



# INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad -500 043

## CIVIL ENGINEERING

### COURSE DESCRIPTOR

|                          |  |                  |                |                   |                |
|--------------------------|--|------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| <b>Course Title</b>      | ENGINEERING PHYSICS LABORATORY   |                  |                |                   |                |
| <b>Course Code</b>       | AHS105   |                  |                |                   |                |
| <b>Programme</b>         | B.Tech   |                  |                |                   |                |
| <b>Semester</b>          | II   | CE   ME   AE     |                |                   |                |
| <b>Course Type</b>       | Foundation   |                  |                |                   |                |
| <b>Regulation</b>        | IARE - R16   |                  |                |                   |                |
| <b>Course Structure</b>  | <b>Theory</b>  |                  |                | <b>Practical</b>  |                |
|                          | <b>Lectures</b>  | <b>Tutorials</b> | <b>Credits</b> | <b>Laboratory</b> | <b>Credits</b> |
|                          | -  | -                | -              | 3                 | 2              |
| <b>Chief Coordinator</b> | Mr. K Saibaba, Assistant Professor   |                  |                |                   |                |
| <b>Course Faculty</b>    | Dr. Rizwana , Professor<br>Ms. S Charvani , Assistant Professor<br>Dr. P Koteswara Rao, Assistant Professor<br>Mr. A Chandra Prakash , Assistant Professor<br>Mr. V S K Prasada Rao, Assistant Professor |                  |                |                   |                |

#### I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This lab provides hands on experience in a number of experimental techniques and develops competence in the instrumentation typically used in physics. This also develops student's expertise in applying physical concepts to practical problem and in learning about experimental techniques and advanced equipment. This laboratory includes experiments involving basic principles of interference diffraction, optoelectronic devices, magnetism and propagation of wave. After completing this course, students will be well prepared for the advanced laboratory.

#### COURSE PRE-REQUISITES:

| Level | Course Code | Semester | Prerequisites               |
|-------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| -     | -           | -        | Basic principles of physics |

## II. MARKS DISTRIBUTION:

| Subject                        | SEE Examination | CIA Examination | Total Marks |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Engineering Physics Laboratory | 70 Marks        | 30 Marks        | 100         |

## III. DELIVERY / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODOLOGIES:

|   |                        |   |          |   |              |   |        |
|---|------------------------|---|----------|---|--------------|---|--------|
| ✗ | Chalk & Talk           | ✗ | Quiz     | ✗ | Assignments  | ✗ | MOOCs  |
| ✓ | LCD / PPT              | ✗ | Seminars | ✗ | Mini Project | ✓ | Videos |
| ✓ | Open Ended Experiments |   |          |   |              |   |        |

## IV. EVALUATION METHODOLOGY:

Each laboratory will be evaluated for a total of 100 marks consisting of 30 marks for internal assessment and 70 marks for semester end lab examination. Out of 30 marks of internal assessment, continuous lab assessment will be done for 20 marks for the day to day performance and 10 marks for the final internal lab assessment.

**Semester End Examination (SEE):** The semester end lab examination for 70 marks shall be conducted by two examiners, one of them being Internal Examiner and the other being External Examiner, both nominated by the Principal from the panel of experts recommended by Chairman, BOS.

The emphasis on the experiments is broadly based on the following criteria:

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 20 % | To test the preparedness for the experiment.                           |
| 20 % | To test the performance in the laboratory.                             |
| 20 % | To test the calculations and graphs related to the concern experiment. |
| 20 % | To test the results and the error analysis of the experiment.          |
| 20 % | To test the subject knowledge through viva – voce.                     |

### Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA):

CIA is conducted for a total of 30 marks (Table 1), with 20 marks for continuous lab assessment during day to day performance, 10 marks for final internal lab assessment.

Table 1: Assessment pattern for CIA

| Component | Laboratory             |                               | Total Marks |
|-----------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
|           | Day to day performance | Final internal lab assessment |             |
| CIA Marks | 20                     | 10                            | 30          |

**Continuous Internal Examination (CIE):**

One CIE exams shall be conducted at the end of the 16<sup>th</sup> week of the semester. The CIE exam is conducted for 10 marks of 3 hours duration.

| Preparation | Performance | Calculations and Graph | Results and Error Analysis | Viva | Total |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------------------|------|-------|
| 2           | 2           | 2                      | 2                          | 2    | 10    |

**V. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:**

| Program Outcomes (POs) |   | Strength | Proficiency assessed by          |
|------------------------|---|----------|----------------------------------|
| PO 1                   | <b>Engineering knowledge:</b> Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.   | 3        | Calculations of the observations |
| PO 2                   | <b>Problem analysis:</b> Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences   | 2        | Characteristic curves            |
| PO 4                   | <b>Conduct investigations of complex problems:</b> Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions. | 1        | Open ended experiments           |

**3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low**

**VI. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:**

| Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) |   | Strength | Proficiency assessed by             |
|----------------------------------|---|----------|-------------------------------------|
| PSO 1                            | <b>Engineering knowledge:</b> Graduates shall demonstrate sound knowledge in analysis, design, laboratory investigations and construction aspects of civil engineering infrastructure, along with good foundation in mathematics, basic sciences and technical communication.                       | 2        | Presentation on real world problems |
| PSO 2                            | <b>Broadness and diversity:</b> Graduates will have a broad understanding of economical, environmental, societal, health and safety factors involved in infrastructural development, and shall demonstrate ability to function within multidisciplinary teams with competence in modern tool usage. | -        | -                                   |
| PSO 3                            | <b>Self-learning and service:</b> Graduates will be motivated for continuous self-learning in engineering practice and/or pursue research in advanced areas of civil engineering in order to offer engineering services to the society, ethically and responsibly.                                  | -        | -                                   |

**3 = High; 2 = Medium; 1 = Low**

## VII. COURSE OBJECTIVES (COs):

| The course should enable the students to: |  |
|---|--|
| I   | Upgrade practical knowledge in optics.   |
| II  | Analyze the behavior and characteristics of various materials for its optimum utilization. |
| III                                       | Enrich the knowledge of electric and magnetic properties.                                  |

## VIII. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

| CLO Code  | CLO's  | At the end of the course, the student will have the ability to:                                       | PO's Mapped | Strength of Mapping |
|-----------|--------|---|-------------|---------------------|
| AHS105.01 | CLO 1  | Examine the least count values of Vernier calipers and Screw gauge.                                   | PO 1 , PO 2 | 3                   |
| AHS105.02 | CLO 2  | Apply the concept of hook's law and determine the rigidity modulus of wire.                           | PO 1 , PO 4 | 3                   |
| AHS105.03 | CLO 3  | Examine the magnetic field produced in a coil to verify the Tangent's law.                            | PO 1 , PO 4 | 3                   |
| AHS105.04 | CLO 4  | Perform Melde's experiment to understand propagation of longitudinal waves.                           | PO 1 , PO 2 | 2                   |
| AHS105.05 | CLO 5  | Perform Melde's experiment to understand propagation of transverse waves.                             | PO 1 , PO 2 | 2                   |
| AHS105.06 | CLO 6  | Understand the phenomena of diffraction to determine wavelength of laser                              | PO 1 , PO 2 | 2                   |
| AHS105.07 | CLO 7  | Understand the method of minimum deviation and adjust the spectrometer to minimum deviation position. | PO 1 , PO 4 | 1                   |
| AHS105.08 | CLO 8  | Determine the dispersive power of prism by using spectrometer.  | PO 2 , PO 4 | 1                   |
| AHS105.09 | CLO 9  | Apply the concept of Newton's rings to determine the radius of curvature of convex Lens.              | PO 2 , PO 4 | 2                   |
| AHS105.10 | CLO 10 | Determine the numerical aperture of an optical fiber  | PO 1 , PO 2 | 2                   |
| AHS105.11 | CLO 11 | Examine the behavior of LED by studying its V-I characteristics.                                      | PO 1 , PO 4 | 3                   |
| AHS105.12 | CLO 12 | Verify L-I characteristics of a solar cel..   | PO 1 , PO 2 | 3                   |
| AHS105.13 | CLO 13 | Evaluate time constant of a RC circuit.   | PO 1        | 2                   |
| AHS105.14 | CLO 14 | Evaluate the energy gap of a semiconductor diode  | PO 2        | 2                   |
| AHS105.15 | CLO 15 | Correlate the basic principles of physics with laboratory experiments.                                | PO 4        | 1                   |

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## IX. MAPPING COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

| CLOs  | Program Outcomes (POs) |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) |      |      |
|-------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|
|       | PO1                    | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1                             | PSO2 | PSO3 |
| CLO 1 | 3                      | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 2                                |      |      |
| CLO 2 | 2                      |     |     | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 1                                |      |      |

| CLOs   | Program Outcomes (POs) |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs) |      |      |
|--------|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|----------------------------------|------|------|
|        | PO1                    | PO2 | PO3 | PO4 | PO5 | PO6 | PO7 | PO8 | PO9 | PO10 | PO11 | PO12 | PSO1                             | PSO2 | PSO3 |
| CLO 3  | 3                      |     |     | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 2                                |      |      |
| CLO 4  | 1                      | 3   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |                                  |      |      |
| CLO 5  | 3                      | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |                                  |      |      |
| CLO 6  | 3                      | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 2                                |      |      |
| CLO 7  | 2                      |     |     | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 2                                |      |      |
| CLO 8  |                        | 2   |     | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |                                  |      |      |
| CLO 9  |                        | 1   |     | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 2                                |      |      |
| CLO 10 | 3                      | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 1                                |      |      |
| CLO 11 | 2                      |     |     | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |                                  |      |      |
| CLO 12 | 3                      | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 2                                |      |      |
| CLO 13 | 2                      |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |                                  |      |      |
| CLO 14 |                        | 2   |     |     |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      | 1                                |      |      |
| CLO 15 |                        |     |     | 1   |     |     |     |     |     |      |      |      |                                  |      |      |

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#### X. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES – DIRECT

|                      |              |              |         |              |   |               |   |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|---------|--------------|---|---------------|---|
| CIE Exams            | PO1,PO2      | SEE Exams    | PO1,PO4 | Assignments  | - | Seminars      | - |
| Laboratory Practices | PO1,PO2, PO4 | Student Viva | -       | Mini Project | - | Certification | - |
| Term Paper           | -            | -            | -       | -            | - | -             | - |

#### XI. ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGIES - INDIRECT

|   |  |   |                           |
|---|--|---|---------------------------|
| ✓ | Early Semester Feedback                | ✓ | End Semester OBE Feedback |
| ✗ | Assessment of Mini Projects by Experts |   |                           |

#### XII. SYLLABUS

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>LIST OF EXPERIMENTS</b>  |   |
| <b>Week-1</b>   | <b>INTRODUCTION TO PHYSICS LABORATORY</b> |
| Do's and Don'ts in physics laboratory. Precautions to be taken in laboratory. |   |

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>Week-2</b>  | <b>MEASUREMENT OF THICKNESS OF A WIRE AND RADIUS OF DISC</b> |
| To determine the thickness of a wire and radius of a disc using screw gauge and vernier calipers .   |  |
| <b>Week-3</b>  | <b>TORSIONAL PENDULUM</b>                                    |
| Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of given wire using a torsional pendulum .   |  |
| <b>Week-4</b>  | <b>STEWART GEE'S APPARATUS</b>                               |
| Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil-Stewart and Gee's method.   |  |
| <b>Week-5</b>  | <b>DETERMINATION OF FREQUENCY OF LONGITUDINAL WAVES</b>      |
| Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork in longitudinal mode.  |  |
| <b>Week-6</b>  | <b>DETERMINATION OF FREQUENCY OF TRANSVERSE WAVES</b>        |
| Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork in transverse mode.  |  |
| <b>Week-7</b>  | <b>WAVELENGTH OF LASER SOURCE-DIFFRACTION GRATING</b>        |
| To determine the wavelength of given source of laser using a plane transmission grating.   |  |
| <b>Week-8</b>  | <b>ADJUSTMENT AND MINIMUM DEVIATION IN SPECTROMETER</b>      |
| To study about spectrometer and to adjust spectrometer in minimum deviation position.  |  |
| <b>Week-9</b>  | <b>DISPERSIVE POWER OF A MATERIAL OF PRISM</b>               |
| Determination of the dispersive power the material of the given prism.   |  |
| <b>Week-10</b>   | <b>NEWTONS RINGS</b>   |
| Determination of radius of curvature of a given plano-convex lens.   |  |
| <b>Week-11</b>   | <b>NUMERICAL APERTURE OF GIVEN FIBER</b>                     |
| To determine the numerical aperture of a given optical fiber.  |  |
| <b>Week-12</b>   | <b>LIGHT EMITTING DIODE</b>                                  |
| Studying V-I characteristics of LED  |  |
| <b>Week-13</b>   | <b>CHARACTERISTICS OF LASER DIODE</b>                        |
| To study L-I characteristics of a laser diode.   |  |
| <b>Text Books:</b>   |  |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. C. L. Arora, "Practical Physics", S. Chand &amp; Co., New Delhi, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2012.</li> <li>2. Vijay Kumar, Dr. T. Radhakrishna, "Practical Physics for Engineering Students", S M Enterprises, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2014.</li> </ol> |  |
| <b>Reference Books:</b>  |  |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1 .C.F. Coombs,"Basic Electronic Instrument Handbook", McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1972.</li> <li>2 .C.H. Bernard and C.D. Epp, John Wiley and Sons, ."Laboratory Experiments in College Physics" Inc., New York, 1995.</li> </ol>                            |  |

### XIII. COURSE PLAN:

The course plan is meant as a guideline. Probably there may be changes.

| Week No | Topics to be covered   | Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) | Reference |
|---------|--|---------------------------------|-----------|
| 1       | Do's and Don'ts in physics laboratory. Precautions to be taken in laboratory.                      | CLO 15                          | T1:13.5   |
| 2       | To determine the thickness of a wire and radius of a disc using screw gauge and vernier calipers . | CLO 1                           | T1:13.5   |
| 3       | Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of given wire using a torsional pendulum         | CLO 2                           | T1:13.5   |
| 4       | Magnetic field along the axis of current carrying coil-Stewart and Gee's method                    | CLO 3                           | T1:14.7   |
| 5       | Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork in longitudinal mode.                            | CLO 4                           | T1:15.7   |
| 6       | Determination of frequency of a given tuning fork in transverse mode.                              | CLO 5                           | T1:16.8   |
| 7       | To determine the wavelength of given source of laser using a plane transmission grating            | CLO 6                           | T1:16.9   |
| 8       | To study about spectrometer and to adjust spectrometer in minimum deviation position.              | CLO 7                           | T1:17.9   |
| 9       | Determination of the dispersive power the material of the given prism.                             | CLO 8                           | T1:18.10  |
| 10      | Determination of radius of curvature of a given plano-convex lens.                                 | CLO 9                           | T1:19.10  |
| 11      | To determine the numerical aperture of a given optical fiber                                       | CLO 10                          | T1:19.9   |
| 12      | Studying V-I characteristics of LED  | CLO 11                          | T1:23.10  |
| 13      | To study L-I characteristics of a laser diode.   | CLO 12                          | T1:23.10  |
| 14      | Evaluate time constant of a RC circuit.  | CLO 13                          | T1:25.10  |
| 15      | Evaluate the energy gap of a semiconductor diode   | CLO 14                          | T1:27.10  |

### XIV. GAPS IN THE SYLLABUS - TO MEET INDUSTRY / PROFESSION REQUIREMENTS:

| S No | Description  | Proposed actions       | Relevance with POs | Relevance with PSOs |
|------|--|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1    | To improve standards and analyze the concepts.   | Open ended experiments | PO 1               | PSO 1               |
| 2    | Encourage students to solve real time applications and prepare towards competitive examinations. | Open ended experiments | PO 4               | PSO 1               |

**Prepared by:**

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**HOD, FRESHMAN ENGINEERING**