

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

COURSE DESCRIPTOR

Course Title	PRODUCTION PLANNING CONTROL						
Course Code	AME518	AME518					
Programme	B.Tech	B.Tech					
Semester	VIII	ME					
Course Type	Core						
Regulation	IARE - R16						
	Theory Practical				վ		
Course Structure	Lectur	es	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits	
	3		-	3	-	-	
Chief Coordinator	Mr. V . Mahidhar Reddy, Assistant Professor						
Course Faculty	Mr. V . M	ahidł	nar Reddy, Assist	ant Professor			

I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

The objective of this course is to understand the various components and functions of production product planning, process planning, production scheduling, Inventory Control. The course covers the fundamentals of Production Planning & the subsequent Production Control that follows an adaptation of product design and finalization of a production process. Production Planning & Control resolves a basic issue of low productivity, inventory management, and resource utilization and is needed for scheduling, dispatch, inspection, quality management, inventory management, supply management and equipment management. It guarantees target achievement by the production team, optimum resource utilization, quality management and cost savings.

II. COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

Level	Course Code	Semester	Prerequisites	Credits
UG	AME021	VI	Operation Research	4
UG	AME018	VII	CAD/CAM	4

III. MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

Subject	SEE Examination	CIA Examination	Total Marks
Production Planning Control	70 Marks	30 Marks	100

IV. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

×	Chalk & Talk	~	Quiz	~	Assignments	×	MOOCs
~	LCD / PPT	~	Seminars	×	Mini Project	~	Videos
×	Open Ended Experim	ents					

V. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

The course will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks, with 30 marks for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA) and 70 marks for Semester End Examination (SEE). Out of 30 marks allotted for CIA during the semester, marks are awarded by taking average of two CIA examinations or the marks scored in the make-up examination.

Semester End Examination (SEE): The SEE is conducted for 70 marks of 3 hours duration. The syllabus for the theory courses is divided into FIVE units and each unit carries equal weightage in terms of marks distribution. The question paper pattern is as follows. Two full questions with "either" or "choice" will be drawn from each unit. Each question carries 14 marks. There could be a maximum of two sub divisions in a question.

The emphasis on the questions is broadly based on the following criteria:

50 %	To test the objectiveness of the concept.
50 %	To test the analytical skill of the concept OR to test the application skill of the concept.

Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 25 marks for Continuous Internal Examination (CIE), 05 marks for Quiz/ Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT).

Table 1: Assessment	pattern	for	CIA
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Component	Tł	Theory		
Type of Assessment	CIE Exam	Quiz / AAT	i otai wiai ks	
CIA Marks	25	05	30	

Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):

Two CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 8th and 16th week of the semester respectively. The CIE exam is conducted for 25 marks of 2 hours duration consisting of two parts. Part–A shall have five compulsory questions of one mark each. In part–B, four out of five questions have to be answered where, each question carries 5 marks. Marks are awarded by taking average of marks scored in two CIE exams.

Quiz / Alternative Assessment Tool (AAT):

Two Quiz exams shall be online examination consisting of 25 multiple choice questions and are be answered by choosing the correct answer from a given set of choices (commonly four). Marks shall be awarded considering the average of two quizzes for every course. The AAT may include

seminars, assignments, term paper, open ended experiments, five minutes video and MOOCs.

VI. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PO 1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of	3	Presentation on
	mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and		real-world problems
	an engineering specialization to the solution of		
	complex engineering problems.		
PO 2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research	2	Seminar
	literature, and analyze complex engineering problems		
	reaching substantiated conclusions using first		
	principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and		
	engineering sciences		
PO 4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use	1	Term Paper
	research-based knowledge and research methods		
	including design of experiments, analysis and		
	interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information		
	to provide valid conclusions.		

3 = **High**; **2** = **Medium**; **1** = **Low**

VII. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Strength	Proficiency assessed by
PSO 1	Professional Skills: To produce engineering	1	Seminar
	professional capable of synthesizing and analyzing		
	mechanical systems including allied engineering		
	streams.		
PSO 2	Software Engineering Practices: An ability to adopt	-	-
	and integrate current technologies in the design and		
	manufacturing domain to enhance the employability.		
PSO 3	Successful Career and Entrepreneurship: To build	-	-
	the nation, by imparting technological inputs and		
	managerial skills to become technocrats.		

3 = High; **2** = Medium; **1** = Low

VIII. COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:				
Ι	Understand the PPC function in industrial manufacturing scenario.			
II	Apply forecasting techniques for different types of products.			
III	Knowledge in optimal inventory control and capacity planning.			

IX. COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

COs	Course Outcome	CLOs	Course Learning Outcome
CO 1	Understanding and appreciation of the	CLO 1	Understand the core features of the operations
	principles and applications relevant to the planning,	CLO 2	Understand production management function at the operational and strategic levels
	design, and operations of manufacturing/service firms		specifically the relationships between people
		CLO 4	Evaluate operational and strategic levels
		CLO 5	Solve problems on operational and strategic management
CO 2	Develop skills necessary to effectively analyze and	CLO 6	Production management basics and its history
	synthesize the many inter- relationships inherent in	CLO 7	Key issues on market-driven systems and global competition
	complex socio-economic productive systems.	CLO 8	Classification of production systems, and their definitions
		CLO 9	Classification of planning and control problems, and their definitions
CO 3	Reinforce analytical skills already learned, and build on these skills to further increase your "portfolio"	CLO 10	Problem solving procedure
i		CLO 11	Demand forecasting and market analysis
	of useful analytical tools for operations tasks.	CLO 12	Qualitative approaches to forecasting
		CLO 13	A variety of quantitative forecasting techniques including the use of computer tools
CO 4	Understand how	CLO 14	Decomposition of data into its components
	Enterprise Resource Planning and MRPII systems are used in	CLO 15	The systems perspective to production planning problems and to integrate different production planning activities
	managing operations	CLO 16	Formulation of aggregate planning problems; their objectives, constraints and applicable solution techniques
		CLO 17	Surveying, gathering and analysis of data for planning purposes
CO 5	Increase the knowledge, and broaden the	CLO 18	Solving basic production planning problems
	perspective of the world in which you will contribute your talents and leadership in business operations.	CLO 19	Solving basic inventory management problems, Importance of accuracy in estimating market share, demand, relevant costs and all requirements and the sensitivity of results to these values

X. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

CLO	CLO's	At the end of the course, the student will	PO's	Strength
Code		have the ability to:	Mapped	of
				Mapping
AME518.01	CLO 1	Understand the core features of the operations	PO 1	3
AME518.02	CLO 2	Understand production management function at	PO 2	2
		the operational and strategic levels		
AME518.03	CLO 3	specifically the relationships	PO 1	3
		between people		

AME518.04	CLO 4	Evaluate operational and strategic levels	PO 1	3
AME518.05	CLO 5	Solve problems on operational and strategic management	PO 2	2
AME518.06	CLO 6	Production management basics and its history	PO 2	2
AME0518.07	CLO 7	Key issues on market-driven systems and global competition	PO 2	2
AME518.08	CLO 8	Classification of production systems, and their definitions	PO 2	2
AME518.09	CLO 9	Classification of planning and control problems, and their definitions	PO 4	1
AME518.10	CLO 10	Problem solving procedure	PO 4	1
AMEB518.11	CLO 11	Demand forecasting and market analysis	PO 2	2
AME518.12	CLO 12	Qualitative approaches to forecasting	PO 2	2
AME518.13	CLO 13	A variety of quantitative forecasting techniques including the use of computer tools	PO 1	3
AME518.14	CLO 14	Decomposition of data into its components	PO 1	3
AME518.15	CLO 15	The systems perspective to production planning problems and to integrate different production planning activities	PO 1	3
AME518.16	CLO 16	Formulation of aggregate planning problems; their objectives, constraints and applicable solution techniques	PO 1, PO 2	3
AME518.17	CLO 17	Surveying, gathering and analysis of data for planning purposes	PO 1, PO 2	3
AME518.18	CLO 18	Solving basic production planning problems	PO 1, PO 2	3
AME518.19	CLO 19	Solving basic inventory management problems, Importance of accuracy in estimating market share, demand, relevant costs and all requirements and the sensitivity of results to these values	PO 1,	3

3 = High **2** = Medium; **1** = Low

XI. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course	Program Outcomes (POs)						
(COs)	PO 1	PO 2	PO 4	PSO1			
CO 1	3	2		1			
CO 2		2	1				
CO 3	3	2	1				
CO 4	3	2		1			
CO 5	3	2		1			

3 = High; **2** = Medium; **1** = Low

XII. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

Course Learning		Program Outcomes (POs)								Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)					
Outcomes (CLOs)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CLO 1	3												1		
CLO 2		2													
CLO 3	3												1		
CLO 4	3												1		
CLO 5		2													
CLO 6		2													
CLO 7		2													
CLO 8		2													
CLO 9				1											
CLO 10				1											
CLO 11		2													
CLO 12		2													
CLO 13	3														
CLO 14	3												1		
CLO 15	3												1		
CLO 16	3	3													
CLO 17	3	3											1		
CLO 18	3	3													
CLO 19	3		3										1		

3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low

XIII. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES – DIRECT

CIE Exams	PO1, PO2, PO4,PSO1	SEE Exams	PO1, PO2, PO4,PSO1	Assignments	-	Seminars	PO1, PO2, PO4,PSO1
Laboratory Practices	-	Student Viva	-	Mini Project	-	Certification	-
Term	PO1, PO2,						
Paper	PO4,PSO1						

XIV. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES – INDIRECT

~	Early Semester Feedback	~	End Semester OBE Feedback
×	Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts		

XV. SYLLABUS

UNIT - I	OVERVIEW OF PRODUCTION PLANNING CONTROL							
Introduction: planning and planning and	Introduction: Definition, Objectives of production planning and control, functions of production planning and control, elements of production control, types of production, organization of production planning and control department, internal organization of department.							
UNIT - II	FORECASTING							
Forecasting: forecasting, management model, inven	Importance of forecasting, types of forecasting, their uses, general principles of forecasting techniques, qualitative methods and quantitive methods; Inventory, functions of inventories relevant inventory costs ABC analysis, VED analysis, EOQ tory control systems, P-Systems and Q-Systems.							
UNIT - III	INTRODUCTION TO MRP							
Introduction t Routing, defin procedure, Sc	Introduction to MRP and ERP, LOB (Line of Balance), JIT inventory, and Japanese concepts. Routing, definition, routing procedure Route sheets, bill of material, factors affecting routing procedure, Schedule, definition, difference with loading.							
UNIT – IV	SCHEDULING							
Scheduling Po chase planning	olicies, techniques, Standard scheduling methods; Line balancing, aggregate planning, g, expediting, controlling aspects.							
UNIT - V	DISPATCHING							
Dispatching: A functions, type	Activities of dispatcher, dispatching procedure, followup, definition, reason for existence of es of followup, applications of computer in production planning and control.							
Text Books:								
1. M. M. 2. Jain,	Iahajan, –Production Planning and Control ^{II} , Dhanpat Rai, 1 st Edition, 2010. Jain, –Production planning and control ^{II} , Khanna Publications, 1 st Edition, 2012.							
Reference Bo	oks:							
1. S. N. 2. Chase	Chary, –Operations Management∥, Tata McGraw-Hill, 5 th Edition, 2013. e, –Operation Management∥, PHI, 1 st Edition, 2013.							

XVI. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

Lecture	Topics to be	CLOs	Reference
INO	covereu		
1	Introduction: Definition of production planning and control	CLO 1	T2:2.3
2	Introduction: Definition of production planning and control	CLO 1	R1:2.6
3	Objectives of production planning and control	CLO 1	T1:2.6
	Functions of production planning and control		T2:2.7
4		CLOI	R1:2.18
5	Functions of production planning and control	CLO 1	T2:2.22
6	Elements of production control	CLO 1	T2:2.25
	Turner of any dustion		T2:2.26
7	Types of production	CLUT	R1:2.55
	Organization of production planning and control department	CLOD	T2:2.16
8	organization of production planning and control department		R1:2.61
9	Organization of production planning and control department	CLO 2	T2:2.30

Lecture	Topics to be covered	CLOs	Reference
110	covircu		R1:2.58
10	Internal organization of department.	CLO 3	T2:3.6 R1:4.29
11	Forecasting: Importance of forecasting	CLO 3	T2:3.14 R1:4.31
12	Forecasting: Importance of forecasting	CLO 3	T2:3.14 R1:4 33
13	Types of forecasting, their uses	CLO 4	R1:4.36
14	General principles of forecasting	CLO 4	T2:3.18 R1:4.64
15	Forecasting techniques, qualitative methods and quantitive methods	CLO 5	T2:3.22
16	Forecasting techniques, qualitative methods and quantitive methods	CLO 5	T2:3.28 R1:4.67
17	Inventory management, functions of inventories	CLO 5	T2:4.2
18	Inventory management, functions of inventories	CLO 5	T2:4.3 R1:4.71
19	Relevant inventory costs ABC analysis, VED analysis	CLO 5	T1:4.8 R2:4.68
20	Relevant inventory costs ABC analysis, VED analysis	CLO 6	T2:4.15 R1:5.74
21	EOQ model, inventory control systems	CLO 6	T1:4.12 R2:5.75
22	EOQ model, inventory control systems	CLO 6	T1:4.8 R1:5.72
23	P-Systems and Q-Systems	CLO 6	T1:5.8 R1:5.73
24	P-Systems and Q-Systems	CLO 6	T1:5.14 R1:6.78
25	Introduction to Material Requirement Planning	CLO 6	T2:5.19 R1:6.81
26	ERP, LOB (Line of Balance)	CLO 7	T1:6.4 R2:6.8
27	ERP, LOB (Line of Balance)	CLO 7	T2:7.7 R1:7.74
28	JIT inventory, and Japanese concepts	CLO 7	T1:7.12 R2:8.75
29	JIT inventory, and Japanese concepts	CLO 7	T1:7.8 R1:8.72
30	Definition : Routing System	CLO 8	T1:8.8 R1:8.73
31	Routing procedure Route sheet	CLO 8	T1:9.14 R1:10.78
32	Bill of material, factors affecting routing procedure	CLO 8	T2:9.19 R1:10.814
33	Bill of material, factors affecting routing procedure	CLO 9	T1:10.4 R2:11.68
34	Schedule, definition, difference with loading	CLO 9	T2:10.7 R1:12.74
35	Schedule, definition, difference with loading	CLO 10	T1:11.12 R2:12.75
36	Scheduling Policies	CLO 10	T2:7.7 R1:7.74
37	Scheduling Policies	CLO 11	T1:7.12 R2:8.75
38	Scheduling techniques, Standard scheduling methods	CLO 11	T1:7.8 R1:8.72
39	Scheduling techniques, Standard scheduling methods	CLO 12	T1:8.8 R1:8.73
40	Line balancing, Aggregate planning	CLO 13	T1:9.14 R1:10.78

Lecture	Topics to be	CLOs	Reference
No	covered		
41	Line balancing, Aggregate planning	CLO 13	T2:9.19
			T1.10.4
42	Chase planning, expediting, controlling aspects	CLO 14	R2:11.68
			T2:10.7
43	Chase planning, expediting, controlling aspects	CLO 15	R1:12.74
	Dispotabing: Astivities of dispotabon	CL 0 15	T1:11.12
44	Dispatching: Activities of dispatcher	CLO 15	R2:12.75
	Dianatahingu Astinitian of dianatahan	$CI \cap I$	T2:7.7
45	Dispatching: Activities of dispatcher	CLO 16	R1:7.74
	Dispotabing proceedure	CL 0.16	T1:7.12
46	Dispatching procedure	CLO 10	R2:8.75
	Dispotabing proceedure	CL 0 17	T1:7.8
47	Dispatching procedure	CLO I/	R1:8.72
	Follow up definition reason for existence of functions	$CI \cap 17$	T1:8.8
48	Follow up, definition, reason for existence of functions	CLO I/	R1:8.73
	Follow up definition reason for avistance of functions	CL O 19	T1:9.14
49	Follow up, definition, leason for existence of functions	CLO 18	R1:10.78
-	Types of follow up	CL 0 19	T2:9.19
50	Types of follow up	CLU 18	R1:10.814
	Applications of computer in production planning and control	CLO 10	T1:10.4
51		CLO 19	R2:11.68
	Applications of computer in production planning and control	CLO 10	T2:10.7
52	Applications of computer in production planning and control.	CLU 19	R1:12.74

XVII. GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS-TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSION REQUIREMENTS:

S No	Description	Proposed actions	Relevance with PO'S	Relevance with PSO'S
1	To improve standards and analyze the concepts.	Seminars	PO 1	PSO 1
2	To understand the technology of advanced manufacturing techniques and additive manufacturing, etc.	Seminars / NPTEL	PO 4	PSO 1
3	Encourage students to solve real time applications and prepare towards competitive examinations.	NPTEL	PO 2	PSO 1

Prepared by: Mr. V Mahidhar Reddy Assistant Professor

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