JARE NO LINE

INSTITUTE OF AERONAUTICAL ENGINEERING

(Autonomous) Dundigal, Hyderabad-500043

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK

Course Title	PROB	PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS							
Course Code	AHSB	AHSB12							
Programme	B.Tech	B.Tech							
G .	II	CSI	E IT						
Semester	III	AE ME							
	IV CE								
Course Type	Foundation								
Regulation	IARE	- R18	3						
			Theory		Practio	cal			
Course Structure	Lecti	ures	Tutorials	Credits	Laboratory	Credits			
	3		1	4	-	-			
Chief Coordinator	Dr. S. Jagadha, Associate Professor, FE								
Course Faculty	Ms. P Srilatha, Assistant Professor, FE Ms. V Subbalaxmi, Assistant Professor, FE Ms. B Praveena, Assistant Professor, FE								

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The cou	The course should enable the students to:						
I	Enrich the knowledge of probability on single random variables and probability distributions.						
II	Apply the concept of correlation and regression to find covariance.						
III	Determine mean and variance of given data by sampling distribution.						
IV	Analyze the given data for appropriate test of hypothesis.						

COURSE OUTCOMES (COs):

CO 1	Describe the concept of probability, conditional probability, Baye's theorem and analyze the concepts
	of discrete, continuous random variables
CO 2	Determine the binomial, poisson and normal distribution to find mean, variance.
CO 3	Understand multiple random variables and enumerate correlation and regression to the given data.
CO 4	Explore the concept of sampling distribution and apply testing of hypothesis for sample means and proportions.
CO 5	Use t-test for means, F-test for variances and chi-square test for independence to determine whether
	there is a significant relationship between two categorical variables.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES (CLOs):

AHSB12.01	Describe the basic concepts of probability.
AHSB12.02	Summarize the concept of conditional probability and estimate the probability of event using Baye's theorem.
AHSB12.03	Analyze the concepts of discrete and continuous random variables, probability distributions, expectation and variance.
AHSB12.04	Use the concept of random variables in real-world problem like graph theory; machine learning, Natural language processing.
AHSB12.05	Determine the binomial distribution to find mean and variance.
AHSB12.06	Understand binomial distribution to the phenomena of real-world problem like sick versus healthy.
AHSB12.07	Determine the poisson distribution to find mean and variance.
AHSB12.08	Use poisson distribution in real-world problem to predict soccer scores.
AHSB12.09	Illustrate the inferential methods relating to the means of normal distributions.
AHSB12.10	Describe the mapping of normal distribution in real-world problem to analyze the stock market.
AHSB12.11	Explain multiple random variables and the covariance of two random variables.
AHSB12.12	Understand the concept of multiple random variables in real-world problems aspects of wireless communication system.
AHSB12.13	Calculate the correlation coefficient to the given data.
AHSB12.14	Contrast the correlation and regression to the real-world such as stock price and interest rates.
AHSB12.15	Calculate the regression to the given data.
AHSB12.16	Discuss the concept of sampling distribution of statistics and in particular describe the behavior of the sample mean.
AHSB12.17	Understand the foundation for hypothesis testing.
AHSB12.18	Summarize the concept of hypothesis testing in real-world problem to selecting the best means to stop smoking.
AHSB12.19	Apply testing of hypothesis to predict the significance difference in the sample means.
AHSB12.20	Apply testing of hypothesis to predict the significance difference in the sample proportions.
AHSB12.21	Use Student t-test to predict the difference in sample means.
AHSB12.22	Apply F-test to predict the difference in sample variances.
AHSB12.23	Understand the characteristics between the samples using Chi-square test.

TUTORIAL QUESTION BANK

	MODULE- I								
	PROBABILITY AND RANDOM VARIABLES								
G NI	Part - A (Short Answer Questions)	D.							
S No	QUESTIONS	Blooms	Course	Course					
		Taxonomy	Outcomes	Learning					
		Level		Outcomes (CLOs)					
1	What is the definition of probability?	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.01					
2	What is the probability for a leap year to have 52 Mondays and 53 Sundays?	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.01					
3	What is conditional probability?	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
4	State Baye's theorem.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
5	Define the discrete and continuous random variables with a suitable example.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
6	List the important Properties of probability density function.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
7	Obtain the probability distribution of getting number tails if we toss three coins.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
8	Define the term mathematical expectation of a probability distribution function	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
9	Define the term Mean and Variance of a probability mass function.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
10	Define the term Mean and Variance of a probability density function.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
11	Find the probability distribution for sum of scores on dice if we throw two dice.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
12	Out of 24 mangoes, 6 mangoes are rotten. If we draw two mangoes. Obtain	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
	probability distribution of number of rotten mangoes that can be drawn.								
13	If X is a random variable then Prove $E[X+K] = E[X] + K$, where 'K' constant.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
14	Prove that $\sigma^2 = E(X^2) - \mu^2$	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
15	·	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
	Explain probability mass function and probability density of random variables.								
16	If X is Discrete Random variable then Prove that Variance $(aX + b) = a^2$ Variance(X).	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
17	A fair coin is tossed six times. Find the probability of getting four heads.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
18	Define different types of random variables with example.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
19	A coin is tossed 9 times. Find the probability of getting 5 heads.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
20	Define random variable with an example.	Remember	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
1	Part - B (Long Answer Questions)	TT 1 . 1	GO 1	A 11GD 12 02					
1	A bag A contains 2 white and 3 red balls and a bag B contains 4 white and 5 red balls. One ball is drawn at random from one of the bags and it is found to be red.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
	Find the probability that the red ball drawn is from bag B.								
2	Suppose 5 men out of 100 and 25 women out of 10000 are colour blind. A colour	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
	blind person is chosen at random. What is the probability of the person being a	Chacistana		111151212.02					
	male (Assume male and female to be in equal numbers)?								
3	In a bolt factory machines A, B, C manufacture 20%, 30% and 50% of the total	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
	of their output and 6%, 3% and 2% are defective. A bolt is drawn at random and								
	found to be defective. Find the probabilities that it is manufactured from (i)								
	Machine A (ii) Machine B (iii) Machine C.								
4	Bag I contains 2 white, 3 red balls and bag II contains 4 white, 5 red balls, one	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
	ball is drawn at random from one of the bag it found to be red. Find the								
	probability that red ball is drawn from bag I.	TT- 4 · ·	CO 1	ALICD12 02					
5	In a certain college 25% are boys 10% are girls are studying statistics, the girls	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02					
	constitute 60% of class room. a) What is the probability that statistics is being studied?								
	b) If a student is selected at random and is found to be studying statistics,								
	find the probability that the student is a girl?								
6	The length of time(in minutes) that a certain lady speaks on the telephone is	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03					
	found to be random phenomenon, with a probability function specified by the			.===					
	function $f(x) = \int Ae^{-\frac{\pi}{5}} x \ge 0$ (i) Find the value of A that makes $f(x)$ a								
	function $f(x) = \begin{cases} Ae^{-\frac{x}{5}}, x \ge 0 \\ 0, otherwise \end{cases}$. (i) Find the value of A that makes $f(x)$ a								
	· ·								
	probability density function. (ii) What is the probability that she will take over								
	the phone is more than 20 minutes?								

7	If X denote the sum of the two numbers that appear when a pair of fair dice is tossed. Determine (i) Distribution function (ii) Mean and (iii) Variance.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
8	Is the function defined as follows a density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$. If so	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
	determine the probability that the variate having this density will fall in the interval (1, 2)? Find the cumulative probability F (2)?			
9	If probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} Kx^3, & 0 \le x \le 3 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$. Find the value of K	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
10	and find the probability between $x=1/2$ and $x=3/2$. A random variable x has the following probability function: $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
11	Let X denotes the minimum of the two numbers that appear when a pair of fair dice is thrown once. Determine (i) Discrete probability distribution (ii) Expectation (iii) Variance.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
12	A random variable X has the following probability function:	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
13	A continuous random variable has the probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} kxe^{-\lambda x}, & \text{for } x \ge 0, \lambda > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ Determine (i) k (ii) Mean (iii) Variance.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
14	If the Probability density function of random variable is $f(x) = k(1-x^2), 0 < x < 1$ then Calculate (i) k (ii) p(0.1 < x < 0.2) (iii) P(x > 0.5)	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
15	A random variable X has the following probability function. X	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
16	If X is a Continuous random variable whose density function is $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } 0 < x < 1 \\ 2 - x & \text{if } 1 \le x < 2 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$ Find $E(25X^2 + 30X - 5)$.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
17	The cumulative distribution function for a continuous random variable X is $F(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-2x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ Find (i) density function $f(x)$ (ii) Mean and (iii) Variance of the density function.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
18	Two coins are tossed simultaneously. Let X denotes the number of heads then find i) $E(X)$ ii) $E(X^2)$ iii) $E(X^3)$ iv) $V(X)$.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
19	Is the function defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 2 \\ \frac{1}{18}(2x+3), & 2 \le x \le 4 \end{cases}$ a probability density function? Find the probability that a variate having $f(x)$ as density function will fall in the interval $2 \le x \le 3$.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
20	The probability density function of a random variable X is $f(x) = \frac{K}{x^2+1}$, $-\infty < x < \infty$. Find K and the distribution function F(x).	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03

	Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking Q	uestions)		
1	A box contains 2 red, 3 blue and 4 black, three balls are drawn from the box at	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02
	random. Find probability that			
	(i) Three balls are different colours.			
	(ii) Three balls are same colour.			
	(iii) Two are same and third is different.	TT 1 . 1	GO 1	A 11GD 12 02
2	A businessman goes to hotels X, Y, Z, 20%, 50% and 30% of the time respectively. It is known that 5%, 4%, 8% of the rooms in X, Y, Z hotels have	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02
	faulty plumbing. What is the probability that business man's room having faulty			
	pluming is assigned to hotel Z?			
3	In a factory, machine A produces 40% of the output and machine B produces	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.02
	60%. On the average, 9 items in 1000 produced by A are defective and 1 item in			
	250 produced by B is defective. An item drawn at random from a day's output is			
_	defective. What is the probability that it was produced by A or B?	TT 1 . 1	GO 1	A 11GD 12 02
4	A fair die is tossed. Let the random variable X denote the twice the number	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
	appearing on the die: (i) Write the probability distribution of X (ii) Mean and (iii) Variance.			
5		Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
	If $f(x) = ke^{- x }$ is probability density function in the interval, $-\infty < x < \infty$, then find i) k ii) Mean iii) Variance iv) $P(0 < x < 4)$.			
6	The function $f(x)=Ax^2$, in $0 < x < 1$ is valid probability density function then find	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
0	the value of A.	Onderstand	COI	A113D12.03
7		Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
	The density function of a random variable X is $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & x \ge 0 \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$			
	(0 ,otherwise			
	Find $E(X)$, $E(X^2)$, $V(X)$.			
8	If $E(X) = 10$, $v(x) = 1$ then find $E[2x(x+20)]$.	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
9	A discrete random variable V has the following makehility distribution	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
9	A discrete random variable X has the following probability distribution	Understand	COT	Ansb12.05
	X 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8			
	P(X=x) 2k 4k 6k 8k 10k 12k 14k 4k			
	Find (i) k (ii) p(X<3) (iii) $p(X \ge 5)$			
10	For the continuous random variable X whose probability density function is	Understand	CO 1	AHSB12.03
10		Chatiania	001	1112212.00
	given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} cx(2-x), & 0 \le x \le 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{cases}$			
	given by $f(x) = \begin{cases} cx(2-x), 0 \le x \le 2\\ 0, \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$			
	Find c, mean and variance of X.			
	MODULE-II PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION			
	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION Part – A (Short Answer Questions)			
1	20% of items produced from a goods factory are defective. If we choose 5 items	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
L	randomly then find the probability of non defective item.			
2	The probability if no misprint in a book is e^{-4} . Find probability that a page of	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
	book contains exactly two misprints.			<u> </u>
3	Assume that 50% of all engineering students are good in Mathematics.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
	Determine the probability that among 18 engineering students exactly 10 are			
	good in Mathematics.	TT 1	G0 =	A110710.07
4	If the probability of a defective bolt is 0.2, find (i) mean (ii) standard deviation	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
5	for the bolts in a total of 400. Explain about Binomial distribution.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.05
6	If n=4, p=0.5 then find standard deviation of the binomial distribution.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
7	Explain about Poisson distribution.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.07
8	Determine the binomial distribution for which the mean is 4 and variance 3	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
9	If X is normally distributed with mean 2 and variance 0.1, then find	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
	$P(x-2 \ge 0.01)$?			
10	If X is Poisson variate such that $P(X=1) = 24P(X=3)$ then find the mean.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
10	11 21 15 1 5155011 variate such that $1(2x-1) - 2\pi i(2x-3)$ then find the findali.	Onderstand	CO 2	7110012.07

11	Explain about Normal distribution.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.09
12	What is the recurrence relation for binomial distribution?	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.05
13	The mean and variance of a binomial distribution are 4 and $4/3$ respectively. Then find $P(x=1)$.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
14	In eight throws of a die 5 or 6 is considered a success. Find the mean number of success	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
15	If a bank received on the average 6 bad cheques per day, find the probability that it will receive 4 bad cheques on any given day.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
16	Define Normal curve.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.09
17	Define the terms Mean, Variance of Poisson distribution	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.07
18	Define the term mode of a Binomial distribution.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.05
19	Define the terms mean, variance of Binomial distribution.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.05
20	Draft the recurrence relation for the Binomial distribution.	Remember	CO 2	AHSB12.05
<u> </u>	Part - B (Long Answer Questions)			
1	Out of 20 tape recorders 5 are defective. Find the standard deviation of defective in the sample of 10 randomly chosen tape recorders. Find (i) $P(X=0)$ (ii) $P(X=1)$ (iii) $P(X=2)$ (iv) $P(X=4)$.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
2	A car-hire firm has two cars which it hires out day by day. The number of demands for a car o n each day is distributed as a Poisson distribution with mean 1.5. Calculate the proportion of days (i) on which there is no demand (ii) on which demand is refused.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
3	The average number of phone calls per minute coming into a switch board between 2 P.M. and 4 P.M. is 2.5. Determine the probability that during one particular minute (i) 4 or fewer calls (ii) more than 6 calls.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
4	In 1000 sets of trials per an event of small probability the frequencies f of the number of x of successes are	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
5	For a normally distributed variate with mean 1 and standard deviation 3. Find i) $P(3.43 \le X \le 6.19)$ ii) $P(-1.43 \le X \le 6.19)$.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
6	If X is a normal variate with mean 30 and standard deviation 5. Find the probabilities that i) P $(26 \le X \le 40)$ ii) P $(X \ge 45)$.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
7	4 coins are tossed 160 times. Fit the Binomial distribution of getting number of heads.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
8	The mean weight of 500 male students at a certain college is 75kg and the standard deviation is 7kg. Assuming that the weights are normally distributed find how many students weight (i) Between 60 and 78 kg (ii) more than 92kg.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
9	The mean and standard deviation of the box obtained by 1000 students in an examination are respectively 34.5 and 16.5. Assuming the normality of the distribution. Find the approximate number of students expected to obtain marks between 30 and 60.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
10	If the masses of 300 students are normally distributed with mean 68 kgs and standard deviation 3 kgs. How many students have masses (i) greater than 72 kg (ii) less than or equal to 64 kg (iii) between 65 and 71 kg inclusive.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
11	Out of 800 families with 5 children each, how many would you expect to have (i)3 boys (ii)5girls (iii)either 2 or 3 boys? Assume equal probabilities for boys and girls.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
12	If a Poisson distribution is such that $P(X = 1) = \frac{3}{2}P(X = 3)$ then find (i)	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
13	$P(X \ge 1)$ (ii) $P(X \le 3)$ (iii) $P(2 \le X \le 5)$. Average number of accidents on any day on a national highway is 1.8. Determine the probability that the number of accidents is (i) at least one (ii) at most one	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
14	the probability that the number of accidents is (i) at least one (ii) at most one. In a Normal distribution, 7% of the item are under 35 and 89% are under 63. Find the mean and standard deviation of the distribution.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
15	A shipment of 20 tape recorders contains 5 defectives find the standard deviation of the probability distribution of the number of defectives in a sample of 10	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07

	randomly chosen for inspection.			
16	1000 students have written an examination with the mean of test is 35 and	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
10	standard deviation is 5. Assuming the distribution to be normal find i) How many		CO 2	7115512.09
	students marks like between 25 and 40? ii) How many students get more than			
	40? iii) How many students get below 20? iv) How many students get more than			
	50.			
17	Fit a Binomial Distribution to the following data	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
	x 0 1 2 3 4 5			
10	f 2 14 20 34 22 8	TT 1 . 1	CO 2	A LIGD 12 07
18	Show that the recurrence relation for the Poisson distribution is	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07
	$P(x) = \frac{\lambda}{x} \cdot P(x-1)$ The life of electronic tubes of a certain types may be assumed to be normal			
19	The life of electronic tubes of a certain types may be assumed to be normal	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
	distributed with mean 155 hours and standard deviation 19 hours. Determine the probability that the life of a randomly chosen tube is			
	(i) between 136 hours and 174 hours.			
	(ii) less than 117 hours			
	(iii) will be more than 195 hours			
20	The probability that a man hitting a target is 1/3. If he fires 5 times, determine	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
	the probability that he fires			
	(i) At most 3 times (ii) At least 2 times			
1	Part - C (Problem Solving and Critical Thinking (CO 2	AUCD12.07
2	Prove that the Poisson distribution is a limiting case of Binomial distribution. Derive variance of the Poisson distribution.	Understand Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07 AHSB12.07
3	Prove that Mode in Normal distribution.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.07 AHSB12.09
4	Derive median of the Normal distribution.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
5	The marks obtained in Statistics in a certain examination found to be normally	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09
	distributed. If 15% of the students greater than or equal to 60 marks, 40% less		002	11110212109
	than 30 marks. Find the mean and standard deviation.			
6	The variance and mean of a binomial variable X with parameters n and p are 4	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
	and 3. Find i) $P(X=1)$ ii) $P(X \ge 1)$ iii) $P(0 < X < 3)$.			
7	Fit a Binomial distribution to the following data	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
	x 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 Total f 13 25 52 58 32 16 4 200	_		
0	1 13 25 32 30 32 10 1 200	TI. 1 1	CO 1	A HCD 12 00
8	Prove that Mean in Normal distribution. The marks obtained in mathematics by 1000 students are normally distributed	Understand Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.09 AHSB12.09
)	with mean 78% and standard deviation 11%. Determine	Officerstatio	CO 2	Alisbi2.09
	(i)How many students got marks above 90% marks			
	(ii) What was the highest mark obtained by the lowest 10% of the students			
	(iii)Within what limits did the middle of 90% of the student lie.			
10	Derive the mean of a Binomial Distribution.	Understand	CO 2	AHSB12.05
	MODULE -III			
	CORRELATION AND REGRESSION Part - A (Short Answer Questions)			
1	Define correlation coefficient.	Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.13
2	Explain types of correlation.	Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.13
3	Given n=12, $\sigma_x = 2.5$, $\sigma_y = 3.6$ and sum of the product of deviation from the	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
4	mean of X and Y is 64 find the correlation co-efficient. Explain about rank correlation coefficient.	Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.13
5	Write the properties of correlation coefficient.	Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.13
6		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	If $\sum XY = 216$, $\sum X^2 = 102$, $\sum Y^2 = 471$ then find correlation		-	
7	coefficient. Given $n=10$, $\sigma_x = 5.4$, $\sigma_y = 6.2$ and sum of product of deviations from the	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
'	·			1 ==== 3 12.13
8	mean of X and Y is 66 find the correlation co-efficient.	Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.13
9	Write the properties of rank correlation coefficient. From the following data calculate (i) correlation c coefficient (ii) standard	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	deviation of y.	Chacistana		AHSD12.13
L	,	1		L

$bxy=0.85$, $byx=0.89$, $\sigma_x = 3$.														
10	If $N=8$, \sum				$\sum X$	Y =	37560 ti	hen	find (COV(X,	Y).	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
11	The equation coefficient o			sion line	s are 7x	k-16y	7+9=0, 5y	-4x-	-3=0.	Find the		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
12	What are nor			or regres	sion li	nes?						Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.15
13	Explain abou											Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.11
14	If r ₁₂ =0.5, r ₁₃				multip	le co	rrelation	coef	ficien	t R _{1.23} .		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
15	What is the r											Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.11
16	Define multi											Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.11
17	If $r_{12} = 0.7$	$7, r_{13}$	= 0.72, r	$r_{23} = 0.5$	52 Fin	d the	multiple	cori	relatio	n coeffi	cient	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
18	R _{1.23.} Write the pro	onortio	s of room	ssion lin	26							Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.15
19	Write the dif					d roo	rossion					Remember	CO 3	AHSB12.15
20	If r ₁₂ =0.8, r ₁₃					_		n cc	offici	ont D. a		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
20	11 112-0.0, 113	3-0.5 a	11u 123—U	3 uien in		_	B (Long					Understand	CO 3	AHSD12.11
1	A random sa	mnla (of 5 collec	ra studar							118)	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
1	mathematics					iccic	and the	ıı gı	aues	111		Officerstatio	CO 3	Alisb12.15
	matrematics	ana st	1	2	3			4		5				
	Mathematic	CS	85	60	73			40		90				
	Statistics	<u> </u>	93	75	65			50		80				
	Calculate Pe	arman				rient		50		00				
2	Calculate the							dat	a			Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
_	x 12		9 8	10	11		13	7				Charletana	000	1112212.10
	v 14		3 6	9	11		12	13						
3	The following	ng data	gives the	marks i	n obtaii	ned ł	ov 10 stud	lents	in ac	countan	cv	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	and statistics	_	81,00 0110	111011101			, 10 state		, 111 44	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Charletana	000	1112212110
	R. No. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10													
	Accountant	cv 4	15 70	65 3		40		75	85	60				
	Statistics		35 90	70 4	0 95	40) 80	80	80	50				
	Find the coef	fficien	t of correl	ation.						1				
4	Calculate the	e Karl	Pearson's	coeffici	ent of c	orre	lation fro	m th	e foll	owing d	ata.	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	Wages	100	101	102	102	100) 99	97	98	3 96	95			
	Cost of													
5	living Find a suitab	98	99	99 f correla	97	95		95		90	91	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	Fertilizer	10 000		Correra	tion for			z uai	ıa.			Officerstand	CO 3	Alisb12.15
	used(tones)	,	15 18	20	24	30	35		40	50				
	Productivit	***												
	(tones)	,	85 93	95	105	12	0 130)	150	160)			
6	The following	ıg table	e give the	distribu	tion of	the to	otal popu	latio	n and	those w	ho	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	are totally pa													
	age and bline			C				٠						
	Age	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-	-40	40-50	50)-60	60-70	70-			
	No. of													
	Persons	100	60	40	3	6	24		11	6	3			
	(000)													
	Blind	55	40	40	4	0	36	,	22	18	15			
7	Following ar	e the r	anks obta	ined by	10 stud	ents	in two su	biec	ts. St	atistics a	nd	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	Following are the ranks obtained by 10 students in two subjects, Statistics and Mathematics. To what extent the knowledge of the students in two subjects is related?													
	Statistics 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10													
	Mathematic	00	1 2 2 4	3	5	3	9 7		10	6 8	<u>, </u>			
8	The ranks of			Mothama	-		,			-		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
0	(1,1),(2,10),(14,12),(15,1)	(3,3),(4	1,4),(5,5),	(6,7),(7,1)	2),(8,6)	,(9,8),(10,11),	(11,	15),(1	2,9),(13		Onucisianu		AHSD12.15

	of this group in mathematics and statistics.			
9	A sample of 12 fathers and their elder sons gave the following data about their	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
7	elder sons. Calculate the coefficient of rank correlation.	Oliderstalid	CO 3	Alisb12.15
	Fathers 65 63 67 64 68 62 70 66 68 67 69 71			
	Sons 68 66 68 65 69 66 68 65 71 67 68 70			
10	Following are the rank obtained by 10 students in two subjects, Statistics and	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
10	Mathematics. To what extent the knowledge of the students in two subjects, statistics and	Uliderstalid	CO 3	Ansb12.15
	related?			
	Mathematics 48 33 40 9 16 16 65 24 16 57			
	Statistics 13 13 24 6 15 4 20 9 6 19			
	Statistics 13 13 24 0 13 4 20 7 0 17			
11	Determine the regression equation which best fit to the following data:	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	X 10 12 13 16 17 20 25	Charle	000	1113212.13
	v 10 22 24 27 29 33 37			
12	In the following table S is weight of Potassium bromide which will dissolve in	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	100 grams. Of water at V°C. Fit an equation of the form S=mT+b by the method			
	of least squares. Use this relation to estimate S when T=50°.			
	T 0 20 40 60 80			
	S 54 65 75 85 96			
13	From a sample of 200 pairs of observation the following quantities were	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	calculated.			
	$\Sigma_{X=11.34}$, $\Sigma_{Y=20.78}$, $\Sigma_{X^2=12.16}$, $\Sigma_{Y^2=84.96}$, $\Sigma_{XY=22.13}$			
	From the above data show how to compute the coefficients of the equation			
	Y=a+bX.			
14		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
17	If $\sigma_x = \sigma_y = \sigma$ and the angle between the regression lines is $Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$. Find r.	Chacistana	CO 3	Alight2.13
	3). That is			
15	Give the following data compute multiple coefficient of correlation of X_3 on X_1	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
10	and X_2 .	Circorounic	000	11110212111
	X ₁ 3 5 6 8 12 14			
	X ₂ 16 10 7 4 3 2			
	X ₃ 90 72 54 42 30 12			
16	For 20 army personal the regression of weight of kidneys (Y) on weight of heart	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	(X) is Y=0.399X+6.394 and the regression of weight of heart on weight of			
	kidneys is X=1.212Y+2.461. Find the correlation coefficient.			
17	Find the most likely production corresponding to a rainfall 40 from the following	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	data:			
	Rain fall(X) Production(Y)			
	Average 30 500Kgs			
	Standard deviation 5 100Kgs			
	Coefficient of correlation 0.8 -			
18	The heights of mothers and daughters are given in the following table. From the	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	two tables of regression estimate the expected average height of daughter when			
	the height of the mother is 64.5 inches.			
	Height of the 62 63 64 64 65 66 68 70			
	mother(inches)			
	Height of the 64 65 61 69 67 68 71 65			
10	daughter(inches)	TT 1 . 1	CO 2	AHODAGAA
19	A panel of two judges P and Q graded seven dramatic performances by	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
	independently awarding marks as follows: Performance 1 2 3 4 5 6 7			
	The eight performance, which judge Q would not attend, was awarded 37 marks by judge P. If judge Q had also been present, how many marks would be			
	expected to have been awarded by him to the eight performance.			
20	Find the multiple linear regression of X_1 on X_2 and X_3 from the data given	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
	below:	Onderständ	CO 3	A113D12.11
L	0010 111			1

	X ₁ 11 17 26 28 31 35 41 49 63 69			
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			
	Part – C (Problem Solving and Critical Think	ing)		
1	Find coefficient of correlation between X and Y for the following data.	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
1	X 10 12 18 24 23 27	Chacistana	CO 3	7415012.13
	Y 13 18 12 25 30 10			
2	Ten competitors in a musical test were ranked by the three judges A, B and C in	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
2	the following order.	Officerstatio	CO 3	Alisb12.13
	Rank A 1 6 5 10 3 2 4 9 7 8			
	Rank B 3 5 8 4 7 10 2 1 6 9			
	Rank C 6 4 9 8 1 2 3 10 5 7			
	Using rank correlation method, discuss which pair of judges has the nearest			
	approach to common likings in music.			
3	Obtain the rank correlation coefficient for the following data.	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	X 68 64 75 50 64 80 75 40 55 64			
	Y 62 58 68 45 81 60 68 48 50 70			
4	Prove that the coefficient of correlation lies between -1 and 1.	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
5	The ranks of the 15 students in two subjects A and B are given below, the two	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.13
	numbers within the brackets denoting the ranks of the same student in A and B			
	respectively.			
	(1,10), (2,7), (3,2), (4,6), (5,4), (6,8), (7,3), (8,1), (9,11), (10,15), (11,9), (12,5),			
	(13,14), (14,12), (15,13)			
	Use Spearman's formula to find the rank correlation coefficient.			
				1
06	Prove that the angle between the two regression lines.	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
07	If $\sigma_x = \sigma_y = \sigma$ and the angle between the regression lines are $\theta = Tan^{-1}(3)$	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
	. Obtain r.			
08		Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
08	If θ is the angle between two regression lines and S.D. of Y is twice the S.D. of	Officerstatio	CO 3	Alisb12.15
	X and r=0.25, find tan θ .			
09	Find the multiple linear regression equation of X_1 on X_2 and X_3 from the data	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.11
	given below:			
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
	X_3 4 6 8 10			
10	Calculate the regression equation of Y on X from the data given below, taking	Understand	CO 3	AHSB12.15
10	deviations from actual means of X and Y.	Chacistana	CO 3	7415D12.13
	Price(Rs.) 10 12 13 12 16 15			
	Amount			
	Amount 40 38 43 45 37 43			
	Estimate the likely demand when the price is Rs. 20.			
	MODULE -IV			
	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - I			
	Part – A (Short Answer Questions)	1		1
1	Explain different types and classification of sampling.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.16
2	Define population? Give an example.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.16
3	Define sample? Give an example.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.16
4	Define parameter and statistic.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.16
5	What is the value of correction factor if n=5 and N=200.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
6	Define standard error of a statistic.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.16
7	How many different samples of size n=2 can be chosen from a finite population	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
0	of size 25.	Undomston d	CO 4	AUCD12.16
8	Find standard error and probable error of sample size 14 and correlation	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
9	coefficient 0.74. If the population consists of four members 1, 5, 6, 8. How many samples of size	Understand	CO 4	АЦСD10 16
9	three can be drawn with replacement?	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
10	The mean weekly wages of workers are with standard deviation of rupees 4. A	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
10	The mean weekly wages of workers are with standard deviation of tupees 4. A	Onuerstand	CU 4	A113D12.10

	complete COS is calculated. Find the standard array of the many			1
11	sample of 625 is selected. Find the standard error of the mean.	Remember	CO 4	AUCD12 16
12	Distinguish between large and small samples with example. In a manufacturing company out of 100 goods 25 are top quality. Find sample	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16 AHSB12.20
	proportion.			
13	Construct the confidence interval for single mean if mean of sample size of 400 is 40, standard deviation is 10.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
14	Construct the confidence interval for single proportion if 18 goods are defective from a sample of 200 goods.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
15	Define sample proportion.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.20
16	In a manufacturing company out of 200 goods 80 were faulty. Find sample	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	proportion.			
17	Find the sample proportion in one day production of 400 articles only 50 are top quality.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
18	Write the test statistic for difference of means in large samples.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.19
19	Write the test statistic for difference of proportions in large samples.	Remember	CO 4	AHSB12.20
20	Find the confidence interval for mean if mean of sample size of 144 is 150,	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	standard deviation is 2.	Chacisana		11110212.17
	Part – B (Long Answer Questions)			1
1	A population consists of five numbers 2,3,6,8 and 11. Consider all possible	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	samples of size two which can be drawn with replacement from this population.			
	Find i) The many of the manufaction			
	i) The mean of the population.ii) The standard deviation of the population.			
	iii) The mean of the sampling distribution of means.			
	iv) The standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means.			
2	A population consists of 5, 10, 14, 18, 13, 24. Consider all possible samples of	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
2	size two which can be drawn without replacement from this population. Find	Understand	CO 4	Ansb12.10
	i) The mean of the population.			
	ii) The standard deviation of the population.			
	iii) The mean of the sampling distribution of means.			
	iv) The standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means.			
3	A population consists of five numbers 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24. Consider all possible	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	samples of size two which can be drawn without replacement from this	Chacistana	CO 4	7111512.10
	population. Find			
	i) The mean of the population.			
	ii) The standard deviation of the population.			
	iii) The mean of the sampling distribution of means.			
	iv) he standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means.			
4	Samples of size 2 are taken from the population 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6. Which can be	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	drawn with replacement? Find	0 0 0 0		
	i) The mean of the population.			
	ii) The standard deviation of the population.			
	iii) The mean of the sampling distribution of means.			
	iv) T he standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means.			
5	Samples of size 2 are taken from the population 3, 6, 9, 15 27. Which can be	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	drawn with replacement? Find			
	i) The mean of the population ii) The standard deviation of the population			
	iii) The mean of the sampling distribution of means			
	iv) The standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means.			
6	If the population is 3, 6, 9, 15, 27	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	i) List all possible samples of size 3 that can be taken without replacement from			
	the finite population.			
	ii) Calculate the mean of each of the sampling distribution of means.			
	iii) Find the standard deviation of sampling distribution of means.			
7	The mean height of students in a college is 155 cms and standard deviation is 15.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
L	What is the probability that the mean height of 36 students is less than 157 cms.	<u> </u>		
8	A random sample of size 100 is taken from an infinite population having the	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	mean 76 and the variance 256. What is the probability that x will be between 75			
	mean , a and the randine 250, what is the probability that A will be between 75			1

	and 78.						
9		ormal population	n is equal to the sta	ndard error of the mean	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	of the samples of 64 fr				Charle		11110212110
	the sample size 36 will		•	•			
10	A random sample of si	ze 64 is taken fi	om a normal popul	lation with $\mu = 51.4$ and	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	σ =68. What is the pro-	bability that the	e mean of the samp	le will			
	i) exceed 52.9 ii) fall	between 50.5 a	nd 52.3 iii) be les	ss than 50.6.			
11	A sample of 400 items		<u> </u>		Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
11	10. The mean of sample				Onderstand	CO 4	7415512.17
	population with mean 3						
	population.						
12				nembers are 67.5 inches	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	and 68.0 inches respect		samples be regarde	d as drawn from the			
10	same population of S.			0.0	TT 1 . 1	GO 1	A TIGD 10 10
13				8.9 minutes to reach its	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	destination In emergen license to Ambulance s						
	mean of 9.2 minutes w						
	significance?	in 1.0 iiiiiaces.	white can they con	101440 41 5 /0 10 101 01			
14	According to norms es	stablished for a	mechanical aptitud	e test persons who are	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	18 years have an avera						
	persons have average	76.7 test the hyp	pothesis $H_0: \mu = 73$.2 againist alternative			
	hypothesis : $\mu > 73.2$.					~~ .	
15	A sample of 100 electr				Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	life time of 1190 hrs ar manufacturer 'B' Show						
	there difference between						
	level of 0.05.	ar the mean me	times of the two of	ands at a significance			
16	On the basis of their to	tal scores, 200 d	candidates of a civi	l service examination	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	are divided into two gr						
	Consider the first quest						
				I the correct answer. On			
	the basis of these result			uestion is not good at			
17	discriminating ability of A cigarette manufactur			of cigarattee outcalle ite	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
17				00 smokers prefer brand		CO 4	Alisbiz.20
				and B. Test whether 8%			
	difference is a valid cla	. •					
18	If 48 out of 400 person				Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	500 in urban area. Can						
10	rural area and Urban ar				***	GO 1	ATTGD 12 10
19	Samples of students we				Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	kilograms mean and S. test to the significance			make a large sample			
	test to the signmentee	Mean	Standard	Sample Size			
			Deviation	•			
	University - A	55	10	400			
	University - B	57	15	100			
20	In a big city 325 men				Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	information support the smokers?	e conclusion tha	it the majority of m	en in this city are			
	SHIUKUIS!	Part	_ C (Problem Sol	ving and Critical Thin	 king)		<u> </u>
1	Let $S = \{1, 5, 6, 8\}$, find				Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	random sample of size				3.		
	i) The mean of the pop	ulation.	-				
	ii) The standard deviate						
	iii) The mean of the sar						
2	iv) The standard deviate				I In donator d	CO 4	AUCD10 16
2	Samples of size 2 are t	aken nom me p	оринанон 1, 2, 3, 4	, 5, 0. willen call be	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16

	drawn without replacement? Find			
	i) The mean of the population.			
	ii) The standard deviation of the population.			
	iii) The mean of the sampling distribution of means.			
	iv) The standard deviation of the sampling distribution of means.			
3	A normal population has a mean of 0.1 and standard deviation of 2.1. Find the probability that mean of a sample of size 900 will be negative.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
4	A random sample of size 64 is taken from an infinite population having the	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	mean 45 and the standard deviation 8. What is the probability that x will be			
	between 46 and 47.5.			
5	If a 1-gallon can of paint covers on an average 513 square feet with a standard	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.16
	deviation of 31.5 square feet, what is the probability that the mean area covered			
	by a sample of 40 of these 1-gallon cans will be anywhere from 510to 520 square			
	feet?			
6	A sample of 900 members has mean of 3.4 and S.D of 2.61 is this sample has	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	been taken from a large population mean 3.25 and S.D 2.61. Also calculate 95%			
	confidence interval.	** 1		A TYGD 10 10
7	It is claimed that a random sample of 49 tyres has a mean life of 15200 kms this	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.19
	sample was taken from population whose mean is 15150 kms and S.D is 1200			
8	km test 0.05 level of significant.	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
8	A manufacturer claims that at least 95% of the equipment which he supplied to a factory conformed to specifications. An examination of sample of 200 pieces of	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	equipments received 18 were faulty test the claim at 0.05 level.			
	equipments received 16 were raulty test the claim at 0.05 level.			
9	Among the items produced by a factory out of 500, 15 were defective. In another	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	sample of 400, 20 were defective test the significant difference between two	Onderstand	CO 4	71115112.20
	proportions at 5% level.			
10	A manufacturer produced 20 defective articles in a batch of 400. After	Understand	CO 4	AHSB12.20
	overhauled it produced 10 defective in a batch of 300 has a machine being			
	improved after over hauling.			
	MODULE -V			
	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II			
	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions)			
1	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
1 2	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions)	Understand Remember	CO 5	AHSB12.21 AHSB12.22
2	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test.	Remember	CO 5	AHSB12.22
	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F		CO 5	
3 4	MODULE -V TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test.	Remember	CO 5 CO 5	AHSB12.22
3	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test. If \overline{x} =40, μ = 25, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. What is the test statistic for t test for single mean? Define degree of freedom.	Remember Understand	CO 5 CO 5 CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21
2 3 4 5 6	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test. If \overline{x} =40, μ = 25, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. What is the test statistic for t test for single mean? Define degree of freedom. What is the degree of freedom for F test?	Remember Understand Remember Remember Remember	CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.22
2 3 4 5 6 7	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test. If \overline{x} =40, μ = 25, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. What is the test statistic for t test for single mean? Define degree of freedom. What is the degree of freedom for F test? Find F _{0.05} with (7, 8) degrees of freedom.	Remember Understand Remember Remember Remember Understand	CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.22
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test. If \overline{x} =40, μ = 25, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. What is the test statistic for t test for single mean? Define degree of freedom. What is the degree of freedom for F test? Find F _{0.05} with (7, 8) degrees of freedom. Find t _{0.05} when 16 degrees of freedom.	Remember Understand Remember Remember Remember Understand Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21
2 3 4 5 6 7	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test. If \overline{x} =40, μ = 25, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. What is the test statistic for t test for single mean? Define degree of freedom. What is the degree of freedom for F test? Find F _{0.05} with (7, 8) degrees of freedom. Find t _{0.05} when 16 degrees of freedom. A random sample of size 16 from a normal population. The mean of sample is 53	Remember Understand Remember Remember Remember Understand	CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5 CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.22
3 4 5 6 7 8	TEST OF HYPOTHESIS - II Part - A (Short Answer Questions) If \overline{x} =47.5, μ = 42.1, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. Write a short note on Distinguish between t test for difference of means and F test. If \overline{x} =40, μ = 25, s = 8.4, n = 24 then find t. What is the test statistic for t test for single mean? Define degree of freedom. What is the degree of freedom for F test? Find F _{0.05} with (7, 8) degrees of freedom. Find t _{0.05} when 16 degrees of freedom. A random sample of size 16 from a normal population. The mean of sample is 53 and sum of square of deviations from mean is 150.can this sample is regarded as	Remember Understand Remember Remember Remember Understand Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.21 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21
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			1	Part - B (Long Ansv	ver Questions)			
1	Producer of 'gr	utkha' claim:		ne content in his 'gu		Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
-				oted if a random sam				
	of this type hav	ve the nicotir	ne contents of 2	.0,1.7,2.1, 1.9,2.2, 2.	1, 2.0,1.6 mg.			
2				990 hrs with S.D of 2		Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
		claims that th	e mean life of b	oulbs 1000 hrs. Is the	e sample not upt	0		
3	the standard?	nlo of 10 L	ys had the follo	ving I O's		Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
3				wing i.Q s he data support the a	essumption of	Understand	1 603	AHSB12.21
				evel of significance?				
4				9,7 are 196.42 and		of Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	squares of dev	iations from	their respective	e means are 26.94,18	3.73.can the			
			ave been the sar					
5				of squares of deviat			CO 5	AHSB12.22
				d another sample of				
	variances at at			ificant difference be	tween two sam	pie		
6			the following re	esults.		Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
			Sample	Sum of squa	ares of			
	Sample	size	mean	deviations fro				
	I	10	15	90				
	II	12	14	10				
				me population or no		TT 1	60.7	A HGD 10 01
7	values.	ent samples (of items are giv	en respectively had	the following	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	Sample I	11 11	13 1	1 15 9	12 14			
	Sample II	9 11	10 1		10 -			
		here is any si	gnificant differ	ence between their n	neans?			
8	Time taken by workers in performing a job by method 1 and method 2 is given						CO 5	AHSB12.21
	below.							
	Method 1	20 16		22 26 -				
	Method 2	27 33	42 35 1	32 34 38				
	Does the data s	show that var	riances of time	distribution from pop	oulation which			
	these samples a	are drawn do	not differ signi	ficantly?	•			
9				in a certain area as fo		Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
			•	ncies in agreement w	ith the belief that	at		
10			during last 10 v	veeks. ng results .show that	the die is	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
10	unbiased.	i 204 tillies v	with the followi	ing results .snow that	tile die is	Onderstand		Ansb12.23
	No appeared	l on dia	1 2	3 4	5 6			
	Frequency	on the	40 32	28 58	54 52			
11		e choosen at		et of tables the freque	-	s Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	are			1	, ,			
	digit	0 1	2 3	4 5 6	7 8 9)		
	frequency	18 19	23 21	16 25 22	20 21 1	5		
				of the hypothesis th	at the digits are			
1.0	distributed in e				1 000	0.5		1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
12	-	istribution to	the following	lata and test the good	dness of fit at 0.	05 Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	level.	0	1 2	3 4 5	6 7			
	frequency	305	366 210	80 28 9	2 1			
13	Given below is	the number	of male hirths	n 1000 families havi	ing 5 children	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
13	Male chil		0 1	2 3 4	5	Sinderstand		1110012.23
	Number of f			250 200 30	180			
		•	<u> </u>	,				
				ith the hypothesis th				
	distribution no	ius ii ine cha	nice of a male b	irth is equal to fema	ie oitui.			

14	5 dice were thro	wn 96	times th	e num	ber of ti	mes s	howing	4,5 o	r 6 ol	btain	is	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	given below	_												
	X	0	1	2	3	4	5							
	frequency	1	10	24	35	18	8							
	Fit a binomial di													
15	The following is									<u> </u>		Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	Trucks per	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	5	7	8			
	hour	52	151	130	102	1.5	12	2	,	1	2			
	frequency company wear h		151	130	102	45	12	3)	1	2			
	Fit a poisson dis 0.05 level.		on to the	follo	wing tab	le and	d test the	good	dness	of fi	t at			
16	The average brea	aking s	strength	of the	steel roc	ls is s	pecified	to be	e 18.5	5 thou	sand	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	pounds. To test t													
	were 17.85 and												~~ -	
17	A group of 5 pat											Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
	Second group of 38, 42, 56, 64, 6													
	increases the we				you agr	cc wi	ui uic ci	amm u	11at 11	icaici	псъ			
18	In one sample of				sum of	the d	eviation	s of tl	he sa	mple	values	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	from sample me	an was	120 and	d in th	e other s	ampl	e of 12 o							
	314. Test whether													
19	The following ta											Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	and nature of wo of the worker.	ork. Te	st wheth	er the	nature o	of wor	K 18 Ind	epenc	ient o	of the	gender			
	of the worker.		Stab	le l	Unstabl	Α	Total							
	Male		40	10	20		60							
	Female		10		30		40							
	Total		50		50		100							
20	The following ra	ındom				ents		eat-pr	oduc	ing c	anacity	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	(in millions of ca										пристеј	Ciracistana		11110212121
	Mine 1 8,20			8,350	8,070		240							
	Mine 2 7,93		,	7,900	8,140			7,840						
	Use the 0.05 level						is reaso	nable	e to a	ssum	e that			
	the variances of	the two	o popula				C-1	•	1.0	1*4*	1 701-1-1-	•		
	A mechanist ma	king or	ngina na		t – C (F							Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
1	sample of 10 par											Officerstand	CO 3	Alisbiz.zi
1	inch. Compute the													
	specifications.										C			
2	To examine the											Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
	an investigator to					nd ad	minister	ed th	em a	test v	vhich			
	measures the I.Q Husbands	<u>). The i</u> 117	105	97	105	123	109	80	6 7	0 1	03 107			
		106	98	87	103	116	95	9(08 85			
	Test the hypothe													
3	Two independen											Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	Sample I	11	11	13	11		15	9		12	14			
	Sample II	9	11	10			9	8		10				
	Is the difference								_		•	***		A 1100 12 22
4	Pumpkins were											Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
	of 11 and 9 pum 0.5 respectively.										o ana			
	hypothesis that t					su iUl	iuons al	. 11011	111a1, l	icsi				
5	From the follow:					s anv	signific	ant lil	king i	in the	habit	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	of taking soft dri								_					
	Soft drinks	(Clerks		Teacher	·s	office	rs]					
	Pepsi		10		25		65							

	Thumsup	15	30	65				
	Fanta	50	60	30				
6	In an investigation	on the machine	e performance, t	he following r	esults are	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23
	obtained.							
		No.of uni	ts inspected	No.of defe	ective			
	Machine1	3	375	17				
	Machine2		450	22				
7	A survey of 240 fa	milies with 4 cl	hildren each rev	owing	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.23	
	distribution.							
	Male Births	4 3	2 1	0				
	No of families	10 55	105 58	12				
	Test whether the m							
8	Samples of student					Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.21
	kilograms mean an				a large sample			
	test to the significa				~ - ~:			
		Mean	Stand		Sample Size			
	TT	55	Devia		10			
	University A		111)	1()			
			10					
	University B	57	15	í	20	***	GO. #	A 110 D 10 00
9	University B The measurements	57 of the output o	15 of two units have	given the foll	20 lowing results.	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
9	University B The measurements Assuming that both	of the output on samples have	15 of two units have been obtained from the state of the	given the foll	20 lowing results.	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
9	University B The measurements Assuming that both 10% significant lev	of the output on samples have yel, test whether	f two units have been obtained fi r the two popula	given the foll	20 lowing results.	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
9	University B The measurements Assuming that both 10% significant lev Unit- A 14.1	of the output on samples have yel, test whether 10.1 14.7	f two units have been obtained for the two populars 13.7 14.0	given the foll	20 lowing results.	Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22
	University B The measurements Assuming that both 10% significant lev Unit- A 14.1 Unit - B 14.0	of the output on samples have yel, test whether 10.1 14.7 14.5 13.7	f two units have been obtained for the two populars 13.7 14.0 12.7 14.1	given the following given the normations have the	20 lowing results. al populations at e same variance.			
9	University B The measurements Assuming that both 10% significant lev Unit- A 14.1 Unit - B 14.0 The nicotine in mil	of the output of a samples have yel, test whether 10.1 14.7 14.5 13.7 ligrams of two	f two units have been obtained for the two populars 13.7 14.0 12.7 14.1 samples of toba	given the following growth the normalitions have the ccco were found	20 lowing results. al populations at e same variance.	Understand Understand	CO 5	AHSB12.22 AHSB12.21
	University B The measurements Assuming that both 10% significant lev Unit- A 14.1 Unit - B 14.0 The nicotine in mil follows. Test the h	of the output on samples have yel, test whether 10.1 14.7 14.5 13.7 lligrams of two ypothesis for the	f two units have been obtained for the two popular 13.7 14.0 12.7 14.1 samples of tobate difference better two units have been obtained from the two populars.	e given the following the normal tions have the cco were found ween means a	20 lowing results. al populations at e same variance.			
	University B The measurements Assuming that both 10% significant lev Unit- A	of the output of a samples have yel, test whether 10.1 14.7 14.5 13.7 ligrams of two	f two units have been obtained for the two populars 13.7 14.0 12.7 14.1 samples of toba	given the following growth the normalitions have the ccco were found	20 lowing results. al populations at e same variance.			

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