and TCL to create and manage database systems and perform Set operations, Sub Queries, Joins; and PL/SQL programs to implement Exceptions, Cursors, Stored Functions, Views, Sequences, Locks and Triggers. This is essential for mobile and web application development for business, scientific and engineering applications.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC08	III	Data Structures

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Database Management Systems Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

V Worksheets V Wuestions V	\checkmark	Demo Video	~	Lab Worksheets	~	Viva Questions	~	Probing further Questions
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V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20~%	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design Programme	
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

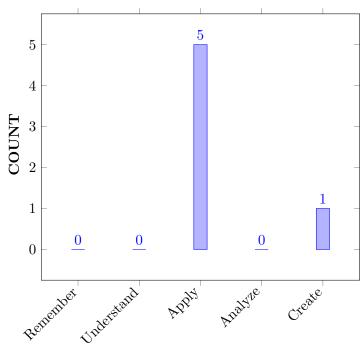
Ι	The SQL commands for data definition, manipulation, control and perform transactions in database systems.
II	The procedural language for implementation of functions, procedures, cursors and triggers using PL/SQL programs.
III	The logical design of a real time database system with the help of Entity Relationship diagrams.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO 1	Demonstrate database creation and manipulation concepts with the	Apply
	help of SQL queries	
CO 2	Make use of inbuilt functions of SQL queries to perform data	Apply
	aggregations, subqueries, embedded queries and views.	
CO 3	Apply key constraints on database for maintaining integrity and	Apply
	quality of data.	
CO 4	Demonstrate normalization by using referential key constraint.	Apply
CO 5	Implement PL/SQL programs on procedures, cursors and triggers	Apply
	for enhancing the features of database system to handle exceptions.	
CO 6	Design database model with the help of Entity Relationship diagrams	Create
	for a real time system or scenario.	

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 2	Problem Analysis:: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	CIA
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	Lab Exercises
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
			Assessed by
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended	3	Lab Exercises
	tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society,		
	Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 2	Demonstrate the use of SQL for database creation and maintenance with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	3
	PO 3	Demonstrate the use of SQL for database creation and maintenance with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes,	4
	PO 5	Demonstrate the use of SQL for database creation and maintenance by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards	3
	PSO 2	Demonstrate the use of SQL for database creation and maintenance by using a set of instructions	1
CO 2	PO 2	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	3
	PO 3	Demonstrate the use of SQL for database creation and maintenance with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes,	4
	PO 5	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	3
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on SQL queries for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.,	3
	PSO 2	Make Use of SQL queries for data aggregation, calculations, views, sub-queries, embedded queries manipulation by using a set of steps.	3
CO 3	PO 2	Define the relational data model, its constraints and keys to maintain integrity of data with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	4
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on relational model and keys for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community	2

CO 4	PO 2	Apply normalization techniques to normalize a database with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	4
	PO 3	Apply normalization techniques to normalize a database Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, understand customer and user needs, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes, Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, understand customer and user needsManage the design process and evaluate outcomes	4
	PO 5	Apply normalization techniques to normalize a database by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, Understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	3
	PSO 2	Apply normalization techniques to normalize a database by using sequence of steps	1
CO 5	PO 2	Define PL/SQL programs on procedures, cursors and triggers for enhancing the features of database system to handle exceptions. with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	4
CO 6	PO 2	Model the real-world database systems using Entity Relationship Diagrams from the requirement specification with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	4
	PO 3	Model the real-world database systems using Entity Relationship Diagrams from the requirement specification through Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Understand customer and user needs, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes.	4
	PO 5	Model the real- world database systems using Entity Relationship Diagrams from the requirement specification Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, Understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	3
	PO 12	Build strong foundation on SQL and ER diagrams for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PSO 2	Model the real-world database systems using Entity Relationship Diagrams from the requirement specification by using sequence of steps	1

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRAM OUTCOMES					PSO'S
OUTCOMES	PO 2	PO 3	PO 5	PO 10	PO12	PSO 2
CO 1	2	3	3			3
CO 2	2	3	3	2		3
CO 3	2			3		
CO 4	2	3	3			2
CO 5	2					
CO 6	2	3	3		2	3

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams		SEE Exams		Seminars	-
	\checkmark		\checkmark		
Laboratory		Student Viva		Certification	-
Practices	\checkmark		✓		
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

X	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	CREATION OF TABLES
WEEK I	1. Create a table called Employee with the following structure. Name Type Emp no Number E name Varchar2(20) Job Varchar2(20) Mgr Number Sal Number • Add a column commission with domain to the Employee table • Insert any five records into the table. • Update the column details of job • Rename the column of Employ table using alter command. • Delete the employee whose empno is19. 2.Create department table with the following structure. Name Type Dept no Number Dept name Varchar2(20) location Varchar2(20) • Add column designation to the department table. • Insert values into the table. • List the records of emp table grouped by dept no. Update the record where dept no is 9. • Delete any column data from the table. 3. Create a table called Customer table Name Type Cust Name Varchar2(20) Cust city Varchar2(20) Cust city Varchar2(20) • Insert records into the table. • Add salary column to the table. • Alter the table column domain. • Drop salary column of the customer table. • Delete the rows of customer table whose cust city is hyd. 4. Create a table called branch table. Name Type Branch Name Varchar2(20) Branch city Varchar2(20) Asserts Number • Increase the size of data type for asserts to the branch. • Add and drop a column to the branch table. • Insert values to the table. • Update the branch name column • Delete any two columns from the table 5. Create a table called sailor table Name Type S Name Varchar2(20) Rating Varchar2(20) Sid Number • Add column age to the sailor table. • Insert values into the sailor table. • Delete the row with rating ₂ 8. • Update the column details of sailor. • Insert null values into the table. 6. Create a table column details of sailor. • Insert null values into the table. 6. Create a table
	 called reserves table. Name Type Boat Id Number Day Number Sid Number Insert values into the reserves table. Add column time to the reserves table. Alter the column day data type to date. Drop the column time in
	the table. • Delete the row of the table with some condition.

t A I vv t d d a a t t t t t t t t t t vv t t d d a a t t t t t t vv t t d d a a t t t vv t t vv t t t vv t t t vv t	1. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. b. Insert the any three records in the employee table and use rollback. Check the result. c. Add primary key constraint and not null constraint to the employee table. d. Insert null values to the employee table and verify the result. 2. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. b. Insert values in the department table and use commit. c. Add constraints like unique and not null to the department table. d. Insert repeated values and null values into the table. 3. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. b. Insert values into the table and use commit. c. Delete any three records in the department table and use commit. c. Delete any three records in the department table and use rollback. d. Add constraint primary key and foreign key to the table. 4. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. b. Insert records in the sailor table and use commit. c. Add save point after insertion of records and verify savepoint. d. Add constraints not null and primary key to the sailor table. 5. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. b. Use revoke command to remove user permissions. c. Change password of the user created. d. Add constraint foreign key and not null. 6. a. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user. b. Update the table reserves and use savepoint and rollback. c. Add constraint primary key , foreign key and not null to the reserves table

WEEK III	QUERIES USING AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS
WEEK III	QUERIES USING AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS 1. a. By using the group by clause, display the enames who belongs to deptno 10, whose salary is same as respective departments average salary. b. Display lowest paid employee details under each department. c. Display number of employees working in each department and their department number. d. Using builtin functions, display number of employees working in each department and their department name from dept table. Insert deptname to dept table and insert deptname for each row, do the required thing specified above. e. List all employees which start with either B or C. f. Display only these ename of employees where the maximum salary is greater than or equal to 5000. Page 9 2. a. Calculate the average salary for each different job. b. Show the average salary of each job excluding manager. c. Show the average salary for all departments employing more than three people. d. Display employees who earn more than the lowest salary in department 30 e. Show that value returned by sign (n)function. f. How many days between day of birth to current date. 3. a. Show that two substring as single string. b. List all employee names, salary and 15c. Display lowest paid emp details under each manager d. Display the average monthly salary bill for each deptno. e. Show the average salary for all departments employing more than two people. f. By using the group by clause, display the eid who belongs to deptno 05 along with average salary. 4. a. Count the number of employees in department20 b. Find the minimum salary earned by clerk. c. Find minimum, maximum, average salary of all employees. d. List the minimum and maximum salaries for each job type. e. List the employee names in descending order. f. List the employee id, names in ascending order by empid. 5. a. Find the sids ,names of sailors who have reserved all boats called "INTERLAKE Find the age of youngest sailor who is eligible to vote for each rating level with at least two such sailors. b. Find the sname , bi
	and reservation date for each reservation. c. Find the ages of sailors whose
	delivered products within 6 months from order date. b. Display the Vendor details who have supplied both Assembled and Subparts. c. Display the Sub parts by grouping the Vendor type (Local or NonLocal). d. Display the Vendor details in ascending order.

WEEK IV	PROGRAMS ON PL/SQL
	1. a. Write a PL/SQL program to swap two numbers. b. Write a PL/SQL program to find the largest of three numbers. 2. a. Write a PL/SQL program to find the total and average of 6 subjects and display the grade. b. Write a PL/SQL program to find the sum of digits in a given number. Page 10 3. a. Write a PL/SQL program to display the number in reverse order. b. Write a PL / SQL program to check whether the given number is prime or not. 4. a. Write a PL/SQL program to find the factorial of a given number. b. Write a PL/SQL code block to calculate the area of a circle for a value of radius varying from 3 to 7. Store the radius and the corresponding values of calculated area in an empty table named areas, consisting of two columns radius and area. 5. a. Write a PL/SQL program to accept a string and remove the vowels from the string. (When hello passed to the program it should display Hll removing e and o from the world Hello). b. Write a PL/SQL program to accept a number and a divisor. Make sure the divisor is less than or equal to 10. Else display an error message. Otherwise Display the remainder in words
WEEK V	PROCEDURES AND FUNCTIONS
	 Write a function to accept employee number as parameter and return Basic +HRA together as single column. Accept year as parameter and write a Function to return the total net salary spent for a given year. Create a function to find the factorial of a given number and hence find NCR. Write a PL/SQL block o pint prime Fibonacci series using local functions. Create a procedure to find the lucky number of a given birthdate. Create function to the reverse of given number.
WEEK VI	TRIGGERS
	 Create a row level trigger for the customers table that would fire for INSERT or UPDATE or DELETE operations performed on the CUSTOMERS table. This trigger will display the salary difference between the old values and new values: CUSTOMERS table. 2. Creation of insert trigger, delete trigger, update trigger practice triggers using the passenger database. Passenger (Passport id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, Name VARCHAR (50) Not NULL, Age Integer Not NULL, Sex Char, Address VARCHAR (50) Not NULL); a. Write a Insert Trigger to check the Passport id is exactly six digits or not. b. Write a trigger on passenger to display messages 1 Record is inserted, 1 record is deleted, 1 record is updated when insertion, deletion and updation are done on passenger respectively. Page 11 3. Insert row in employee table using Triggers. Every trigger is created with name any trigger have same name must be replaced by new name. These triggers can raised before insert, update or delete rows on data base. The main difference between a trigger and a stored procedure is that the former is attached to a table and is only fired when an INSERT, UPDATE or DELETE occurs. 4. Convert employee name into uppercase whenever an employee record is inserted or updated. Trigger to fire before the insert or update. 5. Trigger before deleting a record from emp table. Trigger will insert the row to be deleted into table called delete emp and also record user who has deleted the record and date and time of delete. 6. Create a transparent audit system for a table CUST MSTR. The system must keep track of the records that are being deleted or updated.

WEEK VII	VEEK VII PROCEDURES			
	1. Create the procedure for palindrome of given number. 2. Create the procedure for GCD: Program should load two registers with two Numbers and then apply the logic for GCD of two numbers. GCD of two numbers is performed by dividing the greater number by the smaller number till the remainder is zero. If it is zero, the divisor is the GCD if not the remainder and the divisors of the previous division are the new set of two numbers. The process is repeated by dividing greater of the two numbers by the smaller number till the remainder is zero and GCD is found. 3. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure for factorial of given number. 4. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure to find sum of N natural number. 5. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure to find Fibonacci series. 6. Write the PL/SQL programs to create the procedure to check the given number is perfect or not.			
WEEK VIII	CURSORS			
	1. Write a PL/SQL block that will display the name, dept no, salary of fist highest paid employees. 2. Update the balance stock in the item master table each time a transaction takes place in the item transaction table. The change in item master table depends on the item id is already present in the item master then update operation is performed to decrease the balance stock by the quantity specified in the item transaction in case the item id is not present in the item master table then the record is inserted in the item master table. 3. Write a PL/SQL block that will display the employee details along with salary using cursors. 4. To write a Cursor to display the list of employees who are working as a Managers or Analyst. Page 12 5. To write a Cursor to find employee with given job and deptno. 6. Write a PL/SQL block using implicit cursor that will display message, the salaries of all the employees in the employee table are updated. If none of the employees salary are updated we get a message 'None of the salaries were updated'. Else we get a message like for example, 'Salaries for 1000 employees are updated' if there are 1000 rows in "employee table.			
WEEK IX	CASE STUDY: BOOK PUBLISHING COMPANY			
	A publishing company produces scientific books on various subjects. The books are written by authors who specialize in one particular subject. The company employs editors who, not necessarily being specialists in a particular area, each take sole responsibility for editing one or more publications. A publication covers essentially one of the specialist subjects and is normally written by a single author. When writing a particular book, each author works with on editor, but may submit another work for publication to be supervised by other editors. To improve their competitiveness, the company tries to employ a variety of authors, more than one author being a specialist in a particular subject for the above case study, do the following: 1. Analyze the data required. 2. Normalize the attributes. Create the logical data model using E-R diagrams.			

WEEK X	CASE STUDY GENERAL HOSPITAL		
A General Hospital consists of a number of specialized wards (such a Maternity, Pediatric, Oncology, etc). Each ward hosts a number of p who were admitted on the recommendation of their own GP and con by a consultant employed by the Hospital. On admission, the person of every patient are recorded. A separate register is to be held to sto information of the tests undertaken and the results of a prescribed t A number of tests may be conducted for each patient. Each patient assigned to one leading consultant but may be examined by another required. Doctors are specialists in some branch of medicine and ma leading consultants for a number of patients, not necessarily from the ward. For the above case study, do the following. 1. Analyze the da required. 2. Normalize the attributes. 3. Create the logical data mo E-R diagrams.			
WEEK XI	CASE STUDY: CAR RENTAL COMPANY		
	A database is to be designed for a car rental company. The information required includes a description of cars, subcontractors (i.e. garages), company expenditures, company revenues and customers. Cars are to be described by such data as: make, model, year of production, engine size, fuel type, number of passengers, registration number, purchase price, purchase date, rent price and insurance details. It is the company policy not to keep any car for a period exceeding one year. All major repairs and maintenance are done by subcontractors (i.e. franchised garages), with whom CRC has long-term agreements. Therefore the data about garages to be kept in the database includes garage names, addresses, range of services and the like. Some garages require payments immediately after a repair has been made; with others CRC has made arrangements for credit facilities. Company expenditures are to be registered for all outgoings connected with purchases, repairs, maintenance, insurance etc. Similarly the cash inflow coming from all sources: Car hire, car sales, insurance claims must be kept of file. CRC maintains a reasonably stable client base. For this privileged category of customers special credit card facilities are provided. These customers may also book in advance a particular car. These reservations can be made for any period of time up to one month. Casual customers must pay a deposit for an estimated time of rental, unless they wish to pay by credit card. All major credit cards are accepted. Personal details such as name, address, telephone number, driving license, number about each customer are kept in the database. For the above case study, do the following: 1. Analyze the data required. 2. Normalize the attributes		

WEEK XII	CASE STUDY: STUDENT PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM
WEEK XII	CASE STUDY: STUDENT PROGRESS MONITORING SYSTEM A database is to be designed for a college to monitor students' progress throughout their course of study. The students are reading for a degree (such as BA, BA (Hons) M.Sc., etc) within the framework of the modular system. The college provides a number of modules, each being characterized by its code, title, credit value, module leader, teaching staff and the department they come from. A module is coordinated by a module leader who shares teaching duties with one or more lecturers. A lecturer may teach (and be a module leader for) more than one module. Students are free to choose any module they wish but the following rules must be observed: Some modules require pre- requisites modules and some degree programme have compulsory modules. The database is also to contain some information about students including their numbers, names, addresses, degrees they read for, and their past performance i.e. modules taken and examination results. For the above case study, do the following: 1. Analyze the data required. 2. Normalize the attributes. 3. Create the logical data model i.e., ER diagrams. 4. Comprehend the data given in the case study by creating respective tables with primary keys and foreign keys wherever required. 5. Insert values into the tables created (Be vigilant about Master- Slave tables). 6. Display the Students who have taken M.Sc course. 7. Display the Module code and Number of Modules taught by each Lecturer. 8. Retrieve the Lecturer names who are not Module Leaders. 9. Display the Department name which offers "English" module. 10. Retrieve the Prerequisite Courses offered by every Department(with department names). 11. Present the Lecturer ID and Name who teaches "Mathematics. 12. Discover the number of years a Module is taught. 13. List out all the Faculties who work for Statistics Department. 14. List out the number of Modules taught by each Module Leader. 15. List out the number of Modules taught by a particular Lecturer. 16. Create a view
	the number of Modules taught by a particular Lecturer. 16. Create a view which contains the fields of both Department and Module tables. (Hint The fields like Module code, title, credit, Department code and its name). 17. Update the credits of all the prerequisite courses to 5. Delete the Module ":History from the Module table.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", Mc raw-Hill, 4th Edition,2002
- 2. Ivan Bayross, "SQL, PL/SQL The programming language of oracle", BPB publications, 4th Revised Edition, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Ramez Elmasri, Shamkant, B. Navathe, "Database Systems", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2013
- 2. Peter Rob, Carles Coronel, "Database System Concepts", Cengage Learning, 7th Edition, 2008
- 3. M L Gillenson, "Introduction to Database Management", Wiley Student Edition, 2012.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Introduction to database management system environments.	CO 1	T1:4.1, T2:1.1
2	Creation of tables using DDL and DML commands.	CO 2	T1:4.9,4.11, T2:7
3	Working with integrity constraints	CO 3	T1:3, T2:8
4	Working with DCL and TCL commands	CO 1,CO 2	T1:6.6, T2:12
5	Queries using aggregate functions.	CO 3	T1:4.4, T2:10
6	Nested queries using comparison keywords and logical operators.	CO	T1:4.6, T2:10
7	Working with Programs on pl/sql.	CO 6	T2:15
8	Working with Procedures	CO 3,CO 6	T2:18
9	Working with Triggers.	CO 6	R2: 5.2
10	Working with functions.	CO 5	T2:18
11	Working with Cursors	CO 6	T2:10
12	Case study	CO 6	T1:2, T2:1

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments		
1	Twin vortex formation: Implementation of views using SQL.		
2	Open channel: Practical Implementation of assertions using PL/SQL.		

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr.Y Manohar Reddy, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS LABORATORY					
Course Code	ACSC15					
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	IV CSIT					
Course Type	Core					
Regulation IARE -UG 20						
	Theory Practical				Practical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	-	-	-	3	2	
Course Coordinator	Ms.B.Madhavi Devi, Assistant Professor					

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

Design and analysis of algorithm lab provides hands on experience in implementing different algorithmic paradigms and develops competence in choosing appropriate data structure to improve efficiency of technique used. This laboratory implements sorting techniques using divide and conquer strategy, shortest distance algorithms based on Greedy, Dynamic programming techniques, Minimum spanning tree construction and applications of Back tracking , Branch and Bound. This is essential for developing software in areas Information storage and retrieval, Transportation through networks, Graph theory and Optimization problems.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSB01	II	Programming for Problem Solving
B.Tech	ACSB03	IV	Data Structures

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Design And Analysis Of Algorithms Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Algorithms Laboratory			

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video		Lab		Viva		Probing further
\checkmark		\checkmark	Worksheets	\checkmark	Questions	\checkmark	Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE):The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them beingInternal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by thePrincipal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab	10tal Marks
Assessment	performance	assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	The selection of Algorithmic technique and Data structures required for efficient development of technical and engineering applications.
II	The algorithmic design paradigms and methods for identifying solutions of optimization problems

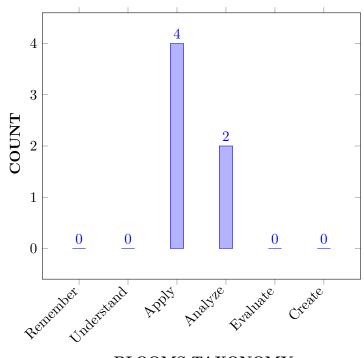
III	Implementation of different algorithms for the similar problems to compare their
	performance.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Apply Divide and conquer strategy to organize the data in ascending or descending order.	Apply
CO 2	Make use of Algorithmic Design paradigms to determine shortest distance and transitive closure of Directed or Undirected Graphs.	Apply
CO 3	Utilize Greedy Technique or principle of Optimality for finding solutions to optimization problems.	Analyze
CO 4	Compare the efficiencies of traversal problems using different Tree and Graph traversal algorithms.	Apply
CO 5	Utilize Backtracking method for solving Puzzles involving building solutions incrementally.	Analyze
CO 6	Examine Branch and Bound Approach for solving Combinatorial optimization problems.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 2	Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	2	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed
			Assessed
			by
PSO 2	Focus on recent trends in computer science and	3	Lab
	information technology in creating innovative career		Exercises
	paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork		
	towards Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 2	Demonstrate the use of divide and conquer strategy for arranging data in sorted order with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and interpret the results.	5
	PO 3	Demonstrate the use of sorting techniques and analyze time and space complexities with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and use in engineering application.	5
	PO 5	Translate the algorithm into python code by using its Libraries and modules	1
	PSO 2	Make use of Popular algorithmic strategies systematically to get solution into by using its Libraries and modules.	2
CO 2	PO 2	Make Use of Dynamic programming for solving shortest distance problems with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Make Use of Dynamic Programming for shortest distance problems and substructure generation with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Make Use of DP for implementing Shortest distance algorithms and optimal substructure identifications by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	1
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on Dynamic Programming for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions.	2
	PSO 2	Demonstrate algorithmic strategies systematically to get solution into by using its Libraries and modules of Python	2
CO 3	PO 2	Make Use Greedy Technique or principle of Optimality for for finding solutions to optimization problems with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5

	PO 3	Make Use of Greedy Technique or principle of Optimality for for finding solutions to optimization problems with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Make Use of Greedy Technique or principle of Optimality for for finding solutions to optimization problem identifications by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	1
	PSO 2	Demonstrate algorithmic strategies systematically to get solution into by using its Libraries and modules of Python	2
CO 4	PO 2	Make Use of recursive and non recursive algorithms for comparing traversal techniques of graph and tree with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Make Use recursive and non recursive algorithms for comparing tree and graph traversal techniques with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
CO 5	PO 2	Apply Back Tracking for developing solutions to puzzles with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5
	PO 3	Apply Back Tracking for developing solutions to puzzles with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
	PO 5	Apply Back Tracking for developing solutions to puzzles by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	1
	PO 10	Build strong foundation on Back tracking for by communicating effectively with engineering community about games development.	2
	PO 12	Build strong foundation on Back tracking for career building in software development for games and puzzles	3
CO 6	PO 2	Make Use of Branch and Bound for solving Optimal problems with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation and solution development.	5

PO 3	Make Use of Branch and Bound for solving Optimal problems with the help of Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes and find innovative solutions	5
PO 5	Make Use of Branch and Bound for solving Optimal problems by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, understanding use of technical literature, Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	1
PO 10	Build strong foundation on Branch and bound for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community about optimal solutions related to state space.	2
PO 12	Build strong foundation on Back tracking for career building in software development for games and puzzles and optimal solutions	3

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	-	2	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	2	-
CO 2	-	2	2	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
CO 3	-	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
CO 4	-	2	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2	-
CO 5	-	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
CO 6	-	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

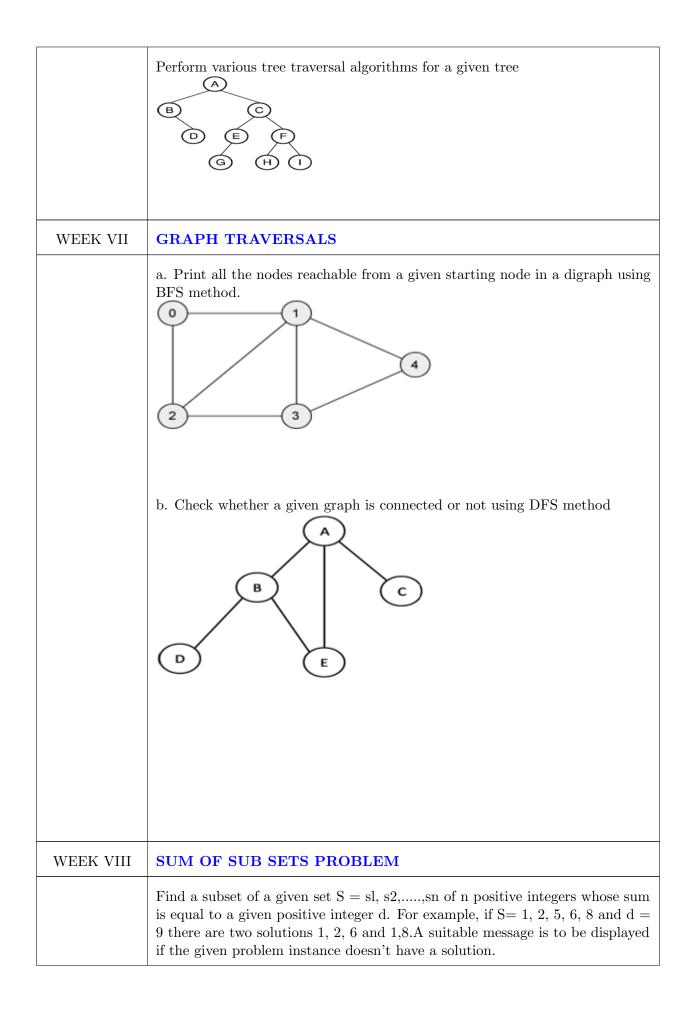
CIE Exams	PO 2, PO 3,	SEE Exams	PO 2,PO 3,	Seminars	-
	PO 5		PO 5		
Laboratory Practices	PO 2,PO 3, PO 5	Student Viva	PO 2, PO 3	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	✓	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	QUICK SORT
	Sort a given set of elements using the quick sort method and determine the time required to sort the elements. Repeat the experiment for different values of n, the number of elements in the 1st to be sorted and plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.
WEEK II	MERGE SORT
	Implement merge sort algorithm to sort a given set of elements and determine the time required to sort the elements. Repeat the experiment for different values of n, the number of elements in the list to be sorted and plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.
WEEK III	KNAPSACK PROBLEM
	Implement 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming
WEEK IV	SHORTEST PATHS ALGORITHM
	From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm. 2.
WEEK V	MINIMUM COST SPANNING TREE
	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm.
WEEK VI	TREE TRAVESRSALS



WEEK IX	TRAVELLING SALES PERSON PROBLEM						
	Implement any scheme to find the optimal solution for the Traveling Sales Person problem and then solve the same problem instance using any approximation algorithm and determine the error in the approximation.						
WEEK X	MINIMUM COST SPANNING TREE						
	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given undirected graph using Prim's algorithm $ \begin{array}{c} 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 \end{array} $						
WEEK XI	ALL PAIRS SHORTEST PATHS						
	Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths Problem using Floyd's algorithm. $ \begin{array}{c} & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 6 & 8 & -4 \\ \hline 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 7 \\ \hline 3 & 4 & 0 & \infty & \infty \\ \hline 4 & 5 & \infty & \infty & 3 & 0 \end{array} $						
WEEK XII	N QUEENS PROBLEM						
	Implement N Queen's problem using Back Tracking.						

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. 1. Levitin A, "Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Goodrich, M.T. R Tomassia, "Algorithm Design foundations Analysis and Internet Examples", John Wiley and Sons, 2006.
- 3. Base Sara, Allen Van Gelder, "Computer Algorithms Introduction to Design and Analysis", Pearson, 3rd Edition, 1999

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Week No.	Topics to be covered	Course Out- comes	Reference
1. 1	Quick Sort	CO 1	T1:4.1, T2:1.1
2. 2	Merge Sort	CO 1	T1:4.9,4.11, T2:7
3.	KnapSack Problems	CO 3	T1:6.6, T2:12
4.	Shortest distance using Dijkstra's algorithm	CO 3	T1:4.4, T2:10
5.	Minimum spanning tree using Kruskal's algorithm	CO 3	T1:4.6, T2:10
6.	Tree Traversal Techniques using Non recursive techniques	CO 4	T2:15
7.	Graph Traversal Techniques	CO 4	T2:18
8.	Sum of Subsets using DP	CO 3	T2:18
9.	Travelling salesman Problem	CO 3	T2:18
10.	Minimum spanning tree using Prims algorithm	CO 3	T2:10
11.	All Pairs Shortest Paths – Floyd Algorithms	CO 6	T1:2, T2:1
12.	N Queen Problem	CO 5	T1:2, T2:1

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments				
1	Implementation of Optimization problems using Branch and Bound.				
2	Practical Implementation of Games and Puzzles using Back Tracking				

Signature of Course Coordinator Mrs.B.Madhavi Devi , Assistant Professor



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	LINUX PR	LINUX PROGRAMMING LABORATORY				
Course Code	ACSC16					
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	IV	CSIT				
Course Type	Core					
Regulation	IARE - UG2	0				
		Theory		Pract	tical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	-	-	-	2	2	
Course Coordinator	Dr.M.Lakshmi Prasad, Associate Professor					

I COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course covers operating system concepts in linux environment. It focuses on practice on shell commands and demonstration of process concepts such as creation and establishing communication using linux system calls. The main objective of the course is to teach the students how to work with linux environment and demonstration of operating systems concepts using linux system calls in C programs. This course reaches to student by power point presentations, lecture notes, and lab which involve the problem solving in mathematical and engineering areas.

II COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC04	II Programming for Pro	
			Solving

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
LINUX PROGRAMMING LABORATORY	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

X	Demo Video		Lab		Viva		Probing further
		\checkmark	Worksheets	\checkmark	Questions	\checkmark	Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective Purpose	
20~%	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

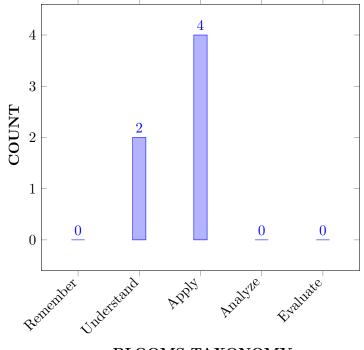
Ι	Familiar with the Linux command-line environment.
II	Understand system administration processes by providing a hands-on experience.
III	Understand Process management and inter-process communications techniques.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate text processing utilities, file handling utilities, security by file permissions, process utilities, disk utilities and networking commands with different options available for solving problems.	Understand
CO 2	Make use of bourne shell constructs, decision structures and loops in designing programs for complex problems.	Apply
CO 3	Interpret to write, compile, debug and run C language program in linux shell environment for implementing kernel level concepts.	Understand
CO 4	Identify basic methods and techniques used in solving simple programming tasks in the area of execution environment, processes signals and threads.	Apply
CO5	Experiment with IPC mechanisms such as pipes, named pipes, shared memory, message queues, semaphores and sockets for interprocess communication.	Apply
CO 6	Choose the appropriate protocol such as TCP or UDP for effective communication in client-server applications.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	2	Lab Exercises
PSO 2	Make use of core value proficiency with open ended tools to excel in Leadership roles to serve the Society, Inter-Disciplinary Research and Entrepreneurs.	2	Lab Exercises
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	2	Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Demonstrate shell commands for creating and searching files in engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
CO 2	PO 1	Make use of the following bourne shell constructs: test, if then, if then else, if then elif, for, while, until, and case to find the solution of complex engineering problems.	1
CO 3	PO 1	Interpret to write, compile, debug and run C language program in linux shell environment to apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 3	Interpret to write, compile, debug and run C language program in linux shell environment for designing solutions for complex engineering problems .	1
CO 4	PO 1	Identify basic methods and techniques used in solving simple programming tasks in the area of execution environment, processes and signals, threads and asynchronous I/O using engineering fundamentals for the solutions of complex engineering problems .	2
CO 5	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of IPC mechanisms for inter process communication in engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems .	3
	PO 2	Experiment with IPC mechanisms for inter process communication to analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using principles of engineering sciences .	3
	PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems , networking devices using IPC mechanisms for inter process communication	2
CO 6	PO 1	Find the effective solution of complex engineering problems by choosing the appropriate protocol for effective communication in client-server applications.	1
	PSO 2	Focus on web applications development and learn the emerging technologies for effective communication in client-server applications.	2

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE	PROGRAI	PROGRAM OUTCOMES				M OUTCON	IES
OUTCOMES	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 12	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3						
CO 2	1						
CO 3	3		1				
CO 4	2						
CO 5	3	3			2		
CO 6	1					2	

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	PO 1, PO 2,	SEE Exams	PO 1,PO 2,	Seminars	-
	PO 3		PO 3		
Laboratory	PO 1,PO 2,	Student Viva	PO 1, PO 2,	Certification	-
Practices	PO 3		PO 3		
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

✓	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback	
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts			

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK 1	BASIC COMMANDS I
	Study and Practice on various commands like man, passwd, tty, script, clear, date, cal, cp, mv, ln, rm, unlink, mkdir, rmdir, du, df, mount, umount, find, unmask, ulimit, ps, who, w.
WEEK 2	BASIC COMMANDS II
	Study and Practice on various commands like cat, tail, head , sort, nl, uniq, grep, egrep,fgrep, cut, paste, join, tee, pg, comm, cmp, diff, tr, tar, cpio.
WEEK 3	SHELL PROGRAMMING I
	a) Write a Shell Program to print all .txt files and .c files. b) Write a Shell program to move a set of files to a specified directory. c) Write a Shell program to display all the users who are currently logged in after a specified time. d) Write a Shell Program to wish the user based on the login time.
WEEK 4	SHELL PROGRAMMING II
	a) Write a Shell program to pass a message to a group of members, individual member and all. b) Write a Shell program to count the number of words in a file. c) Write a Shell program to calculate the factorial of a given number. d) Write a Shell program to generate Fibonacci series.

WEEK 5	SIMULATING COMMANDS I			
	a) Simulate cat command b) Simulate cp command			
WEEK 6	SIMULATING COMMANDS II			
	a) Simulate tail command b) Simulate head command			
WEEK 7	SIMULATING COMMANDS III			
	a) Simulate mv command b) Simulate nl command			
WEEK 8	SIGNAL HANDLING			
	Write a program to handle the signals like SIGINT, SIGDFL, SIGIGN			
WEEK 9	INTERPROCESS COMMUNICATIONS			
	Implement the following IPC forms a) FIFO b) PIPE			
WEEK 10	MESSAGE QUEUES			
	a) Write a C program(sender.c) to create a message queue with read and write permissions to write 3 messages to it with different priority numbers. b) Write a C program(receiver.c) that receives the messages (from the above message queue as specified and displays them.			
WEEK 11	SHARED MEMORY			
	Implement shared memory form of IPC.			
WEEK 12	SOCKET PROGRAMMING			
	a) Write client and server programs (using c) for interaction between server and client processes using TCP elementary functions. b) Write client and server programs (using c) for interaction between server and client processes using UDP elementary functions.			

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Sumitabha Das, "Your Unix The Ultimate Guide", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, India, 2007.
- 2. B. A. Forouzan and R. F. Gilberg, "Unix and Shell Programming", Cengage Learning.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Robert Love, "Linux System Programming", O'Reilly, SPD.
- 2. Stephen G. Kochan, Patrick Wood, "Unix Shell Programming", Sams publications, 3rd Edition, 2007.
- 3. T. Chan, "Unix System Programming using C++", Prentice Hall India, 1999

Web References:

- 1. http://spoken-tutorial.org/tutorialsearch/?search_foss=Linux&search_language=English
- 2. https://www.redhat.com/en/files/resources/en-rhel-whats-new-in-rhel-712030417.pdf
- 3. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/unix/4. http://cse09-iiith.virtual-labs.ac.in

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Basic Commands I	CO 1	T2: 4.7-4.8, 5.3-5.4

0		CO 1	
2	Basic Commands II.	CO 1	T2: 4.7-4.8, 5.3-5.4
3	Shell Programming I	CO 2	T2: 8.5, 14.14
4	Shell Programming II	CO 2	T2: 8.5, 14.14
5	Simulating Commands I	CO 3	T2: 12.3-12.9, 15.9-15.10
6	Simulating Commands II	CO 3	T2: 3.10,15.6, 17.5-17.6
7	Simulating Commands III	CO 3	T2: 3.10,15.6, 17.5-17.6
8	Signal Handling	CO 4	R4: 10.4-10.19
9	Inter process Communications.	CO 5	R4: 14.1-14.5
10	Message Queues	CO 5	R4: 14.1-14.5
11	Shared Memory	CO 5	R4: 14.7
12	Socket Programming	CO 5,CO 6	R2: 15.5

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Write a C program to create a child process and allow the parent to display parent and the child to display child on the screen.
2	Write a C program to create a Zombie process.
3	Write a Shell script that receives any number of file names as arguments checks if every argument supplied is a file or a directory and reports accordingly. Whenever the argument is a file, the number of lines on it is also reported.
4	Write a C Program that makes a copy of a file using standard I/O and system calls.
5	Write a C program in which a parent writes a message to a pipe and the child reads the message.
6	Write a C program that illustrates how an orphan is created.

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr.M.Lakshmi Prasad, Associate Professor

HOD,CSE(IT)



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Title	COMPI	COMPILER DESIGN					
Course Code	ACSC40						
Program	B.Tech						
Semester	V	V					
Course Type	Core	Core					
Regulation	UG20						
		Theory		P	ractical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3	1	4	-	-		
Course Coordinator	DR.C.Madhusudhana Rao, Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG	ACS01	Ι	Computer Programming
UG	ACS02	II	Data Structures
UG	AHS013	III	Discrete Mathematical Structures
UG	AIT002	IV	Theory of Computation

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course describes the basic techniques for compiler construction and tools that can be used to perform syntax-directed translation of a high-level programming language into an executable code. It will provide deeper insights into the more advanced semantics aspects of programming languages, machine independent optimizations and code generation.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject SEE Examination		CIE Examination	Total Marks
Compiler Design 70 Marks		30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

x	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Quiz	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOCs
\checkmark	PPT	\checkmark	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x open Ended Experiments							

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
40 %	Understand
50 %	Apply
0 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
OIA	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
Total Marks			100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

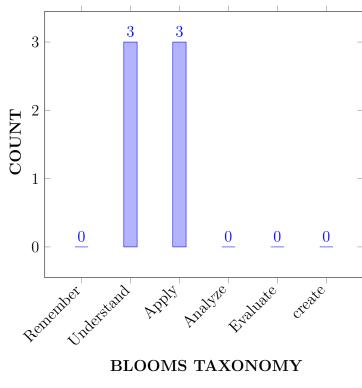
Ι	The process of translating a high-level language to machine code required for compiler construction.
II	The Software tools and techniques used in compiler construction such as lexical analyser and parser generators.
III	The data structures used in compiler construction such as abstract syntax trees, symbol tables, three-address code, and stack machines.
IV	The deeper insights into the syntax and semantic aspects of programming languages, dynamic memory allocation and code generation.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Summarize phases of a compiler in the construction of language	Understand
	processors.	
CO 2	Make use of finite automata for designing a lexical analyzer for a	Apply
	specific programming language constructs.	
CO 3	Choose top down, bottom up parsing methods for developing a	Apply
	parser with representation of a parse table or tree.	
CO 4	Outline syntax directed translations, intermediate forms for	Understand
	performing semantic analysis along with code generation.	
CO 5	Relate symbol table, type checking and storage allocation	Understand
	strategies used in run-time environment.	
CO 6	Select code optimization techniques on intermediate code form for	Apply
	generating target code.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

	Program Outcomes
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineeringfundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complexengineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	2	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 3	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	3	CIE / Quiz / AAT
PO 5	Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings	2	CIE / Quiz / AAT

PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations,	2	CIE / Quiz / AAT/Tech- Talk
	and give and receive clear instructions.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	3	by Group dis- cussion/ Short term courses/AAT
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society	3	Industry expo- sure/AAT
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2	Group dis- cussion/ Short term courses/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	
CO 4	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	
CO 5	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Describe the role of lexical analyzer and recognition of tokens, from regular expressions to finite automataby applying engineering fundamentals and provide solutions to engineering problems.	2
	PO 5	Understand the phases of compiler in optimizing regular Expressions by using the mathematical principles and computer science methodologies.	1
	PSO 1	Understand pass and phases of translation for specific problems with lexical analyzer generator	1
CO2	PO 1	Understand the significant phases of translation, bootstrapping, LEX-lexical analyzer generator in lexical analysis using mathematical principles, fundamental of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles.	3
	PSO 1	Understand the finite automata, regular Expressions in the area related to lexical analysis.	1
CO 3	PO 1	Understand the different types of parsing methods including the backtracking by apply the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals and mathematical principles	2
	PO 2	Understand the problem statement and choose appropriate techniques by analyzing various grammars including stack implementation of parser by the interpretation of results.	3
	PSO 2	Understand the basic difference between top down parsing and bottom up parsing with reference to grammars and parser generator.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Describe Intermediate forms using syntax tree and three address code using mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PO 3	Explain and demonstrate the translation of simple statements, Boolean expression and flow of control statements with three address code.	2
	PO 5	Understand the concepts of three address statements and its implementation in the intermediate code generation.	1
	PSO 2	Demonstrate the basic optimization in real-world software, using industry-standard tools and collaboration techniques in the field of application programming.	2
CO 5	PO 2	Analyze the process of symbol tables in runtime environment.	1

	PO 3	Understand the concepts of runtime environment evaluate the Source language issues.	2
	PSO 2	Demonstrate the basic optimization in real-world software, using industry-standard tools and collaboration techniques in the field of application programming.	2
CO 6	PO 1	Demonstrate the code optimization by applying the principles of mathematics and engineering fundamentals.	2
	PO 2	Understand the given problem statement and formulate the (complex) engineering problems in the Design of a Code Generator and addresses in the target Code in reaching substantiated conclusions by the interpretation of results.	3
	PO 5	Create the addresses for Design of a Code Generator (complex) Engineering activities in Computer software.	1
	PO 10	Understand code optimization techniques on intermediate code forms such as syntax trees and design documentation, for improving the performance of a program.	1
	PSO 3	Demonstrate the basic optimization in real-world software, using industry-standard tools and collaboration techniques in the field of application programming.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAP-PING:

				PRO	OGR.	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{M}$	OUT	COL	MES					PSO'S	
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2				1								1		
CO 2	3												1		
CO 3	2	3												2	
CO 4	2		2		1									2	
CO 5		1	2											2	
CO6	2	3			1					1					1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO								PSO	PSO	PSO			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0
CO 2	100.	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0
CO 3	66.7	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0
CO 4	66.7	0.0	66.7	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	COURSE PO								РО	PSO	PSO	PSO			
OUTCOMES	1	$1 \ \ 2 \ \ 3 \ \ 4 \ \ 5 \ \ 6 \ \ 7 \ \ 8 \ \ 9 \ \ 10 \ \ 11 \ \ 12$								12	1	2	3		
CO 5	0.0	.0 33.3 66.7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0								0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0		
CO 6	66.7	100	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

 $\pmb{2}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $1-5 < C \le 40\% - Low/Slight$

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 4	3	-	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 5	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 6	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
TOTAL	15	8	6		6					2			4	3	2
AVERAGE	3	2	3		2					2			2	3	2

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	_	Certification	_
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	-	Open Ended Ex- periments	-
Assignments	\checkmark				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback			
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts					

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I **INTRODUCTION TO COMPILER**

Introduction to compilers: Definition of compiler, interpreter and its
differences, the phases of a compiler; Lexical Analysis: Role of lexical analyzer,
input buffering, recognition of tokens, finite automata, regular Expressions,
from regular expressions to finite automata, pass and phases of translation,
bootstrapping, LEX-lexical analyzer generator.

MODULE II	SYNTAX ANALYSIS
	Syntax Analysis : Parsing, role of parser, context free grammar, derivations, parse trees, ambiguity, elimination of left recursion, left factoring, eliminating ambiguity from dangling-else grammar, classes of parsing, topdown parsing: backtracking, recursive-descent parsing, predictive parsers, LL(1) grammars Bottom-up parsing: Definition of bottom-up parsing, handles, handle pruning, stack implementation of shift- reduce parsing, conflicts during shift-reduce parsing, LR grammars, LR parsers-simple LR, canonical LR and Look Ahead LR parsers, error recovery in parsing, parsing ambiguous grammars,YACC-automatic parser generator.
MODULE III	SYNTAX-DIRECTED TRANSLATION AND INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION
	Syntax-directed translation: Syntax directed definition, construction of syntax trees, S-attributed and L- attributed definitions, syntax directed translation schemes . Intermediate code generation: Intermediate forms of source programs- abstract syntax tree, polish notation and three address code, types of three address statements and its implementation, syntax directed translation into three-address code, translation of simple statements, Boolean expressions and flow-of control statements
MODULE IV	TYPE CHECKING AND RUN TIME ENVIRONMENT
	Type checking: Definition of type checking, type expressions, type systems, static and dynamic checking of types, specification of a simple type checker, Run time environments: Source language issues, Storage organization, storage- allocation strategies, access to nonlocal data on the stack, garbage collection, symbol table.
MODULE V	CODE OPTIMIZATION AND CODE GENERATION
	Code optimization: The principle sources of optimization, optimization of basic blocks, loops in flow graphs, peephole optimization; Code generator: Issues in the design of a code generator, the target language,address in target code,Basic Blocks and flow graphs,Optimization of Basic Blocks,A simple code generator,Register allocation and assignment,DAG representation of basic blocks.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Alfred V.Aho, RaviSethi, JeffreyD, Ullman, —Compilers–Principles, Techniques and Tools, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Kenneth C.Louden, Thomson, —CompilerConstruction–PrinciplesandPractice, PWS Publishing, 1st Edition, 1997.
- 2. Andrew W. Appel, —Modern Compiler Implementation C, Cambridge University Press, Revised Edition, 2004.

COURSE WEB PAGE:

- 1. http://csenote.weebly.com/principles-of-compiler-design.html
- $2. \ http://www.faadoo$ engineers.com/threads/32857-Compiler-Design-Notes-full-book-pdf-download

- 3. http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=10166
- $4. \ http://www.e-booksdirectory.com/details.php?ebook=7400re$

XIX COURSE PLAN: The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	In Outcome-Based Education (OBE), we discussed about are planned to achieve stated objectives and outcomes. student performance i.e. outcomes at different levels. C Outcomes(PO)and Program Specific Outcomes(PSO) and DGOL and built in the interview of the state of t	We will focution ourse outcom	ses on measuring nes(CO),Program
	PSO's and their attainments are discussed. CONTENT DELIVERY (THE		
1	Introduction to compilers: Definition of compiler, interpreter and its differences	CO 1	T1:1.1-1.5 R1:1.1
2	The phases of a compiler	CO 1	T1:3.6-3.7 R1:2.2-2.4
3	Lexical Analysis: Role of lexical analyzer, input buffering	CO 1	T1: 1.5
4	recognition of tokens, finite automata.	CO 2	T1:1.1 R1:1.6
5	regular Expressions	CO 2	T1:3.8-4.3 R1:3.1-3.3
6	from regular expressions to finite automata.	CO 2	T1: 4.3-4.4 R1:4.1
7-8	pass and phases of translation, bootstrapping, LEX-lexical analyzer generator.	CO 2	T1:4.5-4.7 R1:4.3-4.5
9	Syntax Analysis: Parsing, role of parser, context free grammar.	CO 3	T1:4.5-4.7 R1:5.1-5.2
10	derivations, parse trees, ambiguity	CO 3	T1:4.7 R1:5.3
11	elimination of left recursion, left factoring	CO 3	T1: 4.7 R1:5.4-5.5
12	eliminating ambiguity from dangling-else grammar	CO 3	T1:4.7 R1:5.6
13	Types of parsing: Top-down parsing	CO 3	T1:4.9 R1:5.5
14	backtracking, recursive-descent parsing, predictive parsers,	CO 3	T1: 4.9
15	LL (1) grammars	CO 3	T1: 5.1-5.4 R1:6.1
16	Bottom-up parsing: Definition of bottom-up parsing,.	CO 3	T1:8.4-8.6
17	handles, handle pruning, stack implementation of shift-reduce parsing,	CO 3	T1: 6.1 R1:6.4-6.5
18	conflicts during shift-reduce parsing,	CO 3	T1: 7.1-7.5 R1:7.1
19	LR grammars, LR parsers-simple LR,	CO 3	T1: 7.6-7.7

20	canonical LR and Look Ahead LR parsers,	CO 3	T1: 10.2
21	YACC-automatic parser generator.	CO 3	T1:10.1-10.2
			T1:10.4,9.9
22	Syntax-Directed Translation: Syntax directed	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2
	definitions, construction of syntax trees		
23	S-attributed and L- attributed definitions; Syntax	CO 4	T1: 9.3 R1:7.6
24	Directed Translation schemes.	00.4	TT1 0 4
24	Intermediate code generation: Intermediate forms of source	CO 4	T1: 9.4
25	programs– abstract syntax tree, polish notation and three address code,	CO 4	T1:9.6-9.7 R1:8.1-8.8
26	Types of three address statements and its	CO 4	T1: 9.8
	implementation		
27	syntax directed translation into three-address code	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2
28	translation of simple statements, Boolean expressions	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2
29	Flow-of- Control statements.	CO 4	R1:8.1-8.8
30	Type checking: Definition of type checking,	CO 5	R1:8.1-8.8
31	type expressions, type systems, static and dynamic checking of	CO 5	T1: 9.4
32	specification of a simple type checker	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
33	Run time environments: Source language issues,	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
34	Types Storage organization	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
35	storage-allocation strategies,	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
36	access to nonlocal data on the stack,	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
37	Garbage collection, symbol tables.	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
38	Code optimization: The principle sources of optimization	CO 6	T1: 9.1-9.2
39	optimization of blocks	CO 6	T1:10.1-10.2
10		00.4	T1:10.4,9.9
40	loops in flow graphs	CO 6	T1: 10.2
41	peephole optimization	CO 6	T1: 9.1-9.2
42	Code Generation: Issues in the Design of a Code Generator	CO 6	T1: 9.1-9.2
43-44	The Target Language, addresses in the Target Code,	CO 6	T1:10.1-10.4
45-46	Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs	CO 6	T1: 9.1-9.2
47	Optimization of Basic Blocks	CO 6	T1: 9.1-9.2
48	A Simple Code Generator	CO 6	T1:9.6-9.7 R1:8.1-8.8
49	register allocation and assignment	CO 6	T1:9.6-9.7
50-52	DAG representation of basic blocks.	CO 6	R1:8.1-8.8

	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE ST	UDIES	
1	Consider the following fragment of C code: float i, j; i = i*70+j+2; Construct the output at all phases of the compiler for above C code	CO 1	T1:1.1-1.5 R1:1.1
2	For the following expression total $=$ count $+$ rate $*$ 5 Construct the output after each phase of compiler?	CO 1	T1:1.1-1.5 R1:1.1
3	Convert NFA with ϵ to equivalent NFA $M=(\{q0,q1,q2\},\{0,1,2\}, \delta, q0, \{q2\})$ where δ is given by $[\delta (q0,0)=\{q0\}, \delta (q0,1)=\phi, \delta (q0,2)=\phi, \delta(q0, \epsilon)=q1]$ $[\delta (q1,0)=\phi, \delta (q1,1)=q1, \delta (q1,2)=\phi, \delta (q1, \epsilon)=q2]$ $[\delta (q2,0)=\phi, \delta (q2,1)=\phi, \delta (q2,2)=\{q2\}, \delta (q2, \epsilon)=\phi]$	CO 2	T1:1.1 R1:1.6
4	Describe a DFA for the following language $L=\{w/ w \mid mod5=0, w belongs to (a,b)^*\}$ $L=\{w/ w \mid mod5=1, w belongs to (a,b)^*\}$	CO 2	T1:1.1 R1:1.6
5	Describe the DFA Transition diagram for equivalent Regular expression (ab+a) *(aa+b)	CO 2	T1:3.8-4.3 R1:3.1-3.3
6	Construct the FIRST and FOLLOW sets for following grammar S \rightarrow aBDh , B \rightarrow cC , C \rightarrow bC / ϵ , D \rightarrow EF , E \rightarrow g / ϵ , F \rightarrow f / ϵ	CO 3	T1: 4.9
7	Construct SLR parsing table for the below grammar? $E \rightarrow E+T T T \rightarrow T^*F F F \rightarrow (E) id.$	CO 3	T1: 7.6-7.7
8	Outline the CLR Parsing model and write the CLR parsing algorithm for constructing the parsing table	CO 3	T1: 10.2
9	Construct production rules and semantic actions for the following grammar along with annotated parse tree for the expression: "int a, b, c"? $D \rightarrow T L$ $T \rightarrow int$ $T \rightarrow int$ $T \rightarrow float; L \rightarrow L1, id L \rightarrow id$	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2
10	Construct the three address code and draw the abstract tree for the following expressions? a) (x-y)*z+m-n b) a+(b-c)+(b+c)*(a*e)	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2
11	Translate the expression $-(a + b) * (c + d) + (a + b + c)$ into a) quadruples b) triples	CO 4	T1: 9.8
12	Explain briefly about Activation record with block diagram	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2
13	Explain the specification of a simple type checker	CO 5	R1:8.1-8.8
14	Construct the code sequence generated by the simple code generation algorithm for $x^*y+(m-k)-(g+b)$	CO 6	T1:9.6-9.7 R1:8.1-8.8

15	Explain the concept of Function-Preserving Transformations	CO 6	T1:10.1-10.2 T1:10.4,9.9				
DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY							
1	Definition of compiler, interpreter and its differences, the phases of a compiler	CO 1	T1:1.1-1.5 R1:1.1				
2	LR grammars, LR parsers-simple LR,CLR ,LALR	CO 3	T1: 7.6-7.7				
3	Syntax directed definition, construction of syntax trees, S-attributed and L- attributed definitions	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2				
4	Storage organization, storage- allocation strategies, access to nonlocal names	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2				
5	optimization of basic blocks, loops in flow graphs, peephole optimization; Code generator	CO 6	T1:10.1-10.2 T1:10.4,9.9				
	DISCUSSION ON QUESTION B	ANK					
1	Describe how various phases could be combined as a pass in compiler	CO 1	T1:1.1-1.5 R1:1.1				
2	Identify whether the following grammar is CLR or not with reasons? S \rightarrow AA , A \rightarrow aA b	CO 3	T1: 7.6-7.7				
3	Construct production rules and semantic actions for S-attributed grammar for the following grammar along with syntax tree and annotated parse tree for the given string a*b-c/d+e? $L\rightarrow E$ $E\rightarrow E+T \mid E-T\mid T$ $T\rightarrow T^*F \mid T/F \mid F$ $F\rightarrow P-F \mid P$ $P\rightarrow(E)$ $P\rightarrow ID$	CO 4	T1: 9.1-9.2				
4	Explain briefly about stack storage allocation with block diagram.	CO 5	T1: 9.1-9.2				
5	Identify the register descriptor target code for the source language Statement and its cost. (a-b) + (a-c) + (a-c)	CO 6	T1:10.1-10.2 T1:10.4,9.9				

Prepared by Dr. C Madhusudhana Rao, Professor

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	COMPU	COMPUTER NETWORKS				
Course Code	AITC06	AITC06				
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech				
Semester	V	V				
Course Type	Core	Core				
Regulation	UG-20					
		Theory		Pract	tical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3	1	4	-	-	
Course Coordinator Dr. P Ramadevi , Assistant Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
-	-	-	No prerequisites

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The main emphasis of this course is on the organization and management of local area networks (LANs) wide area networks (WANs). The course includes learning about computer network organization and implementation, obtaining a theoretical understanding of data communication and computer networks. Topics include layered network architectures, addressing, naming, forwarding, routing, communication reliability, the client-server model, and web and email protocols. The applications of this course are to design, implement and maintain a basic computer networks.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Computer Networks	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
50 %	Understand
30 %	Analyze
20 %	Evaluate

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz and 05 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks		
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10			
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30		
	AAT-1	5			
	AAT-2	5			
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70		
	Total Marks				

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

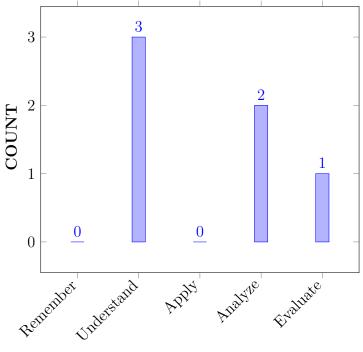
Ι	How computer network hardware and software operate
II	Investigate the fundamental issues driving network design
III	The data transmission through protocols across the network in wired and wireless using routing algorithms.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Outline the basic concepts of data communications including the key	Understand
	aspects of networking and their interrelationship, packet, circuit and	
	cell switching as internal and external operations, physical structures,	
	types, models, and internetworking	
CO 2	Make use of different types of of bit errors and the concept of bit	Understand
	redundancy for error detection and error correction.	
CO 3	Identify the suitable design parameters and algorithms for assuring	Understand
	quality of service and internetworking in various internet protocols	
CO 4	Interpret transport protocols (TCP,UDP) for measuring the network	Evaluate
	performance	
CO 5	Illustrate the various protocols (FTP, SMTP, TELNET,	Analyze
	EMAIL,WWW) and standards (DNS) in data communications among	
	network.	
CO 6	Compare various networking models (OSI, TCP/IP) in terms of	Analyze
	design parameters and communication modes.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering .community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	2	Discussion on Innovations / Presentation
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	Short term courses

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

PRO	OGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	2	Research papers / Group discussion / Short term courses
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	1	Research papers / Industry exposure

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-		\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Understand the importance of network types, suitable transmission medium, devices and the Internet in supporting business communications and everyday activities by understanding fundamentals of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Understand the importance of network types, suitable transmission medium, devices and the Internet in supporting business communications and everyday activities by understanding fundamentals of Computer engineering specialization and scientific principles.	2
	PO 2	Understand the problem statement and choose appropriate techniques by analyzing the importance of data hiding interpretation of results .	4
	PO 10	Recognize the importance of error detection and correction techniques for optimizing the efficiency of the networks by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of the performance of a single link, logical process-to-process (end-to-end) channel, and a network as a whole (latency, bandwidth, and throughput) for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community .	4
CO 3	PO 1	Explain the concept of Hamming distance, and the significance of the minimum Hamming Distance and its relationship to errors by understanding mathematical principles and scientific principles .	3
	PO 2	Understand the problem statement and choose appropriate techniques by analyzing the importance of data hiding interpretation of results .	4
	PO 3	Understand the concepts E-mail, telnet, secure shell for innovative solutions , evaluate the solution of the complex issues.	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 10	Recognize the importance of error detection and correction techniques for optimizing the efficiency of the networks by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation .	6
CO 4	PO 1	Describe the relationship between data and signals, their types, behavior, properties, characterization and transmission through the physical layer by understanding mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2
	PO 3	Understand the concepts E-mail, telnet, secure shell for innovative solutions, evaluate the solution of the complex issues.	3
	PO 4	Evaluate the performance of a single link, logical process-to-process (end-to-end) channel, a and a network as a whole (latency, bandwidth, and throughput).	2
	PO 10	Recognize the importance of error detection and correction techniques for optimizing the efficiency of the networks by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	6
	PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Understand the basic design problems of data communications including the checksum, flow control, error control, reliability by apply the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals and mathematical principles.	2
	PO 2	Understand the problem statement and choose appropriate techniques by analyzing analyzing the importance of data hiding interpretation of results .	3
	PO 3	Understand the concepts E-mail, telnet, secure shell for innovative solutions, evaluate the solution of the complex issues.	3
	PO 12	Build strong foundation of the performance of a single link, logical process-to-process (end-to-end) channel, and a network as a whole (latency, bandwidth, and throughput) for career building by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation .	6

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	3
CO 6	PO 1	Describe the reliable inter-node transmission of chunks and congestion control methods for reliable data transmission across the network by apply the knowledge of computer engineering fundamentals and mathematical principles.	2
	PO 3	Understand the concepts E-mail, telnet, secure shell for innovative solutions, evaluate the solution of the complex issues.	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	2	4	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	-	_
CO 3	3	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	6	-	-
CO 4	2	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	6	-	3
CO 5	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	-	3
CO 6	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	33.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	66.7	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	33.3	-	-	-
CO 3	100	40	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	100	-	-
CO 4	66.7	-	30	18	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	100	-	30
CO 5	66.7	30	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	100	-	30
CO 6	66.7	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{0}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- $\mathbf{1}$ -5 <C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	2	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	2	_	1	-	_	-
CO 3	3	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-
CO 4	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	3
CO 6	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	15	5	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	2	9	-	3
AVERAGE	2.5	1.6	1.3	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	1.0	3.0		1.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	 Image: A start of the start of
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments	\checkmark				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Х	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
Х	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION	
	Introduction: Networks, network types, internet history, standards and administration; Network models: Protocol layering, TCP/IP protocol suite, the OSI model Transmission media: Introduction, guided media, unguided media; Switching: Introduction, circuit switched networks, packet switching.	
MODULE II	DATA LINK LAYER	
	Introduction: Link layer addressing; Error detection and correction: Cyclic codes, checksum, forward error correction; Data link control: DLC services, data link layer protocols, media access control: Random access, virtual LAN.	
MODULE III	I NETWORK LAYER	
	Network layer design issues, routing algorithms, congestion control algorithms, quality of service, and internetworking. The network layer in the internet: IPv4 addresses, IPv6, internet control protocols, OSPF(Open Shortest Path First), IP (Internet Protocol)	

MODULE IV	TRANSPORT LAYER
	The transport service, elements of transport protocols, congestion control; The internet transport protocols: UDP (User Datagram Protocol), TCP (Transport Control Protocol), performance problems in computer networks, network performance measurement.
MODULE V	APPLICATION LAYER
	Introduction, client server programming, WWW (World Wide Web) and HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol), FTP (File Transfer Protocol), E-mail, telnet, DNS (Domain Naming System), SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol).

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking", Tata McGraw-Hill, 5th Edition, 2012.
- 2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David.j.Wetherall, "Computer Networks", Prentice-Hall, 5th Edition, 2010.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Douglas E. Comer, "Internetworking with TCP/IP", Prentice-Hall, 5th Edition, 2011
- 2. Peterson, Davie, Elsevier, "Computer Networks", 5th Edition, 2011
- 3. Comer, "Computer Networks and Internets with Internet Applications", 4th Edition, 2004.
- 4. Chwan-Hwa Wu, Irwin, "Introduction to Computer Networks and Cyber Security", CRC publications, 2014.

WEB REFERENCES:

1. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/computer-network-tutorials/

COURSE WEB PAGE:

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO - PO Mapping	_	-
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
1	Introduction: Networks, network types	CO1	T1: 1.1
2	Internet history	CO1	T1:1.2
3	Standards and administration	CO1	T1: 1.3
4	Network models: Protocol layering	CO1	T1:1.4

5	TCP/IP protocol suite	CO1	T1: 1.5
6	The OSI model Transmission media: guided media, unguided media	CO1	T1:7.1
7	Switching	CO1	T1: 2.14
8	Circuit switched networks	CO1	T1: 2.14
9	Packet switching	CO1	T1: 8.2
$\frac{3}{10}$	Link layer addressing	CO1 CO2	T1: 0.2
10	Error detection and correction	CO2 CO2	T1: 10.0
$\frac{11}{12}$	Cyclic codes	CO2 CO2	T1: 10.1 T1: 10.1
$\frac{12}{13}$	Checksum	CO2 CO2	T1: 10.1 T1: 10.2
13	Forward error correction	CO2 CO2	T1: 10.2
$\frac{14}{15}$	Data link control: DLC services	CO2 CO2	T1: 10.2 T1: 11.1
16	Data link layer protocols	CO2	T1: 11.2
17	Media access control: Random access	CO2	T1: 11.3
18	Virtual LAN	CO2	T1:15.3
19	Network layer design issues	CO3	T1:19.1
20	Routing algorithms	CO3	T1: T1:19.1
21	Congestion control algorithms	CO3	T1:19.1
$\frac{21}{22}$	Quality of service and Internetworking	CO3	T1:19.1
$\frac{22}{23}$	The network layer in the internet: IPv4 addresses	CO3	T1:19.1
$\frac{23}{24}$	Ine network rayer in the internet. If v4 addresses IPv6, internet control protocols	CO3	T1:19.1
$\frac{24}{25}$	OSPF (Open Shortest Path First)	CO3	T1:19.2
$\frac{23}{26}$	IP (Internet Protocol)	CO3 CO4	T1:19.2
$\frac{20}{27}$		CO4 CO4	T1:23.0
$\frac{27}{28}$	The transport service	CO4 CO4	T1:23.0
$\frac{28}{29}$	Elements of transport protocols	CO4 CO4	T1:23.1
30	Congestion control The internet transport protocols: UDP (User Datagram Protocol)	CO4 CO4	T1:23.2
31	TCP (Transport Control Protocol)	CO4	T1:23.3
32	Performance problems in computer networks	CO4	T1:23.3
33	Network performance measurement	CO4	T1:23.3
34	Client server programming	CO5	T1:25.1
35	WWW (World Wide Web)	CO5	T1:25.2
36	HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol)	CO5	T1:25.3
37	FTP (File Transfer Protocol)	CO5	T1:25.4
38	E-mail, telnet	CO5	T1:25.5
39	DNS (Domain Naming System)	CO5	T1:25.6
40	SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)	CO5	T1:25.7
10	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		11.20.1
41	With a network with bandwidth of 10 Mbps can pass only an average of 12,000 frames per minute with each frame carrying an average of 10,000 bits. What is the throughput of this network?	CO 1	T2:18.3.4 18.3, 4.17

42	Demonstrate the Laplace transform of the message delay in FDMA in which every message contains a random number of packets. Compare the expected message delay with that of	CO 2	T2:24.2,28
	TDMA		
43	Why are we running out of IPv4 addresses? How does IPv6 solve this problem?	CO 3	T1: 276-296
44	Discuss in detail about the connection establishment and release in TCP.	CO 4	T2:24.3.6, 24.3.9
45	Discuss about application layer and client server programming	CO 5	T2:25.1, 25.1.2
46	Interpret the following sequences of characters (In Hexadecimals) received by a TELNET client or server. a. FFFB01 c. FFF4 FFFE01 d. FFF9	CO 5	$\begin{array}{c c} T2:26.1.2, \\ 26.2, \\ 26.3, \\ 26.4, 26.5 \end{array}$
	DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY		
1	What is Computer Network?	CO 1	T2:2.1
2	Define Unacknowledged Information Transfer Service?	CO 2	T2:2.3
3	Define routing algorithm?	CO 3	T2:2.3.1
4	What is Secure Sockets Layer?	CO 4	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Define Network File system (NFS)?	CO 5	T2:10.3.1
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
1	Illustrate the differences between the OSI and TCP/IPReference Models.	CO 1	T2:2.1
2	Recognize knowledge on previous versions of internet	CO 2	T2:2.3
3	Understands on the various standards and administrations	CO 3	T2:2.3.1
4	Discuss on networks models and understand layering scenarios and protocols	CO 4	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Demonstrate on TCP/IP models	CO 5	T2:10.3.1
6	Demonstrate on Guided and Unguided medium.	CO 5	T2:13.3.2, 13.4.1

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr. P Ramadevi , Assistant Professor

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Title	OBJEC	OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING					
Course Code	ACSC19	ACSC19					
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech					
Semester	V	V					
Course Type	Core						
Regulation	UG-20						
		Theory		Р	ractical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3	1	4	-	-		
Course Coordinator	Ms. D.Koumudi Prasanna, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
-	-	-	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course presents the concepts, methods and techniques necessary to efficiently capture software requirements in use cases and transform them into detailed designs. It combines instruction on the Unified Software Development Process (UP), object-oriented methodologies and the Unified Modeling Language. In this course, students learn how to apply the UML notation in the context of an iterative, use case-driven, architecture-centric process. They are also exposed to an advanced CASE tool that allows the rapid development of UML diagrams and promotes an agile workflow by synchronizing changes in the various models and the code.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Object Oriented	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Software Engineering			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	x Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could

be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
60 %	Understand
20%	Apply
10%	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70	
	Total Marks			

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

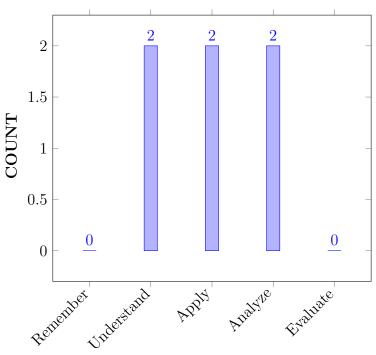
Ι	The object-oriented concepts along with their applicability contexts.
II	The software development process models and coding standardsL.
III	The knowledge of testing methods and comparison of various testing techniques.
IV	The underlying concepts and standards of quality and knowledge about software quality assurance group.
V	The modeling techniques to model different perspectives of object-oriented software design.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

	i <i>i</i>	
CO 1	Outline process models, apporaches and techniques for managing	Understand
	software development process.	
CO 2	Make use of importance of project planning activities for selection	Apply
	and intiation of projects and protfolios.	
CO 3	Analyze functional, behavioural, functional and object-oriented	Analyze
	models for software model development.	
CO 4	Outline basic principles, building blocks and views for designing	Understand
	object-oriented architecural view of a system	
CO 5	Apply design concepts and principles to develop components of a	Apply
	system.	
CO 6	Distinguish the approaches to verification and validation of system	Analyze
	in various stages of devlopment.	

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes			
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science,			
	engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution			
	of complex engineering problems.			
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and			
	analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions			
	using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering			
	sciences.			

	Program Outcomes			
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex			
	Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet			
	the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and			
	safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations			
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based			
	knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis			
	and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.			
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques,			
FO 0	resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and			
	modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the			
	limitations			
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual			
	knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the			
	consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.			
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the			
	professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and			
	demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.			
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and			
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.			
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a			
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.			
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering			
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,			
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design			
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.			
PO 11				
PUII	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these			
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects			
	and in multidisciplinary environments.			
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation			
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest			
	context of technological change			
L	0 0			

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	1	SEE / CIE /
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	1	SEE / CIE /
	research literature, and analyze complex		AAT
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	SEE / CIE / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	${f Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Build cutting-edge solutions associated with multimedia, data analytics, artificial intelligence embedded, mobile and cloud computing problems.	1	SEE/AAT
PSO 3	Focus on recent trends in computer science and information technology in creating innovative career paths in exhibiting Professionalism, Teamwork towards Continuous Learning.	2	SEE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	<	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
CO 4	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
CO 6	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
C ^{O 1}	PO 1	Usage of basic engineering tools will help to understand the problem definition and provide knowledge on IT tools.	1
	PO 5	Use of Modern tools can available facility to upgrade software models and designs to improve efficiency of the tools and techniques.	1
	PSO1	Apply differnt process models leads to have better solution models and upgraded designs to slove computing problems.	1
CO 2	PO 2	By identifying and analysing engineering problem can avail better project planning activities to schedule the project planning.	3
	PO 10	Software models can effectively communicate engineering problems and solutions and used to make effective reports in the project planning.	4
	PO 12	Using lifelonglearning new methodlogies will impart effective models and designs in project planning activities and schedules.	1
	PSO 3	Use of new technologies and innovation will improve the project planning and selection of protfolios.	2
CO 3	PO 1	Applying engineering knowledge will improve the performance of software models and can analyze the advantages by comparing with current and basuc models in software development.	1
	PO 3	Usage of models is to design solutions to complex software problems and helps to design system commponents acroding to customer requirements.	7
	PSO 3	Following new trends will help to create effective software models in the context of technological change.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 4	PO 1	Using engineering basic prinicples of software design models will be able to build software architechture of the system.	1
	PO 3	Design solutions for simple and complex problems by Defining problem, understand customer requirements, identifying basic building blocks to draw UML diagrams.	6
	PO 10	Communicate with structural and behavioral design patterns effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and give and receive clear instructions.	4
	PSO 3	Make use of computational and advanced CASE tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Apply Architectural and domain model Engineering knowledge and modelling principles, in identifying basic building blocks for visualizing artifacts of system.	1
	PO 3	Design representation of Next gen POS system for simple and complex problems by Defining problem, understand customer requirements, identifying basic building blocks to draw UML diagrams.	6
	PO 5	Communicate static and dynamic aspects of the system using using system sequence and use case diagrams. For specifying structure and interaction of objects during runtime	2
	PSO 3	Formulate and Evaluate engineering concepts to Design next-generation computer systems by using advanced building blocks of UML.	1
CO 6	PO 5	Usage of modern tools of testing and software quality will improve the standards of verification and validation of the system.	1
	PO 10	Verification and validation willcommunicate the effectiveness of the system in real - world environment before deploying the project.	4
	PO 12	In the changing technological context life- long learning will enable to adopt changes in new verification and validation methods.	1
	PSO 3	Usage of innovative verification and validation tools will improve the quality of designs amd models in creating components of system architechture.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	2
CO 3	1	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 4	1	-	6	-	-		-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	1
CO 5	1	-	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 6	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 2	0.0	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0	50.0
CO 3	33.0	0.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
CO 4	33.0	0.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
CO 5	33.0	0.0	60.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	0.0	50.0	50.0
CO 6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	50.0	25.0

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 -5 <C $\leq 40\%$ Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
CO 2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	2
CO 3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1
CO 4	1	-	3	-	-	-	_	-	-	3	-	-	_	-	1
CO 5	1	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 6	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	1
TOTAL	4	1	12	-	9	-	-	-	-	9	-	3	1	-	7
AVERAGE	1.0	1.0	3.0	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	3.0	-	1.0	1.0	-	2.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE ENGINEERING
	Introduction to software engineering, software development process models, agile development, project and process, project management, process and project metrics, object-oriented concepts, principles and methodologies.
MODULE II	PLANNING AND SCHEDULING
	Software requirements specification, software prototyping, software project planning, scope, resources, software estimation, empirical estimation models, planning, risk management, software project scheduling, object-oriented estimation and scheduling.
MODULE III	ANALYSIS
	Analysis modeling, data modeling, functional modeling and information flow, behavioral modeling, structured analysis, object-oriented analysis, domain analysis. Object-oriented analysis process, object relationship model, object behaviour model, design modeling with UML
MODULE IV	DESIGN
	Design concepts and principles, design process, design concepts, modular design, design effective modularity, introduction to software architecture, data design, transform mapping, transaction mapping, object-oriented design, system design process, object design process.
MODULE V	IMPLEMENTATION, TESTING AND MAINTENANCE
	Top-down, bottom-up, object-oriented product implementation and integration. Software testing methods, white box, basis path, control structure, black box, unit testing, integration testing, validation and system testing, testing tools, software maintenance and reengineering.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Ivar Jacobson, —Object Oriented Software Engineering: A Use Case Driven Approach, Pearson India, 1st Edition, 2002.
- 2. Bernd Bruegge, Allen H. Dutoit, —Object-Oriented Software Engineering: Using UML, Patterns and Java, Pearson New International Edition, 3rd Edition, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Roger. S. Pressman and Bruce R. Maxim, —Software Engineering A Practitioner's Approach, McGraw Hill, 7th Edition, 2015.
- 2. Craig Larman, —Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2008.

WEB REFERENCES:

- $1.\ https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/\ sunita/cs725/calendar.html$
- 2. https://ece.iisc.ac.in/ parimal/2019/ml.html
- 3. https://www.springer.com/gp/book/9780387848570

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSS	SION	
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms .iare.ac.in/ index ?route =course/details & course id=137
	CONTENT DELIVERY	Y (THEORY)	
1	Introduction to software engineering.	CO 1	T1:1.1
2	software development process models.	CO 1	T1:1.2
3	agile development	CO 1	T1:1.3-1.4
4	project and process, project management	CO 1	T1:2.3
5	process and project metrics	CO 1	T1:2.4
6	object-oriented concepts, principles and methodologies.	CO 1	T1:2.5
7-8	Software requirements specification	CO 2	T1:4.1
9-10	software prototyping	CO 2	T1:5.1
11	software project planningscope, resources.	CO 2	T1:6.1
12-13	software estimation, empirical estimation models	CO 2	T1:7.1.1
14-16	planning, risk management	CO 2	T1:8.1.1
17	software project scheduling, object-oriented estimation and scheduling.	CO 2	T1:11.4
18	Analysis modeling, data modeling, functional modeling.	CO 3	T1:12.5
19	information flow	CO 3	T1:13.1
20	behavioral modeling.	CO 3	T1:13.1
21	structured analysis, object-oriented analysis, domain analysis.	CO 3	T1:14.1
22-23	Object-oriented analysis process, object relationship model, object behaviour model,.	CO 4	T2: 5.2

24-25	design modeling with UML	CO 4	T1:16.1
$\frac{2120}{26-27}$	Design concepts and principles, design	CO 5	T1:16.4
20-21	process, design concepts.		11.10.4
28	modular design, design effective modularity.	CO 5	T1:20.5
29	introduction to software architecture, data	CO 5	T1:21.4
-	design.		
30-31	transform mapping, transaction mapping.	CO 5	T1:22.1
32-33	object-oriented design, system design process, object design process	CO 6	T1:22.4
34	Top-down, bottom-up, object-oriented product implementation	CO 6	T1:22.7
35	integration	CO 6	T1:29.1
36-37	Software testing methods, white box, basis path, control structure, black box.	CO 6	T1:29.3
38	unit testing, integration testing, validation and system testing	CO 6	T1:30.1
39-40	testing tools, software maintenance and reengineering.	CO 4	T1:30.7
41-43	Case Study: The Unified Library Application.	CO 4	T1:30.9
44-45	Case Study: Real-Time applications.	CO 6	T1:30.9
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ C	CASE STUDIE	S
1	Build a class hierarchy to organize the following drink classes: Mineral water, alcoholic, nonalcoholic, grape juice and soda.	CO 1	T2:2.1
2	Classify and describe four fundamental process activities which are common to all software processes.	CO 2	T2:2.3
3	List four facts which indicate that the requirement capture and analysis process to be very difficult.	CO 2	T2:2.3.1
4	Construct an object diagram that contains a three-level hierarchy of objects.	CO 6	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Assume that you wise to buy a car. Identify all the attributes and methods of the car object. Write a short description of services that each will provide. Create a class hierarchy of the "car" class.	CO 6	T2:10.3.1
6	Build basic class diagrams (of your choice) to identify and describe key concepts like classes, types in the system and their relationships.	CO 4	T2:13.3
7	Draw and model the activity diagrams to display either business flows or like flow charts. (Example: ATM system)	CO 4	T2:17.1.1, 17.1.3

8	Construct an activity diagram the shows flow of control from activity to another by modeling a credit card validation system with swim lanes.	CO 4	T2:18.1, 18.2.1
9	Develop the activity diagram for the process sale and specify actor, use case and scenario with swim lanes.	CO 4	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
10	Model a state machine for the controller of a home security system, which is responsible for monitoring various sensors around the perimeter of the house.	CO 6	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
11	Develop a state chart diagram of an ATM system.	CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
12	Develop a state chart diagram for the case study on the Next Gen POS system with suitable examples.	CO 6	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
13	Construct UML deployment and component diagrams for ATM system.	CO 1	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
14	Consider the Hospital Management System application with the following requirements i. System should handle the in- patient, out-patient information through receptionist. ii. Doctors are allowed to view the patient history and give their prescription iii. There should be a information system to provide the required information Construct the component and deployment diagram	CO 5	T2:18.3.4, 18.3, 4.1
15	Explain in detail about the notations of a sequence diagram with neat sketch.	CO 4	T2:24.2,28.4
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION	AND TERMI	NOLOGY
1	Software engineering models, project and process management	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Software Requirement specification, project planning and scheduling	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	software modelling, design and analysis	CO3, CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Design concepts and principles	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Software testing and validation	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
	DISCUSSION ON QUE	STION BANK	
1	Introduction to software engineering	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Project planning and scheduling	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	architectural modeling, Advanced Behavioral Modeling	CO3,CO4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Design concepts and principles	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Software testing and validation	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			
Course Title	WEB AP	WEB APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT			
Course Code	AITC09	AITC09			
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	V	V			
Course Type	Core	Core			
Regulation	UG-20	UG-20			
		Theory		Prac	tical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	-	3	-	1.5
Course Coordinator	Ms M.HIMABINDU, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC05	II	Programming For Problem Solving Using C
B.Tech	AITC02	III	Programming with Objects

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course introduces students to create concurrently a web app and a native app (for Android and iOS) with React Native and React Native Web. It covers HTML for structuring and presenting content on the World Wide Web. CSS being used to format structured content. To create a dynamic and interactive experience for the user it covers JAVASCRIPT. How build the applications using React concepts such as JSX, REDUX.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
WEB APPLICATION	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
DEVELOPMENT			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
33.3%	Remember
55.5 %	Understand
11.1 %	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70
	100		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

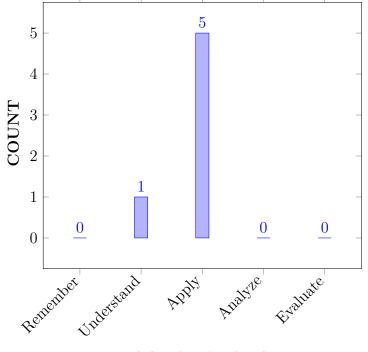
Ι	The characteristics, systematic methods, model for developing web applications.
II	The fundamentals of HTML and CSS to design static and dynamic web pages.
III	The concepts of client side programming with Bootstrap ,JavaScript, Ajax , JSX.
IV	The MVC architecture, about React and built single and multiple page applications using REACT with REDUX.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

	constant compression of the course, statemet should be asie t	-
CO 1	Summarize HTML elements and attributes for structuring and	Understand
	presenting content of webpage based on the user requirement .	
CO 2	Make use of CSS properties for formatting webpages.	Apply
CO 3	Develop responsive webpage using Bootstrap for viewing web	Apply
	pages in various devices	
CO 4	Utilize the concepts of JS with event actions for displaying	Apply
	information on webpages.	
CO 5	Identify UI binding library elements for deploying a reusable	Apply
	complex UI.	
CO 6	Develop a native web application with the help of React	Apply
	framework.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES :

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

3 =High; 2 =Medium; 1 =Low

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1	Assignments/ Discussion
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT

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3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

F	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	${f Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	constraints, version control, and automation for		
	digital innovation and transformation		
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber		
	security measures using tools, and networking		
	technologies as per the needs of Industry and		
	society		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 2	\checkmark	-	>	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 3	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions	3
	PO 3	Designing and developing static and dynamic web pages can help the student to design and develop practical solutions , to common problems, over the web.	2
	PO 5	Apply appropriate techniques, modern Engineering and IT tools to design a web page with HTML and CSS and use search tools such as browsers to produce the view of webpage .	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using the elements of HTML and CSS.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts related to HTML and CSS for understanding and developingweb applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends.	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of HTML and CSS.	2
	PSO 2	Make use of modern network technology tool in designing Web applications by applying the effective decision making skills andcreate innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	3
CO 2	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions	3
	PO 3	Designing and developing static and dynamic web pages can help the student to design and develop practical solutions, to common problems, over the web.	2
	PO 5	Apply appropriate techniques, modern Engineering and IT tools to design a web page with HTML and CSS and use search tools such as browsers to produce the view of webpage .	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using the elements of HTML and CSS.	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts related to HTML and CSS for understanding and developingweb applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends.	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of HTML and CSS.	2
	PSO 2	Make use of modern computer tool in designing Web applications by applying the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms and desire for higher studies.	3
CO 3	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions.	3
	PO4	Design of experiments with the knowledge in web architecture	2
	PO 5	Developing real world web application using Javascript familiarize the student to modern tools for web development	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using Bootstrap	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in developing web applications and through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology related to the concepts of HTML,Javascript,Ajax	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of Bootstrap.	2
	PSO 2	Make use of modern computer tool in designing Web applications by applying the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms and desire for higher studies.	3
CO 4	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions	3
	PO 3	Designing and developing static and dynamic web pages can help the student to design and develop practical solutions , to common problems, over the web.	2
	PO 5	Developing real world web application using Javascript familiarize the student to modern tools for web development	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using Java Script , Ajax and React	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in developing web applications and through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology related to the concepts of HTML,Javascript, Ajax	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of Java Script , Ajax and React	2
	PSO 2	Make use of modern computer tool in designing Web applications by applying the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms and desire for higher studies.	4
CO 5	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 5	Developing real world web application using React and Redux familiarize the student to modern tools for web development	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using React and Redux	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in developing web applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology related to the concepts of React	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of React and Redux	2
	PSO 2	Make use of modern computer tool in designing Web applications by applying the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms and desire for higher studies.	4
CO 6	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions	3
	PO 2	With the analysis of Javascript applications Analyze complex engineering problems.	2
	PO 3	Designing and developing static and dynamic web pages can help the student to design and develop practical solutions , to common problems, over the web.	2
	PO 5	Developing real world web application using React and Redux familiarize the student to modern tools for web development	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using React App and Redux API	1
	PO 12	Build web applications according to technological changes done in software environment trelated to the concepts of AJAX, React native, Redux with databinding connectivity through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of React App and Redux API	2
	PSO 2	Make use of modern computer tool in designing Web applications by applying the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms and desire for higher studies.	4

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES							PSO'S						
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	9	4	6
CO 1	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO 2	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO 3	3	-	-	2	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO 4	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	1	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	-
CO 6	3	2	2	_	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	2	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES						PSO'S							
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	9	4	6
CO 1	100	-	20	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	12.5	22.2	25	-
CO 2	100	-	20	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	12.5	22.2	25	-
CO 3	100	-	-	18	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	12.5	22.2	25	-
CO 4	100	-	20	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	12.5	22.2	25	-
CO 5	100	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	12.5	22.2	50	-
CO 6	100	20	20	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	12.5	22.2	50	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- $1 5 < C \le 40\% Low/$ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % <C < 60% Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	9	4	6
CO 1	3	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-
CO 2	3	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-
CO 3	3	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	-
CO 4	3	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	1	
CO 5	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-
CO 6	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-
- TOTAL	18	1	4	_	18	-	-	-	-	6	_	6	6	8	-
AVERAGE	3	1	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory	-	Student Viva	-	Certifica-	-
Practices				tion	
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	PO 4	Open	-
				Ended Ex-	
				periments	
Assignments	-	-	-	-	

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

- Assessment of mini projects by experts		End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO WEB APPLICATION AND HYPERTEXT						
	MODELLING						
	Introduction to web application, Basics of hypertext modeling, hypertext structure						
	modeling concepts, access modeling concepts, relation to content modeling, presen-						
	tation modeling, relation to hypertext modeling, customization modeling, relation						
	to content, hypertext, and presentation modeling. Basics of HTML5 and web de-						
	sign, creating tables, HTML forms, styles and classes to your web pages, web page						
	layouts with CSS, introduction to responsive web design with CSS3 and HTML5.						
MODULE II	BUILD INTERFCAES USING BOOTSTARP						
	Introduction to web design from an evolutionary perspective, user interface design						
	through bootstrap, containers, tables, jumptrons, list, cards, carousal, navigation,						
	modals, flex and forms, responsive web page design, basic UI grid structure.						
MODULE III	INTERACTIVE USER INFERFACE AND WEB APPLICATION DE-						
	VELOPMENT						
	JavaScript variable naming rules, data types, expressions and operators, pattern						
	matching with regular expressions, managing web page styles using JavaScript and						
	CSS, script forms, introduction to AJAX. Introduction to web design from an evo-						
	lutionary perspective, create a native and web app, JSX, class and function compo-						
	nents, props, state, lifecycle methods, and hooks						
MODULE IV	UI BINDING LIBRARY FOR REACT						
	Introduction to client-side routing using React Router, global state management						
	and transitions using REDUX, server side rendering and testing using Jest, Enzyme						
	and more. Web Development Using REACT is delivered both in a blended learning						
	and self-paced mode.						
MODULE V	CONNECT TO AN EXTERNAL API						
	REDUX store using the official create store function, REDUX toolkit has a con-						
	figure store API, loading state for that particular API, adding an API service as a						
	middleware, example uses create REACT App.						

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Alok Ranjan Abhilasha Sinha, Ranjit Battewad, "JavaScript for Modern Web Development: Building a Web Application Using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript", 1st Edition,2020.
- 2. Alex Banks and Eve Porcello, "Learning React: Functional Web Development with React and Redux", 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Adam Boduch and Roy Derks, "React and React Native: A complete hands-on guide to modern web and mobile development with React.js", 3rd Edition, 2020.
- 2. W Hans Bergsten, "Java Server Pages", O'Reilly, 3rd Edition, 2003.
- 3. D.Flanagan, "Java Script", O'Reilly, 6th Edition, 2011.
- 4. Jon Duckett, "Beginning Web Programming", WROX, 2nd Edition, 2008.

WEB REFERENCES:

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105171/1

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. lms.iare.ac.in

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Refer- ence					
OBE DISCUSSION								
1	Institutions adopting OBE try to bring changes to the curriculum by dynamically adapting to the requirements of the different stakeholders like Students, Parents, Industry Personnel and Recruiters. OBE is all about feedback and outcomes. In this we will discuss about the course outcomes and program outcomes and their attainment							
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)							
1	Introduction to web application	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.3					
2	Basics of hypertext modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.4					
3	hypertext structure modeling concepts	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.3					
4	access modeling concepts	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.5					
5	relation to content modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.6					
6	presentation modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.7					
7	relation to hypertext modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.7					
8	customization modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.7					
9	relation to content, hypertext, and presentation modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.8					
10	relation to content, hypertext, and presentation modeling	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.8					
11	Basics of HTML5 and web design	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.9					
12	creating tables	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.9					
13	HTML LIST	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.9					
14	HTML Forms	CO1	T2: 1.1-1.9					
15	styles and classes to your web pages	CO2	T2: 1.1-1.9					
16	web page layouts with CSS	CO2	T2: 1.1-1.9					
17	Types of CSS	CO2	T2: 1.1-1.9					

18	Trmes of Selectors	CO2	T2:
10	Types of Selectors	002	1.1-1.9
19	Introuction to DIV tag	CO2	T2: 1.1-1.9
20	Introduction to responsive web design with CSS3 and HTML5	CO2	R2: 3.4-3.9
21	Introduction to web design from an evolutionary perspective	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
22	bootstrap containers	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
23	bootstrap tables	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
24	bootstrap jumptrons	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
25	bootstrap list	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
26	bootstrap cards	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
27	bootstrap carousal	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
28	bootstrap navigation	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
29	bootstrap modals	CO3	R2: 4.1-4.3
30	bootstrap flex and forms	CO3	$\begin{array}{c c} T1: 27.1, \\ T1: 27.2, \\ 27.6 \end{array}$
32	bootstrap flex and forms	CO3	T1: 27.1, T1:27.2, 27.6
33	responsive web page design	CO3	T1: 27.1, T1:27.2, 27.6
34	basic UI grid structure	CO3	T1: 27.1, T1:27.2, 27.6
35	basic UI grid structure	CO3	T1: 27.1, T1:27.2, 27.6
36	JavaScript variable naming rules	CO4	T2: 4.1-4.3
37	data types, expressions	CO4	T2: 4.1-4.4
38	Java Script operators	CO4	T2: 4.1-4 5
39	Java Script pattern matching	CO4	TT2: 4.1-4.6

40	Types of regular expressions	CO4	T2: 4.1-4.7
41	pattern matching with regular expressions	CO4	T2: 4.1-4.8
42	pattern matching with regular expressions	CO4	T2: 4.1-4.8
43	managing web page styles using JavaScript and CSS,	CO4	T2: 4.9-4.10
44	validate the script forms	CO4	T2: 4.9-4.11
45	introduction to AJAX.	CO4	T2: 5.1
46	Introduction to web design from an evolutionary perspective	CO5	T1: 4.4-4.7
47	Icreate a native and web app	CO5	1: 4.4-4.7
46	Introduction to JSX	CO5	T1: 4.4-4.7
48	React class and function components	CO5	R1: 1.1-1.4
49	React props, state	CO5	T1: 4.4-4.7
50	React lifecycle methods and HOOKS	CO5	T1: 4.4-4.7
51	Introduction to client-side routing using React Router	CO5	T1 8.1-8.4
52	global state management and transitions using REDUX	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CO5},\\ \mathrm{CO6} \end{array}$	T1:9.1, 9.3,9.4,9.6
53	server side rendering	CO5	T1:11.1,11 11.4
54	testing using Jest, Enzyme and more	CO5	T1:11.1,11 11.4
55	Web Development Using REACT is delivered both in a blended learning and self-paced mode.	CO5	T1:11.1,11 11.4
56	REDUX store using the official create store function	CO6	T1: 26.2, 26.6.4, T2:26.6.6, 26.10
57	REDUX toolkit has a configure store API,		T1: 26.2, 26.6.4, T2:26.6.6, 26.10
58	REDUX toolkit has a configure store API	CO6	T1:11.1,11 11.4
59	loading state for that particular API	CO6	T1:26.1- 26.3
60	loading state for that particular API	CO6	T1:26.1- 26.3
61	adding an API service as a middleware	CO6	T1:27.1- 27.6

62	adding an API service as a middleware	CO6	T1:11.1,11 11.4
63	example uses create REACT App.	CO6	T1:25.1- 25.6
	CASE STUDIES		
1	Design the static web pages required for an online book store web site	CO 2	T1:11.2.1
2	Design A basic Bootstrap table has a light padding and only horizontal dividers.	CO3	T1:11.2.2
3	Creating buttons with Bootstrap 2Creating outline buttons styles in Bootstrap 3.Creating large buttons with Bootstrap 4.Creating small buttons with Bootstrap 5.Creating block buttons with Bootstrap 6.Creating disabled Bootstrap buttons using the input and button element	CO3	T1:11.2.18
4	Create a "registration form "with validattion the following fields 1) Name (Text field) 2) Password (password field) 3) E-mail id (text field) 4) Phone number (text field) 5) Sex (radio button) 6) Date of birth (3 select boxes) 7) Languages known (check boxes – English, Telugu, Hindi, Tamil) 8) Address (text area) finally submit button and clear button .	CO4	T1:11.2.25
5	Create Tables using Bootstrap such as striped table with bordered and Hover rows.	CO 3	T1:11.4.1
6	Evolve Home, About us pages and layout using Reactjs.	CO 5	T1:11.4.2
7	What are the different ways to style a React component? define them with example?	CO 5	R2:7.5
8	Write down the program to create a switching component for displaying different pages?	CO 6	R2:7.5
9	Write down the program to create forms in React?	CO 6	R2:7.5
10	Develop the calculator using javascript, html and css.	CO co4	R2:7.5
11	a. To create a CountApp using React HOOKS	CO 5	T1:11.4.1
12	Develop a web application to control over different layouts.	CO 2	T1:11.4.2
13	Develop a basic web pages using Reactjs.	CO 5	T1:11.5.1
14	Using hooks create state object and update the state of component in reactifs	CO 5	T1:11.5.2
15	Develop Drop-Down Navigation Bar using Bootstrap framework	CO 3	T2:7.5
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
1	Module I: Introduction To Web Application And Hypertext Modelling	CO 1	R1:2.1- 2.11
2	Module II:Build Interfcaes Using Bootstarp	CO 2, 3	R1:4.2- 4.11
3	Module III: Interactive User Inferface And Web Application Development	CO 4	R2:5.6- 5.9
4	Module IV:UI Binding Library for React	CO 5	R4:8.1- 8.9

5	Module V: Connect to an external API	CO 6	R2:12.1-
			12.16
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
1	Module I: Introduction To Web Application And Hypertext	CO 1,	R1:2.1-
	Modelling		2.11
2	Module II:Build Interfcaes Using Bootstarp	CO 2, 3	R1:4.2-
			4.11
3	Module III: Interactive User Inferface And Web Application	CO 4	R2:5.6-
	Development		5.9
4	Module IV: UI Binding Library for React	CO 5	R4:8.1-
			8.9
5	Module V:Connect to an external API	CO 6	R2:12.1-
			12.16

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD, CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	Computer Science and Information Technology							
Course Title	Embedd	Embedded Systems						
Course Code	AECC40							
Program	B. Tech	B. Tech						
Semester	V							
Course Type	Open Elective-II							
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		Pract	tical			
Course Structure	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits							
	3 - 3							
Course Coordinator	Mr. S. Lakshmanachari, Assistant Professor							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
B.Tech	ACSC07	III	Computer Organization and Architecture	3
B.Tech	ACSC12	IV	Operating Systems	3

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course allows students to learn the fundamentals of embedded system hardware and firmware design. It focusses on embedded system design process, embedded C, interfacing modules, software development tools for debugging and testing of embedded applications, ARM and SHARC processor architectures and memory organization. It provides hands-on experience on implementation of embedded application prototype design using embedded C.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Embedded Systems	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
0%	Remember
66.6%	Understand
16.6 %	Apply
16.6 %	Analyze
0%	Evaluate
0%	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component	The	Total Marks	
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	AAT	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Videos	Tech-talk	Open Ended Experiment
50%	50%	-

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

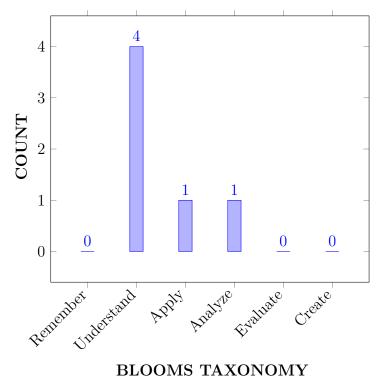
Ι	The concepts of embedded computing, embedded C, RTOS and embedded software tools for implementing embedded systems.
II	Embedded software development tools for debugging and testing of embedded applications, architectures of ARM and SHARC processors.
III	Interfacing with external environments using sensors, actuators and communication in distributed embedded systems.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Summarize the concepts of Embedded Systems and formalisms for	Understand
	system design with examples.	
CO 2	Examine and write the Embedded Systems programming in C with	Analyze
	Keil Integrated Development Environment (IDE).	
CO 3	Demonstrate the principles of RTOS and the methods used for saving	Understand
	memory and power in real time environments.	
CO 4	Make use of embedded software development tools for debugging and	Apply
	testing of embedded applications.	
CO 5	Illustrate the architecture, memory organization and instruction level	Understand
	parallelism of ARM and SHARC processors used in Embedded	
	Systems.	
CO 6	Interpret the concepts of Internet of Things used in the embedded	Understand
	systems applications.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1	SEE/CIE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	${ m Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	1	Research papers / Industry exposure

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course OutcomesPO'S PSO'SJustification f		Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Illustrate the concepts (knowledge) of embedded systems using their architectures by using mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 10	Describe the concepts of Embedded Systems and formalisms by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions for system design with examples.	1
	PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Apply the integration of sensors, actuators and on-chip peripherals of microcontroller architectures for prototype design by applying science and engineering fundamentals .	2
	PO 2	Understand the given embedded application problem statement and finding the solution implementation and select proper language for information and data collection for solution development by writing embedded C language programming efficient and interpretation of results . The prototype embedded system design by analyzing complex engineering problems.	4
	PO 3	Manage the design process and make use of creativity to establish solutions by selecting proper syntaxes to write the embedded C language programming by understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development and design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components of embedded applications that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations.	4

Course Outcomes			No. of Key competencies matched.
CO2	PO 5	Select and apply appropriate techniques of (Modern Tool Usage) Keil Integrated Development Environment, for design of the basic embedded modules using different electronic circuits to provide valid conclusions.	1
	PO 10	Use Keil Integrated Development Environment by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions for analyzing the Embedded Systems programming in C.	1
CO 3	PO 1	Demonstrate (knowledge) the principles of RTOS such as interrupt latency and context switching in hard real time environments by applying the knowledge of mathematical model, science and engineering fundamentals	3
	PO 10	Describe the principles of RTOS and the methods used for saving memory and power with Keil Integrated Development Environment by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions in real time environments.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Make use of embedded software development tools (knowledge) for debugging and testing of embedded applications to the solution of complex engineering problems using mathematics , science , engineering fundamentals .	3
	PO 2	Identify the problem and understand the given embedded application and choose necessary hardware and software interface for information and data collection and conduct experimental design and finding the solution implementation of embedded applications using development tools by analyzing complex engineering problems.	4
	PO 3	Understand the customer and user needs and select an appropriate RTOS and Software development tools by managing the design process and evaluate outcomes to promote sustainable development for data transfer between the devices using creativity to establish innovative solutions.	4
	PO 5	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering tools including prediction and modelling the embedded circuits using Keil integrated development environment tool to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	1
	PO 10	Use embedded software development tools by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions for debugging and testing of embedded applications.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 5	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the architecture, memory management and application development using ARM and SHARC processors by applying science and engineering fundamentals .	2
	PO 10	Explain the architecture, memory organization and instruction level parallelism of ARM and SHARC processors by giving effective presentations and taking clear instructions .	1
CO 6	PO 1	Model a embedded application prototype using embedded C by applying engineering fundamentals .	1
	PO 2	Understand the problem statement and solve embedded prototype implementation using the concepts of Internet Of Things (information and data collection) and interpret the results in global engineering applications in complex problem analysis using mathematics.	5
	PO 3	Using creativity to establish innovative solutions and understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development for design a complex engineering problems and real time processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and environmental considerations.	3
	PO 10	Interpret the concepts of Internet of Things used in embedded systems applications by giving effective presentations and taking clear instructions .	1
	PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO - PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	2	2	2
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	_	1	-
CO 2	2	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	1	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	50	-
CO 2	66.6	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	100	40	40	I	100	-	-	I	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	33.3	50	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	50	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** -5 <C< 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % <C < 60% –Moderate
- $3 60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
CO 2	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-
TOTAL	16	4	3	-	6	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	4	-
AVERAGE	2.66	1.33	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2	-

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	AAT	\checkmark
Quiz	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	-	Open Ended Experiments	-
Seminars	_	Laboratory Practices	-		

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
\checkmark	Assessment of activities / Modelin	g and E	xperimental Tools in Engineering by Experts

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	EMBEDDED COMPUTING
	Definition of embedded system, embedded systems vs. general computing systems, history of embedded systems, complex systems and microprocessor, classification, major application areas, the embedded system design process, characteristics and quality attributes of embedded systems, formalisms for system design, design examples.
MODULE II	INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED C AND APPLICATIONS
	C looping structures, register allocation, function calls, pointer aliasing, structure arrangement, bit fields, unaligned data and endianness, inline functions and inline assembly, portability issues; Embedded systems programming in C, binding and running embedded C program in Keil IDE, dissecting the program, building the hardware; Basic techniques for reading and writing from I/O port pins, switch bounce; Applications: Switch bounce, LED interfacing, interfacing with keyboards, displays, D/A and A/D conversions, multiple interrupts, serial data communication using embedded C interfacing.
MODULE III	RTOS FUNDAMENTALS AND PROGRAMMING
	Operating system basics, types of operating systems, tasks and task states, process and threads, multiprocessing and multitasking, how to choose an RTOS ,task scheduling, semaphores and queues, hard real-time scheduling considerations, saving memory and power. Task communication: Shared memory, message passing, remote procedure call and sockets; Task synchronization: Task communication synchronization issues, task synchronization techniques, device drivers.
MODULE IV	EMBEDDED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS
	Host and target machines, linker/locators for embedded software, getting embedded software into the target system; Debugging techniques: Testing on host machine, using laboratory tools, an example system.
MODULE V	INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED PROCESSOR
	Introduction to advanced architectures: ARM and SHARC, processor and memory organization and instruction level parallelism; Networked embedded systems: Bus protocols, I2C bus and CAN bus; Internet-Enabled systems, design example-Elevator controller.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Shibu K.V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 2. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd Edition, 2011.
- 3. Andrew Sloss, Dominic Symes, Wright, "ARM System Developer's Guide Designing and Optimizing System Software", 1st Edition, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components, Principles of Embedded Computing Systems Design, Elsevier, 2 nd Edition, 2009
- 2. Dr. K. V. K. K. Prasad, Embedded / Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design & Programming, dreamtech publishers, 1 st Edition, 2003.
- 3. Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, —Embedded System Design
[], John Wiley & Sons, 3 rd Edition, 2006
- 4. Lyla B Das, "Embedded Systems", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2012.
- 5. David E. Simon, "An Embedded Software Primer", Addison-Wesley, 1st Edition, 1999.
- 6. Michael J.Pont, "Embedded C", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2008.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.smartzworld.com/notes/embedded-systems-es/
- 2. http://notes.specworld.in/embedded-systems-es/
- 3. http://education.uandistar.net/jntu-study-materials
- 4. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/embedded-systems.html

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=course/playercourseid = 228sectionid = 729lessonid = 7135

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms. iare. ac.in/ index? route= course/ details& courseid =228
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Definition of embedded system, embedded systems vs. general computing systems.	CO 1	T1-1.1
3	History of Embedded systems	CO 1	T1-1.
4	Complex systems and microprocessor, classification, major application areas.	CO 1	T1-1.3
5	The embedded system design process	CO 1	T2-1.4
6	Characteristics and quality attributes of embedded systems	CO 1	T2-1.5
7	Formalisms for system design, design examples.	CO1	R2-1.2
10	Introduction to embedded C,C looping structures.	CO 2	T3-1.3
11	Register allocation, Function calls, and pointer aliasing.	CO 2	T3-2.4
12	Structure arrangement, Bit fields, unaligned data and endianness.	CO 2	T3-2.5
13	Inline functions and inline assembly, portability issues.	CO 2	T3-2.6
14	Embedded systems programming in C, binding and running embedded C program in Keil IDE	CO 2	T3-2.7
15	Embedded C program in Keil IDE, dissecting the program, building the hardware	CO 2	T3-2.8
16	Basic techniques for reading and writing from I/O port pins, switch bounce	CO 2	T3-2.9
17	Applications: Switch bounce, LED interfacing.	CO 2	R2-3.1
18	Interfacing with keyboards, displays	CO 2	R2-3.2
19	D/A and A/D conversions, multiple interrupts.	CO 2	R2-3.3
20	Serial data communication using embedded C interfacing.	CO 2	R2-3.4
28	RTOS Fundamentals, Operating system basics, types of operating systems	CO 3	R2-3.5
29	Tasks and task states, process and threads	CO 3	R2-3.6
30	Multiprocessing and multitasking, how to choose an RTOS	CO 3	R3-3.7
31	Task scheduling, semaphores and queues	CO 3	R3-3.8
32	Hard real-time scheduling considerations, saving memory and power.	CO 3	R3-4.1

33	Task communication: Shared memory, message passing	CO 3	R3-4.1
34	Remote procedure call and sockets	CO 3	R3-4.2
35	Task synchronization: Task communication synchronization	CO 3	R3-4.2
00	issues		100 1.2
36	Task synchronization techniques, device drivers.	CO 3	R3-4.3
37	Host and target machines	CO 4	R3-4.3
38	Linker for embedded software	CO 4	R3-4.4
39	Locators for embedded software	CO 4	R3-4.4
40	Getting embedded software into the target system	CO 4	R3-4.5
41	Debugging techniques: Testing on host machine	CO 4	R3-4.5
44	Debugging techniques using laboratory tools, an example system.	CO 4	R3-4.5
47	Introduction to advanced architectures: ARM	CO 5	T2-8.1
48	Introduction to advanced architectures: SHARC	CO 5	T2-8.1
49	Processor and memory organization	CO 5	T2-8.2
50	Instruction level parallelism	CO 5	T2-8.2
51	Networked embedded systems: Bus protocols	CO 6	T2-8.3
52	Networked embedded systems: I2C bus and CAN bus	CO 6	T2-8.3
53	Internet-Enabled systems	CO 6	T2-8.4
54	Design example-Elevator controller.	CO 6	T2-8.4
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	5	
8	BMW 850i brake and stability control system	CO 1	T2-1.4
9	Design example of model train controller	CO 1	T3-2.7
21	Embedded C program for Switch bounce	CO 2	R2-3.2
22	Embedded C program for LED interface	CO 2	R3-4.5
23	Embedded C program for Interfacing with keyboards	CO 2	T2-8.2
24	Embedded C program for Interfacing with displays	CO 2	T2-1.4
25	Embedded C program for 7 Segment Display Interfacing	CO 2	T3-2.7
26	Embedded C program for ADC Interfacing with 8051 microcontroller	CO 2	R2-3.2
27	Embedded C program for DAC Interfacing with 8051 microcontroller	CO 2	R3-4.5
45	Design of Digital camera	CO 4	T2-8.2
46	Design of Microwave oven	CO 4	T2-1.4
55	Design of Elevator controller	CO 6	T3-2.7
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
56	Embedded computing	CO 1	T1-1.3
57	Introduction to embedded c and applications	CO 2	T3-2.4
58	RTOS fundamentals and programming	CO 3	R3-4.2
59	Embedded software development tools	CO 4	R3-4.4
60	Introduction to advanced processors	CO 5, CO 6	T2-8.3
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
61	Embedded computing	CO 1	T1-1.3

62	Introduction to embedded c and applications	CO 2	T3-2.4
63	RTOS fundamentals and programming	CO 3	R3-4.2
64	Embedded software development tools	CO 4	R3-4.4
65	Introduction to advanced processors	CO 5,	T2-8.3
		CO 6	

Course Coordinator Mr. S. Lakshmanachari, Assistant Professor

HOD,CSIT

ANNEXURE - I

KEY ATTRIBUTES FOR ASSESSING PROGRAM OUTCOMES

PO Number	NBA Statement / Key Competencies Features (KCF)	No. of KCF's
PO 1	 Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals, and an Engineering specialization to the solution of complex Engineering problems (Engineering Knowledge). Knowledge, understanding and application of Scientific principles and methodology. Mathematical principles. Own and / or other engineering disciplines to integrate / support study of their own engineering discipline. 	3
PO 2	Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex Engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics natural sciences, and Engineering sciences (Problem Analysis). 1. Problem or opportunity identification 2. Problem statement and system definition 3. Problem formulation and abstraction 4. Information and data collection 5. Model translation 6. Validation 7. Experimental design 8. Solution development or experimentation / Implementation 9. Interpretation of results 10. Documentation	10
PO 3	 Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations (Design/Development of Solutions). 1. Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints including environmental and sustainability limitations, health and safety and risk assessment issues 2. Understand customer and user needs and the importance of considerations such as aesthetics 3. Identify and manage cost drivers 4. Use creativity to establish innovative solutions 5. Ensure fitness for purpose for all aspects of the problem including production, operation, maintenance and disposal 6. Manage the design processes and evaluate outcomes. 7. Knowledge and understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes 8. Knowledge of management techniques which may be used to achieve engineering objectives within that context 9. Understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development 10. Awareness of the framework of relevant legal requirements governing engineering activities, including personnel, health, safety, and risk (including environmental risk) issues 	10

PO 4	 Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions (Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems). 1. Knowledge of characteristics of particular materials, equipment, processes, or products 2. Workshop and laboratory skills 3. Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied (example, operations and management, technology development, etc.) 4. Understanding use of technical literature and other information sources Awareness of nature of intellectual property and contractual issues 5. Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards 6. Awareness of quality issues 7. Ability to work with technical uncertainty 8. Understanding of engineering principles and the ability to apply them to analyse key engineering processes 9. Ability to identify, classify and describe the performance of systems and components through the use of analytical methods and modeling techniques 10. Ability to apply quantitative methods and computer software relevant to their engineering discipline, in order to solve engineering problems 11. Understanding of and ability to apply a systems approach to 	11
PO 5	engineering problems. Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and	1
	 modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations (Modern Tool Usage). 1. Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search tools. 	-
PO 6	 Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice (The Engineer and Society). 1. Knowledge and understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes 2. Knowledge of management techniques which may be used to achieve engineering objectives within that context 3. Understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development 4. Awareness of the framework of relevant legal requirements governing engineering activities, including personnel, health, safety, and risk (including environmental risk) issues 5. Understanding of the need for a high level of professional and ethical conduct in engineering. 	5

PO 7	 Understand the impact of the professional Engineering solutions in societal and Environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development (Environment and Sustainability). Impact of the professional Engineering solutions (Not technical) Socio economic Political Environmental 	3
PO 8	 Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice (Ethics). 1. Comprises four components: ability to make informed ethical choices, knowledge of professional codes of ethics, evaluates the ethical dimensions of professional practice, and demonstrates ethical behavior. 2. Stood up for what they believed in 3. High degree of trust and integrity 	3
PO 9	 Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings (Individual and Teamwork). 1. Independence 2. Maturity – requiring only the achievement of goals to drive their performance 3. Self-direction (take a vaguely defined problem and systematically work to resolution) 4. Teams are used during the classroom periods, in the hands-on labs, and in the design projects. 5. Some teams change for eight-week industry oriented Mini-Project, and for the seventeen -week design project. 6. Instruction on effective teamwork and project management is provided along with an appropriate textbook for reference 7. Teamwork is important not only for helping the students know their classmates but also in completing assignments. 8. Students also are responsible for evaluating each other's performance, which is then reflected in the final grade. 9. Subjective evidence from senior students shows that the friendships and teamwork extends into the Junior years, and for some of those students, the friendships continue into the workplace after graduation 10. Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization 11. Ability to get along with others 12. Demonstrated ability to work well with a team 	

PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions (Communication). "Students should demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in writing / Orally" 1. Clarity (Writing) 2. Grammar/Punctuation (Writing) 3. References (Writing) 4. Speaking Style (Oral) 5. Subject Matter (Oral)	5
PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the Engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary Environments (Project Management and Finance). 1. Scope Statement 2. Critical Success Factors 3. Deliverables 4. Work Breakdown Structure 5. Schedule 6. Budget 7. Quality 8. Human Resources Plan 9. Stakeholder List 10. Communication 11. Risk Register 12. Procurement Plan	12
PO 12	 Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change (Life - Long Learning). Project management professional certification / MBA Begin work on advanced degree Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts Personal continuing education efforts Ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology Continued personal development Have learned at least 2-3 new significant skills Have taken up to 80 hours (2 weeks) training per year 	8

KEY ATTRIBUTES FOR ASSESSING PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO Number	NBA statement / Vital features (VF)	No. of VF's
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	1
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	1
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	1



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTE	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Title	IMAGE PF	IMAGE PROCESSING					
Course Code	AECC26	AECC26					
Program	B.Tech						
Semester	V	V					
Course Type	Professional	Professional Elective					
Regulation	UG20						
		Theory		P	ractical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3 0 3						
Course Coordinator	B.Santhosh Kumar, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSC02	Ι	Linear Algebra and Calculus

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The primary objective of this course is to introduce the concept of image processing techniques as a precise digital component with mathematical and signals concepts, and study on various techniques in the creation of digital model of the image, enhancement of quality, image restoration and compression and color models. The course consists of a strong mathematical component to process in spatial and frequency domains on gray and color images.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Image Processing	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

✓	Power Point Presentations	~	Chalk & Talk	1	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	1	Seminars	x	Mini Project	1	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIE examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into five units and each unit carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each unit. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
30	Remember
30	Understand
40	Apply
0	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) and 05 marks for Quiz \Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component	Theory		Total Marks
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam Quiz \AAT		10tal Marks
CIA Marks	25	05	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 17^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz - Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table.

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

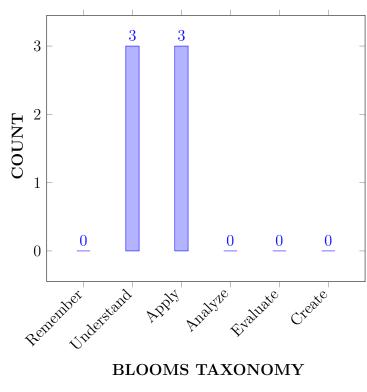
Ι	The fundamental concepts of digital image processing system and its components.
II	The image enhancement, segmentation and compression techniques in spatial
	and frequency domains.
III	The processing steps included in colour image model construction and
	enhancement.
IV	The algorithms used to solve image processing problems to meet design
	specifications of various applications like Industry, medicine and defence.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Interpret the principles and terminology of digital image	Understand
	processing for describing the features of image.	
CO 2	Illustrate mathematical tools used in image intensity	Understand
	transformations for quality enhancement.	
CO 3	Identify image enhancement technique to improve the quality.	Apply
CO 4	Apply filters on spatial and frequency domains for restoring	Apply
	and reducing the noise in a given image.	
CO 5	Summarize color models and transformation processing	Understand
	techniques for color image enhancement and compression	
CO 6	Apply region based morphological operations and edge- based	Apply
	image segmentation techniques for detection of objects in images	
	to remove the imperfections in the structure of the image.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

	Program Outcomes
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	SEE / CIE / AAT

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on	3	SEE / CIE /
	complex engineering activities with the		AAT
	engineering community and with society at		
	large, such as, being able to comprehend and		
	write effective reports and design		
	documentation, make effective presentations,		
	and give and receive clear instructions.		
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for	1	SEE / CIE /
	and have the preparation and ability to engage		AAT
	in independent and life-long learning in the		
	broadest context of technological change.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	3	CIE/Quiz /AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE	PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark		
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark		
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark		
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark		

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Illustrate the principles of the Digital Image Processing terminology (knowledge) for understanding image and its representation, pixel, intensity, gray level, relationship between the pixels by applying the scientific and mathemetical principles. engineering science to complex engineering problems	2

	PO 10	Effectively the Principles and terminology of ditgital image processing features Speak and Write with examples.	4
CO 2	PO 1	Illustrate the image formation model (knowledge) for understanding image and its representation with the help of mathemetical and scientific principles.	2
	PO 2	Formulate and analyze (Problem analysis) complex Engineering problems for image intensity transformation to improve the quality enhanement.	4
	PO 10	Write and speak the mathemetical tools used in image intensity transformations with examples.	4
CO 3	PO 1	Understand the image transform properties and its types using Engineering Knowledge , Scientific and Mathematic principles .	3
	PO 2	Formulate and analyze image transformation techniques for quality image.	5
	PO 3	Image enhancement techniques solving through complex engineering problem with appropriate knowledgeconsiderations for quality image.	5
	PO 4	Demonstrate the image enhancement analyze and interpretation and Ability to apply quantitative methods in frequency domain processing technique to provide valid digital image.	7
	PO 10	Write Subject Matter Effectively on image enhancement techniques.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for the image enhancement techniques applications and ability to improve the enhancement algorithms in the broadest context of technological advancements.	3
	PSO 3	Design of quality image and its application relates in areas Artificai Iintelligency,Machine learning and Algorithms.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Distinguish the image restoration in the spatial and frequency domains (knowledge) to remove the noise present the image by applying the principles of (mathematics, engineering science for complex engineering problems.	2
	PO 2	Formulate and analyze (Problem analysis) complex Engineering problems for image restoration using first principles of mathematics and Engineering sciences	5
	PO 3	Develop spatial and frequency domain techniques complex engineering problem with appropriate considerations and environmental considerations for image restoration.	4

	PO 4	Understand the image restoration in the spatial and frequency domains (knowledge) methods including design of experiments, analysis of complex problems.	4
	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style and write on degradation models and noise sources for image restoration of digital images	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for the image restoration in different image applications and ability to improve the degradation algorithms in the broadest context of technological advancements.	3
	PSO 3	Generation of noiseless images by filters on spatial and frequency domians are used in Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Algorithms.	2
CO5	PO 1	Illustrate the principles of an image find by using engineering techniques for color image processing by using mathematical methods.	2
	PO 2	Illustrate the filter processing model translation for spatial domain and formulate the frequency domain filter.	2
	PO 3	Develop the restoration techniques complex engineering problem with appropriate considerations for noisy image .	5
	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style on color models and write Subject Matter Effectively on transformation processing techniques.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for the image segmentation in different image applications and ability to improve the enhancement algorithms in the broadest context of technological advancements .	3
	PSO 3	Design of color models and transformation processing techniques used in areas Artificial Intelligence , Machine Learning and Algorithms .	2
CO6	PO 1	Understand various morphological operations and implement on image using engineering science and mathematical models.	3
	PO 2	Describe region and boundaries using morphological operations to analyze and identification of the components in images using principles of mathemetics	5
	PO 10	Present effectively and Clarity morphological techniques and write effectively subject matter on identifying boundaries.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the ability of morphological techniques for life-long learning in the broadest context of image processing.	3

PSO 3	Analysis of different Morphological operations and	2
	segmentations techniques used in Artificial	
	Intelligence, Machine Learning and Algorithms.	

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAP-PING:

COURSE	PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	12	6	2	2		
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	2	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 3	3	5	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	3	-	-	2		
CO 4	2	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	3	-	-	2		
CO 5	2	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	3	-	-	2		
CO 6	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	3	-	-	2		

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 1	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 2	66.6	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-		
CO 3	100	50	50	63.3	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	25	-	-	66.6		
CO 4	66.6	50	40	45.5	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	25	-	-	66.6		
CO 5	66.6	20	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	25	-	-	66.6		
CO 6	100	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	25	-	-	66.6		

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES I							PSO'S	5					
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	3

CO 4	3	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	3
CO 5	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	3
CO 6	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	3
TOTAL	18	8	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	18	-	4	-	-	12
AVERAGE	3	1.6	1.67	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	3

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Assignments	\checkmark
Seminars	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Laboratory Practices	_	TechTalks	\checkmark	Mini projects	-
Term Paper	-	-	-	-	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Ez	xperts	

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION
	What is digital image processing, origins of digital image processing, examples of fields that use dip, fundamental steps in digital image processing, components of an image processing system; Digital image fundamentals: Elements of visual perception, a simple image formation model, basic concepts in sampling and quantization, representing digital images, spatial and gray-level resolution, zooming and shrinking digital images, some basic relationships between pixels, linear and nonlinear operations.
MODULE II	IMAGE ENHANCEMENT IN SPATIAL DOMAIN
	Some basic gray level transformations, histogram processing, enhancement using arithmetic/logic operations, basics of spatial filtering, smoothing spatial filters, sharpening spatial filters, combining spatial enhancement methods. Introduction to the fourier transform and the frequency domain, smoothing frequency domain filters, sharpening frequency domain filters, homomorphic filtering.
MODULE III	IMAGE RESTORATION AND FILTERING
	A model of the image degradation/restoration process, noise models, restoration in the presence of noise only spatial filtering, periodic noise reduction by frequency domain filtering. Linear position invariant degradations, estimating the degradation function, inverse filtering, minimum mean square error (wiener) filtering, constrained least square filtering, and geometric mean filter.

MODULE IV	COLOR IMAGE PROCESSING
	Color models, pseudo color image processing, basics of full-color image processing, color transformations, smoothing and sharpening, color segmentation, noise in color images, color image compression; Wavelets and multi resolution processing: Image pyramids, sub band coding, the haar transform, multi resolution expansions, wavelet transforms in one dimension, fast wavelet transform, wavelet transforms in two dimensions, wavelet packets; Fundamentals, image compression models, error-free (lossless) compression, lossy compression.
MODULE V	MORPHOLOGICAL IMAGE PROCESSING
	Preliminaries, dilation and erosion, opening and closing, the hit-or-miss transformation, some basic morphological algorithms; Image segmentation: Detection of discontinuities, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding, region-based segmentation.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Rafael C Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing", PHI, 2nd Edition, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. K. Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", Pearson, 3rd Edition, 2004.
- 2. Scott. E. Umbaugh, "Digital Image Processing and Analysis", CRC Press, 2nd Edition, 2014
- 3. S. Jayaraman, S. Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar, "Digital Image Processing", McGraw-Hill Education. (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2013

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. http://www.efunda.com/math
- 2. http://www.ocw.mit.edu/resource
- 3. http://www.Sosmath.com

COURSE WEB PAGE:

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference					
	OBE DISCUSSION							
1	In Outcome-Based Education (OBE), we discussed about course delivery assessment that							
	are planned to achieve stated objectives and outcomes. We will focuses on measuring							
	student performance i.e. outcomes at different levels. Course outcomes(CO),Program							
	Outcomes(PO) and Program Specific Outcomes(PSO) and also mapping of CO's to PO's							
	PSO's and their attainments are discussed.							

	CONTENT DELIVER	Y (THEORY)	
2-3	What is digital image processing, origins of digital image processing, examples of fields that use DIP	CO 1, CO 2	T1: 1.1-1.5 , R1:1.1-1.2
4-5	Fundamental steps in digital image processing	CO 1, CO 2	T1:2.1-2.4, R1:1.3-1.5
6-7	Components of an image processing system	CO 1, CO 2	T1:2.1-2.4, R1:1.3-1.5
8-9	Digital image fundamentals, Elements of visual perception	CO 1, CO 2	T1:2.1-2.4 R1:1.3-1.5
10	a simple image formation model	CO 1, CO 2	T1:2.1-2.4 R1:1.3-1.5
11-12	Basic concepts in sampling and quantization	CO 1, CO 2	T1:2.1-2.4, R1:1.3-1.5
13-15	Representing digital images, spatial and gray-level resolution	CO 2	T1:2.5-2.9, R1:1.6-1.7
16-17	Zooming and shrinking digital images	CO 1, CO 2	T1:2.5-2.9, R1:1.6-1.7
18-19	Some basic relationships between pixels	CO1, CO 2	T1:2.5-2.9, R1:1.6-1.7
20	Llinear and nonlinear operations.	CO 1,CO2	T1:2.5-2.9, R1:1.6-1.7
21-22	Some basic gray level transformations, histogram processing	CO 2,CO 3	T1: 3.1-3.3R1:7.3
23-24	Enhancement using arithmetic/logic operations	CO 2, CO 3	T1: 3.1-3.3, R1:7.3
25-26	Basics of spatial filtering, smoothing spatial filters, sharpening spatial filters, Combining spatial enhancement methods.	CO 2, CO 3	T1:3.4-3.6, R1:7.4
27-28	Introduction to the fourier transform and the frequency domain, smoothing frequency domain filters,	CO2, CO 3	T1: 4.1-4.9, R1:7.5
29-31	sharpening frequency domain filters, homomorphic filtering	CO 3	T1: 4.1-4.9, R1:7.5
32	Image restoration: A model of the image degradation/restoration process	CO4	T1: 5.1-5.4, R1:8.2
33	noise models, restoration in the presence of noise only spatial filtering	CO4	T1: 5.1-5.4, R1:8.2
34	periodic noise reduction by frequency domain filtering	CO4	T1: 5.1-5.4, R1:8.2
35	Image filtering: Linear position invariant degradations, estimating the degradation function	CO4	T1:5.6-5.10, R1:8.3
34	inverse filtering, minimum mean square error (wiener) filtering	CO4	T1:5.6-5.10, R1:8.3
35-36	constrained least square filtering, and geometric mean filter.	CO 4	T1:5.6-5.10, R1:8.3
37-38	Color fundamentals: Color models, pseudo color image processing, basics of full-color image processing	CO5	T1:6.1-6.9, R1:3.7-3.11.

39	color transformations, smoothing and sharpening	CO5	T1:6.1-6.9, R1:3.7-3.11
40	color segmentation	CO5	T1:6.1-6.9, R1:3.7-3.11
41	noise in color images, color image compression	CO 5	T1:6.1-6.9, R1:3.7-3.11
42	Wavelets and multi resolution processing: Image pyramids, sub band coding	CO 5	T1:7.1-7.6, R1:5.9
43	the haar transform, multi resolution expansions	CO 5	T1:7.1-7.6, R1:5.9
44	wavelet transforms in one dimension, fast wavelet transform, wavelet transforms in two dimensions, wavelet packets.	CO 5	T1:7.1-7.6, R1:5.9
45-46	Image compression: Fundamentals, image compression models, error-free (lossless) compression, lossy compression	CO 5	T1: 8.1-8.2,R1:11.1-11.2
47-48	Morphological image processing: Preliminaries, dilation and erosion, opening and closing, the hit-or-miss transformation, some basic morphological algorithms.	CO 6	T1:9.1-9.5, R1:11.3-11.4
49-50	Image segmentation: Detection of discontinuities, edge linking and boundary detection, thresholding, region-based segmentation.	CO 6	T1:10.1- 10.4, R1:11.5-11.6
	PROBLEM SOLVING/	CASE STUDI	ES
1	Problems on basic relationships between pixels	CO 1	T1:2.1-2.4, R1:1.3-1.5
2	Problems on linear and non linear operations	CO 1	T1:2.1-2.4, R1:1.3-1.5
3	Problems on Histogram processing	CO 2	T1: 3.1-3.3 ,R1:7.3
4	Problems on smoothing and sharping	CO 2	T1: 3.1-3.3, R1:7.3
5	Problems on filters	CO 3,CO 4	T1: 4.1-4.9, R1:7.5
6	Problems on Color models	CO5	T1:6.1-6.9 ,R1:3.7-3.11
7	Problems on wavelet transforms	CO3	T1:7.1-7.6 R1:5.9
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION	AND TERM	INOLOGY
1	What is image translation and scaling, image transfom, shriking of image,dynamic range and Gray level?	CO 1	T1:2.5-2.9, R1:1.6-1.7
2	Give an application of high pass filter, low pass filter, band pass filter	CO 2	T1:3.4-3.6, R1:7.4
3	Give a difference of image restoration and image enhancement	CO 3	T1: 5.1-5.4, R1:8.2
4	List the applications of color models.	CO4, CO 5	T1:6.1-6.9, R1:3.7-3.11
		1	T1:9.1-9.5, R1:11.3-11.4

	DISCUSSION ON QUE	ESTION BAN	K
1	Compare the linear and nonlinear operations with the help of mathematical tools.	CO 1	T1:2.5-2.9, R1:1.6-1.7
2	Apply full correlation image data and using the specified weighted filter for contrast enhancement.	CO 2	T1:3.4-3.6, R1:7.4
3	Obtain equations for butter worth, gaussian band reject filters and band pass filter	CO3,CO4	T1:5.6-5.10, R1:8.3
4	What are the applications of wavelet transforms in image processing? Discuss.	CO5	T1:7.1-7.6, R1:5.9
5	One category of image segmentation is referred to as edge-based segmentation. Describe how the first and second order derivatives can be used to detect edges, how they differ from each other, how they are affected by noise, and which filter masks can be used.	CO 6	T1:10.1- 10.4, R1:11.5-11.6

Course Coordinator Mr. B.Santhosh Kumar, Assistant Professor

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	OBJEC	OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE DESIGN LABORATORY						
Course Code	ACSC21	ACSC21						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	V	CSIT	CSIT					
Course Type	CORE							
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory			Practical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	-	-	-	3	1.5			
Course Coordinator	Ms. Sari	Ms. Saritha Dasari, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITC02	III	Object Oriented Programming with objects.

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This Laboratory course introduces the Unified Modeling language for visualizing, specifying, constructing and documenting in preparing blueprint of a software intensive system. This lab covers Static and Dynamic aspects of the System with illustrations of Class,Object,Component, Deployment Use case, State chart, sequence, activity, collaboration Diagrams. These diagrams are used to create low level and high level design documents of the software system.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Object Oriented Analysis Design Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Demo Video	\checkmark	Lab Worksheets	\checkmark	Viva	\checkmark	Probing further
					Questions		Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	10tal marks
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	The need for requirement analysis in designing real time applications.
II	The implementation of Architectural views for different case studies.

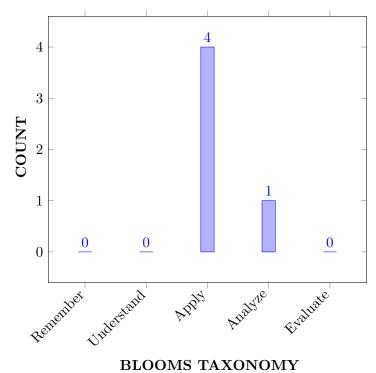
III	The case studies for analyzing modeling techniques.	
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VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Analyze features of software in view of software development process.	Analyze
CO 2	Make use of UML notations to represent requirements of the	Apply
	systems.	
CO 3	Develop a design model of the software system with the help of	Apply
	UML structural diagrams.	
CO 4	Design a behavioral model of the software system with the help of	Apply
	UML structural diagrams.	
CO 5	Develop a design model for different real time applications.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	3	Lab Exercise, CIE, SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	Lab Exercise, CIE, SEE
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	Lab Exercise, CIE, SEE
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	1	Lab Exercise, CIE, SEE
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	1	SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

IX HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society	2	Lab Exercises
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning	2	Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 2	Analyze features of software by identifying, formulating, reviewing complex engineering problems there by reaching to conclusion by following principles of SDLC.	6
	PO 3	Design the solution of software or system components by following designed guidelines.	10
	PO 4	Identify the problems and advantages for managing software requirement specifications.	5
	PSO 2	Compare process models, approaches and techniques to manage a given software development process by using the mathematical principles and computer science Methodologies	2
	PSO 3	Formulate and Evaluate engineering concepts to Design next-generation computer systems for modeling simple to complex engineering activities with understanding requirements and limitations of user.	2
CO 2	PO 2	Make use of UML notations to identify the problem statement and to define model translation.	2
	PO 3	Ensure the UML notation fits the purpose of all aspects of problem and assists the design process thereby achieving the engineering objectives.	3
	PO 4	Make use of building blocks for creating architectural view of system using UML by communicating effectively to engineering community	2
	PO 5	Make use of appropriate design techniques and modern Engineering IT tools for modelling the UML to represent complex engineering requirements.	1
	PSO 2	Design the software UML by identifying the requirement activities like defining various problems, customer and user needs, cost effective and creative solutions, design process.	2
	POS 3	Creation of UML to identify and improve the software eliability issues, analyze the data / Information.	2
CO 3	PO 2	Understand the given problem and Design the software by making sure it fits for purpose for all aspects of the problem including.	4
	PO 3	Design the software by making sure it fits for purpose for all aspects of the problem including CASE tool for modeling simple to complex engineering activities with understanding requirements and limitations of user.	1
	PO 4	Understand the given problem and system definition, problem formulation, collecting data, modelling, solution development for specifying structure and interaction of objects during runtime.	1

	PO 5	Translation of UML design notations that represent the requirement to actual implementation by adopting techniques , resources and modern engineering tools.	1
	PO 12	Classify the key issues in terms of defining various problems, customer and user needs, cost effective and creative solutions, design process, economiccontext and management techniques.	1
	PSO 2	Recognize the need and develop suitable building blocks using UML diagrams for future advancement and lifelong learning. eliability issues, analyze the data / Information.	1
	POS 3	Creation of UML to identify and improve the software eliability issues, analyze the data / Information.	2
CO 4	PO 2	Classify the key issues in terms of defining various problems, customer and user needs, cost effective and creative solutions, design process.	5
	PO 3	Communicate effectively in orally and written by comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation	6
	PO 4	Design solutions for simple and complex problems by Defining problem, understand customer requirements, identifying basic building blocks to draw UML diagrams.	1
	PO 5	Understand the problem and develop solutions using different data technologies and document the results for interpretation.	1
	PO 12	Improve the software reliability issues, analyze the data / Information.	1
	PSO 2	Identify the need and implement suitable building blocks using UML diagrams for future advancement and lifelong learning.	1
	PSO 3	Make use of computational and advanced CASE tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	2
CO 5	PO 2	Understand the given problem and system definition, problem formulation, collecting data, modelling, solution development definition, problem formulation, collecting data, modelling, solution development and documentation for design solution by using advanced building blocks of UML.	5
	PO 3	Design the software by making sure it fits for purpose for all aspects of the problem including production , operation and maintenance by applying innovative solutions .	5

PO 4	Understand the experimental designs and development of project analysis and development of software requirement Specifications.	5
PO 5	Translation of UML design notations that represent the requirement to actual implementation by adopting techniques , resources and modern engineering tools .	1
PSO 2	Creation of UML to identify and improve the software reliability issues, analyze the data / Information.	2
PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools to identify the technical skills necessary of reliable engineering practices.	2

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Course Outcomes	Program Outcomes				Program Specific Outcomes		
	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO12	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	3	3	3	-	-	2	2
CO2	2	2	2	1	-	2	2
CO3	3	3	1	1	3	1	2
CO4	3	3	2	2	1	1	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	2	2	2

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	REQUIREMENT DEVELOPMENT				
	 problem statement Requirement engineering produces a specification of what a system should do. The intention of requirement engineering is to provide a clear definition of requirement of the systems. This phase is a very important phase because, if the customer requirements are not clearly understood, the ambiguity can get into the other phase of the development. To avoid such issues, requirement has to be elicited using the right elicitation techniques, to be analyzed effectively, specified clearly and verified thoroughly. All activities are collectively termed as requirement development activities. solutions expected:Identify the requirement development activities associated with each of the following scenarios: a. Joe is creating an online survey questionnaire for requesting user feedback on the desired features of the application to be developed. b. Mark is preparing a formal document which includes all of the desired features identified by the survey. c. Jack identified an incomplete requirement statement d. Jones is identifying all security related requirement and separating them from the performance related requirements e. Merlin a team member is sent to client to observe the business case and collect typical user requirements. g. Leo is team member is working on requirement and ensuring that requirement collected should not be vague and unclear. h. Lee is conducting a facilitated meeting with the stakeholder to capture the requirements. i. Amit a team member is distributing questionnaires to stack holder for 				
WEEK II	gathering user requirements. ANALYSIS OF SYSTEM USING UML NOTATIONS				
	solutions expected: a. Demonstrate the Classes, relationships, common mechanisms. b.Illustrate the differences between functional and non-functional requirements c.Create SRS for Recruitment System				
WEEK III	DESIGN OF SYSTEM USING STRUCTURAL DIAGRAMS				
	 problem statement: Design and illustrate the static part of the system using the UML structural diagrams (Object, and Class diagrams). solutions expected: a. Demonstrate differences between static and dynamic diagrams 				
	b. Develop a design model using Class diagrams library management				
	c. Model a view using Object diagram for order management				

WEEK IV	DESIGN OF SYSTEM USING STRUCTURAL DIAGRAMS		
	problem statement: Design and illustrate the static part of the system using the UML structural diagrams (Component and Deployment diagrams).		
	solutions expected: a. Demonstrate Components in Component diagram and Components in Deployment diagrams		
	b. Develop a design model using Component and Deployment diagrams with an example		
	c. Model a view using Component and Deployment diagrams for Hospital management system.		
WEEK V	DESIGN OF SYSTEM USING BEHAVIORAL DIAGRAMS		
	problem statement: Design and illustrate the static part of the system using the UML behavioral diagrams (Use Case, Sequential and Collaboration).		
solutions expected: a. Describe modelling techniques of Use case, Sequential and Collabor diagrams			
	b. Develop a design model using Use case, Sequential and Collaboration diagrams with an example.		
	c. Model a view using Usecase diagrams for a parking lot		
WEEK VI	DESIGN OF SYSTEM USING BEHAVIORAL DIAGRAMS		
	problem statement: Design and illustrate the static part of the system using the UML behavioral diagrams (Activity and State chart).		
	solutions expected: a. Describe in detail Activity and State chart diagrams		
	b. Develop a design model using Activity and State chart diagrams with an example		
	c. Model a view using Activity and state chart diagrams for movie ticket booking system.		
WEEK VII	EXAM REGISTRATION SYSTEM		
	Create a UML model for a system to perform the Exam Registration system		
	 problem statement:Exam Registration system is used in the effective dispatch of registration form to all of the students. This system adopts a comprehensive approach to minimize the manual work and schedule resources, time in a cogent manner. The core of the system is to get the online registration form (with details such as name, reg.no etc.,) filled by the student whose testament is verified for its genuineness by the Exam Registration System with respect to the already existing information in the database. solutions expected: a. Demonstrate modelling techniques of Class diagram for Exam Registration b. Develop a design model using Sequence diagrams for Exam Registration System c. Model a view using Collaboration diagram for Exam Registration System 		

WEEK VIII	STOCK MAINTENANCE
	Create a UML model for a system to perform stock maintenance
	problem statement: The stock maintenance system must take care of sales information of the company and must analyze the potential of the trade. It maintains the number of items that are added or removed. The salesperson initiates this Use case. The salesperson is allowed to update information and view the database.
	solutions expected:
	a. Develop a design model using Usecase diagrams for Stock Maintenance
	b. Develop a design model using Class diagrams for Stock Maintenance
	c. Model a view using using Sequence diagram for Stock Maintenanc
WEEK IX	PASSPORT PROCESS
	Create a UML model for a system to perform passport process
	problem statement: Passport Automation System is used in the effective dispatch of passport to all of the applicants .This system adopts a comprehensive approach to minimize the manual work and schedule resources, time in a cogent manner. The core of the system is to get the online registration form (with details such as name, address etc.,) filled by the applicants whose testament is verified for its genuineness by the Passport Automation System with respect to the already existing information in the database.
	solutions expected:
	a. Elaborate modelling techniques of Deployment diagrams
	b. Design model using Deployment diagrams for Passport Process
	c. Model a view using Activity diagram for Passport Process
WEEK X	E-BOOK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
	Create a UML model for a system to perform E- book Management
	problem statement: An E, Book lends books and magazines to member, who is registered in the system. Also it handles the purchase of new titles for the Book Bank. Popular titles are brought into multiple copies. Old books and magazines are removed when they are out or date or poor in condition. A member can reserve a book or magazine that is not currently available in the book bank, so that when it is returned or purchased by the book bank, that person is notified. The book bank can easily create, replace and delete information about the tiles, members, loans and reservations from the system solutions expected: a. Define modelling techniques of Collaboration diagrams
	b. Design model using Deployment diagrams for E-book Management system
	c. Model a view using Use Case diagram for Passport Process

WEEK XI	RECRUITMENT PROCESS
	problem statement: The recruitment system allows the job seekers to enroll their names through the process of registration. The employee also can get the list of available candidates and shortlist for their company requirement. Once the applicant enrolls he receives an id, which helps him in further Correspondence. A fees amount is received from the job seekers for enrollment. This system makes the task of the job seeker easier rather than waiting in queue for enrollment. This also reduces the time consumption for both for the job seeker and employee
	solutions expected:a. Define modelling techniques of Sequence diagramsb. Design model using Sequence diagrams for Recruitment system process
	c.Model a view using Use Case diagram for Recruitment system process
WEEK XII	ATM TRANSACTION
	Problem Description: ATMs are omnipresent these days, at least in major cities and towns. It is an empowering technology, as one can withdraw or transfer money any time they want. Now the enrolment for bank accounts is on the rise, which will include many illiterate or old people also. Is the current ATM experience good enough for them to use it? How can the experience be enhanced for them?
	solutions expected:
	a. Demonstrate modelling techniques of Activity diagrams
	b. Design a model using Activity diagram for ATM Transactionc. Model a view using Use Case diagram for ATM Transaction
WEEK XIII	CONFERENCE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
	 Problem Description: The process of the candidates is to login the conference system and submit the paper through online. Then the reviewer reviews the paper and sends the acknowledgement to the candidate either paper selected or rejected. This process of on conference management system are described sequentially through following steps: The candidate login to the conference management system. The paper title is submitted. The paper is been reviewed by the reviewer. The reviewer sends acknowledgement to the candidate. Based on the selection, the best candidate is selected. Finally, the candidate registers all details.
	 solutions expected: a. Illustrate modelling techniques of Use Case diagrams b. Design a model using Use Case diagram for Conference Management System c. Model a view using using Sequence diagram for library Management
	System.

WEEK XIV	PERFORMANCE TESTING
	Problem Description: : Performance testing tests the non-functional requirements of the system. The different types of performance testing are load testing, stress testing, endurance testing and spike testing.
	solutions expected:
	1. A space craft is expected to function for nearly 8 years in space. The orbit control system of the spacecraft is a real-time embedded system. Before the launch, the embedded software is to be tested to ensure that it is capable of
	working for 8 years in the space. Identify the suitable performance testing category to be carried out to ensure that the space craft will be functioning for 8 years in the space as required.
	2. Global Education Centre (GEC) at Infosys Mysore provides the training
	for fresh entrants. GEC uses an automated tool for conducting objective type test for the trainees. At a time, a maximum of 2000 trainees are expected to take the test. Before the tool is deployed, testing of the tool was carried out
	to ensure that it is capable of supporting 2000 simultaneous users. Indicate the performance testing category?
	3. A university uses its web-based portal for publishing the results of the students. When the results of an examination were announced on the website recently on a preplanned date, the web site crashed. Which type of performance testing should have been done during web-site development to
	avoid this unpleasant situation?
	4. During unexpected terrorist attack, one of the popular websites crashed as many people logged into the web-site in a short span of time to know the consequences of terrorist attack and for immediate guidelines from the
	security personnel. After analyzing the situation, the maintenance team of that website came to know that it was the consequences of unexpected load on the system which had never happened previously. Which type of performance testing should have been done during web-site development to
	avoid this unpleasant situation?

TEXTBOOKS

1. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, —The Unified Modeling Language User Guide^{||}, Pearson Education, 2ndEdition, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Craig Larman, —Applying UML and Patterns: An Introduction to Object Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development ||, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2005.

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's
1	Requirement Development	CO 1, CO 2
2	Analysis of Systems Using UML Notations.	CO 1, CO 2
3	Design of system Using Structural Diagrams	CO 2, CO 4
4	Design of system Using Structural Diagrams	CO 2, CO 3

5	Design of System Using Behavioral Diagrams	CO 2, CO 3 CO 4
6	Design of System Using Behavioral Diagrams	CO 2, CO 4
7	Exam Registration System	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
8	Stock Maintenance	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
9	Passport Process	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
10	E-Book Management Systems	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
11	Recruitment Process	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
12	Exam Registration System	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
13	Conference Management System	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5
14	Performance Systems	CO 1, CO 2 ,CO 3 ,CO 4,CO 5

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments					
1	Real time Online Transform for embedded Systems considering non-functional					
	aspects with rate-monotonic analysis.					
2	Implementation of Advanced relationships and common mechanisms in real time applications.					
3	Reverse engineering: Encourage students to implement model from a given input of source code.					

Signature of Course Coordinator Ms .Saritha Dasari, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	Comput	Computer science and Information Technology						
Course Title	Web Ap	Web Application Development Laboratory						
Course Code	AITC10	AITC10						
Program	B. Tech	B. Tech						
Semester	V	V						
Course Type	Laborato	Laboratory						
Regulation	UG20	UG20						
	Theory Practical							
Course Structure	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits				Credits			
3 1.5								
Course Coordinator	Ms M.Himabindu, Assistant Professor							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITC02	III	Programming with Objects

II COURSE OVERVIEW

This course will give you the basic terminology and fundamental concepts to build modern web applications. This course introduces students to develop web applications. This course presents the basics of HTML5 and CSS3 for Web application development using HTML links and HTML forms. Introduction to the use of React router and its use in developing single-page applications, redux to develop React Redux powered applications, client-server communication and the use of REST API on the server side and react primitives render to native platform UI. This course will make the students to expose the front-end framework Bootstrap and to basic security mechanisms for server-side web application development.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Web Application	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Development			
Laboratory			

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Demo Video	\checkmark	Lab	\checkmark	Viva Questions	\checkmark	Probing further
			Worksheets				Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based	
20 %	Objective	Purpose	
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm	
20 %	Design	Programme	
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion	
20 %	Viva	Viva	

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component	Labo	Total Marks	
Type of	Day to day		
Assessment	performance	assessment	
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES

The students will try to learn:

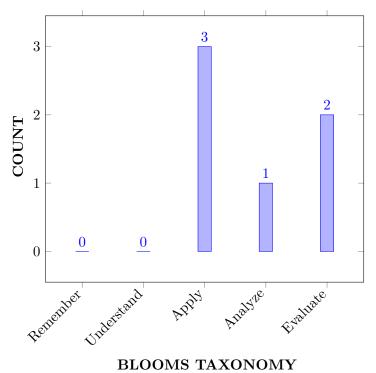
Ι	Programming concepts in Html 5, CSS 3, Bootstrap 4.
II	Developing skills of Web Applications user interactions using JavaScript (ES6+).
III	Web application Development Database with React and React Native.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Create a web pagewith different layouts including links by applying different styles and colors to produce specified outputs	Create
CO 2	Develop a responsive web application using bootstrap with background images, menus, with admin panel and tables.	Apply
CO 3	Develop interactive forms with different styles using javascript, CSS and bind data using AJAX.	Apply
CO 4	Develop single page applications using react router and make use of react data libraries for data visualization in dynamic pages	Apply
CO 5	Adapt to design and develop web applications like drunken snake game and chat application with API responses using the industry's current models and architectures	Create
CO 6	Test for the database to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of	3	CIE / SEE/
	mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals,		Lab Exercises
	and an engineering specialization to the solution of		
	complex engineering problems.		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences,	2	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 3	and engineering sciences. Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	2	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	Lab Exercises
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life- long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED

	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform	3	CIE / SEE /
	constraints, version control, and automation for		Lab
	digital innovation and transformation.		Exercises
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and	3	CIE / SEE /
	Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber		Lab
	security measures using tools, and networking		Exercises
	technologies as per the needs of Industry and society		
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools,	3	CIE / SEE /
	and techniques to perform data analytics for effective		Lab
	decision-making and create innovative career paths		Exercises
	toward Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s)

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 3	-	-	\checkmark	<	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 4	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT

Course Outcome	PO PSO	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of science , engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to create a web page to produce specified outputs to the solutions of complex engineering problems .	3
	PO 2	Identify and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of natural sciences , and engineering sciences to create a web page to produce specified outputs	6
	PO 3	Design solutions using web pages for complex engineering problems and design system components that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the societal , and environmental considerations.	5
	PO 12	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to produce specified outputs using web pages as per the requirements of the clients for different applications.	7
	PSO 1	Create a web page to design search engines , web browsers , and knowledge discovery tools to produce specified outputs	3
	PSO 3	Create web pages with the requirements of clients in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques to succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry to produce specified outputs.	3
CO 2	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems to develop a responsive web application.	3
	PO 2	Identify and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of engineering sciences to develop a responsive web application with background images, menus, with admin panel and tables.	5
	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for societal considerations to develop a responsive web application.	4

Course Outcome	PO PSO	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 4	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions to develop a responsive web applications.	6
	PO 12	Develop a responsive web applications for different engineering problems which is used in life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	4
	PSO 1	Design search engines and web browsers for responsive web application.	2
	PSO 2	Focus on mobile and web applications development and learn the emerging technologies and frameworks in demand with employers and contemporary challenges to develop a responsive web application.	2
CO 3	PO 3	Develop and design solutions with interactive forms in different styles using javascript for complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 4	Use research-based knowledge and research methods for analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions using interactive forms with different styles using javascript, CSS and bind data using AJAX.	6
	PO 5	Select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools for modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations to develop interactive forms with different styles using javascript, CSS and bind data using AJAX.	4
	PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems with interactive forms using javascript in search engines and web browsers useful for knowledge discovery tools .	4
	PSO 2	Develop interactive forms with different styles using javascript, CSS and bind data using AJAX focussing on mobile and web applications development and learn the emerging technologies and frameworks in demand with employers and contemporary challenges.	2
CO 4	PO 2	Identify and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of engineering sciences to develop single page applications using react router and make use of react data libraries for data visualization in dynamic pages.	5
	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems to develop single page applications using react router and make use of react data libraries for data visualization in dynamic pages that meet the specified needs .	3
	PO 4	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions to develop single page applications for data visualization in dynamic pages.	6

Course Outcome	PO PSO	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 5	Select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations to develop single page applications using react router and make use of react data libraries for data visualization in dynamic pages.	5
	PO 12	Recognize the need for the development of single page applications for data visualization in dynamic pages in life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	4
	PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems with search engines and web browsers to develop single page applications for data visualization in dynamic pages used for knowledge discovery tools .	4
	PSO 2	Develop single page applications focussing on mobile and web applications development and learn the emerging technologies and frameworks in demand with employers and contemporary challenges .	2
	PSO 3	Develop single page applications in shipping real world software , using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry for data visualization in dynamic pages.	3
CO 5	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of science , engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems to adapt to design and develop web applications using the industry's current models and architectures.	3
	PO 2	Identify and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of engineering sciences to adapt to design and develop web applications using the industry's current models and architectures.	5
	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components to design and develop web applications using the industry's current models and architectures that meet the specified needs .	4
	PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems, search engines, and web browsers to design and develop web applications using the industry's current models and architectures for knowledge discovery tools.	4
	PSO 2	To design and develop web applications like drunken snake game and chat application with API responses using the industry's current models and architectures focussing on mobile and web applications development and learn the emerging technologies and frameworks in demand with employers and contemporary challenges .	2

Course Outcome	PO PSO	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 6	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of science , engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	3
	PO 2	Identify and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of engineering sciences to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	5
	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components that meet the specified needs to test for the database to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	4
	PSO 1	Design next-generation computer systems, search engines, web browsers, and knowledge discovery tools to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	5
	PSO 2	Focus on mobile and web applications development and learn the emerging technologies and frameworks in demand with employers and contemporary challenges to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	2
	PSO 3	Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques to extend the features and deployment of applications for solving problems that require interaction with a web server.	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO / PSO) MAPPING

		Program Outcomes									PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	5	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	4	7	4
CO 1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	3
CO 2	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-
CO 3	-	-	1	2	4	-	-	I	-	-	-		3	3	-
CO 4	-	2	1	2	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3
CO 5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	I	-	-	-		3	3	-
CO 6	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	1	3	3	3

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO / PSO) MAPPING

					Prog	ram	Outc	\mathbf{omes}					PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	5	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	4	7	4
CO 1	100	60	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60	50	-	100
CO 2	100	50	40	55		-	-	-	-	-	-	33	33	100	-
CO 3	-	-	30	55	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	100	-
CO 4	-	50	30	55	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	66	100	100
CO 5	100	50	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	66	100	-
CO 6	100	50	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	84	100	100

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

COs and PO'S and COs and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\pmb{0}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

 ${\it 1}$ -5 <C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight

 $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ - 40 % < C < 60% –Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - 60% \leq C < 100% – Substantial /High

					Prog	ram	Outc	\mathbf{omes}						PSO'S	
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	5	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	6	2	3
CO 1	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	3
CO 2	3	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3	-
CO 3	-	-	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	3	-
CO 4	-	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3
CO 5	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	3	-
CO 6	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3
TOTAL	12	11	10	6	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	15	15	9
AVER- AGE	3	2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	3

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	~	Student Viva	~	Certification	-

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback			
x	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts					

XVIII SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	HTML LAYOUTS AND LINKS
	Problem Statement: Consider information related to any engineering college to design a webpage to display information in different layouts describing about the various departments in the college with different styles and colors with links to visit a specific department details. Solutions Expected:
	a) Develop a web application to control over different layouts.
	b) Create a webpage with HTML describing your department use paragraph and list tags.
	c) Apply various colors to suitable distinguish key words, also apply font styling like italics, underline and two other fonts to words you find appropriate, also use header tags.
	d) Create links on the words e.g. Wi-Fi and LAN to link them to Wikipedia pages
WEEK II	WEB APLLICATION DESIGN FORMATTING
	Problem Statement: You can design and create a responsive and innovative Registration Form using HTML and CSS skills. In this experiment, HTML helps to develop the form structure and includes various input fields for the users primary data, such as name, age, contact details and CSS will allow you to style the input fields and the complete form, such as field size, background colour, etc. Solutions Expected:
	a) Develop a web application with background banner image and navigation menus.
	b) Develop a web application with responsive images.
	c) Develop a web application using left menu.
	d) Develop setting to change the theme of entire web Application.
WEEK III	INTRODUCTION TO RESPONSIVE INTERFACE USING BOOTSRAP
	Problem Statement: In the era of Smartphones, websites should be responsive enough on the smaller screens.Intuitive navigation creates a better user experience for the website visitor. Create a simpler and customer oriented responsive web application using bootstrap 4 with Admin panel and tables. Solutions Expected:
	Write code for developing responsive web application with Admin panel and tables with static data.
WEEK IV	BUIDLING INTERFACES USING JAVASCRIPT

	Problem Statement: You can design and create a responsive and innovative Registration form Form to validate your HTML and CSS skills. In this experiment, HTML helps develop the form structure and includes various input fields for the users' primary data, such as name, age, contact details, etc and CSS will allow you to style the input fields and the complete form, such as field size, background color, etc. In addition, you can use JavaScript in the state to do validation duties such as character limit for input fields, email id format checking, etc. Solutions Expected:
	a) Set up the Folder Structure.
	b) Write the Model code and initialize the application.
	c) Implement the list objects and use cases.
	d) Implement the create object use case.
	e) Implement the update object use case.
WEEK V	INTRODUCTION TO INTERATIVE FORMS AND AJAX DATA BINIDNG
	Problem Statement: The popularity of client-side development with JavaScript and AJAX has exploded. The student should demonstrate and discusses a simple client order form, built using HTML, JavaScript, AJAX and CSS. Solutions Expected:
	a) Developing Web Page Styles using JavaScript and CSS,
	b) Develop Script interactive forms
	c) Data binding using Ajax
WEEK VI	REACT ENVIRONMENT SETUP
	Problem Statement: Set up an environment for the successful development of ReactJS application. Pre-requisite for ReactJS
	1. NodeJS and NPM
	2. React and React DOM
	3. Webpack
	4. Babel
	Solutions Expected:
	a) Setting up development environment.
	b) Integration with Existing Apps.
	c) Running on Device.
	d) Debugging
	e) Testing
	f) Write source code using Typescript.
WEEK VII	PROGRAMMING WITH REACT

	 Problem Statement: Create a react scrollable view using React, which is an open-source front-end JS library for building interactive user interfaces. Use two types of components class and functional components to create UI components. Use class components to develop complex apps with React. React offered Hooks for functional components and made it possible to write the entire complex application using only functions as React components. React Scrollable List is a scrollable, high-performance list component for rendering large lists of items with React. Solutions Expected: a) Basics Interactive examples. b) Function Components and Class Components c) React Native Fundamental, Handling Text Input d) Using a scroll View, using List View. e) Platform Specific Code
	e) Thatform Specific Code
WEEK VIII	BUILD A DRUNKEN SNAKE GAME USING HOOKS
	Problem Statement: The Drunken Snake game consists of 20 by 20 cells (This can be configured to make the playing grid bigger or smaller). There are no moving objects in the game. All grid cells are positioned stationary and based on the state of the game the respective cell is rendered as below.
	• Empty Cell
	• Snake Head
	• Snake Tail
	• Apple (food)
	Solutions Expected:
	a) Introduction and scaffolding the project.
	b) Components, Props and Styles.
	c) State and Lifecycle Events.
	d) Extended Game Functionality.
	e) Finishing up and Deployment
WEEK IX	PHP SESSIONS BOX React FOR DATA VISUALIZATION

	Problem Statement: React-scaffolder is a command line interface which brings smooth developer experience (DX) for React devs. react-scaffolder provides a better way to generate react projects.Use CSS Custom properties that dynamically update based on the change of state to modify JavaScript UI component properties as the variables state changes. Solutions Expected:
	a) Introduction and scaffolding the Project.
	b) Pages and Layout.
	c) Working with an API, CSS-in-JS.
	d) Dynamic Pages and React Hooks.
	e) Custom React Hooks, Dynamic CSS-in-JS.
	f) Finishing up and Deployment.
	g) Optimization and PWA.
WEEK X	CHAT APPLICATION
	Problem Statement: Adding Chat Rooms for your visitors is one of the most influential. An active private chat room on your website where your visitors can chat with each other adds extra charm to your site. They can use it for quick support, queries, and interact with each in the easiest way possible. Solutions Expected:
	a) Firebase Environment. Introduction and Scaffolding the project.
	b) Private and Public pages, Context API.
	c) Creating Side bar and Dashboard
	d) Creating and displaying Chat Rooms.
	e) Creating Layout for Chat page.
WEEK XI	CHAT APPLICATION API RESPONSES
	Problem Statement: Develop Chat API for Custom Messaging Apps. Build real-time chat messaging in less time. Rapidly ship in-app messaging with our highly reliable chat infrastructure. Improve your overall in-app conversion, engagement, and retention. Solutions Expected:
	a) Context API Problem-solution for the chat messages.
	b) Denormalization of the data to be stored in app.
	c) Displaying chat feed for Interactive UI along with Real time user presence.
WEEK XII	DATABASES HANDLING

Problem Statement: A deployment is a place on your company's website that's enabled for Chat. Create deployments to implement Chat and control its functionality. Extend File and Audio Chat messages by
• Navigating to your platform
• Choose an active contact or click on the + to search for other contacts.
• Select video, audio, or text and record or type your message.
• If you want, attach a file or link out to an external page.
• Click send.
Solutions Expected:
a) Role Based Access.
b) Messages Likes and deletion.
c) File and Audio Chat Messages
d) Extended Chat Features and Deployment

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- 3. D. Flanagan, "Java Script", O'Reilly, 6th Edition, 2011.
- 4. Jon Duckett, "Beginning Web Programming", WROX, 2nd Edition, 2008.

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- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105084/
- $\label{eq:alpha} 3. \ https://medium.com/@aureliomerenda/create-a-native-web-app-with-react-native-web-419acac86b82$
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XIX COURSE PLAN

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	COs	Reference
1	HTML Layouts and Links	CO 1	T1: 2.2-2.3
2	Web Application Design Formatting	CO 1	R2: 3.4-3.9
3	Introduction To Responsive Interface Using Bootsrap	CO 2	R2: 4.1-4.3

4	Buiding Interfaces Using Javascript	CO 3	T2: 4.1-4.3
5	Introduction To Interative Forms and Ajax Data Binding	CO 3	T1: 4.4-4.7
6	React Environment Setup	CO 4	T1 8.1-8.4
7	Programming With React	CO 4	T1:10.2, 10.5
8	Build A Drunken Snake Game Using Hooks	CO 5	R4:8.1- 8.9
9	PHP Sessions Box React for Data Visualization	CO 4	R4:8.1- 8.9
10	Chat Application	CO 5	R4:8.1- 8.9
11	Chat Application API Responses	CO 5	R4:8.1- 8.9
12	Databases Handling	CO 6	R2:12.1- 12.16

XX EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments	COs
1	Validate that the name and password must only contain	CO 3
	letters and whitespace.	
2	Design a Webpage using advance HTML Form tags	CO 1
	input–date, time, number, email, HTML5 Header and	
	Footer, spell check and editable areas.	
3	Demonstrate Inline, Internal and External Style sheets	CO 3
	using advanced CSS.	
4	Change a Content of webpage using AJAX. Perform	CO 3
	Different Operations using JQUERY Selectors.	
5	Implementation of the iOS calculator built in React.	CO 1, CO 2, CO 3

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT

Ms M.HIMABINDU, Assistant Professor.



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTE	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	DATA MINI	DATA MINING AND KNOWLEDGE DISCOVERY				
Course Code	ACIC01	ACIC01				
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	VI	VI CSIT				
Course Type	Core					
Regulation	IARE-UG20					
		Theory		Prac	etical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3	1	4	-	-	
Course Coordinator	se Coordinator Mrs.Saritha Dasari, Assistant Professor					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITC05	IV	Database Management Systems
B.Tech	AHSC08	II	Probability and Statistics

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Data mining refers to extracting or mining knowledge from large amounts of data. It emphasizes various techniques and algorithms used to explore, analyze and leverage data and turn it into valuable and actionable information. It includes data warehousing and data mining functionalities such as analytical processing, descriptive analysis, association mining, classification, clustering and outlier analysis. The techniques are used to tackle data centric applications in various domains such as financial analysis, telecommunication industry, intrusion detection, and complex data mining applications in stream, web, text, spatial and other scientific applications.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Data Mining and	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Knowledge Discovery			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIE examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
20 %	Understand
60 %	Apply
10 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Quiz \Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component Marks				
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	20		
CIE	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30		
	AAT-1				
	AAT-2 5				
SEE	SEE Semester End Examination (SEE) 70				
Total Marks			100		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

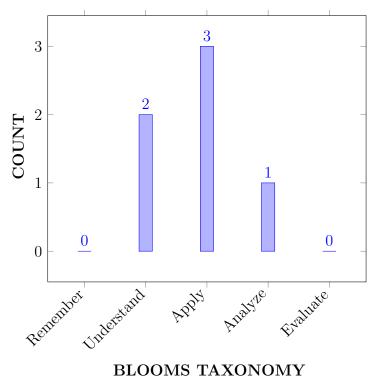
Ι	The scope and essentiality of data warehousing and mining.
II	The analysis of data, choosing relevant models and algorithms for respective applications.
III	The process and mining of complex data types such as streams, spatial, web and multimedia
IV	The research perspectives towards advances in data mining

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Relate knowledge discovery in databases (KDD) process with the	Understand
	help of data warehouse fundamentals and data mining functionalities	
CO 2	Select appropriate preprocessing techniques on real time data for	Apply
	usage of data mining algorithms	
CO 3	Apply Apriori and FP growth methods on transaction data for	Apply
	frequent pattern mining	
CO 4	Choose classification or clustering algorithm for building a	Apply
	classification or prediction model.	
CO 5	Infer complex data models with respect to multimedia, streams,	Understand
	spatial and web mining	
CO 6	Examine data mining algorithms for solving real world problems	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



Page 3

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage:Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage:Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 10	Communication:Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2	SEE/CIE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	$\mathbf{Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform	2	SEE/CIE/
	constraints, version control, and automation for		AAT
	digital innovation and transformation.		
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and	2	SEE/CIE/
	Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber		AAT
	security measures using tools, and networking		
	technologies as per the needs of Industry and		
	society		
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models,	2	SEE/CIE/
	tools, and techniques to perform data analytics		AAT
	for effective decision-making and create		
	innovative career paths toward Continuous		
	Learning .		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Explain the knowledge extraction Process by using mathematical ,computer science principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
CO 2	PO 1	Explain the data preprocessing techniques by applying mathematical principles and computer science principles by integrating computer science knowledge	3
	PO 2	Understand the data and apply the appropriate preprocessing techniques to solve real time data specific Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection by including variant sizes of information and data collection, validation, experimental design, solution development and interpretation of results.	8

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 10	Communicate in written form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation of prediction data model with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content with appropriate References and good Speaking style.	3
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in classification and prediction for developing data centric applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning stays up with industry trends/ new technology	1
	PSO 1	Develop data mining applications for specific problems by including huge volume of data and related to Algorithms, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning.	3
	PSO 2	Develop data mining applications for specific problems with a major focus on improving software reliability, network security and information retrieval systems.	1
	PSO 3	Develop applications by using modern computer tools related to create innovative career paths.	1
CO 3	PO 1	Select appropriate frequent pattern mining method for finding associations among attributes of data in transaction data using mathematical principles and computer science principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 2	Make use of Apriori or FP growth methods on transaction Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection validation, experimental design, Solution development and interpretation of results.	6
	PO 3	Identify the appropriate model for various problems, by understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques for the requirement engineering activities to promote sustainable development.	8
	PSO 1	Make use of data mining concepts on huge volume data used to develop analytical solutions related to Machine Learning.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Develop a prediction model by extending classification model with the help of mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 2	Extend a created data model for specific prediction problems by including specific problems by including variant sizes of information and data collection, validation, experimental design, solution development,Implementation ,and interpretation of results and documentation is used as a sample data for new projects	8

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	Develop a data model by investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions with variant algorithms by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	7
	PO 4	Develop a prediction and classification data model with laboratory skills, technical literature and quality issues to Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems through analytical methods for quantitative methods and technical uncertainty	8
	PO 5	Make use of software / libraries for developing prediction model	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively in orally and written by comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation and presentations on data exploration with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content, Grammar/Punctuation, appropriate References, good Speaking style and depth in subject matter.	5
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in big data technologies for developing applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology and continued personal development in the broadest context of technological change.	5
	PSO 1	Develop data mining applications for specific problems by including huge volume of data and related to Algorithms, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning	3
	PSO 2	Develop data mining applications for specific problems with a major focus on improving software reliability, network security and information retrieval systems.	1
	PSO 3	Develop applications by using modern computer tools related to create innovative career paths	1
CO 5	PO 1	Select any data models with respect to multimedia, streams, spatial and web mining using mathematical principles and computer science principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 2	Make use of spatial and web mining methods on transaction data collection, validation, experimental design, Solution development and interpretation of results.	5
	PO 3	Select appropriate frequent pattern mining methodfor investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions with variant algorithms by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	8

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 4	Develop a text based model with laboratory skills, technical literature and quality issues to Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems through analytical methods for quantitative methods and technical uncertainty	7
	PO 5	Make use of software / libraries for finding text based and web based mining	1
	PO 10	Communicate in written form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation of multimedia data model with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content	1
	PSO 1	Explain the complex data models used to process and querying the data in the areas related to Algorithms, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning	3
	PSO 2	Develop applications using data mining concepts with a major focus on improving software reliability, network security and information retrieval systems.	1
	PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies	1
CO 6	PO 1	Understand the data mining model and examine the accuracy of the model by applying mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 2	Extend a created data model for specific real time problems by including specific problems by including variant sizes of information and data collection, validation, experimental design, solution development,Implementation ,and interpretation of results and documentation is used as a sample data for new projects	8
	PO 3	Develop a real time model by investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with variant algorithms by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques	6
	PO 4	Develop a data model with laboratory skills, technical literature and quality issues to Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems through analytical methods	6
	PO 5	Make use of software / libraries for developing mining model.	1
	PO 10	Communicate in orally form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation data mining applications with the engineering community by having major focus content with good Speaking style.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 1	Categorize various data mining concepts in the areas related to Algorithms, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning.	3
	PSO 2	Develop applications using data mining concepts with a major focus on improving software reliability, network security and information retrieval systems.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO - PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

				PSO'S											
COURSE	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	-	2
CO 3	3	6	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 4	3	8	7	8	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	3	1	1
CO 5	3	5	8	7	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	1
CO 6	3	8	6	6	1	-	-	-	-	1	-		3	1	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	100	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	16.6	50	-	100
CO 3	100	60	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
CO 4	100	80	70	72.7	100	-	-	-	-	60	-	8.3	50	50	50
CO 5	100	50	80	63.6	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	50	50	50
CO 6	100	80	60	54.5	100	-	-	-	-	20	-		50	50	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % <C < 60% –Moderate
- $3 60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PSO'S											
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	3	3	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	1	-	1	2	_	3
CO 3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	1		2	2	1
CO 5	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	2
CO 6	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	-
TOTAL	18	13	11	8	9	-	-	-	-	5	_	2	8	6	8
AVERAGE	3	2.6	2.75	2.6	3.0	-	-	-	-	1.25	_	1	2.0	2.0	2.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	\checkmark
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	-	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
Х	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	KNOWLEDGE DISCOVARY
	Data Mining definition, knowledge discovery in data (KDD), kinds of data can be mined, kinds of patterns / data mining functionalities, technologies, applications, issues in data mining. data objects and attribute types, basic statistical descriptions of data, data visualization, measuring data similarity and dissimilarity.
MODULE II	DATA PREPROCESSING
	Data Preprocessing:Data quality, major tasks in data preprocessing, data cleaning, data integration and transformation, data reduction, data discretization.

MODULE III	DATA WAREHOUSING AND ONLINE ANALYTICAL PROCESSING
	Data warehouse concepts, differences between operational database systems and data warehouses, a multitiered architecture; Data Warehouse Models:Enterprise warehouse, data mart, and virtual warehouse, extraction, transformation, and loading, metadata repository, a multidimensional data model; Schemas for Multidimensional Data Models:Stars, snowflakes, and fact constellations, dimensions, measures, OLAP operations, a starnet query model for querying multidimensional databases. Business Analysis framework for data warehouse design, data warehouse design process, data warehouse implementation, indexing OLAP data, OLAP server architectures, data generalization by attribute, oriented induction
MODULE IV	MINING FREQUENT PATTERNS AND CLASSIFICATION
	Market basket analysis, frequent itemsets, closed itemsets, and association rules, frequent itemset mining methods; Apriori algorithm, generating association rules from frequent itemsets, improving the efficiency of Apriori PatternGrowth Approach. Classification:Basic concepts, decision tree induction, Bayesian belief networks, classification by back propagation, support vector machines, classification using frequent patterns, lazy learners, other classification methods, model evaluation and selection, techniques to improve classification accuracy.
MODULE V	CLUSTERING AND RESEARCH FRONTIERS
	Cluster Analysis, Partitioning methods, hierarchical methods, density-based methods, grid based methods, evaluation of clustering. Mining Complex Types of Data:Mining Sequence Data:Time-series, symbolic sequences, and biological sequences, mining graphs and networks.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Jiawei Han, Michelin Kamber, "Data Mining-Concepts and techniques", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, 2nd Edition, 2006
- 2. Alex Berson, Stephen J.Smith, "Data warehousing Data mining and OLAP", Tata McGraw- Hill, 2nd Edition, 2007

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Arum K Pujari, "Data Mining Techniques", 3rd Edition, Universities Press, 2005
- 2. Pualraj Ponnaiah, Wiley, "Data Warehousing Fundamentals", Student Edition, 2004
- 3. Ralph Kimball, Wiley, "The Data Warehouse Life Cycle Toolkit", Student Edition, 2006.
- 4. Vikram Pudi, P Radha Krishna, —Data Mining, Oxford University, 1st Edition, 2007.

WEB REFERENCES:

- $1. \ http://www.anderson.ucla.edu$
- 2. https://www.smartzworld.com
- 3. http://iiscs.wssu.edu

COURSE WEB PAGE:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IID7-ipjQUk

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1:4.1						
OBE DISCUSSION									
1	In Outcome-Based Education (OBE), we discussed about course delivery assessment that								
	are planned to achieve stated objectives and outcomes. We will focuses on measuring								
	student performance i.e. outcomes at different levels. Course outcomes(CO),Program								
	Outcomes(PO) and Program Specific Outcomes(PSO) and also mapping of CO's to PO's								
	PSO's and their attainments are discussed.								
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)								
1	Data Mining:Introduction, Definition	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
2	KDD Process	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
3	Kinds of data can be mined	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
4	Kinds of patterns/data functionalities	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
5	Technologies, Applications	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
6	Issues in data mining	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
7	Data objects and attribute types	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
8	Basic statistical descriptions of data, Data visualization	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
9	Measuring data similarity and dissimilarity	CO1	T1:1.1-1.7						
10	Data PreProcessing:data quality	CO2	T1:2.1-2.5						
11	Major tasks in dat preprocessing, Data Cleaning	CO2	T1:2.1-2.5						
12	Techniques to improve Classification Accuracy	CO2	T1:2.1-2.5						
13	Data integration and transformation	CO2	T1:2.1-2.5						
14	Data reduction, Data Discretization .	CO2	T1:2.3-2.4						
15	Introduction to Data warehouse	CO3	T1:3.1						
16	Difference between operational database systems and datawarehouses	CO3	T1:3.1						
17	Data warehouse architecture- A three tier Data warehouse architecture, Types of OLAP servers	CO3	T1:3.3						
18	Data warehouse Implementation	CO3	T1:3.3						
19	Data Marts, Differences between OLAT and OLTP.	CO3	T1:3.3						
20	Multi-dimensional data model:Star Schema	CO3	T1:3.2						
21	Multi-dimensional data model: Snow Flake Schema	CO3	T1:3.2						
22	Fact Consultation, Fact Table, Dimension Table	CO3	T1:3.2						
23	OLAP Cube and OLAP Operations	CO3	T1:3.4-3.5						
24	OLAP Server Architecture-ROLAP	CO3	T1:3.4-3.5						
25	OLAP Server Architecture- MOLAP	CO3	T1:3.4-3.5						
26	OLAP Server Architecture- HOLAP.	CO3	T1:3.4-3.5						
27	Data ware house models, Data warehouse design process	CO4	T1:3.4-3.5						
28	Indexing of OLAP data, Data generalization by attribute	CO4	T1:3.4-3.5						
29	Oriented induction, Market basket analysis	CO4	T1:3.4-3.5						

30	Frequent item sets	CO4	T1:5.3
31	The APRIORI Algorithm, Association rule generation	CO4	T1:5.2
32	Frequent itemset mininig methods	CO4	T1:5.2.2
33	Improving the efficiency of apriori pattern growth Algorithm.	CO4	T1:5.2.2
34	Classification and prediction, Basic concepts	CO4	T1:6.1-6.2
35	Classification by Decision Tree Induction	CO5	T1:6.1-6.2
36	Classification by back propagation	CO5	T1:6.5
37	Support vector machine	CO5	T1:3.4-3.5
38	Classification using frequent patterns	CO5	T1:6.6
39	Lazy learners	CO5	T1:3.4-3.5
40	Other Classification Methods	CO6	T1:6.6
41	Model evaluation and selection	CO6	T1:3.4-3.5
42	Grid based methods, Hierarchical methods	CO6	T1:7.6
43	Evaluation of clustering, Types of Data:Data Objects	CO6	T1:7.11
44	Mining Spatial Databases, Mining Multimedia Databases, Mining Time-Series and Sequence Data	CO6	T1:7.11
45	Symboloc sequences, Biological sequences, Mining graphs and networks, Example Systems	CO6	T1:7.11
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDE	ES	
1	Problems on Hierarchical and lattice structures of attributes in warehouse dimensions for location and time.	CO 3	R2:7.5
2	Problems on Multi-dimensional modelling.	CO 3	R2:7.5
3	Problems on Analytical processing.	CO 3	R2:7.5
4	Problems on Implementation techniques. of data warehouse.	CO 3	R2:7.5
5	Problems on OLAP operations on multi-dimensional data cube. at possible levels.	CO 3	R2:7.5
6	Problems on preprocessing techniques and relate to the given data to perform summarization and visualization.	CO 3	R2:7.5
7	Problems on applications of frequent pattern mining methods.	CO 4	R2:7.5
8	Problems on frequent item set methods and pattern growth approach.	CO 4	R2:7.5
9	Problems on Basic Classification Methods.	CO 3	R2:7.5
10	Problems on operations of OLAP.	CO 3	R2:7.5
11	Problems on K-means Clustering.	CO 3	R2:7.5
12	Problems on K medoid clustering.	CO 3	R2:7.5
13	Problems on normalization.	CO 3	R2:7.5
14	Problems on Back propogation method.	CO 3	R2:7.5
15	Problems on Bayesian networks.	CO 3	R2:7.5
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERM	INOLOGY	
1	Definitions on Data mining	CO 1	T1:1.2
2	Definitions on Data Preprocessing	CO 2	T1:1.6
3	Definitions on Online analytical processing	CO3, CO4	T1:8,9
4	Definitions on Classification	CO 5	T1:9.1
5	Definitions on Clustering	CO 6	T1:10,11

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK							
1	Classification of data mining systems	CO 1	T1:1.2					
2	Data preprocessing	CO 2	T1:1.5					
3	Data warehouse architecture	CO3, CO4	T1:8,9					
4	Issues Regarding Classification	CO 5	T1:9.1					
5	Clustering Methods	CO6	T1:10,11					

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Title	SOFTW	SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT					
Course Code	ACIC05	ACIC05					
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech					
Semester	VI	VI					
Course Type	Elective	Elective					
Regulation	UG-20						
		Theory		Pr	actical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Lecture Tutorials Credits Laboratory Credits					
3 3							
Course Coordinator	Ms. D.Koumudi Prasanna, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG-20	ACSC19	V	Object Oriented Software Engineering

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The main goal of software development projects is to create a software system with a predetermined functionality and quality in a given time frame and with given costs. For achieving this goal models are required for determining target values and for continuously controlling these values. This course focuses on principles, techniques, methods and tools for model-based management of software projects. Assurance of product quality and process adherence (quality assurance), as well as experience-based creation and improvement of models (process management).

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	Subject SEE Examination		Total Marks
Software Project Management	Software Project 70 Marks		100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

~	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
~	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
60 %	Understand
20%	Apply
10%	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks			
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10				
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30			
	AAT-1	5				
	AAT-2	5				
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70			
	Total Marks					

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

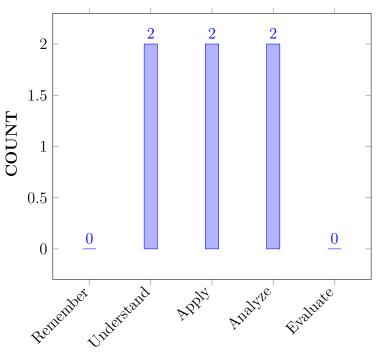
Ι	The specific roles within a software organization as related to project and process management
II	The basic infrastructure competences (e.g., process modeling and measurement).
III	The basic steps of project planning, project management. Quality assurance, and process management and their relationships.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO 1	Outline process models, apporaches and techniques for managing	Understand
	software development process.	
CO 2	Evaluate professional ethics in successful project development	Apply
CO 3	Elaborate the life cycle of project management.	Analyze
CO 4	Analyze evaluation of organization and core metrics for project	Understand
	organization.	
CO 5	Apply model based architectural concepts for building software	Apply
CO 6	Determine case study on future software project management	Analyze
	practices in business context and scope of the project	

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution
	of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations

	Program Outcomes
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	SEE / CIE /
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	SEE / CIE /
	research literature, and analyze complex		AAT
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	3	SEE / CIE /
	solutions for complex Engineering problems and		ÁAT
	design system components or processes that		
	meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety,		
	and the cultural, societal, and Environmental		
	considerations		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction analysis and interpretation of data,	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
	and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.		
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	SEE / CIE / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	1	SEE/AAT
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2	SEE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	s 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	-	>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
CO 4	\checkmark	-	>	-	-	-	-	-	-	<	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	
CO 5	\checkmark	-	>	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 6	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Usage of basic engineering tools will help to understand the problem definition and provide knowledge on IT tools.	1
	PO 5	Use of Modern tools can available facility to upgrade software models and designs to improve efficiency of the tools and techniques.	1
	PSO1	Apply differnt process models leads to have better solution models and upgraded designs to slove computing problems.	1
CO 2	PO 2	By identifying and analysing engineering problem can avail better project planning activities to schedule the project planning.	3
	PO 10	Software models can effectively communicate engineering problems and solutions and used to make effective reports in the project planning.	4
	PO 12	Using lifelonglearning new methodlogies will impart effective models and designs in project planning activities and schedules.	1
	PSO 3	Use of new technologies and innovation will improve the project planning and selection of protfolios.	2
CO 3	PO 1	Applying engineering knowledge will improve the performance of software models and can analyze the advantages by comparing with current and basuc models in software development.	1
	PO 3	Usage of models is to design solutions to complex software problems and helps to design system commponents acroding to customer requirements.	7
	PSO 3	Following new trends will help to create effective software models in the context of technological change.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Using engineering basic prinicples of software design models will be able to build software architechture of the system.	1
	PO 3	Design solutions for simple and complex problems by Defining problem, understand customer requirements, identifying basic building blocks to draw UML diagrams.	6
	PO 10	Communicate with structural and behavioral design patterns effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and give and receive clear instructions.	4
	PSO 3	Make use of computational and advanced CASE tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Apply Architectural and domain model Engineering knowledge and modelling principles, in identifying basic building blocks for visualizing artifacts of system.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	Design representation of Next gen POS system for simple and complex problems by Defining problem, understand customer requirements, identifying basic building blocks to draw UML diagrams.	6
	PO 5	Communicate static and dynamic aspects of the system using using system sequence and use case diagrams. For specifying structure and interaction of objects during runtime	2
	PSO 3	Formulate and Evaluate engineering concepts to Design next-generation computer systems by using advanced building blocks of UML.	1
CO 6	PO 5	Usage of modern tools of testing and software quality will improve the standards of verification and validation of the system.	1
	PO 10	Verification and validation willcommunicate the effectiveness of the system in real - world environment before deploying the project.	4
	PO 12	In the changing technological context life- long learning will enable to adopt changes in new verification and validation methods.	1
	PSO 3	Usage of innovative verification and validation tools will improve the quality of designs amd models in creating components of system architechture.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

				PRO	OGR.	AM	OUT	CO	MES					PSO'S	
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	_	2
CO 3	1	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 4	1	-	6	-	-		-	-	-	4	-	-	-	_	1
CO 5	1	-	6	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 6	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	1	-	-	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES PSO ³						PSO'S								
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 2	0.0	33.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0	50.0
CO 3	33.0	0.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
CO 4	33.0	0.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	25.0

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES PSO'S													
COURSE	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 5	33.0	0.0	60.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.	0.0	50.0	50.0
CO 6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	50.0	25.0

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\pmb{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

- $1 5 < C \le 40\% Low/$ Slight
- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRO	OGR.	AM	OUT	CON	MES					PSO'S	
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
CO 2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	_	-	2
CO 3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 4	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	1
CO 5	1	-	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
CO 6	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	-	-	1
TOTAL	4	1	12	-	9	-	-	-	-	9	-	3	1	-	7
AVERAGE	1.0	1.0	3.0	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	3.0	-	1.0	1.0	-	2.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	CONVENTIONAL SOFTWARE MANAGEMENT
	The waterfall model, conventional software Management performance. Evolution of Software Economics: Software Economics. Pragmatic software cost estimation.

MODULE II	IMPROVING SOFTWARE ECONOMICS
MODULE III	Reducing Software product size, improving software processes, improving team effectiveness. Improving automation, Achieving required quality, peer inspections. The old way and the new- The principles of conventional software engineering. Principles of modem software management, transitioning to an iterative process. LIFE CYCLE PHASES
	Engineering and production stages, inception. Elaboration, construction, transition phases. Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets. Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts. Model based software architectures: A Management perspective and technical perspective.
MODULE IV	PROJECT ORGANIZATIONS
	Project Organizations Line-of- business organizations, project organizations, evolution of organizations, process automation. Project Control and process instrumentation the seven-core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators, life-cycle expectations, Pragmatic software metrics, metrics automation.
MODULE V	CASE STUDIES
	CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software Project Management Practices Modern Project Profiles, NextGeneration software Economics, Modern Process Transitions

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Walker Royce, "Software Project Management", Pearson Education, 6th Edition, 2000.
- 2. Bob Hughes and Mike Cotterell, "Software Project Management", Tate McGraw H, 4th Edition, 2000

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Andrew SteIbian 8 Jennifer Greene, "Applied Software Project Management", OReilly. 2006.
- 2. Jennifer Greene and Andrew Steliman, "Head First PMP", O RoiHy, 2007.
- 3. Richard H. Thayer and Edward Yourdon, "Software Engineering Project Management", Wiley India, 2nd Edition, 2004.
- 4. Jim Highsniith, "Ale Project Management", Pearson Education, 2004.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms .iare.ac.in/ index ?route =course/details & course id=137
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEO	RY)	
1	The waterfall model	CO 1	T1:1.1
2	The waterfall model	CO 1	T1:1.1
3	The waterfall model	CO 1	T1:1.1
4	conventional software Management performance.	CO 1	T1:1.2
5	conventional software Management performance.	CO 1	T1:1.2
6	Evolution of Software Economics:Software Economics	CO 1	T1:1.3-1.4
7	Evolution of Software Economics:Software Economics	CO 1	T1:1.3-1.4
8	Pragmatic software cost estimation.	CO 1	T1:2.3
9	Pragmatic software cost estimation.	CO 1	T1:2.3
10	Reducing Software product size,	CO 1	T1:2.5
11	improving software processes	CO 2	T1:4.1
12	improving team effectiveness	CO 2	T1:5.1
13	Improving automation.	CO 2	T1:6.1
14	Achieving required quality	CO 2	T1:7.1.1
15	peer inspections	CO 2	T1:8.1.1
16	The old way and the new- The principles of conventional software engineering	CO 2	T1:11.4
17	Principles of modem software management	CO 3	T1:12.5
18	transitioning to an iterative process.	CO 3	T1:13.1
19	Engineering and production stages, inception. Elaboration, construction, transition phases	CO 3	T1:13.1
20	Engineering and production stages, inception. Elaboration, construction, transition phases	CO 3	T1:13.1
21	Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets. Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts.	CO 3	T1:14.1
22	Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets. Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts.	CO 3	T1:14.1
23	Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets. Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts.	CO 3	T1:14.1
24	Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets. Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts.	CO 3	T1:14.1

25	Artifacts of the process: The artifact sets. Management artifacts, Engineering artifacts, programmatic artifacts.	CO 3	T1:14.1
26	Model based software architectures: A Management perspective and technical perspective.	CO 4	T2: 5.2
27	Model based software architectures: A Management perspective and technical perspective	CO 4	T2: 5.2
28	Project Organizations Line-of- business organizations, project organizations, evolution of organizations	CO 4	T1:16.1
29	Project Organizations Line-of- business organizations, project organizations, evolution of organizations	CO 4	T1:16.1
30	process automation	CO 5	T1:16.4
31	process automation	CO 5	T1:16.4
32	Project Control and process instrumentation the seven-core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators modularity.	CO 5	T1:20.5
33	Project Control and process instrumentation the seven-core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators modularity.	CO 5	T1:20.5
34	Project Control and process instrumentation the seven-core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators modularity.	CO 5	T1:20.5
35	Project Control and process instrumentation the seven-core metrics, management indicators, quality indicators modularity.	CO 5	T1:20.5
36	life-cycle expectations,Pragmatic software metrics, metrics automation	CO 5	T1:21.4
37	CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software ProjectManagement Practices Modern Project Profiles	CO 6	T1:22.1
38	CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software ProjectManagement Practices Modern Project Profiles	CO 6	T1:22.1
39	CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software ProjectManagement Practices Modern Project Profiles	CO 6	T1:22.1
40	CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software Project Management Practices Modern Project Profiles	CO 6	T1:22.1
41	CCPDS-R Case Study and Future Software Project Management Practices Modern Project Profiles	CO 6	T1:22.1
42	NextGeneration software Economics, Modern Process Transitions	CO 6	T1:22.4
43	NextGeneration software Economics, Modern Process Transitions	CO 6	T1:22.4
44	NextGeneration software Economics, Modern Process Transitions	CO 6	T1:22.4
45	NextGeneration software Economics, Modern Process Transitions	CO 6	T1:22.4

	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STU		
1	Identify the main types of personnel employed in an information systems department .For each stage of a typical IS development projects, list the types of personnel who ar likely to be involved	CO 1	T2:2.1
2	Classify and describe four fundamental process activities which are common to all software processes.	CO 2	T2:2.3
3	List four facts which indicate that the requirement capture and analysis process to be very difficult.	CO 2	T2:2.3.1
4	List the problems experienced when you carried out a recent ICT - related assignment.Try tomput these problems into some order of magnitude.For each problem considere whether their was some way in which the problem could have been reduced by better organisation and planning by yourself.	CO 6	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Assume that you wise to buy a car. Identify all the attributes and methods of the car object. Write a short description of services that each will provide. Create a class hierarchy of the "car" class.	CO 6	T2:10.3.1
6	Identify the major risks that could effect the success of brightmouth college pay role project and try to rank them in order of importance	CO 4	T2:13.3
7	Evaluate if you were asked as an expert to provide an estimate of the effort need to make certain changes to an exisisting piece of software , what information would you like to have to hand to assist you in making the estimate.	CO 4	T2:17.1.1, 17.1.3
8	List out on basis of large project it is often be the responsibility of a team leader to allocate tasks to individuals.Why might it be unsatisfactory to leave such allocations entirely to discretion of the team leader.	CO 4	T2:18.1, 18.2.1
9	Describe a set of change control procedures that would be appropriate for Brigette to implement at brightmouth college.	CO 4	T2:18.3.4 18.3.4.1
10	Assume that if you have been involved recently in a group activity or project, try to categorize each participant according to Belbin classification.Were their any duplications or gaps in any of the roles?DId this seem to have any impact on progress.	CO 6	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
11	Evaluate how you measure the effectiveness of a user manual for software package? Considere both the measurements that might to applicable and the procedures by which the measurements might be taken.	CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
12	Elaborate the key responsibilities of project manager in developing the Next Gen POS system with suitable examples.	CO 6	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
13	Desribe how manager distributes tasks for each individual for ATM system development.	CO 1	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3

14	Consider the Hospital Management System application with the following requirements i. System should handle the in- patient, out-patient information through receptionist. ii. Doctors are allowed to view the patient history and give their prescription iii. There should be a information system to provide the required information Elaborate how would you distribute work amoung team members.	CO 5	T2:18.3.4, 18.3, 4.1
15	Assume that you are a team member of the certain project and have conflict with other team member. How would you handle it.	CO 4	T2:24.2,28.4
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION AND TE	RMINOLOGY	r
1	Conventional Software Management	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Improving Software Economics	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Life Cycle Phases	CO3, CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Project Organisaion	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Case Studies	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
	DISCUSSION ON QUESTION B.	ANK	
1	Conventional Software Management	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Improving Software Economics	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Life Cycle Phases	CO3,CO4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Project Organisaion	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Case Studies	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD, CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			
Course Title	SOFTW	ARE QUALI	TY ASSURA	NCE AND T	ESTING
Course Code	ACIC02				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	VI				
Course Type	Core				
Regulation	UG-20				
		Theory		P	ractical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	-	3	-	-
Course Coordinator	Ms. M Himabndu, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITB17	V	Object Oriented Software Engineering

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Software Quality and Testing refers to practical approach to software testing as a sub-discipline of software engineering. It introduces software quality concepts, standards, measurements, and practices that support the production of quality software. It offers a solid foundation in testing fundamentals including test case design, test management, and test measurement strategies, which improve the effectiveness of software test processes.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Software Quality	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Assurance and Testing			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	x	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
20 %	Understand
60 %	Apply
10 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5	30	
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	
	Total Marks			

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Vid	eo Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

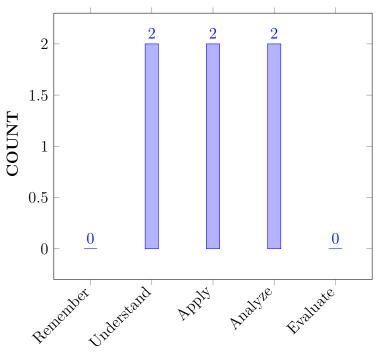
Ι	The software testing and quality assurance as a fundamental component of software life cycle
II	Describe fundamental concepts of software quality assurance.
III	How to use software quality tools and analyze their effectiveness
IV	The quality management, assurance, and quality standard to software system

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

	After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:	
--	--	--

CO 1	Demonstrate the power of wide variety of testing techniques in	Understand
	developing qualitative software as per customer needs	
CO 2	Make use of various system testing strategies at various levels for	Apply
	analyzing likelihood of faults and generating defect free software	
	product	
CO 3	Utilize Testing plans and procedures for developing effective software	Apply
	product	
CO 4	Analyze automated Testing models for evaluating correctness of real	Analyze
	time software systems	
CO 5	Illustrate the importance of standards in the quality management	Understand
	process and their impact on the final product	
CO 6	Inspect Quality assurance tools techniques to manage Risk and assess	Analyze
	quality of software developed for engineering applications	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations

	Program Outcomes
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	solutions for complex Engineering problems and		
	design system components or processes that		
	meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety,		
	and the cultural, societal, and Environmental		
	considerations		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

F	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	2	Quiz
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	2	Quiz

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2	CIE/Quiz/ AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

			PSO'S												
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 2	-	\checkmark	>	>	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 3	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 6	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Explain the knowledge extraction Process by using Testing Techniques to gain Quality Software Products by integrating computer science knowledge	3
	PSO 1	Select appropriate preprocessing techniques on real time testing models for usage of software devlopment to design next-generation computer systems, search engines, soft computing and intelligent systems, web browsers, and knowledge discovery tools.	3
	PSO 2	Infer complex testing stratagies with respect to multimedia, streams, spatial and web mining in demand with employers and contemporary challenges.	1
CO 2	PO 2	Explain the Testing Strategies by applying mathematical principles and computer science principles by integrating computer science knowledge	3
	PO 3	Understand the Requierments and apply the appropriate preprocessing techniques to solve real time faults and generate defect free software product, validation, experimental design, solution development and interpretation as a results.	8
	PO 4	Communicate in written form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation of prediction data model with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content with appropriate References and good Speaking style	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 5	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in classification and prediction for developing data centric applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning stays up with industry trends/ new technology	1
	PO 11	Understand the Complex Problem Solving in Devlopment of an End Product to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts in classification and prediction for developing End product centric applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning stays up with industry trends/ new technology	1
	PSO 1	Select appropriate preprocessing techniques on real time testing models for usage of software devlopment to design next-generation computer systems, search engines, soft computing and intelligent systems, web browsers, and knowledge discovery tools	3
	PSO 2	Infer complex testing stratagies with respect to multimedia, streams, spatial and web mining in demand with employers and contemporary challenges.	1
CO 3	PO 2	Select appropriate testing plans to analyze solutions for complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics	3
	PO 3	Make use of Apriori or FP growth methods on transaction Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection validation, experimental design, Solution development and interpretation of results	6
	PSO 1	Apply Apriori and FP growth methods on transaction data for frequent pattern mining in shipping real world software upon graduation in IT industry.	3
CO 4	PO 1	Develop a automated testing models and procedures with the help of mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge	3
	PO 5	Extend a created testing model for specific test plans by including specific problems and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction.	8
	PO 7	Develop a testing model by investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions with variant algorithms by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques	7
	PSO 2	Choose classification testing for building sofware model to learn the emerging technologies and frameworks in demand with employers and contemporary challenges.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 3	Choose classification or clustering algorithm for building classification or prediction model in shipping real world software.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Select any standards in the quality improving process using computer science principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 3	Make use of quality standards on transaction data collection, validation, experimental design, Solution development and interpretation of results.	5
	PO 5	Select appropriate software quality standerds for investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions with variant algorithms by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	8
	PO 10	Communicate in written form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation of multimedia data model with the engineering community by having major focus on clarity on content	1
	PSO 1	Infer quality models with respect to multimedia, streams, spatial for design next-generation computer systems, search engines and knowledge discovery tools.	1
	PSO 3	Infer complex data models with respect to multimedia, streams, spatial and web mining in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools.	1
CO 6	PO 2	Understand the Quality assurance tools, techniques to manage Risk and assess quality of software by applying mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 3	Extend a created quality assurance techniques for specific real time problems by including specific problems by including variant sizes of information and data collection, validation, experimental design, solution development,Implementation ,and interpretation of results and documentation is used as a sample data for new projects	8
	PO 4	Develop a real time model by investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with variant algorithms by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques	6
	PO 5	Develop a software quality model with laboratory skills, technical literature and quality issues to Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems through analytical methods	6
	PO 11	Make use of software / libraries for developing quality model.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 12	Communicate in orally form by comprehending and writing effective reports and design documentation software applications with the engineering community by having major focus content with good Speaking style.	1
	PSO 1	Examine Quality metric for design next-generation computer systems to solve real world problems, soft computing and intelligent systems and knowledge discovery tools.	3
	PSO 2	Examine quality strategies for solving real world problems for the development of applications in demand with employers and contemporary challenges.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3		
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
CO 2	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	-	2		
CO 3	3	7	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1		
CO 4	3	8	7	8	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	3	1	1		
CO 5	3	5	8	7	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	1		
CO 6	3	8	6	6	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	-		

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		50	50	-	
CO 2	100	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	16.6	33	20	100	
CO 3	100	70	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	50	
CO 4	100	80	70	72.7	100	-	-	-	-	60	-	8.3	-	100	100	
CO 5	100	50	80	63.6	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	33	33	-	
CO 6	100	80	60	54.5	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	50	50	-	

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-
CO 2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	3
CO 3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	2
CO 4	3	3	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	3
CO 5	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	-
CO 6	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	2	-
TOTAL	18	14	11	8	9	-	-	-	-	5	-	2	9	10	8
AVERAGE	3	2.8	2.75	2.6	3.0	-	-	-	-	1.25	-	1	2.0	2.0	2.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	 Image: A start of the start of
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	_	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	~	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

-	Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	SOFTWARE TESTING, CONCEPTS, ISSUES, AND TECHNIQUES
	Quality revolution, verification and validation, failure, error, fault, and defect, objectives of testing, testing activities, test case selection white-box and black box, test planning and design, test tools and automation, power of test, test team organization and management, test groups, software quality assurance group, system test team hierarchy, team building.
MODULE II	SYSTEM TESTING
	System testing, system integration techniques, incremental, top-down bottom-up sandwich and big bang, software and hardware integration, hardware design verification tests, hardware and software compatibility matrix test plan for system integration. built, in testing. functional testing, testing a function in context. boundary value analysis, decision tables. acceptance testing, selection of acceptance criteria, acceptance test plan, test execution test. software reliability, fault and failure, factors influencing software, reliability models.

MODULE III	SYSTEM TEST CATEGORIES
	Taxonomy of system tests, interface tests, functionality tests; GUI tests, security tests feature tests, robustness tests, boundary value tests power cycling tests interoperability tests, scalability tests, stress tests, load and stability tests, reliability tests, regression tests, regulatory tests. Test generation from FSM models, State-Oriented Model, Finite-State Machine Transition Tour Method, testing with state verification, test architectures, local, distributed, coordinated, remote, system test design, 142 — P a g e test design factors requirement identification, modeling a test design process test design preparedness, metrics, test case design effectiveness; System test execution, modeling defects, metrics for monitoring test execution, defect reports, defect causal analysis, beta testing, measuring test effectiveness.
MODULE IV	SOFTWARE QUALITY
	Software quality, Peoples Quality Expectations, Frameworks and ISO, 9126, McCalls Quality Factors and Criteria – Relationship, Quality Metrics, Quality Characteristics ISO 9000:2000 Software Quality Standard; Maturity models: Test Process Improvement, Testing Maturity Model
MODULE V	SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE
	Quality Assurance, Root Cause Analysis, modeling, technologies, standards and methodologies for defect prevention; Fault tolerance and failure containment, safety assurance and damage control, hazard analysis using fault-trees and event-trees. Comparing quality assurance techniques and activities; QA monitoring and measurement, risk identification for quantifiable quality improvement; Case Study: FSM-Based Testing of Web-Based Applications.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Kshira Sagar Naik Priyadarshi Tripathy, Software Testing and Quality Assurance-Theory and Practice, John Wiley and Sons Inc, Wiley Student Edition, 2010.
- 2. Jeff Tian, "Software Quality Engineering: Testing, Quality Assurance, and Quantifiable Improvement", John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey, 2005.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Daniel Galin, "Software Quality Assurance From Theory to Implementation", Pearson Education Ltd UK, 2004.
- 2. MilindLimaye, "Software Quality Assurance", TMH, New Delhi, 2011.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.cigniti.com/e,books/
- 2. http://desy.lecturer.pens.ac.id/
- 3. http://aagasc.edu.in/

E-TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. https://www.cisco.com/application/pdf/en/us/guest/products/ps2011/c2001/ ccmigration_09186a00802342c f.pdfhttps://www.jntubook.com
- 2. $http://ftp.utcluj.ro/pub/users/cemil/dwdm/dwdm_Intro/0_5311707.pdf$

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1								
	OBE DISCUSSION										
1	In Outcome-Based Education (OBE), we discussed about course delivery assessment that are planned to achieve stated objectives and outcomes. We will focuses on measuring student performance i.e. outcomes at different levels. Course outcomes(CO),Program Outcomes(PO)and Program Specific Outcomes(PSO) and also mapping of CO's to PO's PSO's and their attainments are discussed.	-	-								
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)										
2	Quality revolution, verification and validation	CO1	T1: 3.1								
3	Failure, error, fault, and defect,	CO1	T1: 3.1								
4	Objectives of testing	CO1	T1: 3.3								
5	Testing activities	CO1	T1: 3.3								
6	Test case selection white-box and black box	CO1	T1: 3.3								
7	Test planning and design	CO1	T1: 3.3								
8	Test tools and automation	CO1	T1: 3.2								
9	Power of test, test team organization and management,	CO1	T1: 3.2								
10	Test groups, software quality assurance group	CO1	T1: 3.2								
11	System test team hierarchy, team building	CO2	T1: 3.4-3.5								
12	System testing, system integration techniques	CO2	T1: 3.4-3.5								
13	Incremental, top-down bottom-up sandwich and big bang	CO2	T1: 3.4-3.5								
14	Software and hardware integration	CO2	T1: 3.4-3.5								
15	Hardware design verification tests	CO1	T1: 1.1-1.7								
16	Hardware and software compatibility matrix test plan for system integration	CO1	T1: 1.1-1.7								
17	Built in testing, functional testing, testing a function in context	$\rm CO2$	T1: 2.1-2.5								
18	Boundary value analysis	CO2	T1: 2.1-2.5								
19	Decision tables	CO2	T1: 2.1-2.5								
20	Acceptance testing, selection of acceptance criteria	CO4	T1: 2.3-2.4								
21	Acceptance test plan, test execution test	CO4	T1: 2.3-2.4								
22	software reliability, fault and failure	CO4	T1: 2.3-2.4								
23	Factors influencing software	CO5	T1: 5.3								

24	Reliability models	CO5	T1: 5.3
25	Taxonomy of system tests	CO5	T1: 5.3
26	Interface tests, functionality tests	CO3	T1: 5.2
27	GUI tests, security tests feature tests, robustness tests	CO3	T1: 5.2
28	Boundary value tests power cycling tests interoperability	CO3	T1: 5.2.2
	tests		
29	Scalability tests, stress tests, load and stability tests.	CO3	T1: 5.2.2
30	Reliability tests, regression tests, regulatory tests.	CO5	T1: 5.2.4
31	Test generation from FSM models	CO4	T1:
			6.1-6.2
32	State-Oriented Model	CO4	T1:
			6.1-6.2
33	Finite-State Machine Transition Tour Method,	CO4	T1: 6.1-
24		004	6.2
34	Testing with state verification	CO4	T1: 6.1-6.2
35	Test architectures	CO4	T1: 6.1-
00			6.2
36	Local, distributed, coordinated, remote, system test design	CO4	T1: 6.4
37	Test design factors requirement identification,	CO4	T1: 6.4
38	Modeling a test design process test design preparedness,	CO4	T1: 6.5
39	Metrics, test case design effectiveness	CO4	T1: 6.5
40	System test execution	CO4,	T1: 6.6
		CO6	
41	Modeling defects, metrics for monitoring test execution	CO4,	T1: 6.6
		CO6	
42	Defect reports, defect causal analysis	CO4,	T1: 6.6
4.9		CO6	T 1
43	Beta testing, measuring test effectiveness.	CO4	T1: 7.1-7.3
44	Software quality, Peoples Quality Expectations, Frameworks	CO5	T1: 7.5
11	and ISO, 9126, McCalls Quality Factors and Criteria –		11. 1.0
	Relationship		
45	Quality Metrics, Quality Characteristics ISO 9000:2000	CO5	T1: 7.6
	Software Quality Standard		
46	Maturity models: Test Process Improvement	CO5	T1: 7.11
47	Testing Maturity Model	CO5	T1: 7.11
48	Quality Assurance, Root Cause Analysis	CO5	T1: 7.11
49	Fault tolerance and failure containment, safety assurance and damage control	CO5,CO6	T1: 7.11
50	Comparing quality assurance techniques and activities; QA monitoring and measurement, risk identification for	CO5	T1: 7.11
	quantifiable quality improvement;		
1	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	1	D9.75
1	Problems on demonstrate the working of the constructs.	CO 1	R2:7.5
2	Problems on System Specifications	CO 2	R2:7.5

3	Problems on Test cases	CO 2	R2:7.5					
4	Problems on Test Plans	CO 2	R2:7.5					
5	Problems on Test tools	CO 2	R2:7.5					
6	Problems on preprocessing techniques and relate to the	CO 3	R2:7.5					
	given data to perform summarization and visualization							
7	Problems on applications of selenium	CO 3	R2:7.5					
8	Problems on Bugtracking Tool	CO 3	R2:7.5					
9	Problems on Bug BIT	CO 3	R2:7.5					
10	Problems on Test Managment Tool	CO 3	R2:7.5					
11	Problems on Open Source Testing Tool	CO 3	R2:7.5					
12	Problems on Automated Functional Testing Tool	CO 4	R2:7.5					
13	Problems on Interception of Matrix Multiplication	CO 5	R2:7.5					
14	Problems on Functional Testing	CO 6	R2:7.5					
15	Problems on QTP(Quick Test Professional) automation	CO 6	R2:7.5					
	testing							
DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMINOLOGY								
1	Define Dichotomy?	CO 1	T1:1.2					
$\frac{1}{2}$	Define Dichotomy? Define Unit testing?	CO 1 CO 2	T1:1.2 T1:1.6					
2	Define Unit testing?	CO 2	T1:1.6					
2 3	Define Unit testing? What is transaction flow graph?	CO 2 CO 3	T1:1.6 T1:8,9					
$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{array}$	Define Unit testing?What is transaction flow graph?Name the different types of junctions?	CO 2 CO 3 CO 4	T1:1.6 T1:8,9 T1:9.1					
$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 3\\ 4 \end{array}$	Define Unit testing? What is transaction flow graph? Name the different types of junctions? What is Equivalence partitioning? DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK Discuss briefly about Evolutionary process models with neat	CO 2 CO 3 CO 4	T1:1.6 T1:8,9 T1:9.1					
$ \begin{array}{c} 2\\ 3\\ 4\\ 5\\ \end{array} $	Define Unit testing? What is transaction flow graph? Name the different types of junctions? What is Equivalence partitioning? DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK	CO 2 CO 3 CO 4 CO 5 CO 1	T1:1.6 T1:8,9 T1:9.1 T1:10,11					
2 3 4 5	Define Unit testing? What is transaction flow graph? Name the different types of junctions? What is Equivalence partitioning? DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK Discuss briefly about Evolutionary process models with neat	CO 2 CO 3 CO 4 CO 5 CO 1 CO 2	T1:1.6 T1:8,9 T1:9.1 T1:10,11					
2 3 4 5 1	Define Unit testing? What is transaction flow graph? Name the different types of junctions? What is Equivalence partitioning? DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK Discuss briefly about Evolutionary process models with neat diagram. Discuss about requirement validation? Write short notes on component level and deployment level design elements	CO 2 CO 3 CO 4 CO 5 CO 1	T1:1.6 T1:8,9 T1:9.1 T1:10,11 T1:1.2					
$ \begin{array}{c} 2\\ 3\\ 4\\ 5\\ 1\\ 2\\ \end{array} $	Define Unit testing? What is transaction flow graph? Name the different types of junctions? What is Equivalence partitioning? DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK Discuss briefly about Evolutionary process models with neat diagram. Discuss about requirement validation? Write short notes on component level and deployment level	CO 2 CO 3 CO 4 CO 5 CO 1 CO 2	T1:1.6 T1:8,9 T1:9.1 T1:10,11 T1:1.2 T1:1.5					

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	NETWO	NETWORK AND WEB SECURITY						
Course Code	ACIC03	ACIC03						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	VI	VI						
Course Type	Core	Core						
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		P	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	3	1	4	-	-			
Course Coordinator	Dr. C M	Dr. C Madhusudhana Rao, Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG-20	AITCO6	V	Computer Networks
UG-20	AITC09	V	Web Application Development

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course introduces application security in recommending proper mitigations for web security issues, and infrastructure security. The security problems, protocols who have an interest in enhancing the defense of web applications.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Network and Web	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Security			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
60 %	Understand
20%	Apply
10%	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks			
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10				
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30			
	AAT-1	5	50			
	AAT-2	5				
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70			
	Total Marks					

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

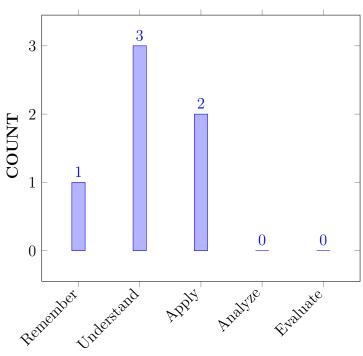
Ι	The basics of Cryptography and Network Security
II	The process of securing a message over insecure channel by various means
III	The mechanisms for maintaining confidentiality, integrity and availability of a data
IV	The various protocols for network security to protect against the threats in the networks.
	networks.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

111001 00	the successful completion of the course, students should be usie to.					
CO 1	Interpret various protocols(TCP,DNS,SMTP) for solving the security	Understand				
	problems in the network					
CO 2	Solve unautorized access from the internet by using firewalls,	Apply				
	DNSSEC with NSEC3					
CO 3	Find computer and network security issues and classify the issues to	Remember				
	prevent, detect and recover from the attacks					
CO 4	Summarize HTML elements and attributes for structuring and	Understand				
	presenting the content of webpage based on the user requirement					
CO 5	Identify HTTP pollution and HTTP parameter tammpering attacks	Apply				
	by various techniques					
CO 6	Explain the mechanisms for maintaining confidentiality, integrity and	Understand				
	availability of a data					

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes									
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science,									
	engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution									
	of complex engineering problems.									
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and									
	analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions									
	using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering									
	sciences.									

	Program Outcomes						
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex						
	Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet						
	the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and						
	safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations						
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based						
	knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis						
	and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.						
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques,						
FO 0	resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and						
	modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the						
	limitations						
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual						
	knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the						
	consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.						
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the						
	professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and						
	demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.						
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and						
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.						
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a						
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.						
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering						
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,						
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design						
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.						
PO 11							
PUII	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these						
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects						
	and in multidisciplinary environments.						
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation						
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest						
	context of technological change						
L	0 0						

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	SEE / CIE /
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	SEE / CIE /
	research literature, and analyze complex		AAT
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 4	Problem analysis: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions (Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems).	1	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	1	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	SEE / CIE / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

P	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation	2	SEE/AAT
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society	2	SEE/AAT

F	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2	SEE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	<	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	
CO 2	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	-	>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	>	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	>	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	>	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.			
C ^{O 1}	PO 1	Describe the relationship between data and signals, their types, behavior, properties, characterization and transmission through the physical layer by understanding mathematical principles and scientific principles.	2			
	PO 3 Understand the concepts E-mail, telnet, secure shell for innovative solutions, evaluate the solution of the complex issues.					
	PO 4	Evaluate the performance of a single link, logical process-to-process (end-to-end) channel, a and a network as a whole (latency, bandwidth, and throughput).	2			
	PO 10	Recognize the importance of error detection and correction techniques for optimizing the efficiency of the networks by communicating effectively with engineering community.	2			
	PSO1	Design next-generation computer systems, networking devices, search engines, soft computing and intelligent systems, web browsers, and knowledge discovery tools	6			

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO3	Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry	1
CO 2	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of mathematics and Engineering principals to Select firewalls to provide web security as case study in cryptography and network security	2
	PO 3	Outline the customer requirements, maintenance and engineering activities to provide web security using appropriate firewalls.	4
	PSO 1	Understand the problem specific constraints to provide web security by using appropriate firewall	4
CO 3	PO 1	Understand the problem specific constraints to provide web security by using appropriate firewall.	1
	PO 3	Classify the key issues in terms of defining various problems, related to Information Security	2
	PSO 1	Develop various types of viruses and its vulnerabilities.	4
CO 4	PO 1	Knowledge of web and components strongly helps student to design and develop web based engineering solutions	3
	PO 3	Designing and developing static and dynamic web pages can help the student to design and develop practical solutions, to common problems, over the web.	2
	PO 5	Apply appropriate techniques, modern Engineering and IT tools to design a web page with HTML and CSS and use search tools such as browsers to produce the view of webpage .	1
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community related to web development and with society at large, to design web pages and write effective Programming by using the elements of HTML and CSS.	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for advanced concepts related to HTML and CSS for understanding and developingweb applications through continuing education efforts with ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends.	1
	PSO 1	Identify the Customer needs and problem specific constraints in designing web pages related to the basic concepts of HTML and CSS.	2
	PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tool in designing Web applications by applying the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms and desire for higher studies.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of mathematics and Engineering principals to Choose appropriate architecture and protocols to provide security to email against attackers and intruders.	2

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 2	Make use of appropriate architecture and protocols required for problem identification, formulation, abstraction, data collection, design and to provide security to E-mail and IP	6
	PO 3	Outline the customer requirements, maintenance and engineering activities to provide security to email against attackers and intruders.	2
	PO 10	Security problems on computers will be solved with clear applications of engineering network, security and cryptographic algorithms.	2
	PO 12	Use appropriate techniques and algorithms in computer science related, industry oriented applications for preventing attacks on computers	2
	PSO 1	Understand the problem specific constraints to prevent attacks on E-mail and IP by choosing appropriate architecture and protocols.	1
	PSO 2	Focus on improving network security by selecting appropriate network security and cryptographic algorithms to prevent attacks on computer.	1
	PSO 3	Extend the use of modern computer tools for creating innovative career paths to prevent attacks on E-mail using appropriate algorithms.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of mathematics and Engineering principals for maintaining confidentiality, integrity and availability of data.	2
	PO 5	Demonstrate modern Engineering and IT tools to design a web page with HTML and CSS and use appropriate techniques to provide security to the data.	1
	PSO 1	Design and analyze computer programs using the concepts of Algorithms to solve the problems of the data security	2
	PSO 2	Design and develop software applications with a focus on high security and reliability of data.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	-	3	2	-	-	-	_	-	2	-	-	6	-	1
CO 2	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
CO 3	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
CO 4	3	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	-	1
CO 5	2	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	1	1
CO 6	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.6	0.0	30.0	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	50.0
CO 2	66.6	0.0	40.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.6	0.0	0.0
CO 3	33.3	0.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.6	0.0	0.0
CO 4	100	0.0	20.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	12.5	33.3	0.0	50.0
CO 5	66.6	60.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	0.0	25.0	16.6	50.0	50.0
CO 6	66.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	50.0	0.0

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\pmb{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

 $1 - 5 < C \le 40\% - Low/$ Slight

 $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - 60% \leq C < 100% – Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	2
CO 2	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 4	3	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	2
CO 5	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	2	2
CO 6	3	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-
TOTAL	16	3	5	1.0	6	-	-	-	-	3	_	2	12	4	6
AVERAGE	2.6	3.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	-	I	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	~	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

	/	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
2	ζ	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	SECURITY PROBLEMS IN NETWORK PROTOCOLS
	TCP, DNS, SMTP, ROUTING, Problems in TCP/IP protocol suite, survey of BGP security, DNS cache poisoning.
MODULE II	NETWORK DEFENSE TOOLS
	Security evaluation of DNSSEC with NSEC3, distributed firewalls, detecting network intruders in real time, network security testing, art of port scanning.
MODULE III	MALWARE AND ATTACKS
	Computer viruses, spyware and key, loggers, bot, nets, attacks and defenses, denial of service attacks Control hijacking attacks, exploits and defenses, exploitation techniques and fuzzing
MODULE IV	BASICS OF WEB SECURITY
	Web Basics: HTML, CSS, JS, URLs, DOM, Frames, HTTP, Navigation, X-Domain communication, Network Attacks and HTTPS, Limitations of HTTPS, Same Origin Policy and Web Attacker Model, Injection Flaws (I): Cross, site Scripting (XSS), Injection Flaws (II) : XSS (contd.), SQL Injection, OS Command Injection, HTTP Header Injection .
MODULE V	INSECURE WEB LOGIC
	Logic Flaws, HTTP Pollution, HTTP Parameter Tampering, Cookie Flaws and Server Misconfiguration, Attacks on User Interfaces, Browser Design and Flaws, User Privacy: Browser and Device Fingerprinting, User Tracking, Browser Caching Flaws

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards", Pearson Education Limited, 6th Edition, 2016.
- 2. Uttam K Roy, "Web Technologies", Oxford University Press, Illustrated Edition, 2010
- 3. Amanda Berlin and Lee Brotherston, "Defensive Security Handbook", OReilly, 1st Edition, 2017.
- 4. John E. Canavan, "The Fundamentals of Network Security," Artech House Publishers, In-Print-Forever hardbound Edition, 2001.
- 5. Chris Bates, "Web Programming: Building Internet Applications", Wiley, 3rd Edition, 2006.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Jon Duckett, "Beginning Web Programming with HTML, XHTML, and CSS", WROX, 2nd Edition, 2008.
- 2. R. W. Sebesta, "Programming World Wide Web", Pearson, 4th Edition, 2007.
- 3. Paul Dietel, "Internet and World Wide Web How To Program", Pearson, 4th Edition, 2007.
- 4. Juanita Ellis, Tim Speed, William P. Crowell, "The Internet Security Guidebook: From Planning to Deployment," Academic Press, 1st Edition, 2001.
- 5. Stephen Northcutt, Donald McLachlan, Judy Novak, "Network Intrusion Detection: An Analyst's Handbook", New Riders Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2000.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference				
	OBE DISCUSS	SION					
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms .iare.ac.in/ index ?route =course/details & course id=137				
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)						
1	Transmission Control Protocol	CO 1	T1:1.1				
2	Transmission Control Protocol	CO 1	T1:1.1				
3	Domain Name System	CO 1	T1:1.1				
4	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	CO 1	T1:1.2				
5	ROUTING	CO 1	T1:1.3-1.4				
6	Problems on ROUTING	CO 1	T1:1.3-1.4				
7	Problems in TCP/IP protocol suite	CO 1	T1:2.3				
8	survey of BGP security	CO 1	T1:2.5				
9	DNS cache poisoning	CO 1	T1:4.1				
10	Security evaluation of DNSSEC with NSEC3	CO 2	T1:5.1				
11	Discussion on Security evaluation of DNSSEC with NSEC3	CO 2	T1:5.1				
12	Distributed firewalls.	CO 2	T1:6.1				
13	Detecting network intruders in real time	CO 2	T1:7.1.1				
14	Techniques for Detecting network intruders in real time	CO 2	T1:7.1.1				
15	Network security testing	CO 2	T1:8.1.1				
16	Art of port scanning.	CO 3	T1:11.4				
17	Computer viruses	CO 3	T1:12.5				
18	Spyware and key	CO 3	T1:13.1				
19	Discussion on loggers	CO 3	T1:13.1				
20	Discussion on bot	CO 3	T1:13.1				
21	Discussion on nets	CO 3	T1:13.1				
22	attacks and defenses	CO 3	T1:14.1				
23	denial of service attacks .	CO 3	T2: 5.2				
24	Control hijacking attacks	CO 4	T1:16.1				
25	Exploits and defenses	CO 3	T1:16.4				
26	exploitation techniques and fuzzing	CO 3	T1:20.5				
27	Web Basics: HTML, CSS	CO 4	T1:21.4				
28	Web Basics: JS, URLs,	CO 4	T1:21.4				
29	DOM, Frames, HTTP, Navigation	CO 4	T1:22.1				
30	X-Domain communication	CO 4	T1:22.4				

	1	1	
31	Network Attacks and HTTPS,	CO 4	T1:22.4
32	Limitations of HTTPS, Same Origin Policy and Web Attacker Model	CO 4	T1:22.4
33	Injection Flaws (I): Cross, site Scripting (XSS)	CO 4	T1:22.4
34	Injection Flaws (II) : XSS (contd.), SQL Injection, OS Command Injection, HTTP Header Injection	CO 4	T1:22.4
35	Logic Flaws, HTTP Pollution	CO 5	T1:22.4
36	Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Pollution	CO 5	T1:22.4
37	HTTP Parameter Tampering, Cookie Flaws and Server Misconfiguration	CO 5	T1:22.4
38	Attacks on User Interfaces, Browser Design and Flaws	CO 5	T1:22.4
39	User Privacy: Browser and Device Fingerprinting	CO 6	T1:22.4
40	User Tracking, Browser Caching Flaws	CO 6	T1:22.4
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ C	CASE STUDIE	S
1	Discuss in detail about the connection establishment and release in TCP	CO 1	T2:2.1
2	Discuss about application layer and client CO 2 server programming CO 2		T2:2.3
3	Problems on performance issues	CO 2	T2:2.3.1
4	Problems on DNSSEC with NSEC3	CO 6	T2:7.2,7.3
5	Problems on art of port scanning	CO 6	T2:10.3.1
6	Problems on network security testing	CO 4	T2:13.3
7	Problems on distributed firewalls	CO 4	T2:17.1.1, 17.1.3
8	Problems on loggers, bot, nets	CO 4	T2:18.1, 18.2.1
9	Problems on denial of service attack	CO 4	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
10	Using hooks create state object and update the state of component in reactjs	CO 6	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
11	Design the static web pages required for an online book store web site.	CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
12	Write down the program to create forms in React?	CO 6	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
13	Develop the calculator using javascript, html and css	CO 5	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3
14	Develop a web application to control over different layouts.	CO 5	T2:18.3.4, 18.3, 4.1
15	Develop a basic web pages using Reactjs.	CO 4	T2:24.2,28.4
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITION	AND TERMI	·
1	Security Problems in Network Protocols	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1
2	Network Defense Tools	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2
3	Malware and Attacks	CO3, CO 4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3
4	Basics of Web Security	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4
5	Insecure Web logic	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3

	DISCUSSION ON QUESTION BANK					
1	Security Problems in Network Protocols	CO 1	T2:18.3.4, 18.3.4.1			
2	Network Defense Tools	CO 2	T2:22.12, 19.1.2			
3	Malware and Attacks	CO3,CO4	T2:18.4, 18.4.3			
4	Basics of Web Security	CO 5	T2:19.2, 18.4.4			
5	Insecure Web logic	CO 6	T2:23.1.1, 23.1.3			

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	DISAST	DISASTER MANAGEMENT				
Course Code	ACEC31	ACEC31				
Program	B.Tech					
Semester	VI					
Course Type	Open Elective					
Regulation	IARE-UG20					
	Theory			Practical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3	-	3	-	-	
Course Coordinator	Ms. Patnala V S Neelima, Assistant Professor					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG	-	-	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The Disaster management provides a fundamental understanding of different aspects. It deals with the concepts and functions of disaster management to build competencies of professionals and development practitioners. It provides effective supporting environment by the governmental locating substantial resources for effective mitigation of disasters. It helps learners to apply the disaster mitigation strategies, preparedness for reducing damage intensity, loss of life and property.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Disaster Management	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	х	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	х	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in Table: 1.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
17%	Remember
83 %	Understand
0%	Apply
0 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks		
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10			
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30		
	AAT-1	5			
	AAT-2	5			
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70		
	Total Marks				

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered. Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

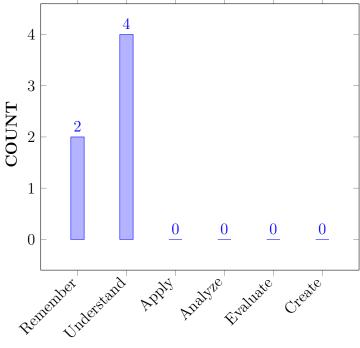
Ι	The concept of environmental hazards, disasters and various approaches dealing with the mitigation of disasters.
II	The knowledge on various types of environmental disasters and their impacts on human beings and nature.
III	The Different types of endogenous and exogenous hazards and their influence on human life and nature.
IV	The immediate response and damage assessment with information reporting and monitoring tools.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Classify Environmental hazards for developing modern disaster	Remember
	management system.	
CO 2	Illustrate various approches for reducing the level of risk	Understand
	associated with Disasters.	
CO 3	Compare natural and manmade disasters for finding out intensity	Understand
	of damage loss occurred by them.	
CO 4	List various hazards and their effects for evaluating their impact on	Remember
	society and Environment.	
CO 5	Outline human adjustments and perception towards hazards for	Understand
	mitigation of disasters.	
CO 6	Summarize disaster phenomenon and its different contextual	Understand
	aspects for implementing the Disaster Risk Reduction Strategy.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	 Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	1	CIE/SEE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	-	-
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society	-	-
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE				PRO	DGR.	AM	OUT	COI	MES					PSO'	S
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	I	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Apply the knowledge and principals of mathematics to engineering problems in determining an area enclosed by irregular boundary line using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals	2
	PO 7	Understand the disaster management by considering Environmental impacts on the livelihood and their effect on Socio economic issues for sustainable development.	2
CO 2	PO 1	Apply the knowledge on various disaster mitigation approaches in engineering disciplines and and use their application in geographical researches.	1
	PO 6	Apply the engineering knowledge in disaster management to promote sustainable development and build Awareness on health, safety, and risk issues associated with Disasters.	4
CO 3	PO 6	Identify engineering activities including personnel, health, safety, and risk and effective disaster management strategies for implementing, analyzing disaster impacts on human life and environment.	4
	PO 7	Understand intensity of disasters and their impact on environment and influence on socio economic parameter for assessment of intensity of risk.	2
CO 4	PO 6	Identify engineering activities including personnel, health, safety, and risk for analyzing hazard impacts on environment.	4
	PO 7	Identify the impact of various hazards in socio economic and environmental aspects for developing modern disaster management system.	2

CO 5	PO 1	Understand the methodology and scientific principal towards hazards for human adjustments and perception by sharing technological knowledge from other engineering branches .	2
	PO 6	Understanding of the need for a high level of professional and ethical conduct in engineering for human adjustments, perception with effective management strategies for disaster mitigation.	4
CO 6	PO 1	Understand the knowledge of scientific principal and methodology in disaster phenomenon for minimizing impact by implementing the Disaster Risk Reduction Strategy.	2
	PO 6	Appropriate management strategies are to be applied to reduce the level of risk in disaster mitigation.	1
	PO 9	Apply disaster risk reduction strategy using vrious organizations and work effetively as an individual and as a member or a leader are to be applied to reduce the level of risk in disaster mitigation.	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING:

COURSE	Pro	gran	n Ou	tcom	nes/	No.	of K	ey C	omp	eteno	cies I	Matched]	PSO'S	5
OUTCOMES	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 5	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	33.3	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	80	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	80	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	66.6	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	66.6	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 5 \leq C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ 60% \leq C < 100% Substantial /High

COURSE				PRC)GR	AM	OUT	CON	MES]	PSO'S	5
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	10	-	-	-	-	13	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVERAGE	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Term Paper	-	Concept Video	\checkmark	Open Ended	-
				Experiments	
Assignments	-	Mini project	-	Tech Talk	\checkmark

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

x	Assessment of mini projects by	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
	Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS
	Environmental hazards and disasters: meaning of environmental hazards, environmental disasters and environmental stress; concept of environmental hazards, environmental stress and environmental disasters, different approaches and relation with human ecology, landscape approach, ecosystem approach, perception approach, human ecology and its application in geographical researches.
MODULE II	TYPES OF ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS
	Types of environmental hazards and disasters: Natural hazards and disasters, man induced hazards and disasters, natural hazards, planetary hazards/ disasters, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, planetary hazards, endogenous hazards, exogenous hazards.

MODULE III	ENDOGENOUS HAZARDS
	Endogenous hazards, volcanic eruption, earthquakes, landslides, volcanic hazards/ disasters, causes and distribution of volcanoes, hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions, environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions. Earthquake hazards/ disasters, causes of earthquakes, distribution of earthquakes, hazardous effects of, earthquakes, earthquake hazards in India,human adjustment, perception and mitigation of earthquake.
MODULE IV	EXOGENOUS HAZARDS
	Exogenous hazards/disasters, infrequent events, cumulative atmospheric hazards/disasters; Infrequent events: Cyclones, lightning, hailstorms; Cyclones: Tropical cyclones and local storms, destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters: Floods, droughts, cold waves, heat waves floods; Causes of floods, flood hazards India, flood control measures (human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Droughts:Impacts of droughts, drought hazards in India, drought control measures,extra planetary hazards/ disasters, man induced hazards / disasters, physical hazards/ disasters, soil erosion, Soil erosion; Chemical hazards/ disasters: Release of toxic chemicals, nuclear explosion, sedimentation processes; Sedimentation processes: Global sedimentation problems regional sedimentation problems, sedimentation and environmental problems, corrective measures of erosion.
MODULE V	EMERGING APPROACHES IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT
	Emerging approaches in Disaster Management, Three Stages 1. Pre, disaster stage(preparedness) 2. Emergency Stage 3. Post Disaster stage, Rehabilitation.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. PardeepSahni, "Disaster Mitigation: Experiences and Reflections", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 1 st Edition, 2001.
- 2. J.Glynn, GaryW.HeinKe, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall Publishers, 2 nd Edition, 1996.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. R.B.Singh (Ed), "Environmental Geography", 2nd Edition, 1990.
- 2. R.B. Singh (Ed), "Disaster Management", 2nd Edition, 2006.
- 3. Donald Hyndman "Natural Hazards and Disasters" 5th edition, 2017.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be a changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Objectives, Course Outcomes, Program Outcomes	, CO-PO M	Iapping
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Classify Environmental Hazards & Disasters	CO 1	T2:26.3, R2: 3.1
3	Understand the Meaning of Environmental Hazards	CO 1	T2:2.2.2
4	Understand Environmental Stress	CO 1	T2:2.2.2, R3:3.7
5	Understand Environmental stress.	CO 2	T2:2.2.2
6	Obtain knowledge on Concept of Environmental Hazards	CO 2	T1:8.1
7	Capacity to analyze Environmental stress & Environmental Disasters	CO 2	T1:7.1, R2: 1.2
8	Capacity to analyze Ecology concept	CO 2	T2:3.2.3, R2: 1.3
9	Understand Different Approaches	CO 3	T2:4.2.3
10	Understand Landscape Approach	CO 3	T2:4.5.2
11	Explain Ecosystem approach -Perception approach.	CO 3	T2:4.7.9
12	Understand Human ecology & its application in geographical researches	CO 4	T2:5.2.1, R2: 6.4
13	Understand Human ecology & its application in geographical researches	CO 4	T2:5.2.1, R2: 6.4
14	Understand Types of Environmental hazards & Disasters	CO 4	T2:5.4
15	Capacity to analyze and evaluate Natural hazards and Disasters	CO 3	T2:5.5.3
16	Capacity to analyze and evaluate Natural hazards and Disasters	CO 3	T2:5.5.3
17	Understand Man induced hazards & Disasters	CO 3	T2:6.2.2
18	Understand Man induced hazards & Disasters	CO 3	T2:6.2.2
19	Obtain knowledge on Natural Hazards- Planetary Hazards/ Disasters	CO 4	R1:2.5, R2: 8.2
20	Obtain knowledge on Natural Hazards- Planetary Hazards/ Disasters	CO 4	R1:2.5, R2: 8.2
21	Analyze the Planetary Hazards-Endogenous Hazards - Exogenous Hazards	CO 4	R2:2.2.5, R2: 9.2
22	Analyze the Planetary Hazards-Endogenous Hazards - Exogenous Hazards	CO 4	R2:2.2.5, R2: 9.2

23	Understand Volcanic Eruption – Earthquakes – Landslides	CO 4	R3:5.4.8, R2: 9.6
24	Understand Volcanic Eruption – Earthquakes – Landslides	CO 4	R3:5.4.8, R2: 9.6
25	Volcanic Hazards/Disasters- Causes and distribution of Volcanoes	CO 4	T2:8.1.2
26	Volcanic Hazards/Disasters- Causes and distribution of Volcanoes	CO 4	T2:8.1.2
27	Explain the Hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions	CO 4	T2:8.3.5, R2: 5.3
28	Explain the Hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions	CO 4	T2:8.3.5, R2: 5.3
29	Understand Environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions - Earthquake Hazards/ disasters - Causes of Earthquakes	CO 4	T2:8.5
30	Understand Environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions - Earthquake Hazards/ disasters - Causes of Earthquakes	CO 4	T2:8.5
31	Distribution of earthquakes - Hazardous effects of - earthquakes - Earthquake Hazards in India	CO 4	T2:8.9.2
32	Explain the Droughts: Impacts of droughts, Drought hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.6
33	Explain the Droughts: Impacts of droughts, Drought hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.6
34	Understand Extra Planetary Hazards/ Disasters- Man induced Hazards /Disasters	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.7
35	Understand Extra Planetary Hazards/ Disasters- Man induced Hazards /Disasters	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.7
36	Understand the Infrequent events: Cyclones, Lightning, Hailstorms, Cyclones: Earthquake Hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.5.3
37	Understand the Infrequent events: Cyclones, Lightning, Hailstorms, Cyclones: Earthquake Hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.5.3
38	Analyze the Tropical cyclones and Local storms	CO 5	T2:9.6.2, R3: 8.5
39	Understand the Destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation)	CO 5	T2:9.7.5, R3: 8.12
40	Understand the Destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation)	CO 5	T2:9.7.5, R3: 8.12
41	Analyze the Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters : Floods, Droughts, Cold waves, Heat waves Floods	CO 5	T2:9.5.4
42	Analyze the Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters : Floods, Droughts, Cold waves, Heat waves Floods	CO 5	T2:9.5.4
43	Identification of Flood control measures (Human adjustment, perception and mitigation),	CO 6	T2:9.5.4

44	Identification of Flood control measures (Human adjustment, perception and mitigation),	CO 6	T2:9.5.4
45	Analyze the Exogenous hazards/ disasters - Infrequent events- Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters	CO 6	T2:9.5.6
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		
1	Case study on modern disaster management system	CO 1	T2:2.2.2
2	Case study on natural disaster	CO 2	T2:2.2.2
3	Case study on manmade disaster	CO 3	T2:2.2.2
2	Case study on Latur earthquake	CO 4	T2:2.2.2
4	Case study on Fukushima Nuclear disaster	CO 4	T2:2.2.2 R3:3.7
5	Case study on tsunami occurred in Japan	CO 5	T2:2.2.2
6	Case study on Hiroshima and Nagasaki	CO 4	T1:8.1
7	Case study on Russian Siberia oil spill	CO 4	T1:7.1, R2: 1.2
8	Case study on Hudhud Cyclone 2014	CO 5	T2:3.2.3 R2: 1.3
9	Case study on South India Floods 2015	CO 5	T2:4.2.3
10	Case study on Bihar Heat Wave 2019	CO 5	T2:4.5.2
11	Case study on Bihar Floods 2019	CO 5	T2:4.7.9
12	Case study on Oil Spillage in Russia 2020	CO 4	T2:5.4
13	Case study on Yellow River Flood in china	CO 4	T2:5.5.3
14	Case study on Bhola Cyclone Bangladesh	CO 5	T2:6.2.2
15	Causes of wildfires and effects	CO 4	T2:9.5.4
16	pre-disaster activities to reduce the impact of cyclones	CO 5	T2:9.5.4
17	Tectonic plate theory	CO 4	T2:9.5.6
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
1	Different approaches and relation with human ecology, landscape approach, ecosystem approach, perception approach	CO 1	T2:2.2.2
2	Natural hazards, planetary hazards/ disasters, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, planetary hazards, endogenous hazards, exogenous hazards	CO 2	T2:2.2.2 R3:3.7
3	Effects of volcanic eruptions, environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions	CO 3, CO 4	T2:2.2.2
4	Lightning , hailstorms; Cyclones: Tropical cyclones and local storms, destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters:	CO 5	T1:8.1
5	Emerging approaches in Disaster Management, Three Stages 1. Pre, disaster stage(preparedness), 2. Emergency Stage ,3. Post Disaster stage, Rehabilitation.	CO 6	T1:7.1, R2: 1.2

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK				
1	Environmental hazards and disasters	CO 1	R1:2.1		
2	Types of environmental hazards and disasters	CO 2	T4:7.3		
3	Endogenous hazards, volcanic eruption, earthquakes, landslides, volcanic hazards/ disasters, causes and distribution of volcanoes, hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions, and their environmental impacts.	CO 3, CO 4	R2:5.1		
4	Global sedimentation problems regional sedimentation problems, sedimentation and environmental problems, corrective measures of erosion and sedimentation, biological hazards/ disasters, population explosion.	CO 5	T1:7.5		
5	Emerging approaches in disaster management	CO 6	T1: 4.1		

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CE



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	SOFT S	KILLS AND	INTERPERS	SONAL COM	MUNICATION	
Course Code	AHSC15					
Program	B.TECH					
Semester	VI	VI				
Course Type	OPEN E	OPEN ELECTIVE				
Regulation	UG-20					
		Theory		P	ractical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3 3					
Course Coordinator	Mr. Sour	Mr. Soumabha Chakraborty, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PREREQUISITES

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
IB.Tech	AHSC01	I,II	Basic principles of soft skills and concepts of
			functional syntacticalities.

II COURSE OVERVIEW

The objectives of Soft Skills and Interpersonal Communication Skills are to give each student a realistic perspective of work and work expectations. It helps formulate problem solving skills and also it guides students in making appropriate responsible decisions. Besides, it creates a desire to fulfill individual goals, and to educate students about productive thinking, self-defeating emotional impulses, and self- defeating behaviors.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Soft Skills and	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Interpersonal			
Communication			

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	\checkmark	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with" either" or" choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question. The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
0%	Remember
80%	Understand
20%	Apply
0 %	Analyze
0%	Evaluate
0%	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz and 05 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Component		Total Marks		
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz	AAT	
CIA Marks	20	05	05	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz - Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 50 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

COURSE OBJECTIVES: VI

The students will try to learn:

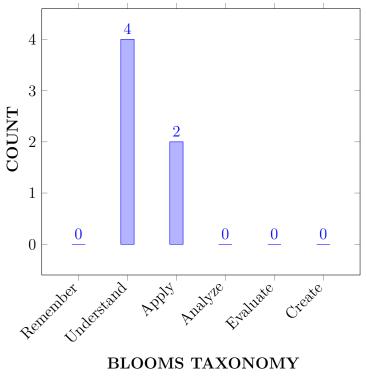
Ι	Communication skills effectively in both spoken and written languages.
II	All-round personalities with a matured outlook to function effectively in different
	formal and informal situations
III	Self-confidence by mastering inter-personal skills, team management skills, and leadership skills
IV	Effective presentation skills which give an edge while interacting with people at all levels.

COURSE OUTCOMES: VII

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Apply soft skills in the development of personality and use them in	Apply
	their daily life.	
CO 2	Relate how to listen actively and respond productively to others.	Understand
CO 3	Classify the correct usage of English grammar in writing and	Understand
	speaking.	
CO 4	Demonstrate the significance of verbal and non-verbal communication	Understand
	in academic and non-academic platforms.	
CO 5	Explain some of the strategies and challenges for effective speaking	Understand
	skills and make use of prereading skills to understand the content of	
	advanced level text books.	
CO 6	Develop various written communication strategies of cover letter	Apply
	writing, resume writing, E-mail writing and report writing.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO8	 Communication: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice (Ethics). 1. Comprises four components: ability to make informed ethical choices, knowledge of professional codes of ethics, evaluates the ethical dimensions of professional practice, and demonstrates ethical behavior. 2. Stood up for what they believed in 3. High degree of trust and integrity 	3	Seminar/ Conferences/ Quiz/ AAT Assignments/ Discussion

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO9	Individual and teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings (Individual and Teamwork).	12	Seminar / Conferences /Quiz / AAT / Assignments
	1. Independence		/ Discussion
	2. Maturity – requiring only the achievement of goals to drive their performance		
	3. Self-direction (take a vaguely defined problem and systematically work to resolution)		
	4. Teams are used during the classroom periods, in the hands-on labs, and in the design projects.		
	5. Some teams change for eight-week industry oriented Mini-Project, and for the seventeen - week design project.		
	6. Instruction on effective teamwork and project management is provided along with an appropriate textbook for reference.		
	7. Teamwork is important not only for helping the students know their classmates but also in completing assignments.		
	8. Students also are responsible for evaluating each other's performance, which is then reflected in the final grade.		
	9. Subjective evidence from senior students shows that the friendships and teamwork extends into the Junior years, and for some of those students, the friendships continue into the workplace after graduation.		
	10. Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization		
	11. Ability to get along with others		
	12. Demonstrated ability to work well with a team		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by				
PO10	 Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. 1. Clarity (Writing) Style (Oral) 2. Grammar/Punctuation (Writing) 3. References (Writing) 4. Speaking 5. Subject Matter (Oral) 	5	Seminar/ Conferences/ Quiz/ AAT Assignments/ Discussion				

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

P	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform	-	-
	constraints, version control, and automation for		
	digital innovation and transformation.		
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and	-	-
	Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber		
	security measures using tools, and networking		
	technologies as per the needs of Industry and		
	society.		
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models,	-	-
	tools, and techniques to perform data analytics		
	for effective decision-making and create		
	innovative career paths toward Continuous		
	Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES													PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	PO											PSO	PSO	PSO				
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3				
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-												

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 8	Demonstrate the basic professional ethics of ethical choices, codes of ethics, professional practice, and ethical behaviour with special respect to the usage of soft skills and personality development. Besides, students are designed to stand up for what they believed in and they are encouraged to maintain a high degree of trust and integrity.	3
CO 2	PO 10	Explain with clarity on listening an audio clip and also maintain appropriate oral presentation skills with proper grammatical skills in both writing and speaking situations.	5
CO 3	PO 10	Describe the usage of grammatical knowledge in writing and speaking areas and also discuss the apt applicability of different grammar rules in oral presentations with clarity .	5
CO 4	PO8, PO 9, PO10	Illustrate ethical choices knowledge of professional codes of ethics and also evaluates the ethical dimensions of professional practice and demonstrates ethical behaviour. Besides, stood up for what they believe in and moreover discover high degree of trust and integrity. Apply the knowledge with independence and maturity to achieve desired goals and also maintain self-direction method to lead the team members while designing the projects. Moreover, it is observed to build an effective teamwork with an appropriate textbook for reference. Besides, explain the significance of teamwork to complete assignments. And also, interpret the complex concepts with subjective evidence to develop ability to work with all levels of people. Therefore, summarize demonstrated ability to work well with a team. At the same time, extend the knowledge on subject matter with appropriate clarity using with proper grammatical structures in both areas of speaking and written communication practices.	20

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 5	PO8 PO 10	Interpret ethical choices and knowledge of professional codes of ethics and also evaluates ethical dimensions of professional practice and demonstrates ethical behaviour at workplace. Besides, illustrates how to stand up for what they believed in. Furthermore, practice high degree of trust and integrity. Choose appropriate reading strategies in order to understand with proper clarity. Moreover, predict syntactical structures used in spoken communication and written communication.	8
CO 6	PO 10	Classify different oral and written communication strategies through systematic order and also recognize appropriate method in order to understand the writer's point of view with clarity while reading and practices proper grammatical functionalities to understand different subject matters .	5

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

			PSO'S												
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	РО	PC	PO (РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	12	5	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0
CO 2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	100	100	0.0	0.0	00	100	0.0
CO 5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{0}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

1 -5 <C< 40% – Low/ Slight

 $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO 2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
CO 3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
CO 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
CO 5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
CO 6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL								9		15			0	0	0
AVERAGE								3		3				0	0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	\checkmark
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	~	10 Minutes Video	~	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments	\checkmark				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

-	Assessment of mini projects by experts	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
$\frown \checkmark$	Early Semester Feedback		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	SOFT SKILLS
	Soft Skills: An Introduction – Definition and significance of soft skills; Process, Importance and application of soft skills, discovering the self; setting goals; positivity and motivation: developing positive thinking and attitude
MODULE II	EFFECTIVENESS OF SOFT SKILLS
	Developing interpersonal relationships through effective soft skills; Define Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing skills; Barriers to Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing; Essential formal writing skills; Public Speaking: Skills, Methods, Strategies and Essential tips for effective public speaking.

MODULE III	ORAL AND AURAL SKILLS
	Sounds of English vowels sounds and consonant sounds, Word Accent and connected speech- contractions, questions tags, Listening for information, Taking notes while listening to lectures (use of Dictionary). Group Discussion: Importance, Planning, Elements, Skills, Effectively disagreeing, Initiating
MODULE IV	VERBAL AND NON-VERBAL COMMUNICATION
	Interpersonal communication-verbal and nonverbal etiquette; Body language, grapevine, Postures, Gestures, Facial expressions, Proximity; Conversation skills, Critical thinking, Teamwork, Group Discussion, Impact of Stress; Measurement and Management of Stress
MODULE V	WRITTEN COMMUNICATION
	Significance; Effectiveness of writing; Organizing principles of Paragraphs in documents; Writing introduction and conclusion; Techniques for writing precisely; Letter writing; Formal and Informal letter writing; E-mail writing, Report Writing.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Raman Meenakshi, Upadhyay Shalini (2017). Soft Skills: Key to Success in Workplace and Life. Cengage India Private Limited, Noida.
- 2. Handbook of English for Communication (Prepared by Faculty of English, IARE)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Dorch, Patricia. What Are Soft Skills? New York: Execu Dress Publisher, 2013.
- 2. Klaus, Peggy, Jane Rohman & Molly Hamaker. —The Hard Truth about Soft Skill, London: HarperCollins E-books, 2007.
- 3. Kamin, Maxine. Soft Skills Revolution: A Guide for Connecting with Compassion for Trainers, Teams, and Leaders. Washington, DC: Pfeiffer & Company, 2013.
- 4. Stein, Steven J. & Howard E. Book. —The EQ Edge: Emotional Intelligence and Your Success Canada: Wiley & Sons, 2006
- 5. Suresh Kumar. English for Success. Cambridge University Press IndiaPvt.Ltd.2010.
- 6. Dorling Kindersley. Communication Skills & Soft Skills An Integrated Approach. India Pvt. Ltd. 2013.

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- 2. www.edufind.com
- 3. www.myenglishpages.com
- 4. http://grammar.ccc.comment.edu
- 5. http://owl.english.prudue.edu

E-TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. http://bookboon.com/en/communication-ebooks-zip
- $2.\ http://www.bloomsbury-international.com/images/ezone/ebook/writing-skills-pdf.pdf$

- $3.\ http://learningenglishvocabularygrammar.com/files/idioms$ and phrases with meanings and examples pdf.pdf
- 4. http://www.robinwood.com/Democracy/General Essays/CriticalThinking.pdf

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1									
	OBE DISCUSSION											
1	Discussion on mapping COs with POs (OBE)		T1:06.06									
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)											
2	Introduction of soft skills	CO1	T1:06.09									
3	Significance of soft skills	CO1	T1:09.10									
4	Process, importance and application of soft skills	CO1	T1:08:05									
5	Discovering one's self-qualities.	CO1	T1:06:02									
6	Setting up goals	CO1	T1:04:74									
7	Positivity and motivation.	CO1	T1:01:08									
8	Developing one's positive thinking and attitude	CO 1	T1:03:01									
9	Developing interpersonal relationships through soft skills	CO2	T1:06:05									
10	Significance of listening skills.	CO 2	T1:02:09									
11	Significance of speaking skills.	CO 4	T1:26:11									
12	Significance of reading skills	CO 5	T1:46:08									
13	Significance of writing skills.	CO 6	T1:16:20									
14	Barriers to listening and speaking.	CO 2	T1:13:43									
15	Barriers to reading and writing.	CO 5	T1:40:51									
16	Essentials of formal writing skills.	CO 6	T1:19:07									
17	Developing public speaking skills.	CO4	T1:69:62									
18	Methods, strategies of public speaking	CO 4	T1:5:05									
19	Essential tips for effective public speaking.	CO4	T1:46:05									
20	Introduction to sounds of vowels and consonants.	CO 4	T1:09:18									
21	Contractions and questions tags.	CO 3	T1:07:14									
22	Listening for information.	CO 1	T1:32:96									
23	Taking notes while listening to lectures.	CO 3	T1:55:21									
24	Group discussion and its importance.	CO 2	T1:14:25									
25	Planning, elements, skills, effectively, disagreeing, initiating.	CO 2	T1:08:08									
26	Developing interpersonal communication skills.	CO4	T1:22:74									
27	The role of verbal and nonverbal etiquettes in one's career.	CO1	T1:32:36									
28	Significance of body language,	CO 1	T1:78:12									
29	Grapevine communication.	CO4	T1:01:08									
30	Developing critical thinking.	CO4	T1:04:18									
31	Conversation skills at formal and informal situations	CO4	T1:06:08									
32	The power of group discussion and the role of a team work.	CO4	T1:03:22									

		004	T1.00.01
33	Impact of stress; measurement and management of stress.	CO4	T1:89:01
34	Significance and effectiveness of writing.	CO 6	T1:01:04
35	Organizing principles of paragraphs in documents;	CO 4	T1:74:32
36	Writing introduction and conclusion	CO 1	T1:25:10
37	Techniques for writing precisely;	CO 6	T1:09:07
38	Letter writing; Formal and Informal letter writing;	CO 6	T1:60:31
39	Rules of E-mail writing.	CO 6	T1:22:12
40	Strategies of report writing.	CO 6	T1:01:01
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		
1	Soft skills can help someone come out of difficult situations and ensure reassurance along with reliability. think critically and answer	CO 1	R2:7.5
2	Will not hard skills suffice the requirement needed in a corporate setup without soft skills?	CO 1	R2:7.5
3	Do you think soft skills are communication skills? If so, give your reasons	CO 1	R2:7.5
4	Describe the way interpersonal communication can influence the psychological health of individuals with examples.	CO 1	R2:7.5
5	What do you mean by 'assumption' in the communication process and explain with a real -life example?	CO 1	R2:7.5
6	Explain with examples the self-fulfillment and happiness of productive interpersonal communication skills.	CO 1	R2:7.5
7	Explain the importance of learning the sounds of English language for fluent and confident communication.	CO 3	R2:7.5
8	Mispronunciation of English words may lead to miscommunication and misconception. Elaborate with the help of an example.	CO 3	R2:7.5
9	Throw light on word stress which is pivotal for proper differentiation of sounds.	CO 3	R2:7.5
10	Differentiate between verbal and non-verbal communication	CO 4	R2:7.5
11	Classify non-verbal skills and explain the various skills that are important	CO 4	R2:7.5
12	Write down advantages of non-verbal skills	CO 4	R2:7.5
13	What is the meaning of thesis focus? Explain in detail.	CO 6	R2:7.5
14	What do you understand by organization?	CO 6	R2:7.5
15	Support and Elaboration is an extension and development of the topic/subject/ thesis. Comment.	CO 6	R2:7.5
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	·
41	Definition and terminology of soft skills	CO 1	T1:69:08
42	Definition and terminology of contractions	CO 3	T1:65:66
43	Definition and terminology of question tags	CO 3	T1:42:03
44	Definition and terminology of verbal and nonverbal communication	CO 4	T1:78:78
45	Definition and terminology of self discovery	CO 1	T1:09:01

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK								
1	Module I - Soft skills and interpersonal communication	CO 1, 2	R4:2.1						
2	Module II - Effectiveness of soft skills	CO 2, 3	T4:7.3						
3	Module III - Oral and aural skills	CO 4	R4:5.1						
4	Module IV - Verbal and nonverbal communication	CO 5	T1:7.5						
5	Module V - Interpersonal communication	CO 6	T1: 4.1						

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING (CSIT) COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	DATA MININ	IG AND KNO	WLEDGE I	DISCOVERY	LABORATORY				
Course Code	ACIC08	ACIC08							
Program	B.Tech								
Semester	VI	CSIT							
Course Type	Core								
Regulation	IARE - UG 20								
		Theory		P	ractical				
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits				
	0	0	0	2	2				
Course	Ms. Saritha Das	sari, Assistant P	rofessor						
Coordinator									

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AHSC08	II	Probability and Statistics
B.Tech	AITC05	IV	Database Management Systems

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course helps the students to practically understand a data warehouse, techniques and methods for data gathering and data pre-processing using different tools. The different data mining models and techniques will be discussed in this course. The main objective of this lab is to impart the knowledge on how to implement classical models and algorithms in data warehousing and data mining and to characterize the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by association rule mining, classification and clustering

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Demo Video	\checkmark	Lab	\checkmark	Viva	\checkmark	Probing further
			Worksheets		Questions		Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end labexamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	10tai maiks
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

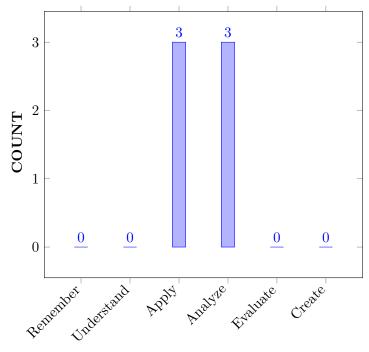
Ι	The Data Object Exploration and visualization
II	The pre-processing on new and existing datasets
III	Frequent item set generation and association rules on transactional data.
IV	The data model creation by using various classification and clustering algorithms.
V	The data models accuracy analysis by varying the sample size.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Analyze the knowledge generated from data objects, matrix operations using numpy	Analyze
CO 2	Demonstrate numpy module methods to categorize and corelate the raw data	Apply
CO 3	Select appropriate pre processing techniques to manage the missing values of data.	Apply
CO 4	Apply Apriori Algorithm and logistic regression for classification of data mining .	Apply
CO 5	Identify Classification technique from Decision Tree , Bayesian Network and Support Vector Machines to mine knowledge from pre processed data	Analyze
CO 6	Examine Clustering algorithms to build predication model for solving real world problem.	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
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PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
			Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of	3	Lab Exercise,
	mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and		CIE, SEE
	an engineering specialization to the solution of		
	complex engineering problems.		

PO 2	Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	Lab Exercise, CIE, SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 5	Modern tool usage: UCreate, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for	1	Lab Exercises
	digital innovation and transformation.		
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	1	Lab Exercises
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2	Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

Courses	Program Outcomes				Program Specific Outcomes		
Outcomes	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 5	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	3	3	2	1	1	-	1
CO 2	3	1	2	1	1	-	1
CO 3	2	2	2	1	1	-	1
CO 4	3	3	2	1	1	-	1
CO 5	2	3	3	1	1	-	1
CO 6	2	1	3	1	1	-	1

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

✓	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Expe		

XIV SYLLABUS:

WEEK 1	DATA OBJECT, MATRIX OPERATIONS USING NUMPY
	Introduction to Python libraries for Data Mining: NumPy, SciPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, Scikit, Learn a. Create multidimensional arrays and find its shape and dimension
	b. Create a matrix full of zeros and ones
	c. Reshape and flatten data in the array
	d. Append data vertically and horizontally
	e. Apply indexing and slicing on array
	f. Use statistical functions on array, Min, Max, Mean, Median and Standard Deviation
WEEK 2	DATA OBJECT, MATRIX OPERATIONS USING NUMPY
	a. Dot and matrix product of two arrays
	b. Compute the Eigen values of a matrix
	c. Solve a linear matrix equation such as $3 * x0 + x1 = 9$, $x0 + 2 * x1 = 8$
	d. Compute the multiplicative inverse of a matrix
	e. Compute the rank of a matrix
	f. Compute the determinant of an array
WEEK 3	EXPLORATION ANDVISULIZATION OF DATA
	Write a Python program to do the following operations:
	a. Loading data from CSV file
	b. Compute the basic statistics of given data, shape, no. of columns, mean
	c. Splitting a data frame on values of categorical variables
	d. Visualize each attribute.
WEEK 4	EXPLORATION OF DATA, CORRILATION
	Write a python program to load the dataset and understand the input dataa. Load data, describe the given data and identify missing, outlier data itemsb. Find correlation among all attributes.c. Visualize correlation matrix
WEEK 5	DATA PREPROCESSING – HANDLING MISSING VALUES
	Write a python program to impute missing values with various techniques on
	given dataset.
	a. Remove rows/ attributes
	b. Replace with mean or mode
	c. Write a python program to Perform transformation of data using
	Discretization (Binning) and normalization (MinMaxScaler or MaxAbsScaler
	on given dataset.
WEEK 6	ASSOCIATION RULE MINING, APRIORI
	Write a python program to find rules that describe associations by using
	Anniani alamitha hataan different and data sima a 7500 tanan stimu at
	Apriori algorithm between different products given as 7500 transactions at a
	French retail store.

WEEK 7	CLASSIFICATION – DECISION TREE
	Classification of Bank Marketing Data The data is related with direct marketing campaigns of a Portuguese banking institution. The marketing campaigns were based on phone calls. Often, more than one contact to the same client was required, in order to access if the product (bank term deposit) would be ('yes') or not ('no') subscribed. The dataset provides the bank customers information. It includes 41,188 records and 21 fields. The classification goal is to predict whether the client will subscribe (1/0) to a term deposit (variable y). Write a python program to a. Explore data and visualize each attribute b. Predict the test set results and find the accuracy of the model c. Visualize the confusion matrix d. Compute precision, recall, F-measure and support.
WEEK 8	CLASSIFICATION – DECISION TREE
	 Dataset: The data set consists of 50 samples from each of three species of Iris: Iris setosa, Iris virginica and Iris versicolor. Four features were measured from each sample: the length and the width of the sepals and petals, in centimeters. Write a python program to a. Calculate Euclidean Distance. b. Get Nearest Neighbors c. Make Predictions
WEEK 9	CLASSIFICATION – DECISION TREE
	Write a python program toa. build a decision tree classifier to determine the kind of flower by using given dimensions.b. train with various split measures (Gini index, Entropy and Information Gain)c. Compare the accuracy
WEEK 10	CLASSIFICATION – BAYESIAN NETWORK
	Predicting Loan Defaulters: A bank is concerned about the potential for loans not to be repaid. If previous loan default data can be used to predict which potential customers are liable to have problems repaying loans, these "bad risk" customers can either be declined a loan or offered alternative products. These files are available from the Demos directory of any IBM® SPSS® Modeler installation and can be accessed from the IBM SPSS Modeler program group on the Windows Start menu. a. Build Bayesian network model using existing loan default data b. Visualize Tree Augmented Naïve Bayes model Predict potential future defaulters and looks at three different Bayesian network model types (TAN, Markov, Markov-FS) to establish the better predicting model.

WEEK 11	CLASSIFICATION – SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINES (SVM)
	A multi, class classification problem on the cancer dataset. This dataset is computed from a digitized image of a fine needle aspirate (FNA) of a breast mass. They describe characteristics of the cell nuclei present in the image. The dataset comprises 30 features (mean radius, mean texture, mean perimeter, mean area, mean smoothness, mean compactness, mean concavity, mean concave points, mean symmetry, mean fractal dimension, radius error, texture error, perimeter error, area error, smoothness error, compactness error, concavity error, concave points error, symmetry error, fractal dimension error, worst radius, worst texture, worst perimeter, worst area, worst smoothness, worst compactness, worst concavity, worst concave points, worst symmetry, and worst fractal dimension) and a target (type of cancer). Use:scikit, learn Build a model to classify the cancer data as malignant (harmful) and benign (not harmful) using SVM. This model can use the features of cancer patients data and to give an early indication of whether their samples might be benign or malignant. Hint: Refer UCI Machine Learning Repository for data set or load from scikit learn library
WEEK 12	CLUSTERING – K- MEANS
	Predicting the titanic survive groups: The sinking of the RMS Titanic is one of the most infamous shipwrecks in history. On April 15, 1912, during her maiden voyage, the Titanic sank after colliding with an iceberg, killing 1502 out of 2224 passengers and crew. This sensational tragedy shocked the international community and led to better safety regulations for ships. One of the reasons that the shipwreck led to such loss of life was that there were not enough lifeboats for the passengers and crew. Although there was some element of luck involved in surviving the sinking, some groups of people were more likely to survive than others, such as women, children, and the upper-class. Libraries: Pandas, NumPy, Sklearn, Seaborn, Matplotlib Write a python program a. to perform preprocessing. b. to perform clustering using k-means algorithm to cluster the records into two i.e., the ones who survived and the ones who did not.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. J.Han,M.Kamber, —Data Mining: Concept and Techniques ||, Academic Press, Morgan Kanfman Publishers, 3 rd Edition, 2008.
- 2. Robert Layton, "Learning Data Mining with Python", Packt Publishing, 2015.
- 3. PieterAdrians, DolfZantinge, —Data Mining^{||}, Addison Wesley, Peter V, 2000.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.dataquest.io/blog/sci-kit-learn-tutorial/
- 2. https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.php/
- $3. \ https://www.datacamp.com/community/tutorials/svm-classification-scikit-learn-python$

XV COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Data Object, Matrix Operations Using Numpy	CO 1	R1: 1.1
2	Data Object, Matrix Operations Using Numpy.	CO 1	R1: 2.3
3	Exploration And visulization Of Data	CO 1,CO 2	R1: 4.1
4	Exploration Of Data, Corrilation	CO 1,CO 2	R1: 5.1
5	Data Preprocessing –Handling Missing Values	CO 3	R2: 6.1
6	Association Rule Mining, Apriori.	CO 4	R1: 7.1
7	Classification – Decision Tree.	CO 5	R2: 11.4
8	Classification – Decision Tree	CO 5	R1: 12.5
9	Classification – Decision Tree.	CO 5	R2: 14.3
10	Classification – Bayesian Network	CO 5,	R1: 15.1
11	Classification – Support Vector Machines (SVM)	CO 5	R 2: 16.4
12	Clustering – K- Means	CO 6	R 1: 20.5

XVI EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Finding Association Rules for buying data.
2	Credit Risk Assessment. Sample Programs using German Credit Data
3	Write a procedure for Visualization of Weather Table

Signature of Course Coordinator Mrs.Saritha Dasari, Assistant Professor HOD, CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	SOFTV	SOFTWARE TESTING LABORATORY						
Course Code	ACIC09	ACIC09						
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	VI	VI						
Course Type	Core	Core						
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		Р	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
		-	-	1	2			
Course Coordinator	Ms. M H	imabindu, Assis	stant Professor					

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	vel Course Code Semester Prerequisites		Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC04	II	Programming for Problem Solving using C
B.Tech	ACSC19	V	Object Oriented Software Engineering

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Software testing improves the quality of software and provides error free software. This course provides the hands on experience on an automated and manual testing techniques such as black-box, data flow, path and transaction testing. The demonstration on bug tracking and automated test management tools. Testing is major part in software development life cycle and used in real time applications like banking, flight reservation system etc.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

${f Subject}$	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Software Testing Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

	Demo Video	\checkmark	Lab Worksheets	\checkmark	Viva Questions	\checkmark	Probing further
Χ							Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end lab examination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria.

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	10tal Marks
CIA Marks	20	10	30

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

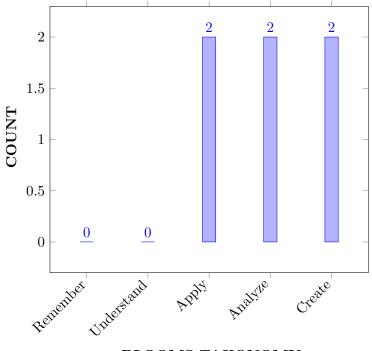
Ι	The importance of web testing tool and bug tracking tool.
II	How to develop test case and test plan document for any real time application.
III	How to write system specifications of any application and report various bugs in it.
IV	How to use automated functional testing tool like Quick Test Professional.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Make use of Conditional statements: if , if else, for, while, do-while and switch for verifying the logical behavior of the system.	Apply
CO 2	Choose the test director tool for effective test management in specific to the application.	Apply
CO 3	Design a Test Plan which helps us to validate the quality of the application.	Create
CO 4	Design a test cases by using the specific behaviour of the system.	Create
CO 5	Analyze the process of test life cycle of an application by using different bug tracking tools like bugzilla and bugbit.	Analyze
CO 6	Analyze the process of Automated Functional Testing Tool for given application.	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge : Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	1	Lab Experiments / CIE / SEE
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	3	Lab Experiments / CIE / SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions : Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations.	2	CIA
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	3	Lab Experiments / CIE / SEE
PO 12	Life-long learning: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	2	Lab Experiments / CIE / SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed
			by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform	2	LAB PRO-
	constraints, version control, and automation for digital		GRAMS /
	innovation and transformation.		CIA/SEE
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and	2	LAB PRO-
	Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security		GRAMS /
	measures using tools, and networking technologies as		CIA/SEE
	per the needs of Industry and society		
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools,	3	LAB PRO-
	and techniques to perform data analytics for effective		GRAMS /
	decision-making and create innovative career paths		CIA/SEE
	toward Continuous Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

-

COURSE				PSO'S											
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	✓	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	-	✓	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Make use of the following conditional statement if , if else, for, while and switch case to find the solution of engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 5	Make use of the following conditional statement if , if else, for, while and switch case to find the solution of modern tool usage.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Choose the test director tool for effective test management in any kind of application in engineering fundamentals , and an engineering specialization to the solution of engineering problems .	3
CO 3	PO 1	(Design) a Test Plan which helps us to validate the quality of the application for finding the solution of complex engineering.	2
CO 4	PO 3	(Design) the knowledge of functional behaviour of the system for designing a test case for finding the solution of complex engineering problems.	1
	PO 5	Apply the knowledge of functional behaviour of the system for designing a test case for design next-generation computer systems, networking devices, search engines. or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public safety.	3
CO 5	PSO 1	Apply the knowledge of functional behaviour of the system for designing a test case for a utomation for digital innovation and transformation.	3
	PSO 1	Analyze the process of test life cycle by using different bug tracking tools using bugzilla and bugbit for developing software systems reflecting platform constraints.	3
CO 6	PO 1	Analyze the process of Automated Functional Testing Tool using Quick test professional by applying the knowledge of engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3

PSO 3	Analyze the process of Automated Functional Testing	1
	Tool using Quick test professional for designing	
	solutions for effective decision-making.	

XIII MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

COURSE	Pro	gram	o Out	come	es/ N	o. of	Key	Com	ipete	ncies	Mat	ched	PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
CO 1	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
CO 2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	
CO 4	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	
CO 5	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE	Pro	gram	Out	come	es/ N	o. of	Key	Con	pete	ncies	Mat	ched	PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3	
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	1	1	1	
CO 1	100	-	-	-	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 2	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
CO 3	66	-	33	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	
CO 4	66	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-	
CO 5	33	-	-	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-		100	-	-	
CO 6	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{\theta}$ 0 \leq C \leq 5% – No correlation
- 1 40 % <C < 60% –Moderate
- ${\it 2}$ 5% <C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

COURSE				PR	OGR	AM	OUT	CON	1ES				PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										1	2	3	
CO 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CO 4	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	1	-	-	-	-	_	-
CO 5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	1	3
CO 6	-	-	1	2	-	1	1	1	2	-	-	2	3	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Expe	erts	

XVIII SYLLABUS:

Week-1	CONSTRUCTS						
	Write programs in C language to demonstrate the working of the following constructs: a) while b) switch c) for d) if-else e) do-while						
Week-2	SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS						
	a. Study the system specifications of ATM system and report various bugs in it.b. Study the system specifications of banking application and report various bugs in it.						
Week-3	TEST CASES						
	a. Write the test cases for ATM system. b. Write the test cases for banking application.						
Week-4	TEST PLAN						
	Create a test plan document for any application (e.g. Library management system).						
Week-5	TESTING TOOL						
	Study of any testing tool (e.g. Win runner).						
Week-6	SELENIUM						
	Study of web testing tool (e.g. Selenium).						
Week-7	BUG TRACKING TOOL						
	Study of bug tracking tool (e.g. Bugzilla).						
Week-8	BUGBIT						
	Study of bug tracking tool (e.g. Bugbit).						
Week-9	TEST MANAGEMENT TOOL						
	Study of any test management tool (e.g. Testdirector).						
Week-10	OPEN SOURCE TESTING TOOL						
	Study of any Open Source Testing Tool (e.g. Test Link).						
Week-11	AUTOMATED FUNCTIONAL TESTING TOOL						
	Study of QTP (Quick Test Professional) automated functional testing tool.						

Week-12	INTROSPECTION OF MATRIX MULTIPLICATION			
A program written in C language for matrix multiplication fails, in				
causes for its failure and write down the possible reasons for its failure.				

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Boris Beizer, Software Testing Technique, DreamTech Press, 2nd Edition, 2000.
- 2. Dr. K. V. K. K. Prasad, Software Testing Tools, DreamTech Press, Revised Edition, 2004.
- 3. Perry, Effective methods of Software Testing, John Wiley, 2nd Edition, 1999.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Paul Jorgensen, Software Testing: A Craftsman's Approach, Auerbach Publications, 3rd Edition, 2012.
- 2. http://2. P. C. Jorgensen, Software Testing, Auerbach Publications, 3rd Edition, 2000.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Constructs.	CO 1	T1
2	System Specifications	CO 2	T1
3	Test Cases	CO 3	T1, T2
4	Test Plan	CO 3, CO 4	T1,T2
5	Testing Tool	CO 4, CO 5	T1,W1
6	Selenium	CO1, CO3	T1,W2
7	Bug Tracking Tool	CO 5	T1,W3
8	Bugbit	CO 5	T2,W3
9	Test Management Tool	CO 4	T2,W2
10	Open Source Testing Tool	CO 5	T2,W5
11	Automated Functional Testing Tool	CO 4, CO 5	T2,W2
12	Introspection of Matrix Multiplication	CO 1	T1,W5

XX EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Develop and design FTP test plan using JMeter.
2	Design and develop how to do performance testing using testing tool JMeter.
3	Design the test cases for any application using automated testing.
4	Design the Dynamic Web Tables Using Selenium WebDriver.
5	Develop defect Management Process in Software Testing.

Signature of Faculty Ms.M.Himabindu, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	BIG DA	BIG DATA AND ANALYTICS						
Course Code	ACSC31							
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech						
Semester	VII	VII						
Course Type	Core	Core						
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		P	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	3	0	3	-	-			
Course	Mrs. G Anitha, Assistant Professor							
Coordinator								

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITC05	IV	Database Management Systems
B.Tech	ACIC01	VI	Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course provides a clear understanding on concepts of sources of big data, characteristics, storing and processing components, and analytics applications. This course emphasizes on potential impact of big data challenges, open research issues, and various tools associated with it. This course includes the introduction and processing big data with an overview of Hadoop technology and its components such as pig, hive, etc.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Big Data and Analytics	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	x	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	\checkmark	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could

be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
20%	Remember
30%	Understand
50%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks		
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10			
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30		
	AAT-1	5			
	AAT-2	5			
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70		
	Total Marks				

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

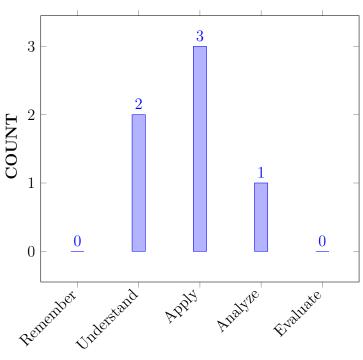
The students will try to learn:

Ι	The scope and essentiality of Big Data and Business Analytics.
II	The technologies used to store, manage, and analyze big data in a Hadoop
	ecosystem.
III	The techniques and principles in big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
IV	The hypothesis on the optimized business decisions in solving complex real-world problems.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

	constraine compression of the course, students should be usie to	
CO 1	Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its	Understand
	characteristics and challenges included in traditional business	
	intelligence.	
CO 2	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and	Apply
	knowledge extraction from large volumes the applications for handling	
	huge volume of data	
CO 3	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs.	Apply
CO 4	Develop the applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig	Apply
	Latin.	
CO 5	Explain the importance of bigdata framework HIVE and its built-in	Understand
	functions, data types and services like DDL in Hadoop distributed file	
	system.	
CO 6	Extend the big data technologies used to process and querying the	Analyze
	bigdata in Hadoop, MapReduce, Pig and Hive.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

	Program Outcomes
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex
	Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet
	the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and
	safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based
	knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis
	and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques,
FO 0	resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and
	modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the
	limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual
	knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the
	consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the
	professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and
	demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	
PUII	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects
	and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest
	context of technological change
L	0 0

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		

solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerationsAssignmentsPO 5Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.3AssignmentsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,		PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental 	PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	1	CIE/Quiz/AAT
meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerationsAssignmentsPO 5Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.3AssignmentsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,		- 0 01		
consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerationsAssignmentsPO 5Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.3AssignmentsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,				
and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerationsAssignmentsPO 5Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.3AssignmentsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,				
considerationsAssignmentsPO 5Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.3AssignmentsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,		- * *		
PO 5Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.3AssignmentsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,				
effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.SettingsPO 10Communication: Communicate effectively on1SEE/ CIE,				
leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings. Settings. PO 10 Communication: Communicate effectively on 1 SEE/ CIE,	PO 5		3	Assignments
settings.Image: Setting setti		•		
PO 10 Communication: Communicate effectively on 1 SEE/ CIE,		· _ •		
		settings.		
	PO 10	•	1	SEE/ CIE,
		complex engineering activities with the		AAT, QUIZ
engineering community and with society at				
large, such as, being able to comprehend and		large, such as, being able to comprehend and		
write effective reports and design		write effective reports and design		
documentation, make effective presentations,		documentation, make effective presentations,		
and give and receive clear instructions.		and give and receive clear instructions.		
PO 12 Life - Long Learning: Recognize the need for 2 SEE/ CIE,	PO 12	Life - Long Learning: Recognize the need for	2	SEE/ CIE,
and have the preparation and ability to engage AAT, QUIZ		• • • •		AAT, QUIZ
in independent and life-long learning in the		in independent and life-long learning in the		
broadest context of technological change.		broadest context of technological change.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

P	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	2	Research papers/ Group discussion/ Short term courses
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2	Research papers/ Group discussion/ Short term courses

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	<	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	<	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	>	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	>	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	>	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Compare big data analysis and analytics in optimizing business decisions knowledge by using the mathematical principles and computer science methodologies .	3
	PO 2	Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its characteristics the problem and challenges includes the problem statement,data collection ,validation and documentation in traditional business intelligence.	4
	PO 3	Explain the evolution of big data in knowledge and understanding the big data analytics along with its characteristics and understand and manage challenges included in traditional business intelligence in engineering process .	4
	PO 5	Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its characteristics and challenges included in traditional business intelligence in computer software .	1
	PO 10	Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its characteristics in clarity and also challenges included in traditional business intelligence in reference .	2
	PO 12	keeping trend in CSE Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its characteristics in personal continuing and on going learning in challenges included in traditional business intelligence in project management.	4
	PSO 2	Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its characteristics and challenges in search engines ,next generation computer systems,networking devices, included in traditional business intelligence in knowledge discovery tools.	4

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 3	Explain the evolution of big data and big data analytics along with its characteristics and challenges included in traditional business intelligence in practical experience in shipping real world software ,using industry standard tools.	2
CO 2	PO 1	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes the applications for handling huge volume of data by applying mathematical principles,scientific methodology,computer science	3
	PO 2	identify problem, problem statement and Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction to validate the data from large volumes for applications to handling huge volume of data in information and data collection in documentation	7
	PO 3	Investigate and define a problem identification appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes the applications for handling huge volume of data to manage the design process	4
	PO 5	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes the applications for handling huge volume of data in computer software	1
	PO 10	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes in clarity the applications for handling huge volume of data with reference	2
	PO 12	Make use of appropriate components for processing, scheduling and knowledge extraction from large volumes the applications for handling huge volume of data In personal continued and ongoing learning	5
	PSO 2	Make use of Hadoop components on huge volume data used to develop analytical solutions related to Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking .	4
	PSO 3	Make use of Hadoop components on huge volume data used to develop analytical solutions related to using industry standard tools and collabaration.	2
	PO 1	Apply scientific principles and methodologies , other engineering disciplines in map reduce, Hadoop.	3
CO 3	PO 2	Problem Analysis in map reduce, problem state- ment,datacollection,validation,documentation in Hadoop.	4
	PO 3	Get the knowledge and understanding of a Map Reduce application understand and manage for optimizing the jobs in engineering process .	4

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 5	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs in computer software .	1
	PO 12	keeping trend in CSE Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs in personal continuing,on going learning, project management.	2
	PSO 2	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs in Big data , Artificial Intelligence, Machine learning.	4
	PSO 3	Develop a Map Reduce application for optimizing the jobs related to using industry standard tools	2
	PO 1	Apply scientific principles and methodologies, other engineering disciplines to applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin.	3
CO 4	PO 2	Analyze problem, problem statement in applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin in data collection, validation, documentation .	4
	PO 3	Conduct investigation of complex problems for developing virtual machines using knowledge of process, laboratory skills, understanding knowledge and ability to apply a systems approach application for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin.	4
	PO 5	Develop the applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin in computer software .	1
	PO 10	Develop the applications with clarity for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin with reference .	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of advanced applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin in personal continuing,on going,project management	4
	PSO 2	Understand, Design and Analyze Computer Programs used in applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin.	3
	PSO 3	Develop the applications for handling huge volume of data using Pig Latin in Industry standard tools and collabaration.	2
CO 5	PO 1	Understand the importance of big data framework HIVE by using computer science methodologies , mathematical and scientific principles .	3
	PO 2	Demonstrate the HIVE functions and services for specific problems by including huge volume of information and data collection, file structure translation, validation and solution development with proper documentation.	4

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	Explain the HIVE application process by including various problems, customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	4
	PO 5	Explain the HIVE application process by computer software .	1
	PO 10	the importance of bigdata framework HIVE and its built-in functions, data types and services like DDL in clarity DDLin Hadoop distributed file system in reference	2
	PO 12	keeping trend in CSE Explain the HIVE application in personal continuning and On going learning process by project management .	5
	PSO 2	Explain the HIVE features and services for analyzing programs in the areas related to Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	4
	PSO 3	Explain the HIVE features and services for analyzing programs in the areas related to Industry standard tools and collabaration .	2
CO 6	PO 1	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata by applying mathematical principles and computer science methodologies	3
	PO 2	Understand the problem and develop solutions using big data technologies and document the results for interpretation	4
	PO 3	Identify the appropriate technology like pig, hive etc. suitable for various problems, by understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	4
	PO 5	Identify the appropriate technology like pig, hive etc. suitable for computer software	1
	PO 10	Identify the appropriate technology like pig, hive etc in clarity . with suitable examples for Reference	2
	PO 12	keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering conceptsIdentify the appropriate technology like pig, hive etc in personal continuing ,on going,project management.	4
	PSO 2	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata in the areas related to Algorithms, Bigdata, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	3
	PSO 3	Explain the big data technologies used to process and querying the bigdata in the areas related to Industry standard tols and collabaration .	2

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	4	2
CO 2	3	7	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	5	-	4	2
CO 3	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	4	2
CO 4	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	3	2
CO 5	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	4	2
CO 6	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	-	3	2

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	50	-	66.6	100
CO 2	100	70	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	62.5		66.6	100
CO 3	100	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	50	-	66.6	100
CO 4	100	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	50	-	50	100
CO 5	100	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	62.5	-	66.6	100
CO 6	100	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	40	-	50	-	50	100

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** $-5 < C \le 40\% Low/ Slight$
- 2 40 % < C < 60% –Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3
CO 2	3	3	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3
CO 3	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	3	3
CO 4	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	3
CO 5	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	3	3
CO 6	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	2	3
TOTAL	18	8	6	-	18	-	-	-	-	6	-	14	-	16	18
AVERAGE	3.0	1.3	1.0	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	2.3	-	2.6	3.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE-I	INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA
	Introduction to Big data: Characteristics of Data, Evolution of Big Data, Definition of Big Data, Challenges with Big Data, Traditional Business Intelligence (BI) versus Big Data. Big data analytics: Classification of Analytics, Importance and challenges facing big data, Terminologies Used in Big Data Environments, The Big Data Technology Landscape.
MODULE II	INTRODUCTION TO HADOOP
	Introducing Hadoop, RDBMS versus Hadoop, Distributed Computing Challenges, History and overview of Hadoop, Use Case of Hadoop, Hadoop Distributors, Processing Data with Hadoop, Interacting with Hadoop Ecosystem.
MODULE III	THE HADOOP DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM
	Hadoop Distributed File System(HDFS): The Design of HDFS, HDFS Concepts, Basic Filesystem Operations, Hadoop Filesystems. The Java Interface- Reading Data from a Hadoop URL, Reading Data Using the Filesystem API, Writing Data. Data Flow- Anatomy of a File Read, Anatomy of a File Write, Limitations.
MODULE IV	UNDERSTANDING MAP REDUCE FUNDAMENTALS
	Map Reduce Framework: Exploring the features of Map Reduce, Working of Map Reduce, Exploring Map and Reduce Functions, Techniques to optimize Map Reduce jobs, Uses of Map Reduce. Controlling MapReduce Execution with InputFormat, Reading Data with custom RecordReader,-Reader, Writer, Combiner, Partitioners, Map Reduce Phases, Developing simple MapReduce Application.
MODULE V	INTRODUCTION TO PIG AND HIVE
	Introducing Pig: Pig architecture, Benefits, Installing Pig, Properties of Pig, Running Pig, Getting started with Pig Latin, Working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig. Introducing Hive: Getting started with Hive, Hive Services, Data types in Hive, Built-in functions in Hive, Hive DDL.

TEXTBOOKS

- Seema Acharya, Subhashini Chellappan, —Big Data and Analytics, Wiley Publications, 2nd Edition,2014DT Editorial Services, —Big Data, Dream Tech Press, 2nd Edition, 2015.
- 2. Tom White, —Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly, 3rd Edition, 2012.

3. Black Book Big Data, dreamtech publications, 1st Edition, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Michael Minelli, Michele Chambers, Ambiga Dhiraj, —Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Business, Wiley CIO Series, 1st Edition, 2013.
- 2. Rajiv Sabherwal, Irma Becerra- Fernandez, —Business Intelligence –Practice, Technologies and Management, John Wiley, 1st Edition, 2011.
- 3. Arvind Sathi, —Big Data Analytics: Disruptive Technologies for Changing the Game, IBM Corporation, 1st Edition, 2012.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1								
	OBE DISCUSSION										
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	-								
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)										
1	Define big data and its importance.	CO 1	T1:2.3								
2	Describe the elements of big data-volume, variety, velocity and veracity	CO 1	T1:2.1, 2.5								
3	Understand the life cycle of big data	CO 1	T1:2.4								
4	Define the importance and challenges of big data.	CO 1,	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm T1:} 2.5 - \\ 2.6 \\ {\rm R2:} 21.51 \end{array}$								
5	Understand Traditional Vs Big Data Business Approach	CO 1	T1:2.9								
6	Classify the Big data analytics - Classification of Analytics	CO 1	T1:3.1 R2:21.51								
7	Importance and challenges facing big data,	CO 2	T1:3.7 -3.8								
8	Explain the terminologies Used in Big Data Environments	CO 2	T1:3.12 R2:21.55								
9	Explain the Big Data Technology Landscape with Hadoop ecosystem.	CO 3	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm T1:}4.1-\\ {\rm 4.2}\\ {\rm R2:}21.58\end{array}$								
10	Understand the core components of Hadoop-big data.	CO 3	T2:26.16 R2:21.61								
11	Outline Hadoop ecosystem and Computing Challenges	CO 3,CO 4	T1:5.1 - 5.5 R2:21.24								
12	Outline RDBMS versus Hadoop	CO 3,CO 4	$\begin{array}{r} {\rm T1:5.1} - \\ {\rm 5.5} \\ {\rm R2:21.24} \end{array}$								
13	Recall the history and overview of Hadoop	CO 3,CO 4	T1:5.5 R2:21.29								

14	Demonstrate the real time use case in Hadoop	CO 4	T1:5.6 -
			5.7 R2:21.31
15	Explain Hadoop Distributors	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CO} \ 4,\mathrm{CO} \\ 5 \end{array}$	T1:5.8 R2:21.33
16	Explain processing Data with Hadoop	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CO} \ 4,\mathrm{CO} \\ 5 \end{array}$	T1:5.8 R2:21.33
17	Summarize the other components in Hadoop Interacting in Hadoop Ecosystem	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.9
18	Explain the Design concepts of HDFS	CO 5	T1:5.11 R2:21.64
19	Find differences between Basic Filesystem Operations and Hadoop Filesystems.	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.10- 5.13 T2:3
20	Explain the Java Interface for Reading Data from a Hadoop URL Using the Filesystem API	CO 4,CO 6	T2:3
21	Explain Writing Data and Data Flow- Anatomy of a File	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.10 T2:3
22	Explain Writing of a File Read, Anatomy of a File Write, Limitations	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.10 T2:3
23	Explore the features of MapReduce	CO 4	T1:8.1- 8.3 T2:8
24	Explore the features of Map and Reduce Functions	CO 4	T1:8.1- 8.3 T2:8
24	Outline the techniques to optimize MapReduce jobs and uses	CO 4,	T2:27.8
25	Illustrate the controlling MapReduce Execution with Input Format	CO 4,CO 6	T2:7
26	Illustrate the controlling MapReduce Execution with Input Format	CO 4,CO 6	T2:7
27	Explain the reading Data with custom Record Reader, - Reader, Writer, Combiner, Practitioners, MapReduce Phases	CO 5	T1:8.2 - 8.3
28	Explain the reading Data with custom Record Reader, - Reader, Writer, Combiner, Practitioners, MapReduce Phases	CO 5	T1:8.2 – 8.3
29	Develop a simple MapReduce Application	CO 6	T1:8.4 - 8.8
30	Explain Pig architecture	CO 5	T1:10.1- 10.6
31	Summarize Installation process of Pig along with Properties and getting started with Pig Latin,	$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CO} 4, \operatorname{CO} \\ 5 \end{array}$	T2:11
32	Summarize Installation process of Pig along with Properties and getting started with Pig Latin,	CO 4,CO 5	T2:11
33	Develop applications by working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig.	CO 6	T1:10.7- 10.12
34	Develop applications by working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig.	CO 6	T1:10.7- 10.12
35	Explain the Hive component and Hive Services	CO 4	T1:9.1- 9.2 T2:12
36	Demonstrate Hive Data types	CO 6	T1:9.3- 9.8

27	E-mlain the Hadeen HDL Hains the Eilenset on ADI	CO 4 CO	
37	Explain the Hadoop URL Using the Filesystem API	CO 4,CO 6	T2:3
38	Demonstrate Built-in functions and Hive DDL.	CO 6	T1:9.3- 9.8
39	Demonstrate Hive DDL.	CO 6	T1:9.3- 9.8
40	Summarize the other components in Hadoop Interacting in Hadoop Ecosystem	CO 4,CO 6	T1:5.9
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	5	
1	Develop a simple MapReduce Application	CO3	R2:7.5
2	Explain Pig architecture	CO5	T2:3
3	Summarize Installation process of Pig along with Properties and getting started with Pig Latin.	CO5	R2:7.5
4	Develop applications by working with operators in Pig, Working with functions in Pig.	CO 5	R2:7.5
5	Explain the Hive component and Hive Services	CO 2	T1:4.1
6	Demonstrate Hive Data types, Built-in functions and Hive DDL.	CO 2	T3:4.5
7	Features of Hadoop explain in detail	CO 1	R4:5.2
8	Finding the differences between Hadoop and Big Data	CO 1	T2:5.2
9	Describe Map Reduce Architecture	CO 3	R2:7.5
10	Challenges of Big data and Business analytics .	CO 1	R2:7.5
11	Features of Hadoop vs SQL	CO 2	R2:7.5
12	Describe Job Tracker and Task Tracker	CO 3	R2:7.5
13	Explain PIG, components of PIG and HIVE	CO 4	R2:7.5
14	Explain word count using pig scripting language	CO 6	R2:7.5
15	Difference between Pig Latin and Apache with example	CO 6	R2:7.5
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
1	Big data,Business Analytics,Structured data, semi-structured data,Structured data, Challenges of Big data	CO 1	R4:2.1
2	Hadoop, Hadoop Distributed File System, Features of Hadoop Distributed File System, Key Distinctions of Hadoop, Hadoop Components	CO 2	R4:2.1
3	Streaming Access pattern, File System, Comparing FS and HDFS, Hadoop Cluster, HDFS Architecture, Hadoop vs SQL	CO 3	R4:2.1
4	Definition of map reduce, Map reduce architecture, Job Tracker, Task tracker, map reduce engine work	CO 4	R4:2.1
5	PIG,HIVEandWord count using pig,Pig components and pig tutorial,pig Latin data language,characteristics of Apache	CO 5	R4:2.1

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK								
1	Module I - Introduction to Big Data	CO 1,2	R4:2.1						
2	Module II - Introduction to Hadoop	CO 3	T4:7.3						
3	Module III - The Hadoop Distributed Filesystem	CO 4	R4:5.1						
4	Module IV - Understanding Map Reduce Fundamentals	CO 5,6	T1:7.5						
5	Module V - Introduction to PIG and HIV	CO 6	T1: 4.1						

Signature of Course Coordinator Mrs. G Anitha, Assistant Professor HOD-CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER BSCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY				
Course Title	PRINC	PRINCIPLES OF ARTIFICAL INTELLIGENCE				
Course Code	AITC26	AITC26				
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech				
Semester	VII	VII				
Course Type	Elective					
Regulation	UG-20					
		Theory		I	Practical	
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
3 - 3				-		
Course	Dr.M Pala Prasad Reddy, Associate Professor					
Coordinator						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG	AHSC08	II	Probability and Statistics
UG	ACSC08	III	Data Structures
UG	AITC01	III	Discrete Mathematical Structures
UG	ACSC13	IV	Design and Analysis of Algorithms

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Artificial Intelligence has emerged as an increasingly impactful discipline in science and technology. AI applications are embedded in the infrastructure of many products and industries search engines, medical diagnoses, speech recognition, robot control, web search, advertising and even toys.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Principles of Artificial Intelligence	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	x Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could

be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
60%	Understand
30%	Apply

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
UIA	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
Total Marks			100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz - Online Examination

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 50 multiple choice questions and are to be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Such a question paper shall be useful in testing of knowledge, skills, application, analysis, evaluation and understanding of the students. Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quiz examinations for every course.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving	
40%	40%	20%	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

Ι	Gain a historical perspective of AI and its foundations.
II	The basic principles of AI toward problem solving, inference, knowledge
	representation, and learning.

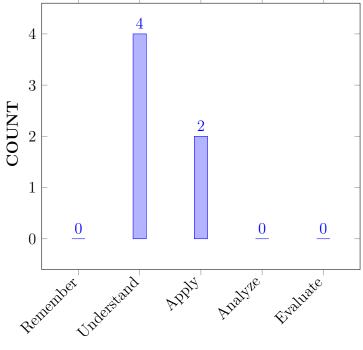
III	Investigate applications of AI techniques in intelligent agents, expert systems, artificial neural networks and other machine learning models.
IV	The AI development tools such as Prolog (AI language), expert system shell, and/or data miningtool.
V	The current scope, potential, limitations, and implications of intelligent systems.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Summarize knowledge representation and issues in AI and Related	Understand
	fields.	
CO 2	Demonstrate knowledge reasoning with predicate logic and inference	Understand
	rules in the presence of incomplete and/or uncertain information.	
CO 3	Choose Heuristic, Adversarial search and game playing algorithms for	Apply
	addressing a particular AI problem and implement the selected strategy.	
CO 4	Experiment with uncertainty issues by using statistical and	Apply
	symbolic reasoning approaches.	
CO 5	Outline subfields and applications of AI such as planning, learning,	Understand
	and expert systems in specific domain problems.	
CO 6	Demonstrate knowledge representation with the help of AI	Understand
	languages and tools.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	2	SEE/CIE/AAT
	solutions for complex Engineering problems and		
	design system components or processes that		
	meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety,		
	and the cultural, societal, and Environmental		
	considerations		
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
	complex engineering activities with the		
	engineering community and with society at		
	large, such as, being able to comprehend and		
	write effective reports and design		
	documentation, make effective presentations,		
	and give and receive clear instructions.		
2 _ Uigl	n 2 – Modium 1 – Low		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

F	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	$\mathbf{Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for	2	SEE/CIE/ AAT
PSO 2	digital innovation and transformation.Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and	1	SEE/CIE/ AAT
	society		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PRC)GR	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{M}$	OUT	COL	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	$ \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ \end{vmatrix}$								1	2	3			
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		<	-	-
CO 2	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-

				PRC)GR.	AM	OUT	CO	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 3	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	\checkmark	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Learn definition of AI and its underlying assumptions. The approaches also evolved from the foundation of AI algorithms to the paradigm slot in symbolic algorithms and expert system development, Machine learning and Deep learning to support study of their own engineering discipline applying mathematical and scientific principles.	3
	PSO 1	Solve knowledge representation reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation, transformation, soft computing and intelligent systems, web browsers, and knowledge discovery tools for digital innovation and transformation.	4
CO 2	PO 3	Relate Knowledge and understand approaches to knowledge representation in commercial and economic context of engineering process to Various problems, customer and user needs, cost effective and creative solutions, design process and Management techniques.	7
	PSO 2	Focus on knowledge and inference rules in IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools in the presence of incomplete u8ncertain information.	2
CO 3	PO 1	Compare procedural and declarative knowledge in solving complex engineering problems.	3
	PSO 1	Choose Heuristic, Adversarial search and game playing algorithms for version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation	4
CO 4	PO 1	Recall steps of algorithm to convert casual forms with scientific principles and mathematical principles.	2
	PSO 1	Solve uncertainty issues by using statistical and symbolic reasoning approaches reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for for digital innovation and transformation	4
CO 5	PO 1	Explain axioms and rules of inference in nonmonotonic reasoning to extend some kind of numeric measure of certainty using scientific principles and mathematical principles.	2

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 2	Explore techniques for solving problems with incomplete and uncertain models by identifying the problem statement, information collection and develop a solution and documentation	4
	PO 3	Design solutions for uncertainty problems in any AI system that seeks to model and reasoning by investigating, identifying constraints to establish innovative solutions evaluate outcomes and promote sustainability.	5
	PO 10	Understand the techniques for solving problems and communicate effectively with the engineering community and with society at large.	3
	PSO 2	Focus on applications development and learn the applications for IOT and networking technologies in specific domain problems.	2
CO 6	PO 1	Apply inference and resolution for conversion of facts into first order logic, statements into CNF(Conjunctive Normal form) using scientific, mathematical principles and support study of their own engineering discipline	3
	PO 2	Build refutation proofs that are proofs by contradiction by identifying, formulating and analysing complex engineering problems with the help of basic mathematics and engineering sciences.	7
	PSO 1	Apply knoweledge representation for version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

				PRO	OGR.	AM	OUT	COI	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		4	-	-
CO 2	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
CO 4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-
CO 5	2	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-
CO 6	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		3	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSOPROGRAM OUTCOMESPSO'SCOURSEPO

				III	JGIL.		001	COI	VIL'S				·	P30'3	
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.6	0.0	0.0
CO 2	0.0	0.0	70	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0
CO 3	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.6	0.0	0.0
CO 4	66.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.6	0.0	0.0
CO 5	66.6	40	50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0
CO 6	100	70	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50	0.0	0.0

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{0}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ 60% \leq C < 100% Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES									PSO'S				
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
CO 3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 5	3	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0
CO 6	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
TOTAL	15	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	11	6	0
AVERAGE	2.5	0.83	1.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	0	0	1.8	1.0	0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	\checkmark				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

X Assessment of mini projects by experts		End Semester OBE Feedback
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION OF AI AND KNOWLEDGE
	REPRESENTATION
	Definition of AI, The AI Problems, The Underlying Assumption, AI Techniques, The Level of the Model, Criteria for Success, The importance of AI, Early works in AI, AI and Related fields, The Foundations of Artificial Intelligence, The History of Artificial Intelligence. Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Production Systems, Problem Characteristics, Production System Characteristics, Issues in the Design of Search Programs. Knowledge Representation Issues: Representations and Mappings, Approaches to Knowledge Representation, Issues in Knowledge Representation. AI Languages and Tools: Lisp, Prolog, CLIPS.
MODULE II	FIRST ORDER LOGIC AND INFERENCE
	Using Predicate Logic: Representing Simple Facts in Logic, Representing Instance and ISA Relationships, Computable Functions and Predicates, Properties of Wff, Clausal Forms, Conversion to clausal forms, Resolution. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative Knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward Versus Backward Reasoning, Matching, Control Knowledge.
MODULE III	SEARCH TECHNIQUES
	Heuristic Search Techniques: Generate-and-Test, Hill Climbing, Best-firstSearch, A* algorithm, AO* algorithm, Problem Reduction, And-Or search,Constraint Satisfaction, Means-ends Analysis.Adversarial Search and Game Playing: Optimal Decision in Games, Theminimax algorithm, Alpha-Beta pruning, Iterative Deepening, Expectimaxsearch.
MODULE IV	HANDLING UNCERTANITY
	Symbolic Reasoning Under Uncertainty: Introduction to Non monotonic Reasoning, Logics for Non monotonic Reasoning, Implementation Issues, Augmenting a Problem-solver. Statistical Reasoning: Probability and Bayes' Theorem, Certainty Factors and Rule-based Systems, Bayesian Networks, Dempster-Shafer Theory, Fuzzy Logic.
MODULE V	PLANNING, LEARNING AND EXPERT SYSTEMS
	 Planning: Overview, An Example Domain: The Blocks World, Components of a Planning System, Goal Stack Planning, Nonlinear Planning Using Constraint Posting, Hierarchical Planning, Reactive Systems. Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by taking Advice, Learning from example: Induction, Explanation based learning (EBL), Discovery, Clustering, Analogy, Neural net and genetic learning, Reinforcement learning. Expert System: Representing and Using Domain Knowledge, Expert System Shells, Explanation, Knowledge Acquisition, Expert System Architectures, Rule based systems, Non production system, knowledge acquisition.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight and Shivashankar B Nair, Artificial Intelligence, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2009.
- 2. Dan W. Patterson, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, Prentice-Hall, 2007

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Nils J.Nilsson, Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Narosa Publishing House, 1990.
- 2. Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2010.
- 3. VS Janakiraman K, Sarukesi Gopalakrishnan, Foundations of Artificial Intelligence & Expert Systems, Macmillan.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference				
·	OBE DISCUSSION						
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO - PO Mapping						
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEO	RY)					
1	Definition of AI, The AI Problems, The Underlying Assumption	CO 1	T1:1.1-1.8, 2.2				
2	AI Techniques, The Level of the Model, Criteria for Success	CO 1	T1:1.10				
3	The importance of AI, Early works in AI	CO 2	T2:2.7				
4	AI and Related fields, The Foundations of Artificial Intelligence	CO 3	T2:2.8				
5	The History of Artificial Intelligence.	CO 4	T3:2.8				
6	Defining the Problem as a State Space Search.	CO 1					
7	Production Systems, Problem Characteristics,	CO 4	T1:3.1-3.2				
8	Production System Characteristics,	CO 4	T1:4.2,7.1-7.4				
9	Issues in the Design of Search Programs.	CO 5	T1:3.3-3.7				
10	Representations and Mappings.	CO 5	T1:4.2,7.1-7.4				
11	Approaches to Knowledge Representation	CO 1	T2:2.8				
12	Issues in Knowledge Representation.	CO 4	T1:1.3 T1:1.7,7.4				
13	Representing Simple Facts in Logic,	CO 6	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10				
14	Representing Instance and ISA Relationships,	CO 4	T1:1.3 T1:1.7,7.4				
15	Computable Functions and Predicates,.	CO 3	T1:1.1 T1:1.1-1.4				
16	Properties of Wff, Clausal Forms, Conversion to clausal forms, Resolution	CO 5	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10				
17	Procedural Versus Declarative Knowledge, Logic Programming,	CO 4	T1:1.1-1.2 T1:1.5-1.7				
18	Forward Versus Backward Reasoning,	CO 1	T1:1.3 T1:1.7,7.4				
19	Matching, Control Knowledge.	CO 4	T1:1.1-1.2 T1:1.5-1.7				
20	Generate-and-Test, Hill Climbing,	CO 1	T1:3.1-3.4 T1:2.1-2.4				

21	Best-first Search, Problem Reduction,	CO 5	T1:5.1-5.3
22	And-Or search, Constraint Satisfaction, Means-ends	CO1	T1:2.8,3.7-3.8 T1:1.1-1.2
	Analysis.		T1:1.5-1.7
23	A* algorithm, AO* algorithm	CO 2	T1:3.3-3.5 T1:2.6
24	Optimal Decision in Games,	CO 3	T1:5.1-5.3 T1:2.8,3.7-3.8
24	The minimax algorithm, Alpha-Beta pruning,	CO 5	T1:3.3-3.5 T1:2.6
25	Iterative Deepening, Expectimax search.	CO 4	T1:5.15.10 T1:3.6
26	Introduction to Non monotonic Reasoning,	CO 4	T1:4.4-4.6 T1: 5.11 T1:3.10
27	Logics for Non monotonic Reasoning,	CO 1	T1:5.1-5.3 T1:2.8,3.7-3.8
28	Probability and Bayes' Theorem,	CO 5	T1:3.3-3.5 T1:2.6
29	Certainty Factors and Rule-based Systems,.	CO1	T1: 5.11 T1:3.10
30	Bayesian Networks, Dempster-Shafer Theory, Fuzzy Logic	CO2	T1:3.3-3.5 T1:2.6
31	Overview, An Example Domain: The Blocks World,	CO 5	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5
32	Components of a Planning System,	CO 5	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
33	Goal Stack Planning, Nonlinear Planning Using Constraint Posting,	CO1	T1:5.1-5.3 T1:2.8,3.7-3.8
34	Hierarchical Planning, Reactive Systems. What is learning, Rote learning,	CO 1	T1:3.3-3.5 T1:2.6
35	learning by taking Advice, learning from example:	CO 5	T1:6.2-6.3,6.7 T1:4.8,4.11
36	Induction, Explanation based learning (EBL),	CO1	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
37	Discovery, Clustering, Analogy, Neural net and genetic learning, Reinforcement learning.	CO2	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5
38	Representing and Using Domain Knowledge,	CO3	T1:5.15.10 T1:3.6
39	Expert System Shells, Explanation, Knowledge Acquisition, Expert System Architectures,	CO 6	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
40	Rule based systems, Non production system, knowledge acquisition	CO 1	T1:1.3 T1:1.7,7.4
	PROBLEM SOLVING		
41	Enumerate Classical "Water jug Problem". Describe the state space for this problem and also give the solution	CO 1	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5
42	Illustrate Knowledge Organization and Manipulation IN AI	CO1	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5

43	Imagine that you had been to an aquarium and seen a shark and an octopus .Describe these to a child who has never seen one. What resources and mechanisms does the child use to comprehend the nature of these marine animals?	CO2	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
44	Analyze each of them with respect to the seven problem characteristics, Chess, 8-puzzle, Missionaries and cannibals, Monkey and bananas, Tower of Hanoi, Crypt arithmetic	CO1	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
45	Find a good state space representation for the following. Water jug, Traveling salesman, Tower of Hanoi, Crypt arithmetic, Chess, 8-puzzle.	CO2	T1:5.15.10 T1:3.6
46	Trace the operation of the unification algorithm on each of the following pairs of literals: $f(Marcus)$ and f(Caesar) ii. $f(x)$ and $f(g(y))$ $f(Marcus,g(x,y))$ and f(x,g(Caesar,Marcus))	CO3	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5
47	Convert the following well formed formula into clause from with sequence of steps: x: [Roman(x) Know (x, Marcus)] [hate(x, Caesar) v (y: z: hate(y,z) thinkcrazy(x,y))]	CO4	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
48	Assume the following facts: Steve only likes easy courses. Science courses are hard. All the courses in the basketweaving department are easy BK301 is a basketweaving course. Use resolution to answer the question, "What course would Steve like?"	CO3	T1:6.2-6.3,6.7 T1:4.8,4.11
49	Imagine a Robot trying to move from one place in a city to other. It has complete knowledge of the connecting roads in the city. As it moves the road condition keep changing. If the robot is to reach its destination with in a prescribed time, Suggest an algorithm for the same [HINT:Split the roadmap into a set of connected nodes and imagine that the costs of moving from one node to another change based on sometime dependent conditions].	CO2	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
50	What are the Implementation Issues and explain about Augmenting a Problem-solver.	CO2	T1:5.1-5.3 T1:2.8,3.7-3.8
51	Use Fuzzy logic.For example, you might want to define such fuzzy sets as honest people or greedy people and describe Abott, Babbit, and Cabot's memberships in those sets.	CO1	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
52	Show how a JTMS could be used in medical diagnosis. Consider rules such as, "If you have a runny nose, assume you have a cold unless it is allergy season."	CO4	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5
53	Explain in detail about STRIPS and write the components of STRIPS for the given scenario: "Consider a flight journey in a luxurious flight fom India to US"	CO3	

54	Consider the problem of building a program to learn a grammar for a language such as English. Assume that such a program would be provided, as input, with a set of pairs, each consisting of a sentence and a representation of the meaning of the sentence. This is analogous to the experience of a child who hears a sentence and sees something at the same time. How could such a program be built using the techniques	CO4	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
55	Consider the problem of devising a plan for cleaning the kitchen. (a)Write a set of STRIPS-style operators that might be used. When you describe the operators, take into account such considerations as: Cleaning the stove or the refrigerator will get the floor dirty. To clean the oven, it is necessary to apply oven cleaner and then to remove the cleaner. Before the floor can be washed, it must be swept. Before the floor can be swept, the garbage must be taken out. Cleaning the refrigerator generates garbage and messes up the counters. Washing the counters or the floor gets the sink dirty. (b) Write a description of a likely initial state of a kitchen in need of cleaning. Also write a description of a desirable (but perhaps rarely obtained) goal state. (c) Show how the technique of planning using a goal stack could be used to solve this problem.	CO3	T1:5.1-5.3 T1:2.8,3.7-3.8
	DEFINITION AND TERMINOLO	DGY	
56	Define Artificial Intelligence	CO1	T1:6.2-6.3,6.7 T1:4.8,4.11
57	What is a Support Vector Machine?	CO2	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5
58	What is Disjunctive normal form?	CO4	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
59	Why is Depth-first search used?	CO2	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
60	Define the term STRIPS	CO5	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
	DISCUSSION OF TUTORIAL QUESTI	ON BANK	
61	Solve the Water Jug problem: you are given 2 jugs, a 4-gallon one and 3-gallon one. Neither has any measuring maker on it. There is a pump that can be used to fill the jugs with water. How can you get exactly 2 gallons of water into 4-gallon jug? Explicit assumptions: A jug can be filled from the pump, water can be poured out of a jug onto the ground, water can be poured from one jug to another and that there are no other measuring devices available.	CO1	T1:5.1-5.3 T1:2.8,3.7-3.8

62	What problems would be encountered in attempting to represent the following statements in predicate logic?It should be possible to deduce the final statement from the others John only likes to see French movies. It's safe to assume a movie is American unless explicitly told otherwise The playhouse really shows the Foreign films People don't do things that will cause them to be in situations that they don't like	CO3	T1:6.2-6.3,6.7 T1:4.8,4.11
63	The constraint satisfaction procedure we have described performs depth-first search whenever some kind of search is necessary.But depth-first search is not the only way to conduct such a search (a) Rewrite the constraint satisfaction procedure to use breadth first search (b) Rewrite the constraint satisfaction procedure to use best first search	CO2	T1: 7.6 7.7, 8.9-8.10
64	Construct a Bayesian Network and define the necessary CPTs for the given scenario. We have a bag of three biased coins a,b and c with probabilities of coming up heads of 20%, 60% and 80% respectively. One coin is drawn randomly from the bag (with equal likelihood of drawing each of the three coins) and then the coins flipped three times to generate the outcomes X1, X2 and X3.	CO4	T1:6.3,6.10 T1:4.9-4.10
65	Explain in detail about STRIPS and write the components of STRIPS for the given scenario: "Consider a flight journey in a luxurious flight fom India to US"	CO5	T1:6.1,6.4 T1:4.1-4.5

Signature of Course Coordinator Dr M Pala Prasad Reddy, Associate Professor

HOD - CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	CLOUD	CLOUD APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT						
Course Code	ACSC30							
Program	B.Tech							
Semester	VII	VII						
Course Type	CORE							
Regulation	UG-20							
		Theory		Р	ractical			
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	3	-	3	-	-			
Course Coordinator	Ms.Saritha Dasari , Assistant Professor							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC12	IV	Operating Systems
B.Tech	AITC05	IV	Database Management Systems
B.Tech	AITC06	V	Computer Networks

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This Course emphasizes on transformation of the IT industry with high elastic scalability (EC) in the delivery of enterprise applications and capabilities across the various cloud service models. This course covers the concepts of cloud infrastructures, cloud service providers, virtualization, software-defined networks and cloud storage, cloud resource scheduling and management, programming models, and cloud security.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Cloud Application Development	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	White board	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with

"either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
20%	Remember
30%	Understand
50%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
	Total Marks		100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

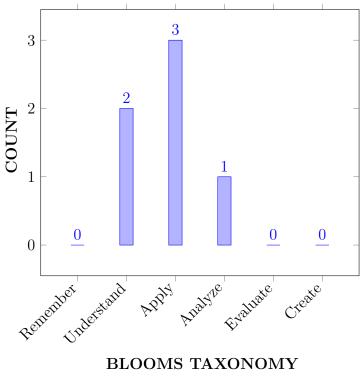
Ι	The fundamental concepts of various services deployed with cloud models for solving current and future challenges.
II	The principles in data centre design and services provided with virtualization techniques.
III	The scaling and load balancing solutions for developing business models with appropriate cloud infrastructure, services and programming models.

VII **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Choose appropriate CSP based on user demanded services among	Apply
	AWS, GCP, MS Azure, and Apache Cloud Stack.	
CO 2	Identify the cloud architecture style and infrastructure in providing	Apply
	services with high elastic scalability as per user requirement.	
CO 3	Summarize Virtual Machine concepts for running different	Understand
	applications on different operating systems concurrently.	
CO 4	Make use of resource scheduling and management methods for	Apply
	finding the best match of combined resources as per user requirement.	
CO 5	Outline system security issues and vulnerabilities for reducing	Understand
	system-specific attacks under a virtualization environment.	
CO 6	Inspect various cloud services, programming models for developing a	Analyze
	business model according to customer requirements.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIA/SEE
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	3	CIA/SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	CIA/SEE
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	CIA/SEE
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	2	Tech Talk/Concept Videos
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	1	Tech Talk/Concept Videos

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	3	CIA/SEE
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measuresusing tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	3	CIA/SEE
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools,and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative careerpaths toward Continuous Learning.	2	CIA/SEE

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-		-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Apply scientific principles and methodologies, other engineering disciplines in selection of best cloud service provider based on customer requirements.	2
	PO 2	Problem Analysis in selection of best cloud service provider based on customer requirements	7
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of selecting best cloud service provider based on customer requirements	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts in selecting best cloud service provider based on customer requirements	1
	PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools for selecting best cloud service provider based on customer requirements	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 2	PO 1	Apply scientific principles and methodologies, other engineering disciplines to select infrastructures and architectural styles of the system as per cloud user and organizational requirements.	2
	PO 2	Problem Analysis in selecting infrastructures and architectural styles of the system as per cloud user and organizational requirements.	9
	PO 3	Design solutions for architectural styles and infrastructure for providing services with high elastic scalability as per user requirement.	8
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in selecting infrastructures and architectural styles of the system as per cloud user and organizational requirements.	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts in selecting infrastructures and architectural styles of the system as per cloud user and organizational requirements by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments.	1
	PSO 2	Focus on improving Network Security and IRS in selecting infrastructures and architectural styles of the system as per cloud user and organizational requirements.	2
	PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools in selecting infrastructures and architectural styles of the system as per cloud user and organizational requirements.	1
CO 3	PO 1	Understand scientific principles and methodologies, other engineering disciplines in developing virtual machines to run different applications on different OSs.	2
	PO 2	Problem Analysis in developing virtual machines to run different applications on different OSs.	5
	PO 3	Design solutions for development of virtual machines to run different applications on different operating systems concurrently.	8
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in developing virtual machines to run different applications on different OSs.	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of advanced topics on virtual machines by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments.	1
	PSO 2	Focus on improving Network Security and IRS in developing virtual machines to run different applications on different OSs.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Apply scientific principles and methodology, mathematical principles and, other engineering disciplines on different types of resource scheduling algorithms for efficient utilization of pool of resources.	3
-	PO 2	Problem Analysis in selecting different types of resource scheduling algorithms for efficient utilization of pool of resources.	8

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	PO 3 Design solutions for resource scheduling and management methods to find the best match of combined resources as per user requirement.	8
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of resource scheduling algorithms for efficient utilization of pool of resources.	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of advanced topics on efficient utilization of pool of resources by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments	1
	PSO 1	Understand, Design and Analyze Computer Programs used in resource scheduling for efficient utilization of pool of resources.	6
	PSO 2	Focus on improving Network Security and in selecting different types of resource scheduling for efficient utilization of pool of resources.	1
	PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools in selecting different types of resource scheduling algorithms for efficient utilization of pool of resources.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Understand scientific principles and methodologies, other engineering disciplines to handle security and vulnerabilities for reducing system-specific attacks.	2
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of security and vulnerabilities in virtualization environment	2
	PO 12	Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of advanced topics on security and vulnerabilities by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments	1
	PSO 2	Focus on improving Network Security and IRS in handling security and vulnerabilities for reducing system-specific attacks.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Analyze scientific principles and methodology, mathematical principles and, other engineering disciplines to use various cloud services and programming models to develop business model based on customer requirements	3
	PO 2	Problem Analysis in various cloud services and programming models to develop business model based on customer requirements	10
	PO 3	Design solutions for various cloud services and programming models by Defining and understanding cloud user and organizational requirements, identifying various cloud infrastructure and services, managing design process and evaluate the outcomes.	9
	PO 5	Usage of Cloud Management tool for modeling simple to complex engineering activities with understanding cloud user requirements and limitations.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.			
	PO 10	Subject matter and speaking style assessed in explanation of various cloud services and programming models to develop business model based on customer requirements	2			
	PO 12Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts of advanced topics on various cloud services and programming models by tech talk, concept videos and open ended experiments					
	PSO 1	Understand, Design and Analyze Computer Programs used in various cloud services and programming models to develop business model based on customer requirements	6			
	PSO 2	Focus on improving Network Security and IRS in various cloud services and programming models to develop business model based on customer requirements	2			
	PSO 3	Make use of modern computer tools for various cloud services and programming models to develop business model based on customer requirements	1			

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	1
CO 2	2	9	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	2	1
CO 3	2	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	2	-
CO 4	3	8	5	-		-	-	-	-	2	-	1	6	1	1
CO 5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	-
CO 6	3	10	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	6	2	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.6	70.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	12.5	-		50.0
CO 2	66.6	90.0	80.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	12.5	-	100	50.0
CO 3	66.6	50.0	40.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	12.5	-	100	-
CO 4	100	80.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	12.5	100	50.0	50.0
CO 5	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	12.5	-	50.0	-
CO 6	100	100	90.0	-	100	-	-	-	-	40.0	-	12.5	100	100	50

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** -5 <C \leq 40% Low/ Slight
- 2 40 % < C < 60% Moderate
- 3 $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRO)GR.	AM	OUT	CON	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	2
CO 2	3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	2
CO 3	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	3	-
CO 4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		1	3	2	2
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	2	-
CO 6	3	3	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3	3	2
TOTAL	18	14	10	-	3	-	-	-	-	12	-	6	6	15	8
AVERAGE	3.0	2.8	2.5	-	3.0	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	1	3	2.6	2

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Assessment of mini projects by experts	End Semester OBE Feedback

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION AND CLOUD APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT
	Introduction: Definition, Characteristics, Benefits, challenges of cloud computing, cloud models: IaaS (infrastructure as service),PaaS(platform as a service),SaaS(software as a service), deployment models-public, private, hybrid, community; Types of cloud computing: Grid computing utility computing, cluster; computing Cloud services: Amazon, Google, Azure, online services, open source private clouds, SLA; Applications of cloud computing: Healthcare, energy systems, transportation, manufacturing, education, government, mobile communication, application development.

MODULE II	CLOUD ARCHITECTURE, PROGRAMMING MODEL
	Cloud Architecture, programming model: NIST reference architecture, architectural styles of cloud applications, single, multi, hybrid cloud site, redundant, non redundant, 3 tier, multi tier architectures; Programming model: Compute and data intensive.
MODULE III	CLOUD RESOURCE VIRTUALIZATION
	Cloud resource virtualization: Basics of virtualization, types of virtualization techniques, merits and demerits of Virtualization. Full vs Para - virtualization, virtual machine monitor/hypervisor; Virtual machine basics, taxonomy of virtual machines, process vs system virtual machines.
MODULE IV	CLOUD RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND SCHEDULING
	Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling: Policies and mechanisms for resource management, resource bundling, combinatorial, fair queuing, start time fair queuing, borrowed virtual time, cloud scheduling subject to deadlines, scheduling map reduce applications subject to deadlines, resource management and application scaling.
MODULE V	CLOUD SECURITY
	Cloud Security: Risks, privacy and privacy impacts assessments; Multi-tenancy issues, security in VM, OS, virtualization system security issues and vulnerabilities; Virtualization system-specific attacks: Technologies for virtualization-based security enhancement, legal.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Dan Marinescu, Cloud Computing: Theory and Practice $\|,$ M K Publishers, 1st Edition, 2013
- 2. Kai Hwang, Jack Dongarra, Geoffrey Fox, Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things^{||}, M K Publishers, 1st Edition, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Anthony T. Velte, Toby J. Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach ||, McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 2009.
- 2. Arshdeep Bahga, —Cloud Computing: A Hands on Approach ||, Vijay Madisetti Universities Publications, 1st Edition, 2013.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.oracle.com/in/cloud/application-development
- 2. http://computingcareers.acm.org/?page_id=12
- 3. http://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/cloud application

COURSE WEB PAGE:

https://www.iare.ac.in/?q=courses/computer-science-and-engineering-autonomous/cloud-application-development

XIX COURSE PLAN:

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Overview, Objectives , Course Outcomes an	nd POs/PSO	s
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Cloud Computing definition, characteristics	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.1, 1.2
3	benefits, challenges	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.1, 1.2
4	Cloud computing models	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.2
5	Cloud computing deployment models	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.2
6	Types of cloud computing techniques	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.2
7	Different types of Cloud Service Providers	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.3
8	Different types of Cloud Service Providers	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 1.3
9	Various applications of cloud computing	CO 1, CO 6	T1: 3.6
10	Cloud architecture concepts and selection criteria	CO 2, CO 6	T1: 1.1
11	Cloud architecture selection criteria	CO 2, CO 6	T1: 1.1
12	NIST reference architecture of cloud applications	CO 2, CO 6	T1: 1.1, 3.8
13	NIST reference architectural styles of cloud applications	CO 2, CO 6	T1: 1.1, 3.8
14	Programming model and Compute intensive model	CO 2, CO 6	T1: 4.2,4.3
15	Virtualization and types of virtualization techniques	CO 3	R2: 4.7
16	Merits and demerits of virtualization ; Full vs Para-virtualization	CO 3	T1: 4.9
17	Full vs Para-virtualization	CO 3	T1: 4.9
18	Virtual machine monitor/hypervisor and its types	CO 3	T1: 4.9
19	Cloud resource management and scheduling	CO 4	T1: 6.1
20	Various policies and mechanisms for resource management	CO 4	T1: 6.1
21	Policies and mechanisms for resource bundling, combinatorial	CO 4	T1: 6.1
22	Fair queuing, start time fair queuing, borrowed virtual time	CO 4	T1: 6.9, 6.10, 6.11

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

23	Map reduce applications subject to deadlines	CO 4	T1: 6.13
24	Resource management and application scaling.	CO 4	R1: 6.14
25	Cloud Security: Risks, privacy	CO 5	T1:9
26	Privacy impacts assessments	CO 5	T1: 9.5
27	Multi-tenancy issues	CO 5	T1: 9.5
28	Security in VM, OS	CO 5	R2: 9.6
29	Virtualization system security issues	CO 5	T1: 9.1
30	Virtualization system security vulnerabilities	CO 5	T1: 9.1
31	Virtualization system-specific attacks	CO 5	R1: 9.9
32	Technologies for virtualization-based security enhancement legal	CO 5	R1: 9.9
33	Reduce Risk and Confidently Accelerate your Business in the Cloud	CO 5	R1: 9.9
34	Prevent Threats In Without Impacting Your Cloud's Efficiency	CO 5	R1: 9.9
35	Empower Your Cloud Defense	CO 5	R1: 9.9
36	Market-Leading Protection	CO 5	R1: 9.9
37	Simplicity and Efficiency	CO 5	R1: 9.9
38	Best Runtime Protection	CO 5	R1: 9.9
39	Learn in-demand cloud computing skills and additionally prepare for Azure certification	CO 5	R1: 9.9
40	Clients design and realize the future of their business	CO 5	R1: 9.9
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		
1	Cloud computing delivery models with security and the reliability of each model.	CO 1, CO 2	T1:3.6
	Peer-to-peer systems and clouds the in terms of architecture, resource management, scope, and security		
2	Is cloud elasticity based on over provisioning sustainable? Give arguments to support.	CO 1, CO 2	T1:3.6
	Debating whether to install a private cloud or to use a public cloud (e.g., the AWS) for its computational and storage needs for an organization.		
3	Mobile devices could benefit from cloud computing; explain the reasons.	CO 1, CO 2	T1:3.6
4	Tips for managing multi-cloud environment with real time example.	CO 2, CO 6	T1:4.3
	Deploying a multi-tenant application across multiple cloud platforms.		
5	Usage of apache zookeeper to build distributed apps and describe how Zookeeper works.	CO 2, CO 6	T1:4.3
	Case study on Hadoop distributed file system used in cloud Computing.		
	Solving redundancy problems using different architectural styles		

6	Create a Map Reduce Application model by using data intensive model.	CO 2, CO 6	T1:4.3
	Compare the latest Top 500 list with the Top 500 Green List of HPC systems based on publicly reported data.		
7	Discuss Virtualization Middleware for Scientific Cloud Computing in Open Source Offerings.	CO 3	T1:4.9, R2:4.7
	Identify a hybrid cloud allows a company to maintain critical, confidential data and money on the new resources.		
	Design a large-scale virtual cluster system		
8	VMs practically share all resources of the virtual infrastructure including virtual switch. Using Virtualization analyze memory virtualization, processor virtualization, and virtualization of a communication channel. Analyze the results of the performance comparison by using virtual machines.	CO 3	T1:4.9, R2:4.7
9	Virtualization of the processor combined with virtual Memory management poses multiple challenges.	CO 3	T1:4.9, R2:4.7
	Describe the approaches used to exchange data among the domains of Xen and design experiments to compare the performance of data communication between the domains.		
10	Implementation of resource management policies: control theory, machine learning, utility-based, and market-oriented.	CO 4	T1:6.1, R1:6.14
	Optimal strategies for one could be in conflict with optimal strategies for one or more of the other classes.		
11	Relationship between the scale of a system and the policies and the mechanisms for resource management.	CO 4	T1:6.1, R1:6.14
	Workflow of cloud application use XML to describe this workflow, including the instances and the storage required for each task.		
12	Set up Hadoop-YARN cluster with ports to start each worker.	CO 4	T1:6.1, R1:6.14
	Itanium architecture , and identify several possible reasons.		
13	Identify the main security threats for the SaaS cloud delivery model on a Public cloud.	CO 5	T1:9.1, R1:9.9
	Analyze Amazon's privacy policies and design a service-level agreement.		
	Cloud service to analyze images and sign them before being listed and made available to the general public.		
14	Analyze the implications of the two-level security model of commodity operating systems.	CO 5	T1:9.1, R1:9.9
	Virtualization security on public, private, and hybrid clouds.		
	Security risk posed by XenStore?		

15	Six attack surfaces are illustrated cloud delivery models.	CO 5	T1:9.1,
	Impact of international agreements regarding privacy laws on cloud computing.		R1:9.9
	Security and functionality in a hypervisor" and discuss the performance of the system.		
	Virtual machine security and its application with an real time example by considering any one cloud service provider.		
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	•
1	Definition, characteristics, benefits, challenges of cloud computing, cloud models, deployment models, types of cloud computing, cloud service provider, applications of cloud computing.	CO 1, CO 6	T1:3.6
2	Cloud architecture, architectural styles, programming models.	CO 2, CO 6	T1:4.3
3	Basics of virtualization, types of virtualization techniques, merits and demerits of virtualization, virtual machine basics, taxonomy of virtual machines, process vs system virtual machines.	CO 3	T1:4.9, R1:4.7
4	Policies and mechanisms for resource management, resource bundling, combinatorial, fair queuing, start time fair queuing, borrowed virtual time.	CO 4	T1:6.1, R1:6.14
5	Multi-tenancy issues, security in VM, OS, virtualization system security issues and vulnerabilities, technologies for virtualization.	CO 5	T1:9.1, R1:9.9
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
1	Challenges of cloud computing ,Cloud services and Applications of cloud computing	CO 1, CO 6	R4:2.1
2	Cloud Architecture and programming model	CO 2, CO 6	T4:7.3
3	Cloud resource virtualization	CO 3	R4:5.1
4	Cloud Resource Management and Scheduling	CO 4	T1:7.5
5	Cloud Security	CO 5	T1: 4.1
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Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY					
Course Title	PRINCI	PLES OF IOT					
Course Code	ACIC10						
Program	B. Tech						
Semester	VII						
Course Type	Professional Elective						
Regulation	UG20						
		Theory		Pract	tical		
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3 - 3						
Course Coordinator	ourse Coordinator Ms. D Kavitha, Assistant Professor						

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITC06	V	Computer Networks

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The course aims to deliver a sound understanding of the design and analysis of Internet of Things through lectures and practice. The lectures provide the foundational knowledge in sensors and actuators, fusion of data from multiple sensors, sensor data calibration and topics in sensor data analytics: pre-processing and extraction of features in time, series sensor data, and classification methods. The students conduct a major piece of coursework working in pairs to develop an IoT application using the Orient speck platform. Students will experience all the stages in the design and implementation of a complex system, from its specification to the demonstration of a working prototype. They will be exposed to aspects of embedded systems programming, networking algorithms, wireless protocols, user interface design, system integration and testing.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Principles of IoT	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	x	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
10%	Remember
45 %	Understand
18 %	Apply
27 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	- 30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70
Total Marks			100

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving	
40%	40%	20%	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

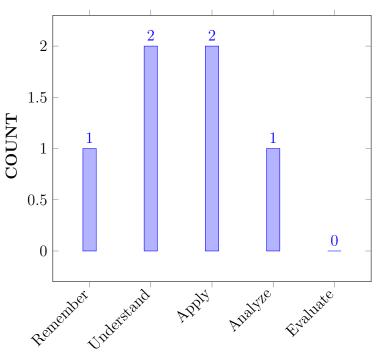
Ι	The IoT value chain structure (device, data cloud), application areas and technologies involved.
II	The IoT sensors and technological challenges faced by IoT devices, with a focus on wireless, energy, power, and sensing modules.
III	Market forecast for IoT devices with a focus on sensors.
IV	Explore and learn about Internet of Things with the help of preparing projects designed for Raspberry Pi.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After su	accessful completion of the course, students should be able to:	
CO 1	Relate the characteristics and appropriate levels of IoT for reusing of	Remember
	deployed IoT resources across application domains.	
CO 2	Identify the necessity of communication models, protocols and API's	Apply
	for accessing data from sensors and actuators to overcome issues like	
	failure of any connected devices.	
CO 3	Compare Machine to Machine with IoT and identifying the role of	Understand
	SDN,NFV, NETCONFG-YANG for data exchange between devices and	
	management on network.	
CO 4	Select an appropriate sensor to make sensitive measurements of	understand
	physical parameters.	
CO 5	Choose raspberry Pi device and set up the environment for	Apply
	connecting other devices/sensors to communicate with raspberry pi	
	using Python language.	
CO 6	Analyze different cloud storage models and protocols that are scalable	Analyze
	& available on demand for designing IoT applications.	

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes				
PO 1	PO 1 Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution				
	of complex engineering problems.				
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and				
	analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.				

	Program Outcomes			
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex			
	Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet			
	the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and			
	safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations			
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based			
	knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis			
	and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.			
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques,			
FO 0	resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and			
	modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the			
	limitations			
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual			
	knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the			
	consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.			
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the			
	professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and			
	demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.			
PO 8	O 8 Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and			
	responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.			
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a			
	member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.			
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering			
	activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as,			
	being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design			
	documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.			
PO 11				
PUII	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these			
	to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects			
	and in multidisciplinary environments.			
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation			
	and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest			
	context of technological change			
L	<u> </u>			

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	3	Seminar/ Conferences/ Workshops
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	3	Seminar/ Conferences/ Workshops
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	Assignments/ Discussion
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	3	Seminars/ Workshops/ Short term courses
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	Seminars/ Workshops/ Short term courses
PO 12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	3	Seminars/ Workshops/ Short term courses

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

Р	PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	2	Research papers/ Group discussion
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	-	-
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	1	Seminar/ Assign- ments

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark
CO 2	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE	PO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key
OUTCOMES	PSO'S		Competencies
CO 1	PO 3	Relate the characteristics and appropriate levels of IoT for designing solutions for complex engineering problems and reusing of deployed IoT resources in design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations across application domains .	4

	PO 4	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments for reusing of deployed IoT resources across application domains.	5
	PO 7	Relate the characteristics and appropriate levels of IoT in the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate the knowledge of deployed IoT resources across application domains for sustainable development.	2
	PO 10	The characteristics and appropriate levels of IoT are used in deployed IoT resources across application domains to Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for characteristics and appropriate levels of IoT for reusing of deployed IoT resources across application domains in life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change .	2
	PSO1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	2
	PSO3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2
CO 2	PO 2	Identify the necessity of communication models, protocols and API's and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using engineering sciences .	3
	PO 4	Identify the necessity of communication models, protocols and API's for accessing data from sensors and actuators in the design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data.	5
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation. computer systems .	2
	PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society	2
CO 3	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals for identifying the role of SDN,NFV, NETCONFG-YANG for data exchange between devices and management on network to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 2	Identifying the role of SDN,NFV, NETCONFG-YANG for data exchange between devices and management on network and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using engineering sciences .	3

	PO 3	Use either Machine to Machine or IoT to design solutions for complex engineering problems that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	4
	PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities using Machine to Machine with IoT and identifying the role of SDN, NFV, NETCONFG-YANG for data exchange between devices with the engineering community and with society at large.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for Machine to Machine with IoT and identifying the role of SDN,NFV, NETCONFG-YANG for data exchange between devices and management on network for life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of engineering fundamentals to relate the architectural reference model and state of the art methodologies in IoT application domains for the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 2	Identify state of the art methodologies in IoT application domains for managing access control of IoT devices and analyze complex engineering problems using principles of engineering sciences .	3
	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems by relating architectural reference model and state of the art methodologies in IoT application domains for managing access control of IoT devices.	3
	PO 4	Use research methods including design of experiments, and analyze state of the art methodologies in IoT application domains for managing access control of IoT devices.	5
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	3
CO 5	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems using raspberry Pi device and set up the environment for connecting other devices/sensors to communicate specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	4

	PO 4	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments using raspberry Pi device and set up the environment for connecting other devices/sensors to communicate with raspberry pi using Python language.	5
	PO 5	Select and apply appropriate techniques to set up the environment for connecting other devices/sensors to communicate with raspberry pi using Python language for modeling to complex engineering activities .	1
	PO 12	Recognize the need for raspberry Pi device and the environment for connecting other devices/sensors to communicate with raspberry pi using Python language in life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change .	2
	PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	3
CO 6	PO 1	Apply the knowledge of different cloud storage models and protocols that are scalable & available on demand for designing IoT applications and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 2	Identify different cloud storage models and protocols that are scalable & available for complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using principles of engineering sciences for designing IoT applications.	5
	PO 3	Design solutions for complex engineering problems using different cloud storage models and protocols that are scalable & available on demand for designing IoT applications for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	4
	PO 4	Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data for using different cloud storage models and protocols that are scalable & available on demand for designing IoT applications.	6
	PO 5	Select, and apply appropriate cloud storage models and protocols that are scalable & available on demand for modeling to complex engineering activities.	1
	PO 10	Analyze different cloud storage models and protocols that are used to Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large for designing IoT applications.	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for different cloud storage models and protocols in life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change for designing IoT applications.	2

PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	2
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	2

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

COURSE		Program Outcomes/ No. of Key Competencies Matched											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	6	2	3
CO 1	0	0	4	5	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	2	2	0	2
CO 2	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
CO 3	3	3	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	2	0	0
CO 4	3	3	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0
CO 5	0	0	4	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0
CO 6	3	5	4	6	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	2	0	2

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	6	2	3
CO 1	0	0	40	45.5	0	0	43.3	0	0	80	0	25	34	0	100
CO 2	0	30	0	45.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	100	0
CO 3	100	30	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	0	25	34	0	0
CO 4	100	30	30	45.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	0	0
CO 5	0	0	40	45.5	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	50	0	0
CO 6	100	50	40	55	100	0	0	0	0	80	0	25	34	0	100

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

 $\mathbf 1$ -5 <C ≤ 40% – Low/ Slight

 $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ – Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										I	PSO'S	5	
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	6	2	3
CO 1	-	-	1	2	-	-	2	-	-	3	-	1	1	-	3
CO 2	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	-
CO 3	3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	-	-
CO 4	3	1	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 5	-	-	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-
CO 6	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	-	3
TOTAL	9	5	5	10	6		2			9		4	8	3	6
AVERAGE	3.0	1.25	1.0	2.0	3.0		2.0			3.0		1.0	1.33	3.0	3.0

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	_	5 Minutes Video	-	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments	_				

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback				
\mathbf{X}	Assessment of Mini Projects by Ex	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts					

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS (IOT)
	Introduction to Internet of Things, definition and characteristics of IoT, physical design of IoT, IoT protocols, IoT communication models, IoT communication APIs, IoT enabled ttechnologies, wireless sensor networks, cloud computing, big data analytics, communication protocols, embedded systems, iot levels and templates; Domain Specific IoTs: Home, city, environment, energy, retail, logistics, agriculture, industry, health and lifestyle.
MODULE II	IOT NETWORKS AND MANAGEMENT
	IoT and M2M – Software defined networks, network function virtualization, difference between SDN and NFV for IoT. Basics of IoT System Management with NETCOZF, YANG, NETCONF, YANG, SNMP NETOPEER.

MODULE III	CONTROLLING HARDWARE AND SENSORS
	Controlling Hardware, Connecting LED, buzzer, switching high power devices with transistors, controlling AC power devices with relays, controlling servo motor, speed control of DC motor, unipolar and bipolar stepper motors Sensors, Light sensor, temperature sensor with thermistor, voltage sensor, ADC and DAC, temperature and humidity sensor DHT11, motion detection sensors, wireless bluetooth sensors, level sensors, USB Sensors, embedded sensors, distance measurement with ultrasound sensor.
MODULE IV	IOT PHYSICAL DEVICES AND ENDPOINTS
	Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi, Installation, Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C), Programming – Python program with RaspberryPI with focus on interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, reading input from pins.
MODULE V	IOT PHYSICAL SERVERS AND CLOUD OFFERINGS
	Introduction to Cloud Storage models and communication APIs Webserver – Web server for IoT, Cloud for IoT, Python web application framework Designing a RESTful web API.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, —Internet of Things: A Hands-on-Approach, VPT, 1st Edition, 2014.
- 2. Matt Richardson, Shawn Wallac, –Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, O'Reilly (SPD), 3rd Edition, 2014.
- 3. Simon Monk, "Raspberry Pi Cookbook-Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions", O'Reilly (SPD), 2016

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Peter Waher, "Learning Internet of Things", Packt Publishing, 1st Edition, 2015
- 2. Peter Friess, "Internet of Things From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment", River Publishers, 2014.
- 3. N. Ida, "Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces", SciTech Publishers, 2014.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
OBE DISCUSSION			
1	Institutions adopting OBE try to bring changes to the curriculum by dynamically adapting to the requirements of the different stakeholders like Students, Parents, Industry Personnel and Recruiters. OBE is all about feedback and outcomes. In this we will discuss about the course outcomes and program outcomes and their attainment		

	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
1	Understanding the basics concepts of IoT	CO1	T1:19-22
2	Motivations of IoT and various Applications of IoT	CO1	T1:22-24
3	Describe the Things of IoT and characteristics of IoT	CO1	T1:24-26
4	Analysis and Design of IoT in physical view	CO2	T1:26-30
5	Analysis and Design of IoT in physical view	CO2	T1:26-30
6	Analysis and Design of IoT in physical view	CO2	T1:26-30
7	Understanding the working of IoT protocols	CO2	T1:31-34
8	Understanding the working of IoT protocols	CO2	T1:31-34
9	Describing various communication models and IoT enabling technologies	CO2	T1:34-49
10	Analysing the IoT levels and templats	CO2	T1:34-49
11	Identifying specific Domains IoTs and its applications	CO1	T1:53-72
12	Identifying specific Domains IoTs and its applications	CO1	T1:53-72
13	Understanding the basic differences between IoT and M2M	CO3	T1: 72-80
14	Implementation of SDN and NFV architecture in IoT	CO3	T1:80-85
15	Identifying IoT system management with NETCONF-YANG	CO3	T1:91-92
16	Uses of SNMP in IoT protocols	CO3	T1:93-94
17	Implementation of NETCONF-YANG by using Python	CO3	T1:96-97
18	Implementation of NETCONF-YANG by using Python	CO3	T1:96-97
19	Understanding the functions of components used in IoT	CO4	T3:170-186
20	Understanding the connections of LED	CO4	T3:170-186
21	Understanding the connections of Buzzer	CO4	T3:170-186
22	Analyzing to control high power devices through transistors	CO4	T1:141-150
23	Analyzing to control high power devices through relays	CO4	T1:141-150
24	Analyzing to control servo motors	CO4	T1:141-150
25	Analyzing to speed control of DC motor	CO4	T1:141-150
26	Analyzing working of unipolar and bipolar stepper mortors	CO4	T1:141-150
27	Identifying various sensors working and its application	CO4	T1:141-150
28	Describe the physical endpoints used in IoT	CO5	T1:186-196
29	Understanding the working of Arduino, installation	CO5	T1:186-196
30	Understanding the working of Raspberry Pi, installation	CO5	T1:186-196
31	Analyse the concept of interfacing	CO5	T1:186-196
32	understand the python programming with raspberry Pi	CO5	T1:186-196
33	Study the interfacing of external gadgets	CO5	T1:186-196
34	Analyze to control output of an application	CO5	T1:186-196
35	Understand the concept of reading input from pins	CO5	T1:186-196
36	Iot application with Raspberry Pi	CO6	T1:197-198
37	introduction to cloud storage modles	CO6	T1:197-198
38	Introduction to cloud storage models	CO6	T1:197-198

39	Introduction to communication APIs webserver	CO1& 6	T1:254-264
40	Webserver for IoT	CO1& 6	T1:254-264
41	Webserver for IoT	CO1& 6	T1:254-264
42	Real time applications of IoT with clout for IoT	CO1& 6	T1:254-264
43	Python web application framework	CO1&6	T1:254-264
44	Python web application framework	CO1& 6	T1:254-264
45	Designing a RESTful web API	CO1&6	T1:254-264
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDI	ES	
1	Write the following details regarding Raspberry Pi 3(a) Technical Specifications SoC, RAM, I/O, No of I/O,I2C, SPI etc.(b) GPIO pins and pin modes(c) Network Connectivity Options available in RPi3(d) Design a simple loT application using Digital I/O to blink a LED in RPi3with suitable connection diagram. Write a sample python script for the same.	CO2	T1:19-72
2	Design a simple application of an breathing LED using PWM in Raspberry piwith suitable connection diagram. Write the python script for the same	CO2	T1:19-72
3	Explain domain specific home automation of IoT	CO1,CO6	T1:19-72
4	Write a Python program for controlling an LED with a switch.	CO5	T1:141-150
5	Write a Python program for switching LED/Light based on reading LDR reading.	CO5	T1:141-150
6	Implement the air pollution monitoring system using the webSocket approach.	CO1,CO2	T1:24
7	Design and discuss the levels of IoT in smart Irrigation.	CO2	T1:24
8	Draw a neat diagram and explain the design of an IoT working prototype forinterfacing Arduino UNO with DHT11 sensor to send the temperature andhumidity data to ThingSpeak cloud server using ESP8266.	CO5	T1:141-150
9	Explain about IoT cloud with home automation.	CO6	T1:197-198
10	What are the impacts that can be observed in implementing internet of Things on Agriculture sector?	CO1	T1:254-264
11	Write a Python program for blinking LED with Raspberry Pi?	CO5	T1:141-150
12	Discuss about the analysis of IoT with smart environment.	CO1,CO6	T1:254-264
13	What Impacts will the Internet Of Things have on infrastructure and smart cities sector?	CO6	T1:254-264
14	Write a Python program for sending an email on a switch press.	CO5	T1:141-150
15	Extend the functionality of the home intrusion detection IoT system by interfacing a webcam. Implement a function in the controller to capture an image from the webcam and send it as an attachment in the email alert when an intrusion is detected.	CO1,CO6	T1:254-264
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMI	NOLOGY	[
1	List out the four V's in Big Data?	CO1	T1:19

0		aor	T 1 10
2	Summarize the benefits of SoC	CO5	T1:19
3	Differentiate Raspberry with Arduino.	CO2	T1:19
4	Which protocols provide connectivity between M2M	CO3	T1: 72-80
	nodes within an M2M area network?		
5	List out the steps used in internet gateway device.	CO3	T1:91-92
DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK			
1	Explain various protocols used in each layer.	CO	T1:19-72
		1, CO 2	
2	Describe devices data and steps in acquiring and storing	CO 3	T1:74-97
	data for an application service or business process.		
3	Explain 5 different sensors with examples?	CO 4	T1:70-140
4	Describe the basic structure of Arduino programming	CO 5	T1:186-
	with an eaxmple?		198
5	How Rasberry Pi different from a desktop computer?	CO 6	T1:254-
	Justify your answer with an illustration.		264

Signature of Course Coordinator Ms. D Kavitha, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	Comput	Computer Science and Information Technology			
Course Title	Embedd	Embedded Systems			
Course Code	AECC40	AECC40			
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech			
Semester	VII				
Course Type	Open Elective-II				
Regulation	UG-20				
		Theory		Pract	ical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	-	3	-	-
Course Coordinator	Mr. V Devender, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
B.Tech	ACSC07	III Computer Organization and Architecture		3
B.Tech	ACSC12	IV	IV Operating Systems	

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course allows students to learn the fundamentals of embedded system hardware and firmware design. It focusses on embedded system design process, embedded C, interfacing modules, software development tools for debugging and testing of embedded applications, ARM and SHARC processor architectures and memory organization. It provides hands-on experience on implementation of embedded application prototype design using embedded C.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Embedded Systems	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	x	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
0%	Remember
66.6%	Understand
16.6 %	Apply
16.6 %	Analyze
0%	Evaluate
0%	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70
	Total Marks		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 20 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Videos	Tech-talk	Open Ended Experiment
50%	50%	-

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

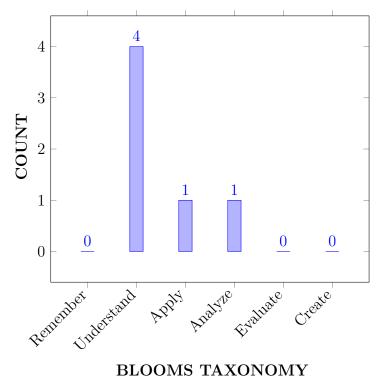
Ι	The concepts of embedded computing, embedded C, RTOS and embedded software tools for implementing embedded systems.
II	Embedded software development tools for debugging and testing of embedded applications, architectures of ARM and SHARC processors.
III	Interfacing with external environments using sensors, actuators and communication in distributed embedded systems.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Summarize the concepts of Embedded Systems and formalisms for	Understand
	system design with examples.	
CO 2	Examine and write the Embedded Systems programming in C with	Analyze
	Keil Integrated Development Environment (IDE).	
CO 3	Demonstrate the principles of RTOS and the methods used for saving	Understand
	memory and power in real time environments.	
CO 4	Make use of embedded software development tools for debugging and	Apply
	testing of embedded applications.	
CO 5	Illustrate the architecture, memory organization and instruction level	Understand
	parallelism of ARM and SHARC processors used in Embedded	
	Systems.	
CO 6	Interpret the concepts of Internet of Things used in the embedded	Understand
	systems applications.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	1	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	SEE/CIE/AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1	SEE/CIE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES		Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design,	1	AAT / Projects

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

				PRO	OGR.	AM	OUT	COI	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO1	PO 1	Illustrate the concepts (knowledge) of embedded systems using their architectures by using mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3
	PO 10	Describe the concepts of Embedded Systems and formalisms by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions for system design with examples.	1
	PSO1	Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to develop data centric applications using the concepts of System Software, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	1
CO2	PO 1	Apply the integration of sensors, actuators and on-chip peripherals of microcontroller architectures for prototype design by applying science and engineering fundamentals .	2
	PO 2	Understand the given embedded application problem statement and finding the solution implementation and select proper language for information and data collection for solution development by writing embedded C language programming efficient and interpretation of results . The prototype embedded system design by analyzing complex engineering problems.	4

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	Manage the design process and make use of creativity to establish solutions by selecting proper syntaxes to write the embedded C language programming by understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development and design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components of embedded applications that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations.	4
CO2	PO 5	Select and apply appropriate techniques of (Modern Tool Usage) Keil Integrated Development Environment, for design of the basic embedded modules using different electronic circuits to provide valid conclusions.	1
	PO 10	Use Keil Integrated Development Environment by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions for analyzing the Embedded Systems programming in C.	1
CO3	PO 1	Demonstrate (knowledge) the principles of RTOS such as interrupt latency and context switching in hard real time environments by applying the knowledge of mathematical model, science and engineering fundamentals	3
	PO 10	Describe the principles of RTOS and the methods used for saving memory and power with Keil Integrated Development Environment by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions in real time environments.	1
	PSO1	Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to develop data centric applications using the concepts of System Software, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking.	
CO4	PO 1	Make use of embedded software development tools (knowledge) for debugging and testing of embedded applications to the solution of complex engineering problems using mathematics , science , engineering fundamentals .	3
	PO 2	Identify the problem and understand the given embedded application and choose necessary hardware and software interface for information and data collection and conduct experimental design and finding the solution implementation of embedded applications using development tools by analyzing complex engineering problems.	4

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	Understand the customer and user needs and select an appropriate RTOS and Software development tools by managing the design process and evaluate outcomes to promote sustainable development for data transfer between the devices using creativity to establish innovative solutions.	4
	PO 5	Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering tools including prediction and modelling the embedded circuits using Keil integrated development environment tool to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	1
CO4	PO 10	Use embedded software development tools by giving effective presentations and take clear instructions for debugging and testing of embedded applications.	1
CO5	PO 1	Understand (knowledge) the architecture, memory management and application development using ARM and SHARC processors by applying science and engineering fundamentals.	2
	PO 10	Explain the architecture, memory organization and instruction level parallelism of ARM and SHARC processors by giving effective presentations and taking clear instructions .	1
CO6	PO 1	Model a embedded application prototype using embedded C by applying engineering fundamentals .	1
	PO 2	Understand the problem statement and solve embedded prototype implementation using the concepts of Internet Of Things (information and data collection) and interpret the results in global engineering applications in complex problem analysis using mathematics.	5
	PO 3	Using creativity to establish innovative solutions and understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development for design a complex engineering problems and real time processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and environmental considerations.	3
	PO 10	Interpret the concepts of Internet of Things used in embedded systems applications by giving effective presentations and taking clear instructions .	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO - PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S	
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
	3	10	10	11	1	5	3	3	12	5	12	8	6	2	2
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	2	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	3	4	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	1	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S	
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	16.6	-	-
CO 2	66.6	40	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	16.6	-	-
CO 4	100	40	40	-	100	-	-	I	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	33.3	50	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** -5 <C< 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % <C < 60% –Moderate
- $3 60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRO	OGR.	$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{M}$	OUT	CON	MES					PSO'S	
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-
CO 4	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	16	4	3	-	6	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	2	-	-
AVERAGE	2.66	1.33	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	AAT	\checkmark
Quiz	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	-	Open Ended Experiments	-
Seminars	-	Laboratory Practices	-		

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of activities / Modelin	g and E	xperimental Tools in Engineering by Experts

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	EMBEDDED COMPUTING
	Definition of embedded system, embedded systems vs. general computing systems, history of embedded systems, complex systems and microprocessor, classification, major application areas, the embedded system design process, characteristics and quality attributes of embedded systems, formalisms for system design, design examples.
MODULE II	INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED C AND APPLICATIONS
	C looping structures, register allocation, function calls, pointer aliasing, structure arrangement, bit fields, unaligned data and endianness, inline functions and inline assembly, portability issues; Embedded systems programming in C, binding and running embedded C program in Keil IDE, dissecting the program, building the hardware; Basic techniques for reading and writing from I/O port pins, switch bounce; Applications: Switch bounce, LED interfacing, interfacing with keyboards, displays, D/A and A/D conversions, multiple interrupts, serial data communication using embedded C interfacing.
MODULE III	RTOS FUNDAMENTALS AND PROGRAMMING
	Operating system basics, types of operating systems, tasks and task states, process and threads, multiprocessing and multitasking, how to choose an RTOS ,task scheduling, semaphores and queues, hard real-time scheduling considerations, saving memory and power. Task communication: Shared memory, message passing, remote procedure call and sockets; Task synchronization: Task communication synchronization issues, task synchronization techniques, device drivers.
MODULE IV	EMBEDDED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT TOOLS
	Host and target machines, linker/locators for embedded software, getting embedded software into the target system; Debugging techniques: Testing on host machine, using laboratory tools, an example system.
MODULE V	INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED PROCESSOR
	Introduction to advanced architectures: ARM and SHARC, processor and memory organization and instruction level parallelism; Networked embedded systems: Bus protocols, I2C bus and CAN bus; Internet-Enabled systems, design example-Elevator controller.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. Shibu K.V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 2. Raj Kamal, "Embedded Systems: Architecture, Programming and Design", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2nd Edition, 2011.
- 3. Andrew Sloss, Dominic Symes, Wright, "ARM System Developer's Guide Designing and Optimizing System Software", 1st Edition, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Wayne Wolf, Computers as Components, Principles of Embedded Computing Systems Design, Elsevier, 2 nd Edition, 2009
- 2. Dr. K. V. K. K. Prasad, Embedded / Real-Time Systems: Concepts, Design & Programming, dreamtech publishers, 1 st Edition, 2003.
- 3. Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, —Embedded System Design
[], John Wiley & Sons, 3 rd Edition, 2006
- 4. Lyla B Das, "Embedded Systems", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2012.
- 5. David E. Simon, "An Embedded Software Primer", Addison-Wesley, 1st Edition, 1999.
- 6. Michael J.Pont, "Embedded C", Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2008.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.smartzworld.com/notes/embedded-systems-es/
- 2. http://notes.specworld.in/embedded-systems-es/
- 3. http://education.uandistar.net/jntu-study-materials
- 4. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/embedded-systems.html

COURSE WEB PAGE:

1. https://lms.iare.ac.in/index?route=course/playercourseid = 228sectionid = 729lessonid = 7135

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	-	https://lms. iare. ac.in/ index? route= course/ details& courseid =228
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
2	Definition of embedded system, embedded systems vs. general computing systems.	CO 1	T1-1.1
3	History of Embedded systems	CO 1	T1-1.
4	Complex systems and microprocessor, classification, major application areas.	CO 1	T1-1.3
5	The embedded system design process	CO 1	T2-1.4
6	Characteristics and quality attributes of embedded systems	CO 1	T2-1.5
7	Formalisms for system design, design examples.	CO1	R2-1.2
10	Introduction to embedded C,C looping structures.	CO 2	T3-1.3
11	Register allocation, Function calls, and pointer aliasing.	CO 2	T3-2.4
12	Structure arrangement, Bit fields, unaligned data and endianness.	CO 2	T3-2.5
13	Inline functions and inline assembly, portability issues.	CO 2	T3-2.6
14	Embedded systems programming in C, binding and running embedded C program in Keil IDE	CO 2	T3-2.7
15	Embedded C program in Keil IDE, dissecting the program, building the hardware	CO 2	T3-2.8
16	Basic techniques for reading and writing from I/O port pins, switch bounce	CO 2	T3-2.9
17	Applications: Switch bounce, LED interfacing.	CO 2	R2-3.1
18	Interfacing with keyboards, displays	CO 2	R2-3.2
19	D/A and A/D conversions, multiple interrupts.	CO 2	R2-3.3
20	Serial data communication using embedded C interfacing.	CO 2	R2-3.4
28	RTOS Fundamentals, Operating system basics, types of operating systems	CO 3	R2-3.5
29	Tasks and task states, process and threads	CO 3	R2-3.6
30	Multiprocessing and multitasking, how to choose an RTOS	CO 3	R3-3.7
31	Task scheduling, semaphores and queues	CO 3	R3-3.8
32	Hard real-time scheduling considerations, saving memory and power.	CO 3	R3-4.1

33	Task communication: Shared memory, message passing	CO 3	R3-4.1
34	Remote procedure call and sockets	CO 3	R3-4.2
35	Task synchronization: Task communication synchronization	CO 3	R3-4.2
00	issues		100 1.2
36	Task synchronization techniques, device drivers.	CO 3	R3-4.3
37	Host and target machines	CO 4	R3-4.3
38	Linker for embedded software	CO 4	R3-4.4
39	Locators for embedded software	CO 4	R3-4.4
40	Getting embedded software into the target system	CO 4	R3-4.5
41	Debugging techniques: Testing on host machine	CO 4	R3-4.5
44	Debugging techniques using laboratory tools, an example system.	CO 4	R3-4.5
47	Introduction to advanced architectures: ARM	CO 5	T2-8.1
48	Introduction to advanced architectures: SHARC	CO 5	T2-8.1
49	Processor and memory organization	CO 5	T2-8.2
50	Instruction level parallelism	CO 5	T2-8.2
51	Networked embedded systems: Bus protocols	CO 6	T2-8.3
52	Networked embedded systems: I2C bus and CAN bus	CO 6	T2-8.3
53	Internet-Enabled systems	CO 6	T2-8.4
54	Design example-Elevator controller.	CO 6	T2-8.4
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	5	1
8	BMW 850i brake and stability control system	CO 1	T2-1.4
9	Design example of model train controller	CO 1	T3-2.7
21	Embedded C program for Switch bounce	CO 2	R2-3.2
22	Embedded C program for LED interface	CO 2	R3-4.5
23	Embedded C program for Interfacing with keyboards	CO 2	T2-8.2
24	Embedded C program for Interfacing with displays	CO 2	T2-1.4
25	Embedded C program for 7 Segment Display Interfacing	CO 2	T3-2.7
26	Embedded C program for ADC Interfacing with 8051 microcontroller	CO 2	R2-3.2
27	Embedded C program for DAC Interfacing with 8051 microcontroller	CO 2	R3-4.5
45	Design of Digital camera	CO 4	T2-8.2
46	Design of Microwave oven	CO 4	T2-1.4
55	Design of Elevator controller	CO 6	T3-2.7
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	·
56	Embedded computing	CO 1	T1-1.3
57	Introduction to embedded c and applications	CO 2	T3-2.4
58	RTOS fundamentals and programming	CO 3	R3-4.2
59	Embedded software development tools	CO 4	R3-4.4
60	Introduction to advanced processors	CO 5, CO 6	T2-8.3

	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK						
61	Embedded computing	CO 1	T1-1.3				
62	Introduction to embedded c and applications	CO 2	T3-2.4				
63	RTOS fundamentals and programming	CO 3	R3-4.2				
64	Embedded software development tools	CO 4	R3-4.4				
65	Introduction to advanced processors	CO 5,	T2-8.3				
		CO 6					

Course Coordinator Mr. V Devender, Assistant Professor HOD, CSIT

ANNEXURE - I

KEY ATTRIBUTES FOR ASSESSING PROGRAM OUTCOMES

PO Number	NBA Statement / Key Competencies Features (KCF)	No. of KCF's			
PO 1	 Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, Engineering fundamentals, and an Engineering specialization to the solution of complex Engineering problems (Engineering Knowledge). Knowledge, understanding and application of Scientific principles and methodology. Mathematical principles. Own and / or other engineering disciplines to integrate / support study of their own engineering discipline. 				
PO 2	Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex Engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics natural sciences, and Engineering sciences (Problem Analysis). 1. Problem or opportunity identification 2. Problem statement and system definition 3. Problem formulation and abstraction 4. Information and data collection 5. Model translation 6. Validation 7. Experimental design 8. Solution development or experimentation / Implementation 9. Interpretation of results 10. Documentation	10			
PO 3	 Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations (Design/Development of Solutions). 1. Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints including environmental and sustainability limitations, health and safety and risk assessment issues 2. Understand customer and user needs and the importance of considerations such as aesthetics 3. Identify and manage cost drivers 4. Use creativity to establish innovative solutions 5. Ensure fitness for purpose for all aspects of the problem including production, operation, maintenance and disposal 6. Manage the design processes and evaluate outcomes. 7. Knowledge and understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes 8. Knowledge of management techniques which may be used to achieve engineering objectives within that context 9. Understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development 10. Awareness of the framework of relevant legal requirements governing engineering activities, including personnel, health, safety, and risk (including environmental risk) issues 	10			

PO 4	 Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions (Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems). 1. Knowledge of characteristics of particular materials, equipment, processes, or products 2. Workshop and laboratory skills 3. Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied (example, operations and management, technology development, etc.) 4. Understanding use of technical literature and other information sources Awareness of nature of intellectual property and contractual issues 5. Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards 6. Awareness of quality issues 7. Ability to work with technical uncertainty 8. Understanding of engineering principles and the ability to apply them to analyse key engineering processes 9. Ability to identify, classify and describe the performance of systems and components through the use of analytical methods and modeling techniques 10. Ability to apply quantitative methods and computer software relevant to their engineering discipline, in order to solve engineering problems 11. Understanding of and ability to apply a systems approach to 	11
PO 5	engineering problems. Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and	1
	 modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations (Modern Tool Usage). 1. Computer software / simulation packages / diagnostic equipment / technical library resources / literature search tools. 	-
PO 6	 Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice (The Engineer and Society). 1. Knowledge and understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes 2. Knowledge of management techniques which may be used to achieve engineering objectives within that context 3. Understanding of the requirement for engineering activities to promote sustainable development 4. Awareness of the framework of relevant legal requirements governing engineering activities, including personnel, health, safety, and risk (including environmental risk) issues 5. Understanding of the need for a high level of professional and ethical conduct in engineering. 	5

PO 7	Understand the impact of the professional Engineering solutions in societal and Environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development (Environment and Sustainability). Impact of the professional Engineering solutions (Not technical) 1. Socio economic 2. Political 3. Environmental	3
PO 8	 Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the Engineering practice (Ethics). 1. Comprises four components: ability to make informed ethical choices, knowledge of professional codes of ethics, evaluates the ethical dimensions of professional practice, and demonstrates ethical behavior. 2. Stood up for what they believed in 3. High degree of trust and integrity 	3
PO 9	 Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings (Individual and Teamwork). 1. Independence 2. Maturity – requiring only the achievement of goals to drive their performance 3. Self-direction (take a vaguely defined problem and systematically work to resolution) 4. Teams are used during the classroom periods, in the hands-on labs, and in the design projects. 5. Some teams change for eight-week industry oriented Mini-Project, and for the seventeen -week design project. 	12
	 6. Instruction on effective teamwork and project management is provided along with an appropriate textbook for reference 7. Teamwork is important not only for helping the students know their classmates but also in completing assignments. 8. Students also are responsible for evaluating each other's performance, which is then reflected in the final grade. 9. Subjective evidence from senior students shows that the friendships and teamwork extends into the Junior years, and for some of those students, the friendships continue into the workplace after graduation 10. Ability to work with all levels of people in an organization 11. Ability to get along with others 12. Demonstrated ability to work well with a team 	

PO 10	Communicate effectively on complex Engineering activities with the Engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions (Communication). "Students should demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in writing / Orally" 1. Clarity (Writing) 2. Grammar/Punctuation (Writing) 3. References (Writing) 4. Speaking Style (Oral) 5. Subject Matter (Oral)	5
PO 11	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the Engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary Environments (Project Management and Finance). 1. Scope Statement 2. Critical Success Factors 3. Deliverables 4. Work Breakdown Structure 5. Schedule 6. Budget 7. Quality 8. Human Resources Plan 9. Stakeholder List 10. Communication 11. Risk Register 12. Procurement Plan	12
PO 12	 Recognize the need for and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change (Life - Long Learning). 1. Project management professional certification / MBA 2. Begin work on advanced degree 3. Keeping current in CSE and advanced engineering concepts 4. Personal continuing education efforts 5. Ongoing learning – stays up with industry trends/ new technology 6. Continued personal development 7. Have learned at least 2-3 new significant skills 8. Have taken up to 80 hours (2 weeks) training per year 	8

KEY ATTRIBUTES FOR ASSESSING PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

PSO	NBA statement / Vital features (VF)	No.
Number		of
		VF's

PSO 1	 Understand, design and analyze computer programs in the areas related to Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking. 1. Identify the need and problem specific constraints 2. Develop computer programs related to Algorithms for specific problem / project. 3. Develop data centric applications using the concepts of Algorithms, System Software, Web design, Big data, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning and Networking. 4. Design and analyze algorithms for problems. 5. Use data structures for developing solutions. 6. Apply appropriate algorithms for data processing. 	6
PSO 2	 Focus on improving software reliability, network security or information retrieval systems. 1. Design and develop software applications with a focus on high security and reliability. 2. Design and develop information retrieval systems for specific applications. 	2
PSO 3	 Make use of modern computer tools for creating innovative career paths, to be an entrepreneur and desire for higher studies. 1. Identify the technical skills and Knowledge on advanced frameworks and platforms necessary for engineering practice and higher studies. 2. Extend the knowledge to become an entrepreneur 	2



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	BIG DATA AND ANALYTICS LABORATORY				
Course Code	ACSC34				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	VII CSIT				
Course Type	Theory				
Regulation	UG - 20				
		LAB		Pract	tical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	-	-	-	3	1.5
Course Coordinator	Ms. Mrs. G Anitha, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	
B.Tech	AITC07	IV	Database Management Systems Laboratory	
			Laboratory	
B.Tech	AITC03	II	Programming with Objects Laboratory	
B.Tech	ACSC16	IV	Linux Programming Laboratory	
B.Tech	ACIC08	VI	Data Mining and Knowledge Discovery Laborator	

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

Big data and Business Analytics Laboratory demonstrates distributed computing environment. It includes hands on experience on installation process of VMWare, LINUX commands, HDFS file management, MapReduce functions, Pig and Hive operations. This experience can be used to develop big data applications such as Web click stream analysis, Recommendation systems, Sentiment analysis etc.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks	
BDA Laboratory	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Demo Video	\checkmark	Lab	\checkmark	Viva	\checkmark	Probing further
			Worksheets		Questions		Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end laberamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based
20 %	Objective	Purpose
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm
20 %	Design	Programme
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion
20 %	Viva	Viva

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component			Total Marks	
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	TOTAL MALKS	
CIA Marks	20	10	30	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	jective Analysis		Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	

2. Programming Based

Objective	biective Analysis		Conclusion	Viva	Total	
2	2	2	2	2	10	

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

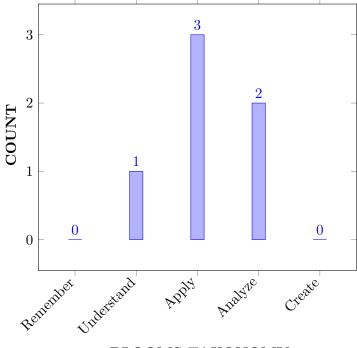
Ι	The steps involved in creating distributed environment.
II	The platform for creating and run big data MapReduce programs on Hadoop.
III	Fundamental techniques and principles in achieving big data analytics with scalability and streaming capability.
IV	The Solutions of complex real-world problems view of decision support.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate distributed environment and its ecosystem with the help of VMWare and Linux commands	understand
CO 2	Make use of hadoop distributed file management modes for handling big data in business analytics.	Apply
CO 3	Analyze the Big Data using Map-reduce programming in Hadoop frameworkfor memory management and fault recovery.	Analyze
CO 4	Apply Hive commands for reading, writing and managing large datasets in HDFS .	Apply
CO 5	Implement the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS.	Apply
CO 6	Analyze adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications etc.	Analyze

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	1	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 9	Individual and Team Work Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE
PO 10	Communication Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	Lab Exer- cises,CIE,SEE

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 2	Focus on improving software reliability, network	3	Lab
	security or information retrieval systems		Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Describe distributed environment and its ecosystem with the help of VMWare and Linux commands using principles of mathematics, science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Describe distributed environment and its ecosystem with the help of VMWare and Linux commands. with Problem statement and system definition , Problem formulation and abstraction	2
CO 2	PO 1	Demonstrate hadoop distributed file management modes for handling big data in business analytics basic fundamentals of mathematics and engineering fundamentals.	2
	PO 2	Demonstrate hadoop distributed file management modes for handling big data in business analytics the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation	3
	PO 3	Demonstrate hadoop distributed file management modes for handling big data in business analytics to Investigate and define a problem and identify constraints Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes	4
	PO 5	Demonstrate hadoop distributed file management modes for handling big data in business analytics by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, Understanding use of technical literature , Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards.	1
	PSO 2	Demonstrate hadoop distributed file management modes for handling big data in business analytics by using a set of steps.	1
CO 3	PO 2	Make Use of Constructs Map-reduce programming in Hadoop framework for Model Translation ,Solution development and interpretation of results in Big Data Problems.	3
	PO 3	Make Use of Constructs Map-reduce programming in Hadoop framework for memory management and fault recovery in view of Investigating and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate the outcomes	3
	PO 5	Make Use of Constructs Map-reduce programming in Hadoop framework for computer softwareby Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge and industry standards.	1

	PO 9	Make Use of Constructs Map-reduce programming in Hadoop framework for computer software to Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	1
	PO 10	Make Use of Constructs Map-reduce programming in Hadoop framework for computer software to Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, andgiveandreceive clearinstructions.	1
	PSO 2	Make Use of Big Data using Map-reduce programming in Hadoop framework for memory management and fault recoveryby using a set of steps.	1
CO 4	PO 1	Define Hive commands for reading, writing and managing large datasets in hdfs the knowledge of mathematics , science, and engineering fundamentals.	3
	PO 2	Define Hive commands for reading, writing and managing large datasets in hdfs the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction , Information and data collection, Model translation	4
	PO 9	Define Hive commands for reading, writing and managing large datasets in hdfsto Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	1
	PO 10	Define Hive commands for reading, writing and managing large datasets in hdfs to Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, andgiveandreceive clearinstructions.	1
CO 5	PO 2	Model the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS with the Problem statement and system definition, Problem formulation and abstraction, Information and data collection, Model translation.	4
	PO 3	Model the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS by Investigating and define a problem and identify constraints, Manage the design process and evaluate the outcomes	3
	PO 5	Model the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS. by Understanding of contexts in which engineering knowledge can be applied, Understanding use of industry standards.	1

	PO 9	Model the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS to Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	1
	PO 10	Model the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS. to Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1
	PSO 2	Model the Pig Latin scripts in two different modes to perform a particular operation on the data that exists in the HDFS by using sequence of steps.	1
CO 6	PO 1	Illustrate adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications by using Mathematical principles,Scientific principles and methodology.	2
	PO 2	Illustrateadequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications Mathematical principles, Scientific principles and methodology	2
	PO 9	Illustrate adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications to Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	1
	PO 10	Illustrate adequate perspectives of big data analytics in various applications like recommender systems, social media applications to Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	1

XII MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
OUTCOMES	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	2	3	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-
CO 3	-	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-
CO 4	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	
CO 5	-	4	3	-	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	-
CO 6	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	_
Assignments	-				

XIV ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	✓	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Expe	erts	

XV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	INSTALL VMWARE
	Installation of VMWare to setup the Hadoop environment and its ecosystems
WEEK II	HADOOP MODES
	a. Perform setting up and Installing Hadoop in its three operating modes. i. Standalone. ii. Pseudo distributed. iii. Fully distributed. b. Use web based tools to monitor your Hadoop setup.
WEEK III	USING LINUX OPERATING SYSTEM
	Implementing the basic commands of LINUX Operating System – File/Directory creation, deletion, update operations

WEEK IV	FILE MANAGEMENT IN HADOOP			
	Implement the following file management tasks in Hadoop: a.Adding files and directories b.Retrieving files c.Deleting files Hint: A typical Hadoop workflow creates data files (such as log files) elsewhere and copies them into HDFS using one of the above command linux utilities.			
WEEK V	MAPREDUCE PROGRAM 1			
	Run a basic word count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.			
WEEK VI	MAPREDUCE PROGRAM 2			
	Write a Map Reduce program that mines weather data. Hint: Weather sensors collecting data every hour at many locations across the globe gather a large volume of log data, which is a good candidate for analysis with Map Reduce, since it is semi structured and record-oriented.			
WEEK VII	MAPREDUCE PROGRAM 3			
	Implement matrix multiplication with Hadoop Map Reduce			
WEEK VIII	PIG LATIN LANGUAGE – PIG			
	Installation of PIG.			
WEEK IX	PIG COMMANDS			
	Write Pig Latin scripts sort, group, join, project, and filter your data			
WEEK X	PIG LATIN MODES, PROGRAMS			
	a.Run the Pig Latin Scripts to find Word Count. b. Run the Pig Latin Scripts to find a max temp for each and every year.			
WEEK XI	HIVE			
	Installation of HIVE.			
WEEK XII	HIVE OPERATIONS			
	Use Hive to create, alter, and drop databases, tables, views, functions, and indexes.			

TEXTBOOKS

1. Rajiv Sabherwal, Irma Becerra- Fernandez, "Business Intelligence –Practice, Technologies and Management", John Wiley, 1st Edition, 2011

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Jay Liebowitz, "Big Data and Business Analytics Laboratory", CRC Press.

XVI COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Install VMware.	CO 1	T1:4.1, T2:1.1
2	Hadoop Modes	CO 2	T1:4.9,4.11, T2:7
3	Using Linux Operating System	CO 3,CO4	T1:3, T2:8
4	File Management In Hadoop	CO1,CO 4	T1:6.6, T2:12
5	Mapreduce Program 1	CO 3	T1:4.4, T2:10
6	Mapreduce Program 2	CO 3	T1:4.6, T2:10

7	Mapreduce Program 3	CO 5	T2:15
8	Mapreduce Program 4.	CO 3	T2:18
9	Pig Latin Language – Pig.	CO 6	T2:18
10	Pig Commands.	CO 5	T2:18
11	Pig Latin Modes, Pig Program	CO 6	T2:10
12	Hive	CO 4	T1:2, T2:1
12	Hive Operations	CO 5	T1:2, T2:1

XVII EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No Design Oriented Experiments			
1 Implementation of application that stores big data in MongoDB.			
2 E xperimental Methods for the Evaluation of Big Data Systems.			

Signature of Faculty Mrs. G Anitha, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY COURSE DESCRIPTION

Course Title	CLOUD AP	PLICATION	DEVLOPME	NT LABORA	TORY
Course Code	ACSC33				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	VII	CSIT			
Course Type	Core				
Regulation	UG20				
		Theory		Pract	tical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	-	-	-	3	1.5
Course Coordinator	Ms. Saritha Dasari, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	ACSC16	IV	Linux Programming Laboratory
B.Tech	AITC07	IV	Database Management Systems Laboratory
B.Tech	ACSC05	II	Programming for Problem Solving Laboratory

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This Laboratory course provides a foundation for which we can access the applications as utilities over the internet. It allows us to create, configure, and customize the business applications online. a cloud application, or cloud app, is a software program where cloud-based and local components work together. This model relies on remote servers for processing logic that is accessed through a web browser with a continual internet connection. Hadoop is an open-source framework that allows to store and process big data in a distributed environment across clusters of computers using simple programming models. It is designed to scale up from single servers to thousands of machines, each offering local computation and storage

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Cloud Application	70 Marks	30 Marks	100
Development Laboratory			

IV DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Demo Video	\checkmark	Lab	\checkmark	Viva Questions	\checkmark	Probing further
			Worksheets				Questions

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day today performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The semester end laberamination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS. The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria given in Table: 1

	Experiment Based	Programming based		
20 %	Objective	Purpose		
20 %	Analysis	Algorithm		
20 %	Design	Programme		
20 %	Conclusion	Conclusion		
20 %	Viva Viva			

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Component	Labo	Laboratory					
Type of Assessment	Day to day performance	Final internal lab assessment	- Total Marks				
CIA Marks	20	10	30				

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16th week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

1. Experiment Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
2	2	2	2	2	10

2. Programming Based

Objective	Analysis	Design	Conclusion	Viva	Total
-	-	-	-	-	-

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students	will try to learn:	
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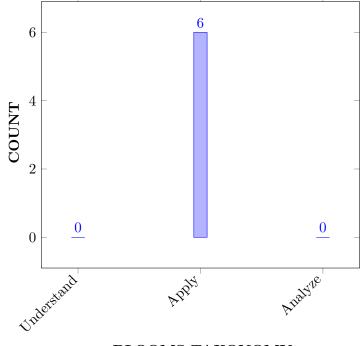
Ι	To run virtual machines of different configuration.
II	Big data application using Hadoop under cloud environment.
III	The developing web applications in cloud framework.
IV	The developing web applications in cloud devlopment which provides security.
V	The developing cloud application using Amazon Web Service.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Make use of Virtualization and parallel processing on guest and host OS	Apply
	for performing different tasks by installing virtual machines.	
CO 2	Develop Mapper and Reducer on simple applications by using Apache	Apply
	Hadoop on single node setup installation.	
CO 3	Construct simple applications on services rendered by Amazon Web	Apply
	Service Cloud Service Provider.	
CO 4	Build simple applications on services rendered by Google Service Provider.	Apply
CO 5	Utilize simple applications on services rendered by Microsoft Azure cloud	Apply
	Service Provider.	
CO 6	Develop web based App by using Yahoo! pipes.	Apply

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 2	Problem analysis analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 3	Successful Career and Entrepreneurship: Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry	1	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems Practical research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 5	Problem-Solving Skills: The ability to apply standard practices and strategies in software project development using open-ended programming environments to deliver a quality product for business success.	1	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 10	Communication Practical engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises
PO 12	Life-Long Learning Practical Experince to have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change	3	CIE / SEE/ Lab Exercises

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency
	T		Assessed by
PSO 1	Professional Skills: Develop software systems	3	CIE / SEE/
	reflecting platform constraints, version control, and		Lab Exercises
	automation for digital innovation and		
	transformation.		
PSO 2	Problem-Solving Skills: Evaluate the successful	2	CIE / SEE/
	applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems		Lab Exercises
	and Implement cyber security measuresusing		
	tools, and networking technologies as per the needs		
	of Industry and society.		
PSO 3	Successful Career and	3	CIE / SEE/
	Entrepreneurship: Apply appropriate machine		Lab Exercises
	learning models, tools, and techniques to perform		
	data analytics for effective decision-making and		
	create innovative careerpaths toward Continuous		
	Learning.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES								PSO'S					
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	3
CO 2	3	5	-	4	1	-	-	-	-	2	-	3	2	-	2
CO 3	2	2	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	6	2	2	2
CO 4	2	5	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
CO 5	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	2	-	1
CO 6	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	6	2	-	2

XII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	\checkmark	Student Viva	\checkmark	Certification	-

XIII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	√	End Semester OBE Feedback			
Х	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts					

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Illustrate the principles of the Digital Image Processingterminology . Knowledgefor understanding image and itsrepresentation, pixel, intensity, gray level, relationshipbetween the pixels by applying the principlesof engineering science to complex engineeringproblems .	2
-	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style onsampling and quantization and write Subject Matter Effectively the difference between analog and digital images.	4
	PSO 3	Effective presentation and Speaking Style onsampling and quantization and write Subject Matter Effectively the difference between analog and digital images.	4
CO 2	PO 1	Develop a image with various image transform properties types and its types using Scientific principles and methodology fundamental mathematics.	3
	PO 2	Formulate and analyze (Problem analysis) complex Engineering problems for image transforms using first principles of mathematics and Engineering sciences.	3
-	PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems for research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments to provide valid conclusions .	3
-	PO 5	Modern Tool UsageUsagetools including prediction and modellingunderstandingof the limitationsof	3
-	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style onproperties of transforms and write Subject Matter Effectively on types of transforms.	4
-	PO 12	Life-Long Learning forpreparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change first principles of mathematics and Engineering sciences.	3
-	PSO 1	Build Skills to develop Use real time data to implement machine learning basics with R programming on image transforms with project development and execution process of modern tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2.	2

XIV JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

	PSO 3	Build Skills to develop Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry	2
		modern tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2.	
CO 3	PO 1	Illustrate the principles of an image find by using engineering techniques for image enhancement by using mathematical methods.	2
	PO 2	Illustrate the filter processing model translation for spatial domain and formulate the time domain filter	2
	PO 3	Develop a histogram techniques complex engineering problem with appropriate considerations and environmental considerations for image enhancement	2
	PO 4	Demonstrate the Use image enhancement enhancement analyze and interpretation and Ability to apply quantitative methods for image enhancement in frequency domain processing technique to provide valid digital image	7
	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style onhistogram processing Write Subject MatterEffectively on manipulation technique of an digital image	4
	PO 12	Recognize the need for the image segmentation in different image applications and ability to improve the enhancement algorithms in the broadest context oftechnological advancements	6
	PSO 1	Build Skills to develop on image transforms with project development and execution process of of modern tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2.	6
	PSO 2	Build Skills to develop on image transforms with project development and execution process of of modern tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2.	6
	PSO 3	Build Skills to develop Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry modern tools such as AWS Service Provider.	2
CO 4	PO 1	Distinguish the Edge detection technique of image processing and us identifying Knowledge the points in a digital image by applying the principles of mathematics, engineering science for complex engineering problems	2
	PO 2	Formulate and analyzeProblem analysis.complexEngineering problemsEdge detectionusing firstprinciples of mathematics and Engineering sciences	5
	PO 3	Develop the Edge detection technique complexengineering problem with appropriate considerationsand environmental considerations Edge detection	3

	PO 4	Understand the Edge detection technique of image processing and us identifying Knowledge the points in a digital image by applying the principles of (mathematics, engineering science for complex engineering problems.	4
	PSO 2	Build Skills to develop on image transforms with project development and execution process of of modern tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2.	6
	PSO 3	Build Skills to developPractical experience in shippingreal world software, using industry standard tools andcollaboration techniques will equip to secure andsucceed in first job upon graduation in IT industrymodern tools such as AWS Service Provider.	2
CO 5	PO 1	Interpret frequency domain using various transforms to apply Mathematical principles fundamental mathematics.	3
	PO 2	Apply Problem statement the images in the frequency domain using various transforms techniquesby usingprinciples of mathematics and formulate segmentation techniques	3
	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style and write on frequency domain techniques	3
	PO 12	Recognize the need for frequency domain technique, and broadest context of technological change in digital	6
	PSO 1	Build Skills to develop with project development and execution frequency domain with modern tools such as tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2	2
	PSO 3	Build Skills to develop Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry modern tools such as AWS Service Provider.	2
CO 6	PO 1	Interpret frequency domainusing Recognize speech from audio data using different APIs signa to apply Mathematical principles fundamental mathematics	3
	PO 2	Apply Problem statement the images in frequency domain using Recognize speech from audio data using different APIs signal by using principles of mathematics frequency domain techniques	3
	PO 10	Effective presentation and Speaking Style and write on frequency domain using Recognize speech from audio data using different APIs signal.	3
	PO 12	Recognize the need for frequency domain technique, and broadest context of technological change in digital image and advanced engineering concepts	6

P	SO 1	Build Skills to develop with project development and execution frequency domain with modern tools such as MATLAB with image processing tool box, python, CV2	2
P	SO 3	Build Skills to develop Practical experience in shipping real world software, using industry standard tools and collaboration techniques will equip to secure and succeed in first job upon graduation in IT industry modern tools such as AWS Service Provider.	2

XV SYLLABUS:

WEEK I	VIRTUALIZATION
	Install Oracle Virtual box and create two VMs on your laptop.
WEEK II	VIRTUALIZATION
	Install Turbo C in guest OS and execute C program.
WEEK III	VIRTUALIZATION
	Test ping command to test the communication between the guest OS and Host OS.
WEEK IV	HADOOP
	Install Hadoop single node setup.
WEEK V	HADOOP
	Develop a simple hadoop application called Word Count. It counts the number of occurrences of each word in a given input set.
WEEK VI	HADOOP
	Develop hadoop application to count no of characters, no of words and each character frequency.
WEEK VII	HADOOP
	Develop hadoop application to process given data and produce results such as finding the year of maximum usage, year of minimum usage.
WEEK VIII	HADOOP
	 Develop hadoop application to process given data and produce results such as how many female and male students in both schools the results should be in following format. GP-F #number GP-M #numbers MS-F #number MS-M #number
WEEK IX	CLOUD PROGRAMMING
	Establish an AWS account. Use the AWS Management Console to launch an EC2 instance and connect to it.
WEEK X	CLOUD PROGRAMMING
	Design a protocol and use Simple Queue Service(SQS) to implement the barrier synchronization after the first phase.

WEEK XI	CLOUD PROGRAMMING
	Use the Zookeeper to implement the coordination model in Problem 10.
WEEK XII	CLOUD PROGRAMMING
	Develop a Hello World application using Google App Engine
WEEK XIII	CLOUD PROGRAMMING
	Develop a Guestbook Application using Google App Engine.
WEEK XIV	WINDOWS AZURE
	Develop a Windows Azure Hello World application using.
WEEK XV	PIPES
	Create a Mashup using Yahoo! Pipes.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Dan Marinescu,"CLOUD COMPUTING": Theory and Practice", M.K.Publications, 1st Edition2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Dan Marinescu, —Cloud Computing: Theory and Practice ||, M K Publishers, 1st Edition, 2013.
- 2. Kai Hwang, Jack Dongarra, Geoffrey Foxr, —Distributed and Cloud Computing, FromParallel Processing to the Internet of Things , M K Publishers, 1st Edition, 2013.
- 3. Anthony T. Velte, Toby J. Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, —Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach ||, McGraw Hill,, 1st Edition, 2009.
- 4. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, —Distributed and Cloud Computing, Cloud computing A Hands on Approach , Universities Publications, 1st Edition, 2013.

WEB REFERENCE :

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105032/
- 2. https://sisu.ut.ee/imageprocessing/documents
- 3. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/reading-image-opencv-using-python/
- 4. https://tinyurl.com/yjcmyrcd
- 5. http://www.speech.cs.cmu.edu/15-492/

XVI COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
1	Install Virtual Machine on Guest and Host OS	CO1	T1:4.9,R1:4.7
2	Single node set up Installation	CO2	T1:4.9,R1:4.7
3	Simple applications on services rendered by Amazon Web Service Cloud Service Provider.	CO3	T1:3.6
4	Simple applications on services rendered by Google Service Provider.	CO4	T1:3.6

5	Simple applications on services rendered by Microsoft Azure cloud Service Provider.	CO5	T1:3.6
6	Web based App by using Yahoo! pipes	CO6	T1:3.6
7	Develop hadoop application to process given data and produce results such as finding the year of maximum usage, year of minimum usage	CO2	T1:4.8,R2:4.6
8	Develop hadoop application to process given data and produce results such as how many female and male students in both schools	CO3	T1:3.6,R3:3.7
9	Establish an AWS account. Use the AWS Management Console to launch an EC2 instance and connect to it.	CO4	T1:5.9,R4:2.7
10	Design a protocol and use Simple Queue Service(SQS)to implement the barrier synchronization after the first phase.	CO2	T1:3.9,R3:2.7
11	Use the Zookeeper to implement the coordination model in Problem 10.	CO6	T1:7.9,R1:3.7
12	Develop a Hello World application using Google App Enginee	CO5	T1:2.6,R2:4.7
13	Develop a Guestbook Application using Google App Engine.	CO4	T1:3.9,R4:4.7
14	Develop a Windows Azure Hello World application using.	CO3	T1:9.2,R3:5.7
15	Create a Mashup using Yahoo! Pipes.	CO2	T1:4.9,R2:5.6

XVII EXPERIMENTS FOR ENHANCED LEARNING (EEL):

S.No	Design Oriented Experiments
1	Install Hadoop in semi-distributed environment.
2	ERP solutions using Google Cloud Service Provider.
3	CRMsolutions using Amazon Web Service Provider.

Signature of Course Coordinator Ms. Saritha Dasari, Assistant Professor HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	Computer Science and Information Technology				
Course Title	Human Computer Interaction (UI & UX)				
Course Code	ACDC12	ACDC12			
Program	B.Tech	B.Tech			
Semester	VIII				
Course Type	Elective				
Regulation	UG-20				
	Theory Practical				cical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
3 0 3 -				-	-
Course Coordinator	Mr. B. Siva Sankar, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
B.Tech	AITC06	V	Computer Networks

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course is an introduction to Human-Computer Interaction (HCI), a discipline concerned with the design, evaluation, and implementation of interactive computing systems for human use and with the study of major phenomena surrounding them. The course considers the inherently multi- and interdisciplinary nature of HCI and situates various HCI issues in the organizational and societal contexts. It introduces theories of human psychology, principles of computer systems and user interfaces designs, a methodology of developing effective HCI for information systems, and issues involved in using technologies for different purposes. It is intended to give students an overview of the entire HCI field by covering most aspects of it. This course will thus provide a background for students to practice system design, selection, installation, evaluation, and use with the knowledge of human characteristics, interaction styles, use context, task characteristics, and design processes

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

$\mathbf{Subject}$	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks	
Human Computer Interaction (UI & UX)	70 Marks	30 Marks	100	

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	wer Point Presentations \checkmark Chalk & Talk \checkmark		\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
0%	Remember
33.3%	Understand
66.6%	Apply
0 %	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
	AAT-1	5		
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70	
	Total Marks		100	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT):

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

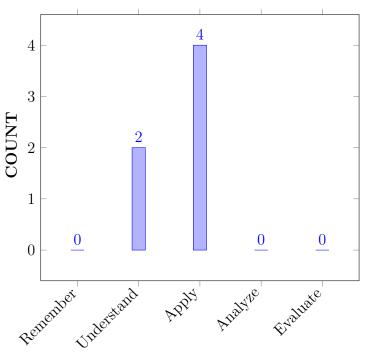
Ι	The essentials of designing interactive systems
II	The different techniques for designing interactive systems
III	The contexts for designing interactive systems
IV	The important aspects of implementation of human-computer interfaces
V	Identify the various tools and techniques for interface analysis, design, and evaluation

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Demonstrate the essentials of the design process and skills to develop	Understand
	the human-centered intractive systems	
CO 2	Identify the design requirements to perform the evaluation process	Apply
	through participants and experts	
CO 3	Choose the design guidelines and psychological principles to develop	Apply
	user interfaces	
CO 4	Construct a conceptual basis to design HCI by considering internet	Apply
	sites usability, and user appreciation designs through case studies.	
CO 5	Compare HCI designs to gain knowledge on user-centric interfaces	Understand
	while designing and developing collaborative applications.	
CO 6	Make use of computing skills to design efficient interactive systems	Apply
	that align with human capabilities and needs.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL:



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes						
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.						
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.						
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations						

	Program Outcomes
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	2	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	research literature, and analyze complex		
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
	solutions for complex Engineering problems and		
	design system components or processes that		
	meet the specified needs with appropriate		
	consideration for the public health and safety,		
	and the cultural, societal, and Environmental		
	considerations		

PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 4 Conduct Investigations of Complex	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
Problems: Use research-based knowledge and		
research methods including design of		
experiments, analysis and interpretation of data,		
and synthesis of the information to provide valid		
conclusions.		
PO 5 Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and	3	CIE/Quiz/AAT
apply appropriate techniques, resources, and		
modern Engineering and IT tools including		
prediction and modelling to complex		
Engineering activities with an understanding of		
the limitations		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	1	CIE/Quiz /AAT
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	3	CIE/Quiz /AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark		-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	>	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 3	-	\checkmark	>	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark
CO 4	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	\checkmark		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 1	PO 1	Throughout the design process, the application of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and specialized engineering knowledge ensures that the resulting human-centered interactive system is not only user-friendly but also technically sound, reliable, and capable of solving complex engineering problems effectively.	2
	PO 2	Demonstrating the essentials of the design process and applying problem analysis while integrating first principles from mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences, designers create human-centered interactive systems that go beyond aesthetics.	4
	PO 3	Integrating the essentials of the design process and skills to develop human-centered interactive systems with a focus on the design and development of solutions for complex engineering problems reflects a comprehensive and responsible approach to technology development.	3
	PO 4	Integrating investigations of complex problems with the design process for human-centered interactive systems ensures that the solutions are not only user-friendly but also well-founded in research-based knowledge.	6
	PO 5	This approach aligns with the dynamic nature of modern engineering, where the utilization of cutting-edge tools and techniques plays a pivotal role in addressing complex challenges and producing innovative solutions that enhance user experiences.	1
	PSO 1	Integrating the skills to build suitable statistical models and analyze large data sets with the design process for human-centered interactive systems enables designers to create solutions that are not only intuitive but also grounded in empirical evidence. This approach aligns with the modern emphasis on data-driven decision-making, where designers use insights from statistical analysis to create interactive systems that provide exceptional user experiences and effectively address user needs.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Applying engineering knowledge, including mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and specialization, to the identification of design requirements and the execution of the evaluation process ensures a systematic, rigorous, and comprehensive assessment of the system.	2

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 2	Incorporating problem analysis and leveraging first principles from mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences in the design requirements of the evaluation process ensures a robust and systematic approach.	4
	PO 3	Integrating design requirements that involve participants and experts in the evaluation process ensure that solutions for complex engineering problems are comprehensive, user- centered, safe, and socially responsible.	5
	PO 4	This approach aligns with the research-driven nature of problem- solving, where empirical evidence and expert insights guide the development of solutions that are not only theoretically sound but also practically viable in addressing intricate challenges.	3
	PSO 1	Integrating design requirements that involve participants and experts in the evaluation process, while utilizing statistical models and techniques for data analysis, enhances the precision and impact of solutions. This approach aligns with the data-driven nature of modern problem-solving, where insights drawn from robust data analysis guide the development of solutions that effectively address challenges and deliver enhanced user experiences	1
CO 3	PO 2	Incorporating these design guidelines and psychological principles into the development of user interfaces aligns with the principles of engineering problem-solving. By applying mathematical precision, scientific understanding, engineering fundamentals, and specialized knowledge,	5
	PO 3	Integrating design guidelines and psychological principles into the development of user interfaces align with the principles of responsible engineering.	4
	PO 5	This approach ensures that the solutions not only embrace technological advancements but also prioritize user experiences, psychological comfort, and ethical considerations. By combining these elements, designers create interfaces that stand at the forefront of innovation while remaining user-centered and ethically responsible.	1
	PSO 3	Integrating design guidelines and psychological principles into the development of user interfaces while incorporating computing theory, mathematics, statistical methods, and optimization techniques in data analytics ensures a comprehensive and user-centered approach. This approach empowers designers to create interfaces that leverage data-driven insights, prioritize user well-being, and optimize user experiences through the application of advanced computational and mathematical techniques.	1

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
CO 4	PO 3	Summary, a strong conceptual basis for designing HCI involves a deep understanding of usability, user appreciation, case studies,	4
	PO 4	Summary, a conceptual basis for designing HCI through internet site usability and user appreciation, supported by case studies and research-based methods, enables the investigation of complex problems and the development of valid, user-centered solutions	5
	PO 5	A conceptual basis for designing HCI through internet site usability and user appreciation, while applying modern tool usage, ensures that designers have access to the right techniques, resources, and data-driven insights to create effective and engaging digital experiences	1
	PSO 1	Integrating user-centric HCI designs with suitable statistical models, tools, and techniques for data analysis when designing collaborative applications ensures a balanced approach. This approach not only prioritizes user experiences but also leverages data-driven insights to optimize collaboration and functionality. By combining these elements, designers create collaborative applications that foster seamless, user-centered, and data-driven collaborative experiences.	1
CO 5	PO 1	Engineering knowledge helps in analyzing user feedback, identifying areas for improvement, and implementing updates that align with both user needs and technical constraints.	1
	PO 2	It allows you to identify, formulate, and address complex problems in a structured manner, leveraging the wealth of knowledge from HCI research while integrating first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences to create user-centric and technically sound interfaces.	3
	PO 3	Comparing HCI designs in the context of designing and developing collaborative applications aligns with the process of creating solutions for complex engineering problems while considering public health, safety, cultural, societal, and environmental aspects	5
	PO 4	Conducting controlled experiments is a fundamental aspect of both HCI and engineering. By comparing HCI designs, you essentially create a natural experiment where you can observe how users interact with different interface elements,	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PSO 1	Integrating HCI-driven user-centric design with suitable statistical models, tools, and techniques for data analysis during the development of collaborative applications ensures a comprehensive approach. This approach not only prioritizes effective collaboration and user satisfaction but also leverages data-driven insights to optimize functionality and interface design. By merging these elements, designers create collaborative applications that facilitate seamless teamwork, foster engagement, and support efficient collaboration.	1
CO 6	PO 1	This integrated approach ensures that the design process is rooted in both the art of effective user interaction and the science of engineering, leading to successful outcomes in the development of complex engineering solutions.	2
	PO 2	Formulate usability challenges, leverage HCI research, analyze complex engineering problems, and draw substantiated conclusions. This integrated approach ensures that the resulting systems are not only technically proficient but also user-centric, effectively addressing the complex challenges that arise in interactive system design.	3
	PO 3	It enables the creation of user-centric, safe, culturally aware, and environmentally responsible systems, contributing to effective solutions that address a wide range of considerations.	5
	PSO 3	Making use of computing skills to design efficient interactive systems with Data Science techniques in industrial applications aligns with human capabilities and needs	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAP-PING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	4	3	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	2	4	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 3	-	3	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
CO 4	-	-	4	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 5	1	3	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 6	2	3	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES											PSO'S		
COURSE	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO						
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66	40	30	54	100	-	-	-	-	-		-	11	-	-
CO 2	66	40	50	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-
CO 3	-	100	40	-	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
CO 4	-	-	40	44	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-
CO 5	33	30	50	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-
CO 6	66	30	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

 $\pmb{\theta}$ - $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ – No correlation

1 -5 <C< 40% – Low/ Slight

 $\pmb{\mathcal{2}}$ - 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate

 $\boldsymbol{3}$ - 60% \leq C < 100% – Substantial /High

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	3	2	1	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	3	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 3	-	3	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1
CO 4	-	-	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 5	1	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 6	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
TOTAL	11	11	11	6	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	2
AVERAGE	1.8	1.8	1.8	1	0.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	0.3

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

Assessment of mini projects by experts	 ✓ 	End Semester OBE Feedback	
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XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	ESSENTIALS OF DESIGNING INTERACTIVE SYSTEMS (09)
	Designing interactive systems: a fusion of skills: The variety of interactive systems - The concerns of interactive systems design-Being digital-The skills of the interactive systems designer-Why being human-centered is important; The process of human-centered interactive systems design: Introduction- Developing personas and scenarios- Using scenarios throughout design - A scenario-based design method.
MODULE II	TECHNIQUES FOR DESIGNING INTERACTIVE SYSTEMS
	(09)
	Understanding: Understanding requirements- Participative design- Interviews- Questionnaires- Probes- Card sorting techniques-Working with groups - Fieldwork: observing activities in situ - Artefact collection and 'desk work'; Envisionment: Finding suitable representations- Basic techniques- Prototypes- Envisionment in practice; Design Introduction-Conceptual design- Metaphors in design- Conceptual design using scenarios - Physical design Designing interactions; Evaluation Introduction -Expert evaluation -Participant-based evaluation - Evaluation in practice -Evaluation: further issues.
MODULE III	VISUAL INTERFACE DESIGN, MULTIMODAL INTERFACE DESIGN (09)
	Visual interface design: Introduction, Graphical user interfaces, interface design guidelines, psychological principles and interface design, information design, visualization. Multimodal interface design: Introduction, interacting in mixed reality, using sound at the interface, tangible interaction, gestural interaction and surface computing
MODULE IV	CONTEXTS FOR DESIGNING INTERACTIVE SYSTEMS (09)
	Designing websites 3io: Introduction, website development, the information architecture of websites, navigation design for websites; Case study: designing the Robert Louis Stevenson website; Social media: Introduction, background ideas, Social networking, Sharing with others, the developing web; Collaborative environments: Introduction, issues for cooperative working, technologies to support cooperative working, collaborative virtual environments; Case study: Developing a collaborative tabletop application.
MODULE V	UBIQUITOUS COMPUTING, MOBILE COMPUTING, WEARABLE COMPUTING (09)
	Ubiquitous computing: Information spaces, blended spaces, home environments, navigating in wireless sensor networks; Mobile computing: Introduction, context awareness, understanding in mobile computing, designing for mobiles, evaluation for mobile computing; Wearable computing Introduction: Smart materials, material design, from materials to implants.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. David R. Benyon, "Designing Interactive Systems: A Comprehensive Guide to HCI, UX and Interaction Design", Pearson; 3rd Edition, 2013
- 2. James Cabrera, "Modular Design Frameworks: A Projects-based Guide for UI/UX Designers", Apress, 1 st Edition, 2017.
- 3. Alan Dix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale, "Human Computer Interaction", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2004.

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- 1. Ben Schneiderman, "Designing the User Interface", Pearson Education Asia, 3rd Edition, 2013.
- 2. Prece, Rogers, Sharps, "Interaction Design", Wiley Dreamtech
- 3. SorenLauesen, "User Interface Design", Pearson Education.
- 4. D. R. Olsen, "Human –Computer Interaction", Cengage Learning.
- 5. Smith Atakan, "Human Computer Interaction", Cengage Learning.

WEB REFERENCES:

- $1. \ http://staff.fit.ac.cy/com.ph/vp/VP \ Lecture \ 2.pdf$
- 2. https://fac.ksu.edu.sa/nmalmobarak/course/41031
- 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/human computer interface/quick guide.htm

COURSE WEB PAGE:

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference
	OBE DISCUSSION		
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping		
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)		
1	Designing interactive systems a fusion of skills	CO1	T1: 1.1
2	The variety of interactive systems	CO1	T1: 1.2
3	The concerns of interactive systems	CO1	T1: 1.3
4	design-Being digital-The skills of the interactive systems	CO1	T1:1.4
5	designer-Why being human-centered is important	CO1	T1: 1.5
6	The process of human-centered interactive systems design	CO1	T1:7.1
7	Introduction- Developing personas and scenarios-Using scenarios throughout design	CO1	T1: 2.14
8	A scenario-based design method.	CO1	T1: 8.3
9	Understanding requirements Participative design	CO2	T1: 8.2
10	Interviews- Questionnaires- Probes Card sorting techniques-Working with groups - Fieldwork	CO2	T1: 10.0
11	observing activities in situ Artefact collection and 'desk work'	CO2	T1: 10.1
12	Envisionment: Finding suitable representations	CO2	T1: 10.1
13	Basic techniques- Prototypes- Envisionment in practice	CO2	T1: 10.2
14	Design Introduction-Conceptual design Metaphors in design	CO2	T1: 10.2
15	Conceptual design using scenarios Physical design	CO2	T1: 11.1
16	Designing interactions Evaluation Introduction -Expert evaluation	CO2	T1: 11.2

17	Expert evaluation -Participant-based evaluation	CO2	T1: 11.3
18	Evaluation in practice Evaluation: further issues	CO2	T1:15.3
19	Visual interface design: Introduction Graphical user interface	CO3	T1:19.1
20	interface design guideline	CO3	T1: T1:19.1
21	psychological principles and interface design, information design, visualization	CO3	T1:19.1
22	Multimodal interface design: Introduction, interacting in mixed reality	CO3	T1:19.1
23	tangible interaction gestural interaction and surface computing	CO3	T1:19.1
24	Designing websites 3io: Introduction website development	CO4	T1:19.1
25	the information architecture of websites, navigation design for websites	CO4	T1:23.0
26	Case study: designing the Robert Louis Stevenson website	CO4	T1:23.1
27	Social media: Introduction, background ideas	CO4	T1:23.2
28	Social networking, Sharing with others, the developing web	CO4	T1:23.3
29	Collaborative environments: Introduction issues for cooperative working	CO4	T1:23.3
30	technologies to support cooperative working	CO4	T1:23.3
31	collaborative virtual environments	CO4	T1:25.1
32	Case study: Developing a collaborative tabletop application	CO4	T1:25.1
33	Ubiquitous computing: Information spaces, blended spaces,	CO5	T1:25.2
34	home environments, navigating in wireless sensor networks	CO5	T1:25.2
35	Mobile computing: Introduction, context awareness	CO5	T1:25.2
36	understanding in mobile computing	CO5	T1:25.3
37	designing for mobiles	CO5	T1:25.4
38	evaluation for mobile computing	CO5	T1:25.5
39	Wearable computing Introduction	CO5	T1:25.6
40	Smart materials, material design, from materials to implants.	CO5	T1:25.7
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES		
41	Google Maps' Turn-by-turn Navigation: Google Maps offers a user-friendly turn-by-turn navigation system with real-time traffic updates. Its clear and simple interface provides users with easy-to-follow directions, helping them reach their destinations efficiently.	CO 6	T2:18
42	Facebook's News Feed: Facebook's News Feed algorithm is designed to display relevant content based on users' interests and interactions. By personalizing the user experience, Facebook keeps its users engaged and encourages them to spend more time on the platform.	CO6	T2:18
43	Duolingo Language Learning App: Duolingo's language learning app employs gamification techniques, interactive exercises, and progress tracking to make language learning fun and engaging for users.	CO6	T2:18

44	Waze Community-based Traffic App: Waze uses crowdsourced data from its community of drivers to provide	CO6	T2:24
	real-time traffic and navigation information. Users can actively contribute to the app by reporting accidents,		
	hazards, and road closures, creating a cooperative user experience.		
45	Fitbit Fitness Trackers: Fitbit's wearable devices offer a straightforward and accessible interface for tracking health and fitness metrics. Users can easily monitor their steps, heart rate, sleep patterns, and other health-related data through the device and the accompanying mobile app.	CO6	T2:25
46	WhatsApp's Chat Interface: WhatsApp's simple and intuitive chat interface allows users to send text messages, voice messages, images, and videos effortlessly. Its popularity is due in part to the seamless user experience it offers.	CO6	T2:25.23
47	Adobe Photoshop's User Interface Evolution: AdobePhotoshop, a powerful image editing software, hasundergone significant UI improvements over the years tocater to user needs better. Through iterative design updates,Adobe has made the software more accessible to bothbeginners and experienced professionals.	CO6	T2:25.23.1
48	Uber's Ride-hailing App: Uber's app provides a user-friendly interface for booking rides, tracking drivers, and processing payments. The intuitive design has played a vital role in the success and global adoption of the ride-hailing service.	CO6	T2:25.23.2
49	Netflix's Personalized Content Recommendations: Netflix's recommendation system uses machine learning algorithms to suggest content based on users' viewing history and preferences. This personalized approach enhances user engagement and retention on the platform.	CO6	T2:28.23.0
10	Microsoft Office Suite's Ribbon UI: Microsoft redesigned its Office Suite with the introduction of the Ribbon UI. This change made it easier for users to access and utilize various features, leading to better productivity and a more streamlined experience	CO6	T2:28.24.3
51	Spotify's Music Discovery Features: Spotify's music streaming platform employs personalized playlists, curated content, and machine learning to recommend songs and artists that align with users' music tastes, promoting longer user engagement.	CO6	T2:28.23.7
52	Airbnb's User Reviews and Ratings: Airbnb's user review system helps build trust and transparency between hosts and guests. The platform's focus on user feedback enables users to make informed decisions when booking accommodations.	CO6	T2:29.2.56
53	Google Assistant's Voice Interaction: Google Assistant's natural language processing capabilities enable users to interact with their devices through voice commands, simplifying tasks and providing a more hands-free experience.	CO6	T2:29.2.59

54	Pinterest's Visual Discovery: Pinterest's visual search feature allows users to find content by simply uploading an image. This visual discovery mechanism enhances the user experience and helps users discover new ideas and inspiration.	CO6	T2:30.3.32
55	 Microsoft Windows 10's Touch-friendly Interface: With Windows 10, Microsoft introduced a touch-friendly interface that adapts to different devices, providing a consistent and seamless user experience across PCs, tablets, and smartphones. These case studies demonstrate the diverse applications of HCI principles in designing products and services that prioritize user needs, preferences, and expectations. User-centered design remains a crucial factor in creating successful and impactful digital experiences. 	CO6	T2:30.3.61
	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
56	Essentials of designing interactive systems	CO 1	T2:2.1
57	Techniques for designing interactive systems	CO 2	T2:2.3
58	Visual interface design multimodal interface design	CO 3	T2:2.3.1
59	Contexts for designing interactive systems	CO 4	T2:7.2,7.3
60	Ubiquitous Computing ,mobile computing wearable computing	CO 5	T2:10.3.1
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
61	List and explain the key principles of user-centered design in the context of interactive system design.	CO 1	R4:2.1
62	Implement responsive design techniques to ensure a consistent user experience across various devices.	CO 2	T4:7.3
63	Compare and contrast single-mode interfaces and multimodal interfaces in terms of user engagement and efficiency.	CO 3	R4:5.1
64	Apply context-aware design techniques to tailor an interactive system's interface based on user preferences and environmental conditions.	CO 4	T1:7.5
65	Critique the effectiveness of a ubiquitous computing system in providing seamless user experiences.	CO 5,6	T1: 4.1

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD-CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY						
Course Title	E-COMMERCE						
Course Code	ACIC16						
Program	B.Tech						
Semester	VIII	VIII					
Course Type	Elective						
Regulation	UG-20						
		Theory	Practical				
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits		
	3		3	-	-		
Course	Ms. D.K	oumudi Prasanr	na, Assistant P	rofessor			
Coordinator							

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
-	-	-	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The main objective of this course focuses on principles of e-commerce from a business perspective, providing an overview of business and technology topics, business models, virtual value chains and social innovation and marketing strategies. In addition, some of the major issues associated with e-commerce—security, privacy, intellectual property rights, authentication, encryption, acceptable use policies, and legal liabilities—will be explored. Students will build their own web presence and market it using an online platform

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	Subject SEE Examination		Total Marks
E-COMMERCE	E-COMMERCE 70 Marks		100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

\checkmark	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	\checkmark	Assignments	x	MOOC
\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	x	Seminars	x	Mini Project	\checkmark	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in below Table.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
40 %	Understand
30%	Apply
30%	Analyze

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component	Marks	Total Marks	
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10		
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30	
UIA	AAT-1	5	50	
	AAT-2	5		
SEE	Semester End Examination (SEE)	70	70	
	Total Marks			

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8^{th} and 16^{th} week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered.

Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

AAT	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

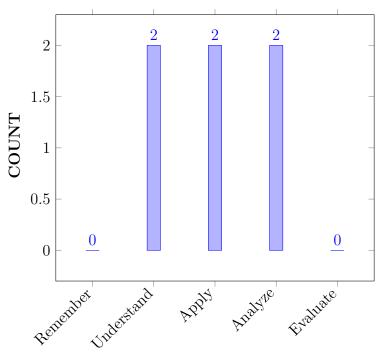
Ι	The fundamentals of e-commerce, types and applications.
II	The role of the major types of information systems in a business environment and their relationship to each other.
III	The impact of the Internet and Internet technology on business electronic commerce and electronic business.
IV	The major management challenges for building and using information systems and learn how to find appropriate solutions to those challenges.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

	ceessful completion of the course, students should be able to.	
CO 1	Understand the basic concepts of E-Commerce and its applications	Understand
	for buying and selling the product online.	
CO 2	Explain the importance of electronic cash payments for developing	Apply
	E-commerce activities.	
CO 3	Analyze the impact of E-commerce on business models to implement	Analyze
	best strategies.	
CO 4	List out the key features of internet, intranets and extranets to	Understand
	explain the use network systems in e-commerce business.	
CO 5	Explain digital library and supply chain management concepts to	Apply
	develop best management practices.	
CO 6	Distinguish theoretical and practical issues of conducting business	Analyze
	over the internet and the Web to understand the multimedia effects on	
	e-commerce.	

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes				
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.				
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.				

	Program Outcomes
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the	2	SEE / CIE /
	knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering		AAT
	fundamentals, and an engineering specialization		
	to the solution of complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review	2	SEE / CIE /
	research literature, and analyze complex		AAT
	engineering problems reaching substantiated		
	conclusions using first principles of mathematics,		
	natural sciences, and engineering sciences.		

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations	2	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	3	SEE / CIE / AAT
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	2	SEE / CIE / AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

Р	ROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES	${f Strength}$	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform	1	SEE/AAT
	constraints, version control, and automation for		
	digital innovation and transformation.		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING -DIRECT:

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
C ^{O 1}	PO 1	Professional Skills: The ability to understand, analyze and develop computer programs in the areas related to algorithms, system software, multimedia, web design, big data analytics, and networking for efficient design of computer-based systems of varying complexity.	2
	PSO1	Software Engineering Practices: The ability to apply standard practices and strategies in software service management using open-ended programming environments with agility to deliver a quality service for business success.	1
CO 2	PO 1	Understand the key issues and applications effectiveness of market research by applying mathematical principles and computer science methodologies.	2
	PO 2	Understand the key issues in problems identification and analyse complex Engineering problems in optimizing business decisions like Information and data collection and Interpretation of results	5
	PO 3	Make use of retailing procedure in E-commerce to expertise in market research effectively define a problem identify constraints including environmental and risk assessment issues and Manage the design process innovative solutions and environmental and sustainability limitations	7
	PO 10	Classify the key issues in terms of defining various problems, customer and user needs, cost effective and creative solutions, design process, economic context and management techniques.	5
CO 3	PO 1	List out the key features of Internet, Intranets and Extranets and explain how they relate to each other using computer science methodologies.	1
	PO 2	UMake use of internet information and data collected from various sources and perform model translation and validation by Experimental design and check Interpretation of results.	5
	PO 10	Make use of different internet components for developing applications based on technical literature and quality issues. Identify, classify and describe the performance of systems through analytical methods and techniques	5
CO 4	PO 1	discuss modern computing infrastructures from the perspective of the internet and organizations computer science methodologies, mathematical and scientific principles	3

Course Outcomes	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key competencies matched.
	PO 3	make use of digital library and supply chain management concepts to develop best management practices safety and risk assessment issues Identify and manage cost drivers and Manage the design process and evaluate outcomes	5
	PO 4	Cdiscuss modern computing infrastructures from the perspective of the internet and organizationsConduct Investigations of Complex Problems for Understanding of appropriate codes of practice and industry standards and Ability to work with technical uncertainty and the use of analytical methods— and modeling techniques	5
	PSO 1	Make use of next-generation computer systems and networking devices to develop management practices for knowledge discovery tools	4
CO 5	PO 1	Make use of the major e-commerce revenue models to evaluate existing websites mathematical and scientific principles by integrating computer science knowledge.	3
	PO 3	DMajor e-commerce revenue models to evaluate existing websites by investigating and defining various problems, understanding customer and user needs, with cost effective and creative solutions by managing the design process, knowledge on economic context, management techniques.	6
	PSO 1	Make use of networking devices, search engines and E-Commerce revenue models for existing websites to develop web browsers.	1
CO 6	PO 4	make use of theoretical and practical issues of conducting business over the internet and the multimedia effects on e- commerce Knowledge of management and Understanding of commercial and economic context of engineering processes including personnel, health, safety, and risk issues.	1

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO MAPPING:

		PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S			
COURSE	PO	РО	РО	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	PO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	2	5	7	-	_	-	-	-	_	5	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	1	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	-	5	5	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 5	3	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – PO/ PSO

	PROGRAM OUTCOMES										PSO'S				
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	66.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.0	0.0	0.0
CO 2	66.0	50.0	70.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 3	33.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CO 4	100	0.0	50.0	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.0	0.0	0.0
CO 5	100	0.0	60.0	0.0	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	70.0	0.0	0.0
CO 6	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO / PSO MAPPING): CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- **1** $-5 < C \le 40\% Low/ Slight$
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % <C < 60% –Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

				PRC)GR.	AM	OUT	CON	MES				PSO'S		
COURSE	PO	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
CO 2	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	3	-	2	2	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 5	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-
CO 6	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	11	4	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	6	-	-
AVERAGE	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	1.0	-	-	-	-	1.0	-	-	1.0	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Laboratory Practices	_	Student Viva	-	Certification	-
Term Paper	-	5 Minutes Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	~
Assignments					

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY-INDIRECT:

\checkmark	Early Semester Feedback	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
X	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	INTRODUCTION TO ELECTRONIC COMMERCE
	Electronic Commerce: Frame work, media coverage; anatomy of e-commerce applications: E-commerce Consumer applications, E-ecommerce organization applications
MODULE II	ELECTRONIC PAYMENT SYSTEMS
	Types of electronic payment systems; Digital token based electronic payment system: E-cash, properties of e-cash, electronic cash in action, business issues and electronic cash, operational risk and electronic cash, electronic checks; smart cards and electronic payment system; Credit card based electronic payment system; Risk and electronic payment system; Designing electronic payment system.
MODULE III	INTER AND INTRA ORGANIZATIONAL COMMERCE
	Inter organizational commerce: Electronic data interchange, electronic data interchange implementation, and value added networks; Intra organizational commerce: Work flow, automation customization and internal commerce, supply chain management.
MODULE IV	CORPORATE DIGITAL LIBRARY
	Corporate digital library: Document library, digital document types, corporate data warehouses; Advertising and marketing: Information based marketing, advertising on internet, on-line marketing process, market research
MODULE V	MULTIMEDIA
	Multimedia: key multimedia concepts, digital video and electronic commerce, desktop video processing, desktop video conferencing, structured documents ,SGML.

TEXTBOOKS

1. Ravi Kalakata,
Whinston Andrew B, —Frontiers of Electronic Commerce
 $\|,$ Pearson, 1st Edition, 1996.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. David Whitley, —E-Commerce-Strategy, Technologies and Applications ||, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2 ndEdition, 2000.
- 2. Kamlesh K.Bajaj, —E-Commerce- The Cutting Edge of Business ||, Tata McGraw-Hill, 1st Edition, 2005
- 3. J. Christopher Westland, Theodore H. K Clark, —Global Electronic Commerce- Theory and Case Studies , University Press, 1st Edition, 1999

WEB REFERENCES:

1. www.engr.sjsu.edu/gaojerry/course/cmpe296u/296z/introduction.pdf

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference			
	OBE DISCUSSION					
1	Course Description on Outcome Based Education (OBE): Course Objectives, Course Outcomes (CO), Program Outcomes (PO) and CO-PO Mapping	_	https://lms .iare.ac.in/ index ?route =course/details & course id=137			
	CONTENT DELIVE	CRY (THEORY	Y)			
1	Electronic Commerce	CO 1	R1:1.1			
2	Frame work	CO 1	R1:1.1			
3	media coverage	CO 1	T1:1.2			
4	anatomy of e-commerce	CO 1	T1:1.2			
5	E-commerce consumer applications	CO 2	T1:1.3			
6	E-commerce organization applications	CO 1	T1:1.2			
7	Electronic payment systems	CO 2	T1:1.3			
8	Types of electronic payment systems.	CO 2	T1:1.3			
9	Digital token based electronic payment system	CO 2	T1:1.3			
10	E-cash, properties of e-cash	CO 2	T1:1.3			
11	electronic cash in action, business issues and electronic cash	CO 2	T1:1.3			
12	operational risk and electronic cash, electronic checks	CO 2	R1:1.5			
13	Smart cards and electronic payment system.	CO 2	T1:3.2			
14	Credit card based electronic payment system	CO 2	T1:3.2			
15	Risk and electronic payment system	CO 2	T1:3.5			
16	Designing electronic payment system	CO 2	T1:3.5			
17	Inter and intra organizational commerce	CO 3	T1:4.3			
18	Inter organizational commerce	CO 2	T1:4.3			
19	electronic data interchange implementation	CO 3	T1:12.5			
20	value added networks.	CO 3	T1:12.5			
21	Intra organizational commerce.	CO 3	T1:12.5			
22	Work flow	CO 3	T1:13.1			
23	automation customization internal commerce.	CO 3	T1:13.1			
24	supply chain management.	CO 3	T1:14.1			
25	Corporate digital library	CO 4	T2: 5.2			
26	Document library.	CO 4	T2: 5.2			

27	digital document types	CO 4	T1:16.1
28	corporate data warehouses,	CO 5	T1:16.4
29	Advertising marketing.	CO 5	T1:16.4
30	Information based marketing	CO 5	T1:20.5
31	advertising on internet.	CO 5	T1:21.4
32	on-line marketing process,	CO 5	T1:22.1
33	market research.	CO 5	T1:22.1
34	Multimedia	CO 6	T1:22.4
35	key multimedia concepts	CO 6	T1:22.4
36	digital video and electronic commerce	CO 6	T1:22.7
37	desktop video processing.	CO 6	T1:29.1
38	desktop video conferencing	CO 6	T1:29.3
39	structured documents	CO 6	T1:29.3
40	SGML	CO 6	T1:29.3
41	Electronic data Interchange.	CO 6	T1:30.1
42	supply chain management techniques	CO 6	T1:30.1
43	marketing.	CO 5	T1:16.4
44	internal commerce.	CO 3	T1:13.1
45	electronic checks	CO 2	R1:1.5
	PROBLEM SOLVING/	CASE STUDI	ES
1	how to develop the data processing technology of Big Data banking systems improve the credit risk management process?	CO 1	R1:1.5
2	what are the tools and techniques of Artificial Intelligence (AI) that can help in improving electronic commerce (E-commerce)?	CO 1	R1:1.5
3	Will the social aspects of interpersonal contacts be a barrier to the creation of electronic banks without staff?	CO 1	R1:1.5
4	Write use of electronic brokerages?	CO 2	T1:3.2
5	List the New forms of organizational structures?	CO 2	T1:3.21
6	What are the main characteristics of cash payment in contrast with cheque payment?	CO 2	T1:3.2
7	Why is a certifying authority required in E Commerce?	CO 3	T1:4.3
8	CDefine Trade cycle and describe the different stages of a Trade cycle	CO 5	T1:4.3
9	What are the necessary conditions a hash function used in digital signature should satisfy?	CO 4	T1:4.3
10	MWhy is security important in E-Commerce?	CO 3	T1:6.2

11	how should merchants promote their ecommerce sites?.	CO 4	T1:6.2
12	what security risk does ecommerce involve?	CO 6	T1:6.2
13	what are Internet Security Services? explain each one of them with an example	CO 5	T1:6.5
14	CWrite about the security service that are to be offered in E-Payment system in detail.	CO 5	T1:6.5
15	Once a company has acquired customer, the key to maximizing revenue is keeping them. explain how e-commerce is helpful in customer retention?	CO 5	T1:6.5
	DISCUSSION ON DEFINITIO	N AND TERM	INOLOGY
1	Discussion of definition and terminology on Introduction to electronic commerce	CO 1	R1:1.5
2	Discussion of definition and terminology on Electronic payment systems	CO 2	T1:3.2
3	Discussion of definition and terminology on Performance of transmission lines	CO3, CO4	T1:5.2
4	Discussion of definition and terminology on Consumer Search and Resource discovery	CO 5	T1:6.2,6.5
5	Discussion of definition and terminology on Multimedia	CO 6	T1:10.2,4
	DISCUSSION ON QU	JESTION BAN	K
1	Discussion of Question on Introduction to electronic commerce	CO 1	R1:1.5
2	Discussion of Question on Electronic payment systems	CO 2	T1:3.2
3	Discussion of Question on Performance of transmission lines	CO3,CO4	T1:5.2
4	Discussion of Question on Consumer Search and Resource discovery	CO 5	T1:6.2,6.5
5	Discussion of Question on Multimedia	CO 6	T1:10.2,4

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD,CSIT



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING (Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043 COURSE DESCRIPTION

Department	COMPU	COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY			
Course Title	DISAST	DISASTER MANAGEMENT			
Course Code	ACEC31				
Program	B.Tech				
Semester	VIII	VIII			
Course Type	Open El	Open Elective			
Regulation	IARE-U	G20			
		Theory		Pract	tical
Course Structure	Lecture	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits
	3	-	3	-	-
Course Coordinator	Mr. A. Rajesh, Assistant Professor				

I COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites
UG	-	-	-

II COURSE OVERVIEW:

The Disaster management provides a fundamental understanding of different aspects. It deals with the concepts and functions of disaster management to build competencies of professionals and development practitioners. It provides effective supporting environment by the governmental locating substantial resources for effective mitigation of disasters. It helps learners to apply the disaster mitigation strategies, preparedness for reducing damage intensity, loss of life and property.

III MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIE Examination	Total Marks
Disaster Management	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV CONTENT DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

√	Power Point Presentations	\checkmark	Chalk & Talk	х	Assignments	x	MOOC
x	Open Ended Experiments	х	Seminars	x	Mini Project	x	Videos
x	Others						

V EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE modules and each module carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each module. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The expected percentage of cognitive level of the questions is broadly based on the criteria given in Table: 1.

Percentage of Cognitive Level	Blooms Taxonomy Level
17%	Remember
83 %	Understand
0%	Apply
0 %	Analyze
0 %	Evaluate
0 %	Create

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks, with 20 marks for continuous internal examination (CIE) and 10 marks for Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

	Component		Total Marks
	Continuous Internal Examination – 1 (Mid-term)	10	
CIA	Continuous Internal Examination – 2 (Mid-term)	10	30
	AAT-1	5	
	AAT-2	5	
SEE Semester End Examination (SEE)		70	70
	Total Marks		

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively for 10 marks each of 2 hours duration consisting of five descriptive type questions out of which four questions have to be answered. Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT)

This AAT enables faculty to design own assessment patterns during the CIA. The AAT converts the classroom into an effective learning center. The AAT may include tutorial hours/classes, seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, METE (Modeling and Experimental Tools in Engineering), five minutes video, MOOCs etc. The AAT chosen for this course is given in table

Concept Video	Tech-talk	Complex Problem Solving
40%	40%	20%

VI COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

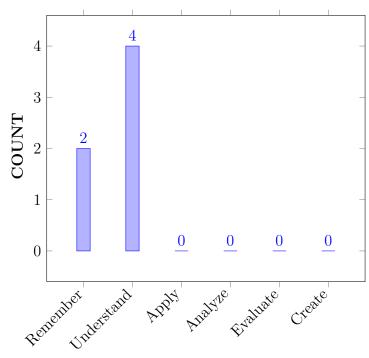
Ι	The concept of environmental hazards, disasters and various approaches dealing with the mitigation of disasters.
II	The knowledge on various types of environmental disasters and their impacts on human beings and nature.
III	The Different types of endogenous and exogenous hazards and their influence on human life and nature.
IV	The immediate response and damage assessment with information reporting and monitoring tools.

VII COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO 1	Classify Environmental hazards for developing modern disaster	Remember
	management system.	
CO 2	Illustrate various approches for reducing the level of risk	Understand
	associated with Disasters.	
CO 3	Compare natural and manmade disasters for finding out intensity	Understand
	of damage loss occurred by them.	
CO 4	List various hazards and their effects for evaluating their impact on	Remember
	society and Environment.	
CO 5	Outline human adjustments and perception towards hazards for	Understand
	mitigation of disasters.	
CO 6	Summarize disaster phenomenon and its different contextual	Understand
	aspects for implementing the Disaster Risk Reduction Strategy.	

COURSE KNOWLEDGE COMPETENCY LEVEL



BLOOMS TAXONOMY

VIII PROGRAM OUTCOMES:

	Program Outcomes
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
PO 3	Design/Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex Engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and Environmental considerations
PO 4	Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
PO 5	Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern Engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex Engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

	Program Outcomes
PO 8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
PO 10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
PO 11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
PO 12	Life-Long Learning: Recognize the need for and having the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

IX HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
PO 6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
PO 7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	3	CIE/SEE/AAT
PO 9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	1	CIE/SEE/AAT

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

X HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program	Strength	Proficiency Assessed by
PSO 1	Develop software systems reflecting platform constraints, version control, and automation for digital innovation and transformation.	-	-
PSO 2	Evaluate the successful applications for IoT and Cyber-Physical Systems and Implement cyber security measures using tools, and networking technologies as per the needs of Industry and society.	-	-
PSO 3	Apply appropriate machine learning models, tools, and techniques to perform data analytics for effective decision-making and create innovative career paths toward Continuous Learning.	-	-

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XI MAPPING OF EACH CO WITH PO(s), PSO(s):

COURSE				PSO'S											
OUTCOMES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	1	2	3
CO 1	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	\checkmark	-	-	-	-	-	-

XII JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAPPING -DIRECT:

COURSE OUTCOMES	PO'S PSO'S	Justification for mapping (Students will be able to)	No. of Key Competencies
CO 1	PO 1	Apply the knowledge and principals of mathematics to engineering problems in determining an area enclosed by irregular boundary line using the knowledge of mathematics and science fundamentals	2
	PO 7	Understand the disaster management by considering Environmental impacts on the livelihood and their effect on Socio economic issues for sustainable development.	2

CO 2	PO 1	Apply the knowledge on various disaster mitigation approaches in engineering disciplines and and use their application in geographical researches.	1
	PO 6	Apply the engineering knowledge in disaster management to promote sustainable development and build Awareness on health, safety, and risk issues associated with Disasters.	4
CO 3	PO 6	Identify engineering activities including personnel, health, safety, and risk and effective disaster management strategies for implementing, analyzing disaster impacts on human life and environment.	4
	PO 7	Understand intensity of disasters and their impact on environment and influence on socio economic parameter for assessment of intensity of risk.	2
CO 4	PO 6	Identify engineering activities including personnel, health, safety, and risk for analyzing hazard impacts on environment.	4
	PO 7	Identify the impact of various hazards in socio economic and environmental aspects for developing modern disaster management system.	2
CO 5	PO 1	Understand the methodology and scientific principal towards hazards for human adjustments and perception by sharing technological knowledge from other engineering branches .	2
	PO 6	Understanding of the need for a high level of professional and ethical conduct in engineering for human adjustments, perception with effective management strategies for disaster mitigation.	4
CO 6	PO 1	Understand the knowledge of scientific principal and methodology in disaster phenomenon for minimizing impact by implementing the Disaster Risk Reduction Strategy.	2
	PO 6	Appropriate management strategies are to be applied to reduce the level of risk in disaster mitigation.	1
	PO 9	Apply disaster risk reduction strategy using vrious organizations and work effetively as an individual and as a member or a leader are to be applied to reduce the level of risk in disaster mitigation.	3

XIII TOTAL COUNT OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO) MAP-PING:

COURSE	Pro	gran	ched]	PSO'S										
OUTCOMES	РО	PO													3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-

CO 2	1	_	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 5	2	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-

XIV PERCENTAGE OF KEY COMPETENCIES FOR CO – (PO, PSO):

COURSE				PSO'S											
OUTCOMES	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	66.6	_	-	-	-	-	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
CO 2	33.3	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	80	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	80	66.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 5	66.6	-	-	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	66.6	-	-	-	-	20	-	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-

XV COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX (PO – PSO MAPPING):

CO'S and PO'S and CO'S and PSO'S on the scale of 0 to 3, 0 being no correlation, 1 being the low correlation, 2 being medium correlation and 3 being high correlation.

- $\pmb{\theta}$ $0 \leq C \leq 5\%$ No correlation
- 1 5
< C< 40% Low/ Slight
- $\pmb{2}$ 40 % < C < 60% – Moderate
- $\boldsymbol{3}$ $60\% \leq C < 100\%$ Substantial /High

COURSE		PROGRAM OUTCOMES												PSO'S	3
OUTCOMES	PO	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	PO	1	2	3
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
CO 1	3	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 2	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 3	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 4	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
CO 5	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO 6	3	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	10	-	-	-	-	13	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
AVERAGE	3	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-

XVI ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY DIRECT:

CIE Exams	\checkmark	SEE Exams	\checkmark	Seminars	-
Term Paper	-	Concept Video	\checkmark	Open Ended Experiments	-
Assignments	-	Mini project	-	Tech Talk	\checkmark

XVII ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY INDIRECT:

x	Assessment of mini projects by	\checkmark	End Semester OBE Feedback
	Experts		

XVIII SYLLABUS:

MODULE I	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS
	Environmental hazards and disasters: meaning of environmental hazards, environmental disasters and environmental stress; concept of environmental hazards, environmental stress and environmental disasters, different approaches and relation with human ecology, landscape approach, ecosystem approach, perception approach, human ecology and its application in geographical researches.
MODULE II	TYPES OF ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS
	Types of environmental hazards and disasters: Natural hazards and disasters, man induced hazards and disasters, natural hazards, planetary hazards/ disasters, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, planetary hazards, endogenous hazards, exogenous hazards.
MODULE III	ENDOGENOUS HAZARDS
	Endogenous hazards, volcanic eruption, earthquakes, landslides, volcanic hazards/ disasters, causes and distribution of volcanoes, hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions, environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions. Earthquake hazards/ disasters, causes of earthquakes, distribution of earthquakes, hazardous effects of, earthquakes, earthquake hazards in India,human adjustment, perception and mitigation of earthquake.
MODULE IV	EXOGENOUS HAZARDS
	Exogenous hazards/disasters, infrequent events, cumulative atmospheric hazards/disasters; Infrequent events: Cyclones, lightning, hailstorms; Cyclones: Tropical cyclones and local storms, destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters: Floods, droughts, cold waves, heat waves floods; Causes of floods, flood hazards India, flood control measures (human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Droughts:Impacts of droughts, drought hazards in India, drought control measures, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, man induced hazards /disasters, physical hazards/ disasters, soil erosion, Soil erosion: Mechanics and forms of soil erosion, factors and causes of soil erosion, conservation measures of soil erosion; Chemical hazards/ disasters: Release of toxic chemicals, nuclear explosion, sedimentation processes; Sedimentation processes: Global sedimentation problems regional sedimentation problems, sedimentation and environmental problems, corrective measures of erosion and sedimentation, biological hazards/ disasters, population explosion.

MODULE V	EMERGING APPROACHES IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT
	Emerging approaches in Disaster Management, Three Stages 1. Pre, disaster stage(preparedness) 2. Emergency Stage 3. Post Disaster stage, Rehabilitation.

TEXTBOOKS

- 1. PardeepSahni, "Disaster Mitigation: Experiences and Reflections", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 1 st Edition, 2001.
- 2. J.Glynn, GaryW.HeinKe, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall Publishers, 2 nd Edition, 1996.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. R.B.Singh (Ed), "Environmental Geography", 2nd Edition, 1990.
- 2. R.B. Singh (Ed), "Disaster Management", 2nd Edition, 2006.
- 3. Donald Hyndman "Natural Hazards and Disasters" 5th edition, 2017.

XIX COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be a changes.

S.No	Topics to be covered	CO's	Reference T1: 4.1			
	OBE DISCUSSION					
1	Course Objectives, Course Outcomes, Program Outcomes	s, CO-PO M	apping			
	CONTENT DELIVERY (THEORY)					
2	Classify Environmental Hazards & Disasters	CO 1	T2:26.3, R2: 3.1			
3	Understand the Meaning of Environmental Hazards	CO 1	T2:2.2.2			
4	Understand Environmental Stress	CO 1	T2:2.2.2, R3:3.7			
5	Understand Environmental stress.	CO 2	T2:2.2.2			
6	Obtain knowledge on Concept of Environmental Hazards	CO 2	T1:8.1			
7	Capacity to analyze Environmental stress & Environmental Disasters	CO 2	T1:7.1, R2: 1.2			
8	Capacity to analyze Ecology concept	CO 2	T2:3.2.3, R2: 1.3			
9	Understand Different Approaches	CO 3	T2:4.2.3			
10	Understand Landscape Approach	CO 3	T2:4.5.2			
11	Explain Ecosystem approach -Perception approach.	CO 3	T2:4.7.9			
12	Understand Human ecology & its application in geographical researches	CO 4	T2:5.2.1, R2: 6.4			
13	Understand Human ecology & its application in geographical researches	CO 4	T2:5.2.1, R2: 6.4			

14	Understand Types of Environmental hazards & Disasters	CO 4	T2:5.4
15	Capacity to analyze and evaluate Natural hazards and Disasters	CO 3	T2:5.5.3
16	Capacity to analyze and evaluate Natural hazards and Disasters	CO 3	T2:5.5.3
17	Understand Man induced hazards & Disasters	CO 3	T2:6.2.2
18	Understand Man induced hazards & Disasters	CO 3	T2:6.2.2
19	Obtain knowledge on Natural Hazards- Planetary Hazards/ Disasters	CO 4	R1:2.5, R2: 8.2
20	Obtain knowledge on Natural Hazards- Planetary Hazards/ Disasters	CO 4	R1:2.5, R2: 8.2
21	Analyze the Planetary Hazards-Endogenous Hazards - Exogenous Hazards	CO 4	R2:2.2.5, R2: 9.2
22	Analyze the Planetary Hazards-Endogenous Hazards - Exogenous Hazards	CO 4	R2:2.2.5, R2: 9.2
23	Understand Volcanic Eruption – Earthquakes – Landslides	CO 4	R3:5.4.8, R2: 9.6
24	Understand Volcanic Eruption – Earthquakes – Landslides	CO 4	R3:5.4.8, R2: 9.6
25	Volcanic Hazards/Disasters- Causes and distribution of Volcanoes	CO 4	T2:8.1.2
26	Volcanic Hazards/Disasters- Causes and distribution of Volcanoes	CO 4	T2:8.1.2
27	Explain the Hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions	CO 4	T2:8.3.5, R2: 5.3
28	Explain the Hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions	CO 4	T2:8.3.5, R2: 5.3
29	Understand Environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions - Earthquake Hazards/ disasters - Causes of Earthquakes	CO 4	T2:8.5
30	Understand Environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions - Earthquake Hazards/ disasters - Causes of Earthquakes	CO 4	T2:8.5
31	Distribution of earthquakes - Hazardous effects of - earthquakes - Earthquake Hazards in India	CO 4	T2:8.9.2
32	Explain the Droughts: Impacts of droughts, Drought hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.6
33	Explain the Droughts: Impacts of droughts, Drought hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.6
34	Understand Extra Planetary Hazards/ Disasters- Man induced Hazards /Disasters	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.7
35	Understand Extra Planetary Hazards/ Disasters- Man induced Hazards /Disasters	CO 5	T2:9.2, R3: 4.7
36	Understand the Infrequent events: Cyclones, Lightning, Hailstorms, Cyclones: Earthquake Hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.5.3

			1
37	Understand the Infrequent events: Cyclones, Lightning, Hailstorms, Cyclones: Earthquake Hazards in India	CO 5	T2:9.5.3
38	Analyze the Tropical cyclones and Local storms	CO 5	T2:9.6.2, R3: 8.5
39	Understand the Destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation)	CO 5	T2:9.7.5, R3: 8.12
40	Understand the Destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation)	CO 5	T2:9.7.5, R3: 8.12
41	Analyze the Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters : Floods, Droughts, Cold waves, Heat waves Floods	CO 5	T2:9.5.4
42	Analyze the Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters : Floods, Droughts, Cold waves, Heat waves Floods	CO 5	T2:9.5.4
43	Identification of Flood control measures (Human adjustment, perception and mitigation),	CO 6	T2:9.5.4
44	Identification of Flood control measures (Human adjustment, perception and mitigation),	CO 6	T2:9.5.4
45	Analyze the Exogenous hazards/ disasters - Infrequent events- Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters	CO 6	T2:9.5.6
	PROBLEM SOLVING/ CASE STUDIES	5	
1	Case study on modern disaster management system	CO 1	T2:2.2.2
2	Case study on natural disaster	CO 2	T2:2.2.2
3	Case study on manmade disaster	CO 3	T2:2.2.2
2	Case study on Latur earthquake	CO 4	T2:2.2.2
4	Case study on Fukushima Nuclear disaster	CO 4	T2:2.2.2, R3:3.7
5	Case study on tsunami occurred in Japan	CO 5	T2:2.2.2
6	Case study on Hiroshima and Nagasaki	CO 4	T1:8.1
7	Case study on Russian Siberia oil spill	CO 4	T1:7.1, R2: 1.2
8	Case study on Hudhud Cyclone 2014	CO 5	T2:3.2.3, R2: 1.3
9	Case study on South India Floods 2015	CO 5	T2:4.2.3
10	Case study on Bihar Heat Wave 2019	CO 5	T2:4.5.2
11	Case study on Bihar Floods 2019	CO 5	T2:4.7.9
12	Case study on Oil Spillage in Russia 2020	CO 4	T2:5.4
13	Case study on Yellow River Flood in china	CO 4	T2:5.5.3
14	Case study on Bhola Cyclone Bangladesh	CO 5	T2:6.2.2
15	Causes of wildfires and effects	CO 4	T2:9.5.4
16	pre-disaster activities to reduce the impact of cyclones	CO 5	T2:9.5.4
	Tectonic plate theory	CO 4	T2:9.5.6

	DISCUSSION OF DEFINITION AND TERMIN	OLOGY	
1	Different approaches and relation with human ecology, landscape approach, ecosystem approach, perception approach	CO 1	T2:2.2.2
2	Natural hazards, planetary hazards/ disasters, extra planetary hazards/ disasters, planetary hazards, endogenous hazards, exogenous hazards	CO 2	T2:2.2.2, R3:3.7
3	Effects of volcanic eruptions, environmental impacts of volcanic eruptions	CO 3, CO 4	T2:2.2.2
4	Lightning , hailstorms; Cyclones: Tropical cyclones and local storms, destruction by tropical cyclones and local storms (causes, distribution human adjustment, perception and mitigation); Cumulative atmospheric hazards/ disasters:	CO 5	T1:8.1
5	Emerging approaches in Disaster Management, Three Stages 1. Pre, disaster stage(preparedness), 2. Emergency Stage ,3. Post Disaster stage, Rehabilitation.	CO 6	T1:7.1, R2: 1.2
	DISCUSSION OF QUESTION BANK		
1	Environmental hazards and disasters	CO 1	R1:2.1
2	Types of environmental hazards and disasters	CO 2	T4:7.3
3	Endogenous hazards, volcanic eruption, earthquakes, landslides, volcanic hazards/ disasters, causes and distribution of volcanoes, hazardous effects of volcanic eruptions, and their environmental impacts.	CO 3, CO 4	R2:5.1
4	Global sedimentation problems regional sedimentation problems, sedimentation and environmental problems, corrective measures of erosion and sedimentation, biological hazards/ disasters, population explosion.	CO 5	T1:7.5
5	Emerging approaches in disaster management	CO 6	T1: 4.1

Signature of Course Coordinator Mr. A. Rajesh, Assistant Professor

HOD,CE