

Hall Ticket No

Question Paper Code: AITB03



INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

MODEL QUESTION PAPER - I

Second Year B.Tech IV Semester End Examinations, November – 2018

Regulations: R18

THEORY OF COMPUTATIONS

(Common to CSE / IT)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Answer ONE Question from each Unit

All Questions Carry Equal Marks

All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

UNIT – I

1. a) Construct a DFA, the language recognized by the Automaton being $L = \{w / w \text{ contains neither the substring } ab \text{ nor } ba\}$. Draw the transition table. [7M]
- b) Design a DFA for the following language over an alphabet $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ [7M]
 - i) The string with even no of 0's and even no of 1's
 - ii) The string with odd no of 0's and even no of 1's
2. a) Construct a DFA that any given decimal number is divisible by 3. [7M]
- b) Describe NFA with ϵ to NFA conversion with an example. [7M]

UNIT – II

3. a) Demonstrate Regular expression? Simplify the following Regular Expression [7M]
 - i) $\epsilon + 1^*(011)^*(1^*(011)^*)^* = (1+011)^*$
 - ii) $(0+11^*0)^+ (0+11^*0)(10+10^*1)^* (10+10^*1)^* = 1^*0(10+10^*1)^*$
- b) Construct the Finite Automata(NFA- ϵ) for given regular expression $(0+1)^*00(0+1)^*$ [7M]
4. a) Illustrate the steps for conversion of regular grammar to finite automata? Construct the FA for the following grammar [7M]
 $S \rightarrow aS/bA/b$
 $A \rightarrow aA/bS/a$
- b) Construct the DFA Transition diagram for equivalent Regular expression $(ab+a)^*(aa+b)$ [7M]

UNIT – III

5. a) Construct leftmost and rightmost derivations for the strings, if the language is given as [7M]
 $S \rightarrow AS \mid \epsilon \quad A \rightarrow aa \mid ab \mid ba \mid bb$
Strings:
 - a) aabbba
 - b) baabab
 - c) aaabbb
- b) Construct Leftmost Derivation, Rightmost Derivation, Derivation Tree for the following grammar with respect to the string aabbabbba. [7M]
 $S \rightarrow aB \mid bA,$
 $A \rightarrow aS \mid bAA \mid a$
 $B \rightarrow bS \mid aBB \mid b$
6. a) Convert the following grammar into GNF $G = (\{A1, A2, A3\}, \{a, b\}, P, A)$ [7M]
 $A1 \rightarrow A2A3$

$A2 \rightarrow A3A1/b$

$A3 \rightarrow A1A2/a$

- b) Simplify the context free grammar for the given CFG [7M]
 $S \rightarrow Ab | Bb$
 $A \rightarrow a | aS | Baa$
 $B \rightarrow b | bS | aBB$

UNIT – IV

7. a) Construct PDA for the below grammar as shown below [7M]
 $S \rightarrow aABB | aAA$
 $A \rightarrow aBB | a$
 $B \rightarrow bBB | A$

- that accepts the language generated by given grammar
b) Prove that the below languages are deterministic context free [7M]
languages?
a) $L1 = \{0^n 1^m | n=m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$
b) $L2 = \{0^n 1^m | n=2m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$

8. a) Prove that given CFG with following productions [7M]
 $S \rightarrow aBc$
 $A \rightarrow abc$
 $B \rightarrow aAb$
 $C \rightarrow AB$
 $C \rightarrow c$

- constructs a PDA M such that the language generated by M and G are equivalent.
b) Prove that the below languages are deterministic context free [7M]
languages?
a) $L1 = \{0^n 1^m | n=m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$
b) $L2 = \{0^n 1^m | n=2m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$

UNIT – V

9. a) Construct a Turing Machine that accepts the language [7M]
 $L = \{1^n 2^n 3^n | n \geq 1\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained and also show the moves made by the Turing machine for the string 111222333.

- b) Describe briefly about the following [7M]
a) Church's Hypothesis
b) Counter machine

10. a) Construct Transition diagram for Turing Machine that accepts the language $L = \{0^n 1^n | n \geq 1\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained and also show the moves made by the Turing machine for the string 000111. [7M]

- b) Construct a Turing Machine that accepts the language [7M]
 $L = \{a^2 n b^n | n \geq 0\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained.

THOERY OF COMPUTATIONS

IV Semester: CSE/IT								
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
AITB03	Core	L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		3	1	-	4	30	70	100
Contact Classes: 45	Tutorial Classes: 15	Practical Classes: Nil			Total Classes: 50			
<p>OBJECTIVES:</p> <p>The course should enable the students to:</p> <p>I. Understand an overview of the theoretical foundations of computer science from the perspective of formal languages.</p> <p>II. Illustrate finite state machines to solve problems in computing.</p> <p>III. Understand the hierarchy of problems arising in the computer sciences.</p> <p>IV. Understand Regular grammars, context free grammar.</p> <p>V. Construct the model of Push down Automata, Turing Machines..</p>								
Module-I	Finite Automata						Classes: 9	
Fundamentals: Alphabet, strings, language, operations; Introduction to finite automata: The central concepts of automata theory, deterministic finite automata, nondeterministic finite automata, an application of finite automata finite automata with epsilon transitions.								
Module -II	Regular Languages						Classes: 9	
Regular sets, regular expressions, identity rules, constructing finite automata for a given regular expressions, conversion of finite automata to regular expressions, pumping lemma of regular sets, closure properties of regular sets (proofs not required), regular grammars-right linear and left linear grammars, equivalence between regular linear grammar and finite automata, inter conversion.								
Module -III	Context Free Grammars						Classes: 8	
Context free grammars and languages: Context free grammar, derivation trees, sentential forms, right most and leftmost derivation of strings, applications. Ambiguity in context free grammars, minimization of context free grammars, Chomsky normal form, Greibach normal form, pumping lemma for context free languages, enumeration of properties of context free language (proofs omitted)..								
Module -IV	Pushdown Automata						Classes: 9	
Pushdown automata, definition, model, acceptance of context free language, acceptance by final state and acceptance by empty stack and its equivalence, equivalence of context free language and pushdown automata, inter conversion;(Proofs not required); Introduction to deterministic context free languages and deterministic pushdown automata.								
Module -V	Turing Machine						Classes: 10	
Turing machine: Turing machine, definition, model, design of Turing machine, computable functions, recursively enumerable languages, Church's hypothesis, counter machine, types of Turing machines (proofs not required), linear bounded automata and context sensitive language, Chomsky hierarchy of languages.								
Text Books:								

1. John E. Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman, —Introduction to Automata, Theory, Languages and Computationll, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2007.

Reference Books:

1. John C Martin, —Introduction to Languages and Automata Theory, Tata McGraw-Hill, 3rd Edition, 2017.
2. Daniel I.A. Cohen, —Introduction to Computer Theory, John Wiley & Sons, 2nd Edition, 2004.

OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:

1. Understand an overview of the theoretical foundations of computer science from the perspective of formal languages.
2. Illustrate finite state machines to solve problems in computing.
3. Understand the hierarchy of problems arising in the computer sciences.
4. Understand Regular grammars, context free grammar.
5. Construct the model of Push down Automata, Turing Machines..

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO's):

1. Understand the functionality of deterministic finite automata and Non-deterministic finite automata.
2. Apply the regular languages , regular expressions to construct finite automata
3. Apply the context free grammars to construct derivation trees and the accept various strings
4. Compare the functionality of push down automata with deterministic finite automata
5. Apply the concept of Turing machines to solve the complex functions

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

Students, who complete the course, will have demonstrated the asking to do the following:

AITB03.01	Able to show the importance of alphabets, strings and languages to construct finite automata
AITB03.02	Demonstrate the behavior of deterministic finite automata
AITB03.03	Able to understand the functionality of non- deterministic finite automata
AITB03.04	Show the differences between the deterministic finite automata and non- deterministic finite automata
AITB03.05	Able to understand the Regular sets, regular expressions, identity rules
AITB03.06	Analyze the construction of finite automata for a given regular expressions
AITB03.07	Able to understand the conversion of finite automata to regular expressions
AITB03.08	Able to understand the pumping lemma of regular sets, regular grammars, right linear and left linear grammars
AITB03.09	Able to create right most and leftmost derivation trees for given strings
AITB03.10	Analyze the Ambiguity in context free grammars
AITB03.11	Able to understand the minimization process of context free grammars
AITB03.12	Apply the push down automata for acceptance of context free languages
AITB03.13	Apply the Chomsky normal form and Greibach normal forms to eliminate the Ambiguity in context free grammars
AITB03.14	Able to construct the push down automata for given context free languages
AITB03.15	Able to construct the deterministic push down automata to accept the context free languages
AITB03.16	Show the difference between deterministic push down automata and non- deterministic push down automata
AITB03.17	Able to understand the functionality of Turing machine
AITB03.18	Able to understand the recursively enumerable languages and Church's hypothesis
AITB03.19	Analyze the functionality of different types of Turing machines
AITB03.20	Apply the linear bounded automata and context sensitive language.

MAPPING OF SEMESTER END EXAMINATION TO COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES:

SEE Question Number		COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME		Course Outcomes	Blooms Taxonomy Level
1	a	AITB03.01	Construct a DFA, the language recognized by the Automaton being $L = \{w / w \text{ contains neither the substring } ab \text{ nor } ba\}$. Draw the transition table.	CO1	Apply
	b	AITB03.02	Design a DFA for the following language over an alphabet $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ i) The string with even no of 0's and even no of 1's ii) The string with odd no of 0's and even no of 1's	CO1	Create
2	a	AITB03.03	Construct a DFA that any given decimal number is divisible by 3.	CO1	Apply
	b	AITB03.02	Describe NFA with ϵ to NFA conversion with an example.	CO1	Understand
3	a	AITB03.04	Demonstrate Regular expression? Simplify the following Regular Expression i) $\epsilon + 1^*(011)^*(1^*(011)^*)^*(1+011)^*$ ii) $(0+11^*0)^+(0+11^*0)(10+10^*1)^*(10+10^*1)^*=1^*0(10+10^*1)^*$	CO2	Understand
	b	AITB03.05	Construct the Finite Automata(NFA- ϵ) for given regular expression $(0+1)^*00(0+1)^*$	CO2	Apply
4	a	AITB03.05	Illustrate the steps for conversion of regular grammar to finite automata? Construct the FA for the following grammar $S \rightarrow aS/bA/b$ $A \rightarrow aA/bS/a$	CO2	Understand
	b	AITB03.06	Construct the DFA Transition diagram for equivalent Regular expression $(ab+a)^*(aa+b)$	CO2	Apply
5	a	AITB03.07	Construct leftmost and rightmost derivations for the strings, if the language is given as $S \rightarrow AS \mid \epsilon$ $A \rightarrow aa \mid ab \mid ba \mid bb$ Strings: a) aabbba b) baabab c) aaabbb	CO3	Apply
	b	AITB03.08	Construct Leftmost Derivation, Rightmost Derivation, Derivation Tree for the following grammar with respect to the string aaabbabbba. $S \rightarrow aB \mid bA$, $A \rightarrow aS \mid bAA \mid a$ $B \rightarrow bS \mid aBB \mid b$	CO4	Apply
6	a	AITB03.09	Convert the following grammar into GNF $G = (\{A1, A2, A3\}, \{a, b\}, P, A)$ $A1 \rightarrow A2A3$ $A2 \rightarrow A3A1/b$ $A3 \rightarrow A1A2/a$	CO4	Understand
	b	AITB03.10	Simplify the context free grammar for the given CFG $S \rightarrow Ab \mid Bb$ $A \rightarrow a \mid aS \mid Baa$ $B \rightarrow b \mid bS \mid aBB$	CO4	Analyze
7	a	AITB03.11	Construct PDA for the below grammar as shown below $S \rightarrow aABB \mid aAA$ $A \rightarrow aBB \mid a$ $B \rightarrow bBB \mid A$	CO4	Apply

			that accepts the language generated by given grammar		
	b	AITB03.12	Prove that the below languages are deterministic context free languages? a) $L_1 = \{0^n 1^m n=m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$ b) $L_2 = \{0^n 1^m n=2m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$	CO4	Evaluate
8	a	AITB03.13	Prove that given CFG with following productions $S \rightarrow aBc$ $A \rightarrow abc$ $B \rightarrow aAb$ $C \rightarrow AB$ $C \rightarrow c$ constructs a PDA M such that the language generated by M and G are equivalent.	CO5	Evaluate
	b	AITB03.14	Prove that the below languages are deterministic context free languages? a) $L_1 = \{0^n 1^m n=m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$ b) $L_2 = \{0^n 1^m n=2m \text{ and } n \geq 1\}$	CO4	Evaluate
9	a	AITB03.15	Construct a Turing Machine that accepts the language $L = \{1^n 2^n 3^n n \geq 1\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained and also show the moves made by the Turing machine for the string 111222333.	CO5	Apply
	b	AITB03.16	Describe briefly about the following a) Church's Hypothesis b) Counter machine	CO5	Understand
10	a	AITB03.17	Construct Transition diagram for Turing Machine that accepts the language $L = \{0^n 1^n n \geq 1\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained and also show the moves made by the Turing machine for the string 000111.	CO5	Apply
	b	AITB03.18	Construct a Turing Machine that accepts the language $L = \{a^2 n b^n n \geq 0\}$. Give the transition diagram for the Turing Machine obtained.	CO5	Apply

Signature of the Faculty

HOD, IT