Hall Ticket No			Question Paper Code:



**INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING** 

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

# MODEL QUESTION PAPER

B. Tech VII Semester End Examinations, November - 2019

**Regulations: R16** 

ADVACED STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS AND DESIGN

(CIVIL ENGINEERING)

Time: 3 hours

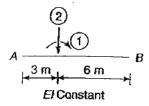
Max. Marks: 70

**ACE016** 

Answer ONE Question from each Unit All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

## UNIT – I

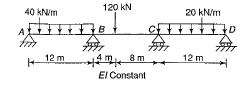
1. a) Develop the flexibility matrix for a prismatic member AB with reference to the [7M] coordinates shown in figure with hinged support at A and roller support at B.



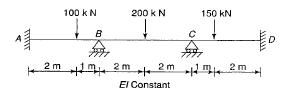
b) Analyze the continuous beam shown in figure using flexibility method.

[7M]

[7M]

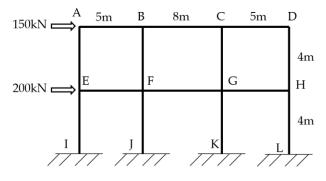


- 2. a) Write the similarities and dis-similarities of force method and displacement method. [7M]
  - b) Analyze the continuous beam shown in figure using stiffness method.

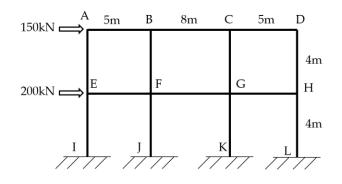


#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

- 3. a) Describe the approximate analysis methods for building frames to
  - 1) Subjected to vertical loads only
  - 2) Subjected to lateral loads
  - b) Analyze the frame using portal method.



- 4. a) Explain the approximate methods of analysis of beams and frames with examples. [7M]
  - b) Analyze the frame using cantilever method. The area of columns are 2A, 1.25 A, 1.5A [7M] and A respectively.





- 5. a) What are the two theories for calculating earth pressure on retaining walls? [7M]
  - b) Design a counterfort-type retaining wall to retain a 6.8 m high backfill above the ground [7M] level. The unit weight and SBC of the soil at site are 18 kN/m3 and 170 kN/m2, respectively. The angle of internal friction of soil and coefficient of friction are 30<sup>o</sup> and 0.6, respectively. The exposure condition is moderate.
- 6. a) Why is it important to consider drainage of backfill? What methods are adopted for the [7M] effective drainage of backfill?
  - b) Design a circular tank with flexible base for a capacity of 400000 litres. The depth of [7M] water is to be 4m, including a free board of 200mm. Use M20 concrete.

[7M]

[7M]

### UNIT - IV

- 7. a) Sketch the economical pile layout for (a) five piles, (b) six piles, and (c) eight piles. [7M]
  - b) Design a precast pile of diameter 400 mm carrying an axial load of 275 kN, placed in submerged medium dense sandy soil having an angle of internal friction of  $32^{\circ}$ . The density of soil is 18 kN/ m<sup>3</sup> and the submerged density of soil is 10 kN/m<sup>3</sup>. Angle of wall friction between concrete pile and soil, d is  $0.75f = 24^{\circ}$ . Assume the following data: Depth of top of pile cap below ground level is 500 mm, thickness of pile cap is 1.5 m, grade of concrete in pile is M25, Fe 415 steel is used, and clear cover to reinforcement is 75 mm. Determine the vertical carrying capacity of the pile in accordance with IS 2911 (Part 1, Section 1) and design the pile.
- 8. a) What is raft foundation? Under what circumstances these foundations are preferred. [7M]
  b) Design the interior panel of a flat slab 4.6mX5.6m in size, for a superimposed load of [7M]

### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

6.75kN/m2. Provide two way reinforcement. Use M20 and Fe415 steel.

- 9. a) Sketch with mentioning the components (a) A self-supporting chimney (b) Guyed Steel [7M] Chimneys.
  - b) Design a chimney of 66m height, having external diameter of 4m throughout the height. [7M] The chimney has fire brick lining of 100mm thickness, provided upto a height of 42m above ground level, with an air gap of 100mm. The temperature of gases above surrounding air is  $200^{\circ}$ C. Take coefficient of expansion of concrete and steel =  $11X10-6 / {}^{\circ}$ C, and Es= $2.05X10^{5}$ MPa. Use M25 grade of concrete.
- 10. a) Design a bunker of size 10m length X 5m width. It has 4m depth vertical plate and height [7M] of trough is 4m. Use coal for storing.
  - b) Design a bunker to store 400kN of coal, for the following data: Unit weight of coal = [7M] 8.34kN/m<sup>3</sup>; Angle of repose = 30<sup>o</sup>. The stored coal is to be surcharged at its angle of repose. Take permissible stress in steel as 140N/mm2.



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# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

#### The course should enable the students to:

Ι	Enhance knowledge of matrix stiffness and flexibility methods for analyzing continuous beams, portal frames and trusses.
II	Design advanced structures such as retaining walls against lateral earth pressure.
III	Analyze and design the different types of piles and flat slabs as per the recommendations of Indian Standard codes.
IV	Explore and interpret the basic design concepts of water tanks, silos and bunkers.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):**

CO 1	Understand the basic concepts of static and kinematic indeterminacy. Know the concepts of stiffness
	method and flexibility method and analysis of various structural elements using these methods.
CO 2	Understand the concepts of different approximate methods of analysis for lateral loads. Analysis of
	multi storey frame using portal method, cantilever method and substitute frame method.
CO 3	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the retaining walls and water tanks. Design
	retaining walls and water tanks.
CO 4	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the flat slabs and deep foundations. Design of
	flat slab, raft foundation and pile foundation.
CO 5	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the chimneys, bunker and silos. Design of
	chimneys, bunker and silos.

## **COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):**

ACE016.01	Understand the concepts of static and kinematic indeterminacy.
ACE016.02	Know the concepts of stiffness method and flexibility method.
ACE016.03	Analysis of continuous beam with and without settlement of supports using stiffness method.
ACE016.04	Analysis of single storey portal frames including side sway using stiffness method.
ACE016.05	Analysis of pin jointed determinate plane frames using stiffness method.
ACE016.06	Analysis for continuous beams up to three degree of indeterminacy using flexibility method
ACE016.07	Understand the concepts of different approximate methods of analysis for lateral loads.
ACE016.08	Analysis of multi storey frame using portal method.
ACE016.09	Analysis of multi storey frame using cantilever method.
ACE016.10	Analysis of multi storey frame using substitute frame method.

ACE016.11	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the retaining walls and water tanks.
ACE016.12	Understand the design of retaining walls.
ACE016.13	Understand the design of water tanks.
ACE016.14	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the flat slabs and deep foundations.
ACE016.15	Understand the design of flat slab.
ACE016.16	Understand the design of raft foundation.
ACE016.17	Understand the design of pile foundation.
ACE016.18	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the chimneys, bunker and silos.
ACE016.19	Understand the design of chimney.
ACE016.20	Understand the design of bunkers.
ACE016.21	Understand the design of silos.

### MAPPING OF SEMESTER END EXAMINATION - COURSE OUTCOMES

SEE Question No			Course Learning Outcomes	Course Outcomes	Blooms Taxonomy Level
1	а	ACE016.03	Analysis of continuous beam with and without settlement of supports using stiffness method.	CO 1	Understand
	b	ACE016.03	Analysis of continuous beam with and without settlement of supports using stiffness method.	CO 1	Understand
2	a	ACE016.02	Know the concepts of stiffness method and flexibility method.	CO 1	Understand
	b	ACE016.03	Analysis of continuous beam with and without settlement of supports using stiffness method.	CO 1	Understand
3	а	ACE016.07	Understand the concepts of different approximate methods of analysis for lateral loads.	CO 2	Understand
5	b	ACE016.08	Analysis of multi storey frame using portal method.	CO 2	Remember
4	а	ACE016.07	Understand the concepts of different approximate methods of analysis for lateral loads.	CO 2	Understand
	b	ACE016.09	Analysis of multi storey frame using cantilever method.	CO 2	Understand
5	а	ACE016.11	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the retaining walls and water tanks.	CO 3	Understand
	b	ACE016.12	Understand the design of retaining walls.	CO 3	Understand
6	а	ACE016.11	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the retaining walls and water tanks.	CO 3	Understand
	b	ACE016.13	Understand the design of water tanks.	CO 3	Understand
7	a	ACE016.14	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the flat slabs and deep foundations.	CO 4	Understand
	b	ACE016.17	Understand the design of pile foundation.	CO 4	Understand
8	a	ACE016.16	Understand the design of raft foundation.	CO 4	Understand
0	b	ACE016.15	Understand the design of flat slab.	CO 4	Understand

9	a	ACE016.18	Know the design concepts and IS code provisions for the chimneys, bunker and silos.	CO 5	Understand
	b	ACE016.19	Understand the design of chimney.	CO 5	Understand
10	а	ACE016.20	Understand the design of bunkers.	CO 5	Understand
10	b	ACE016.20	Understand the design of bunkers.	CO 5	Understand

Signature of Course Coordinator

HOD, ME