

COMPILER DESIGN

V Semester: CSE(AI & ML)

Course Code	Category	Hours / Week			Credits	Maximum Marks		
ACSC40	Core	L	T	P	C	CIA	SEE	Total
		3	1	0	4	30	70	100
Contact Classes: 45	Total Tutorials: 15	Total Practical Classes: Nil				Total Classes: 60		

Prerequisite: Theory of Computation

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course describes the basic techniques for compiler construction and tools that can be used to perform syntax-directed translation of a high-level programming language into an executable code. It will provide deeper insights into the more advanced semantics aspects of programming languages, machine independent optimizations and code generation.

II. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The students will try to learn:

- I The process of translating a high-level language to machine code required for compiler construction.
- II The Software tools and techniques used in compiler construction such as lexical analyser and parser generators.
- III The data structures used in compiler construction such as abstract syntax trees, symbol tables, three-address code, and stack machines.
- IV The deeper insights into the syntax and semantic aspects of programming languages, dynamic memory allocation and code generation.

III. COURSE OUTCOMES:

After successful completion of the course, students should be able to:

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|------|---|------------|
| CO 1 | Summarize phases of a compiler in the construction of language processors. | Understand |
| CO 2 | Make use of finite automata for designing a lexical analyzer for a specific programming language constructs. | Apply |
| CO 3 | Choose top down, bottom up parsing methods for developing a parser with representation of a parse table or tree. | Apply |
| CO 4 | Outline syntax directed translations, intermediate forms for performing semantic analysis along with code generation. | Understand |
| CO 5 | Relate symbol table, type checking and storage allocation strategies used in run-time environment. | Understand |
| CO 6 | Select code optimization techniques on intermediate code form for generating target code. | Apply |

IV. COURSE SYLLABUS:

MODULE –I : INTRODUCTION TO COMPILERS (08)

Introduction to compilers: Definition of compiler, interpreter and its differences, the phases of a compiler; Lexical Analysis: Role of lexical analyzer, input buffering, recognition of tokens, finite automata, regular Expressions, from regular expressions to finite automata, pass and phases of translation, bootstrapping, LEX, lexical analyzer generator.

MODULE –II: SYNTAX ANALYSIS (09)

Syntax Analysis: Parsing, role of parser, context free grammar, derivations, parse trees, ambiguity, elimination of left recursion, left factoring, eliminating ambiguity from dangling-else grammar; Types of parsing: Top-down parsing, backtracking, recursive-descent parsing, predictive parsers, LL (1) grammars. Bottom-up parsing: Definition of bottom-up parsing, handles, handle pruning, stack implementation of shift-reduce parsing, conflicts during shift-reduce parsing, LR grammars, LR parsers-simple LR, canonical LR and Look Ahead LR parsers, YACC, automatic parser generator.

MODULE –III: SYNTAX-DIRECTED TRANSLATION AND INTERMEDIATE CODE GENERATION (10)

Syntax-Directed Translation: Syntax directed definitions, construction of syntax trees, S-attributed and L, attributed definitions; Syntax Directed Translation schemes.

Intermediate code generation: Intermediate forms of source programs– abstract syntax tree, polish notation and three address code, types of three address statements and its implementation, syntax directed translation into three address code, translation of simple statements, Boolean expressions and flow-of-Control statements.

MODULE –IV: TYPE CHECKING AND RUN TIME ENVIRONMENT(09)

Type checking: Definition of type checking, type expressions, type systems, static and dynamic checking of types, specification of a simple type checker; Run time environments: Source language issues, storage organization, storage-allocation strategies, access to nonlocal data on the stack, garbage collection, symbol tables.

MODULE –V: CODE OPTIMIZATION AND CODE GENERATION(09)

Code optimization: The principle sources of optimization, optimization of basic blocks, loops in flow graphs, peephole optimization; Code Generation: Issues in the Design of a Code Generator, The Target Language, addresses in the Target Code, Basic Blocks and Flow Graphs, Optimization of Basic Blocks, A Simple Code Generator, register allocation and assignment, DAG representation of basic blocks.

V. TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alfred V.Aho, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D, Ullman, “Compilers–Principles, Techniques and Tools”, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2006.

VI. REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Kenneth C. Loudon, Thomson, “Compiler Construction–Principles and Practice”, PWS Publishing, 1st Edition, 1997.
2. Andrew W. Appel, “Modern Compiler Implementation C”, Cambridge University Press, Revised Edition, 2004.

VII. WEB REFERENCES:

1. www.vssut.ac.in/lecture_notes/lecture1422914957.pdf
2. <http://csenote.weebly.com/principles-of-compiler-design.html>
3. <http://www.faadooengineers.com/threads/32857,Compiler-Design-Notes-full-book-pdf-download>
4. <https://www.vidyarthiplus.com/vp/thread,37033.html#.WF0PhlMrLDc>