# **INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING**

(Autonomous) Dundigal-500043, Hyderabad

B.Tech VI SEMESTER END EXAMINATIONS (REGULAR) - JULY 2023

Regulation: UG-20

COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE

Time: 3 Hours

(COMMON TO ECE | EEE)

Max Marks: 70

Answer ALL questions in Module I and II Answer ONE out of two questions in Modules III, IV and V All Questions Carry Equal Marks All parts of the question must be answered in one place only

## $\mathbf{MODULE}-\mathbf{I}$

- 1. (a) Outline the following instruction types of assembly languages
  - i) Data transfer instructions
  - ii) Data operational instructions
  - iii) Program control instructions [BL: Understand] CO: 1|Marks: 7]
  - (b) Model a simple instruction set architecture to minimize the complexity by reducing the number of instructions and addressing modes available to the programmer [BL: Apply] CO: 1|Marks: 7]

### $\mathbf{MODULE}-\mathbf{II}$

- 2. (a) Describe the working principle of three-state bus buffers. How it controls the flow of data on the bus and handles the three different states? [BL: Understand| CO: 2|Marks: 7]
  - (b) Build the 4-bit arithmetic circuit for parallel adder to perform different types of arithmetic operations [BL: Apply] CO: 2|Marks: 7]

### $\mathbf{MODULE}-\mathbf{III}$

- 3. (a) Explain the different types of memory-reference instructions in performing memory operations and draw the flowchart for memory-reference instructions. How do these instructions facilitate reading and writing data to and from memory? [BL: Understand| CO: 3|Marks: 7]
  - (b) Demonstrate the floating point arithmetic operations and draw the flowchart for addition/ subtraction of two floating-point binary numbers. [BL: Apply] CO: 3[Marks: 7]
- 4. (a) Enlist the three major types of interrupts that cause a break in the normal execution of a program in a computer with suitable examples. [BL: Understand| CO: 4|Marks: 7]
  - (b) Design and implement the BCD add/subtraction circuit for performing addition/subtraction on BCD (Binary Coded Decimal) numbers. [BL: Apply] CO: 4|Marks: 7]

## $\mathbf{MODULE}-\mathbf{IV}$

5. (a) Compare the isolated and memory-mapped I/O in computer systems to transfer the information between memory or I/O and the CPU. [BL: Understand| CO: 5|Marks: 7]

- (b) Employ the daisy-chaining priority method for establishing priority between serial connections of all the devices that request an interrupt. [BL: Apply] CO: 5|Marks: 7]
- 6. (a) Interpret the various modes of data transfer between the central computer and Input/Output devices. [BL: Understand| CO: 5|Marks: 7]
  - (b) Adapt direct memory access(DMA) controller for DMA transfer among the other components in a computer system. [BL: Apply] CO: 5|Marks: 7]

#### $\mathbf{MODULE} - \mathbf{V}$

- 7. (a) Summarize the following auxiliary memory devices used in computer systems
  - i) Magnetic disksii) Magnetic tape

- [BL: Understand] CO: 6|Marks: 7]
- (b) Demonstrate the mapping of virtual addresses to physical addresses in a computer system and sketch the memory table for mapping a virtual address. [BL: Apply] CO: 6|Marks: 7]
- 8. (a) How does associative mapping and set-associative mapping in cache memory allow data to be stored in any cache location without a predetermined mapping?

[BL: Understand |CO: 6 |Marks: 7]

(b) Design a four-segment instruction pipeline to improve instruction execution efficiency and specify the each stages of the instruction execution process [BL: Apply] CO: 6|Marks: 7]

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