

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering

ASSIGNMENT

Course Name	:	HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING
Course Code	:	51067
Class	:	B. Tech IV Year I Semester
Branch	:	Electrical and Electronics Engineering
Year	:	2018 – 2019
Course Coordinator	:	Mr. T Anil Kumar, Assistant Professor, EEE
Course Instructors	:	Mr. T. Anil Kumar, Assistant Professor, EEE

S.NO	QUESTION	BLOOM'S TAXANOMY	COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME
	UNIT - I		
	Introduction to High Voltage Engineering		
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)		
1	Write the expression for electric field intensity.	Understand	01
2	Give the importance of di-electric strength.	Understand	02
3	Give any two parameters on which breakdown voltage of insulation depends.	Understand	02
4	Give the units of breakdown voltage.	Remember	02
5	Give two importance of liquid insulations.	Remember	02
6	Name the two methods to determine potential distribution	Remember	01
7	Define field enhancement factor.	Remember	01
8	Give the names of numerical methods for electric field Computation	Remember	03
9	State the causes which leads to surge voltages.	Understand	01
10	Write application of insulation materials in transformer	Understand	02
11	List application of insulation materials in circuit breaker	Understand	02
12	Write application of insulation materials in bushings.	Understand	02
13	Write application of insulation materials in cables.	Understand	02
14	Write application of insulation materials in power capacitor.	Understand	02
15	Temperature classification is not done for liquids and gases .Justify the statement.	Understand	02
16	Discuss the different dielectric materials according to their physical nature.	Understand	02
	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)		•
1	List the insulation materials used in high voltage transformer.	Understand	02
2	Explain about electric field stress.	Understand	01
3	Explain the distribution and control of surge voltages in high voltage equipment.	Understand	01
4	Name the insulation materials used in high voltage circuit breaker.	Understand	02
5	Explain the method of charge simulation in determining electric field stress.	Understand	03
6	classify the insulation materials used in high voltage rotating machines.	Understand	02

7	Explain the finite element analysis and step by step procedure.	Understand	03
	Explain how boundary element method is different from charge		
8	simulation method.	Understand	03
9	Explain the finite element method used to estimate electric field stress on power system equipment insulation.	Understand	03
10	Distinguish the insulation materials used in high voltage power transformer.	Understand	02
	UNIT – II		
	Break Down In Dielectric Materials		
<u> </u>	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)		
1	State paschen's law.	Understand	04
2	Give the statement of townsend 's criteria.	Remember	04
3	Explain primary ionization process.	Understand	04
4	Explain secondary ionization process.	Understand	04
5	Define mean free path.	Remember	04
6	Discuss the effect of photo ions on breakdown of insulation medium.	Understand	04
7	Write the expression for breakdown in gas insulation medium from townsend's criteria.	Understand	04
8	Differentiate between formative and statistical time.	Remember	04
9	Draw the pd curve from paschen's law.	Remember	04
10	Give the classification of liquid di-electrics.	Remember	05
11	State the characteristics of liquid insulations.	Remember	05
12	Draw the purification cycle of commercial liquid.	Understand	05
13	Discuss partial discharge phenomenon in solid insulation medium.	Understand	06
14	Explain how the temperature affects the breakdown strength of solid dielectrics.	Understand	06
	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)		
1	Explain the difference between photo ionization and photo electric emission.	Understand	04
2	Define townsend's primary and secondary ionization co-efficients and also explain breakdown criteria.	Understand	04
3	Explain the two conditions for collision of atom and electron for ionization process.	Understand	04
4	Discuss the breakdown phenomenon occurs in composite di-electrics.	Understand	06
5	Explain thermal breakdown in solid insulation.	Understand	06
6	Derive the townsend's current growth equation.	Understand	04
7	Explain the breakdown of solid electrics due to treeing and tracking.	Understand	06
8	Write short notes on various theories of breakdown in liquids dielectric mediums.	Understand	05
9	Explain the streamer theory of gas insulation.	Understand	06
10	Explain the partial discharge phenomenon in solid insulations.	Understand	06
	UNIT-III		
	Generation & Measurement of High Voltages & Curr	ents	
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)		
	Fart – A (Short Answer Questions)		
1	Write different forms of high voltage generation.	Remember	07
2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Remember Remember	07
2 3	Write different forms of high voltage generation. Draw full wave rectifier circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw voltage doubler circuit for high DC voltage generation.	Remember Remember	
2	Write different forms of high voltage generation. Draw full wave rectifier circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw voltage doubler circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw COCKROFT WALTON circuit used to generate high DC voltage.	Remember	07
2 3	Write different forms of high voltage generation. Draw full wave rectifier circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw voltage doubler circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw COCKROFT WALTON circuit used to generate high DC voltage. Write the expression for optimum number of stages for minimum voltage	Remember Remember	07 07
2 3 4	Write different forms of high voltage generation. Draw full wave rectifier circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw voltage doubler circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw COCKROFT WALTON circuit used to generate high DC voltage. Write the expression for optimum number of stages for minimum voltage drop in COCKROFT WALTON circuit.	Remember Remember Remember	07 07 07
2 3 4 5	Write different forms of high voltage generation. Draw full wave rectifier circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw voltage doubler circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw COCKROFT WALTON circuit used to generate high DC voltage. Write the expression for optimum number of stages for minimum voltage drop in COCKROFT WALTON circuit. Draw the cascade transformer for the generation of high AC voltage.	Remember Remember Remember	07 07 07 07
2 3 4 5	Write different forms of high voltage generation. Draw full wave rectifier circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw voltage doubler circuit for high DC voltage generation. Draw COCKROFT WALTON circuit used to generate high DC voltage. Write the expression for optimum number of stages for minimum voltage drop in COCKROFT WALTON circuit.	Remember Remember Remember Remember	07 07 07 07

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10	In COCKROFT WALTON circuit Vmax = 125V, operating frequency =	TT 1 . 1	07
10	150Hz, C = 0.05μF and load current is 5mA, determine optimum	Understand	07
	number of stages.		
15	Name any two methods for measurement of high DC and AC voltages.	Remember	08
16	State Hall effect.	Remember	08
17	Discuss the importance of magnetic links.	Understand	08
17	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)	Officerstatio	00
1	Draw and explain tesla coil for the generation high AC voltage	Understand	07
2	Explain voltage doubler circuits to generate high DC voltage.	Understand	07
	Draw and explain the principle of Vandegraff generator used for the		
3	generation of high DC voltage.	Understand	07
4	Draw and explain COCKROFT WALTON circuit for the generation of	I In donaton d	07
4	high DC voltage.	Understand	07
5	Draw and explain cascade transformer to generate high AC voltage.	Understand	07
6	Draw and explain multi stage impulse generator for the generation of	Understand	07
	high Impluse voltage		
7	Discuss the principle of operation of electro-static generator.	Understand	07
10	Write short notes on any two methods for measurement of high DC	Understand	08
	voltages. Discuss the principle of generating voltmeter helps in measuring high		
11	voltages.	Understand	08
	Show how the capacitive voltage transformer helps in measuring the		
11	high AC voltage.	Understand	08
10	Draw and explain operation of the peak reading AC voltmeters for	TT 1 . 1	00
12	measuring AC voltage.	Understand	08
	Part - C (Analytical Questions)		
	A COCKROFT WALTON circuit with 8 stages with all equal		
	capacitance of 0.05 µF. The supply transformer secondary voltage is		
1	125KV ata frequency of 150Hz. If the load current to be supplied is	Understand	07
	5mA. Calculate ripple percentage, voltage regulation and optimum		
	number of stages for minimum regulation. Calculate the peak current and wave shape of the output current of the		
	generator having the total capacitance of 53 µF. the charging voltage is		
2	200KV, circuit inductance 1.47mH and the dynamic resistance of the	Understand	07
	objects is 0.05 ohms.		
	UNIT-IV		
	Over Voltages and Insulation Co-Ordination		
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)		
1	Writing characteristics of switching surges.	Understand	10
2	State Ferranti effect.	Remember	10
3	How over voltages can be controlled due to switching.	Understand	10
4	Name parameters which states lighting strokes.	Remember	10
5	State principles for design of insulation for EHV and UHV systems.	Remember	11
6	Name protective devices used against lighting strokes.	Remember	11
7	State the causes of over voltages.	Understand	10
8	Name the temporary over voltages.	Understand	11
9	Explain lighting phenomenon.	Remember	10
10	Compare switching and lighting surges.	Understand	10
	Part - B (Long Answer Questions)	1	
1	Explain the mechanism by which lighting strokes develop and induce over voltages on over head power lines.	Understand	10
2	Give the mathematical models for lighting discharges and explain them.	Understand	10
	List out the abnormal switching over voltages and why do these occur?		
3	And the methods to control above in power systems.	Understand	10
	Write short notes on volt-time curves. Explain their significance in	TT 1 . 1	10
4	power systems studies.	Understand	10

5	Discuss the importance of switching over voltages in EHV power	Understand	11
3	systems and How is protection against over voltages achieved.	Chacistana	11
	UNIT - V		
	Testing Of Materials and Electrical Apparatus		
	Part - A (Short Answer Questions)	-	
1	Draw schering bridge for measurement of high charging currents.	Remember	12
2	Compare earthing and shielding.	Understand	12
3	Write the expression for energy associated in single discharge.	Remember	13
4	Discuss partial discharge phenomenon on solid insulation.	Remember	13
5	Define discharge magnitude and discharge energy.	Remember	13
6	Define discharge disruptive voltage.	Remember	13
7	Give the importance of withstand voltage	Remember	13
8	Define 50% and 100% flash over voltage.	Remember	13
9	Define creepage distance.	Remember	13
10	List out the reference atmospheric conditions for insulation installation.	Remember	13
	Part - B (Long Answer Questions)		
1	Explain the insulation testing methods on bushings.	Understand	14
2	Write short notes on various tests can be conducted on insulation to test their dielectric strength.	Understand	13
3	Explain the insulation testing methods on power cables to check their withstand capability.	Understand	15
4	Explain the insulation testing methods on surge arrester to estimate their breakdown voltage	Understand	15
5	Discuss the insulation testing methods on isolators and circuit breakers to predict their dielectric strength.	Understand	14
6	Define the important partial discharge quantities which occur in the solid insulation medium.	Remember	13
7	Explain the insulation testing methods on transformer to understand its withstand capability.	Analyze	15
8	Draw a neat diagram of high voltage schering bridge and describe various feature of the bridge. Explain how this can be used to measure the dielectric constant of a dielectric material.	Understand	12
9	Explain about the measurement of dielectric constant and loss factor of insulating materials.	Understand	12
10	Write short notes on loss of charge method for measurement of insulation resistance.	Understand	12
11	Define all the terminology used in partial discharge phenomenon which occurs in solid dielectric medium	Remember	12
	Part - C (Analytical Questions)		
1	A schering bridge was used to measure the capacitance and loss angle of a HV bushing . At balance the observation were: The value of standard condenser = 100PF, R3 = 3180 ohms, C3 = $0.00125\mu F$ and R4 = 636 ohms. Calculate the values of capacitance and loss factor of the bushing.	Understand	12
2	The lossless standard capacitor used in the high voltage schering bridge has a value 100PF. In a certain measurement , the other arms of the bridge at balance are i) a resistance of 641 ohms and ii) a capacitance of 0.052 μF in parallel with a resistance of 2500 ohms. Determine capacitance and loss tangent of the specimen at 50Hz.	Understand	12

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