

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous)

Dundigal, Hyderabad - 500 043

AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK

| Course Title | PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING | | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|------------|---------|
| Course Code | ACSBO | ACSB01 | | | | |
| Programme | B.Tech | | | | | |
| Semester | I | AE M | Œ | | | |
| Semester | II | CSE I | T ECE EEE | CE | | |
| Course Type | Founda | tion | | | | |
| Regulation | IARE - | R18 | | | | |
| | Theory Practical | | | | | etical |
| Course Structure | Le | ctures | Tutorials | Credits | Laboratory | Credits |
| | | 3 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| Chief Coordinator | Ms. A Jayanthi, Assistant Professor | | | | | |
| Course Faculty | Mr. P F | Ravinder, A | ssistant Professo | r | | |
| | Dr. M I | Purushothar | n Reddy, Associ | ate Professo | or | |

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The course should enable the students to:

| I | Learn adequate knowledge by problem solving techniques. |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| II | Understand programming skills using the fundamentals and basics of C Language. |
| III | Improve problem solving skills using arrays, strings, and functions. |
| IV | Understand the dynamics of memory by pointers. |
| V | Study files creation process with access permissions. |

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

| CO 1 | Describe the concept of computer system, analyze a given problem, develop an algorithm, fundamental programming constructs, identify data representation formats, describe operators and their precedence, associativity. |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CO 2 | Understand branching and loop statements. |
| CO 3 | Describe the concept of homogeneous derives data types, strings and functions. |
| CO 4 | Understand pointers and heterogeneous data types. |
| CO 5 | Describe the concept of file system. |

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

Students, who complete the course, will have demonstrated the ability to do the following:

| ACSB01.01 | Identify and understand the working of key components of a computer system. |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ACSB01.02 | Analyze a given problem and develop an algorithm to solve the problem. |
| ACSB01.03 | Describe the fundamental programming constructs and articulate how they are used to develop a program with a desired runtime execution flow. |
| ACSB01.04 | Gain knowledge to identify appropriate C language constructs to write basic programs. |
| ACSB01.05 | Identify the right data representation formats based on the requirements of the problem. |
| ACSB01.06 | Describe the operators, their precedence and associativity while evaluating expressions in program statements. |
| ACSB01.07 | Understand branching statements, loop statements and use them in problem solving. |
| ACSB01.08 | Learn homogenous derived data types and use them to solve statistical problems. |
| ACSB01.09 | Identify the right string function to write string programs. |
| ACSB01.10 | Understand procedural oriented programming using functions. |
| ACSB01.11 | Understand how recursion works and write programs using recursion to solve problems. |
| ACSB01.12 | Differentiate call by value and call by reference parameter passing mechanisms. |
| ACSB01.13 | Understand storage classes and preprocessor directives for programming |
| ACSB01.14 | Understand pointers conceptually and apply them in C programs. |
| ACSB01.15 | Distinguish homogenous and heterogeneous data types and apply them in solving data processing applications. |
| ACSB01.16 | Explain the concept of file system for handling data storage and apply it for solving problems |
| ACSB01.17 | Differentiate text files and binary files and write the simple C programs using file handling functions. |
| ACSB01.18 | Identify the right string function to write string programs. |
| ACSB01.19 | Understand procedural oriented programming using functions. |
| ACSB01.20 | Understand how recursion works and write programs using recursion to solve problems. |
| | |

TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK

| | TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK MODULE - I | | | | | | |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | INTRODUCTION | | | | | | |
| | Part - A (Short Answer Questions) | | | | | | |
| S No | Questions | Blooms Taxonomy Level | Course Outcomes | Course Learning Outcomes (CLOs) | | | |
| 1 | List the two major components of a computer system? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.01 | | | |
| 2 | Identify the steps in creating and running a C program? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.03 | | | |
| 3 | What are the different types of computing environments? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.02 | | | |
| 4 | Define a flowchart and the symbols used in it? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.03 | | | |
| 5 | State the properties of an algorithm? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.02 | | | |
| 6 | List out the generations of computers? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.02 | | | |
| 7 | What are the different types of computer programming languages? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.02 | | | |
| 8 | Write the various classes of data types ANSI C supports? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 9 | State which of the following are valid identifiers. If invalid, state the reason. sample1 data_7 return #fine 91-080-100 name &age _val | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 10 | What are the C tokens? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 11 | List out the rules for identifiers? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 12 | What is type casting and list its types? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 13 | Write the basic structure of a C program? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 14 | Define ternary or conditional operator with an example? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 15 | Find the value of x in the following expression? $x = 3 / 2 \% 6 - 3 / 9$; | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 16 | List out the bit-wise operators in C? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 17 | Write the size and range of the fundamental data types? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 18 | Explain the various key words related to data types and loops? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 | | | |
| 19 | List out logical operators used in C language? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 20 | Write the basic escape sequence characters and its meaning with example? | Remember | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| | Part - B (Long Answer Questions) | | | | | | |
| 1 | Explain the fundamental data types along with its size and range? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.03 | | | |
| 2 | Explain bit-wise operators with example? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 3 | Explain the following functions with example? i. getc() ii. putc() iii. gets() iv. puts() | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 4 | Explain the salient features and applications of C language? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 5 | Explain the modifiers used for data types in C language? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 6 | Explain type conversions in C with example? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 7 | Find the output of the following expression step by step by mentioning operator precedence and associativity in each step $17 - 8 / 4 * 2 + 3 - ++5$ | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 | | | |
| 8 | Write a C program to find the size of primary data types using size of operator? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 | | | |
| 9 | Write a C program to calculate the area of a sphere where $A = 4\pi r^2$ by taking radius as input from the user? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 | | | |

| 10 | Write a C program to read the temperature in Fahrenheit and convert it | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| | into Celsius by using the formula $C = (F - 32) \times 5/9$ | | | |
| 11 | Explain the special operators in C with example? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |
| 12 | Write a C program to find the area of a Circle and also draw a flowchart forit? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 |
| 13 | Write a C program to swap two numbers with and without using a third variable? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| 14 | Write a C program to calculate the sum of N natural numbers without using aloop? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |
| 15 | Draw a flowchart to find the factorial of a given number? | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| 16 | Write a C program to find the volume of a Cone by reading the inputs radius and height from the user where $V = \pi r^2 (h/3)$ | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |
| 17 | The price of one kg of Rice is Rs. 40.75 and one kg of Dal is Rs. 72.50. Write a C program to get these values from the user and display the prices as follows: **** LIST OF ITEMS **** *** Item Price *** Rice Rs 40.75 Sugar Rs 72.50 7 The ABC electric company | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 |
| 18 | Explain the various operators used in c programming and exemplify the use of ternary operator | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 |
| 19 | Distance between two points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) is governed by the formula $D_2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$ Write a C program to compute D given the coordinates of the points. | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 |
| 20 | The total distance travelled by a vehicle in t seconds is given by distance = ut+ (at²)/2 Where u is the initial velocity (meters per second), a is the acceleration (meters per second). Write a C program to calculate the distance travelled, given the values of u and a. | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 |
| | Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking | Questions) | l . | |
| 1 | What does the following statement do, justify your | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |
| | answer? x = x 1 << n; i. Sets x as2 ⁿ ii. Sets (n+1) th bit ofx iii. Toggles (n+1) th bit ofx iv. Unsets (n+1) th bit ofx | | | |
| 2 | #include <stdio.h> int main(voi d) { int a = 1; int b = 0; b = a++ + a++; printf("%d %d",a,b); return 0; } i. 36 ii. CompilerDependent iii. 3 4 iv. 3 3</stdio.h> | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |
| 3 | What is the output of following program? int main() { int a = 1; int b = 1; int c = a b; int d = a &&b printf("a = %d, b = %d, c = %d, d = %d", a, | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |

| | D. H. J. | | | 1 000001 05 |
|----|---------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-------------|
| 4 | Predict the output of the below | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| | program: int main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | printf("%d", 1 << 2 + 3 << 4); | | | |
| | return 0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 5 | Predict the output of following | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| 3 | program? int main() | Chacistana | COI | ACSBO1.00 |
| | program: int main() | | | |
| | 10 14 20 | | | |
| | int $x = 10$; int $y = 20$; | | | |
| | x += y += 10; | | | |
| | printf (" %d | | | |
| | %d", x, y); | | | |
| | return 0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 6 | Predict the output of following | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.05 |
| | program? int main() | Chacistana | 001 | 71CBB01.03 |
| | program: int main() | | | |
| | int a = 0, int h | | | |
| | int $a = 0$; int b; | | | |
| | a = (a == (a == 1)); | | | |
| | printf(| | | |
| | "%d", | | | |
| | a); | | | |
| | return | | | |
| | 0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 7 | Predict the output of following | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| / | | Understand | COI | ACSBULUO |
| | program? int main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | int $y = 0$; | | | |
| | int $x = (\sim y == 1)$; printf("%d", x); | | | |
| | return 0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 8 | Predict the output of following | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| | program? int main() | Chacibiana | | 1100201.00 |
| | brogram: int main() | | | |
| | $\inf_{x \to a} a = 2 h = 5 \cdot a = a \wedge h$ | | | |
| | int $a = 2, b = 5$; $a = a^b$; | | | |
| | b = b^a; | | | |
| | printf("%d | | | |
| | %d",a,b); | | | |
| | return0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 9 | What is the output of the | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.06 |
| | program? int main() | | | |
| | program. int main() | | | |
| | $\lim_{n\to\infty} x_n = 10, x_n = 1$ | | | |
| | $\inf_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} x = 10, y = 1$ | | | |
| | 20, z = 5, i; i = x | | | |
| | < y < z; | | | |
| | printf("%d\n", i); | | | |
| | return 0; | | | |
| 10 | What is the output of the | Understand | CO 1 | ACSB01.04 |
| | program int main() | | | |
| | 1 5 | | | |
| | int X=40; | | | |
| | mi A-40, | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | int X=20; printf("%d ", X); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | printf("% | | | |
| | d\n", X); | | | |
| | | | • | i |

```
return 0;
                                                       MODULE - II
                                               CONTROL STRUCTURES
                                           Part - A (Short Answer Questions)
        What is a control structure? List out their types.
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
2
        Write a C program to check whether number is Prime or Not
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
3
        What is the difference between while loop and do-while loop
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
4
        Write a C program to check whether a number is positive or negative.
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
       Find the output of the
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
5
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
        following code? int main()
           int i = 1;
           for(; i < 4; i++);
                printf("%d", i); return 0;
6
        What is nested for and write the syntax of nested for loop.
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
       Find the output of the
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
       following code? int main()
            int a;
           for(a = 5; --a;)
               printf("\n%d", a); return 0;
       State the difference between entry controlled and exit controlled loop
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
8
                                                                                    Remember
                                                                                                    CO 2
       with
       example?
       Write the usage of break and continue statement with example?
                                                                                    Remember
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
10
       Find the output of the
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
        following code? int main()
            int a = 1, b = 2, c = 3, d =
            4, e; if(e= (a \& b | c \land d))
               printf("%d", e); return 0;
       Find the output of the following code?
11
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
       int main()
             int a=1,b=2,c=3,d=4; if (d > c)
                 if (c > b)
                       printf("%d %d", d, c); else if (c > a)
                    printf("%d %d", c, d);
            if (c > a)
                 if (b < a)
                     printf("%d %d", c, a); else if (b < c)
                   printf("%d %d", b, c);
12
       Find the output of the following
                                                                                    Understand
                                                                                                    CO<sub>2</sub>
                                                                                                              ACSB01.07
       code? void main()
           int choice = 3;
           switch(choice)
              default: printf("default");
```

| | | 1 | 1 | |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------|-------------|
| | case 1: printf("choice 1");break; | | | |
| | case 2: printf("choice 2");break; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 1.2 | <u>}</u> | TT 1 . 1 | 00.0 | A CCD 01 07 |
| 13 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | code? void main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | char c = 125; do | | | |
| | printf("\n%d", c); while(c++); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 14 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | code? void main() | | | |
| | | | | |
| | for(;;) | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | printf("%d", 10); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 15 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | code? void main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | printf("hi!"); if (!0) | | | |
| | printf("bye"); | | | |
| | } | | ~~ - | |
| 16 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | code? void main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | int $a = 1$; if(a) | | | |
| | <pre>printf("test"); else ; printf("again");</pre> | | | |
| 17 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 17 | code? void main() | Onderstand | CO 2 | ACSD01.07 |
| | (| | | |
| | int $i = 1$; | | | |
| | $if(i++, ++i, i,i)$ printf("%d\n", i); | | | |
| | 11(1++, ++1, 1,1) printit(70 u \ii , 1), | | | |
| 18 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 10 | code? void main() | Chacistana | CO 2 | ACSBOT.07 |
| | s south mann() | | | |
| | float i; | | | |
| | for $(i = 0.1; i < 0.4; i += 0.1)$ | | | |
| | printf("%.1f\n", i); | | | |
| | γιπαι (ν.11 μ , 1/), | | | |
| 19 | Explain with example switch case execution process with and without | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 1) | break | Chacistana | CO 2 | 1100001.07 |
| | statement? | | | |
| 20 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| ~ | code? void main() | Charletana | | 120201107 |
| | { | | | |
| | int $i = 3$; | | | |
| | for $(i; i<7; i=7)$ | | | |
| | printf("%d", i++); | | | |
| | } | | <u></u> | <u> </u> |
| | Part - B (Long Answer Questions) | | | |
| 1 | Compare and Contrast while and do while loop? Write a C | Remember | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | program to print the odd numbers from X to Y using do while | | <u>-</u> | |
| | loop? | | | |
| 2 | An electric power distribution company charges domestic consumers | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | as follows: | | <u>-</u> | |
| | | 1 | | 1 |

| | Company Control Description | I | | I |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|-------------|
| | ConsumptionUnits Rate of charge | | | |
| | 0-20 Rs 0.50 perunit | | | |
| | 201-400 Rs 100 + Rs0.65 per unit excessof200 | | | |
| | 401-600 Rs 230 plus 0.80 per unit excessof400 | | | |
| | 601 and above Rs 390 plus Rs 1.00 per unit excess | | | |
| | of 600 Write a C program that reads the customer number and | | | |
| | powerconsumed and print amount to be paid by the customer | | | |
| | (Use else-ifladder) | | | |
| 3 | Write a C program to display the traffic control signal lights based on | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | the following. | | | |
| | i. If user entered character is R or r then print RED Light | | | |
| | PleaseSTOP. | | | |
| | ii. IfuserenteredcharacterisYorythenprintYELLOWLight | | | |
| | Please Check and Go. | | | |
| | iii. If user entered character is G or g then print GREEN LightPlease | | | |
| | GO. | | | |
| | | | | |
| | iv. If user entered some other character then print THERE IS | | | |
| | NOSIGNAL POINT. | TI. 1 | 00.2 | A CCD 01 07 |
| 4 | Admission to a professional course is subject to the following | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | conditions: | | | |
| | i. Marks in Mathematics >= 60 | | | |
| | ii. Marks in Physics >= 50 Marks in Chemistry >=40 | | | |
| | iii. Total in all three subjects >= 200 | | | |
| | iv. Total in Mathematics and Physics >=150 | | | |
| | Given the marks in the three subjects, Write a C program to process | | | |
| | the application to list the eligible candidates. | | | |
| 5 | Write a C program to compute the real roots of a quadratic equation | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | $ax^2 + bx$ | | | |
| | + c = 0. The program should request for the values of the constants a, | | | |
| | b and c and print the values of x1 and x2. | | | |
| | Use the following rules: | | | |
| | i. No solution, if both a and b are zero There is only one root, ifa=0 | | | |
| | ii. There are no real roots, if b2 - 4ac is negative Otherwise, | | | |
| | there are two realroots | | | |
| | Write a C program to test all the above conditions. | | | |
| 6 | Write a program that counts from one to ten, prints the values on a | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | separate line for each, and includes a message of your choice when the | o noonstand | CO 2 | 1100201107 |
| | count is 3 and a different message when the count is 7. | | | |
| 7 | Write a C program to calculate commission for the input value of | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | sales amount. Commission is calculated as per the following rules: | o noonstand | CO 2 | 1100201107 |
| | i. Commission is nil for sales amount Rs5000/. | | | |
| | ii. Commission is 2% for sales when sales amount is greater than | | | |
| | 5000 and less than equal to 10000. | | | |
| | iii. Commission is 5% for sales amount greater than 10000. | | | |
| 8 | A character is entered through keyboard. Write a C program to | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| O | determine whether the character entered is a capital letter, a small case | Onderstand | CO 2 | ACSD01.07 |
| | | | | |
| | letter, a digit or a special symbol using if-else and switch case. The | | | |
| | following table shows the range of ASCII values for various | | | |
| | characters. | | | |
| | Characters | | | |
| | ASC | | | |
| | II values $A-Z$ 65 -9 | | | |
| | a–z 97 –122 | | | |
| | 0–9 48 – 57 | | | |
| | Specialsymbols $0-47, 58-64, 91-96, 123-127$ | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1 | | 1 | | |

| | | T == - | | T |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| 9 | If cost price and selling price of an item S input through the keyboard, write a program to determine whether the seller has made profit or incurred loss. Write | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | a C program to determine how much profit or loss incurred in percentage. | | | |
| 10 | Write a C program to produce the following output? \ 1 | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 | | | |
| 11 | Write a C program for the following: i. To print the reverse of an integernumber | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 12 | ii. To check whether the given integer is palindrome ornot.Write a C program to print the numbers in | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 12 | triangular form. 1 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 | Onderstand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 13 | Write a C program to read in two numbers, x and n, and then compute the sum of this geometric progression $1+x+x^2+x^3+x^n$. For example: if n is 3 and x is 5, then the program computes $1+5+25+125$. Print x, n, the sum. Perform error checking. For example the formula does not make sense for negative Exponents – if n is less than 0. Have your program print an error message if $n<0$, then go back and read in the nest pair of numbers of without computing the sum. Are any values of x also il legal? If so, test for them too. | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 14 | Write a C program to print Armstrong numbers between 1 to n where n value is entered by the user. [Hint: Armstrong number is defined as the sum of cubes of individual digits of a number. e.g. $371 = 33 + 73 + 13$] | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 15 | Write a C program to generate all prime numbers between 1 and n, where n value is supplied by the user. | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 16 | Write a C program to print first n lines of the Pascal's Triangle. Pascal's triangle is a triangular array of the binomialcoefficients. 1 1 1 2 1 1 3 3 1 | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 17 | Write a C program to print first n lines of Floyd's Triangle. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 18 | Write a C program to print the following series | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 19 | Write a C program to compute and display the sum of all integers that are divisible by 6 but not divisible by 4 and lie between 0 and 100. The program should also count and display the number of such values. | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 20 | Write a C program to find the LCM and GCD of two integers? | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking | Questions) | | |
| 1 | Predict the output of the following? int main() { int i = 1024; | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | for (; i; i >>= 1) | | | |

| | ' (C(III | | I | |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------|
| | printf("I | | | |
| | ARE"); return 0; | | | |
| | Teturii 0, | | | |
| 2 | Find the final value of i, j, k from | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | the code? void main() | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | { | | | |
| | int $i = 5$, $j = 10$, $k = 1$; if(++i ++j) | | | |
| | k = i + j; | | | |
| | else | | | |
| | k = i - j; printf("%3d%3d%3d", i, j, k); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 3 | Predict the output of the | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | following? void main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | int i, j, k; | | | |
| | for($i = 1; i < 3; i++$) | | | |
| | { (' - 1 . ' - 2 . ') | | | |
| | for $(j = 1; j < 3; j++)$ | | | |
| | for($k = 1$; $k < 3$; $k++$) | | | |
| | $101(K-1,K\leq 3,K++)$ | | | |
| | if(j == k) break; else | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | $printf("%d\t%d\t%d\n", i,j, k);$ | | | |
| | continue; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | | | | |
| 4 | Find the error from the code | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | Find the error from the code given below: int main() | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | given below: int main() { | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | <pre>given below: int main() { char check = 'a';</pre> | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | given below: int main() { | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | <pre>given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) {</pre> | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | <pre>given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) {</pre> | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | <pre>given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); }</pre> | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 4 | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | <pre>given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; }</pre> | | | |
| 5 | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; } Predict how many times IARE will be | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | <pre>given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; }</pre> | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; } Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; } Predict how many times IARE will be | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; } Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; } Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) break; | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; } Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |
| | given below: int main() { char check = 'a'; switch(check) { case 'a' 1: printf("IARE"); case 'b' 2: printf("IIT"); break; default: printf("IARE-IIT"); } return 0; Predict how many times IARE will be printed: int main() { int i = -5; while(i<=5) { if(i>=0) | | | |

| | iii. 5 iv. 3 | | | |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|------------|
| 6 | Predict the output of the following? int main() | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | { int $i = 3$; while (i) | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | int i = 100; i; printf("%d ", i); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | return 0; } | | | |
| 7 | Find the combination of the integer variables x, y and z makes the variable a get the value 4 in the following expression? | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | a = (x > y) ? ((x > z) ? x : z) : ((y > z) ? y : z) | | | |
| | i. $x = 3, y = 4, z = 2$ | | | |
| | ii. $x = 6, y = 5, z = 3$ | | | |
| | iii. $x = 6, y = 3, z = 5$ | | | |
| 8 | iv. $x = 5$, $y = 4$, $z = 5$ Predict the output of the | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | following: int main() | | 002 | 1100201107 |
| | { int i; | | | |
| | goto LOOP; | | | |
| | for($i = 0$; $i < 10$; $i++$) | | | |
| | { printf("IARE\n"); LOOP:break; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | return 0; | | | |
| 9 | Predict the output of the | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | following: int main() | | | |
| | unsigned short int $i = 65000$; while($i++ != 0$); | | | |
| | printf("ans: %d", i); return 0; | | | |
| 10 | Predict the output of the | Understand | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| 10 | reduct the output of the | Chacistana | CO 2 | ACSB01.07 |
| | following: #include <stdio.h></stdio.h> | | | |
| | int main() | | | |
| | { int $i = 65$; char $j='A'$; while($i < j$); | | | |
| | printf(" $\%$ d", (i $^{\circ}$ i) << 2); return 0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | MODULE - III | | | |
| | ARRAYS AND FUNCTIONS | | | |
| | Part - A (Short Answer Questions) | | | |
| 1 | What is an array and write the syntax to declare an array. | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 2 | State which of the following multi-dimensional array declaration is correct for realizing a 2x3 matrix? | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | intm[2][3]; | | | |
| | intm[3][2]; int m[3],m[2]; | | | |
| 3 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | code? void main() | | | |

| | | 1 | | 1 |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------|
| | { int a[3][2] = {10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60}; printf("%d", a[0][4]); } | | | |
| 4 | Find the output of the following code? void main() | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| | char s1[] = "jaihind"; char s2[] = "jaipur"; int x; x = strncmp(s1,s2,3); printf("x = %d", x); | | | |
| 5 | Find the output of the following code? void main() | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| | char s1[] = "NEW DELHI"; char s2[] ="BANGALORE"; strncpy(s1,s2,4); printf("%s", s1); | | | |
| 6 | Identify which of the following is used to represent the end of a string? i. Blankspace ii. Nullcharacter iii. Newlinecharacter iv. Last element of thestring | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 7 | Identify the string function used to find the sub- string in the main string and also write it's syntax? | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 8 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { char s1[] = "NEW DELHI"; char s2[] = "NEW"; printf("%d",strstr(s1,s2)); | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 9 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { int a[4][3]; printf("%d",sizeof(a)); | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 10 | Write the control for store to and store at 0 with some also | Remember | GO 2 | ACSB01.09 |
| 10 | Write the syntax for strcat() and strncat() with example? | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 11 | Find the output of the following code? void main() $ \{ \\ & \text{int i, j, a[][3]= } \{\{1,2,3\}, \{4,5,6\}\}; \\ & \text{for}(i=0; i<2; i++) \\ & \{ \\ & \text{for}(j=0; j<3; j++) \\ & \text{printf}("\%5d", a[i][j]); printf("\n"); \\ & \} \\ \} $ | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 12 | Write various methods of character array initialization with example? | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 13 | Write the syntax with example for the following string functions: i. strcmp() ii. strrev() | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 14 | Write the syntax and initialization procedure for a three dimensional array? | Remember | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 15 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | | | | |

```
int i, j, k;
               a[][3][3] = \{\{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9\},\{10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18\}\};
               for(i=0; i<2; i++)
                       for(j=0; j < 3; j++)
                                for(k=0; k < 3;k++)
                                         printf("%5d", a[i][j][k]);
                                printf("\n");
                       printf("\n");
              }
        What is the use of functions in programming?
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                          ACSB01.10
16
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
17
       What is the syntax of a function, define some of the predefined
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO3
                                                                                                           ACSB01.10
       functions
18
        What is the difference between normal function and recursive
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO 3
                                                                                                           ACSB01.11
        function.
        Describe various parameter passing method.
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                           ACSB01.12
19
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
20
        State the need for dynamic memory allocation and how does it help in
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                CO_3
                                                                                                           ACSB01.12
        building complex programs?
                                         Part - B (Long Answer Questions)
       Define an array and explain the process of array initialization with
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO 3
                                                                                                          ACSB01.08
       example?
2
       Write C programs to find the largest and smallest number among a list
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO 3
                                                                                                          ACSB01.08
       of integers.
3
       Write C program to read a list of elements into an array and print the
                                                                                                          ACSB01.08
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO 3
       reverseofthe list.
       Write C programs to read two matrices and find the addition
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                          ACSB01.08
                                                                                                CO 3
       and multiplication of two matrices.
5
                                                                                                          ACSB01.08
       Write C programs to find the transpose of a matrix.
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
                                  Given matrix 1 2
                                                           3
                         e.g.
                                                     5 6
                         Transpose of the matrix:
                                 1
                                           4
                                 2
                                           5
                                 3
                                           6
       Write a C program to store numbers into an array and find the
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                          ACSB01.08
6
                                                                                                CO 3
       frequency of aparticular number in array and print it.
7
       Write a C program to copy the string str2 into str1 without using
                                                                                                          ACSB01.09
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
       strcpy()
       function.
8
       Write a C program to check whether a string is palindrome or not
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
                                                                                                          ACSB01.09
       withoutusing string function.
       Write a C program to read your email id and print the number of
9
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO 3
                                                                                                          ACSB01.09
       vowels,
       consonants and special characters in it.
       Write a C program to insert a sub-string in to given main string at a
10
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                          ACSB01.09
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
       given position without using stringfunctions.
11
       Write a C program to read a lowercase string and convert it into
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                          ACSB01.09
                                                                                                CO 3
       uppercase.
       Write a C program to accept two strings and compare them. It should
12
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>3</sub>
                                                                                                          ACSB01.09
       print
```

| | whathan both are agual on first string is anoster than the second on the | | | 1 |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|------------|
| | whether both are equal or first string is greater than the second or the first string is less than the second string. | | | |
| 13 | Write a C program to read N unsorted integers and sort them in | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | ascending | | | |
| | order. | | | |
| 14 | Explain the following string handling functions with example: | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| | i. strcpy() ii. strcat() | | | |
| | ii. strev() | | | |
| | iv. strcmp() | | | |
| | v. strupr() | | | |
| 15 | Write a C program to add a string at the end of another string and | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| | display the output. | | | |
| | char a[20] = "hello"; char b[10] = "World"; | | | |
| | Output: "HelloWorld | | | |
| | nellowolld " | | | |
| 16 | Write C programs that uses both recursive and non-recursive | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.10 |
| | functions: | | | |
| | a. Find the sum of n naturalnumbers | | | |
| 17 | b. Find the factorial of a givennumber Write a C program that uses functions to do the following: | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.11 |
| 17 | a. Convert decimal number to binarynumber | Chacistana | CO 3 | ACSB01.11 |
| | b. Convert binary number to decimalnumber | | | |
| 18 | Write C programs that uses both recursive and non-recursive | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.10 |
| | functions: | | | |
| | a. Find the NthFibonaccinumber b. Find the reverse of anumber | | | |
| 19 | Write a C program that uses functions to do the following: | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.10 |
| 17 | a. Convert a Roman letter into its decimalequivalent. | Chacistana | CO 3 | TICBB01.10 |
| | b. Find 2"s complement of a binarynumber. | | | |
| 20 | Write a user defined function which takes an array of sorted integers | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.10 |
| | and returns the median value? | | | |
| | [Hint: For odd set of integers there will be a single median and for even | | | |
| | set of integers, there will be two middle values and median is the | | | |
| | average of the two middle values] | | | |
| | Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking | Questions) | | |
| 1 | Predict the output of the | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | following code? int main() | | | |
| | ;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;; | | | |
| | int arr1[]={97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105}; int i=0; while(i++ < 5) | | | |
| | int i=0; while(i++ < 5) printf("\n %c", arr1[i++]); return 0; | | | |
| | βιπαί (π. /νε · , απτίμι τη/, τοιαπτό, | | | |
| 2 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | code? void main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | int $a[3] = \{10, 20, 30\};$ | | | |
| | a[2] = 2; a[2-2] = 2; | | | |
| | printf("%d\t%d\t%d", a[0], a[1], a[2]); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 3 | Find the output of the following | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| | code? void main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | char a[5] = "IARE"; int i =0; while(a[i]) | | | |
| | $printf("\%s\n", (a + i++)); \}$ | | | |
| | 1 1 /1 //1 // // // // // // // // // // | 1 | | 1 |

| 4 | Find error ifany: voidmain() { int x =5; inta[x]; a[1] = 12; printf("%d", a[1]); } | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
|----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------|
| 5 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { int x[5] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}; int i; for(i = 0; i < 20; i++) printf("%d\n", x[i]); } | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 6 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { char s1[10] = "abc"; char s2[] = "abc"; if(s1 == s2) printf("yes both strings are same"); else printf("no both are different"); } | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 7 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { char s1[10] = "abc"; char s2[20]; s2 = s1; printf(" %s", s2); } | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 8 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { char s[] = "hello"; int i = 0, n = strlen(s); while(n) { n; s[i] = s[n]; i++; } printf("%s", s); } | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.09 |
| 9 | Find the output of the following code? void main() { char s[20]; int i; for(i=0; i< 3;i++) i[s] = 'x'; i[s] = '\0'; puts(s); } | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |
| 10 | Predict the output of the following code? void main() { int a1[10], a2[10]; int i; for(i=1; i<=9; i++) { a1[i] = 'A' + i; a2[i] = 'a' + i; | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.08 |

| | printf("%d\n", | | | |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------|
| | a2[i] -a1[i]); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | MODULE - IV | | | |
| | STRUCTURES, UNIONS AND POINT | ERS | | |
| | Part - A (Short Answer Questions) | | | |
| 1 | Define a structure and state how the members of a structure are accessed with example? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 2 | Write the major differences between arrays and structures? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 3 | Write an example of nested structure? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 4 | State the difference between a structure and union? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 5 | Write an example of array of structures? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 6 | Write the general format of sending a copy of a structure to the called Function? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 7 | Describe the difference between Structure and Union | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 8 | Describe the syntax of nested structure | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 9 | Find the output of the | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | following? struct | | | |
| | int i; float f; | | | |
| | \}var; | | | |
| | void main() { | | | |
| | var.i=5; var.f=9.76723; | | | |
| | printf("%d %.2f",var.i,var.f); | | | |
| 10 | Write the output of | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | thefollowing? | | | |
| | structvalues { | | | |
| | int i; floatf; | | | |
| | }; -:1: | | | |
| | void main() { | | | |
| | struct values | | | |
| | var={555,67.05501}; printf("%2d | | | |
| | %.2d %.2f",var.i,var.f); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 11 | Write the output of the following? union A | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | char ch; int i; float f; | | | |
| | }temp; voidmain() | | | |
| | { temp.ch='A'; | | | |
| | temp.i=777; | | | |
| | temp.f=12345.12345; | | | |
| | printf("%d", temp.i); | | | |
| 12 | Write the output of the | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | following? void main() | | | |
| | { struct employee | | | |
| | { | | | |

| T | | T | П | 1 |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|-------------|
| | unsigned id: 8; unsigned sex:1; | | | |
| | unsigned age:7; | | | |
| | <pre>}; struct employee emp1={203,1,23};</pre> | | | |
| | printf("%d\t%d\t%d",emp1.id,emp1.sex,emp1.age); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 13 | Write an example for enumerated data type? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 14 | State the default starting value of enumerated set? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 15 | Write the usage of typedef with example? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 16 | Write the value of tulip from the following enumerated flowers? enum flowers{rose, lily = 5, lotus, tulip, sunflower); | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 17 | State the operator which connects the structure name to its member name? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 18 | Consider the following C | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | declaration | | | |
| | struct { short s[5]; | | | |
| | union { | | | |
| | float y; long z; | | | |
| | }u; | | | |
| | } t; | | | |
| | Assume that objects of the type short, float and long | | | |
| | occupy 2 bytes, 4 bytes and | | | |
| | 8 bytes, respectively. | | | |
| 19 | Differentiate between structure and union with regard to memory | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | allocation. | | | |
| 20 | Predict the output of following C program | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | #include <stdio.h> structPoint</stdio.h> | | | |
| | structPoint | | | |
| | int x, y,z; | | | |
| | }; | | | |
| | intmain() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | struct Point p1 = $\{.y = 0, .z =$ | | | |
| | 1, .x =2}; printf("%d %d %d", | | | |
| | p1.x, p1.y, p1.z); return0; | | | |
| | Part - B (Long Answer Questions) | 1 | l | l |
| 1 | Write a C program to read your full name, Date of birth and display | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | the same | 2 Hacibund | | |
| | using the concept of nested structure. | | | |
| 2 | Write a C program to maintain a book structure containing name, | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | author and pages as structure members. Pass the address of structure | | | |
| | variable to a user defined function and display the contents. | TT. 1. · · · | GC 1 | A CCD 01 15 |
| 3 | A marketing company is having 50 employees and it maintains | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | employee records in terms of their empid, empname, desg, salary, quantity, sales amount. The company gives 10% hike in salary to the | | | |
| | employees if their sales amount is more than 50000/ Write a C | | | |
| | program that displays the employee records who gothike | | | |
| | in salary. | | | |
| 4 | IARE College is maintaining student attendance records by storing | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | rollno, stdname, attendance percentage in 5 different subjects. Write | | | |
| | a C program using structures to find the average attendance | | | |
| | percentage and print the following | | | |
| | a. If attendance percentage >=75 then print student is | | | |
| | eligiblefor writing finalexam. | 1 | | |

| | | 1 | | 1 |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-------------|
| | b. If attendance percentage >= 65 and <75 then print | | | |
| | studentisincondonationlist. | | | |
| | c. Otherwise not eligible for writingexams. | | | |
| 5 | Consider the declaration of the | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | structure typedef struct | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | about we about \$100 int of [20]. | | | |
| | char x; char *y; int z[20]; | | | |
| | } status; | | | |
| | Discuss whether the following are valid, if invalid, give reason. | | | |
| | a. struct statuss1; | | | |
| | b. struct statuss2[25]; | | | |
| | c. statuss3; | | | |
| | d. status s4[20]; | | | |
| 6 | Compare and Explain the following with suitable examples: | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | a. Nested Structures | Chacistana | CO 4 | ACSB01.13 |
| | b. Array ofstructures | | | |
| 7 | | D 1 | CO 1 | A CCD 01 15 |
| / | Explain the following with suitable example: | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | a. self referentialstructures | | | |
| | b. enumeratedtypes | | | |
| 8 | Write a C program to pass a copy of the entire structure named | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | "stores" | | | |
| | containing members product-name, price and quantity to a function? | | | |
| 9 | Compare Unions and Structures .Explain the differences with | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | examples. | | | |
| 10 | What are different ways of assigning values to structure members? | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 10 | Explain | Kemember | CO 4 | ACSB01.13 |
| | each method with examples. | | | |
| 11 | Explain three different approaches that can be used to pass structures | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 11 | * | Kemember | CO 4 | ACSB01.13 |
| | as function arguments. Illustrate each of them with suitable example | | | |
| 10 | function arguments. Illustrate each of them with suitable example. | TT 1 . 1 | CO 1 | A CCD 01 15 |
| 12 | Define a structure called complex consisting of two floating point | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | numbers x and y and declare a variable p of type complex. Assign | | | |
| | initial values 0.0 and 1.1 to the members. | | | |
| 13 | Define a structure data type called time_struct containing 3 | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | members integer hour, integer minute and integer second. Develop a | | | |
| | program that would assign values to the individual members and | | | |
| | display the time in the following format: | | | |
| | | | | |
| 1.4 | 16:40:51 Define a structure named census with the following 3 members: | TT1 | CO 1 | A CCD 01 15 |
| 14 | | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | a. A character array city[] to storenames. | | | |
| | b. A long integer to store population of thecity. | | | |
| | c. A float member to store the literacylevel. Write a program | | | |
| | to dothe following: | | | |
| | d. To read details for 5 cities randomly using an arrayvariable. | | | |
| | e. To sort the listalphabetically. | | | |
| | f. To sort the list based on literacylevel. | | | |
| | g. To sort the list based onpopulation. | | | |
| | c. To display sortedlists. | | | |
| 15 | Define a structure that can describe a hotel. It should have | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 1.5 | | Onderstand | CO 4 | 1100001.13 |
| | members that include the name, address, grade, average room | | | |
| | charge, and number of rooms. Write functions to perform the | | | |
| | following operations: | | | |
| | a. To print out hotels of a given grade in order ofcharges. | | | |
| | b. To print out hotels with room charges less than a givenvalue. | | | |
| 16 | Define a structure called cricket that will describe the following | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| - | information: Player name, Team name, Batting average using cricket, | | CO T | |
| | | | | |
| | declare an array play | | | |
| l I | | | | |
| | program to read the information about all the 50 players and print a team-wise with their batting average. | | | |

| 17 | Definea,,slackbyte"?Explainhowitaffectstheimplementationofstructures | Remember | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|------|-----------|
| 18 | through sample code. Explain the meaning and purpose of the following: a. structkeyword b. typedefkeyword c. sizeofoperator | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 19 | Compare and contrast structures and unions. Write a C program to maintain a record of "n" student details using an array ofstructureswithfourfields(rollno,name,marksandgrade). Assume appropriatedata type for each field. Print the marks of the student name as input. | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 20 | IARE maintains salary details of every employee by storing their name, department, basic pay, da, hra and cca. Store this information in a nested structure and display the salary of an employee. | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking | Questions) | | |
| 1 | Analyze the following program and find out the error in the program? #include <stdio.h> int main() { struct a { float category:5; char scheme:4; };</stdio.h> | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 2 | printf("size=%d", sizeof(struct a)); return 0; } Predict the output of the | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | <pre>program? #include<stdio.h> int main() { struct value { int bit1:1; int bit3:4; int bit4:4; }bit={1, 2, 13}; printf("%d, %d, %d\n", bit.bit1, bit.bit3, bit.bit4); return 0; }</stdio.h></pre> | | | |
| 3 | Verify the following statements which correctly assigns 12 to month using pointer variable pdt? #include <std io.h="">struct date { int day; int month; int year; }; int main() { struct date d; struct date*pdt; pdt = &d return0; }</std> | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 4 | Predict the output of the program? #include <stdio.h> int main() { enum days {MON=-1, TUE, WED=6, THU, FRI, SAT}; printf("%d, %d, %d, %d, %d, %d\n", MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI,SAT); return 0; }</stdio.h> | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |

| 5 | Analyze the program and identify the error in the program? | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
|---|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|-----------|
| | #include <stdio.h> int main()</stdio.h> | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | struct emp | | | |
| | char name[25]; intage; | | | |
| | floatbs; | | | |
| | }; struct emp e; e.name = "suresh"; e.age = 25; | | | |
| | printf("%s %d\n", | | | |
| | e.name, e.age); return 0; | | | |
| 6 | Analyze the code and identify the statements which are correct in the | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| | following program? | | | |
| | #include< stdio.h>i | | | |
| | nt main() | | | |
| | { . | | | |
| | union a { | | | |
| | int i; | | | |
| | char ch[2]; | | | |
| | $;$ union a u1 = $\{512\};$ union a u2 = $\{0, 2\};$ | | | |
| | return 0; | | | |
| 7 | Analyze the following code and predict the output from printf() | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| , | statement struct student | Onderstand | CO 4 | ACSD01.13 |
| | { | | | |
| | char *name; }; | | | |
| | void main() | | | |
| | { struct student s, m; s.name = "st"; | | | |
| | Struct student s, in; s.name = st; $m = s$; | | | |
| | printf("%s%s", s.name, m.name); | | | |
| 8 | Analyze the following code and predict the output from printf() | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.15 |
| 0 | statement Struct | Oliderstand | CO 4 | ACSB01.13 |
| | { - 1.6 - 1 | | | |
| | int foo, bar; } baz; | | | |
| | int *example() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | return &baz.foo } | | | |
| 9 | Analyze the following program and find the output of the program? | Understand | CO 4 | ACSB01.14 |
| | char s[100]; char *fun(char s[]) | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | static | | | |
| | int i = 0; | | | |
| | o, if(*s) | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | fun(s + 1); s[i] = *s; i++; | | | |
| | o[ij = 0, ii i , | L | | |

```
returns:
       voidmain()
             char s[] = "sample code"; printf("%s",
             fun(s));
10
       Analyze the following program and find the output of the
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                          ACSB01.14
                                                                                                CO 4
       program? void main()
            char s1[7] = "1234", *p; p = s1 + 2;
            *p = ,,\0"; printf("\%s", s1);
                                                    MODULE - V
                                  FILE HANDLING AND BASICALGORITHMS
                                          Part - A (Short Answer Questions)
        Write the basic operations of a file?
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
1
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
2
        Write the various text file opening modes?
                                                                                                          ACSB01.17
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
3
       State the various types of status enquiry library functions in C?
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                CO 5
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
4
        Write the syntax and usage of ftell()?
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
        Write the purpose of fseek() with example?
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
                                                                                                          ACSB01.17
5
                                                                                 Remember
        Write the syntax and usage of rewind()?
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                          ACSB01.17
6
7
        Write the syntax of to open a file.
                                                                                 Understand
                                                                                                CO 5
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
       What are files in C and what are uses?
8
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                CO 5
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
9
       Find
              the meaning of "a" in
                                               the following
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
               operation? fp = fopen("sample.txt", "a");
10
        What are some of the library functions used to write data into files?
                                                                                                          ACSB01.17
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
11
       Predict the output of this code? #include <stdio.h>
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
                                                                                Understand
       int main()
       FILE *fp = stdout; stderr= fp;
       fprintf(stderr, "%s", "hello");
12
       Find the output of
                                                                                                          ACSB01.17
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                CO 5
        thiscode? #include
        <stdio.h>
        #include<stdlib.h>
         int main()
           FILE *fp = stdout; int n; fprintf(fp, "%d", 45);
13
        What are the error handling function for files in C?
                                                                                 Remember
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
14
       Predict the output of this
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                CO 5
                                                                                                          ACSB01.17
        code? #include
        <stdio.h>
        #include <string.h> int main()
           char line[3]; fgets(line, 3, stdin);
           printf("%d\n", strlen(line)); return 0;
15
       Find the content of 'file.c' after executing the following program?
                                                                                                          ACSB01.16
                                                                                Understand
                                                                                                CO<sub>5</sub>
        #include<stdio.h>
        int main()
```

| | | I | | |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------|------------|
| | FILE *fp1, *fp2; fp1=fopen("file.c", "w"); | | | |
| | fp2=fopen("file.c", "w"); fputc('A', fp1); | | | |
| | fputc('B', fp2); | | | |
| | fclose(fp1); | | | |
| | fclose(fp2); return 0; | | | |
| | leturn 0, | | | |
| 16 | If the file 'source.txt' contains a line "Be my friend", predict the output | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| | of below program? | | | |
| | #include | | | |
| | <stdio.h< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></stdio.h<> | | | |
| | >int | | | |
| | main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | FILE *fs, *ft; char c[10]; | | | |
| | fs = fopen("source.txt", "r"); c[0] = getc(fs); | | | |
| | fseek(fs, 0, SEEK_END); fseek(fs,-3L, SEEK_CUR); fgets(c, 5, fs); puts(c); return0; | | | |
| | 1gets(c, 3, 18), puts(c), feturno, | | | |
| 17 | Identify the error in the | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | program? | | | |
| | #include <stdio.h></stdio.h> | | | |
| | #include <stdlib.h></stdlib.h> | | | |
| | int main() | | | |
| | { | | | |
| | unsigned char; FILE *fp; | | | |
| | fp=fopen("trial", "r"); if(!fp) | | | |
| | printf("Unable to open file"); exit(1); | | | |
| | } | | | |
| | fclose(fp); return 0; | | | |
| | } | | | |
| 18 | Justify why fseek() should be preferred over rewind(). | Remember | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| 19 | What is difference between file opening mode r+ and w+? | Remember | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| 20 | What are first and second arguments of fopen? | Remember | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | Part - B (Long Answer Questions) | | | |
| 1 | Write a C program to read a text file containing some paragraph. | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | Use fseek() | | | |
| | functionandreadthetextafterskipping,,n"charactersfrombeginningofth | | | |
| | e file? | | | |
| 2 | Explain the following functions through a sample program which | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| - | reads a file ,,test.txt". | 2 macronina | | 1100001117 |
| | a. ftell() | | | |
| | b. fseek() | | | |
| | c. rewind() | | | |
| 3 | Write a C program to read a text file "sample.txt" and print the | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| 4 | following. a. Substring of N characters from the positionI. | | CO 5 | |
| 4 | b. Reverse order of substring of N characters produced ina. | | 003 | |
| 5 | Write the syntax of the following file I/O functions and Explain | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | every option in each function with suitable example: | | | |
| | a. fopen() | | | |
| | b. fclose() | | | |
| | c. fread() | | | |
| | d. fwrite() | | | |
| | | 1 | | |

| 6 | Write a C program to open a file names INVENTORY and store in it | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------|------------|
| | the following data | Chacistana | CO 3 | ACSBO1.10 |
| | Item number price quantity Printer P. | 1 | | |
| | Scanner S200 5500 5 | | | |
| | Hard disk H300 4500 8 | | | |
| | Read the data from the INVENTORY file and display the | | | |
| | inventory table with the value of each item. [Hint: value = price * quantity and use fprintf() and fscanf() | | | |
| | functions] | | | |
| 7 | Write a C program to read a given file, convert first letter of each | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| | word into uppercase and copy the contents of converted file into a | | | |
| 8 | new file. WriteaCprogramtoreadnameandmarksof,,n"numberofstudentsfrom | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| 0 | user and store them in a file. If the file previously exists, then add | Understand | CO 3 | ACSB01.17 |
| | the information of n students to the end ofexisting | | | |
| | content. | | | |
| 9 | Write a C program to print the following from a given file: | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | Number of characters Number of spaces | | | |
| | 3. Number offabs | | | |
| | 4. Number of newlines | | | |
| 10 | Create a structure named employee containing name, age and | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| | basic pay. Write a C program to create 5 employee records and write to a file. Then | | | |
| | read the records from file and display it. | | | |
| 11 | Write a C program to maintain a record of "n" student details using | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | an arrayof structures with four fields (Roll number, Name, Marks, and | | | |
| | Grade). Each field is of an appropriate data type. Print themarks | | | |
| 12 | of the student given student name as input. Write a program to find the given element using linear searching | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| 13 | Write a program to sort given array elements using insertion sort | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| 14 | Define Algorithm and complexity of algorithm | Remember | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| 15 | Explain the bubble sorting algorithm with an example | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| | Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking | Questions) | | l |
| 1 | In fopen(), the open mode "wx" is sometimes preferred "w" because. | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.17 |
| | 1) Use of wxis moreefficient. | | | |
| | 2) If w is used, old contents of file are erased and a new | | | |
| | emptyfile is created. When wxis used, fopen() returns NULL if file alreadyexists. | | | |
| | a. Only1 | | | |
| | b. Only2 | | | |
| | c. Both 1 and2 | | | |
| | d. Neither 1 and2 | TTm 4 | CO. 7 | ACCEDO1 16 |
| 2 | Write a C program that request for a file name and an integer known as offset value. The program then reads the file starting from the | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | location specified by the offset value and prints the contents on the | | | |
| | screen. If the offset value is a positive integer then printing skips that | | | |
| | many lines. If it is negative number it prints that many lines from the | | | |
| | end of the file. An appropriate error message | | | |
| 2 | should be printed if anything goes wrong. | Understand | CO 5 | ACCD01 16 |
| 3 | Write a menu driven C program to add, display, search, update and delete the student record. Every student record contains | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | name, roll no, age and marks in individual subjects. | | | |
| 4 | Write a function that, given a binary file, copies the odd items (items | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |
| | 1,3,5,, | | | |
| | n) to a second binary file and the even items (items $2,4,6,\ldots,n$) to a | | | |
| | | <u> </u> | | |

| | third binary file. After all items have been copied, print the contents | | | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------|-----------|
| 5 | of both output files. Write a program in C to append multiple lines at the end of a text file. Assume that the content of the file test.txt is: test line1 test line2 test line3 test line 4 append thelines: test line5 test line6 test line6 test line7 | Understand | CO 5 | ACSB01.16 |

Signature of the faculty HOD, AE