## Time: 3 Hours

Max Marks: 70

# Answer ALL questions in Module I and II <br> Answer ONE out of two questions in Modules III, IV and V <br> All Questions Carry Equal Marks <br> All parts of the question must be answered in one place only 

## MODULE - I

1. (a) Outline the process of compiling and running a C program. Give the basic structure of C program with example program.
[BL: Understand| CO: 1|Marks: 7]
(b) Develop a C program to find the largest numbers from given 3 numbers using conditional operator only if 3 numbers are positive integers otherwise you can read the next set three values until get the three positive integers.
[BL: Apply| CO: 1|Marks: 7]

## MODULE - II

2. (a) Write a short note on nested loops. Write the syntax and flow diagram "for loop". Give example.
[BL: Understand| CO: $2 \mid$ Marks: 7$]$
(b) A prime number is a finite numerical value that is higher than 1 , and that can be divided only by 1 and itself. A few of the prime numbers starting in ascending order are $2,3,5,7,11,13,17,19,23$, 29 , etc. Here, your task to write C function with name "IsPrime". IsPrime function can accept one integer parameter and return 1 if the parameter is prime number otherwise return 0 . Note: Due to software crash, the system not accepting any loops (for, while, do-while and Goto ). So, complete "IsPrime" function without using any loops.
[BL: Apply| CO: 3|Marks: 7]

## MODULE - III

3. (a) Discuss different methods of passing arguments to the function with an example.
[BL: Apply| CO: 3|Marks: 7]
(b) A company CEO is very curious on lucky numbers. One day he decided to know the all employees lucky numbers. A lucky number is calculate using date of birth Lucky Number:
Date of Birth (DDMMYYYY)- 31081988
Find sum of all digits of given DoB
Repeat step2 until the DOB turned into single digit
For example:
$31081988=\& \mathrm{gt} ; 3+1+0+8+1+9+8+8$
$38=\& \mathrm{gt} ; 3+8$
$11=\& \mathrm{gt} ; 1+1$
2
Please help the CEO to find the lucky number by developing the C function.

Find_Lucky_Number().
Find_Lucky_Number() function take the string as argument and return the lucky number.
[BL: Apply| CO: 3|Marks: 7]
4. (a) How string is declared and initialized? Explain any four string manipulation functions with examples.
[BL: Understand| CO: 3|Marks: 7]
(b) Write a C program to check whether the given string is palindrome or not without using in-built function
[BL: Apply| CO: 3|Marks: 7]

## MODULE - IV

5. (a) Differentiate structure and union in specific to memory allocation with suitable example.
[BL: Understand| CO: 4|Marks: 7]
(b) Demonstrate pointers to compute the sum, mean and standard deviation of all elements stored in an array of $\mathbf{n}$ real numbers using C program.
[BL: Apply| CO: 4|Marks: 7]
6. (a) What is an array? Explain the declaration and initialization of one dimensional and two dimensional array with an example
[BL: Understand| CO: 4|Marks: 7]
(b) Read your email id and write a C program to count the number of vowels, consonants, digits and spaces in it.
[BL: Apply| CO: 6|Marks: 7]

## MODULE - V

7. (a) Explain the following with syntax:
i) fseek()
ii) ftell()
iii) rewind()
iv) fread()
v) fopen()
[BL: Understand| CO: $5 \mid$ Marks: 7 ]
(b) Develop a C program to perform the given file is available or not and if available read the contents of a file using fgets() function.
[BL: Apply| CO: 5|Marks: 7]
8. (a) Desribe all preprocessor directives. Briefly explain any four preprocessor directives.
[BL: Understand| CO: 6|Marks: 7]
(b) Given a number N, the task is to check whether the number is Automorphic number or not. A number is called Automorphic number if and only if its square ends in the same digits as the number itself. Read the N value from command line.
Example: Input: $\mathrm{N}=76$
Output=Automorphic
Explaination: As $76 \times 76=5776$
Input: $\mathrm{N}=7$
Output=Not Automorphic
Explaination: As $7^{*} 7=49$
[BL: Apply| CO: 6|Marks: 7]
