EXPERIMENTAL AERODYNAMICS

PE- II										
Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks				
AAEB35	Elective	L	Т	Р	С	CIA	SEE	Total		
		3	-	-	3	30	70	100		
Contact Classes: 45	Tutorial Classes: Nil	Practical Classes: Nil				Total Classes: 45				

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

Experimental aerodynamics deals with development of tools employed in low speed aerodynamics andhigh speed aerodynamics for measuring parameters such as Pressure, Velocity and Temperature Mea- surements. It is multidisciplinary subject and useful in environmental engineering, civil engineering, Automobile engineering in designing vehicle and construction and building and bridges by using low speed wind tunnel balance. so that students get exposure to the various aspects of the subject re- lated issues to measuring techniques, wind tunnel design, method and practical applications used. A number of problems/examples will be cited to enhance the understanding of the subject matter and besides, many unsolved problems will be provided with answers to further test the student's learning. This subject will help the students to develop the tool by using multidisciplinary techniques.

II. OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:

- I The constructions of low speed tunnel, high speed tunnels, transonic, supersonic and hypersonic tunnels and geometric similarity, kinematic similarity and dynamic similarity experiment techniques used for analysis aerodynamic problems.
- **II** The description, design constraints and loss coefficients, and estimation and correction of blockages in wind tunnels for receiving precise values while conducting experiments
- **III** The principles and applications of Load measurement, Pressure, Velocity, Temperature and flow visualization techniques used in wind tunnel for validatingthe results experimentally.
- **IV** The necessity of wind tunnel experiments in the fields of automobile and aerospacefor the analysis of aerodynamic problems

III. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

- CO 1 **Illustrate** the types of wind tunnels, Scaling Laws, Similarity parameters used for Understand the analysis of the prototype models
- CO 2 **Explain** the components and the percentage energy loss in the various parts of Understand low and high speed wind tunnels for obtaining the accurate results from the wind tunnel experiments.
- CO 3 **Select** the methods for the improvements of wind tunnel performance and corrective Apply measures for obtaining accurateresults.
- CO 4 **Identify** the various load balances used in the wind tunnels for analyzing the Apply aerodynamic characteristics of designed prototypemodel.
- CO 5 Select the flow measurement devices for pressure, velocity, and temperature over a Apply prototype models.
- CO 6 **Examine** the various flow visualization techniques used in wind tunnels for the Analyze analysis of aerodynamic and automobile engineering problems.

IV. SYLLABUS:

MODULE-I	FUNDAMENTALS OF EXPERIMENTS IN AERODYNAMICS	Classes: 08
Forms of aerodynam	ic experiments observations measurement objectives History Wright Brother's	wind tunnel

Forms of aerodynamic experiments, observations, measurement objectives. History: Wright Brother's wind tunnel, model testing, wind tunnel principles, scaling laws, scale parameters, geometric similarity, kinematic similarity&

dynamic similarity. Wind tunnels: low speed tunnel, high speed tunnels, transonic, supersonic and hypersonic tunnels, shock tubes. Special tunnels: low turbulence tunnels, high Reynolds number tunnels, environmental tunnels, automobile tunnels, distinctive features, application. WIND TUNNEL EXPERIMENTATION CONSIDERATIONS **MODULE-II** Classes: 10 Low speed wind tunnels, principal components. Function, description, design requirements, constraints and loss coefficients. Wind tunnel performance flow quality, power losses, wind tunnel corrections, sources of inaccuracies: buoyancy, solid blockage, wake blockage, streamline curvature causes, estimation and correction. **MODULE-III** WIND TUNNEL BALANCE Classes: 08 Load measurement: low speed wind tunnel balances, mechanical & Strain gauge types, null displacement methods & strain method, sensitivity, weigh beams, steel yard type and current balance type, balance linkages, levers and pivots. Model support three point wire support, three point strut support, platform balance, yoke balance, strain gauge, 3component strain gauge balance, description, application. **MODULE-IV** PRESSURE, VELOCITY & TEMPERATURE MEASUREMETNS Classes: 11 Pressure: static pressure, surface pressure orifice, static probes, pitot probe for total pressure, static pressure and flow angularity, pressure sensitive paints, steady and unsteady pressure measurement and various types of pressure probes and transducers, errors in pressure measurement. Temperature: measurement of temperature using thermocouples, resistance thermometers, temperature sensitive paints and liquid crystals. Velocity: measurement of airspeed, Mach number from pressure measurements, flow direction, boundary layer profile using pitot static probe, 5 hole probe yaw meter, total head rake, hot wire anemometry, laser doppler anemometry, particle image velocimetry, working principle description of equipment, settings, calibration, measurement, data processing, applications. **MODULE-V** FLOW VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES Classes: 08 Flow visualization: necessity, streamlines, streak lines, path lines, time lines, tufts, china clay, oil film, smoke, hydrogen bubble. Optical methods: density and refractive index, schlieren system, convex lenses, concave mirrors, shadowgraph, interferometry, working principle, description, setting up, operation, observation, recording, interpretation of imagery, relative merits and applications. **Text Books:** Jewel B Barlow, William H Rae Jr. & Alan Pope, "Low Speed Wind Tunnel Testing", John Wiley& Sons Inc, 1. Re-Print, 1999. Alan Pope, Kennith L Goin, "High Speed Wind Tunnel Testing", John Wiley & Sons, Reprint, 1965. 2. **Reference Books:** 1. Gorlin S M & Slezinger I I, "Wind tunnels & Their Instrumentations", NASA publications, Translated version, 1966. 2. Jorge C Lerner & Ulfilas Boldes, "Wind Tunnels and Experimental Fluid Dynamics Research", InTech, 1st Edition, 2011. Liepmann H W and Roshko A, "Elements of Gas Dynamics", John Wiley & Sons, 4th Edition, 2003. 3. Web References: 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/101106040/ 2. https://ocw.metu.edu.tr/course/view.php?id=66 3. https://www.mace.manchester.ac.uk/our-research/research-themes/aerospaceengineering/specialisms/ aerodynamics/ 4. https://www.ara.co.uk/services/experimental-aerodynamics/ 5. https://soliton.ae.gatech.edu/labs/windtunl/ **E-Text Books:** https://www.scribd.com/doc/221788571/Wind-Tunnel-Testing-Barlow-Rae-Pope 1. https://www.scribd.com/document/84868596/Wind-Tunnelsibooksonline.com/library/view/data-structures-2. using/9789332524248/